

NCL30000LED1GEVB

90-135 Vac up to 15 Watt Dimmable LED Driver Evaluation Board User's Manual



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EVAL BOARD USER'S MANUAL

Introduction

The NCL30000 is a power factor corrected LED driver controller. This evaluation board manual describes the setup and operation of the NCL30000LED1GEVB LED driver for 115 V input. The evaluation board implements an isolated single stage Critical conduction Mode (CrM) flyback converter providing a regulated constant current to an LED load. This board has been specifically configured to support leading and trailing edge line dimming and has been characterized across a range of commercially available dimmers. The output voltage range is suitable for nominal 4 to 15 high brightness power LEDs. Protection features include open load protection, over temperature protection, and overload limiting. As shipped, the evaluation board is set up for the following parameters:

Evaluation Board Specifications

- Input Voltage Range: 90–135 Vac
- Output Current: 350 mA $\pm 5\%$
- Output Voltage Range: 12–50 Vdc
- Output Power: up to 17.5 W
- Full Load Efficiency: $>83\%$
- Power Factor: >0.95 Typical
- 50°C Ambient Operation
- Class B Conducted Emissions
- Compatible with Triac and Electronic Dimmers

This manual also focuses on how the board can be modified to support alternate output currents and power levels. The NCL30000 datasheet contains additional information on operation of the controller and LED driver application. Application Note AND8451 details power stage design details and AND8448 provides specific information for dimming applications. Design calculations are covered in greater detail in these documents.

The compact evaluation board is constructed with through-hole components on the top and surface mount components on the bottom side. This board was designed to meet safety agency requirements but has not been evaluated for compliance. When operating this board, observe standard safe working practices. High voltages are present on the board and caution should be exercised when handling or probing various points to avoid personal injury or damage to the unit.

Figures 1 and 2 show the top and bottom sides of this evaluation board. AC input connects to the terminal block in the upper left corner. Terminals are marked “L” and “N” for Line and Neutral. The LED load connects to the terminal block in the upper right corner. Note the board is labeled “LED+” and “LED–”. Observe polarity when connecting LED loads. **Never** connect LEDs to the driver while it is running or before the output capacitors discharge after removing input power. In open load conditions the output capacitors charge to >56 V. Energy stored in the output capacitance can damage or shorten the effective life of the LEDs if improperly discharged into the LEDs.

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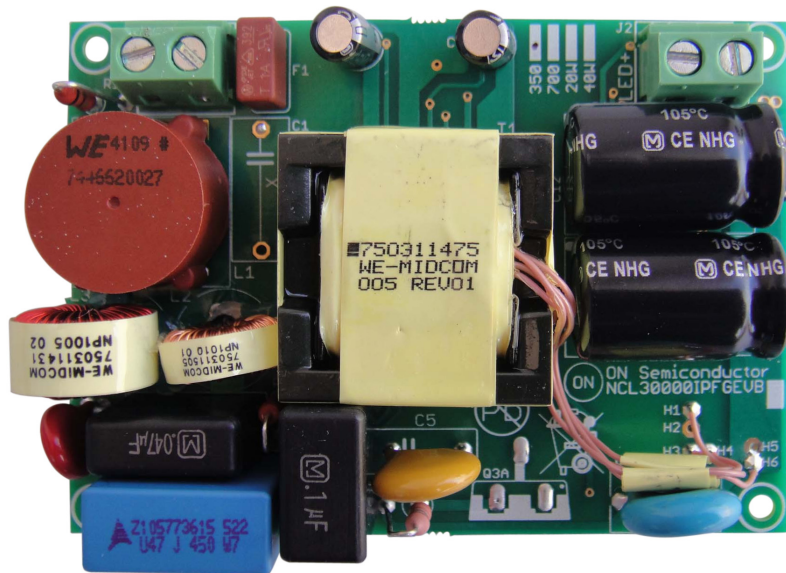


Figure 1. Top Side of Board

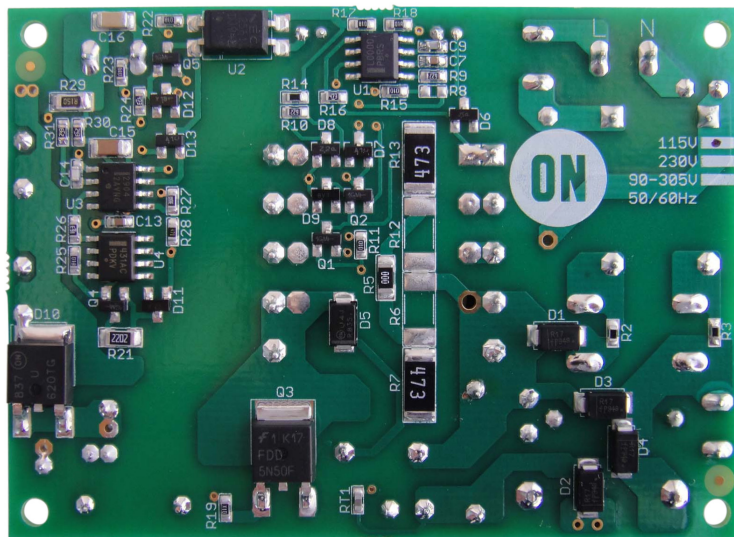


Figure 2. Bottom Side of Board

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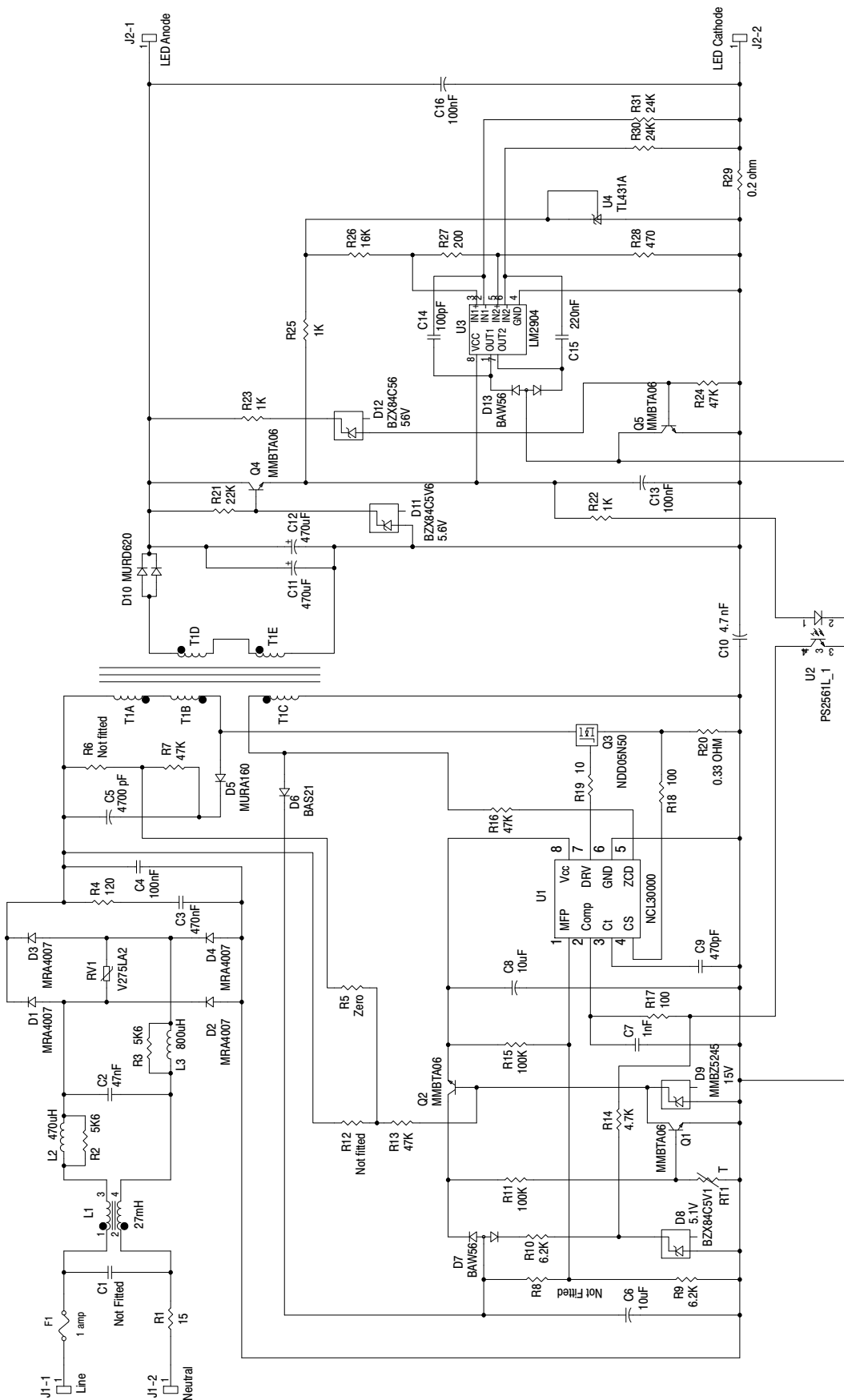


Figure 3. Board Schematic

Board Configuration

The evaluation board has been optimized for dimming with a 12 W load. Output current is regulated at 350 mA from 135 V rms down to a setpoint of about 108 V rms. When the input voltage is ~108 V rms, the control method changes from closed loop secondary side current control to primary side control. As the input voltage is reduced further the output current drops in a smooth fashion in response to the lower input voltage. This response matches the driver to a dimmer thus emulating the dimming response of an incandescent bulb. The following information details reconfiguring the evaluation board for alternate applications.

Table 1. VARIABLES FOR CALCULATING CT CAPACITOR

Variable	Description	Value for Evaluation Board
L_{pri}	Transformer Primary Inductance	0.00157
P_{out}	Power Output to LEDs	12
I_{charge}	Nominal On Time Capacitor Charge Current	275 μ A
η'	Transformer/Secondary Efficiency	0.95
V_{pk}	Dimming Point Peak Voltage	108 Vrms = 152.7 Vpk
V_{ctmax}	Nominal On Time Capacitor Peak Voltage	4.93
N	Transformer Turns Ratio	3.83
V_{out}	LED Load Voltage (12 LEDs)	37

$$C9 \approx \frac{4 \cdot 0.00157 \cdot 12 \cdot 275\mu}{0.95 \cdot 152.7^2 \cdot 4.93} \cdot \left(\frac{152.7}{3.83 \cdot 37} + 1 \right) = 394 \text{ pF} \quad (\text{eq. 2})$$

In practice, the value of capacitance calculated is an approximation of operating conditions and optimization is required. Empirical testing with a dimmer may be done to select the optimum input voltage for dimming to begin. A value of 470 pF was selected for C9 on the evaluation board to achieve desired results.

Modifying this evaluation board for alternate LED configurations and power levels is straight forward. Using the equation above, enter the target LED power, LED voltage, and the target AC input voltage below which dimming should occur. Select a capacitor somewhat below the value returned by the approximate formula. Performance should be evaluated using the desired dimmers. Check operation by noting the conduction angle below which LED current reduces. Increasing the value of capacitor C9 lowers the conduction angle where dimming occurs. Performance can be optimized by selecting the value of C9.

Figure 4 below is the bottom side of the evaluation board. Component locations are circled indicating those values that are most likely to be changed to optimize for a different power level.

On-time Capacitor

The input voltage at which dimming or reduction of output current occurs is controlled by C9, power delivered to the LED load, and parameters from the evaluation board. The approximate value of C9 is calculated by the formula below:

$$C9 \approx \frac{4 \cdot L_{pri} \cdot P_{out} \cdot I_{charge}}{\eta' \cdot V_{pk}^2 \cdot V_{ctmax}} \cdot \left(\frac{V_{pk}}{N \cdot V_{out}} + 1 \right) \quad (\text{eq. 1})$$

Values in the equation above are described in Table 1 below:

Output Current Setup

A particular driver application may require LED current other than 350 mA. Output current is controlled by R29 located in Figure 4. The following formula is used to set the output current.

$$R29 = \frac{0.07}{I_{out}} \quad (\text{eq. 3})$$

Dissipation for current sense resistor R29 is defined by the formula below.

$$P_{R29} = \frac{0.07^2}{R29} \quad (\text{eq. 4})$$

The secondary windings of power transformer T1 are connected in series to support the 50 V/350 mA output rating of the evaluation board. Applications below 25 V or greater than 450 mA output should have the transformer secondary windings configured in parallel. This helps maintain proper primary bias voltage and enhances current carrying capability of the transformer. Table 2 shows how to configure the transformer flying leads in the PCB holes for series and parallel configuration. Figure 5 is the top side of the circuit board highlighting the wire holes H1 – H6.

Table 2. WINDING CONFIGURATION

Winding Configuration	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	H6
Series (default)	FL1	<open>	FL2	FL3	<open>	FL4
Parallel	FL1	FL3	<open>	<open>	FL2	FL4

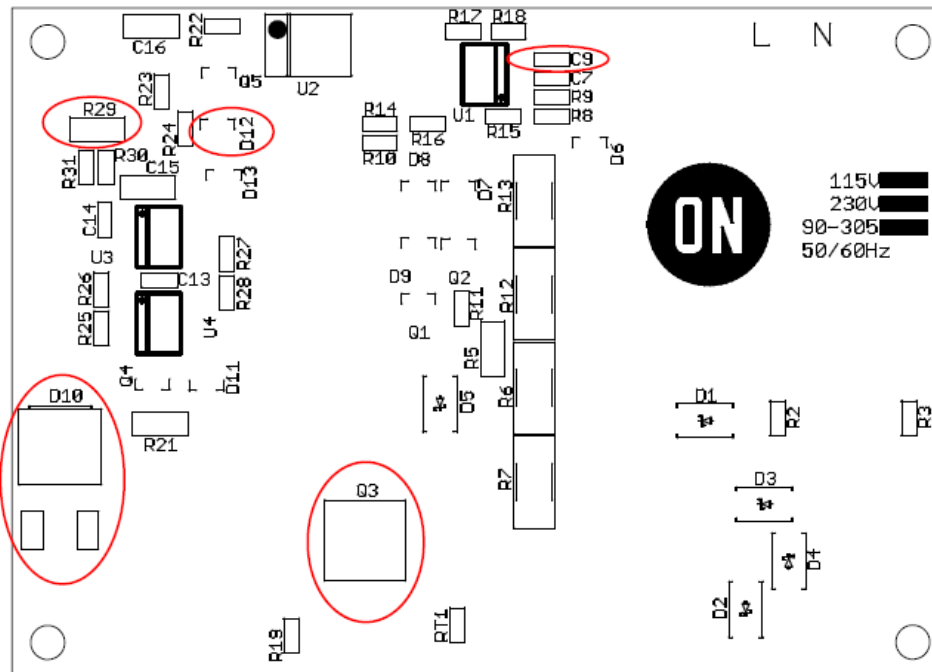


Figure 4. Bottom Side PCB Component Locations

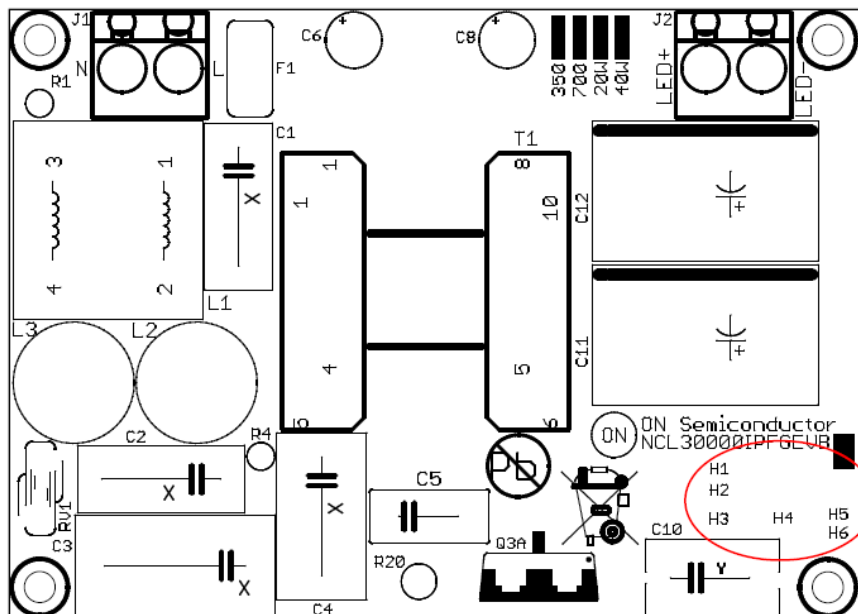


Figure 5. PCB Holes for Transformer Leads

As built, the evaluation board is suitable for 17.5 W maximum. The transformer secondary windings will support up to 1 A of LED current with secondary windings configured in parallel.

A 200 V output rectifier was selected for applications up to 50 V dc output and 135 V ac input. Lower voltage rectifiers are recommended for applications below 50 V dc and/or 135 V ac input. A lower forward voltage drop output rectifier will improve efficiency. Selecting a rectifier with a higher current rating typically provides lower forward drop at the currents of interest. A 6 A rectifier was selected for the evaluation board to provide low forward drop. Applications with sufficiently low output voltage and/or low maximum input voltage could benefit from a low forward voltage drop Schottky rectifier. Any change to the output rectifier requires verifying the maximum voltage rating is not exceeded.

Output Capacitor

The evaluation board regulates constant current and therefore the output voltage is determined by the LED load characteristics at the set current level. Energy storage to maintain high power factor and low output ripple current requires relatively large output filter capacitors. The LED load can be modeled as a constant voltage source with some series impedance. In essence, the ripple current in the LEDs is controlled by the series impedance coupling the constant voltage nature of the filter capacitance and constant voltage characteristic of the LEDs in a complex relationship.

Two 470 μ F capacitors connected in parallel provide about 30% or 105 mA peak-to-peak ripple for a 350 mA average LED current. Increasing the output capacitance reduces the ripple current and conversely decreasing capacitance will increase the ripple. Applications requiring average output currents other than 350 mA can be scaled to this value. For example an application requiring 700 mA requires two 1,000 μ F capacitors in parallel to provide 30% ripple.

Primary Current Limit

Maximum current in the switching FET Q3 is established by R20. The demo board components have been designed to support up to 17.5 W output at 90 V rms input. Note C9 has been preconfigured for 470 pF which limits the maximum power. If the application requires alternate power level or input voltage, the value of R20 can be adjusted. Lower power or high input line voltage applications may benefit from a higher value resistance which provides cycle-by-cycle current monitoring in the event of a fault. The formula below provides an estimated value for R20 which includes a 25% tolerance for components and start up conditions.

$$R20 = \frac{0.5}{1.25 \cdot I_{pri}} \quad (\text{eq. 5})$$

Open Load Protection

The evaluation board includes a circuit to protect the output capacitors in the event of open load conditions. The output voltage will be limited when zener diode D12 exceeds the zener voltage plus ~0.7 V. D12 is presently 56 V which means the maximum output will be approximately 56.7 V. D12 can be changed to protect output capacitors of different voltage rating. Select D12 zener voltage to match open load requirements. The location of D12 is shown in Figure 4.

Typical Performance Data

Figure 6 below displays the relationship between input voltage and LED current for a 12 LED, 13 W load. Higher input voltages allow the secondary side control loop to regulate 350 mA output current at 37 V nominal load. Note the inflection point where reduction in current begins as the input voltage is reduced below 110 V ac. This is the dimming inception point.

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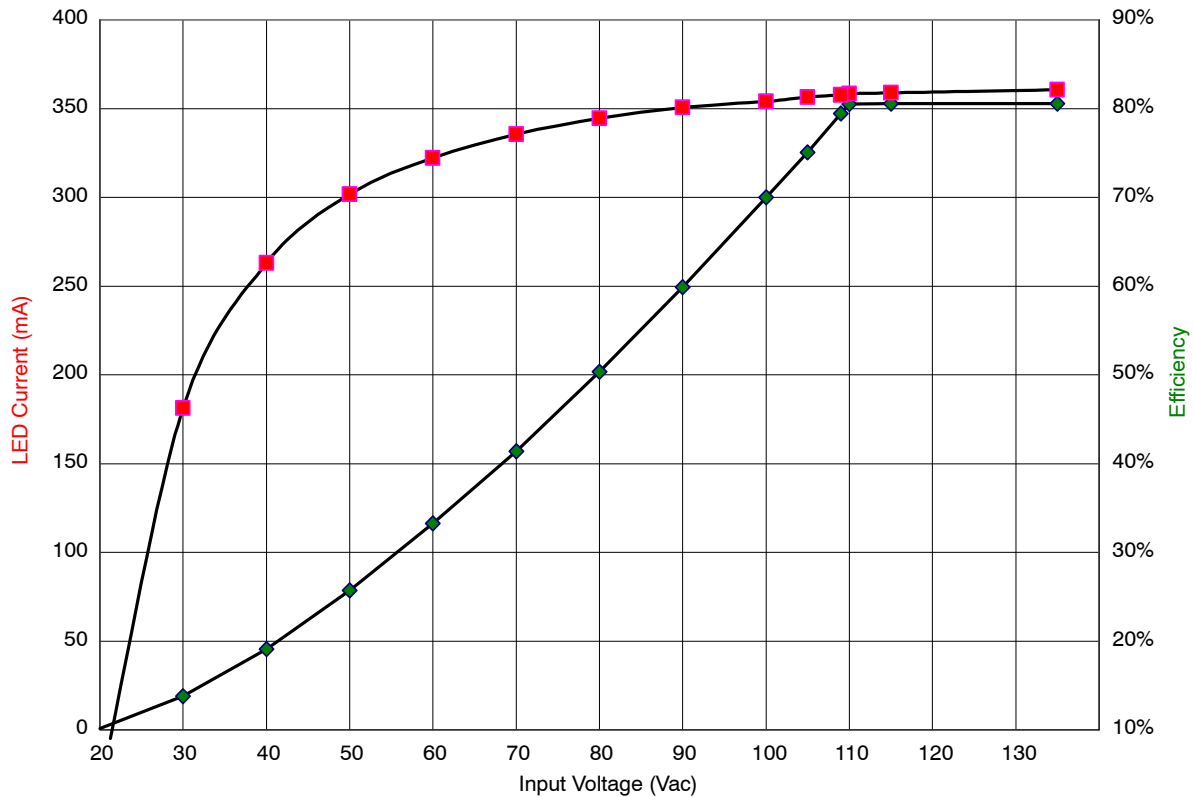


Figure 6. Line Regulation and Efficiency for 13 W Load

Efficiency performance is shown in Figure 6 as well. Note the efficiency remains above 70% until the output current drops to about 70 mA. The output voltage is about 34 V meaning the delivered power is about 2.4 W or less than 20% of the full power. As the current delivered is reduced, the fixed losses for startup and biasing begin to dominate the efficiency curve resulting in a steep drop off of efficiency.

Power factor and input current Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) are performance factors receiving considerable

attention from utility companies and government agencies. Figure 7 below displays exemplary performance of the evaluation board. Data for 6 and 12 LED loads are shown. The EMI filter was designed for a 17.5 W load. The filter can be optimized for higher power factor in applications requiring less power.

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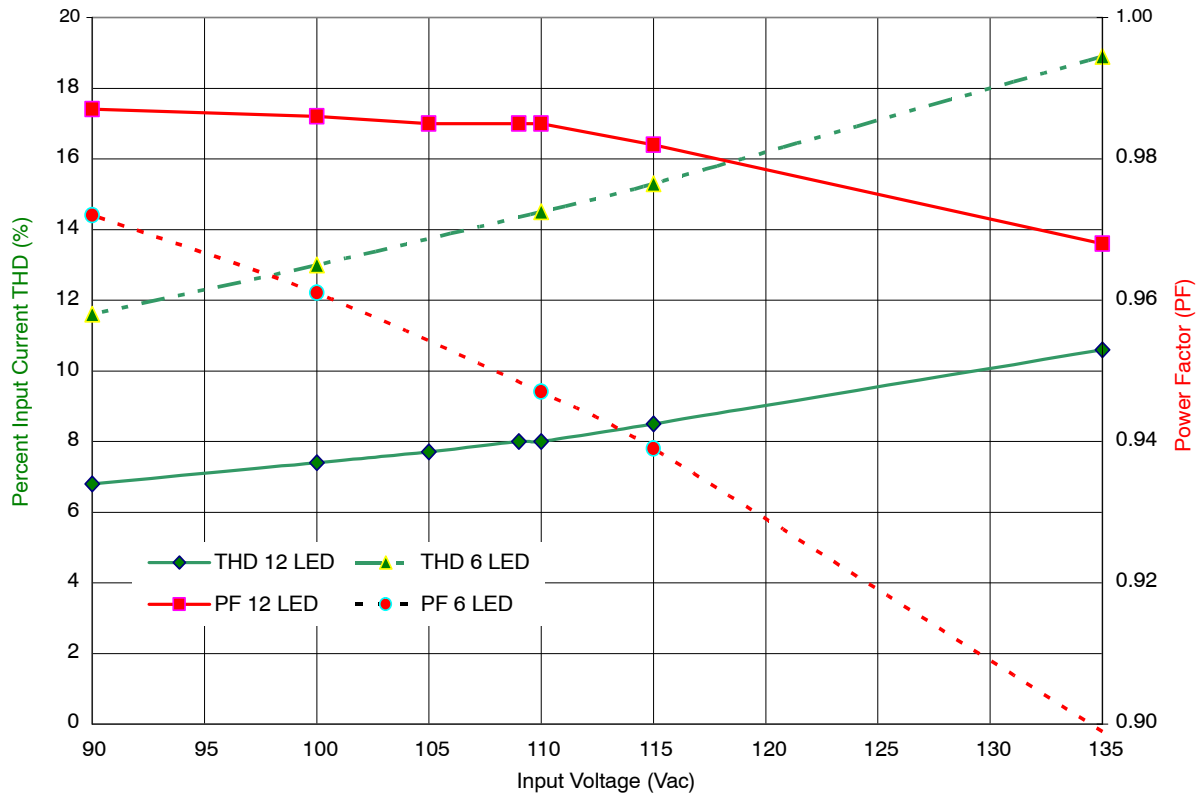


Figure 7. Power Factor and THD

The evaluation board was tested with a variety of commercial dimmers. Figure 8 shows the dimming performance with several triac and electronic dimmers. Dimming control range varies by manufacturer, but a range

of greater than 20:1 was demonstrated consistently with the exception being the trailing edge dimmer which has a limited range of conduction control inherent in the model tested.

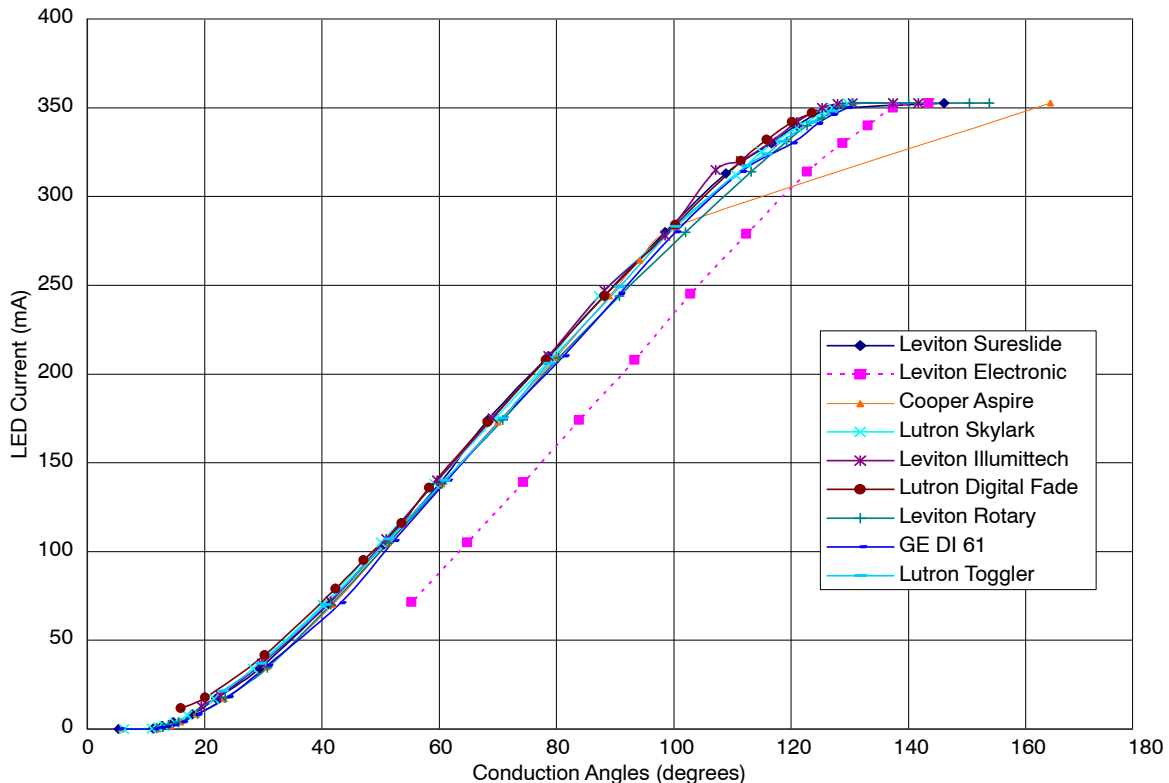


Figure 8. Performance of Evaluation Board with Various Line Dimmers

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Table 3 lists commercial dimmers successfully tested with the evaluation board. The load is 12 LEDs ($V_f = 37$ Vdc) and nominal current is set for 350 mA.

Table 3. DIMMER COMPATIBILITY CHART

Manufacturer	Dimmer Model	Minimum Conduction Angle (degrees)	Current at Minimum Conduction Angle (mA)
Leviton	Sureslide 6633-PLW	5.5	0
Leviton	Electronic 6615-POW	55	71.5
Cooper	Aspire 9530AA	5.8	0
Lutron	Skylark S-600	6.3	0
Leviton	Illumatech IPI06	19.4	13
Lutron	Digital Fade MAW-600H	16	11.7
Leviton	Rotary OC5811	11.9	0
GE	DI 61	5.4	0
Lutron	Toggler TG-600PH	23	21.5
SCT	YM-2508A	5.4	0
KUEI LIN	AC 110V 500W	5.8	0
DING CHUNG	DC-310	14.5	1.2

Configuration for 6.6 W, 6 LED Load

Using the formula for C9 shown in the ON-time Capacitor section above, a new capacitor value based on a 6 LED load operating at 350 mA, 6.6 W is calculated. The formula gives 237 pF. A value of 270 pF is selected for optimum performance.

Figure 9 shows line regulation data for this 6 LED load with C9 at the original value of 470 pF and the new value of 270 pF. Note the dimming inception voltage shifts up to about 110 V ac. This provides a wider dimming range as was demonstrated in Figure 6 for the 13 W LED load.

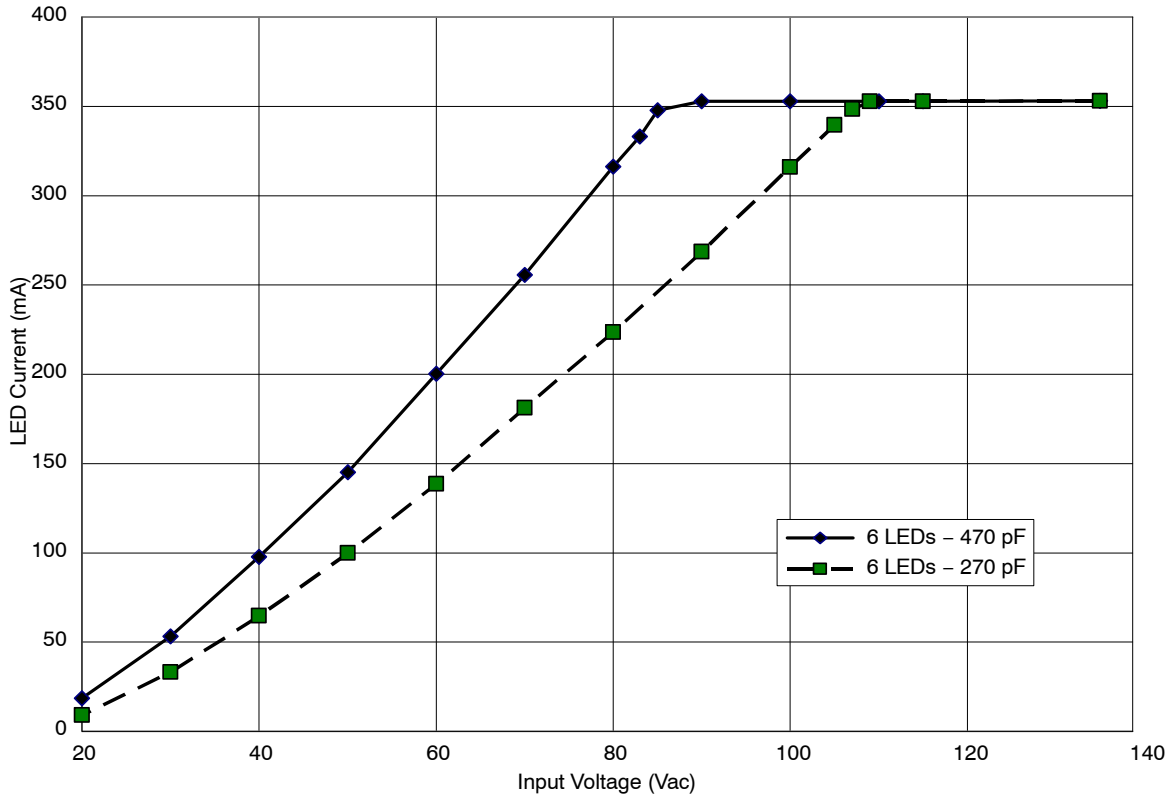


Figure 9. Line Regulation for 6 LED Load

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Conducted EMI

Shown below in Figure 10 is a scan of conducted EMI for this demonstration board. This unit meets the requirements of CISPR 22 with at least 6dB margin.

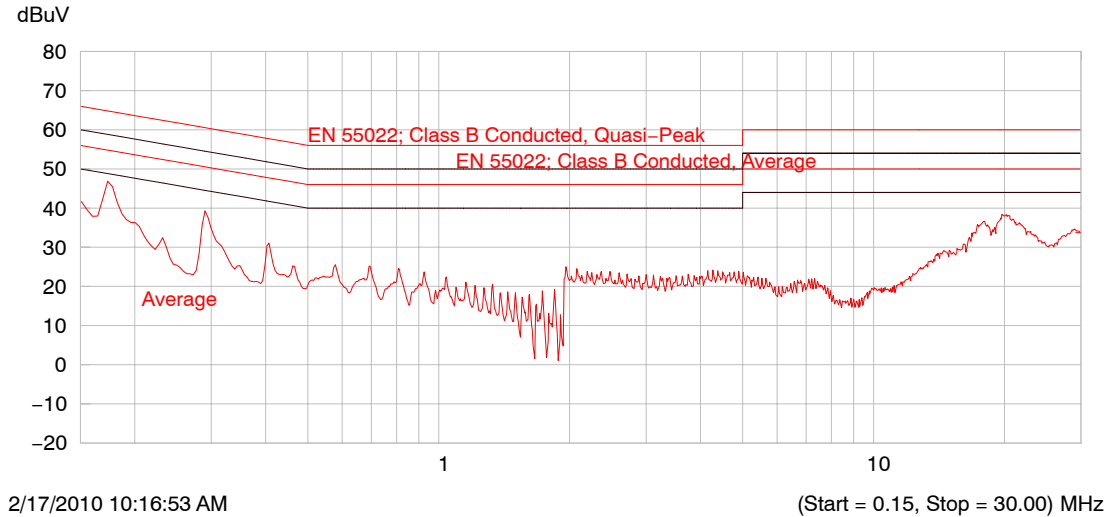


Figure 10. Conducted EMI Scan


Conclusion

The NCL30000LED1GEVB is a versatile dimmer-compatible LED driver. This board provides rapid assessment of capabilities and serves as a basis for LED driver solutions. Smooth flicker-free dimming performance is demonstrated with a wide variety of commercially available dimmers. Full 350 mA LED current is provided at maximum dimmer setting. High power factor and high efficiency provide a cost effective solution for a dimmer compatible LED driver.

Additional Application Information and Tools

The NCL30000LED1GEVB evaluation board, NCL30000 datasheet, AND8451 Power Stage Design Guidelines, Microsoft® Excel® Design Spreadsheet, and AND8448 TRIAC Dimming application note are available at www.onsemi.com.

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