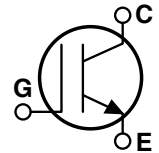
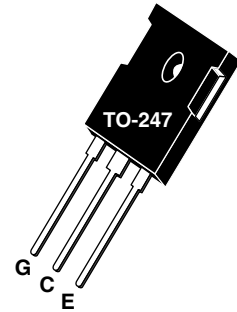


## POWER MOS 7<sup>®</sup> IGBT

The POWER MOS 7<sup>®</sup> IGBT is a new generation of high voltage power IGBTs. Using Punch Through Technology this IGBT is ideal for many high frequency, high voltage switching applications and has been optimized for high frequency switchmode power supplies.

- **Low Conduction Loss**
- **Low Gate Charge**
- **Ultrafast Tail Current shutoff**
- **100 kHz operation @ 800V, 14A**
- **50 kHz operation @ 800V, 25A**
- **RBSOA rated**



### MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT35GP120B(G)	UNIT
$V_{CES}$	Collector-Emitter Voltage	1200	Volts
$V_{GE}$	Gate-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	
$V_{GEM}$	Gate-Emitter Voltage Transient	$\pm 30$	
$I_{C1}$	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	96	Amps
$I_{C2}$	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	46	
$I_{CM}$	Pulsed Collector Current <sup>①</sup> @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	140	
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	140A @ 960V	
$P_D$	Total Power Dissipation	543	Watts
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_L$	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

### STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$BV_{CES}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$ )	1200			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1\text{mA}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	3	4.5	6	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C = 35\text{A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )		3.3	3.9	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C = 35\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )		3		
$I_{CES}$	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = 1200\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>			250	$\mu\text{A}$
	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = 1200\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>			2500	
$I_{GES}$	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ( $V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{V}$ )			$\pm 100$	nA

 **CAUTION:** These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**
**APT35GP120B(G)**

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance	<b>Capacitance</b> $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		3240		pF	
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance			248			
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			31			
$V_{GEP}$	Gate-to-Emitter Plateau Voltage	<b>Gate Charge</b> $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 600V$ $I_C = 35A$		7.5		V	
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>③</sup>			150		nC	
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-Emitter Charge			21			
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			62			
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 5\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V, L = 100\mu\text{H}, V_{CE} = 960V$	140			A	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	<b>Inductive Switching (25°C)</b> $V_{CC} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 35A$ $R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$		16		ns	
$t_r$	Current Rise Time			20			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			94			
$t_f$	Current Fall Time			40			
$E_{on1}$	Turn-on Switching Energy <sup>④</sup>				750		μJ
$E_{on2}$	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) <sup>⑤</sup>				1305		
$E_{off}$	Turn-off Switching Energy <sup>⑥</sup>				680		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time		<b>Inductive Switching (125°C)</b> $V_{CC} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 35A$ $R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$		16		ns
$t_r$	Current Rise Time			20			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			147			
$t_f$	Current Fall Time			75			
$E_{on1}$	Turn-on Switching Energy <sup>④</sup>				750		μJ
$E_{on2}$	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) <sup>⑤</sup>				2132		
$E_{off}$	Turn-off Switching Energy <sup>⑥</sup>				1744		

**THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)			.23	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (DIODE)			N/A	
$W_T$	Package Weight			5.90	gm

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② For Combi devices,  $I_{ces}$  includes both IGBT and FRED leakages

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471.

④  $E_{on1}$  is the clamped inductive turn-on-energy of the IGBT only, without the effect of a commutating diode reverse recovery current adding to the IGBT turn-on loss. (See Figure 24.)

⑤  $E_{on2}$  is the clamped inductive turn-on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn-on switching loss. (See Figures 21, 22.)

⑥  $E_{off}$  is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1. (See Figures 21, 23.)

Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT35GP120B(G)

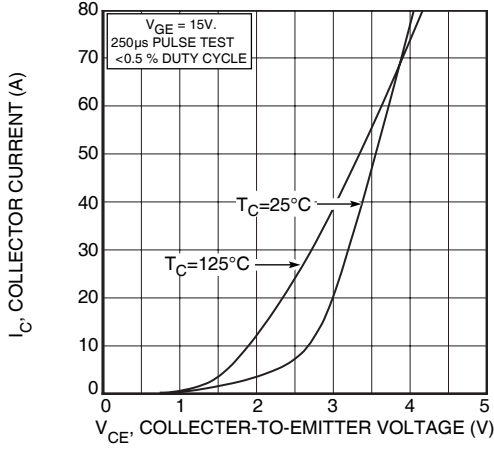


FIGURE 1, Output Characteristics ( $V_{GE} = 15V$ )

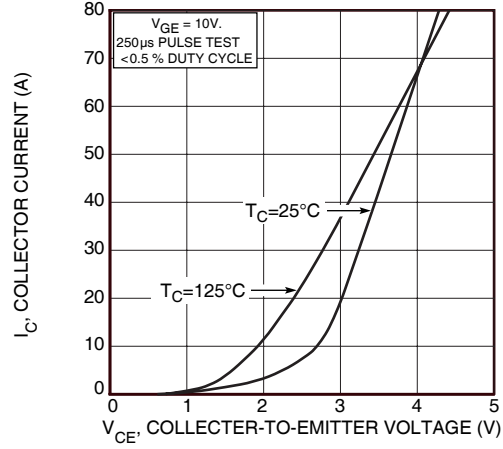


FIGURE 2, Output Characteristics ( $V_{GE} = 10V$ )

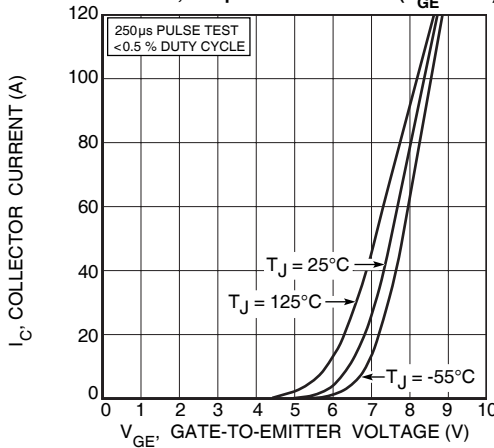


FIGURE 3, Transfer Characteristics

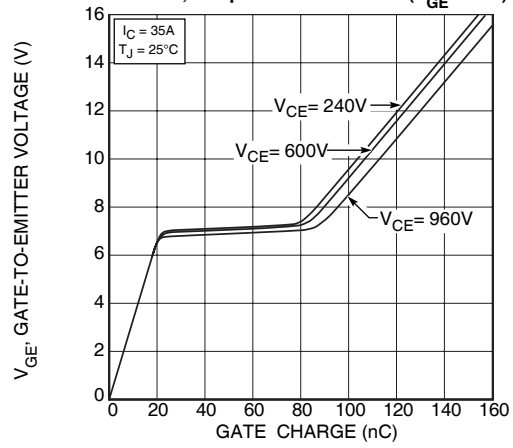


FIGURE 4, Gate Charge

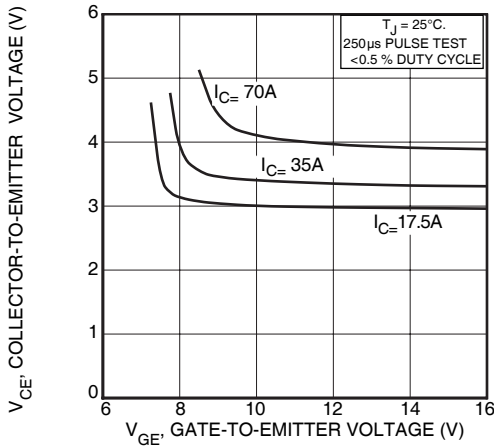


FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

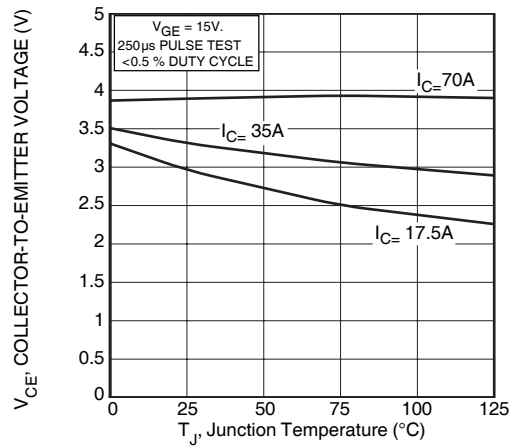


FIGURE 6, On State Voltage vs Junction Temperature

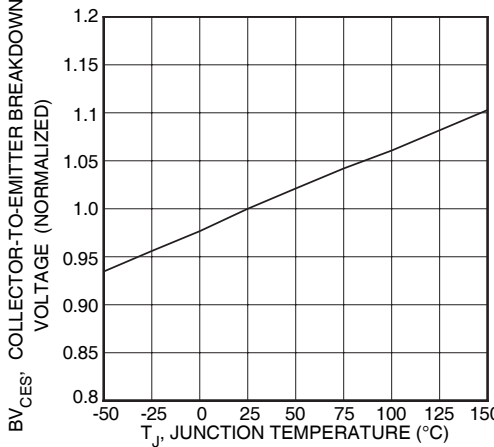


FIGURE 7, Breakdown Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

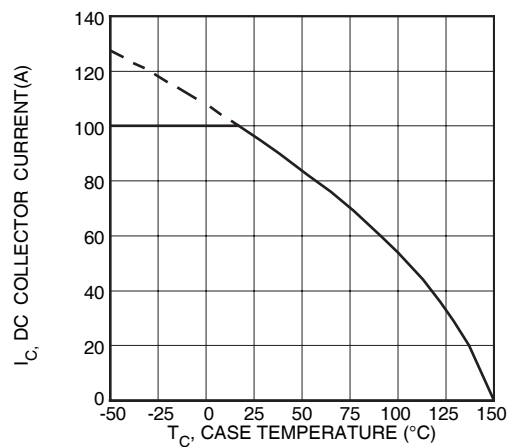


FIGURE 8, DC Collector Current vs Case Temperature

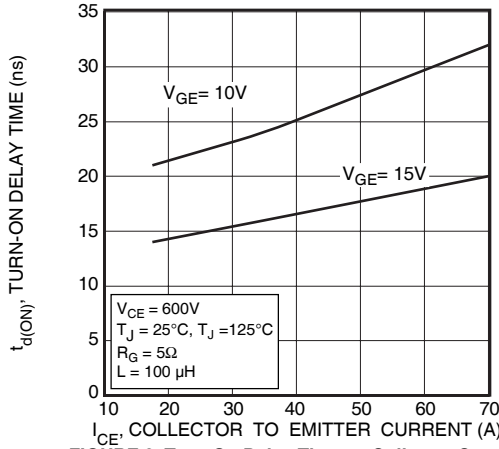


FIGURE 9, Turn-On Delay Time vs Collector Current

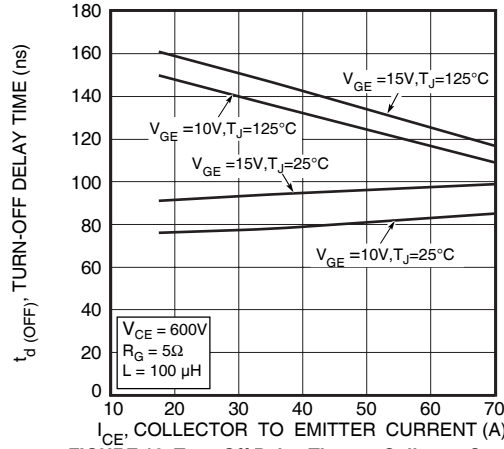


FIGURE 10, Turn-Off Delay Time vs Collector Current

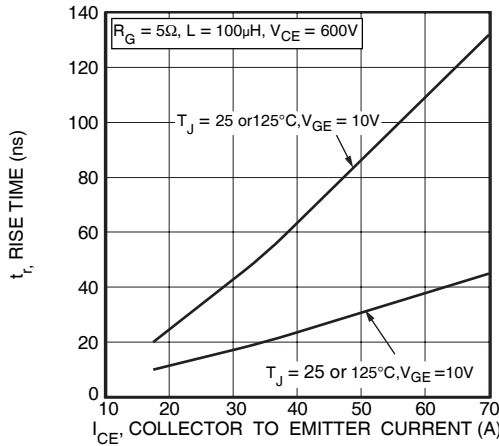


FIGURE 11, Current Rise Time vs Collector Current

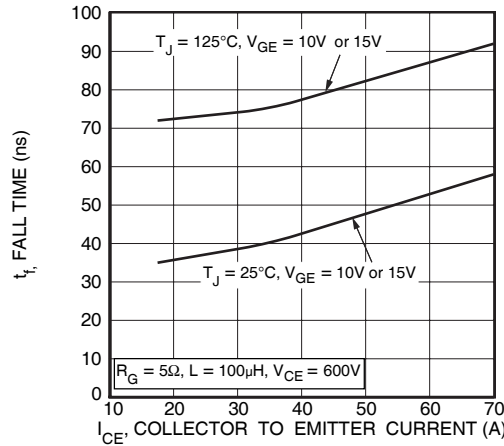


FIGURE 12, Current Fall Time vs Collector Current

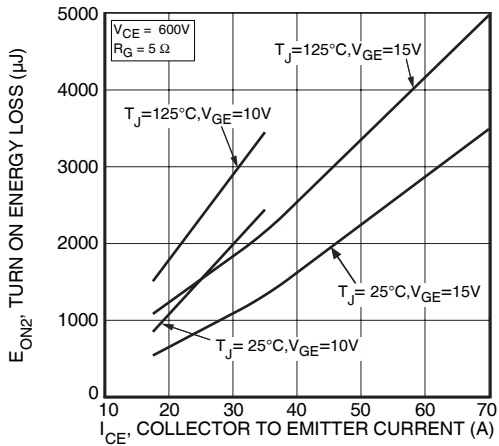


FIGURE 13, Turn-On Energy Loss vs Collector Current

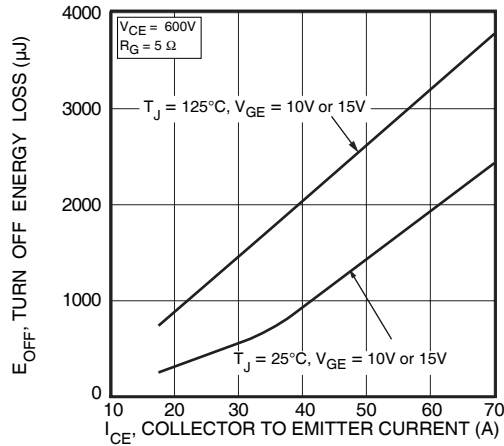


FIGURE 14, Turn Off Energy Loss vs Collector Current

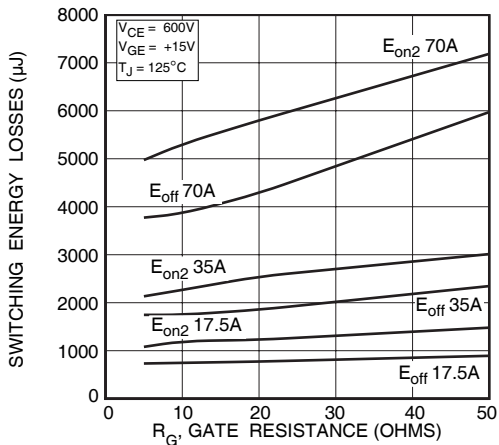


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy Losses vs. Gate Resistance

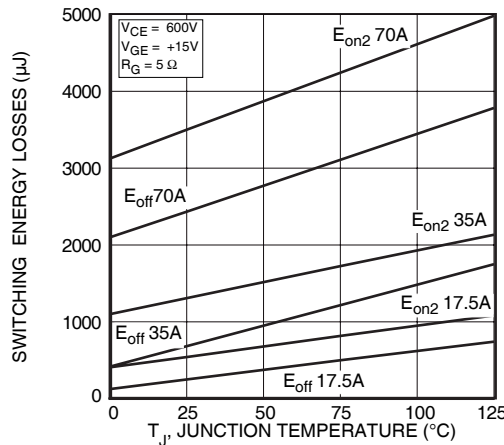


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT35GP120B(G)

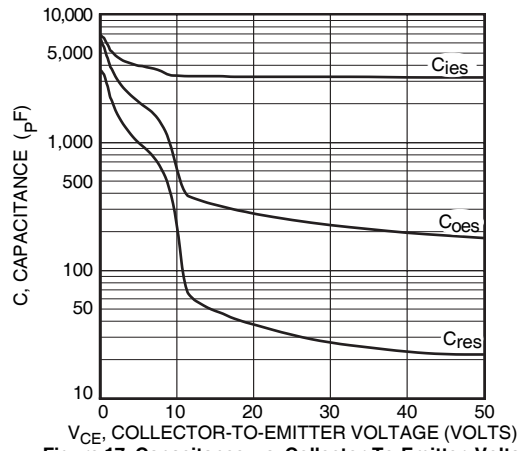


Figure 17, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

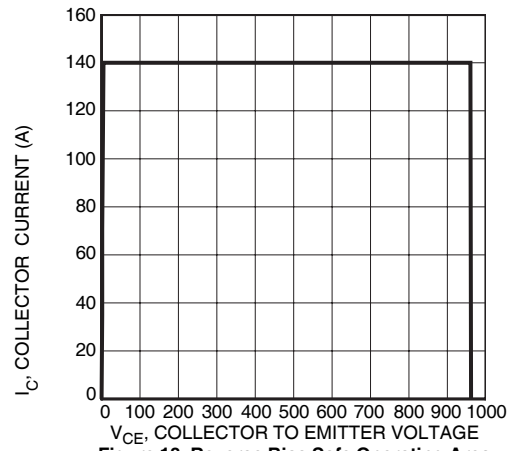


Figure 18, Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

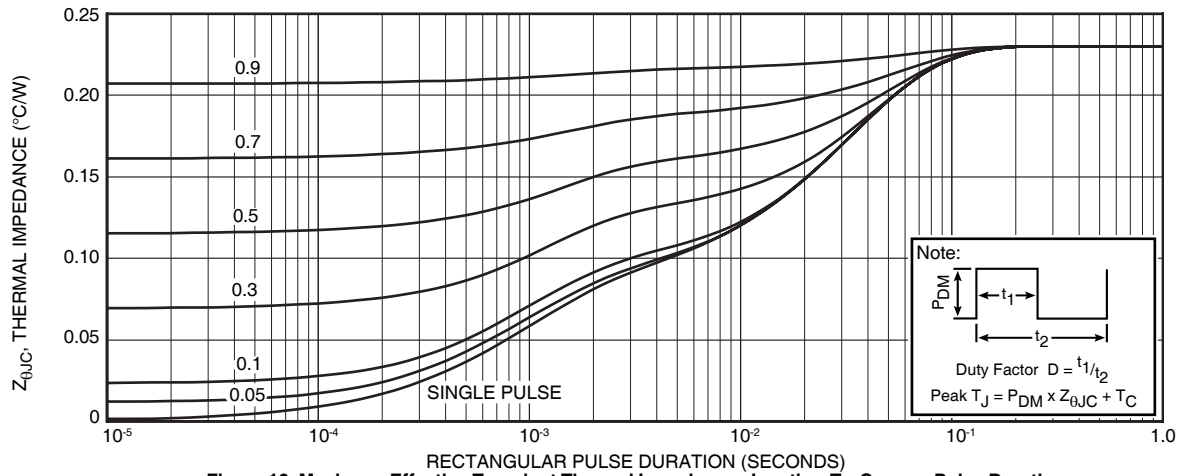


Figure 19, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

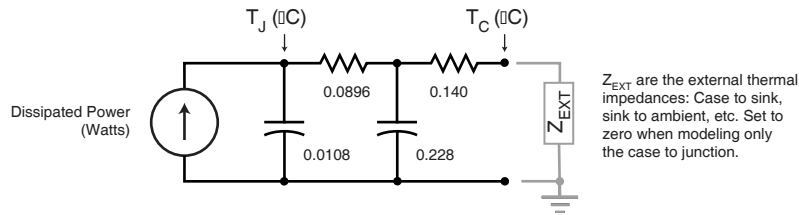


FIGURE 19B, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

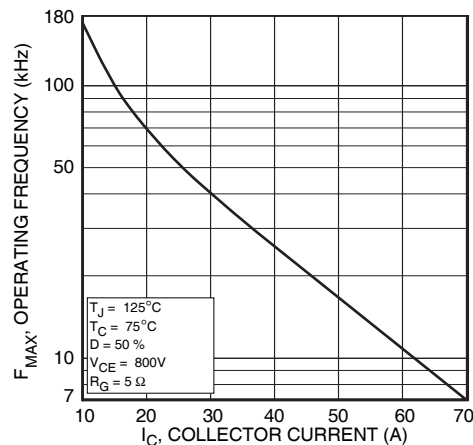


Figure 20, Operating Frequency vs Collector Current

$$F_{max} = \min(f_{max1}, f_{max2})$$

$$f_{max1} = \frac{0.05}{t_{d(on)} + t_r + t_{d(off)} + t_f}$$

$$f_{max2} = \frac{P_{diss} - P_{cond}}{E_{on2} + E_{off}}$$

$$P_{diss} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{R_{\theta JC}}$$

$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 $T_C = 75^\circ\text{C}$   
 $D = 50\%$   
 $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$   
 $R_G = 5\ \Omega$

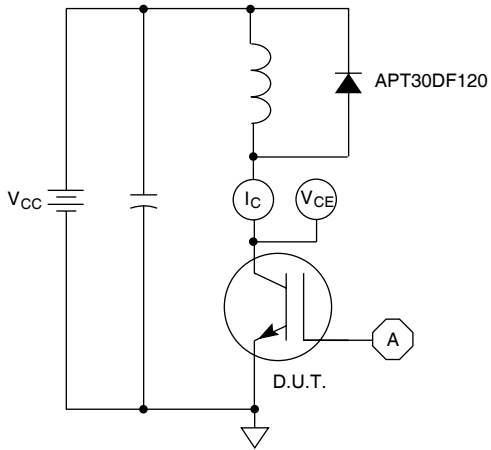


Figure 21, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

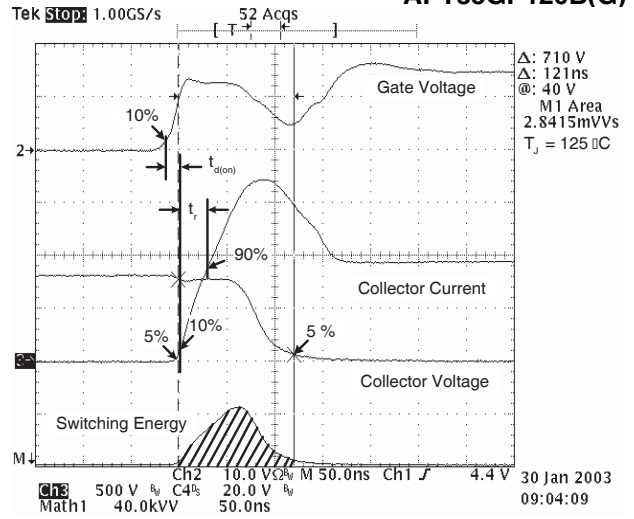


Figure 22, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

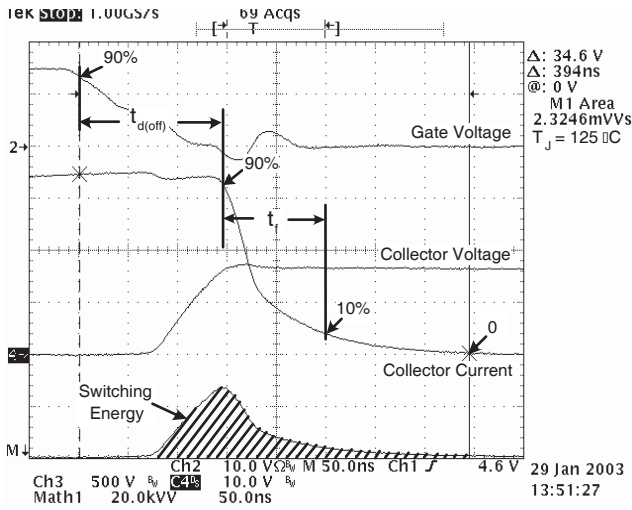


Figure 23, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

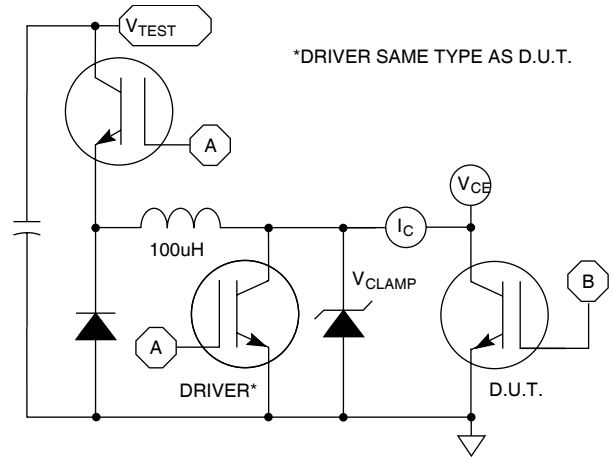
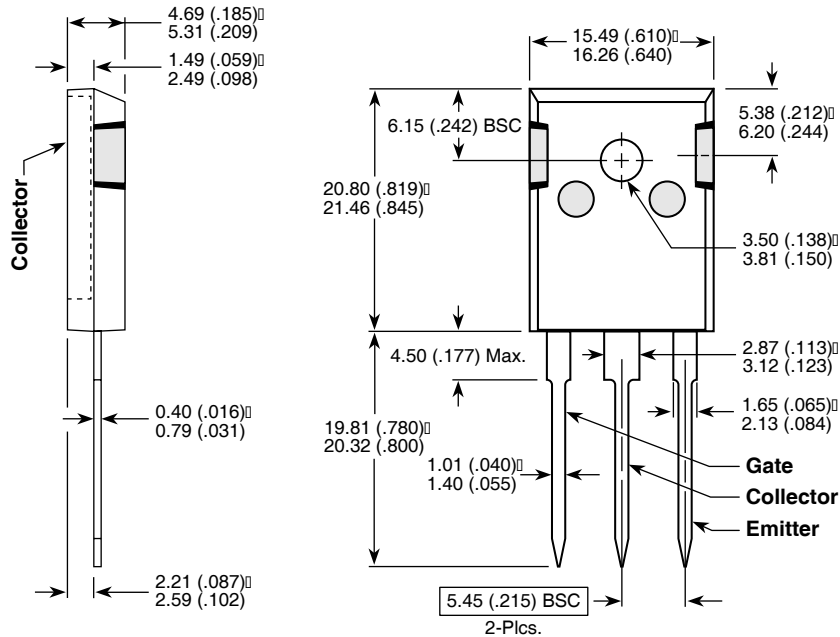


Figure 24, E<sub>ON1</sub> Test Circuit

T0-247 Package Outline

e1 SAC: Tin, Silver, Copper



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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