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April 1st, 2010
Renesas Electronics Corporation

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1. Overview

1.1 Features

The R8C/2C Group and R8C/2D Group of single-chip MCUs incorporates the R8C/Tiny Series CPU core, employing sophisticated instructions for a high level of efficiency. With 1 Mbyte of address space, and it is capable of executing instructions at high speed. In addition, the CPU core boasts a multiplier for high-speed operation processing.

Power consumption is low, and the supported operating modes allow additional power control. These MCUs also use an anti-noise configuration to reduce emissions of electromagnetic noise and are designed to withstand EMI.

Integration of many peripheral functions, including multifunction timer and serial interface, reduces the number of system components.

Furthermore, the R8C/2D Group has on-chip data flash (1 KB $\times$ 2 blocks).

The difference between the R8C/2C Group and R8C/2D Group is only the presence or absence of data flash. Their peripheral functions are the same.

1.1.1 Applications

Electronic household appliances, office equipment, audio equipment, consumer equipment, etc.

1.1.2 Specifications

Tables 1.1 and 1.2 outlines the Specifications for R8C/2C Group and Tables 1.3 and 1.4 outlines the Specifications for R8C/2D Group.

Table 1.1 Specifications for R8C/2C Group (1)

Item	Function	Specification
CPU	Central processing unit	R8C/Tiny series core • Number of fundamental instructions: 89 • Minimum instruction execution time: 50 ns ($f(XIN) = 20$ MHz, $VCC = 3.0$ to 5.5 V) 100 ns ($f(XIN) = 10$ MHz, $VCC = 2.7$ to 5.5 V) 200 ns ($f(XIN) = 5$ MHz, $VCC = 2.2$ to 5.5 V) • Multiplier: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Multiply-accumulate instruction: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits + 32 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Operation mode: Single-chip mode (address space: 1 Mbyte)
Memory	ROM, RAM	Refer to Table 1.5 Product List for R8C/2C Group .
Power Supply Voltage Detection	Voltage detection circuit	• Power-on reset • Voltage detection 3
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• Input-only: 2 pins • CMOS I/O ports: 71, selectable pull-up resistor • High current drive ports: 8
Clock	Clock generation circuits	3 circuits: XIN clock oscillation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor), On-chip oscillator (high-speed, low-speed) (high-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function), XCIN clock oscillation circuit (32 kHz) • Oscillation stop detection: XIN clock oscillation stop detection function • Frequency divider circuit: Dividing selectable 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16 • Low power consumption modes: - Standard operating mode (high-speed clock, low-speed clock, high-speed on-chip oscillator, low-speed on-chip oscillator), wait mode, stop mode
		Real-time clock (timer RE)
Interrupts		• External: 5 sources, Internal: 23 sources, Software: 4 sources • Priority levels: 7 levels
Watchdog Timer		15 bits $\times$ 1 (with prescaler), reset start selectable
Timer	Timer RA	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), pulse output mode (output level inverted every period), event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode, pulse period measurement mode
	Timer RB	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), programmable waveform generation mode (PWM output), programmable one-shot generation mode, programmable wait one-shot generation mode
	Timer RC	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 3 pins), PWM2 mode (PWM output pin)
	Timer RD	16 bits $\times$ 2 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 6 pins), reset synchronous PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), sawtooth wave modulation), complementary PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), triangular wave modulation), PWM3 mode (PWM output 2 pins with fixed period)
	Timer RE	8 bits $\times$ 1 Real-time clock mode (count seconds, minutes, hours, days of week), output compare mode
	Timer RF	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with capture/compare register pin and compare register pin) Input capture mode, output compare mode

Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/2C Group (2)

Item	Function	Specification
Serial Interface	UART0, UART1, UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART × 3
Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (SSU)		1 (shared with I ² C-bus)
I ² C bus ⁽¹⁾		1 (shared with SSU)
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 20 channels, includes sample and hold function, with sweep mode
D/A Converter		8-bit resolution × 2 circuits
Flash Memory		• Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V • Programming and erasure endurance: 100 times • Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check • Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 10 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V)
Current consumption		12 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) 5.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) 2.1 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) 0.65 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) ⁽²⁾ -20 to 105°C (Y version) ⁽³⁾
Package		80-pin LQFP Package code: PLQP0080KB-A (previous code: 80P6Q-A)

NOTES:

1. I²C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
2. Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.
3. Please contact Renesas Technology sales offices for the Y version.

Table 1.3 Specifications for R8C/2D Group (1)

Item	Function	Specification
CPU	Central processing unit	R8C/Tiny series core • Number of fundamental instructions: 89 • Minimum instruction execution time: 50 ns ($f(XIN) = 20$ MHz, $VCC = 3.0$ to 5.5 V) 100 ns ($f(XIN) = 10$ MHz, $VCC = 2.7$ to 5.5 V) 200 ns ($f(XIN) = 5$ MHz, $VCC = 2.2$ to 5.5 V) • Multiplier: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Multiply-accumulate instruction: 16 bits $\times$ 16 bits + 32 bits $\rightarrow$ 32 bits • Operation mode: Single-chip mode (address space: 1 Mbyte)
Memory	ROM, RAM	Refer to Table 1.6 Product List for R8C/2D Group .
Power Supply Voltage Detection	Voltage detection circuit	• Power-on reset • Voltage detection 3
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O ports	• Input-only: 2 pins • CMOS I/O ports: 71, selectable pull-up resistor • High current drive ports: 8
Clock	Clock generation circuits	3 circuits: XIN clock oscillation circuit (with on-chip feedback resistor), On-chip oscillator (high-speed, low-speed) (high-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function), XCIN clock oscillation circuit (32 kHz) • Oscillation stop detection: XIN clock oscillation stop detection function • Frequency divider circuit: Dividing selectable 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16 • Low power consumption modes: - Standard operating mode (high-speed clock, low-speed clock, high-speed on-chip oscillator, low-speed on-chip oscillator), wait mode, stop mode
		Real-time clock (timer RE)
Interrupts		• External: 5 sources, Internal: 23 sources, Software: 4 sources • Priority levels: 7 levels
Watchdog Timer		15 bits $\times$ 1 (with prescaler), reset start selectable
Timer	Timer RA	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), pulse output mode (output level inverted every period), event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode, pulse period measurement mode
	Timer RB	8 bits $\times$ 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), programmable waveform generation mode (PWM output), programmable one-shot generation mode, programmable wait one-shot generation mode
	Timer RC	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 3 pins), PWM2 mode (PWM output pin)
	Timer RD	16 bits $\times$ 2 (with 4 capture/compare registers) Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode (output 6 pins), reset synchronous PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), sawtooth wave modulation), complementary PWM mode (output three-phase waveforms (6 pins), triangular wave modulation), PWM3 mode (PWM output 2 pins with fixed period)
	Timer RE	8 bits $\times$ 1 Real-time clock mode (count seconds, minutes, hours, days of week), output compare mode
	Timer RF	16 bits $\times$ 1 (with capture/compare register pin and compare register pin) Input capture mode, output compare mode

Table 1.4 Specifications for R8C/2D Group (2)

Item	Function	Specification
Serial Interface	UART0, UART1, UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART × 3
Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (SSU)		1 (shared with I ² C-bus)
I ² C bus ⁽¹⁾		1 (shared with SSU)
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 20 channels, includes sample and hold function, with sweep mode
D/A Converter		8-bit resolution × 2 circuits
Flash Memory		• Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V • Programming and erasure endurance: 10,000 times (data flash) 1,000 times (program ROM) • Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check • Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 3.0 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 10 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V)
Current consumption		12 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) 5.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) 2.1 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) 0.65 μA (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) ⁽²⁾ -20 to 105°C (Y version) ⁽³⁾
Package		80-pin LQFP Package code: PLQP0080KB-A (previous code: 80P6Q-A)

NOTES:

1. I²C bus is a trademark of Koninklijke Philips Electronics N. V.
2. Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.
3. Please contact Renesas Technology sales offices for the Y version.

1.2 Product List

Table 1.5 lists Product List for R8C/2C Group, Figure 1.1 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2C Group, Table 1.6 lists Product List for R8C/2D Group, and Figure 1.2 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2D Group.

Table 1.5 Product List for R8C/2C Group

Current of Dec. 2007

Part No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks		
R5F212C7SNFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	N version		
R5F212C8SNFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CASNFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CCSNFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212C7SDFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	D version		
R5F212C8SDFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CASDFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CCSDFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212C7SNXXXFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	N version	Factory programming product ⁽¹⁾	
R5F212C8SNXXXFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CASNXXXFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CCSNXXXFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212C7SDXXXFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	D version		
R5F212C8SDXXXFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CASDXXXFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CCSDXXXFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

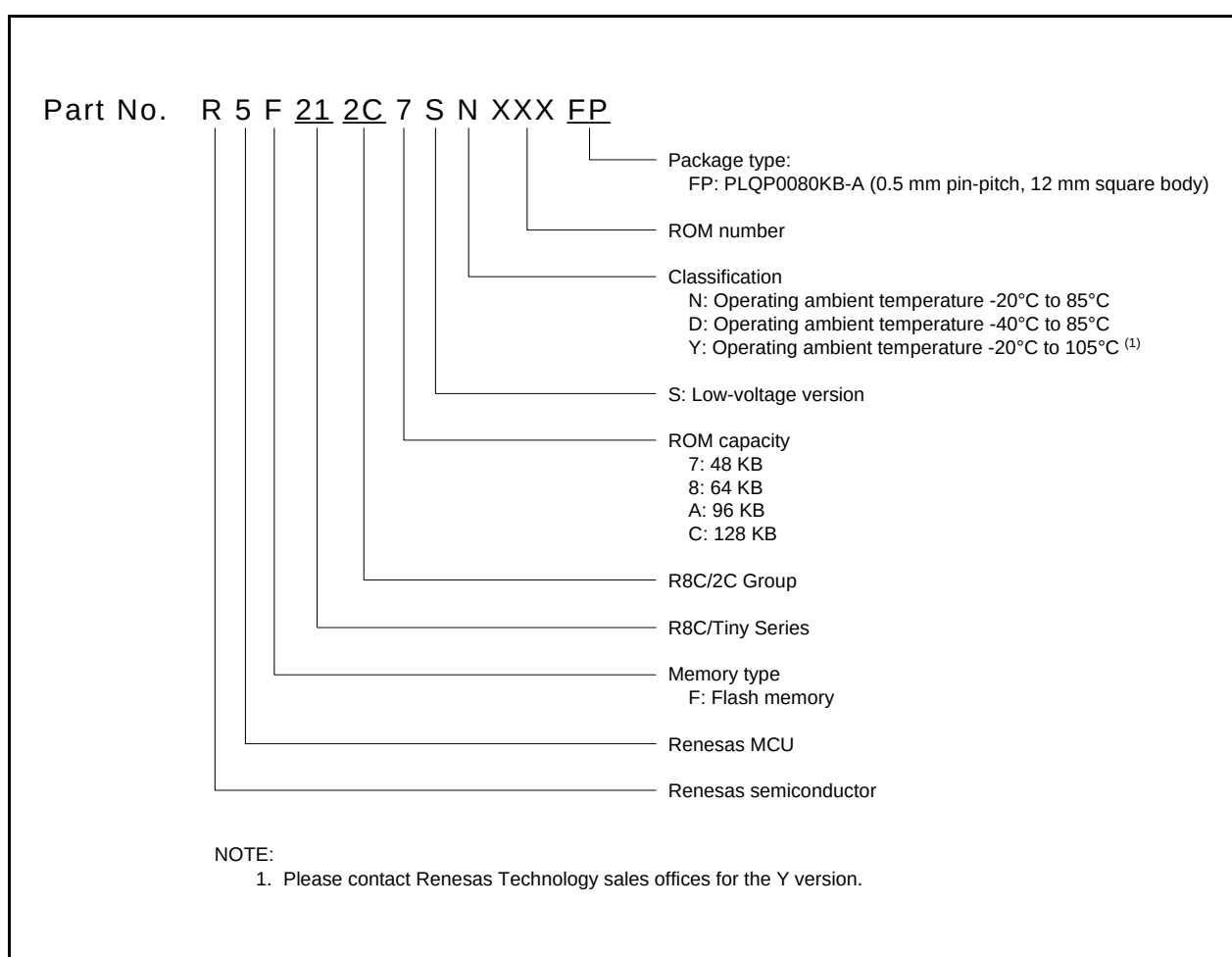


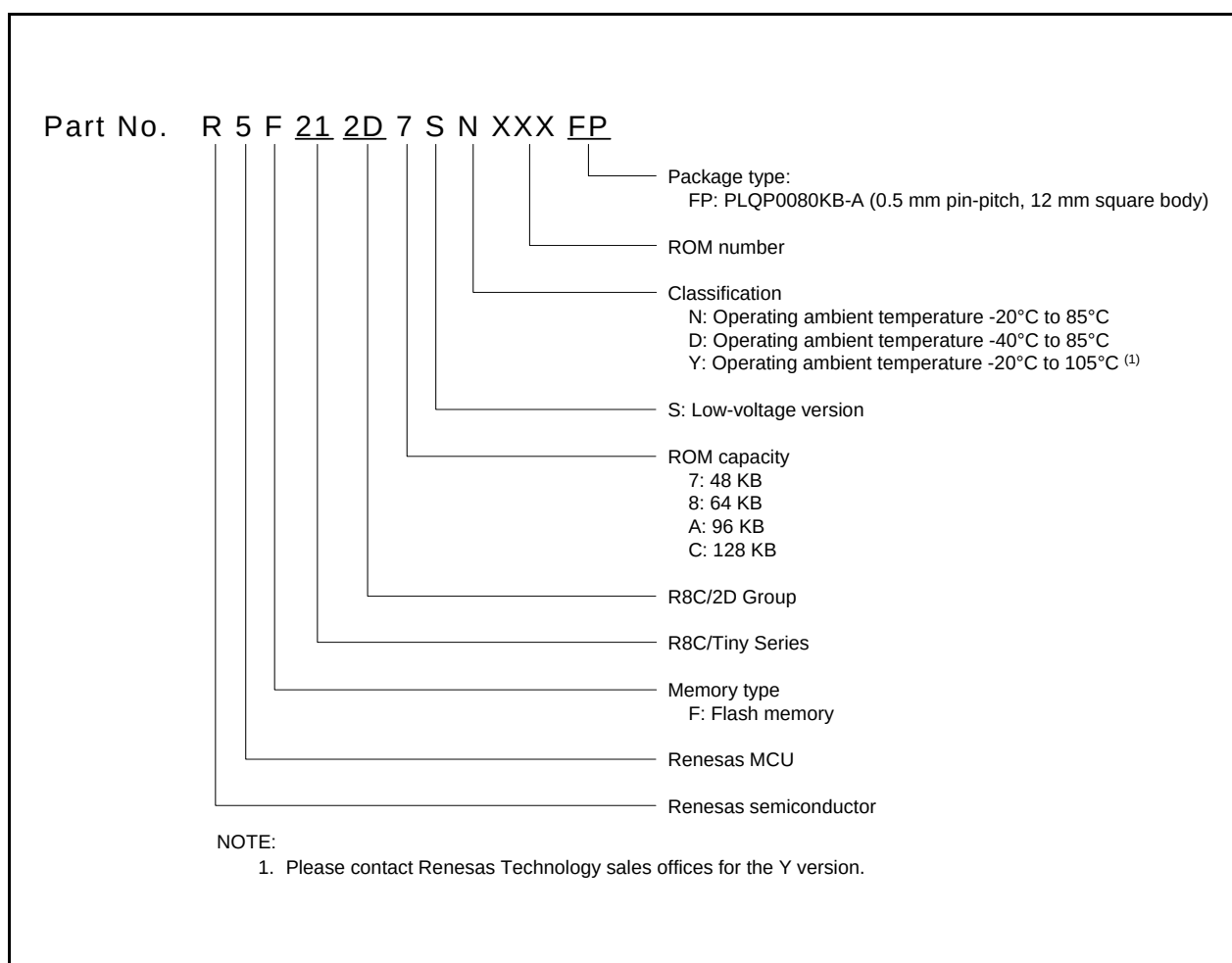
Figure 1.1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2C Group

Table 1.6 Product List for R8C/2D Group**Current of Dec. 2007**

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks		
	Program ROM	Data flash					
R5F212D7SNFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	N version		
R5F212D8SNFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DASNFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DCSNFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212D7SDFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	D version		
R5F212D8SDFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DASDFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DCSDFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212D7SNXXXFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	N version	Factory programming product ⁽¹⁾	
R5F212D8SNXXXFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DASNXXXFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DCSNXXXFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212D7SDXXXFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	D version		
R5F212D8SDXXXFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DASDXXXFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DCSDXXXFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

**Figure 1.2 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2D Group**

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.3 shows a Block Diagram.

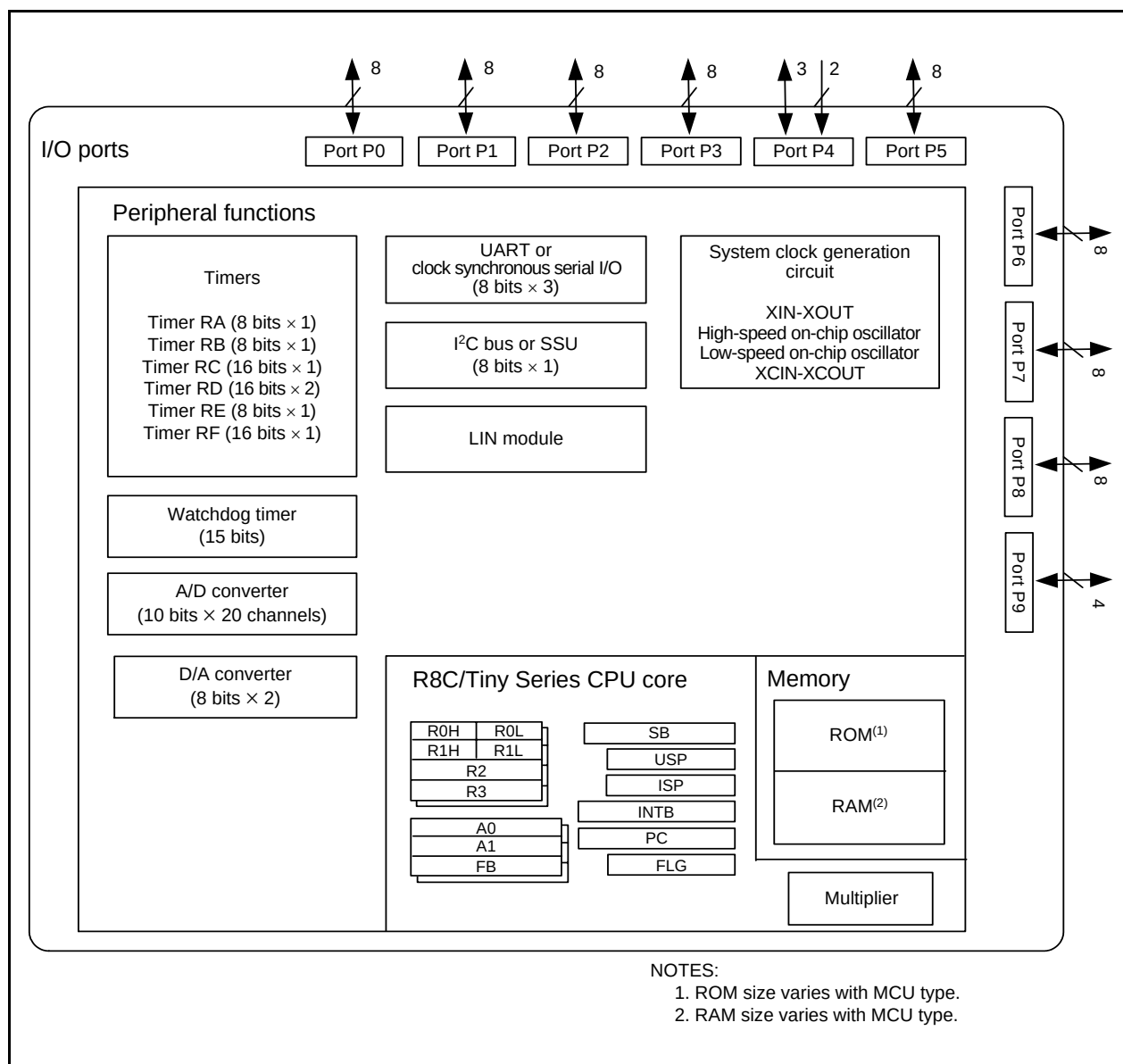


Figure 1.3 Block Diagram

1.4 Pin Assignment

Figure 1.4 shows Pin Assignment (Top View). Tables 1.7 and 1.8 outlines the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

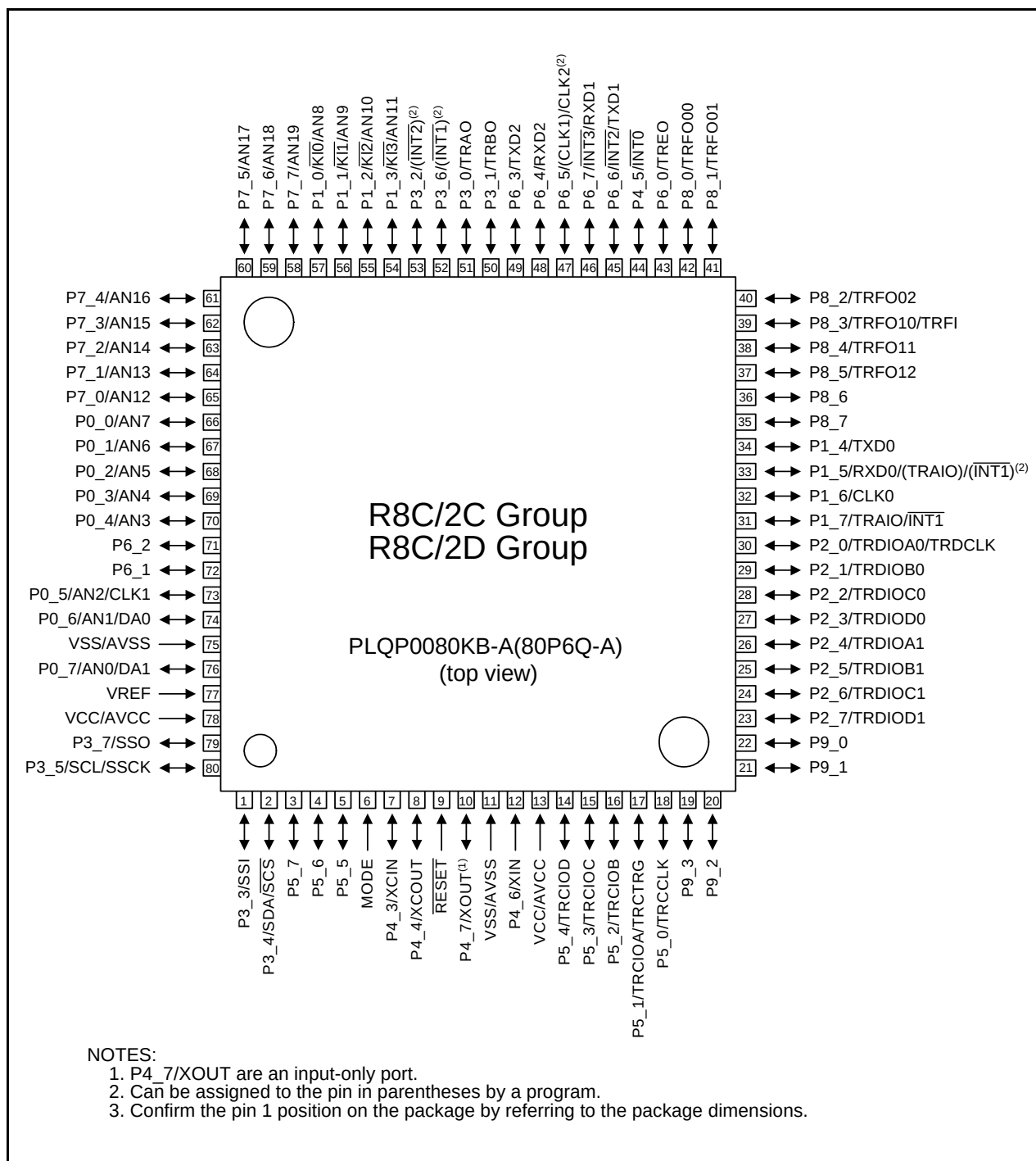


Figure 1.4 Pin Assignment (Top View)

Table 1.7 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (1)

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I ² C bus	A/D Converter, D/A Converter
1		P3_3				SSI		
2		P3_4				SCS	SDA	
3		P5_7						
4		P5_6						
5		P5_5						
6	MODE							
7	XCIN	P4_3						
8	XCOUT	P4_4						
9	RESET							
10	XOUT	P4_7						
11	VSS/AVSS							
12	XIN	P4_6						
13	VCC/AVCC							
14		P5_4		TRCIOD				
15		P5_3		TRCIOC				
16		P5_2		TRCIOB				
17		P5_1		TRCIOA/TRCTRG				
18		P5_0		TRCCLK				
19		P9_3						
20		P9_2						
21		P9_1						
22		P9_0						
23		P2_7		TRDIOD1				
24		P2_6		TRDIOC1				
25		P2_5		TRDIOB1				
26		P2_4		TRDIOA1				
27		P2_3		TRDIOD0				
28		P2_2		TRDIOC0				
29		P2_1		TRDIOB0				
30		P2_0		TRDIOA0/ TRDCLK				
31		P1_7	INT1	TRAIO				
32		P1_6			CLK0			
33		P1_5	(INT1) ⁽¹⁾	(TRAIO) ⁽¹⁾	RXD0			
34		P1_4			TXD0			
35		P8_7						
36		P8_6						
37		P8_5		TRFO12				
38		P8_4		TRFO11				
39		P8_3		TRFO10/TRFI				
40		P8_2		TRFO02				
41		P8_1		TRFO01				
42		P8_0		TRFO00				
43		P6_0		TREO				
44		P4_5	INT0	INT0				
45		P6_6	INT2		TXD1			

NOTE:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

Table 1.8 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (2)

Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	I/O Pin Functions for of Peripheral Modules					
			Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I ² C bus	A/D Converter, D/A Converter
46		P6_7	$\overline{\text{INT3}}$		RXD1			
47		P6_5			(CLK1) ⁽¹⁾ /CLK2			
48		P6_4			RXD2			
49		P6_3			TXD2			
50		P3_1		TRBO				
51		P3_0		TRA0				
52		P3_6	$(\overline{\text{INT1}})^{(1)}$					
53		P3_2	$(\overline{\text{INT2}})^{(1)}$					
54		P1_3	$\overline{\text{KI3}}$					AN11
55		P1_2	$\overline{\text{KI2}}$					AN10
56		P1_1	$\overline{\text{KI1}}$					AN9
57		P1_0	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$					AN8
58		P7_7						AN19
59		P7_6						AN18
60		P7_5						AN17
61		P7_4						AN16
62		P7_3						AN15
63		P7_2						AN14
64		P7_1						AN13
65		P7_0						AN12
66		P0_0						AN7
67		P0_1						AN6
68		P0_2						AN5
69		P0_3						AN4
70		P0_4						AN3
71		P6_2						
72		P6_1						
73		P0_5			CLK1			AN2
74		P0_6						AN1/DA0
75	VSS/AVSS							
76		P0_7						AN0/DA1
77	VREF							
78	VCC/AVCC							
79		P3_7				SSO		
80		P3_5				SSCK	SCL	

NOTE:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

1.5 Pin Functions

Tables 1.9 and 1.10 list Pin Functions.

Table 1.9 Pin Functions (1)

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	–	Apply 2.2 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog power supply input	AVCC, AVSS	–	Power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset input	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Input “L” on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between the XIN and XOUT pins ⁽¹⁾ . To use an external clock, input it to the XIN pin and leave the XOUT pin open.
XIN clock output	XOUT	O	
XCIN clock input	XCIN	I	These pins are provided for XCIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a crystal oscillator between the XCIN and XCOU pins ⁽¹⁾ . To use an external clock, input it to the XCIN pin and leave the XCOU pin open.
XCIN clock output	XCOU	O	
$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ to $\overline{\text{INT3}}$	I	$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input pins. $\overline{\text{INT0}}$ is timer RD input pin. $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ is timer RA input pin.
Key input interrupt	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$ to $\overline{\text{KI3}}$	I	Key input interrupt input pins
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin
	TRA0	O	Timer RA output pin
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin
Timer RC	TRCLK	I	External clock input pin
	TRCTR	I	External trigger input pin
	TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD	I/O	Timer RC I/O pins
Timer RD	TRDIOA0, TRDIOA1, TRDIOB0, TRDIOB1, TRDIOC0, TRDIOC1, TRDIOD0, TRDIOD1	I/O	Timer RD I/O pins
	TRDCLK	I	External clock input pin
Timer RE	TREO	O	Divided clock output pin
Timer RF	TRFI	I	Timer RF input pin
	TRFO00 to TRFO02, TRFO10 to TRFO12	O	Timer RF output pins
Serial interface	CLK0, CLK1, CLK2	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pins
	RXD0, RXD1, RXD2	I	Serial data input pins
	TXD0, TXD1, TXD2	O	Serial data output pins
I ² C bus	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin
SSU	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin
	$\overline{\text{SCS}}$	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin
	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter and D/A converter

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

NOTE:

1. Refer to the oscillator manufacturer for oscillation characteristics.

Table 1.10 Pin Functions (2)

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
A/D converter	AN0 to AN19	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter
D/A converter	DA0 to DA1	O	D/A converter output pins
I/O port	P0_0 to P0_7, P1_0 to P1_7, P2_0 to P2_7, P3_0 to P3_7, P4_3 to P4_5, P5_0 to P5_7, P6_0 to P6_7, P7_0 to P7_7, P8_0 to P8_7, P9_0 to P9_3	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port has an I/O select direction register, allowing each pin in the port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can be set to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program. P2_0 to P2_7 also function as LED drive ports.
Input port	P4_6, P4_7	I	Input-only ports

I: Input O: Output I/O: Input and output

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.

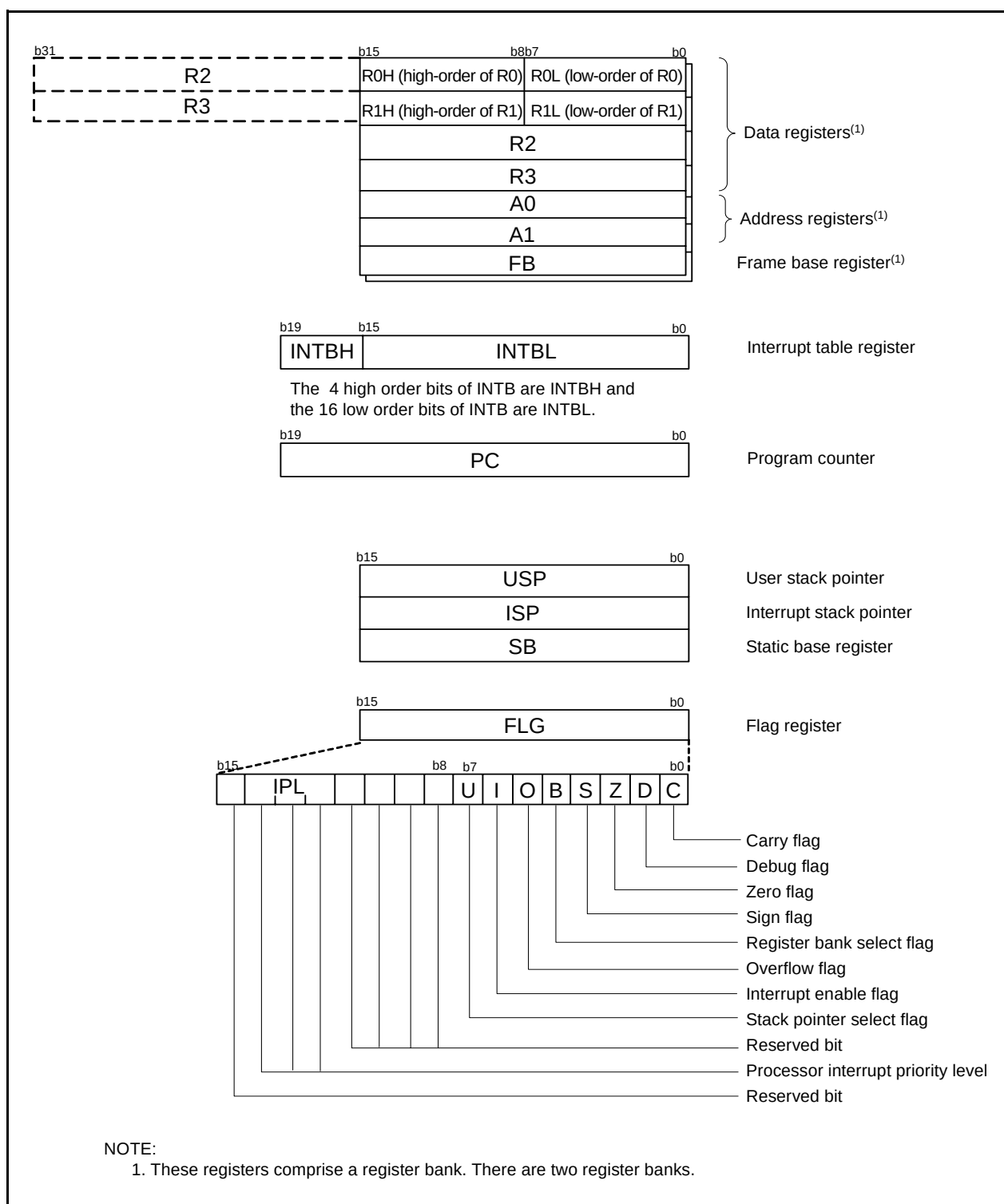


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2, and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. R0 can be split into high-order bits (R0H) and low-order bits (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. R1H and R1L are analogous to R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 and used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). R3R1 is analogous to R2R0.

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. It is also used for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. A1 is analogous to A0. A1 can be combined with A0 and as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is a 20-bit register that indicates the start address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC is 20 bits wide and indicates the address of the next instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointers (SP), USP, and ISP, are each 16 bits wide. The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is an 11-bit register indicating the CPU state.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains carry, borrow, or shift-out bits that have been generated by the arithmetic and logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debugging only. Set it to 0.

2.8.3 Zero Flag (Z)

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in 0; otherwise to 0.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in a negative value; otherwise to 0.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

Register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. Register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when an operation results in an overflow; otherwise to 0.

2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupts are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.

The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.

If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

3. Memory

3.1 R8C/2C Group

Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/2C Group. The R8C/2C group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

The internal ROM is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 48-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 04000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.

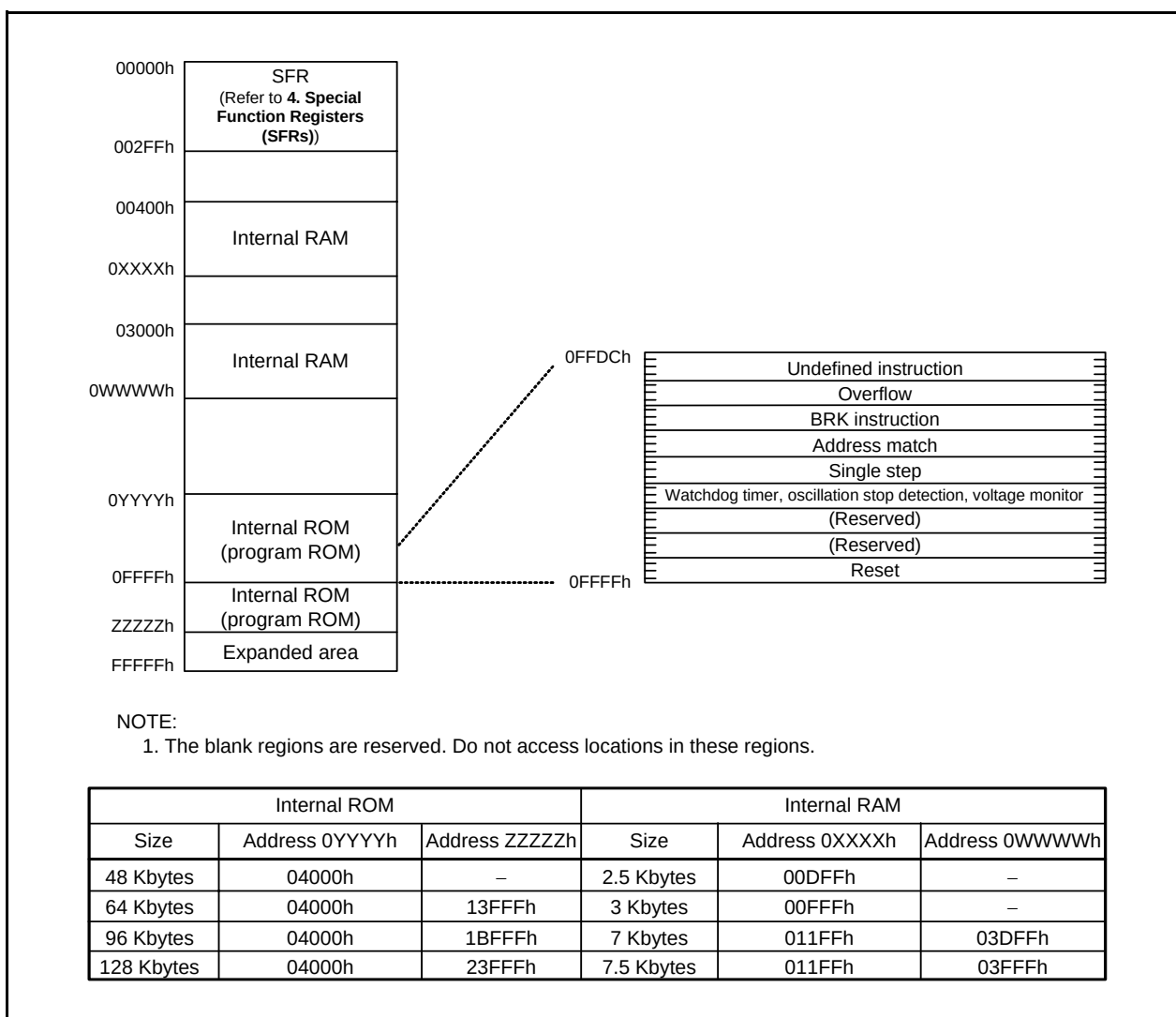


Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/2C Group

3.2 R8C/2D Group

Figure 3.2 is a Memory Map of R8C/2D Group. The R8C/2D group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

The internal ROM (program ROM) is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 48-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 04000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 02400h to 02BFFh.

The internal RAM area is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.

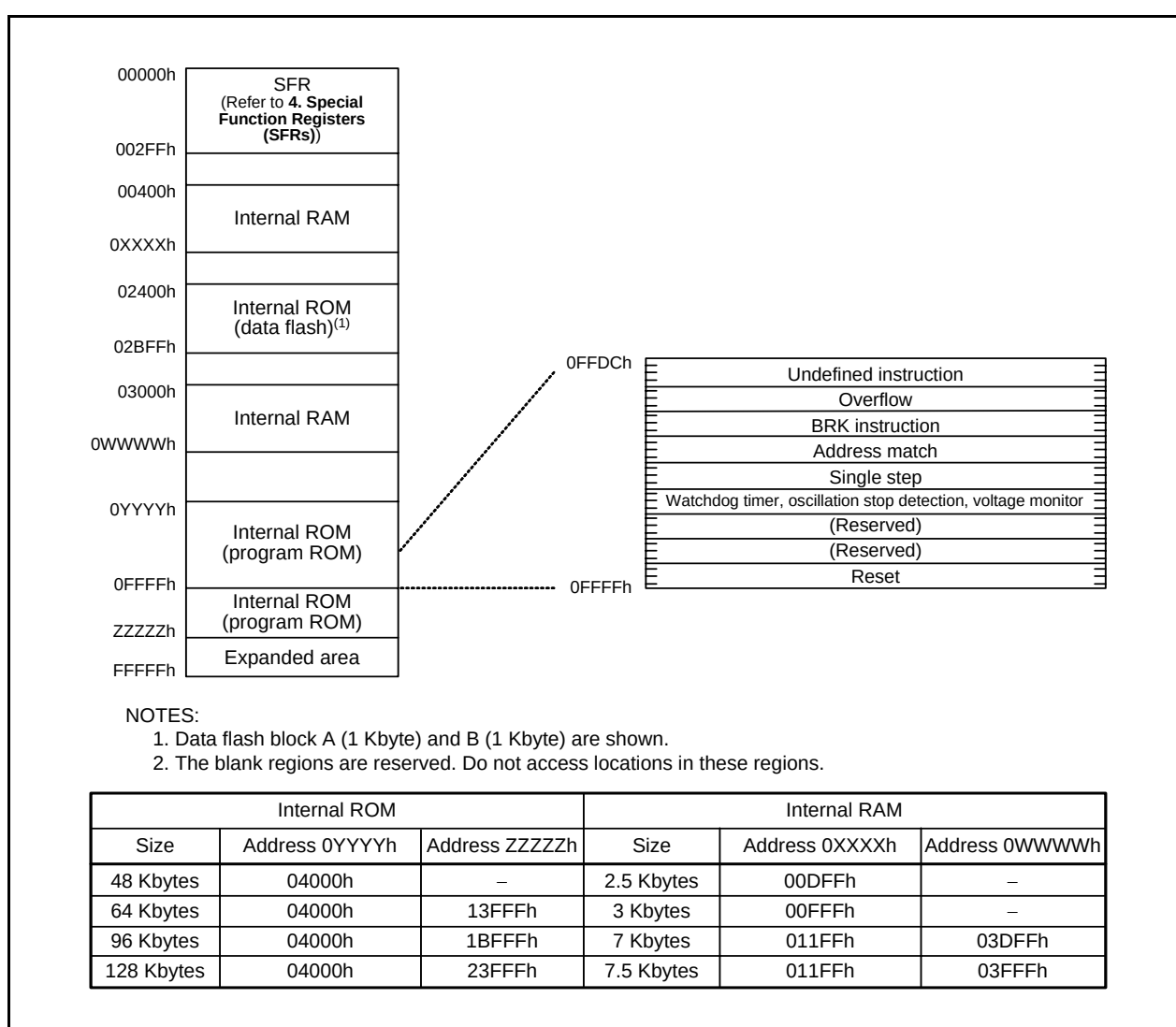


Figure 3.2 Memory Map of R8C/2D Group

4. Special Function Registers (SFRs)

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Tables 4.1 to 4.12 list the special function registers.

Table 4.1 SFR Information (1)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0000h			
0001h			
0002h			
0003h			
0004h	Processor Mode Register 0	PM0	00h
0005h	Processor Mode Register 1	PM1	00h
0006h	System Clock Control Register 0	CM0	01101000b
0007h	System Clock Control Register 1	CM1	00100000b
0008h	Module Operation Enable Register	MSTCR	00h
0009h			
000Ah	Protect Register	PRCR	00h
000Bh			
000Ch	Oscillation Stop Detection Register	OCD	00000100b
000Dh	Watchdog Timer Reset Register	WDTR	XXh
000Eh	Watchdog Timer Start Register	WDTS	XXh
000Fh	Watchdog Timer Control Register	WDC	00X11111b
0010h	Address Match Interrupt Register 0	RMAD0	00h
0011h			00h
0012h			00h
0013h	Address Match Interrupt Enable Register	AIER	00h
0014h	Address Match Interrupt Register 1	RMAD1	00h
0015h			00h
0016h			00h
0017h			
0018h			
0019h			
001Ah			
001Bh			
001Ch	Count Source Protection Mode Register	CSPR	00h 10000000b ⁽⁶⁾
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
0024h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
0025h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h			
0027h			
0028h	Clock Prescaler Reset Flag	CPSRF	00h
0029h			
002Ah			
002Bh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6	FRA6	When Shipping
002Ch	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7	FRA7	When Shipping
0030h			
0031h	Voltage Detection Register 1 ⁽²⁾	VCA1	00001000b
0032h	Voltage Detection Register 2 ⁽²⁾	VCA2	00h ⁽³⁾ 00100000b ⁽⁴⁾
0033h			
0034h			
0035h			
0036h	Voltage Monitor 1 Circuit Control Register ⁽⁵⁾	VW1C	00001000b
0037h	Voltage Monitor 2 Circuit Control Register ⁽⁵⁾	VW2C	00h
0038h	Voltage Monitor 0 Circuit Control Register ⁽²⁾	VW0C	0000X000b ⁽³⁾ 0100X001b ⁽⁴⁾
0039h			
003Ah			
003Eh			
003Fh			

X: Undefined

NOTES:

- The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
- Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect this register.
- The LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 1 and hardware reset.
- Power-on reset, voltage monitor 0 reset, or the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register is set to 0 and hardware reset.
- Software reset, watchdog timer reset, voltage monitor 1 reset, or voltage monitor 2 reset do not affect b2 and b3.
- The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0.

Table 4.2 SFR Information (2)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0040h			
0041h			
0042h			
0043h			
0044h			
0045h			
0046h			
0047h	Timer RC Interrupt Control Register	TRCIC	XXXXX000b
0048h	Timer RD0 Interrupt Control Register	TRD0IC	XXXXX000b
0049h	Timer RD1 Interrupt Control Register	TRD1IC	XXXXX000b
004Ah	Timer RE Interrupt Control Register	TREIC	XXXXX000b
004Bh	UART2 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S2TIC	XXXXX000b
004Ch	UART2 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S2RIC	XXXXX000b
004Dh	Key Input Interrupt Control Register	KUPIC	XXXXX000b
004Eh			
004Fh	SSU/IIC Interrupt Control Register ⁽²⁾	SSUIC / IICIC	XXXXX000b
0050h	Compare 1 Interrupt Control Register	CMP1IC	XXXXX000b
0051h	UART0 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S0TIC	XXXXX000b
0052h	UART0 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S0RIC	XXXXX000b
0053h	UART1 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S1TIC	XXXXX000b
0054h	UART1 Receive Interrupt Control Register	S1RIC	XXXXX000b
0055h	INT2 Interrupt Control Register	INT2IC	XX00X000b
0056h	Timer RA Interrupt Control Register	TRAIC	XXXXX000b
0057h			
0058h	Timer RB Interrupt Control Register	TRBIC	XXXXX000b
0059h	INT1 Interrupt Control Register	INT1IC	XX00X000b
005Ah	INT3 Interrupt Control Register	INT3IC	XX00X000b
005Bh	Timer RF Interrupt Control Register	TRFIC	XXXXX000b
005Ch	Compare 0 Interrupt Control Register	CMP0IC	XXXXX000b
005Dh	INT0 Interrupt Control Register	INT0IC	XX00X000b
005Eh	A/D Conversion Interrupt Control Register	ADIC	XXXXX000b
005Fh	Capture Interrupt Control Register	CAPIC	XXXXX000b
0060h			
0061h			
0062h			
0063h			
0064h			
0065h			
0066h			
0067h			
0068h			
0069h			
006Ah			
006Bh			
006Ch			
006Dh			
006Eh			
006Fh			
0070h			
0071h			
0072h			
0073h			
0074h			
0075h			
0076h			
0077h			
0078h			
0079h			
007Ah			
007Bh			
007Ch			
007Dh			
007Eh			
007Fh			

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

Table 4.3 SFR Information (3)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0080h			
0081h			
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h			
0089h			
008Ah			
008Bh			
008Ch			
008Dh			
008Eh			
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h			
0095h			
0096h			
0097h			
0098h			
0099h			
009Ah			
009Bh			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UART0 Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h			XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UART0 Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A7h			XXh
00A8h	UART1 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U1MR	00h
00A9h	UART1 Bit Rate Register	U1BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART1 Transmit Buffer Register	U1TB	XXh
00ABh			XXh
00ACh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U1C0	00001000b
00ADh	UART1 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U1C1	00000010b
00AEh	UART1 Receive Buffer Register	U1RB	XXh
00AFh			XXh
00B0h			
00B1h			
00B2h			
00B3h			
00B4h			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 ⁽²⁾	SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
00B9h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 ⁽²⁾	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
00BAh	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR / ICMR	00011000b
00BBh	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register ⁽²⁾	SSER / ICIER	00h
00BCh	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register ⁽²⁾	SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
00BDh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register ⁽²⁾	SSMR2 / SAR	00h
00BEh	SS Transmit Data Register / IIC bus Transmit Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSTDR / ICDRT	FFh
00BFh	SS Receive Data Register / IIC bus Receive Data Register ⁽²⁾	SSRDR / ICDRR	FFh

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. Selected by the IICSEL bit in the PMR register.

Table 4.4 SFR Information (4)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
00C0h			
00C1h			
00C2h			
00C3h			
00C4h			
00C5h			
00C6h			
00C7h			
00C8h			
00C9h			
00CAh			
00CBh			
00CCh			
00CDh			
00CEh			
00CFh			
00D0h			
00D1h			
00D2h			
00D3h			
00D4h			
00D5h			
00D6h			
00D7h			
00D8h	D/A Register 0	DA0	00h
00D9h			
00DAh	D/A Register 1	DA1	00h
00DBh			
00DCh	D/A Control Register	DACON	00h
00DDh			
00DEh			
00DFh			
00E0h	Port P0 Register	P0	XXh
00E1h	Port P1 Register	P1	XXh
00E2h	Port P0 Direction Register	PD0	00h
00E3h	Port P1 Direction Register	PD1	00h
00E4h	Port P2 Register	P2	XXh
00E5h	Port P3 Register	P3	XXh
00E6h	Port P2 Direction Register	PD2	00h
00E7h	Port P3 Direction Register	PD3	00h
00E8h	Port P4 Register	P4	XXh
00E9h	Port P5 Register	P5	XXh
00EAh	Port P4 Direction Register	PD4	00h
00EBh	Port P5 Direction Register	PD5	00h
00ECh	Port P6 Register	P6	XXh
00EDh			
00EEh	Port P6 Direction Register	PD6	00h
00EFh			
00F0h			
00F1h			
00F2h			
00F3h			
00F4h	Port P2 Drive Capacity Control Register	P2DRR	00h
00F5h	UART1 Function Select Register	U1SR	000000XXb
00F6h			
00F7h			
00F8h	Port Mode Register	PMR	00h
00F9h	External Input Enable Register	INTEN	00h
00FAh	INT Input Filter Select Register	INTF	00h
00FBh	Key Input Enable Register	KIEN	00h
00FCh	Pull-Up Control Register 0	PUR0	00h
00FDh	Pull-Up Control Register 1	PUR1	XX000000b
00FEh			
00FFh			

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.5 SFR Information (5)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h	LIN Control Register 2	LINCR2	00h
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRES	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register	TREHR	00h
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register	TREWK	00h
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Clock Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh			
0120h	Timer RC Mode Register	TRCMR	01001000b
0121h	Timer RC Control Register 1	TRCCR1	00h
0122h	Timer RC Interrupt Enable Register	TRCIER	01110000b
0123h	Timer RC Status Register	TRCSR	01110000b
0124h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 0	TRCIOR0	10001000b
0125h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 1	TRCIOR1	10001000b
0126h	Timer RC Counter	TRC	00h
0127h			00h
0128h	Timer RC General Register A	TRCGRA	FFh
0129h			FFh
012Ah	Timer RC General Register B	TRCGRB	FFh
012Bh			FFh
012Ch	Timer RC General Register C	TRCGRC	FFh
012Dh			FFh
012Eh	Timer RC General Register D	TRCGRD	FFh
012Fh			FFh
0130h	Timer RC Control Register 2	TRCCR2	00011111b
0131h	Timer RC Digital Filter Function Select Register	TRCDF	00h
0132h	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCOER	01111111b
0133h			
0134h			
0135h			
0136h			
0137h	Timer RD Start Register	TRDSTR	11111100b
0138h	Timer RD Mode Register	TRDMR	00001110b
0139h	Timer RD PWM Mode Register	TRDPMR	10001000b
013Ah	Timer RD Function Control Register	TRDFCR	10000000b
013Bh	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 1	TRDOER1	FFh
013Ch	Timer RD Output Master Enable Register 2	TRDOER2	01111111b
013Dh	Timer RD Output Control Register	TRDOCR	00h
013Eh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 0	TRDDF0	00h
013Fh	Timer RD Digital Filter Function Select Register 1	TRDDF1	00h

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0140h	Timer RD Control Register 0	TRDCR0	00h
0141h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A0	TRDIOA0	10001000b
0142h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C0	TRDIORC0	10001000b
0143h	Timer RD Status Register 0	TRDSR0	11000000b
0144h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 0	TRDIER0	11100000b
0145h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0	TRDPOCR0	11111000b
0146h	Timer RD Counter 0	TRD0	00h
0147h			00h
0148h	Timer RD General Register A0	TRDGRA0	FFh
0149h			FFh
014Ah	Timer RD General Register B0	TRDGRB0	FFh
014Bh			FFh
014Ch	Timer RD General Register C0	TRDGRC0	FFh
014Dh			FFh
014Eh	Timer RD General Register D0	TRDGRD0	FFh
014Fh			FFh
0150h	Timer RD Control Register 1	TRDCR1	00h
0151h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A1	TRDIOA1	10001000b
0152h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C1	TRDIORC1	10001000b
0153h	Timer RD Status Register 1	TRDSR1	11000000b
0154h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 1	TRDIER1	11100000b
0155h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 1	TRDPOCR1	11111000b
0156h	Timer RD Counter 1	TRD1	00h
0157h			00h
0158h	Timer RD General Register A1	TRDGRA1	FFh
0159h			FFh
015Ah	Timer RD General Register B1	TRDGRB1	FFh
015Bh			FFh
015Ch	Timer RD General Register C1	TRDGRC1	FFh
015Dh			FFh
015Eh	Timer RD General Register D1	TRDGRD1	FFh
015Fh			FFh
0160h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U2MR	00h
0161h	UART2 Bit Rate Register	U2BRG	XXh
0162h	UART2 Transmit Buffer Register	U2TB	XXh
0163h			XXh
0164h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U2C0	00001000b
0165h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U2C1	00000010b
0166h	UART2 Receive Buffer Register	U2RB	XXh
0167h			XXh
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.7 SFR Information (7)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0180h			
0181h			
0182h			
0183h			
0184h			
0185h			
0186h			
0187h			
0188h			
0189h			
018Ah			
018Bh			
018Ch			
018Dh			
018Eh			
018Fh			
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h			
0194h			
0195h			
0196h			
0197h			
0198h			
0199h			
019Ah			
019Bh			
019Ch			
019Dh			
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ADh			
01AEh			
01AFh			
01B0h			
01B1h			
01B2h			
01B3h	Flash Memory Control Register 4	FMR4	01000000b
01B4h			
01B5h	Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR1	1000000Xb
01B6h			
01B7h	Flash Memory Control Register 0	FMR0	00000001b
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.8 SFR Information (8)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
01C0h			
01C1h			
01C2h			
01C3h			
01C4h			
01C5h			
01C6h			
01C7h			
01C8h			
01C9h			
01CAh			
01CBh			
01CCh			
01CDh			
01CEh			
01CFh			
01D0h			
01D1h			
01D2h			
01D3h			
01D4h			
01D5h			
01D6h			
01D7h			
01D8h			
01D9h			
01DAh			
01DBh			
01DCh			
01DDh			
01DEh			
01DFh			
01E0h			
01E1h			
01E2h			
01E3h			
01E4h			
01E5h			
01E6h			
01E7h			
01E8h			
01E9h			
01EAh			
01EBh			
01ECh			
01EDh			
01EEh			
01EFh			
01F0h			
01F1h			
01F2h			
01F3h			
01F4h			
01F5h			
01F6h			
01F7h			
01F8h			
01F9h			
01FAh			
01FBh			
01FCh			
01FDh			
01FEh			
01FFh			

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.9 SFR Information (9)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0200h			
0201h			
0202h			
0203h			
0204h			
0205h			
0206h			
0207h			
0208h			
0209h			
020Ah			
020Bh			
020Ch			
020Dh			
020Eh			
020Fh			
0210h			
0211h			
0212h			
0213h			
0214h			
0215h			
0216h			
0217h			
0218h			
0219h			
021Ah			
021Bh			
021Ch			
021Dh			
021Eh			
021Fh			
0220h			
0221h			
0222h			
0223h			
0224h			
0225h			
0226h			
0227h			
0228h			
0229h			
022Ah			
022Bh			
022Ch			
022Dh			
022Eh			
022Fh			
0230h			
0231h			
0232h			
0233h			
0234h			
0235h			
0236h			
0237h			
0238h			
0239h			
023Ah			
023Bh			
023Ch			
023Dh			
023Eh			
023Fh			

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.10 SFR Information (10)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0240h			
0241h			
0242h			
0243h			
0244h			
0245h			
0246h			
0247h			
0248h			
0249h			
024Ah			
024Bh			
024Ch			
024Dh			
024Eh			
024Fh			
0250h			
0251h			
0252h			
0253h			
0254h			
0255h			
0256h			
0257h			
0258h			
0259h			
025Ah			
025Bh			
025Ch			
025Dh			
025Eh			
025Fh			
0260h			
0261h			
0262h			
0263h			
0264h			
0265h			
0266h			
0267h			
0268h			
0269h			
026Ah			
026Bh			
026Ch			
026Dh			
026Eh			
026Fh			
0270h			
0271h			
0272h			
0273h			
0274h			
0275h			
0276h			
0277h			
0278h			
0279h			
027Ah			
027Bh			
027Ch			
027Dh			
027Eh			
027Fh			

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.11 SFR Information (11)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0280h			
0281h			
0282h			
0283h			
0284h			
0285h			
0286h			
0287h			
0288h			
0289h			
028Ah			
028Bh			
028Ch			
028Dh			
028Eh			
028Fh			
0290h	Timer RF Register	TRF	00h
0291h			00h
0292h			
0293h			
0294h			
0295h			
0296h			
0297h			
0298h			
0299h			
029Ah	Timer RF Control Register 0	TRFCR0	00h
029Bh	Timer RF Control Register 1	TRFCR1	00h
029Ch	Capture / Compare 0 Register	TRFM0	0000h ⁽²⁾
029Dh			FFFFh ⁽³⁾
029Eh	Compare 1 Register	TRFM1	FFh
029Fh			FFh
02A0h			
02A1h			
02A2h			
02A3h			
02A4h			
02A5h			
02A6h			
02A7h			
02A8h			
02A9h			
02AAh			
02ABh			
02ACh			
02ADh			
02AEh			
02AFh			
02B0h			
02B1h			
02B2h			
02B3h			
02B4h			
02B5h			
02B6h			
02B7h			
02B8h			
02B9h			
02BAh			
02BBh			
02BCh			
02BDh			
02BEh			
02BFh			

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. After input capture mode.
3. After output compare mode.

Table 4.12 SFR Information (12)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
02C0h	A/D Register 0	AD0	XXh
02C1h			XXh
02C2h	A/D Register 1	AD1	XXh
02C3h			XXh
02C4h	A/D Register 2	AD2	XXh
02C5h			XXh
02C6h	A/D Register 3	AD3	XXh
02C7h			XXh
02C8h			
02C9h			
02CAh			
02CBh			
02CCh			
02CDh			
02CEh			
02CFh			
02D0h			
02D1h			
02D2h			
02D3h			
02D4h	A/D Control Register 2	ADCON2	00001000b
02D5h			
02D6h	A/D Control Register 0	ADCON0	00000011b
02D7h	A/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
02D8h			
02D9h			
02DAh			
02DBh			
02DCh			
02DDh			
02DEh			
02DFh			
02E0h	Port P7 Direction Register	PD7	00h
02E1h			
02E2h	Port P7 Register	P7	XXh
02E3h			
02E4h	Port P8 Direction Register	PD8	00h
02E5h	Port P9 Direction Register	PD9	X0h
02E6h	Port P8 Register	P8	XXh
02E7h	Port P9 Register	P9	XXh
02E8h			
02E9h			
02EAh			
02EBh			
02ECh			
02EDh			
02EEh			
02EFh			
02F0h			
02F1h			
02F2h			
02F3h			
02F4h			
02F5h			
02F6h			
02F7h			
02F8h			
02F9h			
02FAh			
02FBh			
02FCh	Pull-Up Control Register 2	PUR2	XXX00000b
02FDh			
02FEh			
02FFh	Timer RF Output Control Register	TRFOUT	00h
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

5. Electrical Characteristics

The electrical characteristics of N version ($T_{opr} = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C) and D version ($T_{opr} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C) are listed below.

Please contact Renesas Technology sales offices for the electrical characteristics in the Y version ($T_{opr} = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 105°C).

Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
V_{cc}/AV_{cc}	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
V_i	Input voltage		-0.3 to $V_{cc} + 0.3$	V
V_o	Output voltage		-0.3 to $V_{cc} + 0.3$	V
P_d	Power dissipation	$T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	700	mW
T_{opr}	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{CC} /AV _{CC}	Supply voltage			2.2	–	5.5	V
V _{SS} /AV _{SS}	Supply voltage			–	0	–	V
V _{IH}	Input “H” voltage			0.8 V _{CC}	–	V _{CC}	V
V _{IL}	Input “L” voltage			0	–	0.2 V _{CC}	V
I _{OH} (sum)	Peak sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins I _{OH} (peak)		–	–	–240	mA
I _{OH} (sum)	Average sum output “H” current	Sum of all pins I _{OH} (avg)		–	–	–120	mA
I _{OH} (peak)	Peak output “H” current	Except P2_0 to P2_7		–	–	–10	mA
		P2_0 to P2_7		–	–	–40	mA
I _{OH} (avg)	Average output “H” current	Except P2_0 to P2_7		–	–	–5	mA
		P2_0 to P2_7		–	–	–20	mA
I _{OL} (sum)	Peak sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins I _{OL} (peak)		–	–	240	mA
I _{OL} (sum)	Average sum output “L” current	Sum of all pins I _{OL} (avg)		–	–	120	mA
I _{OL} (peak)	Peak output “L” current	Except P2_0 to P2_7		–	–	10	mA
		P2_0 to P2_7		–	–	40	mA
I _{OL} (avg)	Average output “L” current	Except P2_0 to P2_7		–	–	5	mA
		P2_0 to P2_7		–	–	20	mA
f _(XIN)	XIN clock input oscillation frequency		3.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	20	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	0	–	5	MHz
f _(XCIN)	XCIN clock input oscillation frequency		2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	70	kHz
–	System clock	OCD2 = 0 XIN clock selected	3.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	0	–	20	MHz
			2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} < 3.0 V	0	–	10	MHz
			2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	0	–	5	MHz
		OCD2 = 1 On-chip oscillator clock selected	FRA01 = 0 Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected	–	125	–	kHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 3.0 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	20	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	10	MHz
			FRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator clock selected 2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	5	MHz

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.

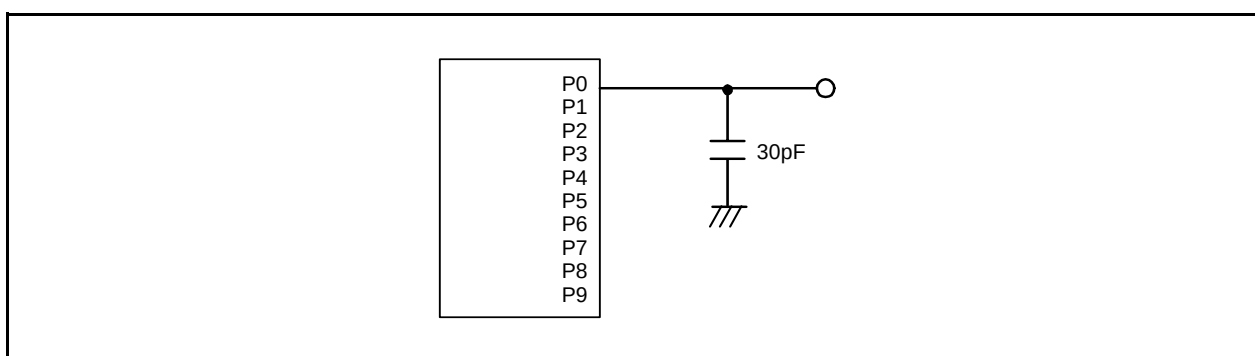


Figure 5.1 Ports P0 to P9 Timing Measurement Circuit

Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	—	—	10	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 3	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 5	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 5	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
R_{ladder}	Resistor ladder		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	10	—	40	$k\Omega$
t_{conv}	Conversion time	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	3.3	—	—	μs
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	2.8	—	—	μs
V_{ref}	Reference voltage			2.2	—	AV_{CC}	V
V_{IA}	Analog input voltage ⁽²⁾			0	—	AV_{CC}	V
—	A/D operating clock frequency	Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	10	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	10	MHz
		Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	5	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	5	MHz

NOTES:

- $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

Table 5.4 D/A Converter Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		—	—	8	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy		—	—	1.0	%
t_{su}	Setup time		—	—	3	μs
R_o	Output resistor		4	10	20	$k\Omega$
I_{Vref}	Reference power input current	(NOTE 2)	—	—	1.5	mA

NOTES:

- $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- This applies when one D/A converter is used and the value of the DAi register ($i = 0 \text{ or } 1$) for the unused D/A converter is 00h. The resistor ladder of the A/D converter is not included. Also, even if the VCUT bit in the ADCON1 register is set to 0 (V_{ref} not connected), I_{Vref} flows into the D/A converters.

Table 5.5 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾	R8C/2C Group	100 ⁽³⁾	–	–	times
		R8C/2D Group	1,000 ⁽³⁾	–	–	times
–	Byte program time		–	50	400	μs
–	Block erase time		–	0.4	9	s
t _d (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		–	–	97+CPU clock × 6 cycles	μs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	μs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3+CPU clock × 4 cycles	μs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.2	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		0	–	60	°C
–	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	–	–	year

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = 0 to 60°C, unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erase count of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A, Block B) Electrical Characteristics⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
–	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾		10,000 ⁽³⁾	–	–	times
–	Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		–	50	400	μs
–	Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		–	65	–	μs
–	Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		–	0.2	9	s
–	Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		–	0.3	–	s
t _d (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		–	–	97+CPU clock × 6 cycles	μs
–	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	–	–	μs
–	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	–	–	ns
–	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		–	–	3+CPU clock × 4 cycles	μs
–	Program, erase voltage		2.7	–	5.5	V
–	Read voltage		2.2	–	5.5	V
–	Program, erase temperature		–20 ⁽⁸⁾	–	85	°C
–	Data hold time ⁽⁹⁾	Ambient temperature = 55 °C	20	–	–	year

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. Standard of block A and block B when program and erase endurance exceeds 1,000 times. Byte program time to 1,000 times is the same as that in program ROM.
5. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erase count of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
6. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
7. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
8. –40°C for D version.
9. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

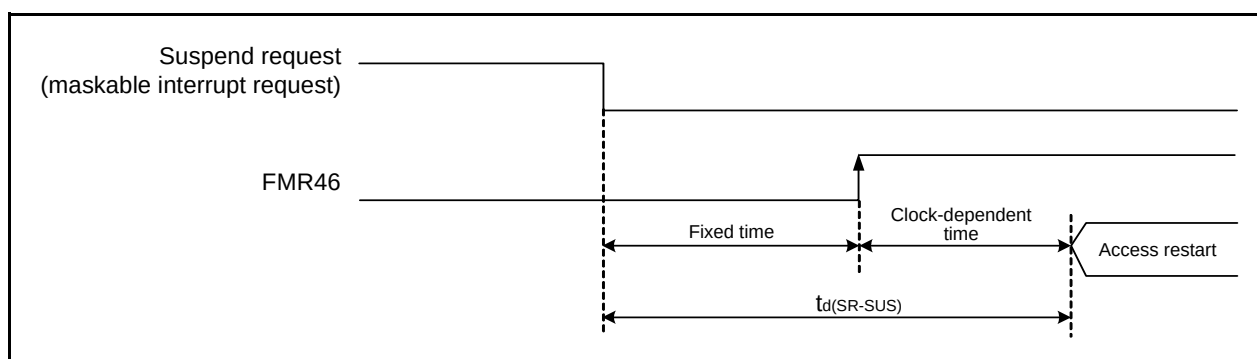


Figure 5.2 Time delay until Suspend

Table 5.7 Voltage Detection 0 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet0	Voltage detection level		2.2	2.3	2.4	V
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA25 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	—	0.9	—	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽²⁾		—	—	300	μs
Vccmin	MCU operating voltage minimum value		2.2	—	—	V

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.2 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.8 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet1	Voltage detection level		2.70	2.85	3.00	V
—	Voltage monitor 1 interrupt request generation time ⁽²⁾		—	40	—	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	—	0.6	—	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		—	—	100	μs

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.2 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 1 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet1.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.9 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdet2	Voltage detection level		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
—	Voltage monitor 2 interrupt request generation time ⁽²⁾		—	40	—	μs
—	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	—	0.6	—	μA
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽³⁾		—	—	100	μs

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 2.2 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet2.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.10 Power-on Reset Circuit, Voltage Monitor 0 Reset Electrical Characteristics⁽³⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{por1}	Power-on reset valid voltage ⁽⁴⁾		–	–	0.1	V
V _{por2}	Power-on reset or voltage monitor 0 reset valid voltage		0	–	V _{det0}	V
tr _{th}	External power V _{CC} rise gradient ⁽²⁾		20	–	–	mV/msec

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. This condition (external power V_{CC} rise gradient) does not apply if V_{CC} ≥ 1.0 V.
3. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 0 reset by setting the LVD0ON bit in the OFS register to 0, the VW0C0 and VW0C6 bits in the VW0C register to 1 respectively, and the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 1.
4. t_{w(por1)} indicates the duration the external power V_{CC} must be held below the effective voltage (V_{por1}) to enable a power on reset. When turning on the power for the first time, maintain t_{w(por1)} for 30 s or more if –20°C ≤ T_{opr} ≤ 85°C, maintain t_{w(por1)} for 3,000 s or more if –40°C ≤ T_{opr} < –20°C.

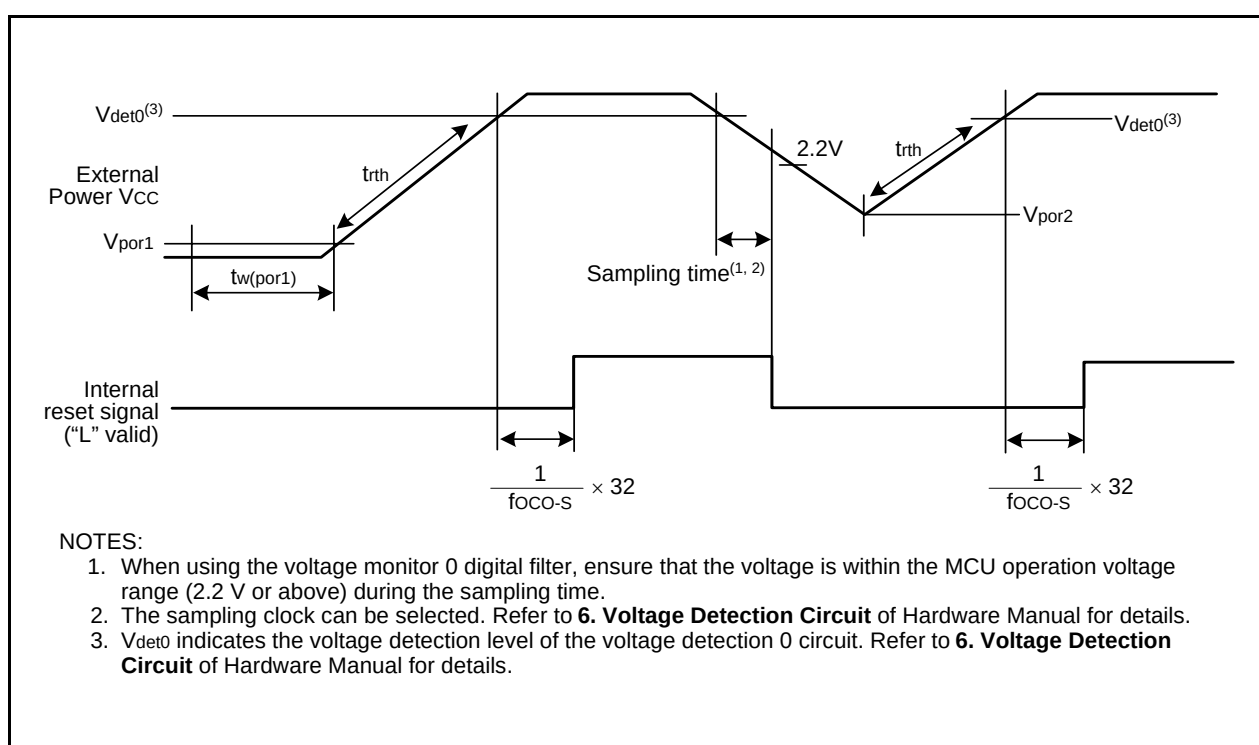
**Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Table 5.11 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO40M	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature • supply voltage dependence	V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V –20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	39.2	40	40.8	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V –40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽²⁾	39.0	40	41.0	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.2 V to 5.5 V –20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽³⁾	35.2	40	44.8	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.2 V to 5.5 V –40°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C ⁽³⁾	34.0	40	46.0	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when correction value in FRA7 register is written to FRA1 register	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	36.864	–	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V –20°C ≤ T _{opr} ≤ 85°C	–3%	–	3%	%
–	Value in FRA1 register after reset		08h	–	F7h	–
–	Oscillation frequency adjustment unit of high- speed on-chip oscillator	Adjust FRA1 register (value after reset) to –1	–	+0.3	–	MHz
–	Oscillation stability time	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	10	100	μs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	550	–	μA

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. These standard values show when the FRA1 register value after reset is assumed.
3. These standard values show when the correction value in the FRA6 register is written to the FRA1 register.

Table 5.12 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		30	125	250	kHz
–	Oscillation stability time	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	10	100	μs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	V _{CC} = 5.0 V, T _{opr} = 25°C	–	15	–	μA

NOTE:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.13 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _d (P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾		1	–	2000	μs
t _d (R-S)	STOP exit time ⁽³⁾		–	–	150	μs

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V and T_{opr} = 25°C.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
3. Time until system clock supply starts after the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.

Table 5.14 Timing Requirements of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
tsucyc	SSCK clock cycle time			4	–	–	tcyc ⁽²⁾
t _{HI}	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	–	0.6	tsucyc
t _{LO}	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	–	0.6	tsucyc
trise	SSCK clock rising time	Master		–	–	1	tcyc ⁽²⁾
		Slave		–	–	1	μs
tfall	SSCK clock falling time	Master		–	–	1	tcyc ⁽²⁾
		Slave		–	–	1	μs
tsu	SSO, SSI data input setup time			100	–	–	ns
t _H	SSO, SSI data input hold time			1	–	–	tcyc ⁽²⁾
t _{LEAD}	SCS setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	–	–	ns
t _{LAG}	SCS hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	–	–	ns
t _{OD}	SSO, SSI data output delay time			–	–	1	tcyc ⁽²⁾
t _{SA}	SSI slave access time		2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	–	–	1.5tcyc + 200	ns
t _{OR}	SSI slave out open time		2.7 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	1.5tcyc + 100	ns
			2.2 V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7 V	–	–	1.5tcyc + 200	ns

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V at T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1tcyc = 1/f₁(s)

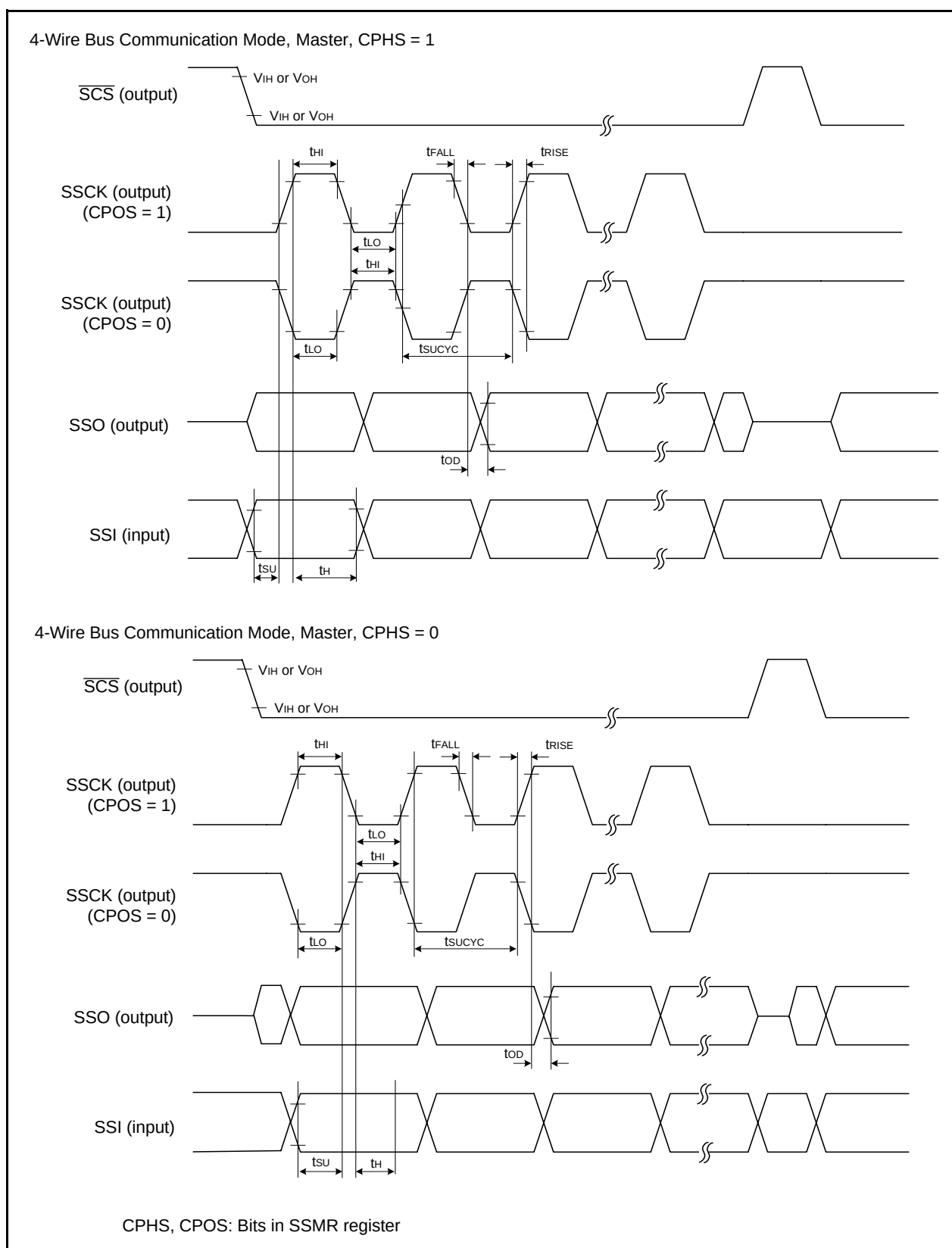


Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Master)

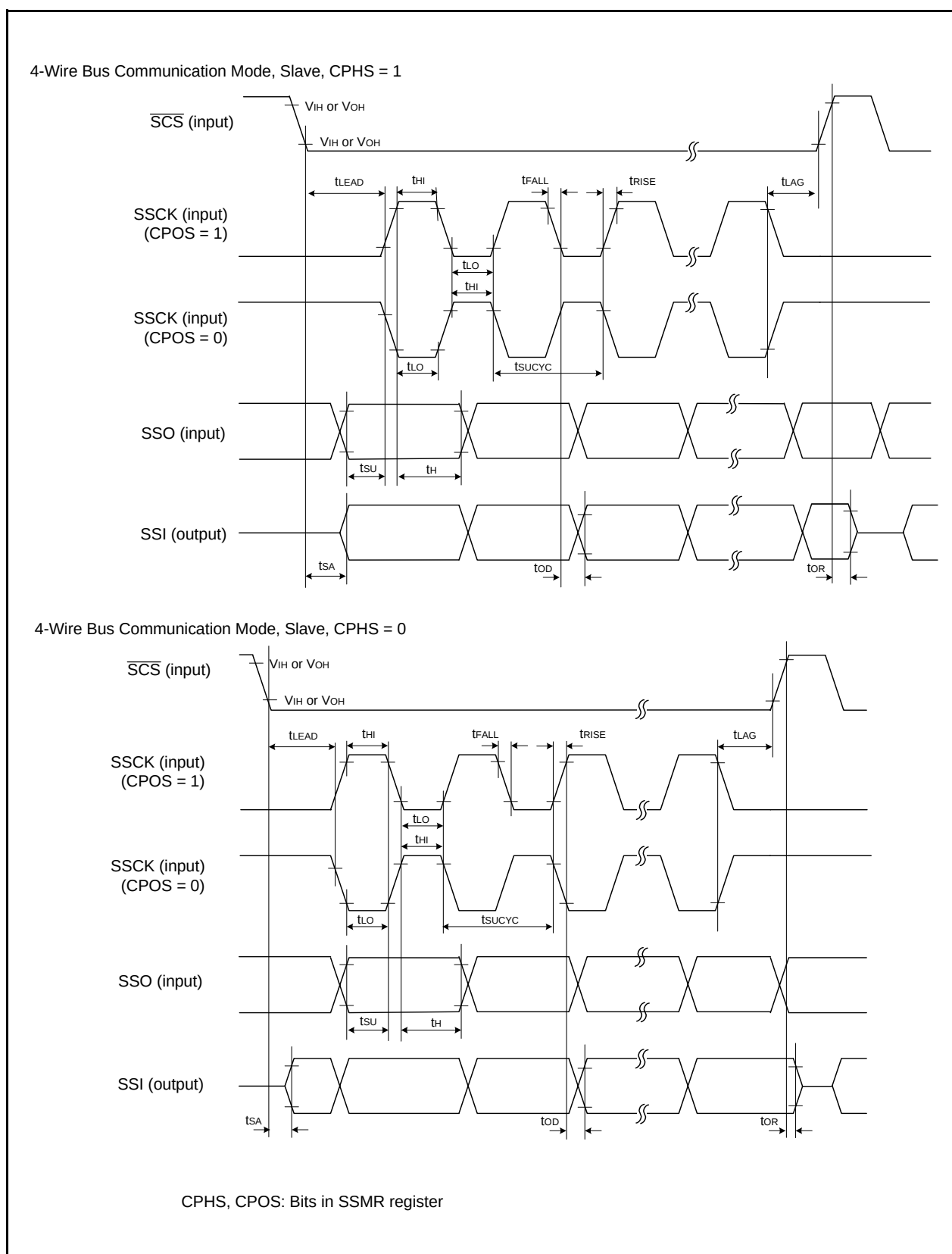


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

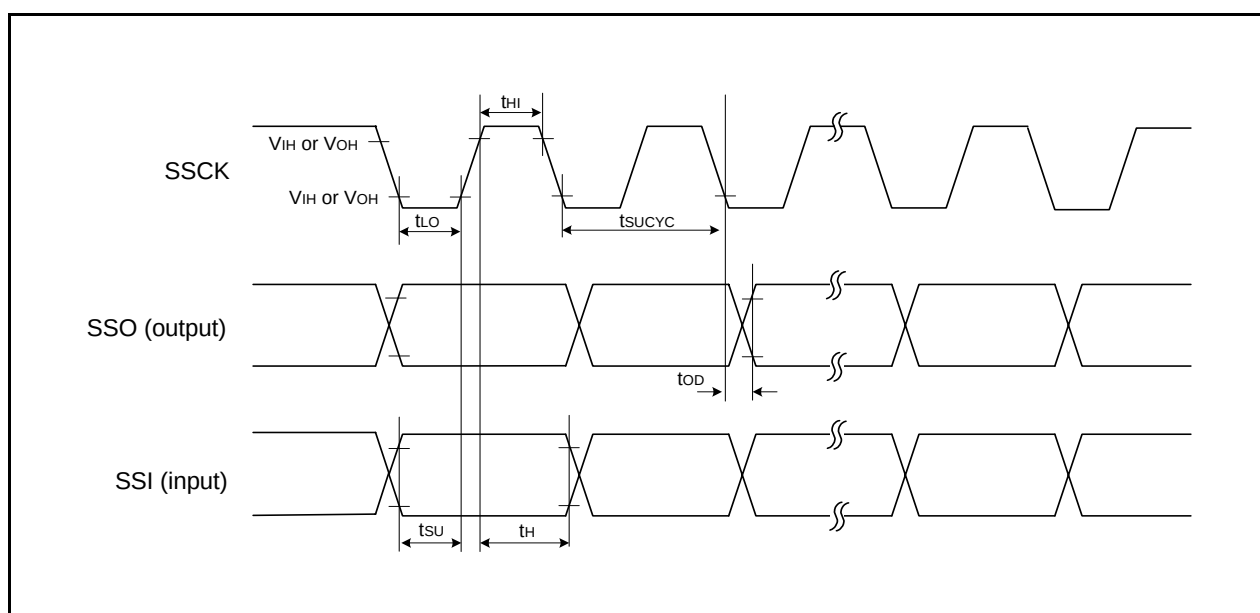


Figure 5.6 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)

Table 5.15 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t _{SCL}	SCL input cycle time		12tcyc + 600 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SCLH}	SCL input “H” width		3tcyc + 300 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SCLL}	SCL input “L” width		5tcyc + 500 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{sf}	SCL, SDA input fall time		–	–	300	ns
t _{SP}	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		–	–	1tcyc ⁽²⁾	ns
t _{BUF}	SDA input bus-free time		5tcyc ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STAH}	Start condition input hold time		3tcyc ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STAS}	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3tcyc ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{STOP}	Stop condition input setup time		3tcyc ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SDAS}	Data input setup time		1tcyc + 20 ⁽²⁾	–	–	ns
t _{SDAH}	Data input hold time		0	–	–	ns

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V and T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. 1tcyc = 1/f₁(s)

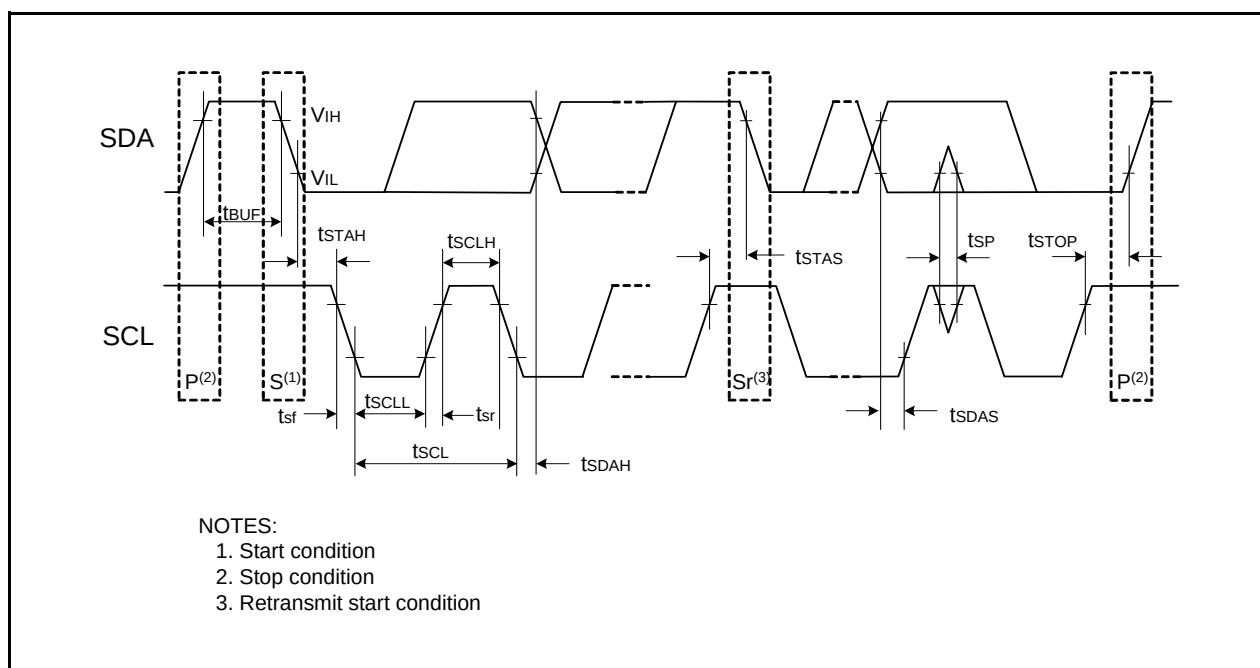
**Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface**

Table 5.16 Electrical Characteristics (1) [V_{CC} = 5 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OH} = –5 mA	V _{CC} – 2.0	–	V _{CC}	V
			I _{OH} = –200 μ A	V _{CC} – 0.5	–	V _{CC}	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH I _{OH} = –20 mA	V _{CC} – 2.0	–	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW I _{OH} = –5 mA	V _{CC} – 2.0	–	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH I _{OH} = –1 mA	V _{CC} – 2.0	–	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW I _{OH} = –500 μ A	V _{CC} – 2.0	–	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OL} = 5 mA	–	–	2.0	V
			I _{OL} = 200 μ A	–	–	0.45	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH I _{OL} = 20 mA	–	–	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW I _{OL} = 5 mA	–	–	2.0	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH I _{OL} = 1 mA	–	–	2.0	V
			Drive capacity LOW I _{OL} = 500 μ A	–	–	2.0	V
V _{T+} –V _{T–}	Hysteresis	<u>INT0</u> , <u>INT1</u> , <u>INT2</u> , <u>INT3</u> , K10, K11, K12, K13, TRAIO, TRFI, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO		0.1	0.5	–	V
		<u>RESET</u>		0.1	1.0	–	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 5 V	–	–	5.0	μ A
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V	–	–	–5.0	μ A
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V	30	50	167	k Ω
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN		–	1.0	–	M Ω
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN		–	18	–	M Ω
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode	1.8	–	–	V

NOTE:

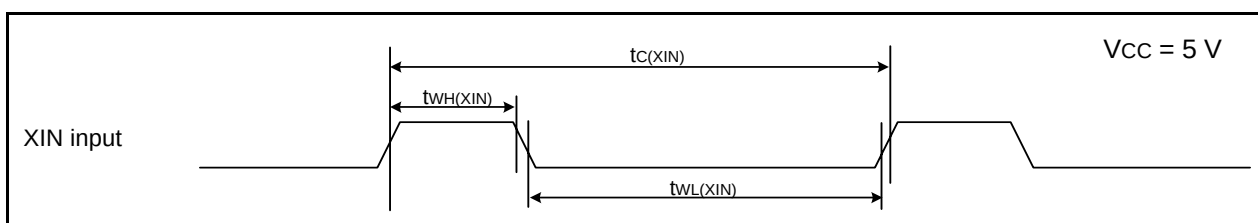
- V_{CC} = 4.2 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.17 Electrical Characteristics (2) [Vcc = 5 V]
(Topr = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

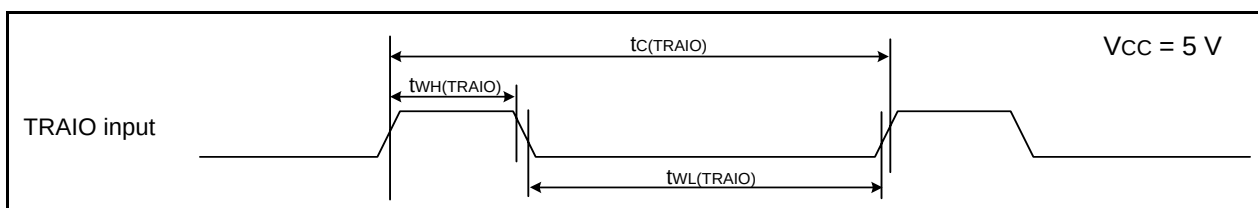
Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are Vss	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	12	20	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	10	16	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	7	–	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	5.5	–	mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	4.5	–	mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	3	–	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	6	12	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2.5	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	150	400	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz FMR47 = 1	–	150	400	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1	–	35	–	μA
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	30	90	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	18	55	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	3.5	–	μA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	2.3	–	μA
			XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	0.7	3.0	μA
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	–	1.7	–	μA

Timing Requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{op} = 25^\circ\text{C}$) [$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$]****Table 5.18 XIN Input, XCIN Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	50	—	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input "H" width	25	—	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input "L" width	25	—	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	—	μs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input "H" width	7	—	μs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input "L" width	7	—	μs

**Figure 5.8 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$** **Table 5.19 TRAIO Input, $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	—	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "H" width	40	—	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input "L" width	40	—	ns

**Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input and $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$** **Table 5.20 TRFI Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRFI)}$	TRFI input cycle time	400 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{WH(TRFI)}$	TRFI input "H" width	200 ⁽²⁾	—	ns
$t_{WL(TRFI)}$	TRFI input "L" width	200 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the cycle time to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 3)$ or above.
2. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the pulse width to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 1.5)$ or above.

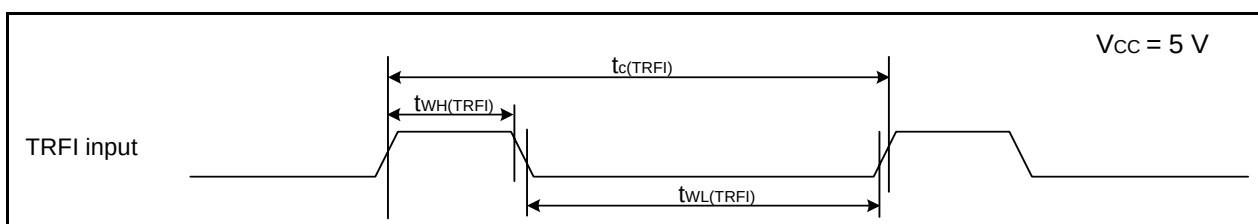
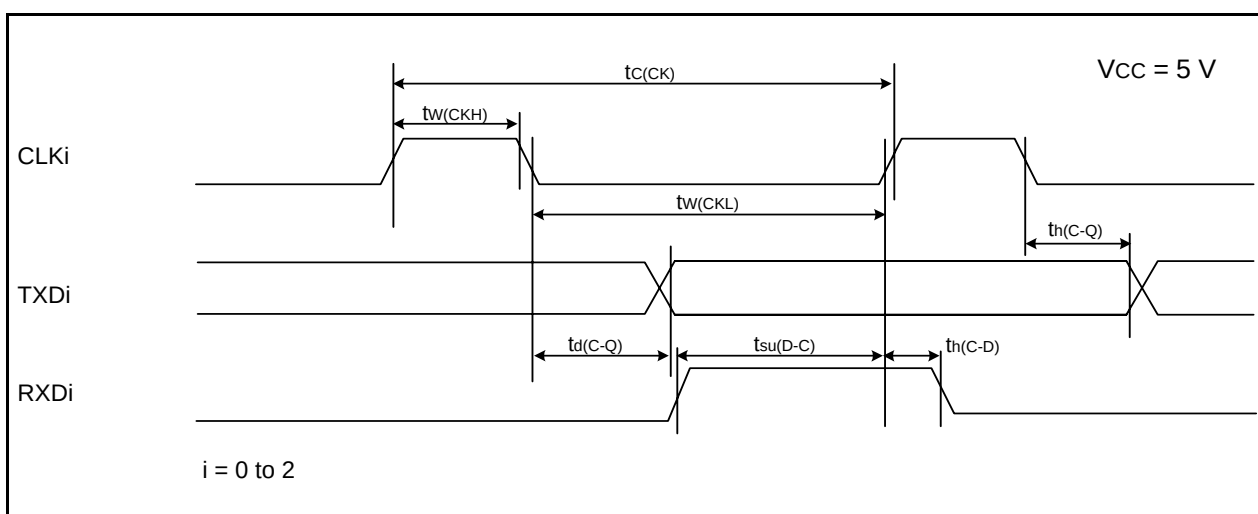
**Figure 5.10 TRFI Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$**

Table 5.21 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	200	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	100	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input "L" width	100	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	50	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	50	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

i = 0 to 2

**Figure 5.11 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V****Table 5.22 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0, 2, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input "H" width	250 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

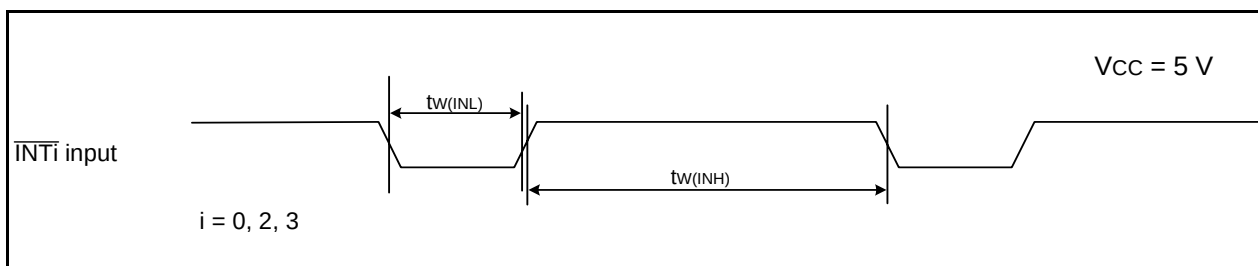
**Figure 5.12 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V**

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (3) [V_{CC} = 3 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OH} = -1 mA		V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -5 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -50 μA	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OL} = 1 mA		-	-	0.5	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 5 mA	-	-	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 1 mA	-	-	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	-	-	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 50 μA	-	-	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRFI, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	-	V
		RESET			0.1	0.4	-	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 3 V		-	-	4.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V		-	-	-4.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V		66	160	500	kΩ
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			-	3.0	-	MΩ
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			-	18	-	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	-	-	V

NOTE:

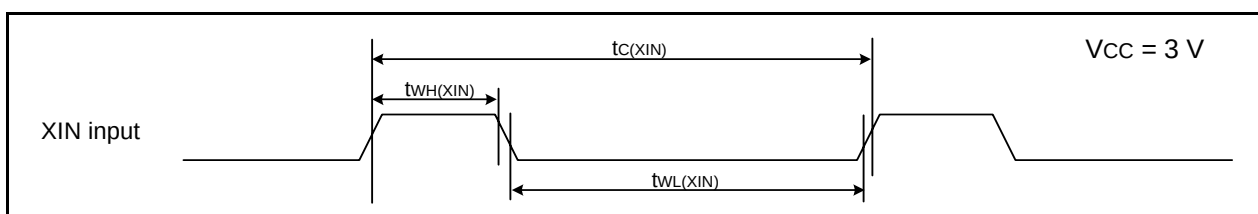
- V_{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.24 Electrical Characteristics (4) [V_{CC} = 3 V]
(T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

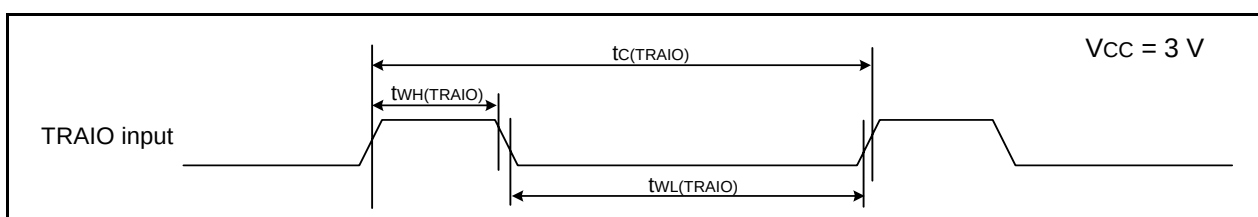
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current (V _{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	–	5.5	–	mA
				2	–	
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	–	5.5	11	mA
				2.2	–	
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	–	145	400	μA
				145	400	
		Low-speed clock mode	–	30	–	μA
				–	–	
		Wait mode	–	28	85	μA
				17	50	
				3.3	–	
				2.1	–	
		Stop mode	–	0.65	3.0	μA
				1.65	–	

Timing requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{op} = 25^\circ\text{C}$) [$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$]****Table 5.25 XIN Input, XCIN Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	40	–	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	–	μs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “H” width	7	–	μs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “L” width	7	–	μs

**Figure 5.13 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$** **Table 5.26 TRAIO Input, $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	300	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	120	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	120	–	ns

**Figure 5.14 TRAIO Input and $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$** **Table 5.27 TRFI Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRFI)}$	TRFI input cycle time	1200 ⁽¹⁾	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRFI)}$	TRFI input “H” width	600 ⁽²⁾	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRFI)}$	TRFI input “L” width	600 ⁽²⁾	–	ns

NOTES:

1. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the cycle time to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 3)$ or above.
2. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the pulse width to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 1.5)$ or above.

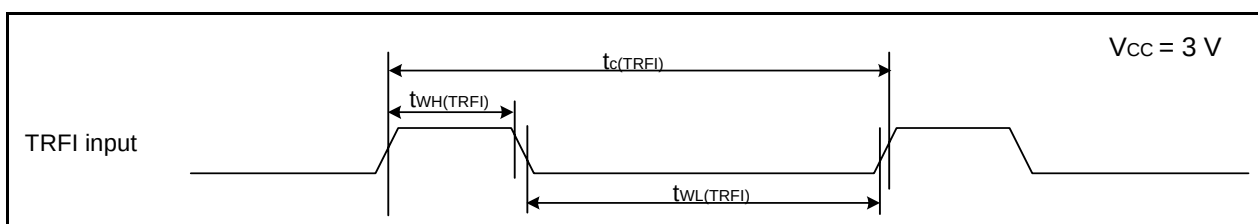
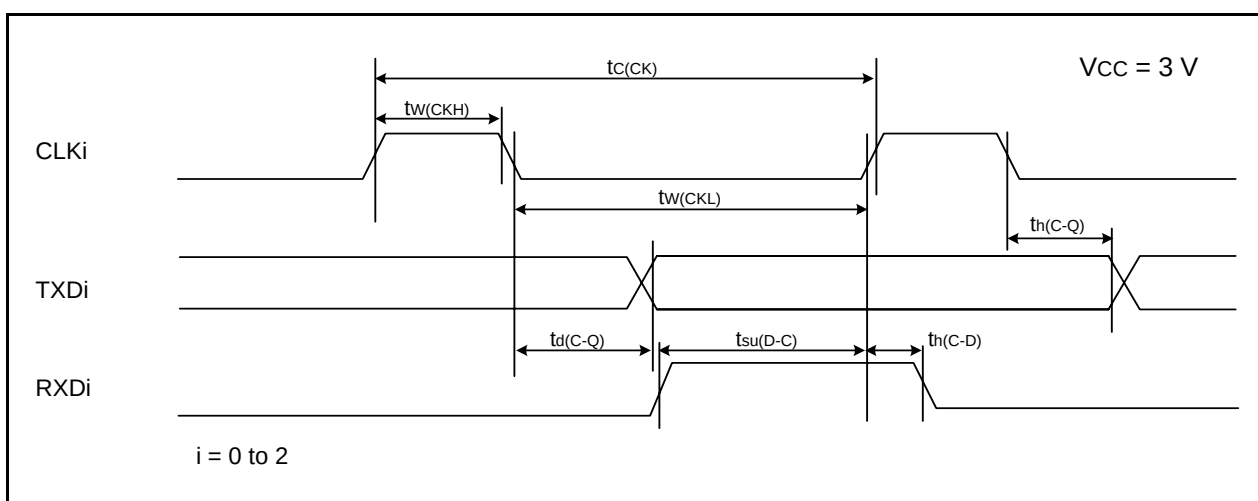
**Figure 5.15 TRFI Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$**

Table 5.28 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	300	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	150	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi Input "L" width	150	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	80	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	70	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

 $i = 0 \text{ to } 2$ **Figure 5.16 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V****Table 5.29 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ ($i = 0, 2, 3$) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input "H" width	380 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input "L" width	380 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency $\times 3$) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency $\times 3$) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

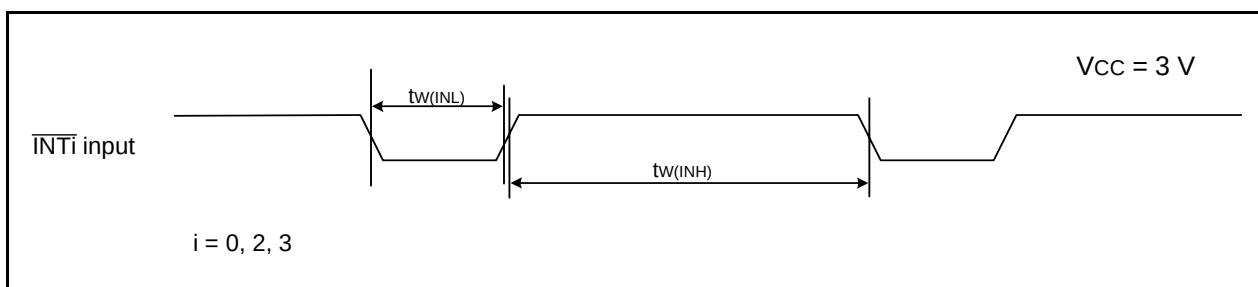
**Figure 5.17 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V**

Table 5.30 Electrical Characteristics (5) [V_{CC} = 2.2 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OH} = -1 mA		V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -2 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -50 μA	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OL} = 1 mA		-	-	0.5	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 2 mA	-	-	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 1 mA	-	-	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	-	-	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 50 μA	-	-	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRFI, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.05	0.3	-	V
		RESET			0.05	0.15	-	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 2.2 V		-	-	4.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V		-	-	-4.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V		100	200	600	kΩ
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			-	5	-	MΩ
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			-	35	-	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	-	-	V

NOTE:

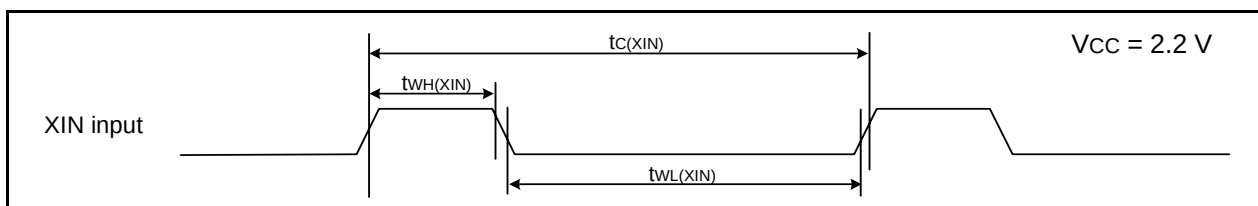
- V_{CC} = 2.2 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 5 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.31 Electrical Characteristics (6) [V_{CC} = 2.2 V]
(T_{opr} = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)**

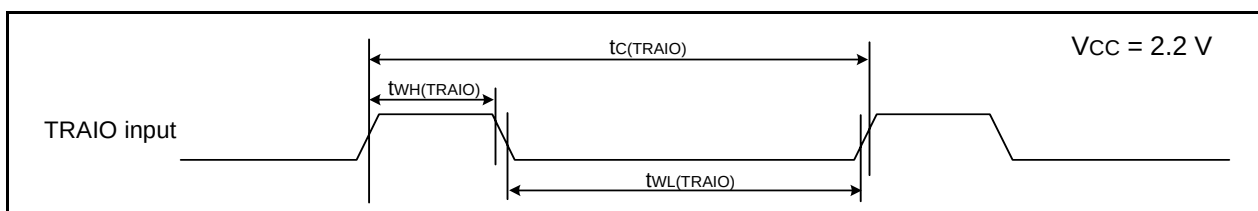
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{CC}	Power supply current (V _{CC} = 2.2 to 2.7 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{SS}	High-speed clock mode	–	2.5	–	mA
				1		
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	–	4	–	mA
				1.7		
		Low-speed on- chip oscillator mode	–	110	300	μA
				125		
		Low-speed clock mode	–	27	–	μA
				20		
		Wait mode	–	12	40	μA
				2.8		
				1.9		
				0.6	3.0	μA
		Stop mode	–	1.60		
				–	–	μA

Timing requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = 25^\circ\text{C}$) [$V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$]****Table 5.32 XIN Input, XCIN Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	200	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	90	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	90	–	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	–	μs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “H” width	7	–	μs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “L” width	7	–	μs

**Figure 5.18 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$** **Table 5.33 TRAIO Input, $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	500	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	200	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	200	–	ns

**Figure 5.19 TRAIO Input and $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$** **Table 5.34 TRFI Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRFI)}$	TRFI input cycle time	2000 ⁽¹⁾	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRFI)}$	TRFI input “H” width	1000 ⁽²⁾	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRFI)}$	TRFI input “L” width	1000 ⁽²⁾	–	ns

NOTES:

1. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the cycle time to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 3)$ or above.
2. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the pulse width to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 1.5)$ or above.

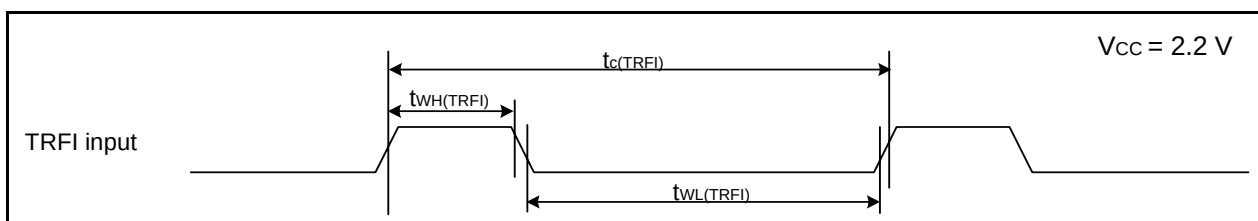
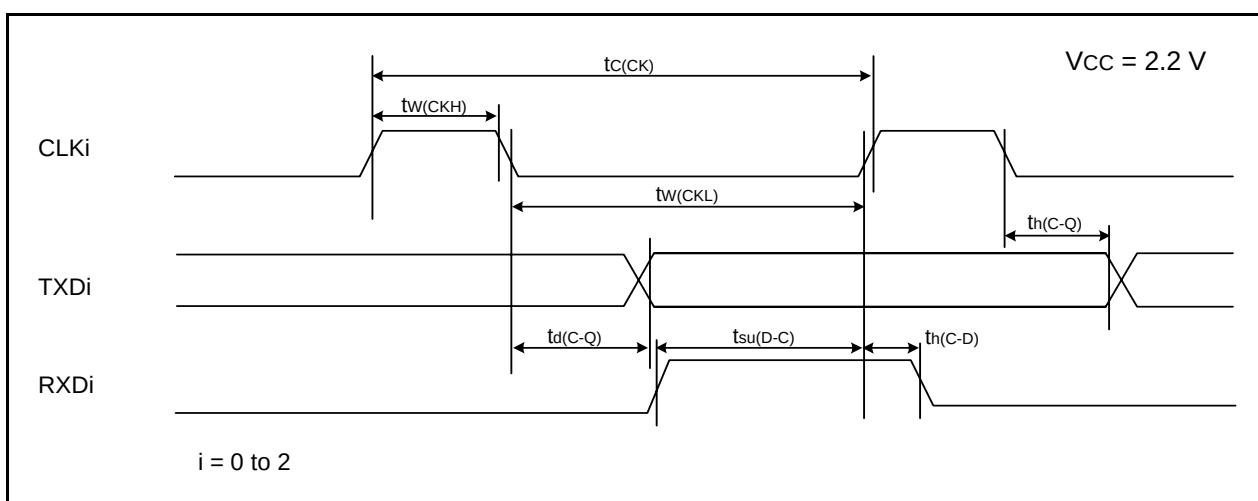
**Figure 5.20 TRFI Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$**

Table 5.35 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	800	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input "H" width	400	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input "L" width	400	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	200	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	150	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

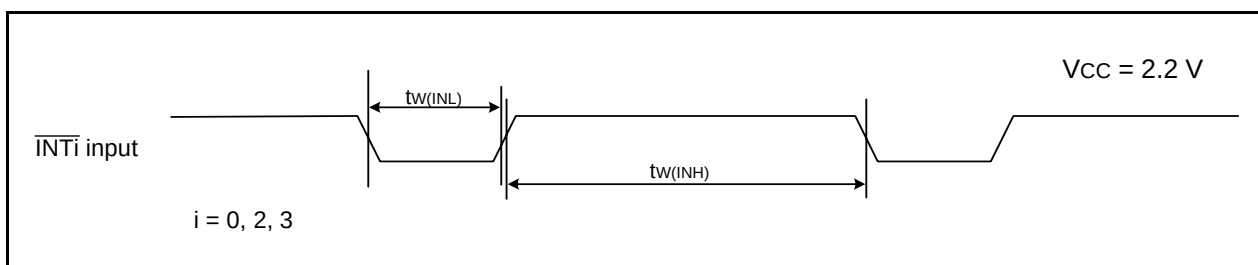
i = 0 to 2

**Figure 5.21 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V****Table 5.36 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ (i = 0, 2, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input "H" width	1000 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input "L" width	1000 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

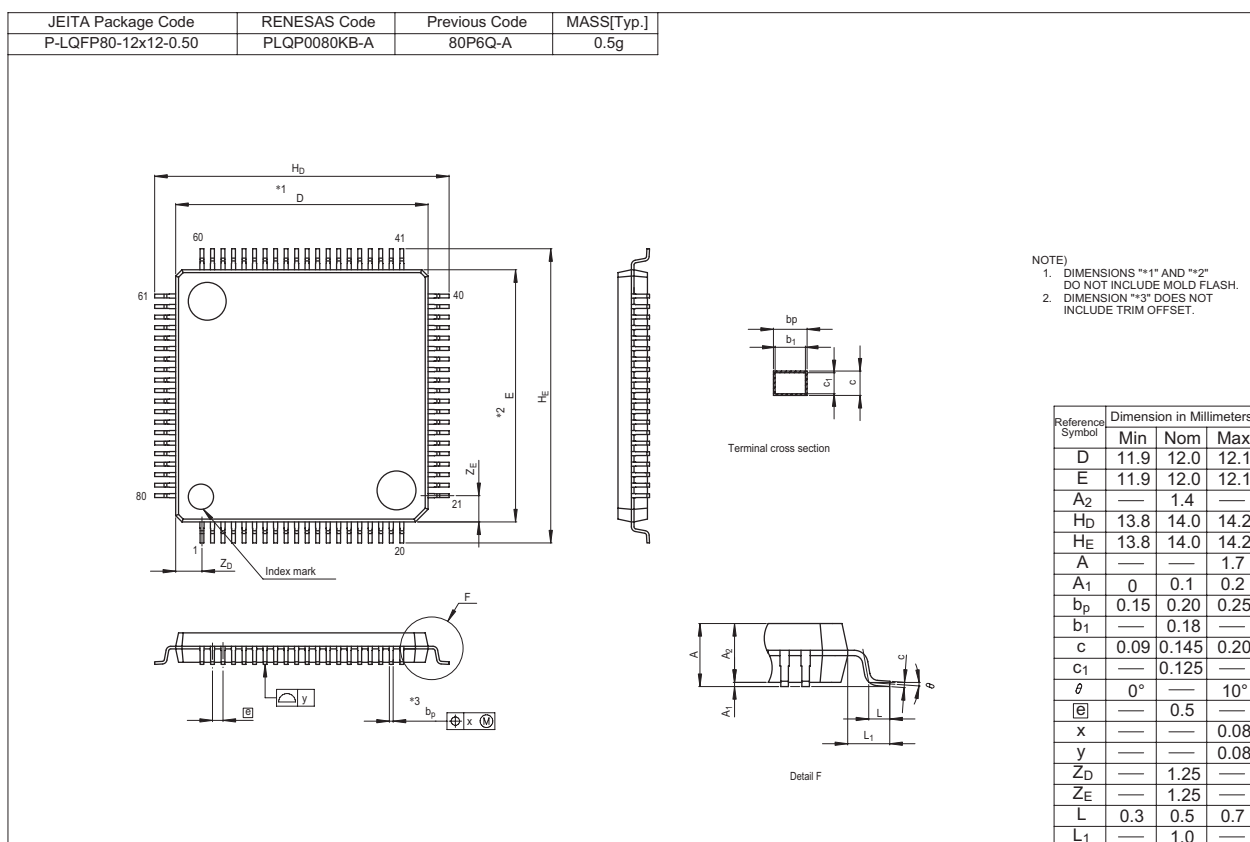
NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the $\overline{INTi}$ input filter select bit, use an $\overline{INTi}$ input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

**Figure 5.22 External Interrupt $\overline{INTi}$ Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V**

Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Technology website.



REVISION HISTORY	R8C/2C Group, R8C/2D Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
0.01	Apr 03, 2006	–	First Edition issued
0.10	Jun 26, 2006	All pages	Pin name revised CMP0_0 → TRFO00, CMP0_1 → TRFO01, CMP0_2 → TRFO02, CMP1_0 → TRFO10, CMP1_1 → TRFO11, CMP1_2 → TRFO12, TRFIN → TRFI
		2, 4	Table 1.1 Specifications for R8C/2C Group (1) and Table 1.3 Specifications for R8C/2D Group (1); I/O Ports: • Input-only: 3 pins → 2 pins revised Interrupts: • Internal: 17 sources → 23 sources revised
		3, 5	Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/2C Group (2) and Table 1.4 Specifications for R8C/2D Group (2); ROM Correction Function deleted
		8	Figure 1.3 Block Diagram revised
		9	Figure 1.4 Pin Assignment (Top View) revised
		10, 11	Table 1.7 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (1) and Table 1.8 Pin Name Information by Pin Number (2) revised
		12, 13	Table 1.9 Pin Functions (1) and Table 1.10 Pin Functions (2) revised
		19	Table 4.1 SFR Information (1); • 0008h: Module Standby Control Register, MSTCR, 00h added • 001Ch: “00h” → “00h, 10000000b” revised • NOTE6 added
		20	Table 4.2 SFR Information (2); • 005Fh: Capture Interrupt Control Register, CAPIC, XXXXX000b added
		22	Table 4.4 SFR Information (4); • 00DCh: “00DDh” → “00DCh” revised • 00F5h: “XXXX00XXb” → “00h” revised
		23	Table 4.5 SFR Information (5); • 0105h: LIN Special Function Register, LINCR2, 00h added
		31	Package Dimensions; “Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions ... in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Technology website.” added
0.20	Sep 15, 2006	31 to 54	5. Electrical Characteristics added
0.30	Dec 22, 2006	6	Table 1.5 and Figure 1.1 revised
		7	Table 1.6 and Figure 1.2 revised
		17	Figure 3.1 revised
		18	Figure 3.2 revised
		19	Table 4.1; • 000Ah: “00XXX000b” → “00h” revised • 0008h: “Module Standby Control Register” → “Module Operation Enable Register” revised • 000Fh: “00011111b” → “00X11111b” revised
		37	Table 5.11 revised

REVISION HISTORY	R8C/2C Group, R8C/2D Group Datasheet
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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Feb 09, 2007	All pages	"Preliminary" deleted
		3	Table 1.2 revised
		5	Table 1.4 revised
		6	Table 1.5 and Figure 1.1 revised
		7	Table 1.6 and Figure 1.2 revised
		17	Figure 3.1 revised
		18	Figure 3.2 revised
		19	Table 4.1; • 0008h: "Module Standby Control Register" → "Module Operation Enable Register" revised • 000Ah: "00XXX000b" → "00h" revised • 000Fh: "00011111b" → "00X11111b" revised • 002Bh: "High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6" added
		23	Table 4.5; 0105h: "LIN Control Register 2" register name revised
		31	Table 5.2 revised
		32	Table 5.3 and Table 5.4; NOTE1 revised
		37	Table 5.11 revised
		44	Table 5.17 revised
		46	Table 5.21 and Figure 5.11; "i = 0 to 2" revised
		48	Table 5.24 revised
		50	Table 5.28 revised, Figure 5.16; "i = 0 to 2" revised
		52	Table 5.31 revised
		53	Table 5.34 revised
		54	Table 5.35 and Figure 5.21; "i = 0 to 2" revised
2.00	Oct 17, 2007	all pages	Y version added
		6, 7	Table 1.5, Table 1.6 (D) mark is deleted
		31	Table 5.1 Rated Value: "TBD" → "700"
2.10	Dec 05, 2007	2, 4	Table 1.1, Table 1.3 Clock: "Real-time clock (timer RE)" added
		6, 7	Table 1.5 and Figure 1.1 revised
		8	Table 1.6 and Figure 1.2 revised
		18, 19	Figure 3.1 and Figure 3.2 revised
		20	Table 4.1 002Ch: High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7 added
		23	Table 4.4 00F5h: After reset "00h" → "000000XXb" revised
		33	Table 5.2 NOTE2 revised
		39	Table 5.11 revised

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