

DATA SHEET

TDA8561Q

**2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W
single-ended car radio power
amplifier**

Product specification
Supersedes data of 1997 Sep 22
File under Integrated Circuits, IC01

1999 Jun 30

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

FEATURES

- Requires very few external components
- High output power
- Flexibility in use; Quad single-ended or stereo BTL
- Low output offset voltage
- Fixed gain
- Diagnostic facility (distortion, short-circuit and temperature detection)
- Good ripple rejection
- Mode select switch (operating, mute and standby)
- Load dump protection
- AC and DC short-circuit safe to ground and to V_P
- Low power dissipation in any short-circuit condition
- Thermally protected

- Reverse polarity safe
- Electrostatic discharge protection
- No switch-on/switch-off pop
- Flexible leads
- Low thermal resistance
- Identical inputs (inverting and non-inverting).

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TDA8561Q is an integrated class-B output amplifier in a 17-lead single-in-line (SIL) power package. It contains 4 × 12 W Single-Ended (SE) or 2 × 24 W Bridge-Tied Load (BTL) amplifiers.

The device is primarily developed for car radio applications.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V_P	positive operating supply voltage		6	14.4	18	V
I_{ORM}	repetitive peak output current		–	–	4	A
I_P	total quiescent current		–	80	–	mA
I_{sb}	standby current		–	0.1	100	µA
Stereo BTL application						
P_o	output power	$R_L = 4 \Omega$; THD = 10%	–	24	–	W
RR	supply voltage ripple rejection		46	–	–	dB
V_{no}	noise output voltage	$R_s = 0 \Omega$	–	70	–	µV
$ Z_i $	input impedance		25	–	–	kΩ
$ \Delta V_{ol} $	DC output offset voltage		–	–	150	mV
Quad single-ended application						
P_o	output power	THD = 10%				
		$R_L = 4 \Omega$	–	7	–	W
		$R_L = 2 \Omega$	–	12	–	W
RR	supply voltage ripple rejection		46	–	–	dB
V_{no}	noise output voltage	$R_s = 0 \Omega$	–	50	–	µV
$ Z_i $	input impedance		50	–	–	kΩ

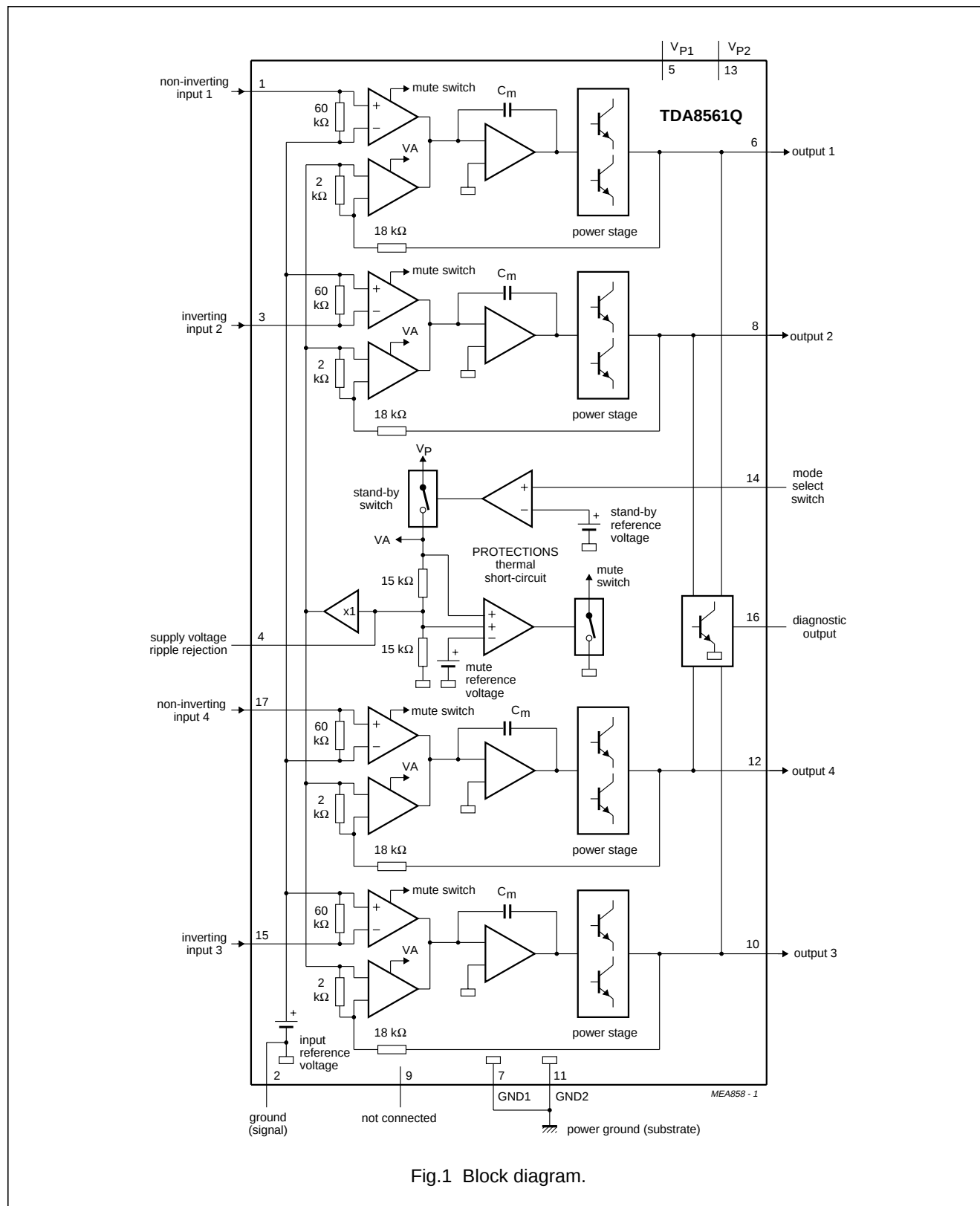
ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE		
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION
TDA8561Q	DBS17P	plastic DIL-bent-SIL power package; 17 leads (lead length 12 mm)	SOT243-1

$2 \times 24 \text{ W}$ BTL or $4 \times 12 \text{ W}$ single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

BLOCK DIAGRAM

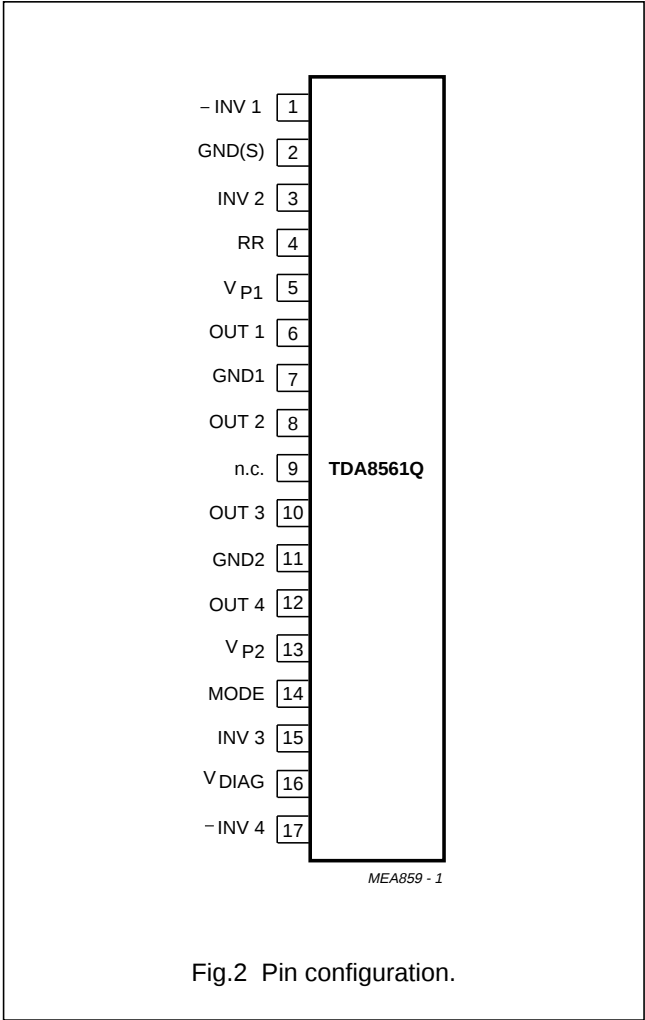


2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

PINNING

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
–INV 1	1	non-inverting input 1
GND(S)	2	signal ground
INV 2	3	inverting input 2
RR	4	supply voltage ripple rejection
V _{P1}	5	supply voltage
OUT 1	6	output 1
GND1	7	power ground 1
OUT 2	8	output 2
n.c.	9	not connected
OUT 3	10	output 3
GND2	11	power ground 2
OUT 4	12	output 4
V _{P2}	13	supply voltage
MODE	14	mode select switch input
INV 3	15	inverting input 3
V _{DIAG}	16	diagnostic output
–INV 4	17	non-inverting input 4



2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The TDA8561Q contains four identical amplifiers and can be used for Single-Ended (SE) or Bridge-Tied Load (BTL) applications. The gain of each amplifier is fixed at 20 dB (26 dB in BTL). Special features of the device are:

Mode select switch (pin 14)

- Low standby current (<100 μ A)
- Low switching current (low cost supply switch)
- Mute facility.

To avoid switch-on plops, it is advised to keep the amplifier in the mute mode during ≥ 100 ms (charging of the input capacitors at pins 1, 3, 15 and 17). This can be achieved by:

- Microcontroller control
- External timing circuit (see Fig.11).

Diagnostic output (pin 16)

DYNAMIC DISTORTION DETECTOR (DDD)

At the onset of clipping of one or more output stages, the dynamic distortion detector becomes active and pin 16 goes LOW. This information can be used to drive a sound processor or DC volume control to attenuate the input signal and thus limit the distortion. The output level of pin 16 is independent of the number of channels that are clipping (see Figs 3 and 4).

SHORT-CIRCUIT PROTECTION

When a short-circuit occurs at one or more outputs to ground or to the supply voltage, the output stages are switched off until the short-circuit is removed and the device is switched on again, with a delay of approximately 20 ms, after removal of the short-circuit. During this short-circuit condition, pin 16 is continuously LOW.

When a short-circuit across the load of one or both channels occurs the output stages are switched off for approximately 20 ms. After that time it is checked during approximately 50 μ s to see whether the short-circuit is still present. Due to this duty cycle of 50 μ s/20 ms the average current consumption during this short-circuit condition is very low (approximately 40 mA).

During this short-circuit condition, pin 16 is LOW for 20 ms and HIGH for 50 μ s (see Fig.5).

The power dissipation in any short-circuit condition is very low.

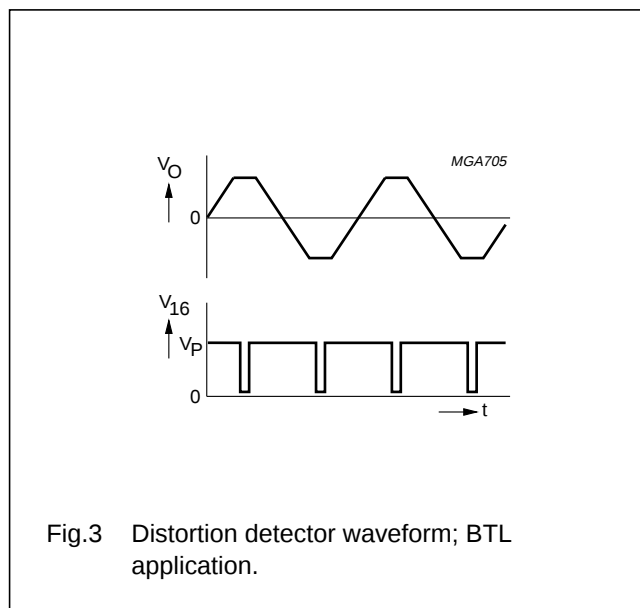


Fig.3 Distortion detector waveform; BTL application.

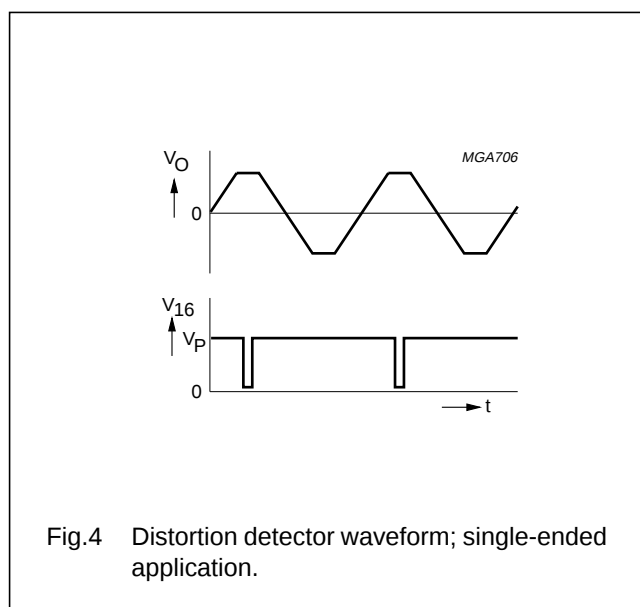
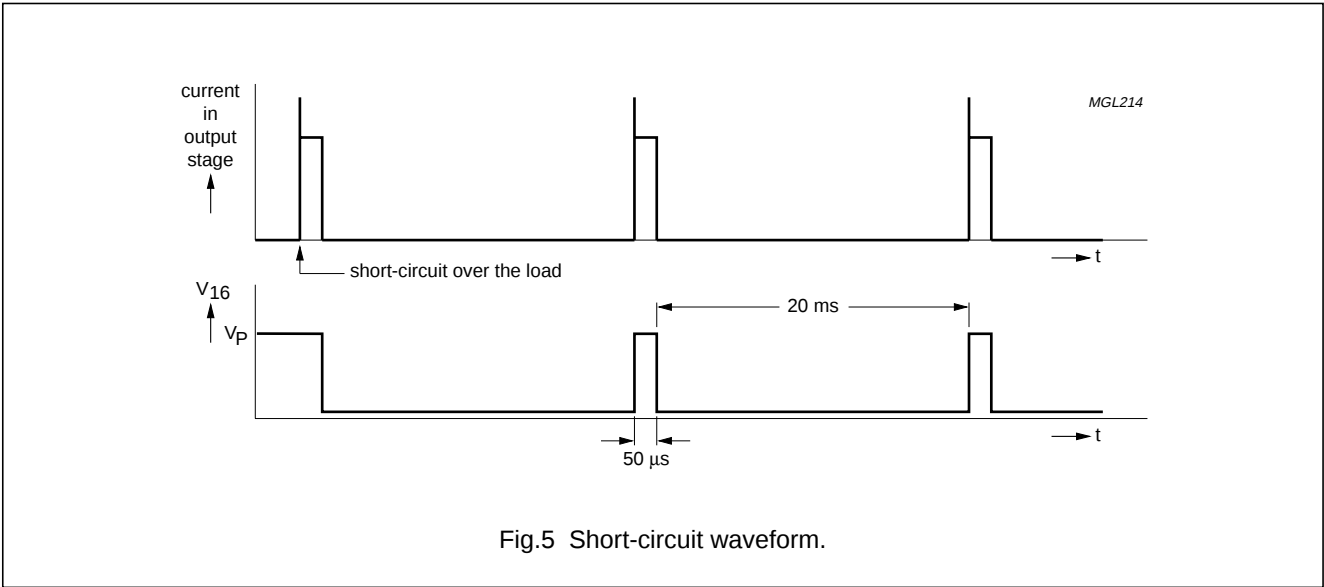


Fig.4 Distortion detector waveform; single-ended application.

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q



TEMPERATURE DETECTION

When the virtual junction temperature T_{vj} reaches 150 °C, pin 16 will be active LOW.

OPEN-COLLECTOR OUTPUT

Pin 16 is an open-collector output, which allows pin 16 of more devices being tied together.

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

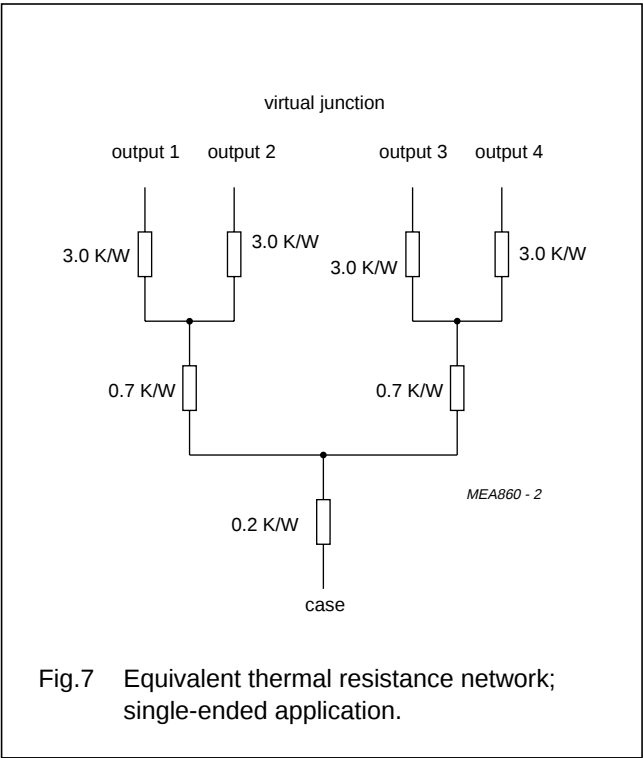
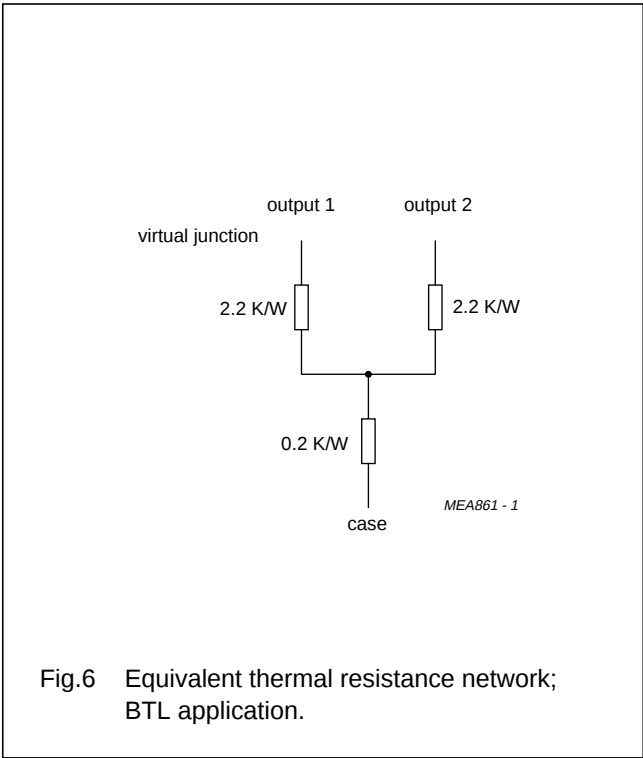
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_P	positive supply voltage		–	18	V
	operating		–	30	V
	non-operating		–	45	V
	load dump protection	during 50 ms; $t_r \geq 2.5$ ms	–	45	V
I_{OSM}	non-repetitive peak output current		–	6	A
I_{ORM}	repetitive peak output current		–	4	A
T_{stg}	storage temperature		–55	+150	°C
T_{amb}	operating ambient temperature		–40	+85	°C
T_{vj}	virtual junction temperature		–	150	°C
V_{psc}	AC and DC short-circuit safe voltage		–	18	V
V_{pr}	reverse polarity		–	6	V
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		–	60	W

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS
In accordance with IEC 747-1.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
R _{th j-a}	thermal resistance from junction to ambient in free air	40	K/W
R _{th j-c}	thermal resistance from junction to case (see Figs 6 and 7)	1.3	K/W



2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

DC CHARACTERISTICS

$V_P = 14.4\text{ V}$; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ °C}$; measured in Fig.8; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply						
V_P	positive supply voltage	note 1	6	14.4	18	V
I_P	total quiescent current		–	80	160	mA
V_O	DC output voltage	note 2	–	6.9	–	V
$ \Delta V_O $	DC output offset voltage		–	–	150	mV
Mode select switch						
V_{on}	switch-on voltage level		8.5	–	–	V
MUTE CONDITION						
V_{mute}	mute voltage		3.3	–	6.4	V
V_O	output voltage in mute position	$V_{\text{Imax}} = 1\text{ V}$; $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	–	–	2	mV
$ \Delta V_O $	DC output offset voltage (between pins 6 to 8 and 10 to 12)		–	–	150	mV
STANDBY CONDITION						
V_{sb}	standby voltage		0	–	2	V
I_{sb}	standby current		–	–	100	μA
I_{sw}	switch-on current		–	12	40	μA
Diagnostic output (pin 16)						
V_{DIAG}	diagnostic output voltage	any short-circuit or clipping	–	–	0.6	V

Notes

1. The circuit is DC adjusted at $V_P = 6$ to 18 V and AC operating at $V_P = 8.5$ to 18 V .
2. At $18\text{ V} < V_P < 30\text{ V}$ the DC output voltage $\leq 0.5V_P$.

$2 \times 24 \text{ W}$ BTL or $4 \times 12 \text{ W}$ single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

AC CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_P = 14.4 \text{ V}$; $R_L = 4 \Omega$; $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Stereo BTL application (measured in Fig.8)						
P_o	output power	note 1				
		THD = 0.5%	15	19	–	W
		THD = 10%	20	24	–	W
THD	total harmonic distortion	$P_o = 1 \text{ W}$	–	0.06	–	%
P_o	output power	$V_P = 13.2 \text{ V}$				
		THD = 0.5%	–	16	–	W
		THD = 10%	–	20	–	W
B	power bandwidth	THD = 0.5%; $P_o = -1 \text{ dB}$; with respect to 15 W	–	20 to 15000	–	Hz
f_l	low frequency roll-off	at -1 dB ; note 2	–	45	–	Hz
f_h	high frequency roll-off	at -1 dB	20	–	–	kHz
G_v	closed loop voltage gain		25	26	27	dB
SVRR	supply voltage ripple rejection	note 3	48	–	–	dB
	on		46	–	–	dB
	mute		80	–	–	dB
$ Z_i $	input impedance		25	30	38	k Ω
V_{no}	noise output voltage	$R_s = 0 \Omega$; note 4				
	on		–	70	–	μV
	on		–	100	200	μV
	mute	notes 4 and 5	–	60	–	μV
α_{cs}	channel separation	$R_s = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	40	60	–	dB
$ \Delta G_v $	channel unbalance		–	–	1	dB
DYNAMIC DISTORTION DETECTOR						
THD	total harmonic distortion	$V_{16} \leq 0.6 \text{ V}$; no short-circuit	–	10	–	%
Quad single-ended application (measured in Fig.9)						
P_o	output power	note 1				
		THD = 0.5%	4	5	–	W
		THD = 10%	5.5	7	–	W
THD	total harmonic distortion	$P_o = 1 \text{ W}$	–	0.06	–	%
P_o	output power	$R_L = 2 \Omega$; note 1				
		THD = 0.5%	7.5	10	–	W
		THD = 10%	10	12	–	W
f_l	low frequency roll-off	at -1 dB ; note 2	–	25	–	Hz
f_h	high frequency roll-off	at -1 dB	20	–	–	kHz
G_v	closed loop voltage gain		19	20	21	dB

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
SVRR	supply voltage ripple rejection	note 3				
	on		48	–	–	dB
	mute		46	–	–	dB
	standby		80	–	–	dB
$ Z_i $	input impedance		50	60	75	k Ω
V_{no}	noise output voltage	$R_s = 0 \Omega$; note 4 $R_s = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; note 4 notes 4 and 5				
	on		–	50	–	μV
	on		–	70	100	μV
	mute		–	50	–	μV
α_{cs}	channel separation	$R_s = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	40	60	–	dB
$ \Delta G_v $	channel unbalance		–	–	1	dB
DYNAMIC DISTORTION DETECTOR						
THD	total harmonic distortion	$V_{16} \leq 0.6 \text{ V}$; no short-circuit	–	10	–	%

Notes

1. Output power is measured directly at the output pins of the IC.
2. Frequency response externally fixed.
3. Ripple rejection measured at the output with a source impedance of 0Ω , maximum ripple amplitude of 2 V (p-p) and at a frequency of between 100 Hz and 10 kHz.
4. Noise measured in a bandwidth of 20 Hz to 20 kHz.
5. Noise output voltage independent of R_s ($V_i = 0 \text{ V}$).

$2 \times 24 \text{ W}$ BTL or $4 \times 12 \text{ W}$ single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

TEST AND APPLICATION INFORMATION

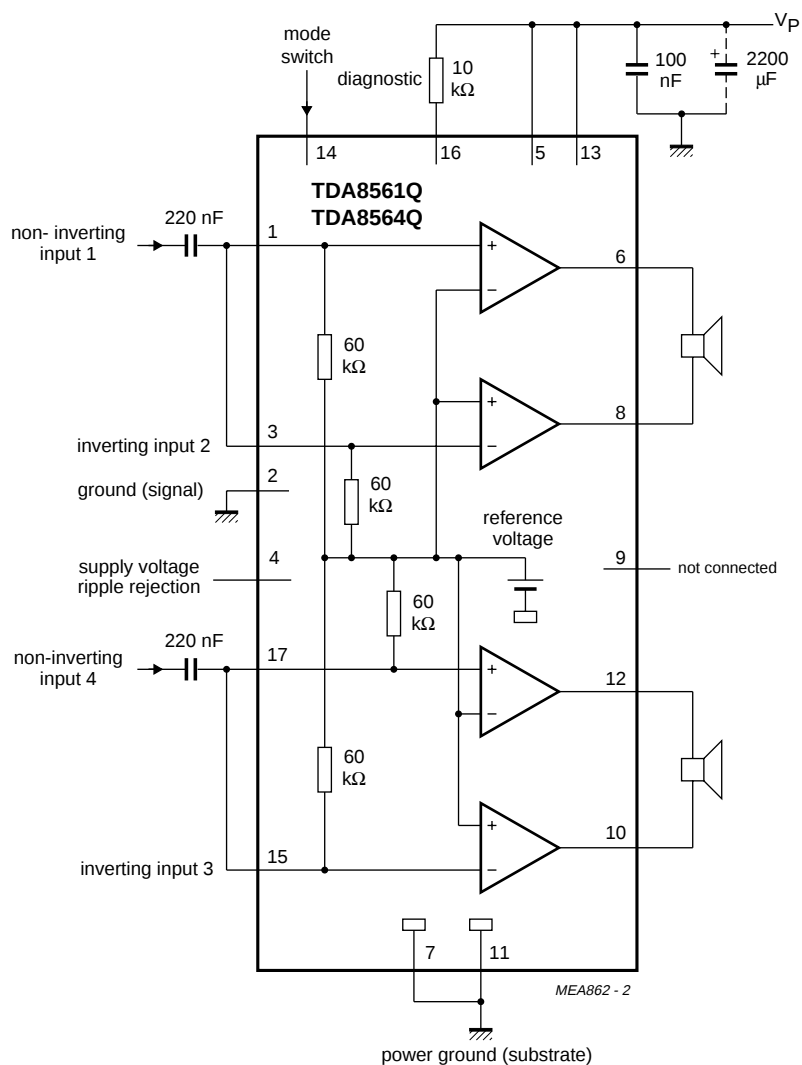


Fig.8 Stereo BTL application diagram.

$2 \times 24\text{ W}$ BTL or $4 \times 12\text{ W}$ single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

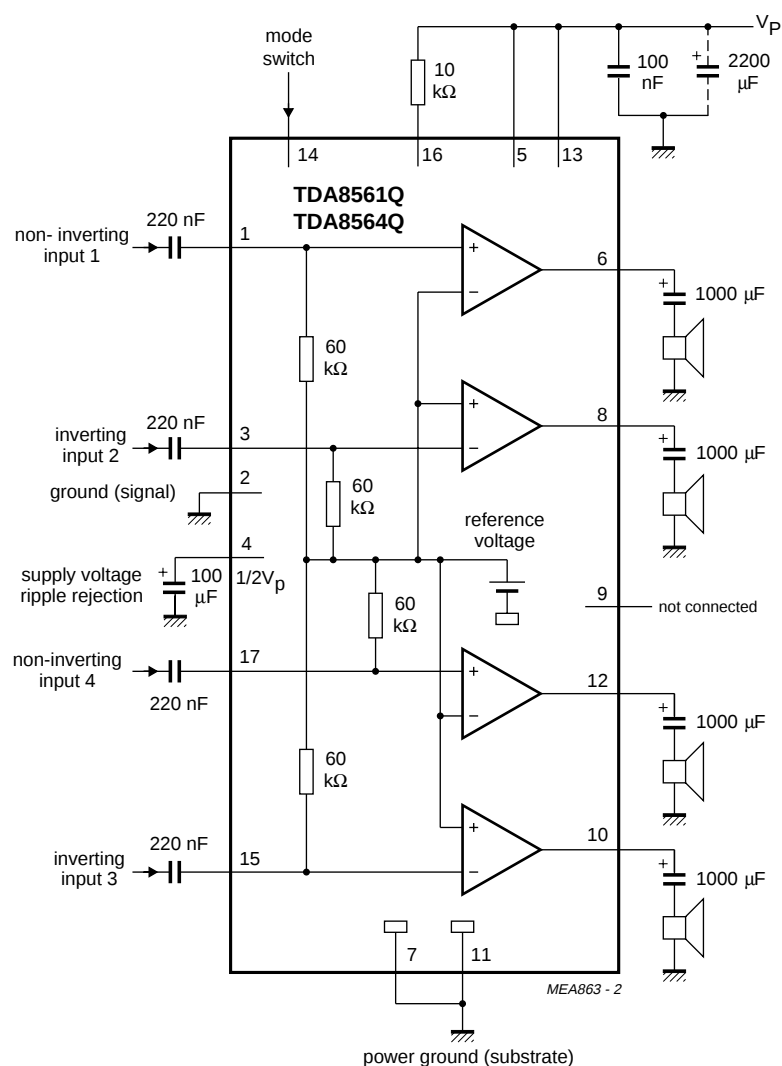
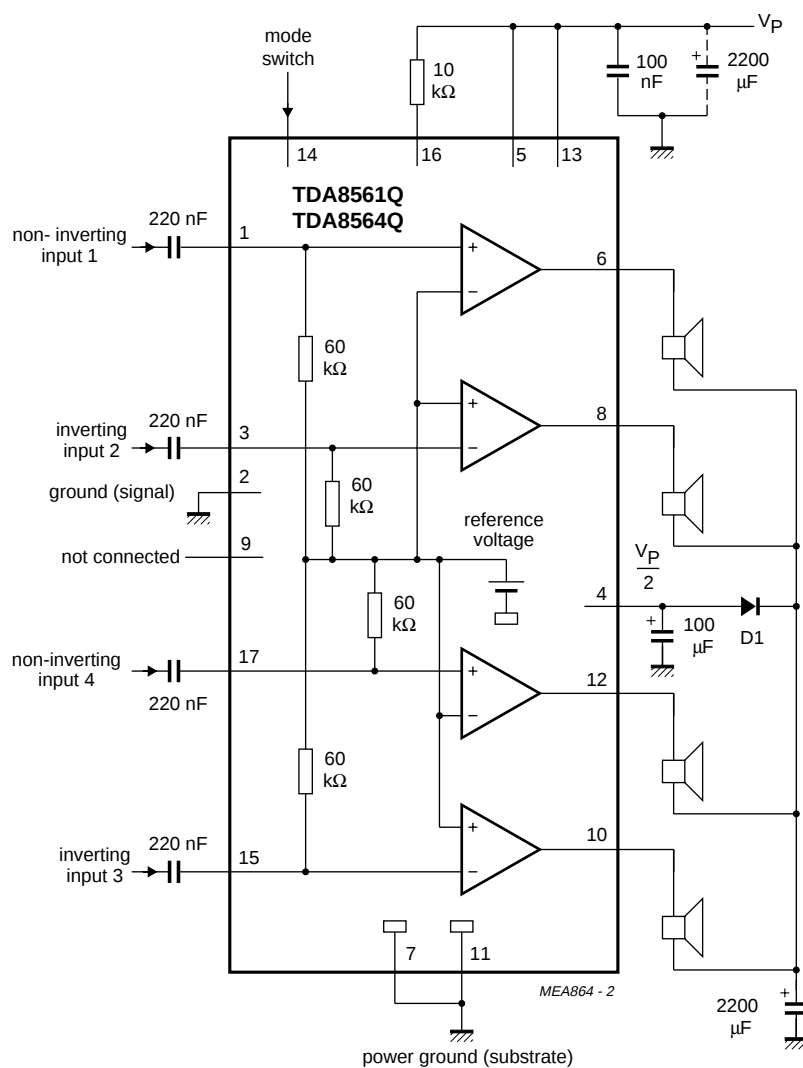


Fig.9 Quad single-ended application diagram 1.

$2 \times 24\text{ W}$ BTL or $4 \times 12\text{ W}$ single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q



(1) When short-circuiting the single-ended capacitor, the dissipation will be reduced due to diode D1.

Fig.10 Quad single-ended application diagram 2.

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

Mode select switch

To avoid switch-on plops, it is advised to keep the amplifier in the mute mode during >100 ms (charging of the input capacitors at pins 1, 3, 15 and 17).

The circuit in Fig.11 slowly ramps up the voltage at the mode select switch pin when switching on and results in fast muting when switching off.

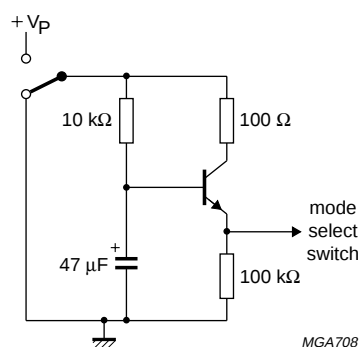


Fig.11 Mode select switch circuitry.

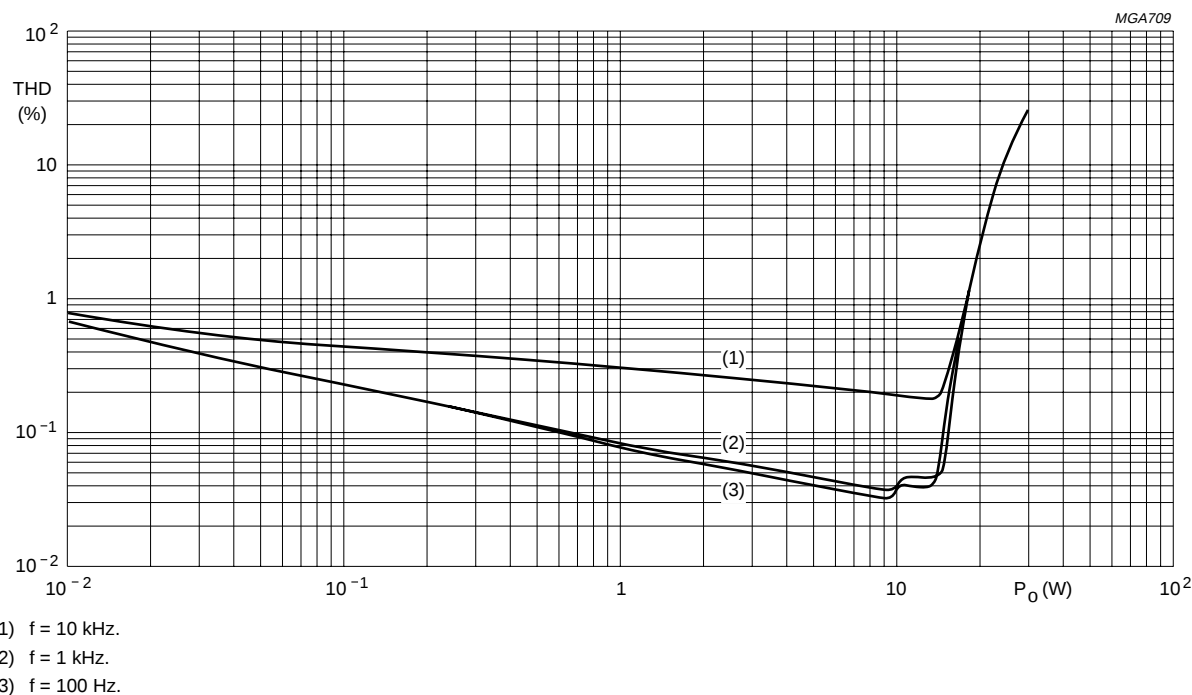


Fig.12 Total harmonic distortion as a function of output power; $V_P = 14.4 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 4 \Omega$.

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

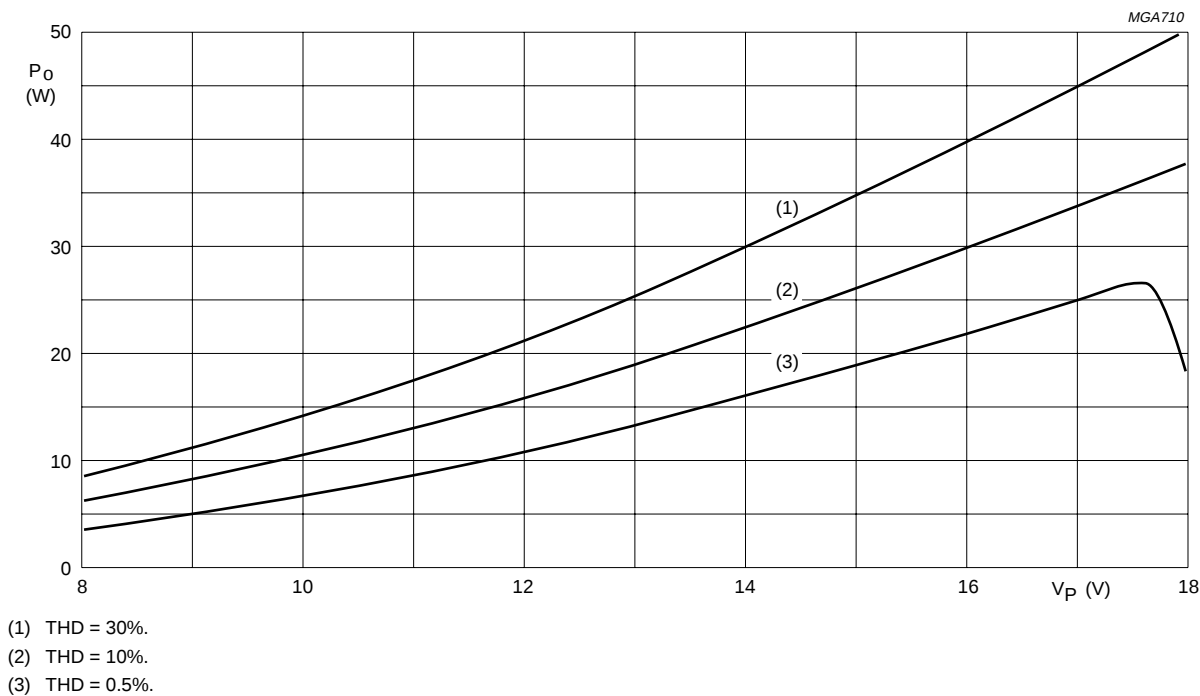


Fig.13 Output power as a function of supply voltage.

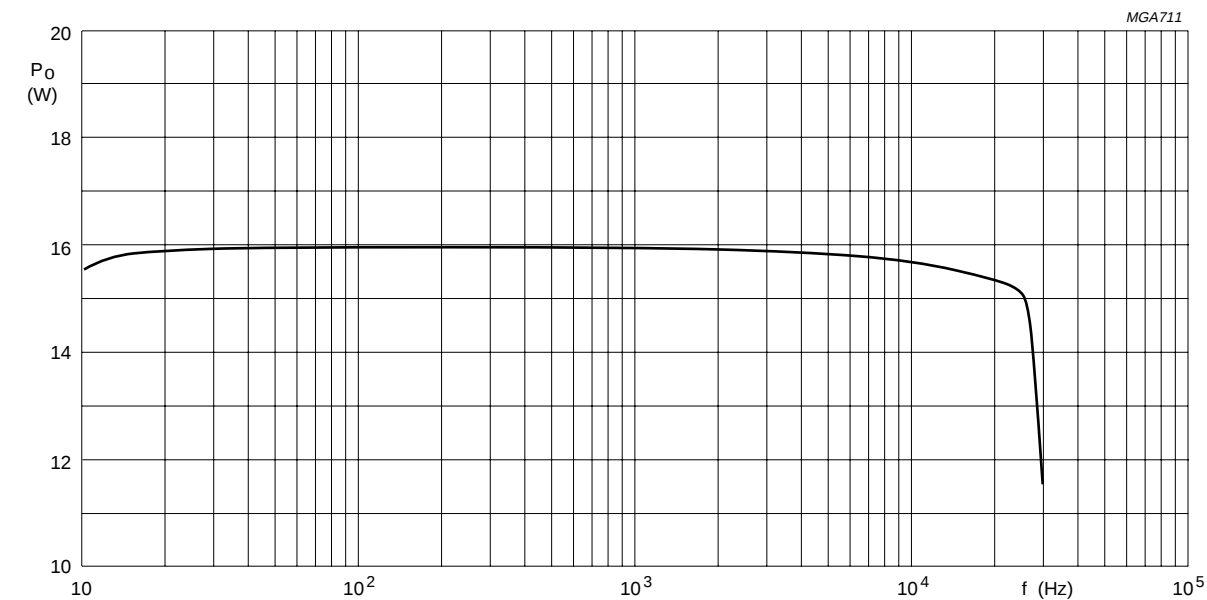


Fig.14 Power bandwidth as a function of frequency; THD = 0.5%, V_P = 14.4 V, R_L = 4 Ω .

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

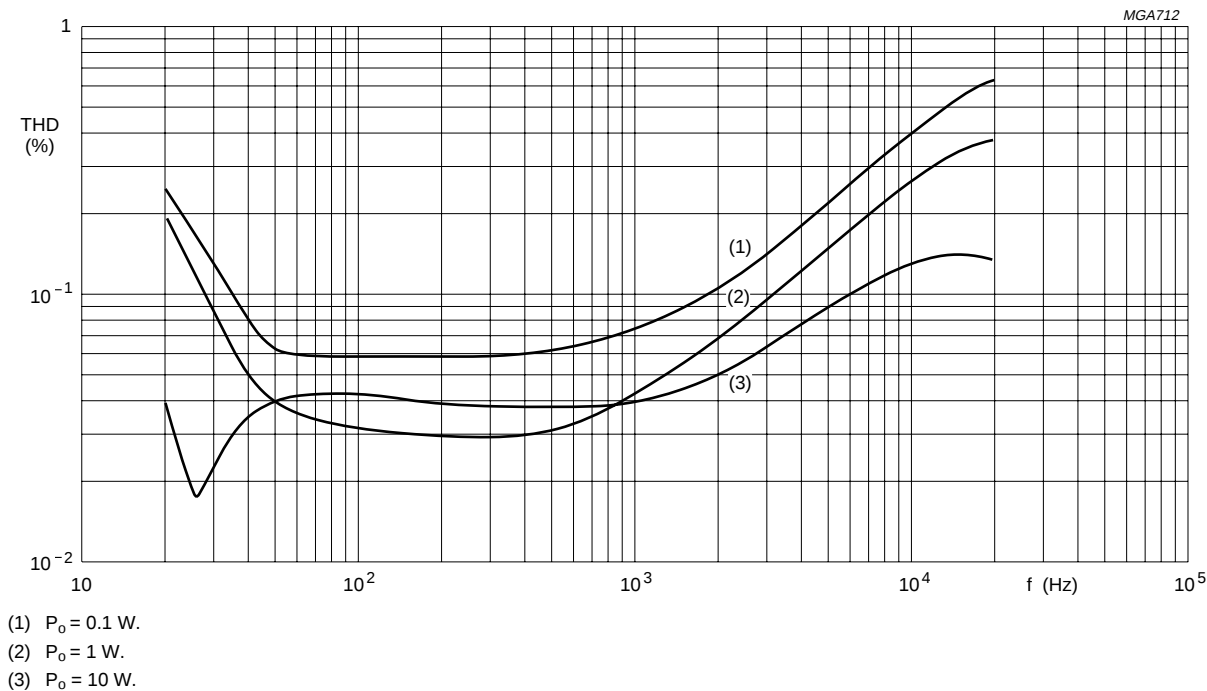


Fig.15 Total harmonic distortion as a function of frequency; $V_P = 14.4$ V, $R_L = 4 \Omega$.

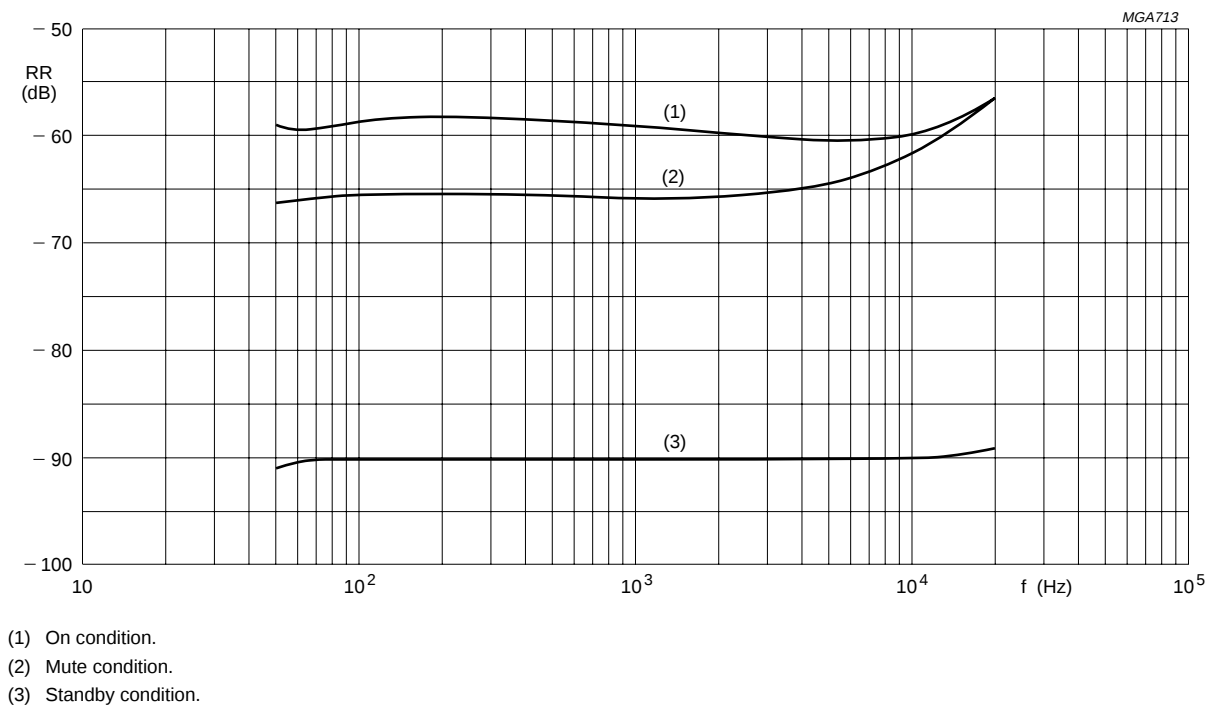


Fig.16 Ripple rejection as a function of frequency.

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

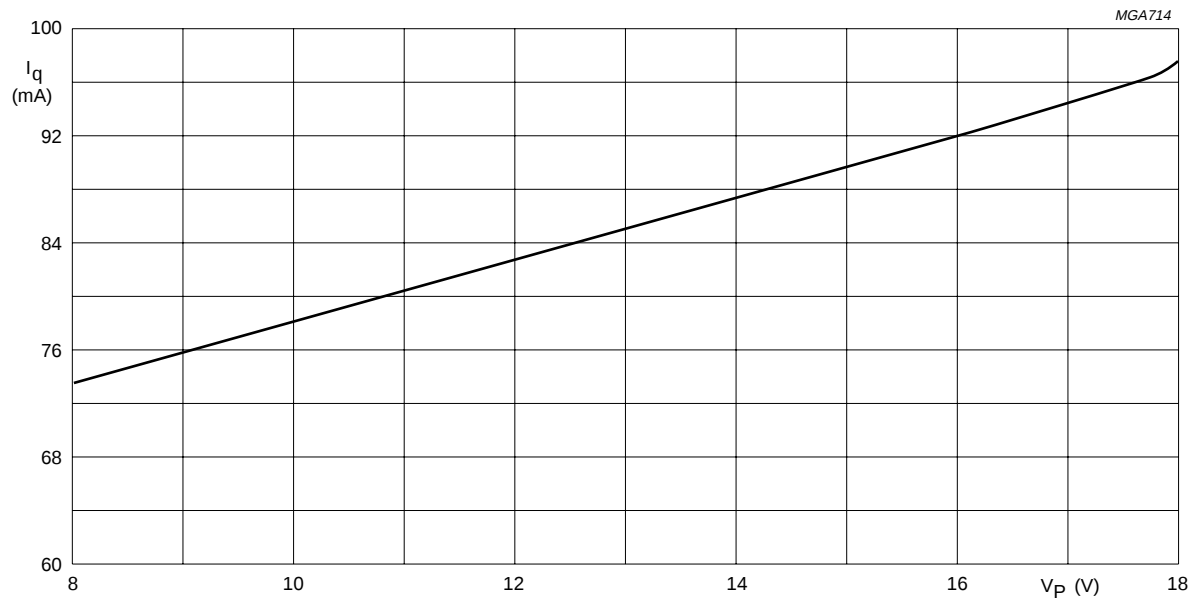


Fig.17 Quiescent current as a function of supply voltage; $R_L = \infty$.

SINGLE-ENDED APPLICATION

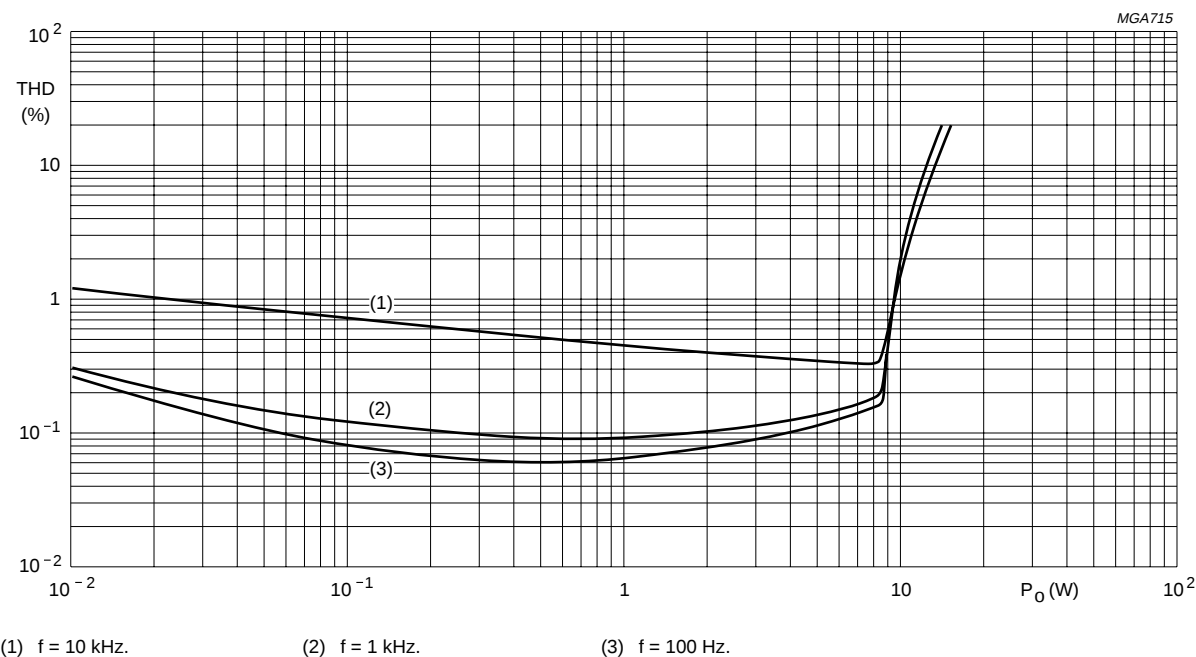


Fig.18 Total harmonic distortion as a function of output power; $V_P = 14.4$ V, $R_L = 2 \Omega$.

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

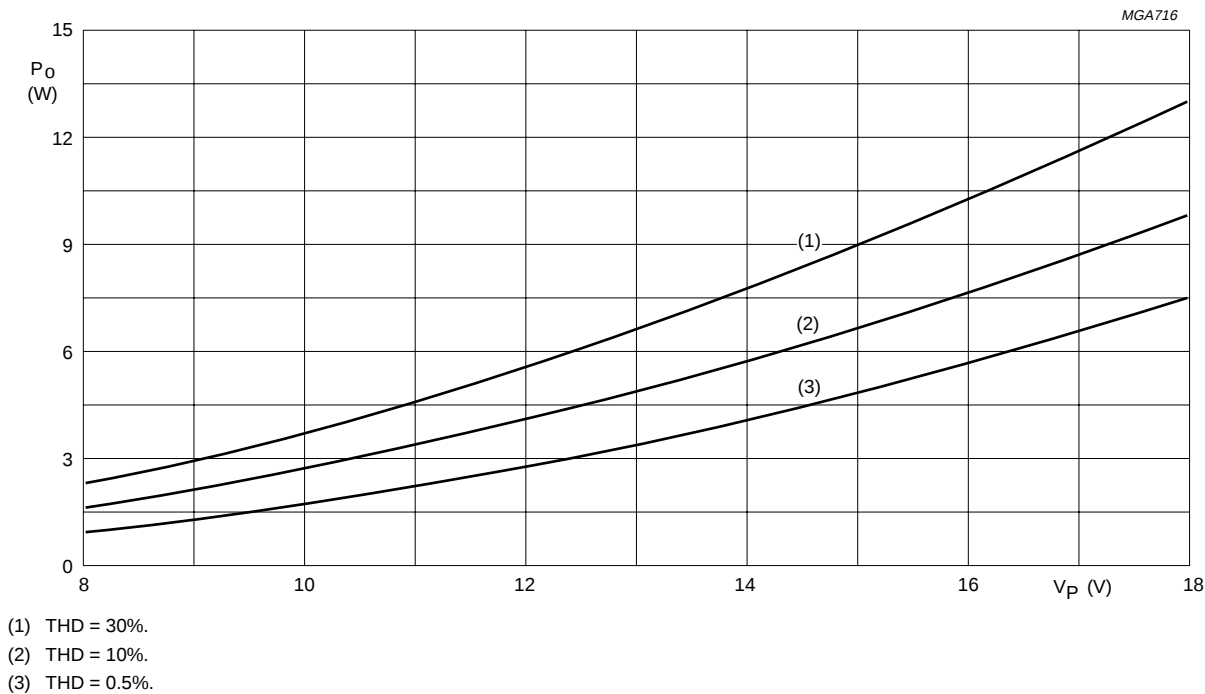


Fig.19 Output power as a function of supply voltage.

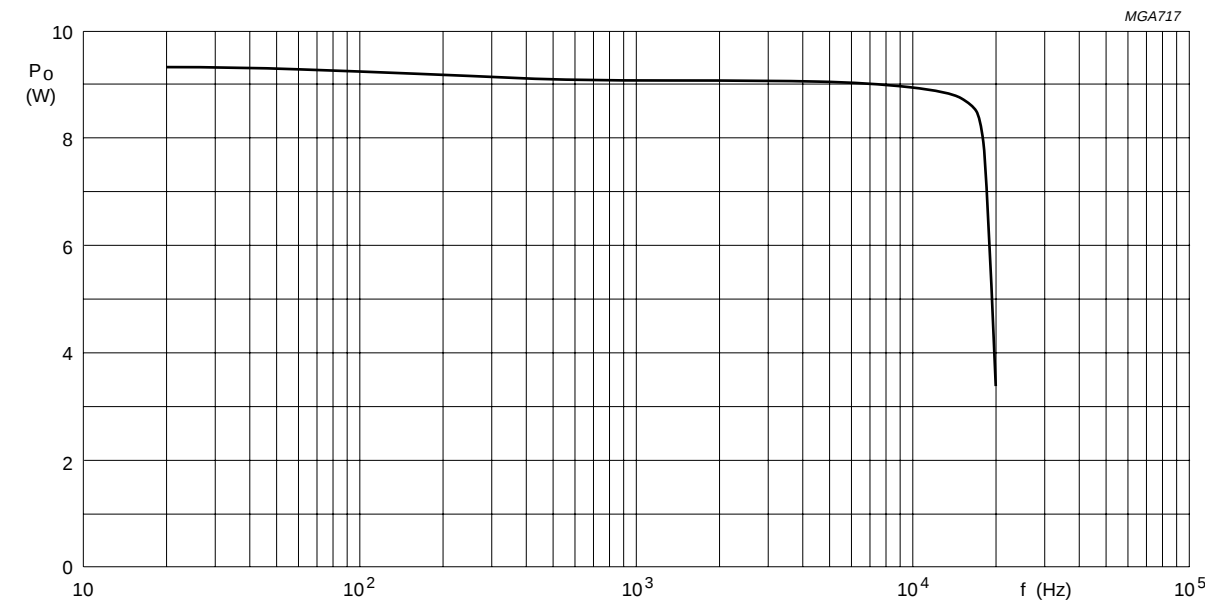
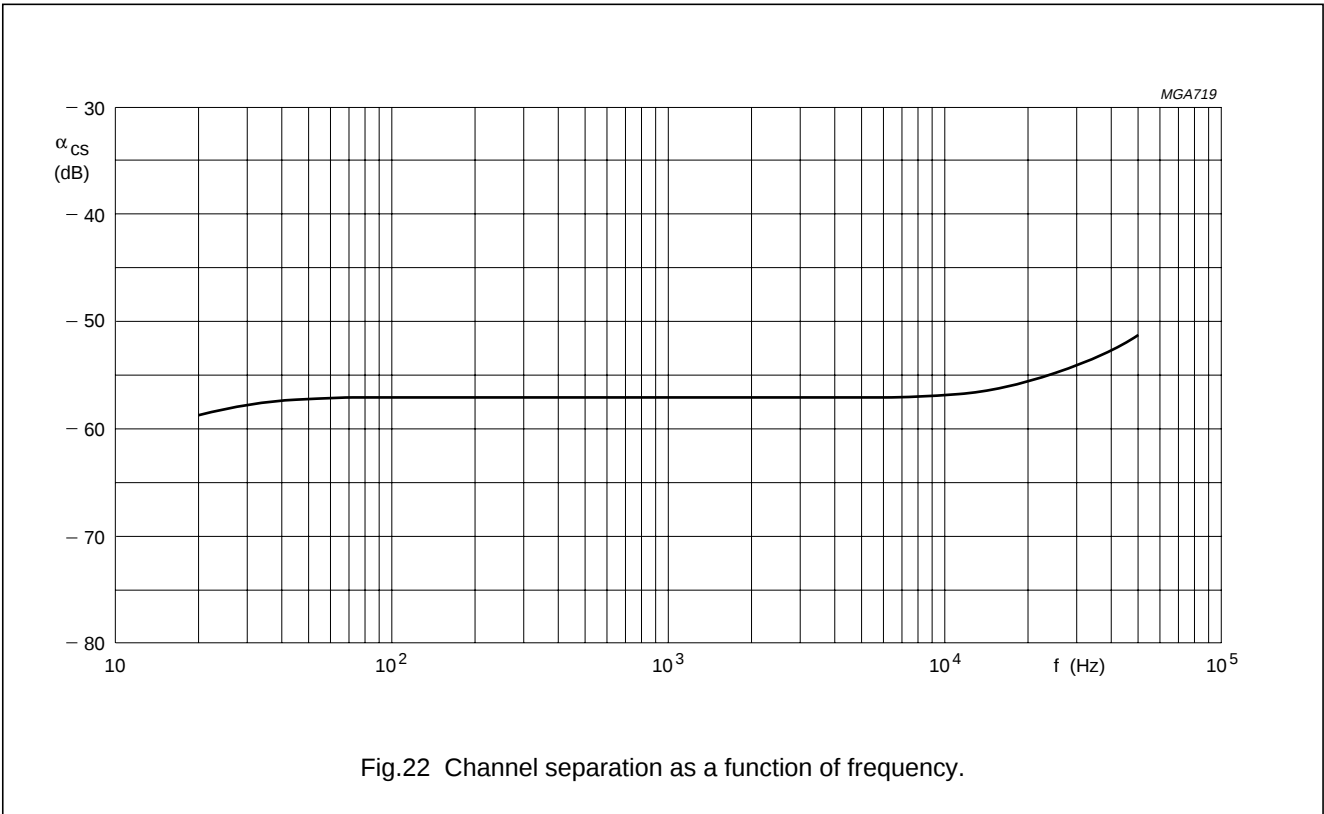
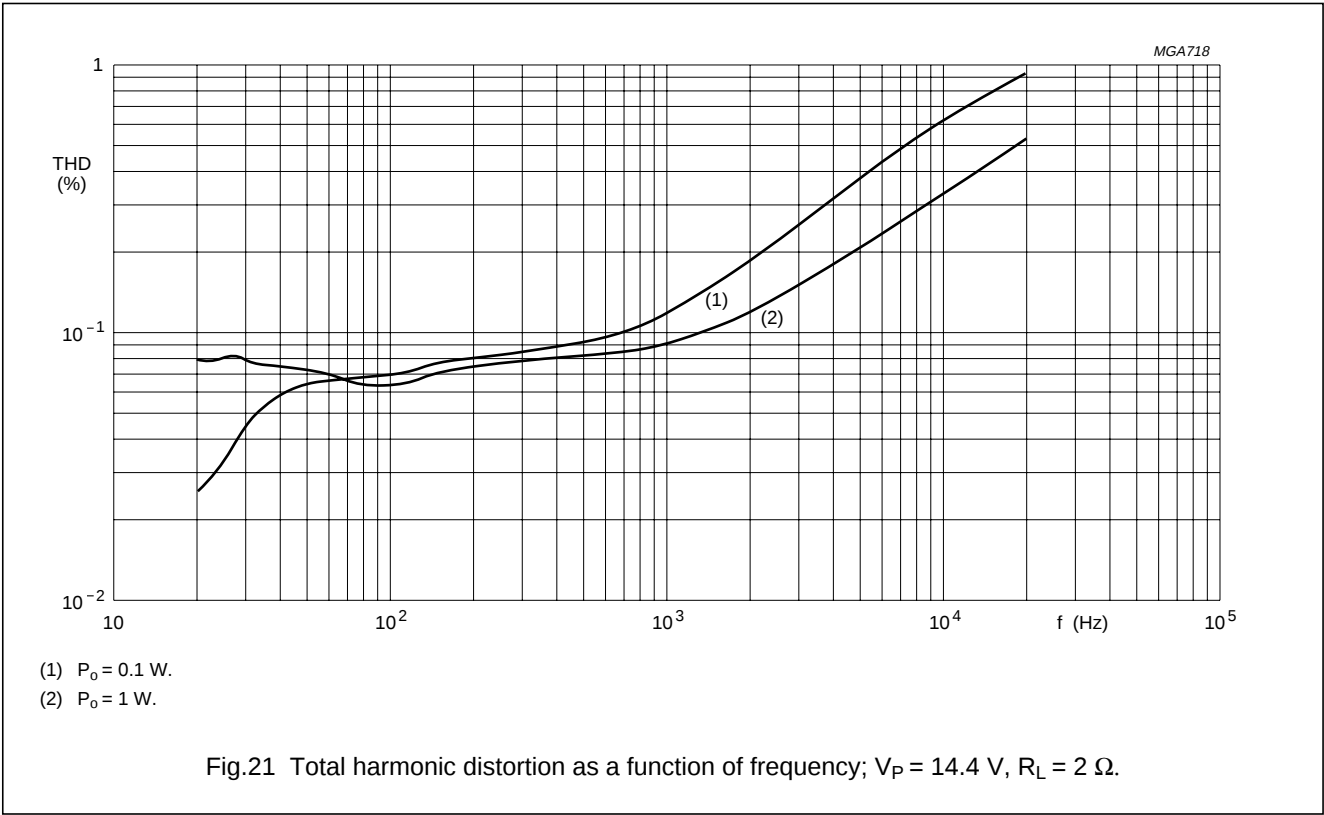


Fig.20 Power bandwidth as a function of frequency; THD = 0.5%, V_P = 14.4 V, R_L = 2 Ω .

2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q



$2 \times 24\text{ W}$ BTL or $4 \times 12\text{ W}$ single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

BTL APPLICATION

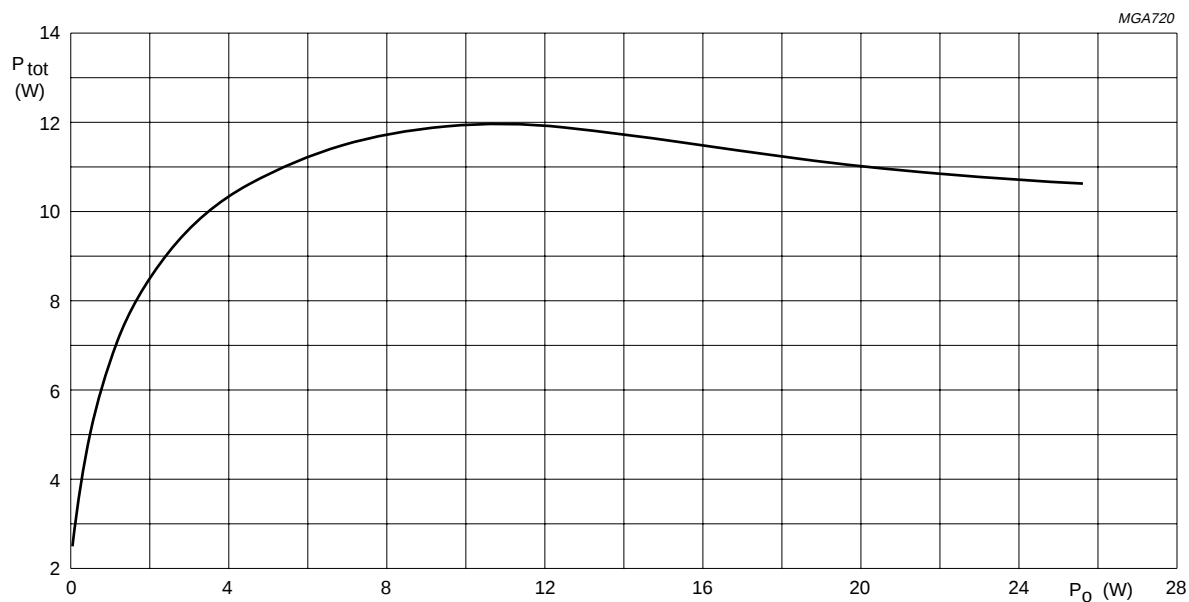


Fig.23 Total power dissipation as a function of output power; $V_P = 14.4\text{ V}$, $R_L = 4\ \Omega$ (1 channel driven BTL or 4 channels in single-ended mode).

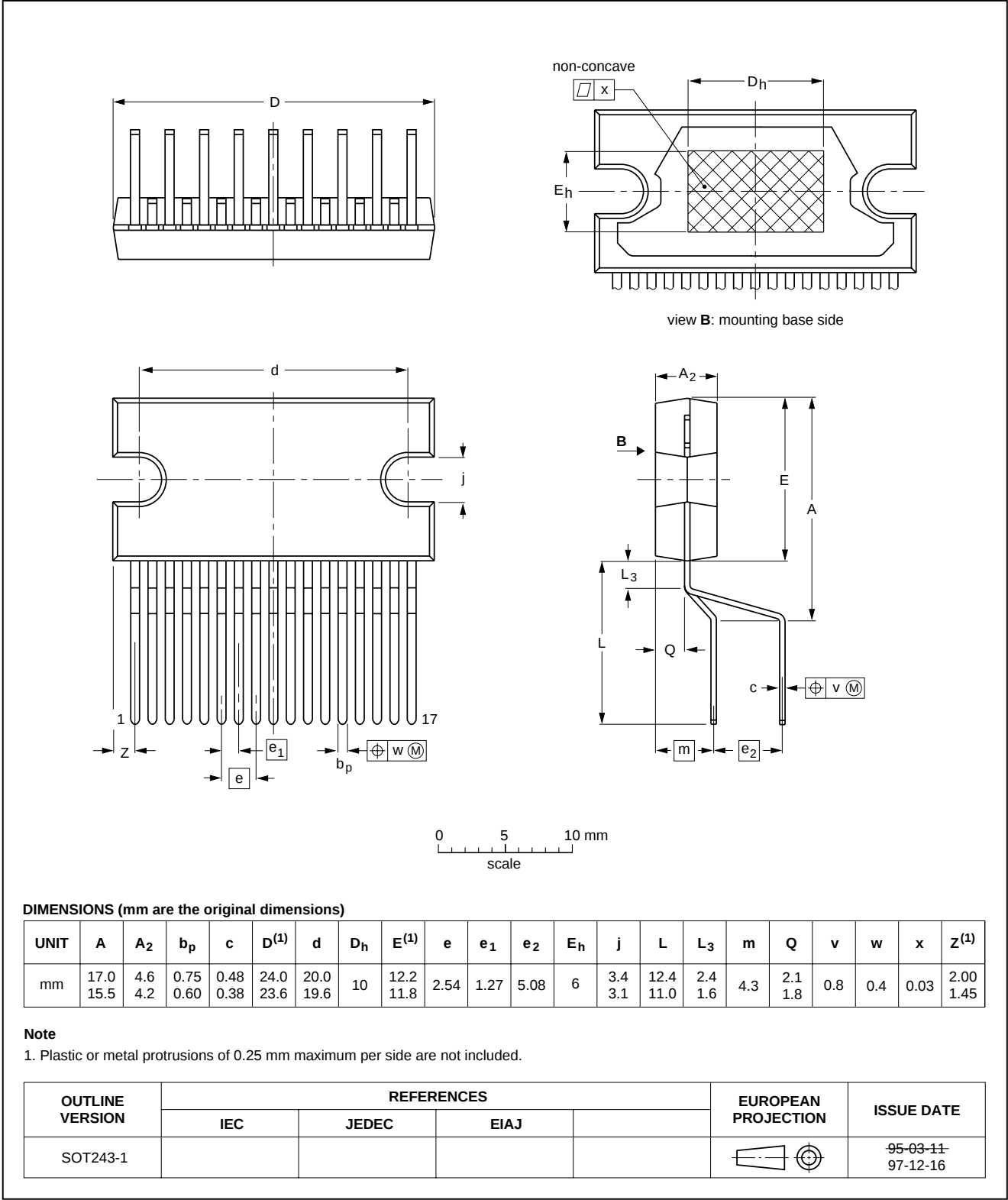
2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

PACKAGE OUTLINE

DBS17P: plastic DIL-bent-SIL power package; 17 leads (lead length 12 mm)

SOT243-1



2 × 24 W BTL or 4 × 12 W single-ended car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

SOLDERING

Introduction to soldering through-hole mount packages

This text gives a brief insight to wave, dip and manual soldering. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages"* (document order number 9398 652 90011).

Wave soldering is the preferred method for mounting of through-hole mount IC packages on a printed-circuit board.

Soldering by dipping or by solder wave

The maximum permissible temperature of the solder is 260 °C; solder at this temperature must not be in contact with the joints for more than 5 seconds.

The total contact time of successive solder waves must not exceed 5 seconds.

The device may be mounted up to the seating plane, but the temperature of the plastic body must not exceed the specified maximum storage temperature ($T_{stg(max)}$). If the printed-circuit board has been pre-heated, forced cooling may be necessary immediately after soldering to keep the temperature within the permissible limit.

Manual soldering

Apply the soldering iron (24 V or less) to the lead(s) of the package, either below the seating plane or not more than 2 mm above it. If the temperature of the soldering iron bit is less than 300 °C it may remain in contact for up to 10 seconds. If the bit temperature is between 300 and 400 °C, contact may be up to 5 seconds.

Suitability of through-hole mount IC packages for dipping and wave soldering methods

PACKAGE	SOLDERING METHOD	
	DIPPING	WAVE
DBS, DIP, HDIP, SDIP, SIL	suitable	suitable ⁽¹⁾

Note

- For SDIP packages, the longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
Application information	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

2×24 W BTL or 4×12 W single-ended
car radio power amplifier

TDA8561Q

NOTES

Philips Semiconductors – a worldwide company

Argentina: see South America

Australia: 34 Waterloo Road, NORTH RYDE, NSW 2113,
Tel. +61 2 9805 4455, Fax. +61 2 9805 4466

Austria: Computerstr. 6, A-1101 WIEN, P.O. Box 213,
Tel. +43 1 60 101 1248, Fax. +43 1 60 101 1210

Belarus: Hotel Minsk Business Center, Bld. 3, r. 1211, Volodarski Str. 6,
220050 MINSK, Tel. +375 172 20 0733, Fax. +375 172 20 0773

Belgium: see The Netherlands

Brazil: see South America

Bulgaria: Philips Bulgaria Ltd., Energoproject, 15th floor,
51 James Bourchier Blvd., 1407 SOFIA,
Tel. +359 2 68 9211, Fax. +359 2 68 9102

Canada: PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS/COMPONENTS,
Tel. +1 800 234 7381, Fax. +1 800 943 0087

China/Hong Kong: 501 Hong Kong Industrial Technology Centre,
72 Tat Chee Avenue, Kowloon Tong, HONG KONG,
Tel. +852 2319 7888, Fax. +852 2319 7700

Colombia: see South America

Czech Republic: see Austria

Denmark: Sydhavnsgade 23, 1780 COPENHAGEN V,
Tel. +45 33 29 3333, Fax. +45 33 29 3905

Finland: Sinikalliontie 3, FIN-02630 ESPOO,
Tel. +358 9 615 800, Fax. +358 9 6158 0920

France: 51 Rue Carnot, BP317, 92156 SURESNES Cedex,
Tel. +33 1 4099 6161, Fax. +33 1 4099 6427

Germany: Hammerbrookstraße 69, D-20097 HAMBURG,
Tel. +49 40 2353 60, Fax. +49 40 2353 6300

Hungary: see Austria

India: Philips INDIA Ltd, Band Box Building, 2nd floor,
254-D, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, MUMBAI 400 025,
Tel. +91 22 493 8541, Fax. +91 22 493 0966

Indonesia: PT Philips Development Corporation, Semiconductors Division,
Gedung Philips, Jl. Buncit Raya Kav.99-100, JAKARTA 12510,
Tel. +62 21 794 0040 ext. 2501, Fax. +62 21 794 0080

Ireland: Newstead, Clonskeagh, DUBLIN 14,
Tel. +353 1 7640 000, Fax. +353 1 7640 200

Israel: RAPAC Electronics, 7 Kehilat Saloniki St, PO Box 18053,
TEL AVIV 61180, Tel. +972 3 645 0444, Fax. +972 3 649 1007

Italy: PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS, Piazza IV Novembre 3,
20124 MILANO, Tel. +39 02 67 52 2531, Fax. +39 02 67 52 2557

Japan: Philips Bldg 13-37, Kohnan 2-chome, Minato-ku,
TOKYO 108-8507, Tel. +81 3 3740 5130, Fax. +81 3 3740 5057

Korea: Philips House, 260-199 Itaewon-dong, Yongsan-ku, SEOUL,
Tel. +82 2 709 1412, Fax. +82 2 709 1415

Malaysia: No. 76 Jalan Universiti, 46200 PETALING JAYA, SELANGOR,
Tel. +60 3 750 5214, Fax. +60 3 757 4880

Mexico: 5900 Gateway East, Suite 200, EL PASO, TEXAS 79905,
Tel. +9-5 800 234 7381, Fax +9-5 800 943 0087

Middle East: see Italy

Netherlands: Postbus 90050, 5600 PB EINDHOVEN, Bldg. VB,
Tel. +31 40 27 82785, Fax. +31 40 27 88399

New Zealand: 2 Wagener Place, C.P.O. Box 1041, AUCKLAND,
Tel. +64 9 849 4160, Fax. +64 9 849 7811

Norway: Box 1, Manglerud 0612, OSLO,
Tel. +47 22 74 8000, Fax. +47 22 74 8341

Pakistan: see Singapore

Philippines: Philips Semiconductors Philippines Inc.,
106 Valero St. Salcedo Village, P.O. Box 2108 MCC, MAKATI,
Metro MANILA, Tel. +63 2 816 6380, Fax. +63 2 817 3474

Poland: Ul. Lukiska 10, PL 04-123 WARSZAWA,
Tel. +48 22 612 2831, Fax. +48 22 612 2327

Portugal: see Spain

Romania: see Italy

Russia: Philips Russia, Ul. Usatcheva 35A, 119048 MOSCOW,
Tel. +7 095 755 6918, Fax. +7 095 755 6919

Singapore: Lorong 1, Toa Payoh, SINGAPORE 319762,
Tel. +65 350 2538, Fax. +65 251 6500

Slovakia: see Austria

Slovenia: see Italy

South Africa: S.A. PHILIPS Pty Ltd., 195-215 Main Road Martindale,
2092 JOHANNESBURG, P.O. Box 58088 Newville 2114,
Tel. +27 11 471 5401, Fax. +27 11 471 5398

South America: Al. Vicente Pinzon, 173, 6th floor,
04547-130 SÃO PAULO, SP, Brazil,
Tel. +55 11 821 2333, Fax. +55 11 821 2382

Spain: Balmes 22, 08007 BARCELONA,
Tel. +34 93 301 6312, Fax. +34 93 301 4107

Sweden: Kottbygatan 7, Akalla, S-16485 STOCKHOLM,
Tel. +46 8 5985 2000, Fax. +46 8 5985 2745

Switzerland: Allmendstrasse 140, CH-8027 ZÜRICH,
Tel. +41 1 488 2741 Fax. +41 1 488 3263

Taiwan: Philips Semiconductors, 6F, No. 96, Chien Kuo N. Rd., Sec. 1,
TAIPEI, Taiwan Tel. +886 2 2134 2886, Fax. +886 2 2134 2874

Thailand: PHILIPS ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) Ltd.,
209/2 Sanpavuth-Bangna Road Prakanong, BANGKOK 10260,
Tel. +66 2 745 4090, Fax. +66 2 398 0793

Turkey: Yukari Dudullu, Org. San. Blg., 2.Cad. Nr. 28 81260 Umraniye,
ISTANBUL, Tel. +90 216 522 1500, Fax. +90 216 522 1813

Ukraine: PHILIPS UKRAINE, 4 Patrice Lumumba str., Building B, Floor 7,
252042 KIEV, Tel. +380 44 264 2776, Fax. +380 44 268 0461

United Kingdom: Philips Semiconductors Ltd., 276 Bath Road, Hayes,
MIDDLESEX UB3 5BX, Tel. +44 208 730 5000, Fax. +44 208 754 8421

United States: 811 East Arques Avenue, SUNNYVALE, CA 94088-3409,
Tel. +1 800 234 7381, Fax. +1 800 943 0087

Uruguay: see South America

Vietnam: see Singapore

Yugoslavia: PHILIPS, Trg N. Pasica 5/v, 11000 BEOGRAD,
Tel. +381 11 62 5344, Fax. +381 11 63 5777

For all other countries apply to: Philips Semiconductors,
International Marketing & Sales Communications, Building BE-p, P.O. Box 218,
5600 MD EINDHOVEN, The Netherlands, Fax. +31 40 27 24825

Internet: <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>

© Philips Electronics N.V. 1999

SCA 66

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.

The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Printed in The Netherlands

545002/04/pp24

Date of release: 1999 Jun 30

Document order number: 9397 750 06053

Let's make things better.

**Philips
Semiconductors**



PHILIPS

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

NXP:

[TDA8561Q/N3C,112](#) [TDA8561Q/N3S,112](#)

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



Тел: +7 (812) 336 43 04 (многоканальный)

Email: org@lifeelectronics.ru

www.lifeelectronics.ru