

25AA640/25LC640

64K SPI Bus Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Max Clock Frequency	Temp Ranges
25AA640	1.8-5.5V	1 MHz	I
25LC640	2.5-5.5V	2 MHz	I
25LC640	4.5-5.5V	3/2.5 MHz	I, E

Features:

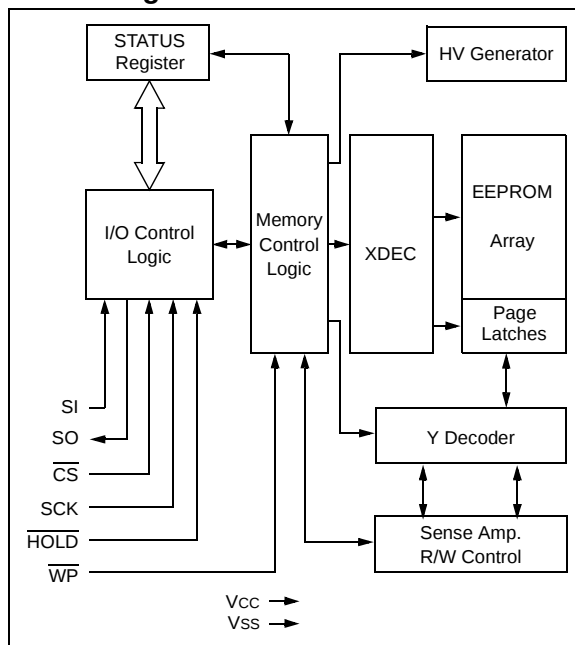
- Low-Power CMOS Technology
 - Write current: 3 mA, typical
 - Read current: 500 μ A, typical
 - Standby current: 500 nA, typical
- 8192 x 8 Bit Organization
- 32 Byte Page
- Write Cycle Time: 5 ms max.
- Self-Timed Erase and Write Cycles
- Block Write Protection
 - Protect none, 1/4, 1/2 or all of array
- Built-in Write Protection
 - Power on/off data protection circuitry
 - Write enable latch
 - Write-protect pin
- Sequential Read
- High Reliability
 - Data retention: > 200 years
 - ESD protection: > 4000V
- 8-pin PDIP, SOIC and TSSOP Packages
- Temperature Ranges Supported:
 - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
 - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

Description:

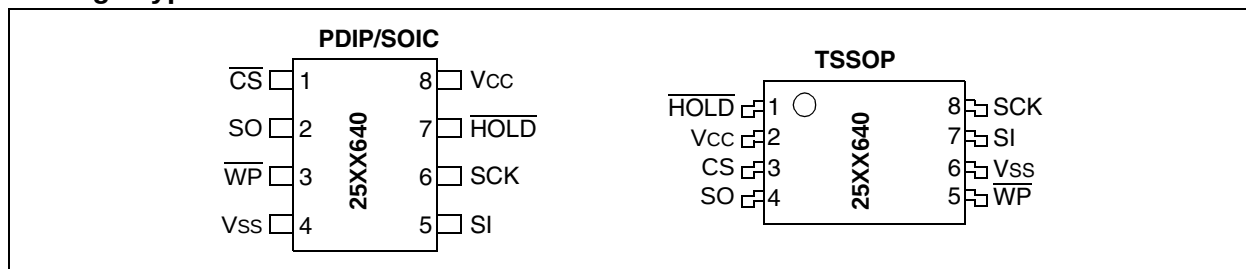
The Microchip Technology Inc. 25AA640/25LC640 (25XX640*) is a 64 Kbit Serial Electrically Erasable PROM [EEPROM]. The memory is accessed via a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) compatible serial bus. The bus signals required are a clock input (SCK) plus separate data in (SI) and data out (SO) lines. Access to the device is controlled through a Chip Select ($\overline{\text{CS}}$) input.

Communication to the device can be paused via the hold pin (HOLD). While the device is paused, transitions on its inputs will be ignored, with the exception of Chip Select, allowing the host to service higher priority interrupts.

Block Diagram



Package Types



*25XX640 is used in this document as a generic part number for the 25AA640/25LC640 devices.

25AA640/25LC640

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

V _{CC}	7.0V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. V _{SS}	-0.6V to V _{CC} + 1.0V
Storage temperature	-65°C to 150°C
Ambient temperature under bias	-65°C to 125°C
ESD protection on all pins	4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for an extended period of time may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): TA = -40°C to +85°C V _{CC} = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): TA = -40°C to +125°C V _{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	Sym	Characteristics	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
D1	V _{IH1}	High-level input voltage	2.0	V _{CC} + 1	V	V _{CC} ≥ 2.7V (Note 1)
D2	V _{IH2}		0.7 V _{CC}	V _{CC} + 1	V	V _{CC} < 2.7V (Note 1)
D3	V _{IL1}	Low-level input voltage	-0.3	0.8	V	V _{CC} ≥ 2.7V (Note 1)
D4	V _{IL2}		-0.3	0.2 V _{CC}	V	V _{CC} < 2.7V (Note 1)
D5	V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	—	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2.1 mA
			—	0.2	V	I _{OL} = 1.0 mA, V _{CC} = < 2.5V
D6	V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V	I _{OH} = -400 μA
D7	I _{LI}	Input leakage current	—	±1	μA	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V _{CC} , V _{IN} = V _{SS} TO V _{CC}
D8	I _{LO}	Output leakage current	—	±1	μA	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V _{CC} , V _{OUT} = V _{SS} TO V _{CC}
D9	C _{INT}	Internal Capacitance (all inputs and outputs)	—	7	pF	TA = 25°C, CLK = 1.0 MHz, V _{CC} = 5.0V (Note 1)
D10	I _{CC} Read	Operating Current	—	1	mA	V _{CC} = 5.5V; F _{CLK} = 3.0 MHz; SO = Open
			—	500	μA	V _{CC} = 2.5V; F _{CLK} = 2.0 MHz; SO = Open
D11	I _{CC} Write		—	5	mA	V _{CC} = 5.5V
			—	3	mA	V _{CC} = 2.5V
D12	I _{CCS}	Standby Current	—	5	μA	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V _{CC} = 5.5V, Inputs tied to V _{CC} or V _{SS}
			—	1	μA	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V _{CC} = 2.5V, Inputs tied to V _{CC} or V _{SS}

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): TA = -40°C to +85°C		VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V	
			Automotive (E): TA = -40°C to +125°C		VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V	
Param. No.	Sym	Characteristic	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
1	FCLK	Clock Frequency	—	3	MHz	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V (Note 2)
			—	2	MHz	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			—	1	MHz	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
2	TCSS	CS Setup Time	100	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			250	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			500	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
3	TCSH	CS Hold Time	150	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			250	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			475	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
4	TCSD	CS Disable Time	500	—	ns	
5	TSU	Data Setup Time	30	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			50	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			50	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
6	THD	Data Hold Time	50	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			100	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			100	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
7	TR	CLK Rise Time	—	2	μs	(Note 1)
8	TF	CLK Fall Time	—	2	μs	(Note 1)
9	THI	Clock High Time	150	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			230	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			475	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
10	TLO	Clock Low Time	150	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			230	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			475	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
11	TCLD	Clock Delay Time	50	—	ns	
12	TCLE	Clock Enable Time	50	—	ns	
13	TV	Output Valid from Clock Low	—	150	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			—	230	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			—	475	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
14	THO	Output Hold Time	0	—	ns	(Note 1)
15	TDIS	Output Disable Time	—	200	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V (Note 1)
			—	250	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V (Note 1)
			—	500	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V (Note 1)
16	THS	HOLD Setup Time	100	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			100	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			200	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
17	THH	HOLD Hold Time	100	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			100	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			200	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
18	THZ	HOLD Low to Output High-Z	100	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V (Note 1)
			150	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V (Note 1)
			200	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V (Note 1)
19	THV	HOLD High to Output Valid	100	—	ns	VCC = 4.5V to 5.5V
			150	—	ns	VCC = 2.5V to 5.5V
			200	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
20	TWC	Internal Write Cycle Time	—	5	ms	
21	—	Endurance	1M	—	E/W Cycles	(Note 3)

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

Note 2: FCLK max. = 2.5 MHz for TA > 85°C.

Note 3: This parameter is not tested but established by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from Microchip's web site at: www.microchip.com.

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FIGURE 1-1: HOLD TIMING

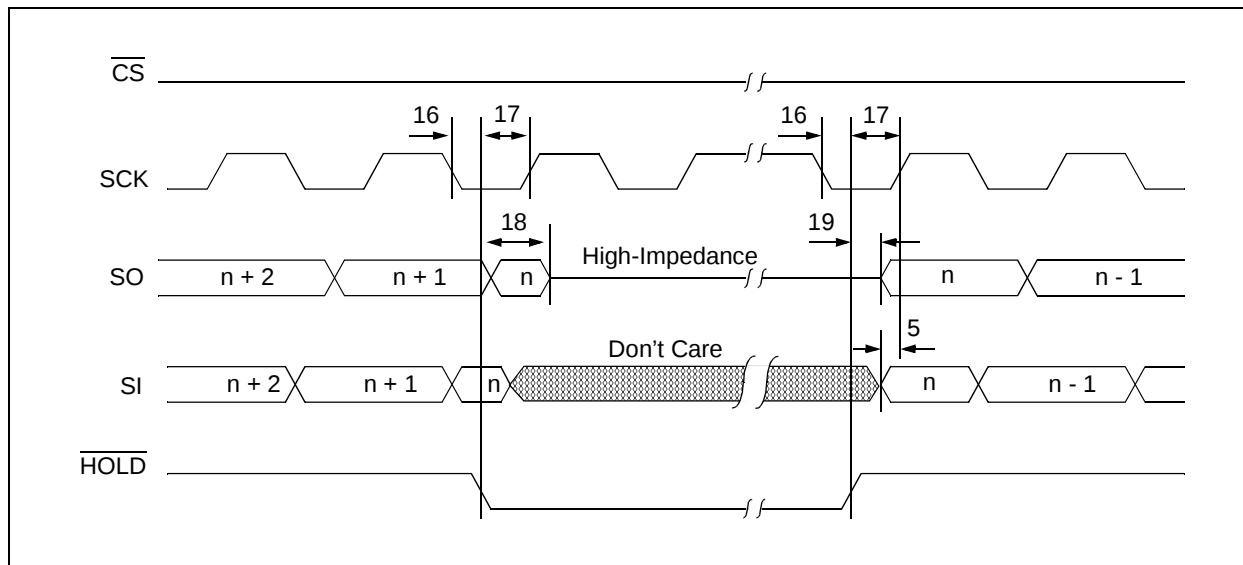


FIGURE 1-2: SERIAL INPUT TIMING

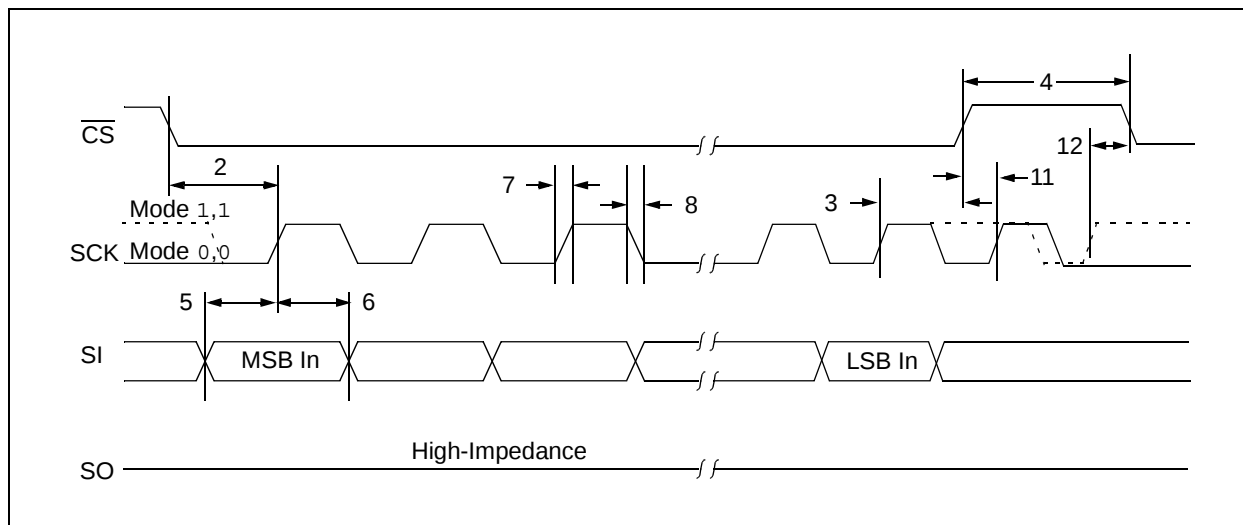


FIGURE 1-3: SERIAL OUTPUT TIMING

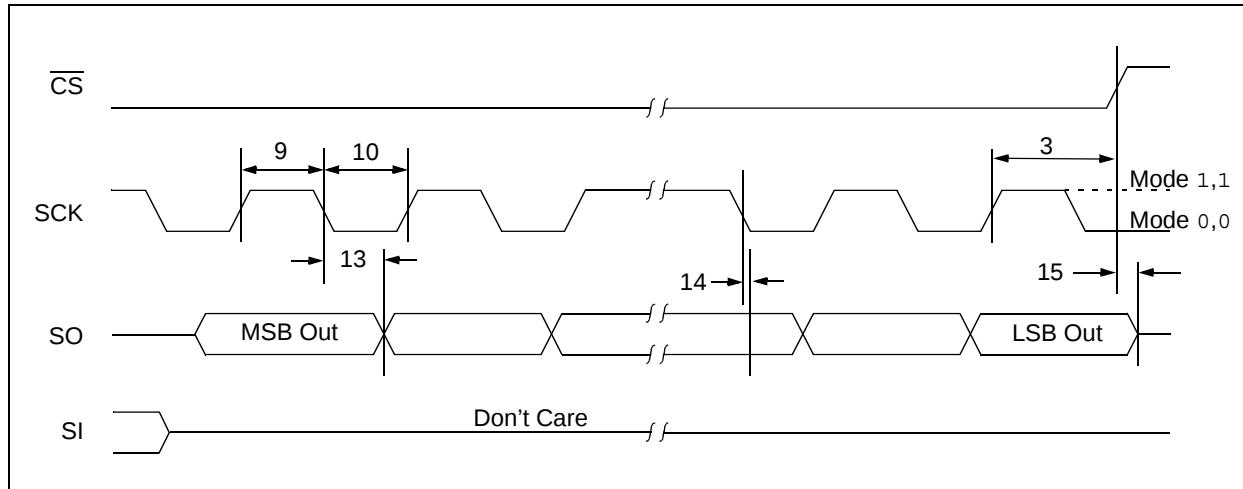


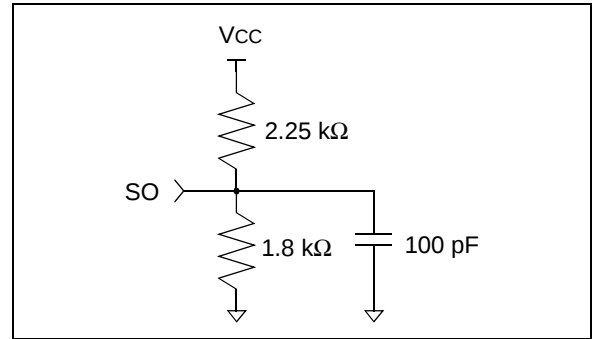
TABLE 1-3: AC TEST CONDITIONS

AC Waveform:	
$V_{LO} = 0.2V$	
$V_{HI} = V_{CC} - 0.2V$	(Note 1)
$V_{HI} = 4.0V$	(Note 2)
Timing Measurement Reference Level	
Input	$0.5 V_{CC}$
Output	$0.5 V_{CC}$

Note 1: For $V_{CC} \leq 4.0V$

2: For $V_{CC} > 4.0V$

FIGURE 1-4: AC TEST CIRCUIT



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2.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 2-1.

TABLE 2-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	Description
$\overline{\text{CS}}$	1	1	3	Chip Select Input
SO	2	2	4	Serial Data Output
$\overline{\text{WP}}$	3	3	5	Write-Protect Pin
Vss	4	4	6	Ground
SI	5	5	7	Serial Data Input
SCK	6	6	8	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$	7	7	1	Hold Input
Vcc	8	8	2	Supply Voltage

2.1 Chip Select ($\overline{\text{CS}}$)

A low level on this pin selects the device. A high level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. However, a programming cycle which is already initiated or in progress will be completed, regardless of the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ input signal. If $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is brought high, or remains high during a program cycle, the device will go into Standby mode when the programming cycle is complete. When the device is deselected, SO goes to the high-impedance state, allowing multiple parts to share the same SPI bus. A low-to-high transition on $\overline{\text{CS}}$ after a valid write sequence initiates an internal write cycle. After power-up, a high-to-low transition on $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is required prior to any sequence being initiated.

2.2 Serial Output (SO)

The SO pin is used to transfer data out of the 25XX640. During a read cycle, data is shifted out on this pin after the falling edge of the serial clock.

2.3 Write-Protect ($\overline{\text{WP}}$)

This pin is used in conjunction with the WPEN bit in the STATUS register to prohibit writes to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register. When $\overline{\text{WP}}$ is low and WPEN is high, writing to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register is disabled. All other operations function normally. When $\overline{\text{WP}}$ is high, all functions, including writes to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register operate normally. If the WPEN bit is set, $\overline{\text{WP}}$ low during a STATUS register write sequence will disable writing to the STATUS register. If an internal write cycle has already begun, $\overline{\text{WP}}$ going low will have no effect on the write.

The $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin function is blocked when the WPEN bit in the STATUS register is low. This allows the user to install the 25XX640 in a system with $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin grounded and still be able to write to the STATUS register. The WP pin functions will be enabled when the WPEN bit is set high.

2.4 Serial Input (SI)

The SI pin is used to transfer data into the device. It receives instructions, addresses, and data. Data is latched on the rising edge of the serial clock.

2.5 Serial Clock (SCK)

The SCK is used to synchronize the communication between a master and the 25XX640. Instructions, addresses, or data present on the SI pin are latched on the rising edge of the clock input, while data on the SO pin is updated after the falling edge of the clock input.

2.6 Hold ($\overline{\text{HOLD}}$)

The $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin is used to suspend transmission to the 25XX640 while in the middle of a serial sequence without having to retransmit the entire sequence over again. It must be held high any time this function is not being used. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is underway, the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin may be pulled low to pause further serial communication without resetting the serial sequence. The $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin must be brought low while SCK is low, otherwise the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ function will not be invoked until the next SCK high-to-low transition. The 25XX640 must remain selected during this sequence. The SI, SCK, and SO pins are in a high-impedance state during the time the device is paused and transitions on these pins will be ignored. To resume serial communication, $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ must be brought high while the SCK pin is low, otherwise serial communication will not resume. Lowering the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ line at any time will tri-state the SO line.

3.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

3.1 Principles Of Operation

The 25XX640 is a 8192 byte Serial EEPROM designed to interface directly with the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) port of many of today's popular microcontroller families, including Microchip's PIC16C6X/7X microcontrollers. It may also interface with microcontrollers that do not have a built-in SPI port by using discrete I/O lines programmed properly with the software.

The 25XX640 contains an 8-bit instruction register. The device is accessed via the SI pin, with data being clocked in on the rising edge of SCK. The $\overline{CS}$ pin must be low and the HOLD pin must be high for the entire operation.

Table 3-1 contains a list of the possible instruction bytes and format for device operation. All instructions, addresses, and data are transferred MSB first, LSB last.

Data is sampled on the first rising edge of SCK after $\overline{CS}$ goes low. If the clock line is shared with other peripheral devices on the SPI bus, the user can assert the HOLD input and place the 25XX640 in 'HOLD' mode. After releasing the HOLD pin, operation will resume from the point when the HOLD was asserted.

3.2 Read Sequence

The device is selected by pulling $\overline{CS}$ low. The 8-bit READ instruction is transmitted to the 25XX640 followed by the 16-bit address with the three MSBs of the address being "don't care" bits. After the correct READ instruction and address are sent, the data stored in the memory at the selected address is shifted out on the SO pin. The data stored in the memory at the next address can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal Address Pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each byte of data is shifted out. When the highest address is reached (1FFFh), the address counter rolls over to address 0000h allowing the read cycle to be continued indefinitely. The read operation is terminated by raising the $\overline{CS}$ pin (Figure 3-1).

3.3 Write Sequence

Prior to any attempt to write data to the 25XX640 array or STATUS register, the write enable latch must be set by issuing the WREN instruction (Figure 3-4). This is done by setting $\overline{CS}$ low and then clocking out the proper instruction into the 25XX640. After all eight bits of the instruction are transmitted, the $\overline{CS}$ must be brought high to set the write enable latch. If the write operation is initiated immediately after the WREN instruction without $\overline{CS}$ being brought high, the data will not be written to the array because the write enable latch will not have been properly set.

Once the write enable latch is set, the user may proceed by setting the $\overline{CS}$ low, issuing a WRITE instruction, followed by the address, and then the data to be written. Up to 32 bytes of data can be sent to the 25XX640 before a write cycle is necessary. The only restriction is that all of the bytes must reside in the same page. A page address begins with XXX0 0000 and ends with XXX1 1111. If the internal address counter reaches XXX1 1111 and the clock continues, the counter will roll back to the first address of the page and overwrite any data in the page that may have been written.

For the data to be actually written to the array, the $\overline{CS}$ must be brought high after the Least Significant bit (D0) of the n^{th} data byte has been clocked in. If $\overline{CS}$ is brought high at any other time, the write operation will not be completed. Refer to Figure 3-2 and Figure 3-3 for more detailed illustrations on the byte write sequence and the page write sequence, respectively. While the write is in progress, the STATUS register may be read to check the status of the WPEN, WIP, WEL, BP1, and BP0 bits (Figure 3-6). A read attempt of a memory array location will not be possible during a write cycle. When the write cycle is completed, the write enable latch is reset.

TABLE 3-1: INSTRUCTION SET

Instruction Name	Instruction Format	Description
READ	0000 0011	Read data from memory array beginning at selected address
WRITE	0000 0010	Write data to memory array beginning at selected address
WREN	0000 0110	Set the write enable latch (enable write operations)
WRDI	0000 0100	Reset the write enable latch (disable write operations)
RDSR	0000 0101	Read STATUS register
WRSR	0000 0001	Write STATUS register

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FIGURE 3-1: READ SEQUENCE

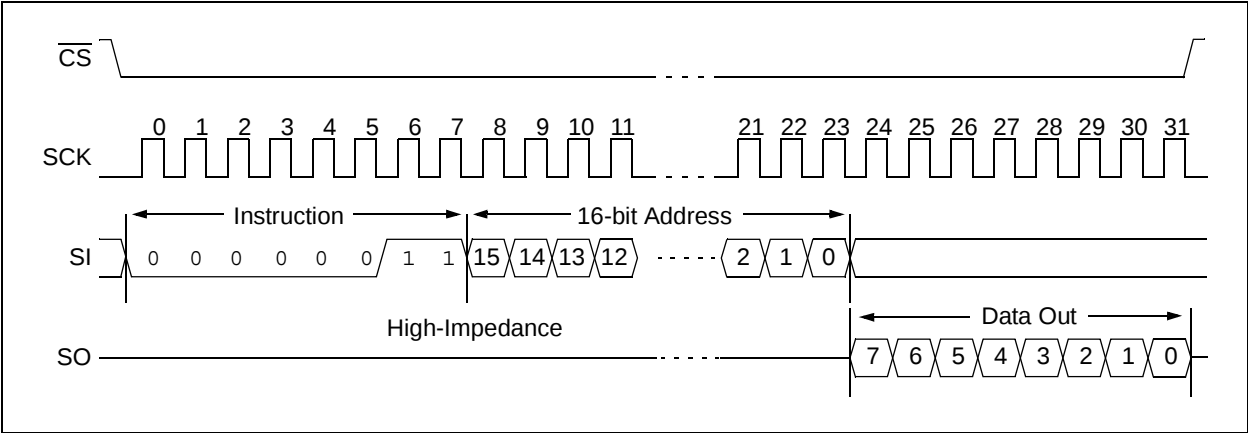


FIGURE 3-2: BYTE WRITE SEQUENCE

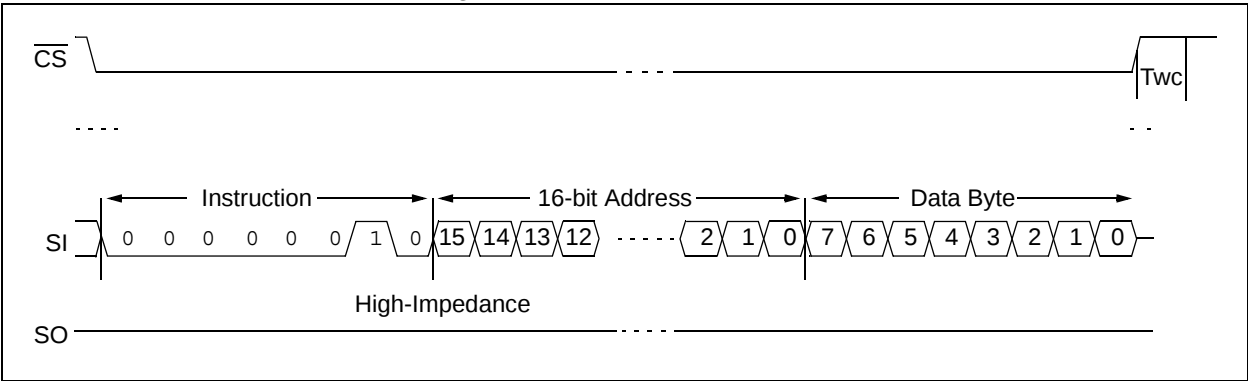
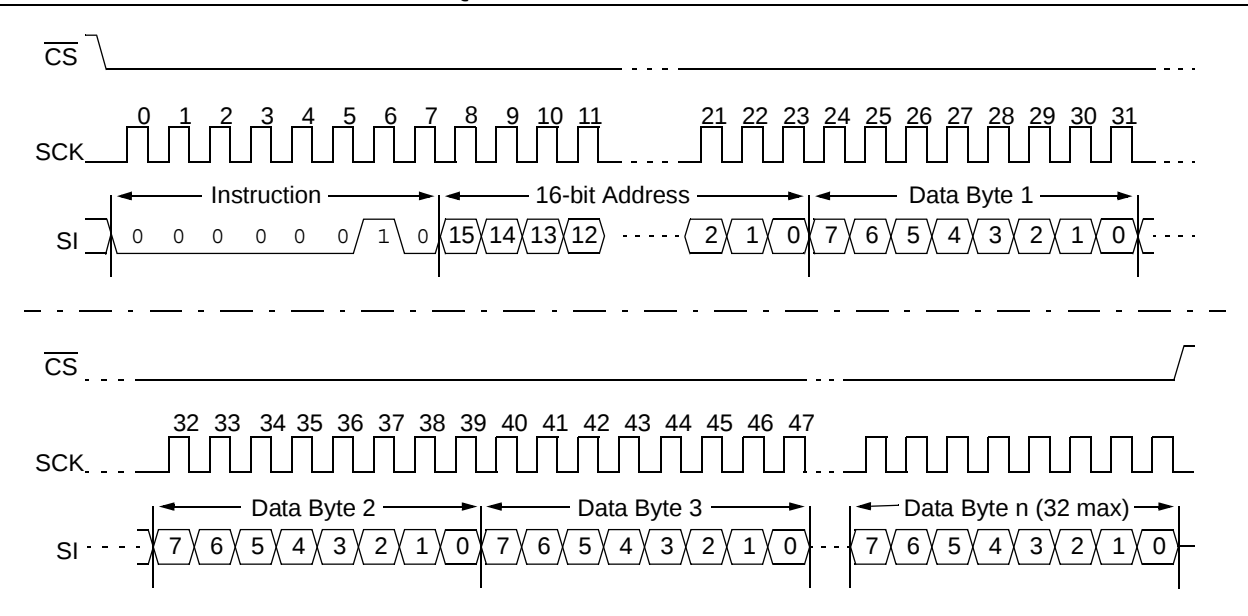


FIGURE 3-3: PAGE WRITE SEQUENCE



3.4 Write Enable (WREN) and Write Disable (WRDI)

The 25XX640 contains a write enable latch. See Table 3-3 for the Write-Protect Functionality Matrix. This latch must be set before any write operation will be completed internally. The WREN instruction will set the latch, and the WRDI will reset the latch.

The following is a list of conditions under which the write enable latch will be reset:

- Power-up
- WRDI instruction successfully executed
- WRSR instruction successfully executed
- WRITE instruction successfully executed

FIGURE 3-4: WRITE ENABLE SEQUENCE

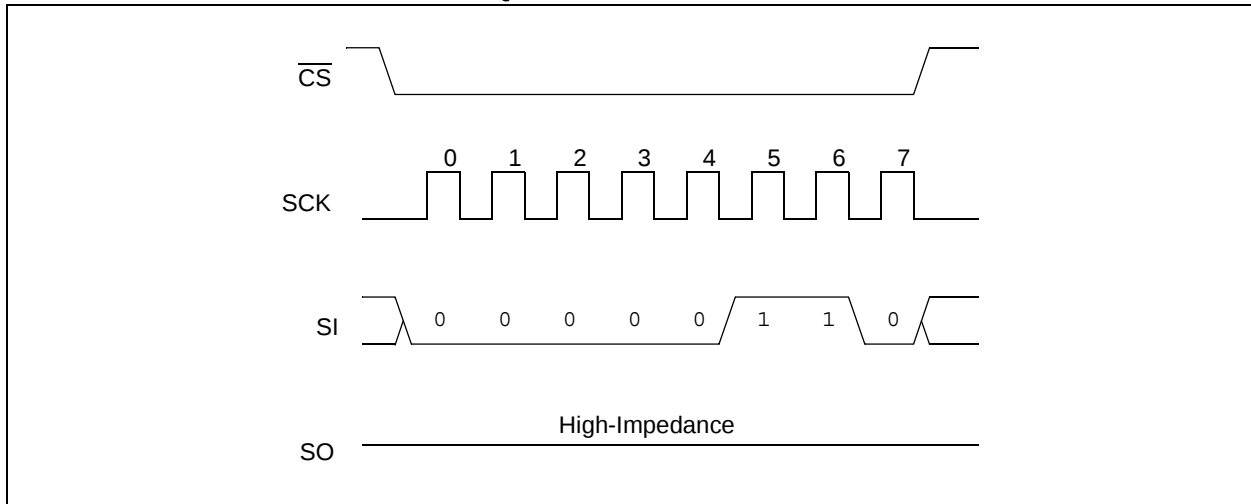
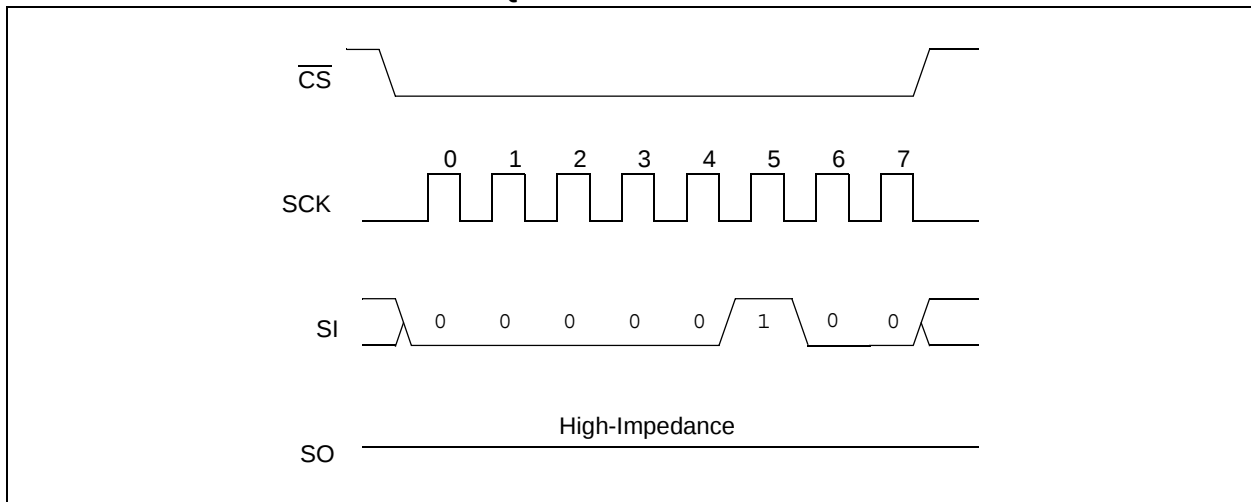


FIGURE 3-5: WRITE DISABLE SEQUENCE



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3.5 Read Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

The Read Status Register instruction (RDSR) provides access to the STATUS register. The STATUS register may be read at any time, even during a write cycle. The STATUS register is formatted as follows:

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
WPEN	X	X	X	BP1	BP0	WEL	WIP

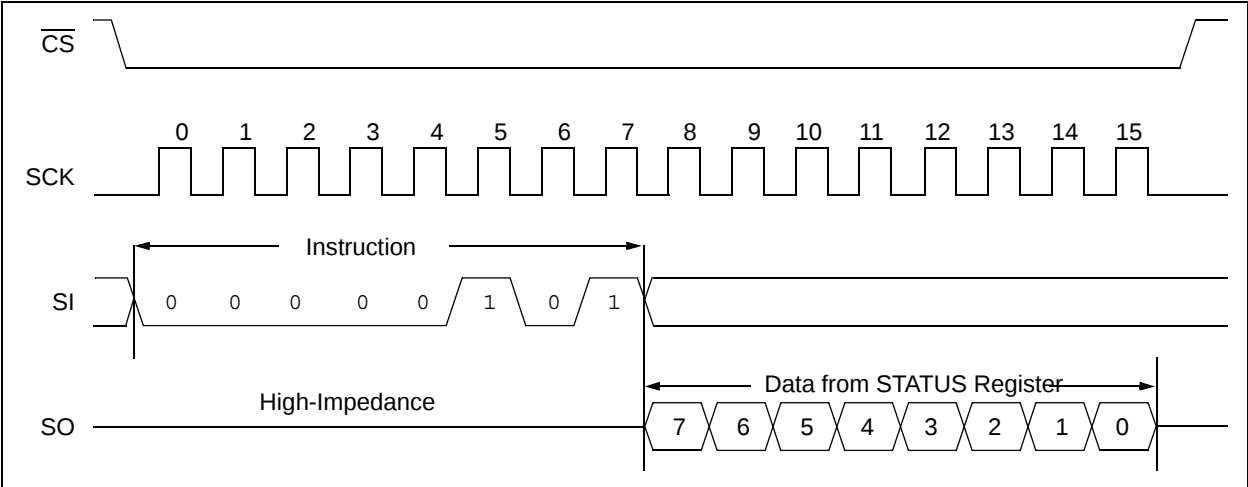
The **Write-In-Process (WIP)** bit indicates whether the 25XX640 is busy with a write operation. When set to a '1', a write is in progress, when set to a '0', no write is in progress. This bit is read-only.

The **Write Enable Latch (WEL)** bit indicates the status of the write enable latch. When set to a '1', the latch allows writes to the array and STATUS register, when set to a '0', the latch prohibits writes to the array and STATUS register. The state of this bit can always be updated via the WREN or WRDI commands regardless of the state of write protection on the STATUS register. This bit is read-only.

The **Block Protection (BP0 and BP1)** bits indicate which blocks are currently write-protected. These bits are set by the user issuing the WRSR instruction. These bits are nonvolatile.

See Figure 3-6 for RDSR timing sequence.

FIGURE 3-6: READ STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE



3.6 Write Status Register Instruction (WRSR)

The Write Status Register instruction (WRSR) allows the user to select one of four levels of protection for the array by writing to the appropriate bits in the STATUS register. The array is divided up into four segments. The user has the ability to write-protect none, one, two, or all four of the segments of the array. The partitioning is controlled as shown in Table 3-2.

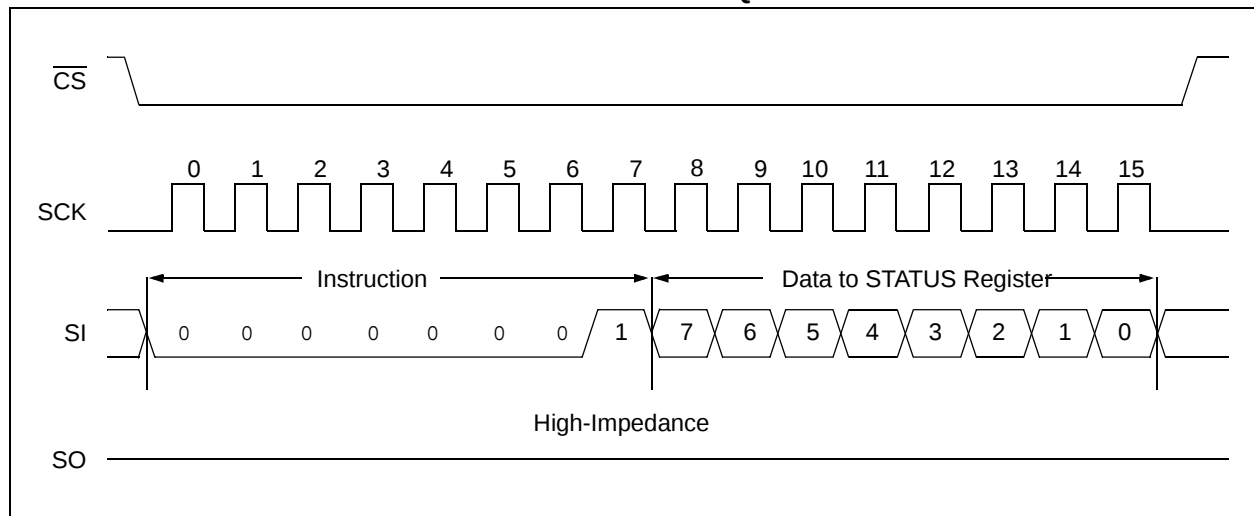
The **Write-Protect Enable (WPEN)** bit is a nonvolatile bit that is available as an enable bit for the $\overline{WP}$ pin. The Write-Protect ($\overline{WP}$) pin and the Write-Protect Enable (WPEN) bit in the STATUS register control the programmable hardware write-protect feature. Hardware write protection is enabled when the $\overline{WP}$ pin is low and the WPEN bit is high. Hardware write protection is disabled when either the $\overline{WP}$ pin is high or the WPEN bit is low. When the chip is hardware write-protected, only writes to nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register are disabled. See Table 3-3 for a matrix of functionality on the WPEN bit.

See Figure 3-7 for WRSR timing sequence.

TABLE 3-2: ARRAY PROTECTION

BP1	BP0	Array Addresses Write-Protected
0	0	none
0	1	upper 1/4 (1800h-1FFFh)
1	0	upper 1/2 (1000h-1FFFh)
1	1	all (0000h-1FFFh)

FIGURE 3-7: WRITE STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE



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3.7 Data Protection

The following protection has been implemented to prevent inadvertent writes to the array:

- The write enable latch is reset on power-up
- A write enable instruction must be issued to set the write enable latch
- After a byte write, page write, or STATUS register write, the write enable latch is reset
- $\overline{CS}$ must be set high after the proper number of clock cycles to start an internal write cycle
- Access to the array during an internal write cycle is ignored and programming is continued

3.8 Power-On-State

The 25XX640 powers on in the following state:

- The device is in low-power Standby mode ($\overline{CS} = 1$)
- The write enable latch is reset
- SO is in high-impedance state
- A high-to-low transition on $\overline{CS}$ is required to enter the active state

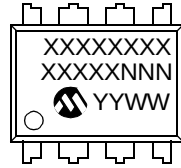
TABLE 3-3: WRITE-PROTECT FUNCTIONALITY MATRIX

WPEN	$\overline{WP}$	WEL	Protected Blocks	Unprotected Blocks	STATUS Register
X	X	0	Protected	Protected	Protected
0	X	1	Protected	Writable	Writable
1	Low	1	Protected	Writable	Protected
X	High	1	Protected	Writable	Writable

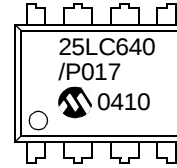
4.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

4.1 Package Marking Information

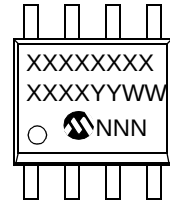
8-Lead PDIP (300 mil)



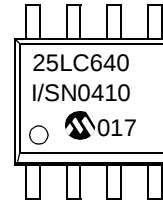
Example:



8-Lead SOIC (150 mil)



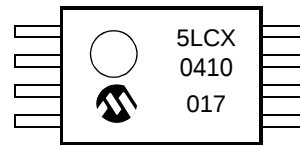
Example:



8-Lead TSSOP



Example:



Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

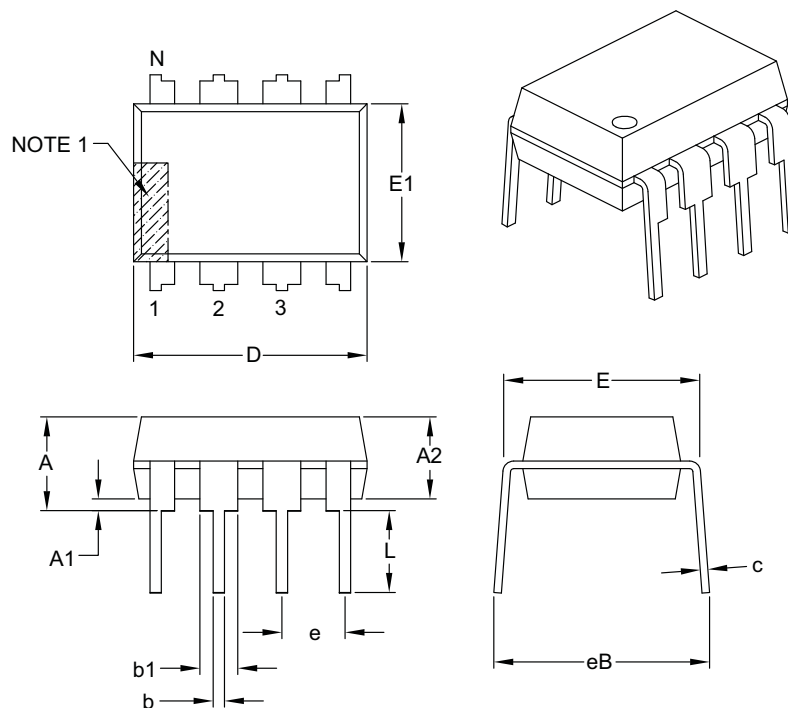
Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

* Standard marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, traceability code (facility code, mask rev#, and assembly code). For marking beyond this, certain price adders apply. Please check with your Microchip Sales Office.

25AA640/25LC640

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) – 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	INCHES		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	.100 BSC		
Top to Seating Plane	A	–	–	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	–	–
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	–	–	.430

Notes:

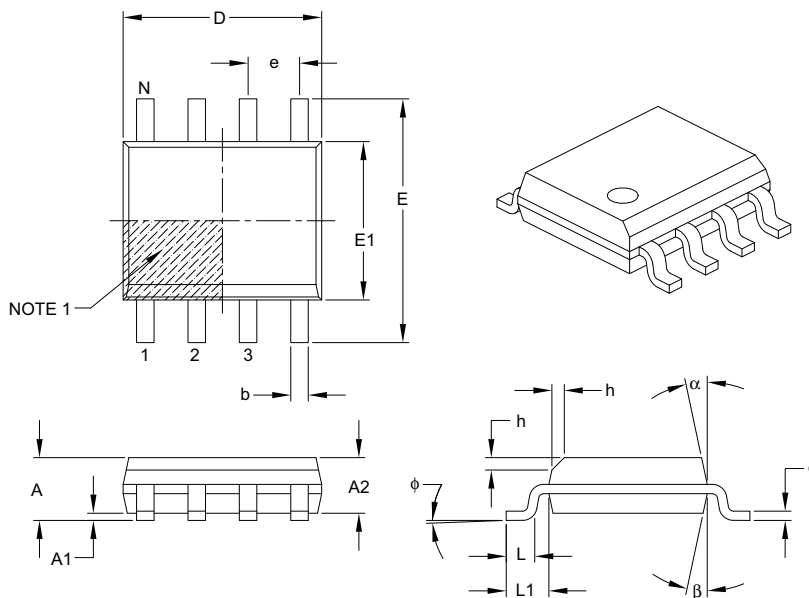
- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located with the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-018B

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	–	–
Standoff §	A1	0.10	–	0.25
Overall Width	E	6.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	3.90 BSC		
Overall Length	D	4.90 BSC		
Chamfer (optional)	h	0.25	–	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	–	1.27
Footprint	L1	1.04 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	–	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	–	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	–	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	–	15°

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

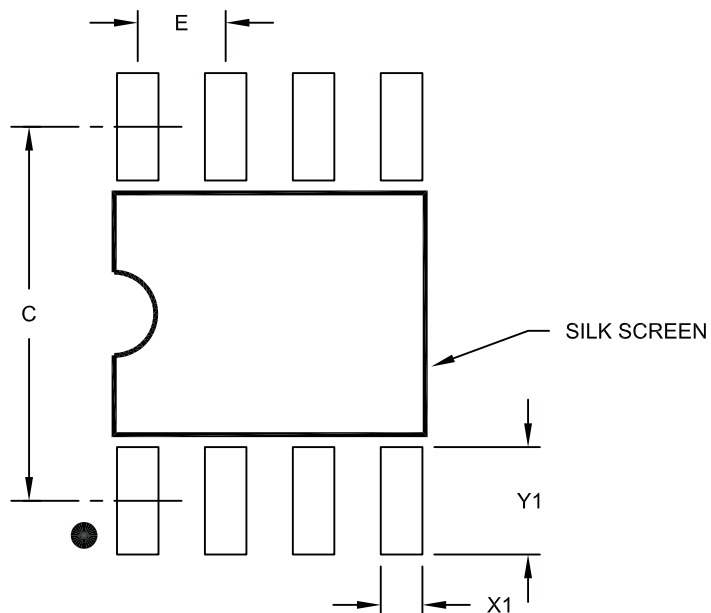
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-057B

25AA640/25LC640

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

		Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits			MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E			1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C			5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1				0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1				1.55

Notes:

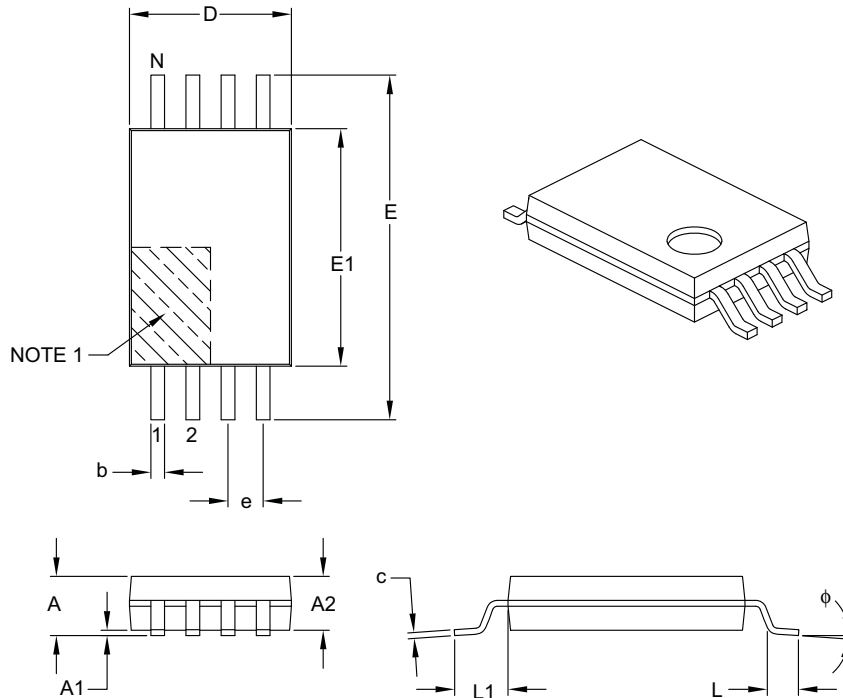
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	0.65 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Overall Width	E	6.40 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.19	–	0.30

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision F

Corrections to Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.

Revision G

Product ID System, Example C: Corrected part number, added "Alternate Pinout" and corrected part number in Header.

Updated Trademark and Sales List pages.

Revision H (June 2008)

Added "Not Recommended" note; Updated Packaging; General updates.

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25AA640/25LC640

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<u>PART NO.</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>/XX</u>	<u>XXX</u>
Device	Temperature Range	Package	Pattern
Device 25AA640: 64K bit 1.8V SPI Serial EEPROM 25AA640T: 64K bit 1.8V SPI Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel) 25AA640X: 64K bit 1.8V SPI Serial EEPROM in alternate pinout (ST only) 25AA640XT: 64K bit 1.8V SPI Serial EEPROM in alternate pinout Tape and Reel (ST only) 25LC640: 64K bit 2.5V SPI Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel) 25LC640T: 64K bit 2.5V SPI Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel) 25LC640X: 64K bit 2.5V SPI Serial EEPROM in alternate pinout (ST only) 25LC640XT: 64K bit 2.5V SPI Serial EEPROM in alternate pinout Tape and Reel (ST only)			
Temperature Range I = -40°C to +85°C E = -40°C to +125°C			
Package P = Plastic DIP (300 mil Body), 8-lead SN = Plastic SOIC (150 mil Body), 8-lead ST = Plastic TSSOP (4.4 mm Body), 8-lead			

Examples:

- 25AA640-I/SN: Industrial Temp., SOIC package
- 25AA640T-I/SN: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temp., SOIC package
- 25AA640X-I/ST: Alternate Pinout Industrial Temp., TSSOP package
- 25LC640-I/SN: Industrial Temp., SOIC package
- 25LC640T-I/SN: Tape and Reel, Industrial Temp., SOIC package
- 25LC640X-I/ST: Alternate Pinout, Industrial Temp., TSSOP package

25AA640/25LC640

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