

IR2183(4)(S) & (PbF)

HALF-BRIDGE DRIVER

Features

- Floating channel designed for bootstrap operation
Fully operational to +600V
Tolerant to negative transient voltage
dV/dt immune
- Gate drive supply range from 10 to 20V
- Undervoltage lockout for both channels
- 3.3V and 5V input logic compatible
- Matched propagation delay for both channels
- Logic and power ground +/- 5V offset.
- Lower di/dt gate driver for better noise immunity
- Output source/sink current capability 1.4A/1.8A
- Also available LEAD-FREE (PbF)

Packages



Description

The IR2183(4)(S) are high voltage, high speed power MOSFET and IGBT drivers with dependent high and low side referenced output channels. Proprietary HVIC and latch immune CMOS technologies enable ruggedized monolithic construction. The logic input is compatible with standard CMOS or LSTTL output, down to 3.3V

logic. The output drivers feature a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum driver cross-conduction. The floating channel can be used to drive an N-channel power MOSFET or IGBT in the high side configuration which operates up to 600 volts.

IR2181/IR2183/IR2184 Feature Comparison

Part	Input logic	Cross-conduction prevention logic	Dead-Time	Ground Pins	Ton/Toff
2181	HIN/LIN	no	none	COM	180/220 ns
21814				VSS/COM	
2183	HIN/LIN	yes	Internal 500ns Program 0.4 - 5 us	COM	180/220 ns
21834				VSS/COM	
2184	IN/SD	yes	Internal 500ns Program 0.4 - 5 us	COM	680/270 ns
21844				VSS/COM	

Typical Connection



IR2183(4)(S) & (PbF)

International
IR Rectifier

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units	
V _B	High side floating absolute voltage	-0.3	625	V	
V _S	High side floating supply offset voltage	V _B - 25	V _B + 0.3		
V _{HO}	High side floating output voltage	V _S - 0.3	V _B + 0.3		
V _{CC}	Low side and logic fixed supply voltage	-0.3	25		
V _{LO}	Low side output voltage	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3		
DT	Programmable dead-time pin voltage (IR21834 only)	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3		
V _{IN}	Logic input voltage (HIN & $\overline{\text{LIN}}$)	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 10		
V _{SS}	Logic ground (IR21834 only)	V _{CC} - 25	V _{CC} + 0.3		
dV _S /dt	Allowable offset supply voltage transient	—	50	V/ns	
P _D	Package power dissipation @ T _A ≤ +25°C	(8-lead PDIP)	—	1.0	W
		(8-lead SOIC)	—	0.625	
		(14-lead PDIP)	—	1.6	
		(14-lead SOIC)	—	1.0	
R _{thJA}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	(8-lead PDIP)	—	125	°C/W
		(8-lead SOIC)	—	200	
		(14-lead PDIP)	—	75	
		(14-lead SOIC)	—	120	
T _J	Junction temperature	—	150	°C	
T _S	Storage temperature	-50	150		
T _L	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	—	300		

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Input/Output logic timing diagram is shown in figure 1. For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions. The V_S and V_{SS} offset rating are tested with all supplies biased at 15V differential.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
V _B	High side floating supply absolute voltage	V _S + 10	V _S + 20	V
V _S	High side floating supply offset voltage	Note 1	600	
V _{HO}	High side floating output voltage	V _S	V _B	
V _{CC}	Low side and logic fixed supply voltage	10	20	
V _{LO}	Low side output voltage	0	V _{CC}	
V _{IN}	Logic input voltage (HIN & $\overline{\text{LIN}}$)	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 5	
DT	Programmable dead-time pin voltage (IR21834 only)	V _{SS}	V _{CC}	
V _{SS}	Logic ground (IR21834 only)	-5	5	
T _A	Ambient temperature	-40	125	°C

Note 1: Logic operational for V_S of -5 to +600V. Logic state held for V_S of -5V to -V_{BS}. (Please refer to the Design Tip DT97-3 for more details).

Note 2: HIN and $\overline{\text{LIN}}$ pins are internally clamped with a 5.2V zener diode.

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

$V_{BIAS} (V_{CC}, V_{BS}) = 15V$, $V_{SS} = COM$, $C_L = 1000 \text{ pF}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $DT = V_{SS}$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
t_{on}	Turn-on propagation delay	—	180	270	nsec	$V_S = 0V$
t_{off}	Turn-off propagation delay	—	220	330		$V_S = 0V \text{ or } 600V$
MT	Delay matching $ t_{on} - t_{off} $	—	0	35		
t_r	Turn-on rise time	—	40	60		$V_S = 0V$
t_f	Turn-off fall time	—	20	35		$V_S = 0V$
DT	Deadtime: LO turn-off to HO turn-on (DT _{LO-HO}) & HO turn-off to LO turn-on (DT _{HO-LO})	280	400	520	μsec	RDT = 0
		4	5	6		RDT = 200k (IR21834)
MDT	Deadtime matching = $ DT_{LO-HO} - DT_{HO-LO} $	—	0	50	nsec	RDT = 0
		—	0	600		RDT = 200k (IR21834)

Static Electrical Characteristics

$V_{BIAS} (V_{CC}, V_{BS}) = 15V$, $V_{SS} = COM$, $DT = V_{SS}$ and $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified. The V_{IL} , V_{IH} and I_{IN} parameters are referenced to V_{SS}/COM and are applicable to the respective input leads: HIN and LIN. The V_O , I_O and R_{on} parameters are referenced to COM and are applicable to the respective output leads: HO and LO.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
V_{IH}	Logic "1" input voltage for HIN & logic "0" for \overline{LIN}	2.7	—	—	V	$V_{CC} = 10V \text{ to } 20V$
V_{IL}	Logic "0" input voltage for HIN & logic "1" for \overline{LIN}	—	—	0.8		$V_{CC} = 10V \text{ to } 20V$
V_{OH}	High level output voltage, $V_{BIAS} - V_O$	—	—	1.2		$I_O = 0A$
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage, V_O	—	—	0.1		$I_O = 0A$
I_{LK}	Offset supply leakage current	—	—	50	μA	$V_B = V_S = 600V$
I_{QBS}	Quiescent V_{BS} supply current	20	60	150	mA	$V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } 5V$
I_{QCC}	Quiescent V_{CC} supply current	0.4	1.0	1.6		$V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } 5V$
I_{IN+}	Logic "1" input bias current	—	25	60	μA	$HIN = 5V, \overline{LIN} = 0V$
I_{IN-}	Logic "0" input bias current	—	—	1.0		$HIN = 0V, \overline{LIN} = 5V$
V_{CCUV+} V_{BSUV+}	V_{CC} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage positive going threshold	8.0	8.9	9.8	V	
V_{CCUV-} V_{BSUV-}	V_{CC} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage negative going threshold	7.4	8.2	9.0		
V_{CCUVH} V_{BSUVH}	Hysteresis	0.3	0.7	—		
I_{O+}	Output high short circuit pulsed current	1.4	1.9	—	A	$V_O = 0V$, $PW \leq 10 \mu s$
I_{O-}	Output low short circuit pulsed current	1.8	2.3	—		$V_O = 15V$, $PW \leq 10 \mu s$

Functional Block Diagrams



Lead Definitions

Symbol	Description
HIN	Logic input for high side gate driver output (HO), in phase (referenced to COM for IR2183 and VSS for IR21834)
LIN	Logic input for low side gate driver output (LO), out of phase (referenced to COM for IR2183 and VSS for IR21834)
DT	Programmable dead-time lead, referenced to VSS. (IR21834 only)
VSS	Logic Ground (21834 only)
V _B	High side floating supply
HO	High side gate driver output
V _S	High side floating supply return
V _{CC}	Low side and logic fixed supply
LO	Low side gate driver output
COM	Low side return

Lead Assignments

<p>8-Lead PDIP</p>	<p>8-Lead SOIC</p>
IR2183	IR2183S
<p>14-Lead PDIP</p>	<p>14-Lead SOIC</p>
IR21834	IR21834S



Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram



Figure 2. Switching Time Waveform Definitions

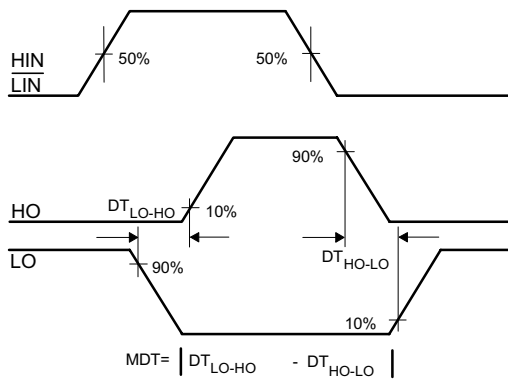


Figure 3. Deadtime Waveform Definitions



Figure 4A. Turn-on Propagation Delay vs. Temperature



Figure 4B. Turn-on Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage



Figure 5A. Turn-off Propagation Delay vs. Temperature



Figure 5B. Turn-off Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage



Figure 6A. Turn-on Rise Time vs. Temperature



Figure 6B. Turn-on Rise Time vs. Supply Voltage



Figure 7A. Turn-off Fall Time vs. Temperature



Figure 7B. Turn-off Fall Time vs. Supply Voltage



Figure 8A. Deadtime vs. Temperature

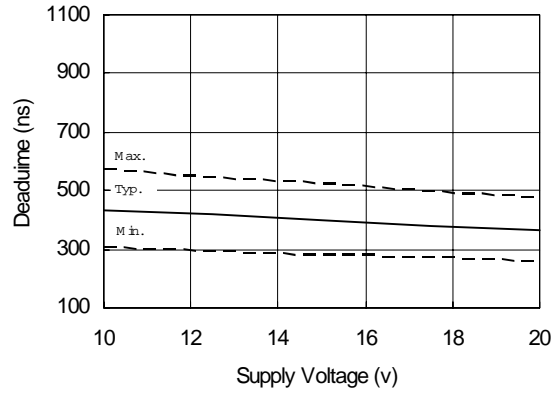


Figure 8B. Deadtime vs. Supply Voltage



Figure 8C. Deadtime vs. R_{DT}

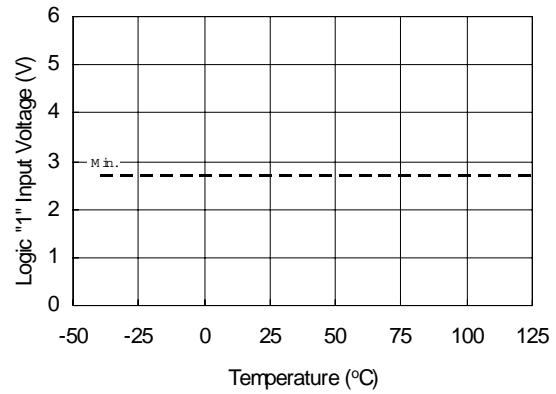


Figure 9A. Logic "1" Input Voltage vs. Temperature

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Figure 9B. Logic "1" Input Voltage vs. Supply Voltage

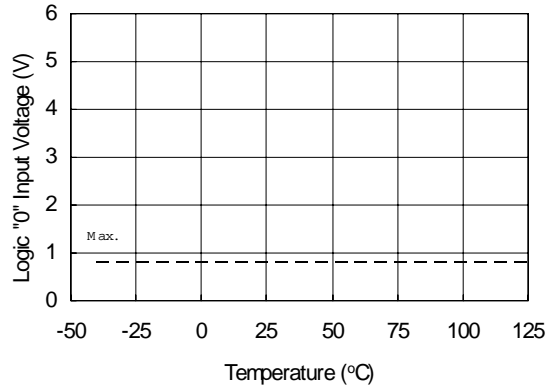


Figure 10A. Logic "0" Input Voltage vs. Temperature



Figure 10B. Logic "0" Input Voltage vs. Supply Voltage

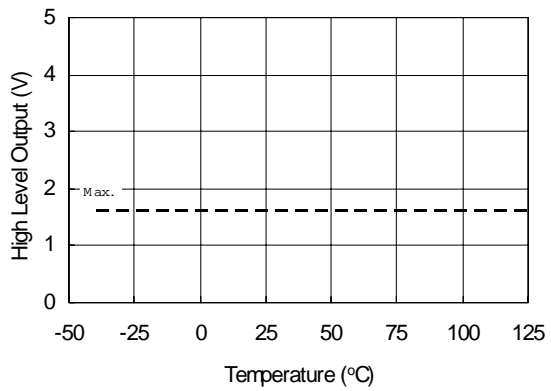


Figure 11A. High Level Output vs. Temperature



Figure 11B. High Level Output vs. Supply Voltage

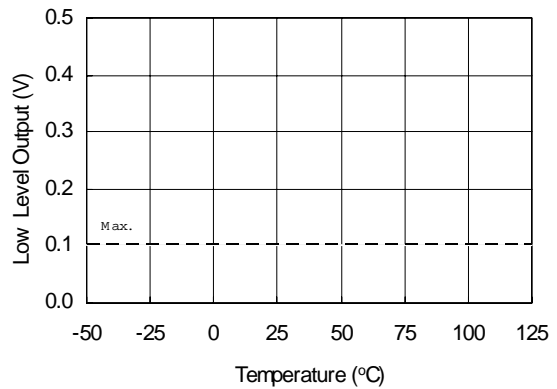


Figure 12A. Low Level Output vs. Temperature



Figure 12B. Low Level Output vs. Supply Voltage

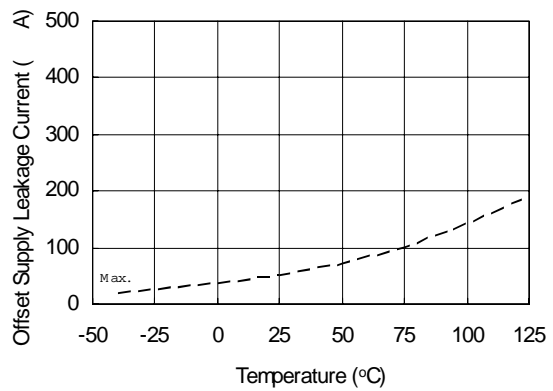


Figure 13A. Offset Supply Leakage Current vs. Temperature

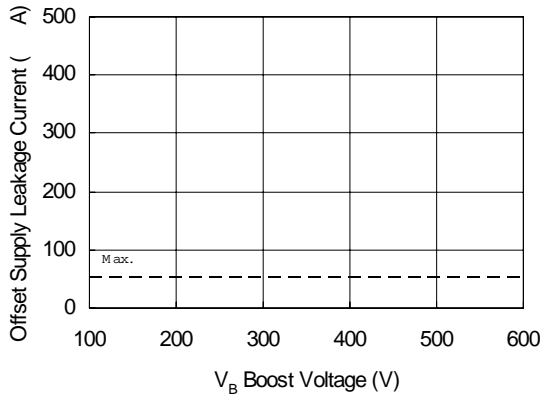


Figure 13B. Offset Supply Leakage Current vs. V_B Boost Voltage

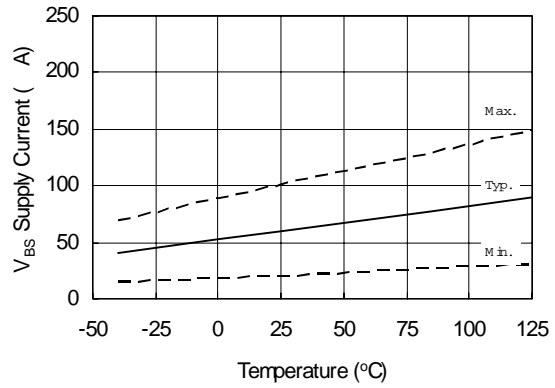


Figure 14A. V_{BS} Supply Current vs. Temperature



Figure 14B. V_{BS} Supply Current vs. V_{BS} Floating Supply Voltage



Figure 15A. V_{CC} Supply Current vs. Temperature



Figure 15B. V_{CC} Supply Current vs. V_{CC} Supply Voltage



Figure 16A. Logic "1" Input Bias Current vs. Temperature



Figure 16B. Logic "1" Input Bias Current vs. Supply Voltage



Figure 17A. Logic "0" Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

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Figure 17B. Logic "0" Input Bias Current vs. Supply Voltage

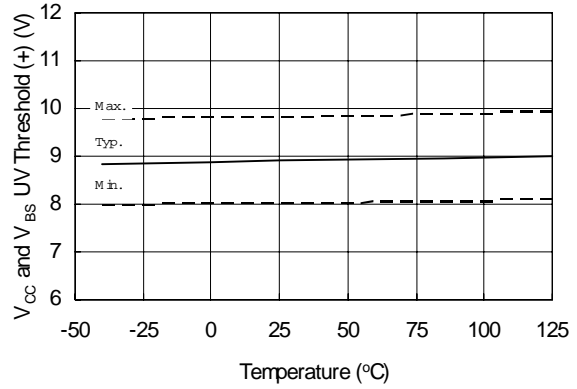


Figure 18. V_{CC} and V_{BS} Undervoltage Threshold (+) vs. Temperature

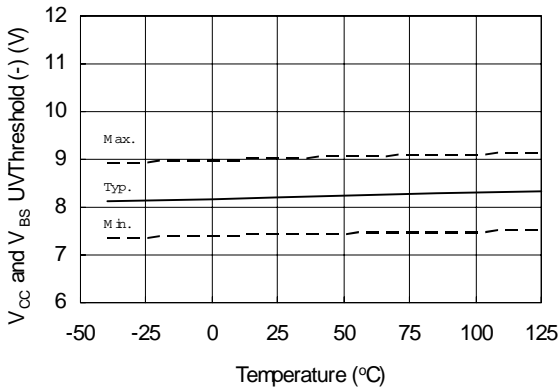


Figure 19. V_{CC} and V_{BS} Undervoltage Threshold (-) vs. Temperature

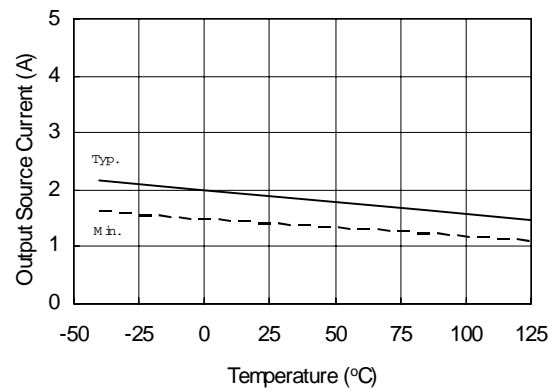


Figure 20A. Output Source Current vs. Temperature

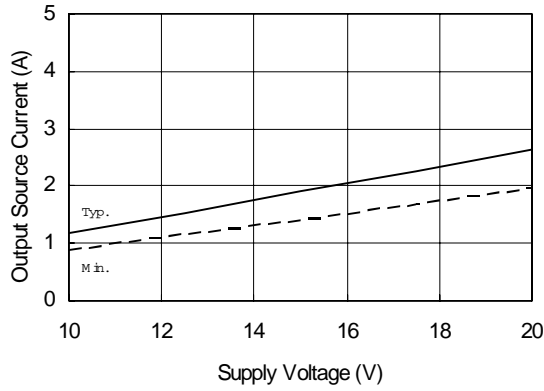


Figure 20B. Output Source Current vs. Supply Voltage

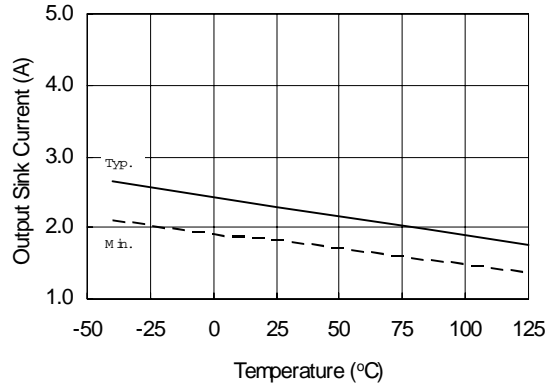


Figure 21A. Output Sink Current vs. Temperature

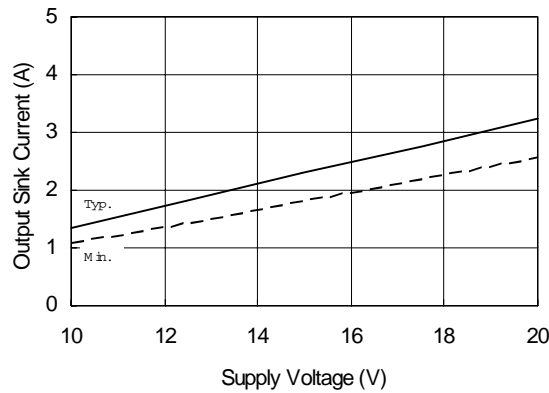
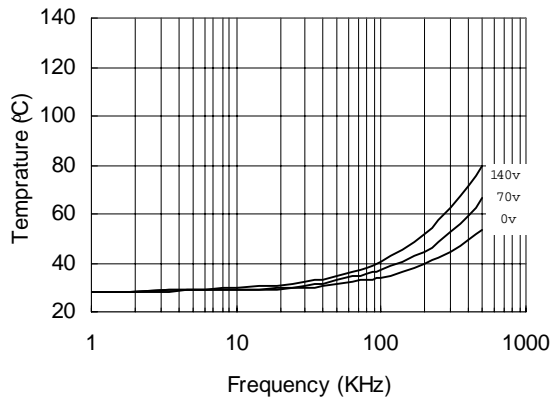


Figure 21B. Output Sink Current vs. Supply Voltage



**Figure 22. IR2183 vs. Frequency (IRFBC20),
 $R_{gate}=33\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**

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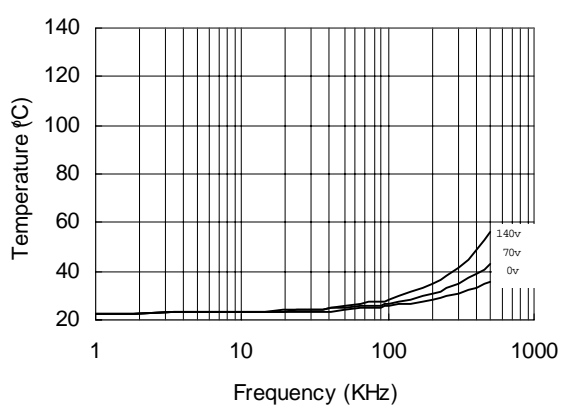
**Figure 23. IR2183 vs. Frequency (IRFBC30),
 $R_{gate}=22\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 24. IR2183 vs. Frequency (IRFBC40),
 $R_{gate}=15\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 25. IR2183 vs. Frequency (IRFPE50),
 $R_{gate}=10\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**

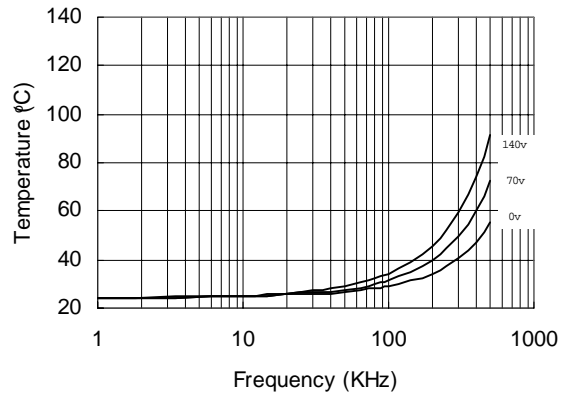


**Figure 26. IR21834 vs. Frequency (IRFBC20),
 $R_{gate}=33\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**

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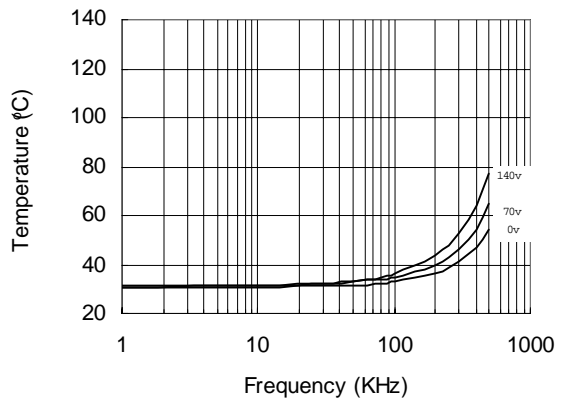
**Figure 27. IR21834 vs. Frequency (IRFBC30),
 $R_{gate}=22\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 28. IR21834 vs. Frequency (IRFBC40),
 $R_{gate}=15\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 29. IR21834 vs. Frequency (IRFPE50),
 $R_{gate}=10\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 30. IR2183s vs. Frequency (IRFBC20),
 $R_{gate}=33\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**

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**Figure 31. IR2183s vs. Frequency (IRFBC30),
 $R_{gate}=22\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 32. IR2183s vs. Frequency (IRFBC40),
 $R_{gate}=15\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 33. IR2183s vs. Frequency (IRFPE50),
 $R_{gate}=10\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 34. IR21834s vs. Frequency (IRFBC20),
 $R_{gate}=33\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**

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**Figure 35. IR21834s vs. Frequency (IRFBC30),
 $R_{gate}=22\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**



**Figure 36. IR21834s vs. Frequency (IRFBC40),
 $R_{gate}=15\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**

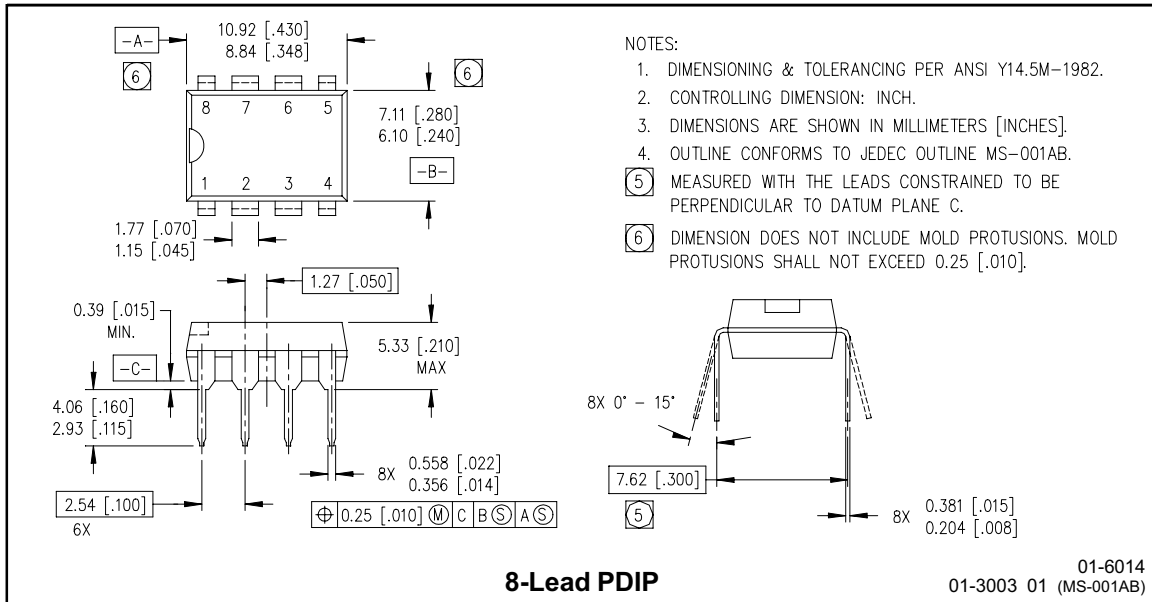


**Figure 37. IR21834s vs. Frequency (IRFPE50),
 $R_{gate}=10\Omega, V_{CC}=15V$**

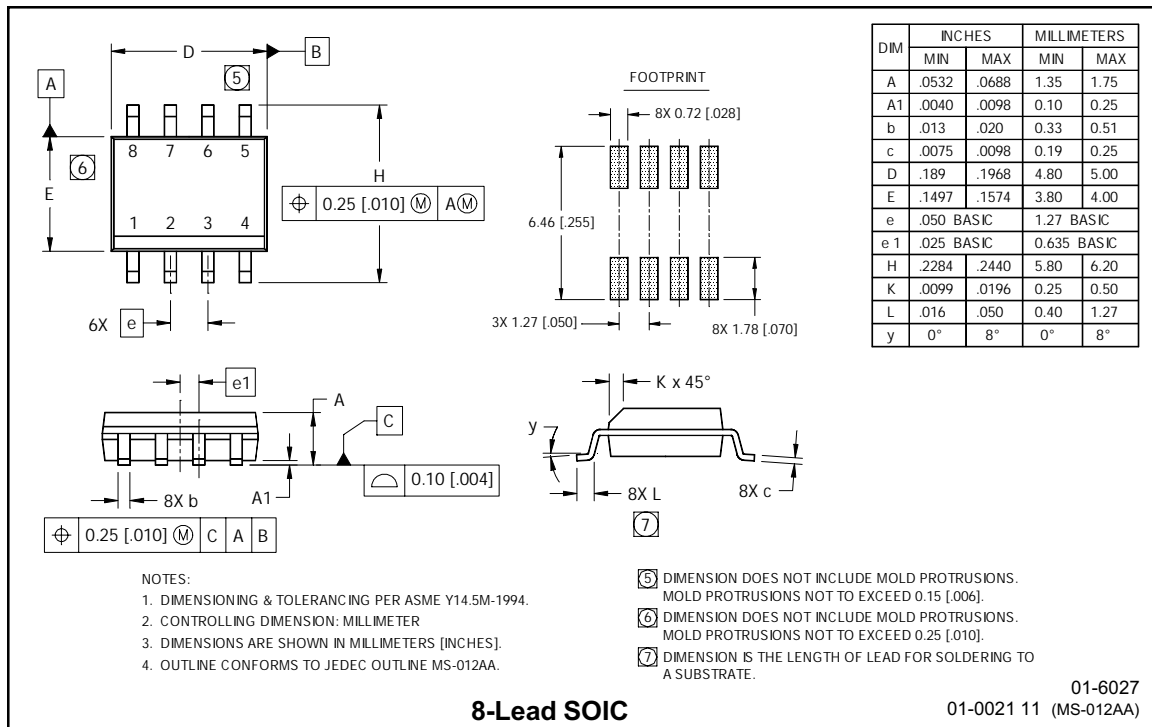
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International
IRF Rectifier

Case outlines



8-Lead PDIP



8-Lead SOIC

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IR2183(4)(S) & (PbF)

LEADFREE PART MARKING INFORMATION



ORDER INFORMATION

Basic Part (Non-Lead Free)

8-Lead PDIP IR2183 order IR2183
 8-Lead SOIC IR2183S order IR2183S
 14-Lead PDIP IR21834 order IR21834
 14-Lead SOIC IR21834 order IR21834S

Leadfree Part

8-Lead PDIP IR2183 order IR2183PbF
 8-Lead SOIC IR2183S order IR2183SPbF
 14-Lead PDIP IR21834 order IR21834PbF
 14-Lead SOIC IR21834 order IR21834SPbF

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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