

TOPT12-800C0

TOPTriac Rev.01 - 22 August 2018

Product data sheet

1. General description

Planar passivated Temperature and Overload Protected Triac with high commutation performance in a SOT78 (TO-220AB) plastic package. This TOPTriac conveniently self protects by turning off in the event of excessive temperature. It is triggered negatively using continuous DC or current pulses. TOPTriac is ideal for applications where heatsinking is limited. TOPTriac is safe to use in short-term overload under normal duty cycle conditions. TOPTriac gives the additional assurance that it will self-protect, if pushed to thermal overload, under abnormal duty cycle or fault conditions.

2. Features and benefits

- Over-temperature self-protection function
- · Eliminates risk of overload failure due to limited heatsinking
- Pin compatible with standard triacs
- Exclusive negative gate triggering
- Full cycle AC conduction
- · Hi-Com technology for maximum immunity to false triggering
- High immunity to false turn-on by dV/dt
- High minimum IGT for guaranteed immunity to gate noise
- Planar passivated for voltage ruggedness and reliability

3. Applications

- · Any circuit where protection against overload and/or over temperature is required
- Motor controls and starters e.g. refrigeration compressors
- High power density motors e.g. vacuum cleaners, window blinds, food processors
- Heating and cooking appliances
- Water boilers

4. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{DRM}	repetitive peak off-state voltage		-	-	800	V
I _{T(RMS)}	RMS on-state current	full sine wave; T _{mb} ≤ 100 °C; <u>Fig. 1;</u> <u>Fig. 2; Fig. 3</u>	-	-	12	A
I _{TSM}	non-repetitive peak on- state current	full sine wave; T _{j(init)} = 25 °C; t _p = 20 ms; <u>Fig. 4</u> ; <u>Fig. 5</u>	-	-	95	A
T _j	junction temperature	conducting mode	-	-	125	°C
		self-protection mode			150	°C

TOPTriac

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Static ch	aracteristics					
I _{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_{D} = 12 \text{ V}; I_{T} = 100 \text{ mA}; \text{ LD+ G-};$ $T_{j} = 25 \text{ °C}; \text{ Fig. 7}$	5	-	35	mA
		$V_{D} = 12 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{T} = 100 \text{ mA}; \text{ LD- G-};$ T _j = 25 °C; Fig. 7	5	-	35	mA
I _H	holding current	V _D = 12 V; T _j = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 9</u>	-	-	35	mA
V _T	on-state voltage	I _T = 15 A; T _j = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 10</u>	-	1.3	1.6	V
Dynamic	characteristics	,	 ,			
dV _D /dt	rate of rise of off-state voltage	V_{DM} = 536 V; T _j = 125 °C; (V _{DM} = 67% of V _{DRM}); exponential waveform; gate open circuit	500	-	-	V/µs
dI _{com} /dt	rate of change of commutating current	$V_D = 400 \text{ V}; I_{T(RMS)} = 12 \text{ A}; dV_{com}/$ dt = 20 V/µs; (snubberless condition); gate open circuit	20	-	-	A/ms

5. Pinning information

Table 2. P	inning infor	mation		
Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	СМ	common	mb	
2	LD	load		LD
3	G	gate		$\frac{1}{2}$
mb	LD	mounting base; load		G — q
				CM 003aag918

6. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering inform	nation						
Type number	Package						
	Name	Description	Version				
TOPT12-800C0	TO-220AB	Plastic single-ended package;heatsink mounted;1 mounting hole; 3 leads TO-220AB	SOT78				

7. Marking

Table 4. Marking codes	
Type number	Marking Code
TOPT12-800C0	TOPT12-800C0

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{DRM}	repetitive peak off-state voltage		-	800	V
I _{T(RMS)}	RMS on-state current	full sine wave; T _{mb} ≤ 100 °C; <u>Fig. 1; Fig. 2;</u> <u>Fig. 3</u>	-	12	A
I _{TSM}	non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{j(init)} = 25 \text{ °C};$ $t_p = 20 \text{ ms}; \text{ Fig 4}; \text{ Fig 5}$	-	95	A
		full sine wave; $T_{j(init)}$ = 25 °C; t_p = 16.7 ms	-	104	A
l ² t	I ² t for fusing	t _p = 10 ms; sine-wave pulse	-	45	A ² s
dl _⊤ /dt	rate of rise of on-state current	I _G = 70 mA	-	100	A/µs
I _{GM}	peak gate current		-	2	А
P_{GM}	peak gate power		-	5	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	average gate power	over any 20 ms period	-	0.5	W
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-40	150	°C
Tj	junction temperature	conducting mode	-	125	°C
		self-protection mode	-	150	°C

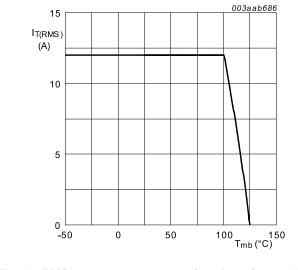
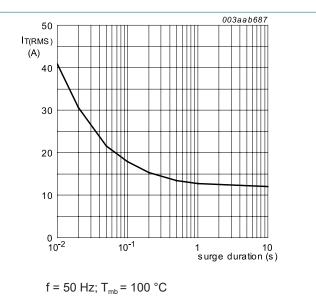
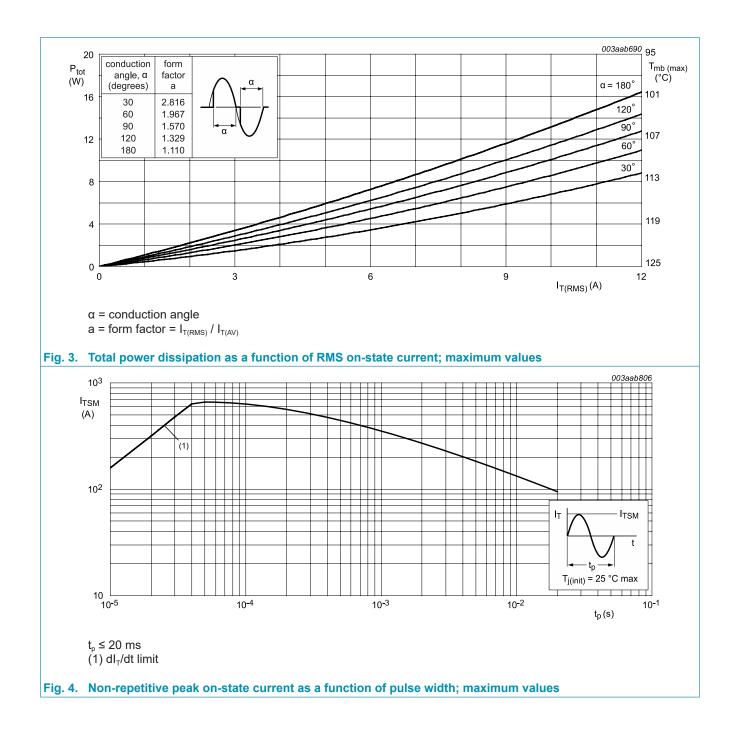
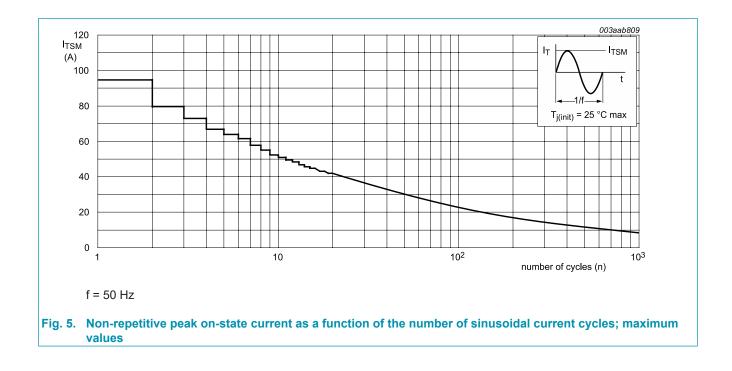


Fig. 1. RMS on-state current as a function of mounting base temperature; maximum values



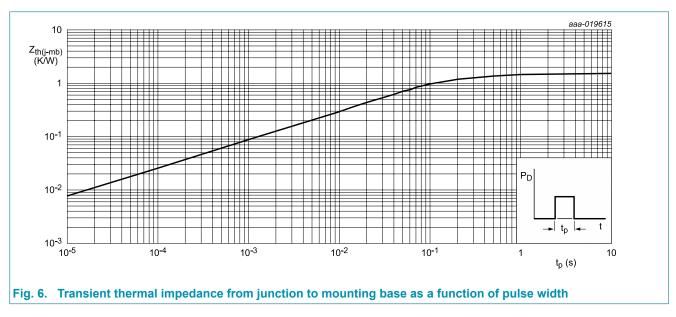






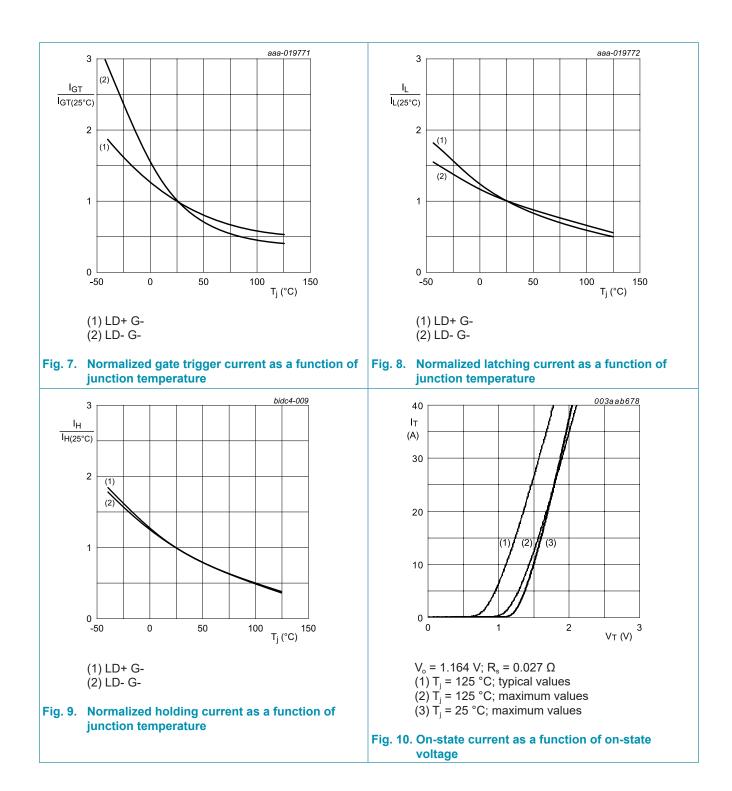
9. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
$R_{th(j-mb)}$	thermal resistance from junction to mounting base	full cycle; <u>Fig. 6</u>		-	-	1.5	K/W
$R_{\text{th(j-a)}}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient free air	in free air		-	60	-	K/W

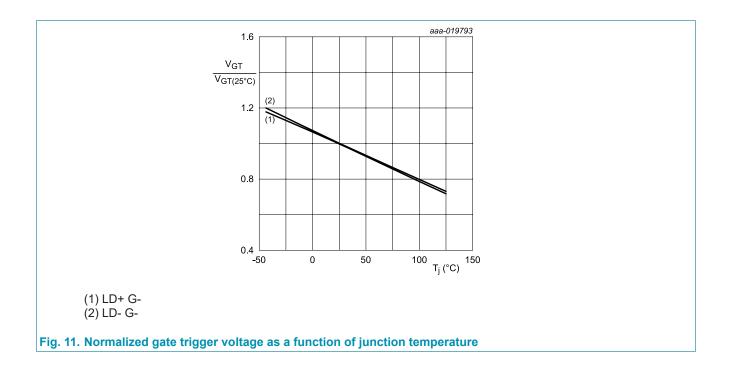


10. Characteristics

Table 7. Characteristics **Symbol** Conditions Unit **Parameter** Min Тур Max Static characteristics gate trigger current $V_{D} = 12 \text{ V}; I_{T} = 100 \text{ mA}; \text{ LD+ G-};$ 5 35 mΑ I_{GT} _ T_i = 25 °C; Fig. 7 V_D = 12 V; I_T = 100 mA; LD- G-; 35 5 mΑ _ T_i = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 7</u> I_{L} latching current V_D = 12 V; I_G = 100 mA; LD+ G-; 60 mΑ _ -T_i = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 8</u> V_D = 12 V; I_G = 100 mA; LD- G-; 50 mΑ _ -T_i = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 8</u> I_{H} holding current V_D = 12 V; T_i = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 9</u> 35 mΑ _ _ Vτ I_T = 15 A; T_i = 25 °C; Fig. 10 1.3 1.6 V on-state voltage _ V_{GT} gate trigger voltage $V_{D} = 12V; I_{T} = 100 \text{ mA}; T_{i} = 25 \text{ °C};$ 1.4 2.3 V _ Fig. 11 $V_{D} = 400V; I_{T} = 100 \text{ mA}; T_{i} = 125 \text{ °C};$ V 0.5 _ _ Fig. 11 off-state current V_D = 800 V; T_i = 125 °C 0.1 0.5 mΑ I_{D} _ **Dynamic characteristics** V/µs dV_D/dt rate of rise of off-state $V_{DM} = 536 \text{ V}; \text{ T}_{i} = 125 \text{ °C}; (V_{DM} = 67\%$ 500 _ of V_{DRM}); exponential waveform; gate voltage open circuit $V_{\rm D} = 400 \text{ V}; I_{T(\rm RMS)} = 12 \text{ A}; dV_{\rm com}/$ dl_{com}/dt rate of change of 20 A/ms _ _ dt = 20 V/µs; (snubberless condition); commutating current gate open circuit; **Over-temperature protection characteristics** °C T_{trip} trip junction see application information 125 150 _ temperature trip gate voltage I_{G} = 2 mA; see application information V V_{G(trip)} 0.3 _ _ $I_G = 50 \text{ mA}$; see application information 0.9 V _ -Operating requirement for pulsed gate triggering $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{G(bl)}}$ gate bleed current $T_j = 25 \text{ °C}; V_G = V_{G(trip)};$ circuit-applied 0.5 mΑ -_ current requirement; see application information section $T_i < 150 \text{ °C}; V_G = V_{GT};$ circuit-applied 2 mΑ -_ current requirement; see application information section



TOPT12-800C0 TOPTriac



11. Application information

TOPTriac is a three terminal device that will plug into existing triac circuits. There are some unique features that must be understood to gain its full benefits.

11.1 The Gate terminal is also a Feedback terminal

TOPTriac can be triggered like any normal triac. In this conventional mode, the Gate acts as an input. However, the Gate can also be an output, since it provides voltage signatures that indicate the status of TopTriac. The controlling microcontroller can analyse the feedback and act upon it, according to the needs of the application.

11.2 Normal triggering

TOPTriac is triggered with negative gate current and may be triggered from 5 V logic or higher voltage supply with suitable series gate resistor. V_{GT} is higher than for standard triacs, so series gate resistors will be a little lower. For 35 mA I_{GT} and 5 V trigger voltage, the current-limiting resistance will typically be 82 Ω instead of 100 Ω for standard triacs.

DC gate triggering is the simplest method that automatically achieves safe latch-off after the over-temperature trip protection has been activated.

Alternatively, pulse triggering may be applied to the gate in combination with a low level bleed current $(I_{G(bl)})$, to sustain the trip condition after the over-temperature trip protection has been activated.

11.3 Over-temperature protection

If an overload current or insufficient cooling causes the junction temperature to rise above T_{trip} , TOPTriac will disable its gate drive to prevent further conduction before it loses control or becomes damaged. When the over-temperature trip is activated, the Gate-to-Common voltage $V_{G\text{-}CM}$ reduces from the V_{GT} to the $V_{G(trip)}$ level (please refer to the V_{GT} and $V_{G(trip)}$ characteristics).

Continuous DC gate drive sustains continued safe latch-off even after TOPTriac temperature has dropped below T_{trip} . This allows a controlled reset by removing and reapplying gate drive after the fault condition has been removed.

Pulsed gate drive, which may be preferred for phase control or for efficiency reasons, is combined with a low level bleed current $I_{G(b)}$ to sustain latch-off when the overtemperature trip is activated. (Please refer to the $I_{G(b)}$ limiting values for the minimum and maximum allowable bleed current that may be applied during pulse triggering).

11.4 Resetting after over-temperature

As long as continuous gate current is applied after over-temperature trip, TOPTriac will remain deactivated even after the TOPTriac temperature has dropped below T_{trip} . This is the safest protection method that allows the removal of the fault condition before controlled reset is implemented.

The simplest reset is user-controlled, where TOPTriac will remain in the safe shutdown condition until gate drive or power is removed and reapplied.

Automatic reset will not require user intervention, but it may be 'unintelligent/dumb' open loop that does not involve a feedback stimulus, or 'intelligent/smart' closed loop that does respond to gate feedback.

User-controlled reset. The user removes and reapplies power to the application or presses a 'reset' button that momentarily removes the gate drive.

Open loop automatic reset. If there is a known or predictable overload conditon in the application that may cause an occasional overheat, a periodic discontinuity may be programmed into the gate drive (e.g. at the end of the program stage, once per hour, day or week, depending on the application) that allows automatic reset. For DC gate drive, removal of the gate drive achieves reset. For pulsed gate drive, $I_{G(b)}$ must be removed and reapplied.

The previous two examples will work for applications that do not require immediate reaction to a fault conditon, hence gate feedback monitoring is not needed.

Closed loop automatic reset. Applications where an immediate reaction to an overtemperature trip is needed will require monitoring of TOPTriac status. This is possible by monitoring V_{G-CM} while gate drive is being applied. During normal conduction, the higher level V_{GT} will be apparent with a square wave at mains frequency superimposed upon it. (The square wave on the gate results from the load current.) During the over-temperature trip condition, the lower level $V_{G(trip)}$ will be apparent and there will be no AC ripple because no load current is flowing. The difference can be detected by the microcontroller, which can take the appropriate action that has been programmed according to the needs of the application.

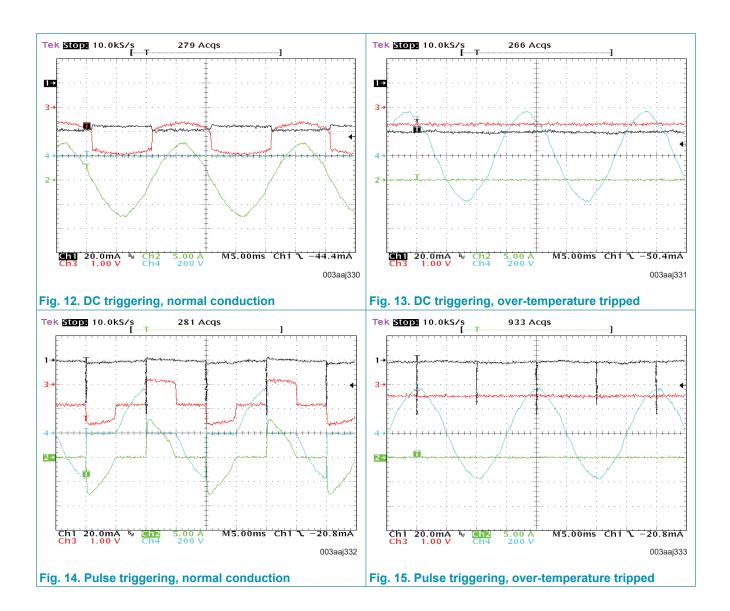
The following four figures show oscilloscope current and voltage waveforms for the four principal operating modes of TOPTriac: DC triggering, normal conduction and over-temperature tripped; pulse triggering, normal conduction and over-temperature tripped. The pulse triggering waveforms show phase control at the peak of the mains sine wave at half power setting.

Channel 1 shows gate current (20mA/div).

Channel 2 shows load current (5A/div).

Channel 3 shows gate voltage V_{G-CM} (1V/div).

Channel 4 shows load voltage V_{LD-CM} (200V/div).



11.5 Important characteristics

 $T_{\rm trip}$ is the junction temperature at which TOPTriac will disable itself. It will be above 125 °C and below 150 °C .

 V_{GT} is the gate voltage characteristic during normal triggering. It is higher than for normal triacs. V_{GT} is used in the calculation of R_G to set the gate trigger current.

 $\bm{V}_{G(trip)}$ is the gate voltage characteristic when in the over-temperature trip condition. It is lower than V_{GT} . $V_{G(trip)}$ is used in the calculation of $R_{G(bl)}$ to set the gate bleed current $I_{G(bl)}$.

 $I_{G(b)}$ is used during pulse triggering. It is the continuous DC bleed current that must flow out of the gate to achieve clean latch-off at the trip point and maintain this safe latch-off condition as TOPTriac cools down to ambient temperature.

The min $I_{G(b)}$ value is the minimum bleed current to sustain latch-off after cooling.

The max $I_{G(bl)}$ value is the maximum bleed current that will not trigger TOPTriac up to maximum trip temperature.

11.6 How to calculate the bleed resistor R_{G(bl)}

When pulse triggering it is critical that the bleed current is set correctly.

If $I_{G(bl)}$ is too low (lower than 0.5 mA), TOPTriac may not be able to provide reliable overtemperature protection during continuous fault conditions. Normal trip may be achieved at T_{trip} , but self-reset may occur as it cools, leading to on-off cycling. This constitutes a loss of control and should be avoided.

If $I_{G(bl)}$ is too high (higher than 2 mA), TOPTriac may trigger uncontrollably at elevated temperature that is below the trip temperature (This is another form of loss of control that must not be allowed). However, it will still self-protect as intended above trip temperature.

The following examples show how to calculate the minimum and maximum $R_{G(bl)}$. The chosen value should be approximately mid-way between the two extremes.

Example 1 (3.3 V logic supply)

Maximum $I_{G(bI)}$ is 2 mA. During normal conduction when $I_{G(bI)}$ must not be high enough to cause false triggering, V_{GT} applies and should be used in our calculations. Minimum V_{GT} @ $T_{i(max)}$ is 0.5 V.

Therefore minimum R_{G(bl)}:

RG(bl) = (3.3 - 0.5) / 2 mA = 1.4 kOhm

Minimum $I_{G(bl)}$ is 0.5 mA. When tripped, $V_{G(trip)}$ applies and should be used in our calculations. $I_{G(bl)}$ must remain high enough to maintain the trip condition, even when $V_{G(trip)}$ is at a maximum. Maximum $V_{G(trip)}$ is 0.9 V.

Therefore minimum R_{G(bl)}:

Example 2 (5 V logic supply)

Min R_{G(bl)}:

 $R_{\mbox{\tiny G(b1)}}$ = (5 – 0.5) / 2 mA = 2.25 kOhm $Max\;R_{\mbox{\tiny G(b1)}}$:

Example 3 (12 V auxiliary gate drive supply)

Min R_{G(bl)}:

 $R_{\text{G}(\text{bl})}$ = (12 - 0.5) / 2 mA = 5.75 kOhm $Max\;R_{\text{G}(\text{bl})}$:

 $R_{G(b1)} = (12 - 0.9) / 0.5 mA = 22.2 kOhm$

Suggested $R_{G(bl)}$ is 15 k Ω .

11.7 Application schematics

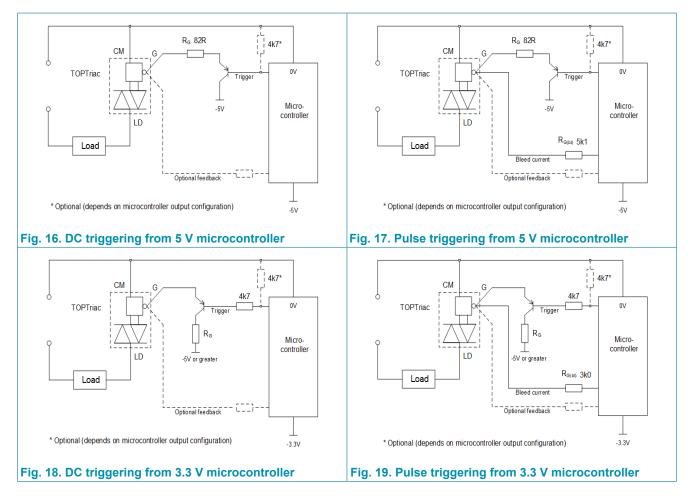
The following schematics show possible implementations of TOPTriac. Gate trigger current is from a 5 V minimum logic supply. It is possible to trigger from a 3.3 V microcontroller by using a transistor level shifter to a higher voltage gate drive power supply, which may be 5 V minimum or the 12 V supply that may already be available for other loads such as lighting, indication and sounders.

For **DC triggering**, reset is achieved by removing the gate drive at any time and reapplying it after TOPTriac temperature has dropped below T_{trip} .

For **pulse triggering**, reset is achieved by removing and reapplying the gate bleed current $I_{G(b)}$ after TOPTriac temperature has dropped below T_{trip} .

 $I_{G(bl)}$ is set by $R_{G(bl)}$. It is best derived directly from the low voltage microcontroller supply (up to 5V max) and will most likely be direct drive from the microcontroller output.

In all of the following circuits, gate trigger and gate bleed current are applied by logic zero drive from the microcontroller.



12. Package outline

					A1-								D2		
Unit	A 4.10	A1 1.22	b1	с 0.34	- D 15.15	 D1 9.05	D2 11.40	Е 9.70	E1 6.86	e 2.54 (BSC)	L 12.70	L1 2.79	P 3.50	Q 2.20	q 2.60

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13. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
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- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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