
USB-to-GPIO Bridging with Microchip USB70xx Hubs

*Authors: Josh Averyt and Andrew Rogers
Microchip Technology Inc.*

INTRODUCTION

The USB-to-GPIO bridging feature of Microchip's USB70xx family of hubs provides system designers expanded system control and potential BOM reductions. General Purpose Input/Outputs (GPIOs) may be used for any general 3.3V-level digital control and input functions.

Commands may be sent from the USB Host to the internal Hub Feature Controller (HFC) device in the Microchip hub to perform the following functions:

- Set the direction of the GPIO (input or output)
- Enable a pull-up resistor
- Enable a pull-down resistor
- Read the state
- Set the state

SECTIONS

[General Information](#)

[Part Number-Specific Information](#)

[SDK Implementation](#)

[Manual Implementation](#)

[Examples](#)

REFERENCES

Consult the following documents for details on the specific parts referred to in this application note:

- *Microchip USB7002 Data Sheet*
- *Microchip USB7050 Data Sheet*
- *Microchip USB7051 Data Sheet*
- *Microchip USB7052 Data Sheet*
- *Microchip USB7056 Data Sheet*
- *Microchip Configuration Options for the USB70xx*

GENERAL INFORMATION

Microchip hub USB Bridging features work via host commands sent to an embedded Hub Feature Controller within the device located on an additional internal USB port. In order for the bridging features to work correctly, this internal Hub Feature Controller must be enabled by default. Table 1 provides details on default Hub Feature Controller settings per device.

TABLE 1: DEFAULT SETTINGS FOR HUB FEATURE CONTROLLER ENABLE

Part Number	Part Summary	Hub Feature Controller Default Setting
USB7002	4-Port USB3.1 Gen1 Hub	Enabled by default on port 6
USB7050	4-Port USB3.1 Gen1 Hub with USB power delivery on 3 ports	Enabled by default on port 6
USB7051	4-Port USB3.1 Gen1 Hub with USB power delivery on 2 ports	Enabled by default on port 6
USB7052	4-Port USB3.1 Gen1 Hub with USB power delivery on 1 port	Enabled by default on port 6
USB7056	6-Port USB3.1 Gen1 Hub with USB power delivery on 1 port	Enabled by default on port 8

The Hub Feature Controller is connected to an extra internal port in the hub. It is mapped to the highest numbered port on the hub by default.

The Hub Feature Controller example for the USB7002 is illustrated in Figure 1, while the Hub Feature Controller example for the USB7050, USB7051, and USB7052 is in Figure 2. A sample of the Hub Feature Controller for USB7056 is shown in Figure 3.

FIGURE 1: USB7002 HUB FEATURE CONTROLLER EXAMPLE

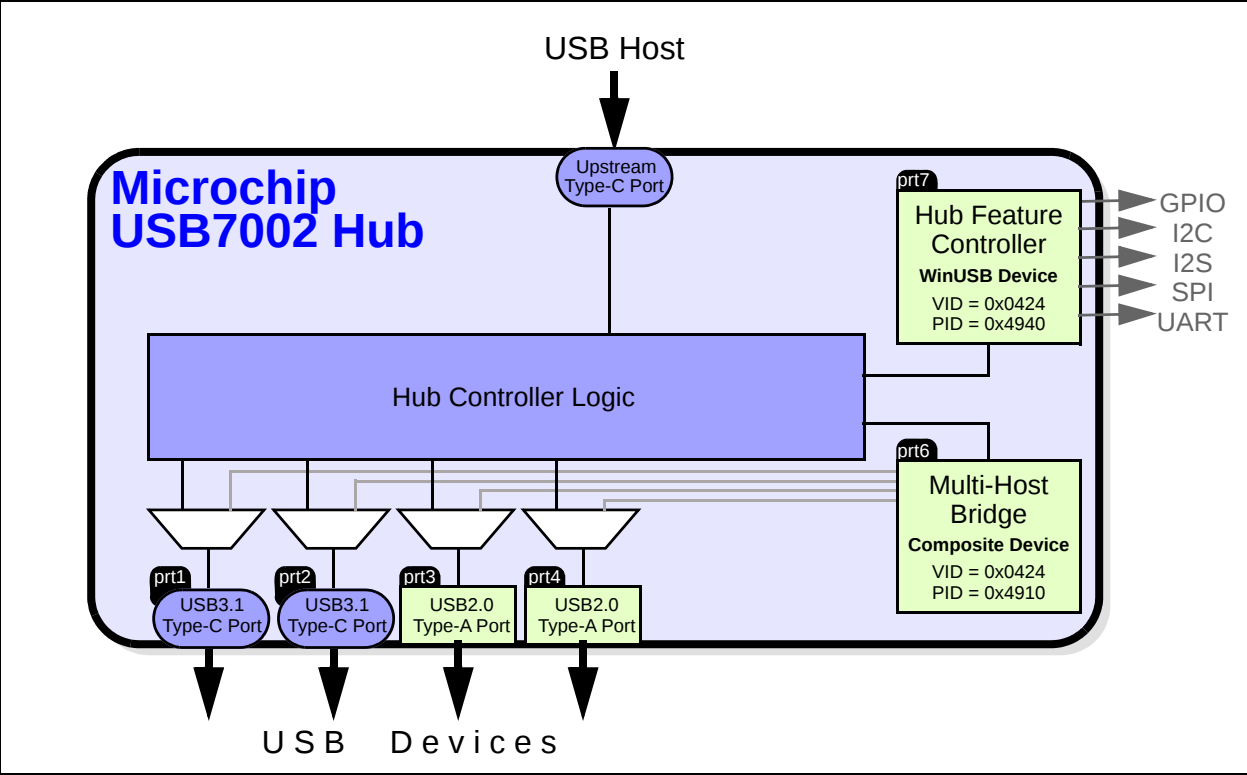


FIGURE 2: USB7050, USB7051, AND USB7052 HUB FEATURE CONTROLLER EXAMPLE

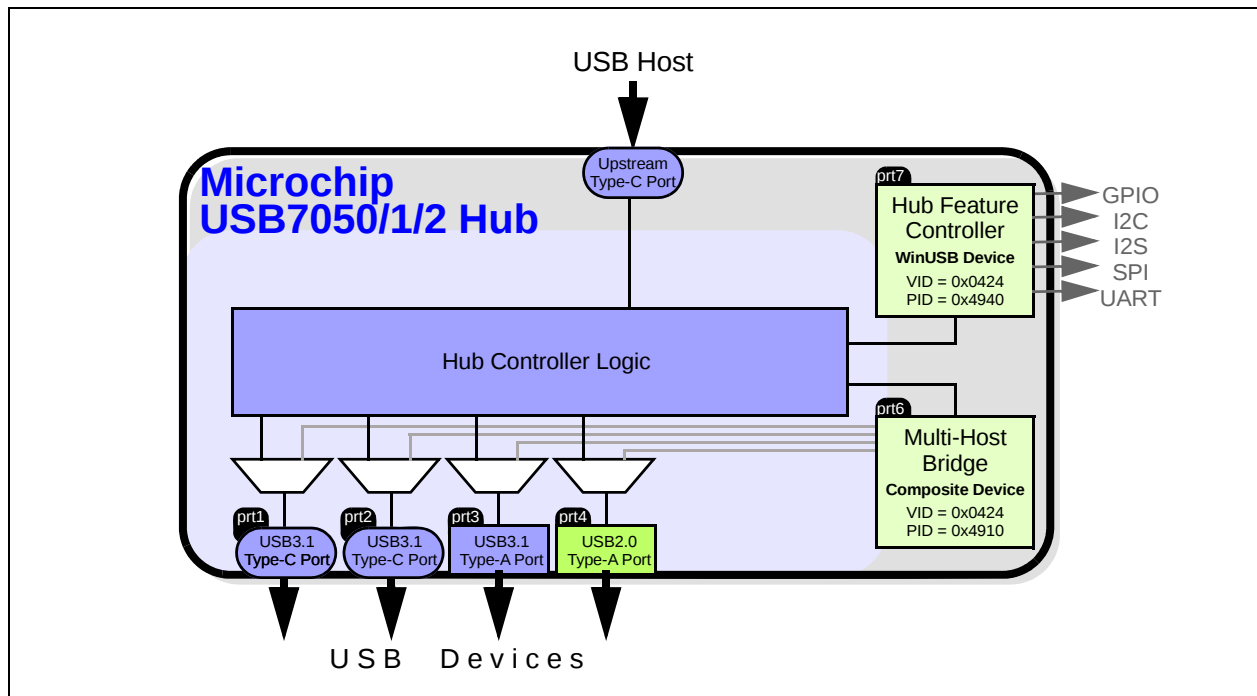
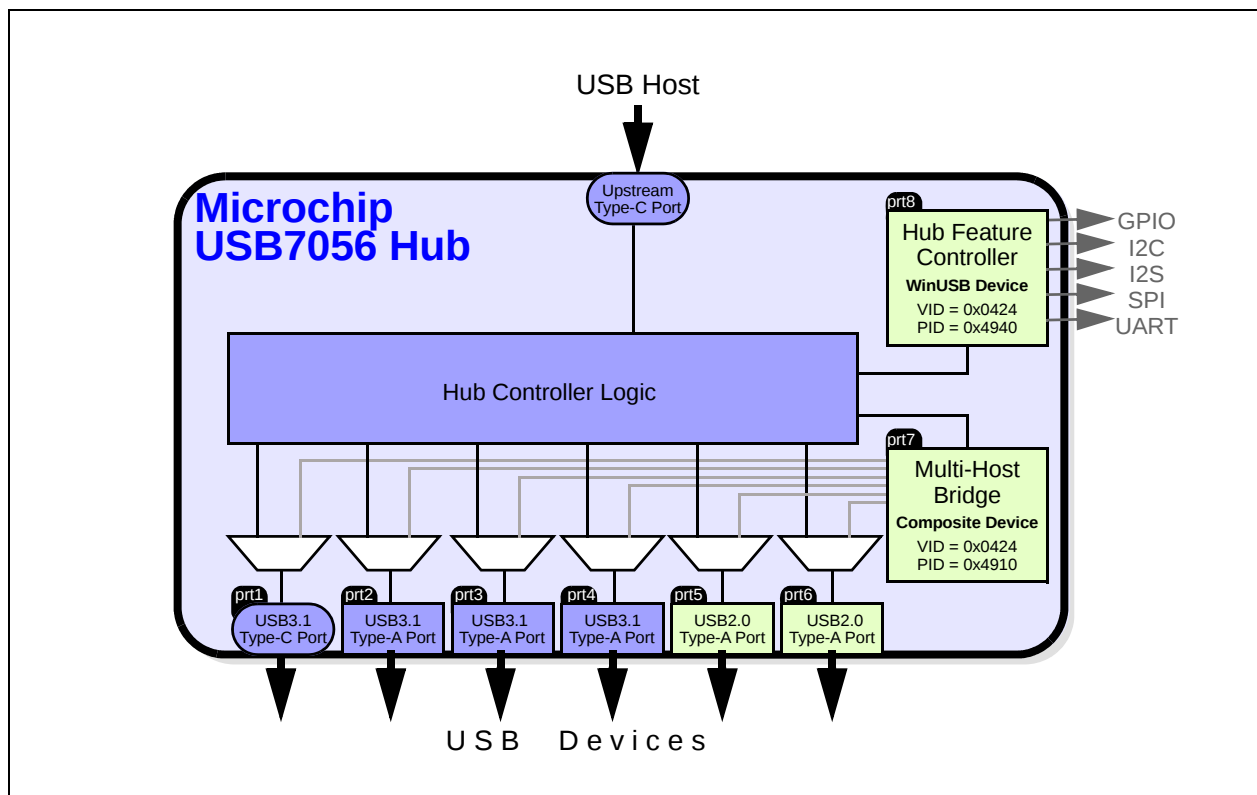


FIGURE 3: USB7056 HUB FEATURE CONTROLLER EXAMPLE



The following GPIO functions are supported:

- [Set the GPIO Direction \(Input or Output\)](#)
- [Enable GPIO Internal Pull-up Resistor](#)
- [Enable GPIO Internal Pull-down Resistor](#)
- [GPIO Read State \(Input Mode\)](#)
- [GPIO Set State \(Output Mode\)](#)

Set the GPIO Direction (Input or Output)

Each GPIO can be configured as either a Schmitt-triggered input or output with an 8 mA sink/source.

Enable GPIO Internal Pull-up Resistor

Each GPIO can be enabled with a 50 uA (typical) internal pull-up resistor. Internal pull-up resistors prevent unconnected inputs from floating. The pull-up is only 67k, so it may not be strong enough to drive a load of less than 100k. When connected to a load that must be pulled high, an external resistor must be added.

Enable GPIO Internal Pull-down Resistor

Each GPIO can be enabled with a 50 uA (typical) internal pull-down resistor. Internal pull-down resistors prevent unconnected inputs from floating. The pull-down is only 67k, so it may not be strong enough to drive a load of less than 100k. When connected to a load that must be pulled low, an external resistor must be added.

GPIO Read State (Input Mode)

Read a 0: GPIO is below 0.9V.

Read a 1: GPIO is above 1.9V.

Note: When configured as an input, the GPIOs are digital Schmitt-triggered inputs. The range 0.8V to 2.0V is an indeterminate input state, so 3.3V-to-2.5V signaling is supported.

GPIO Set State (Output Mode)

Set to 0: GPIO Drives to 0.0V. When driven low, an 8 mA sink is enabled, driving the pin to 0.4V or lower.

Set to 1: GPIO Drives to 3.3V. When driven high, an 8 mA source is enabled, driving the pin to VDD33 to 0.4V or higher.

PART NUMBER-SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Part Summary

Table 2 summarizes the total number of available GPIOs by part number. Many of the GPIOs on the hub are only available after configuration. The following methods may be used to configure the hub:

- **ProTouch:** If configuring via internal One-Time Programmable (OTP) memory or SPI EEPROM with a base firmware file
- **SMBus/I²C Configuration:** If using an embedded SoC/I²C EEPROM to configure the hub at each start-up/reset
- **Pin Strapping:** Many of the GPIOs are made available by specific pin strapping or by simply not populating an SPI EEPROM device.

TABLE 2: GPIO AVAILABILITY SUMMARY

	USB7002	USB7050	USB7051	USB7052	USB7056
Minimum GPIOs Available	4 (CONFIG2)	8 (CONFIG1)	4 (CONFIG3)	1 (CONFIG3)	1 (CONFIG2)
Maximum GPIOs Available	12 (CONFIG4)	14 (CONFIG4)	11 (CONFIG4)	8 (CONFIG4)	2 (CONFIG1)

TABLE 3: USB7002 GPIOs

	CONFIG1 (I ² C)	CONFIG2 (I ² S)	CONFIG3 (UART)	CONFIG4 (FLEX)
PF6	GPIO70	GPIO70	UART_RX	GPIO70
PF7	GPIO71	MIC_DET	UART_TX	GPIO71
PF12	GPIO76	—	—	GPIO76
PF14	GPIO78	I2S_SDI	UART_nCTS	GPIO78
PF18	MSTR_I2C_CLK	I2S_LRCK	UART_nDCD	GPIO82
PF19	MSTR_I2C_DATA	I2S_SDO	UART_nRTS	GPIO83
PF26	SLV_I2C_CLK	I2S_SCK	UART_nDSR	GPIO90
PF27	SLV_I2C_DATA	I2S_MCLK	UART_nDTR	GPIO91
PF28	GPIO92	GPIO92	GPIO92	GPIO92
PF29	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93
PF30	GPIO94	MSTR_I2C_CLK	GPIO94	GPIO94
PF31	GPIO95	MSTR_I2C_DATA	GPIO95	GPIO95

TABLE 4: USB7050 GPIOs

	CONFIG1 (I ² C)	CONFIG2 (I ² S)	CONFIG3 (UART)	CONFIG4 (FLEX)	CONFIG5
PF2	GPIO66	GPIO66	<i>UART_nCTS</i>	GPIO66	GPIO66
PF3	GPIO67	<i>I2S_SDI</i>	<i>UART_nRTS</i>	GPIO67	GPIO67
PF4	<i>PD_SPI_CE_N2</i>	<i>I2S_SDO</i>	<i>UART_nDSR</i>	GPIO68	GPIO68
PF5	<i>PD_SPI_CE_N1</i>	<i>I2S_SCK</i>	<i>UART_nDTR</i>	GPIO69	GPIO69
PF6	<i>PD_SPI_CE_N0</i>	<i>I2S_LRCK</i>	<i>UART_RX</i>	GPIO70	GPIO70
PF7	<i>PD_SPI_CLK</i>	<i>I2S_MCLK</i>	<i>UART_TX</i>	GPIO71	GPIO71
PF14	GPIO78	GPIO78	GPIO78	GPIO78	GPIO78
PF19	SLV_I2C_DATA	SLV_I2C_DATA	SLV_I2C_DATA	GPIO83	<i>SLV_I2C_DATA</i>
PF26	<i>SLV_I2C_CLK</i>	<i>SLV_I2C_CLK</i>	<i>SLV_I2C_CLK</i>	GPIO90	<i>SLV_I2C_CLK</i>
PF27	GPIO91	<i>MIC_DET</i>	GPIO91	GPIO91	GPIO91
PF28	GPIO92	GPIO92	GPIO92	GPIO92	GPIO92
PF29	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93
PF30	GPIO94	GPIO94	GPIO94	GPIO94	GPIO94
PF31	GPIO95	GPIO95	GPIO95	GPIO95	GPIO95

TABLE 5: USB7051 GPIOs

	CONFIG1 (I ² C)	CONFIG2 (I ² S)	CONFIG3 (UART)	CONFIG4 (FLEX)
PF4	GPIO68	GPIO68	GPIO68	GPIO68
PF6	GPIO70	GPIO70	<i>UART_RX</i>	GPIO70
PF7	GPIO71	<i>MIC_DET</i>	<i>UART_TX</i>	GPIO71
PF14	GPIO78	<i>I2S_SDI</i>	<i>UART_nCTS</i>	GPIO78
PF19	SLV_I2C_DATA	<i>I2S_SDO</i>	<i>UART_nRTS</i>	GPIO83
PF26	<i>SLV_I2C_CLK</i>	<i>I2S_SCK</i>	<i>UART_nDSR</i>	GPIO90
PF27	GPIO91	<i>I2S_MCLK</i>	<i>UART_nDTR</i>	GPIO91
PF28	GPIO92	<i>I2S_LRCK</i>	<i>UART_nDCD</i>	GPIO92
PF29	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93
PF30	GPIO94	GPIO94	GPIO94	GPIO94
PF31	GPIO95	GPIO95	GPIO95	GPIO95

TABLE 6: USB7052 GPIOs

	CONFIG1 (I ² C)	CONFIG2 (I ² S)	CONFIG3 (UART)	CONFIG4 (FLEX)
PF6	GPIO70	GPIO70	UART_RX	GPIO70
PF7	GPIO71	MIC_DET	UART_TX	GPIO71
PF14	GPIO78	I2S_SDI	UART_nCTS	GPIO78
PF19	SLV_I2C_DATA	I2S_SDO	UART_nRTS	GPIO83
PF26	SLV_I2C_CLK	I2S_SCK	UART_nDSR	GPIO90
PF27	GPIO91	I2S_MCLK	UART_nDTR	GPIO91
PF28	GPIO92	I2S_LRCK	UART_nDCD	GPIO92
PF29	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93	GPIO93

TABLE 7: USB7056 GPIOs

	CONFIG1 (I ² C)	CONFIG2 (I ² S)
PF6	GPIO70	GPIO70
PF7	GPIO71	MIC_DET

SDK IMPLEMENTATION

The simplest method for implementing the USB-to-GPIO Bridging functions is to use the publicly available DLL which is distributed with the MPLAB[®] Connect Configurator tool. The DLL is compatible with Windows operating systems. Visit the USB705xx product page on microchip.com to download MPLAB Connect with the DLL package. Using the libraries available in the DLL, the Bridging features can be implemented in C-code.

The DLL package contains the following:

- User's guide (*MPLAB Connect DLL User's Guide*) with detailed description of how to use the DLL and call each function
- Release notes
- Library files:
 - For Windows: A ".dll" and a ".lib" file
 - For Linux: A ".cpp" file that can be built into a ".a" file
- Example code

Commands Included in the SDK

- **libMchpUsbGpioConfigureGPIO:** Configures a pin to behave as a GPIO
- **libMchpUsbGpioGet:** Sets the queried GPIO to an input (if not already set as such) and then reads the input state
- **libMchpUsbGpioSet:** Sets the queried GPIO to an output (if not already set as such) and then sets the output state

For additional details on how to use the SDK to implement USB-to-GPIO Bridging, download the SDK package and refer to the user's guide.

MANUAL IMPLEMENTATION

The USB-to-GPIO Bridging features may be implemented at the lowest level if you have the ability to build USB packets. This approach is required if you are not using a Windows or Linux host system and cannot use the SDK.

All USB-to-GPIO Bridging commands are accomplished with internal register writes and reads. Further details can be found in the Microchip application note, *Configuration Options for the USB70xx*. All USB to GPIO bridging commands must be sent directly to Endpoint 0 of the Hub Feature Controller connected to the last downstream port of the Microchip hub.

For details on the register read and write USB SETUP packets, refer to [Register Read](#) and [Register Write](#), respectively. The configuration register addresses and contents are detailed in [GPIO Configuration Register Map](#) and [Register Definitions](#).

Register Read

To read the state of a GPIO, a register read with the USB SETUP packet in [Table 8](#) must be used:

TABLE 8: REGISTER READ USB SETUP COMMAND

SETUP Parameter	Value	Description
bmRequestType	0xC0	Device-to-host, vendor class, targeted to interface
bRequest	0x04	Register read command: CMD_REG_READ
wValue	Register address LSB	Valid address range: <0x0000> to <0xFFFF> [64KB]
wIndex	Register address MSB	Valid address range: <0x0000> to <0xFFFF> [64KB]
wLength	Data length	Length of the data bytes to be retrieved

REGISTER READ USB TRANSACTION SEQUENCE

Command Phase: The Hub Feature Controller receives the SETUP packet with the parameters specified in [Table 8](#).

Data Phase: The Hub Feature Controller sends the data bytes of length wLength from the specified address.

Status Phase: The Hub Feature Controller sends ACK on the successful completion of register read.

Register Write

To configure the direction of a GPIO, pull-up/pull-down resistor settings, or set the output state of a GPIO, a register write command with the USB SETUP packet in [Table 9](#) must be used:

TABLE 9: REGISTER WRITE USB SETUP COMMAND

SETUP Parameter	Value	Description
bmRequestType	0x40	Host-to-device, vendor class, targeted to interface
bRequest	0x03	Register read command: CMD_REG_WRITE
wValue	Register address LSBs	Last four bytes of the 32-bit register address
wIndex	Register address MSBs	First four bytes of the 32-bit register address
wLength	Data length	Length of data bytes to write

REGISTER WRITE USB TRANSACTION SEQUENCE

Command Phase: The Hub Feature Controller receives the SETUP packet with the parameters specified in [Table 9](#).

Data Phase: The Hub Feature Controller receives the data bytes of length wLength to be written to the register starting from the specified address.

Status Phase: The Hub Feature Controller sends ACK on successful completion of register write.

GPIO Configuration Register Map

TABLE 10: CONFIGURATION REGISTER MEMORY MAP

Address	Name	R/W	Function	Default
BF80 0908	PIO96_OEN	R/W	PIO[95:64] Output Enable Register	00h
BF80 0918	PIO96_IEN	R/W	PIO[95:64] Input Enable Register	00h
BF80 0928	PIO96_OUT	R/W	PIO[95:64] Output State Register	00h
BF80 0938	PIO96_IN	R	PIO[95:64] Input State Register	00h
BF80 0948	PIO96_PUE	R/W	PIO[95:64] Pull-up Enable Register	00h
BF80 0958	PIO96_PDE	R/W	PIO[95:64] Pulldown Enable Register	00h

Register Definitions

TABLE 11: PIO[95:64] OUTPUT ENABLE REGISTER

PIO96_OEN (BF80 0908h)			PIO[95:64] Output Enable Register
Bit	Name	R/W	Description
31	GPIO_95_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO95 as an output.
30	GPIO_94_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO94 as an output.
29	GPIO_93_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO93 as an output.
28	GPIO_92_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO92 as an output.
27	GPIO_91_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO91 as an output.
26	GPIO_90_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO90 as an output.
25:20	Reserved	R	Reserved
19	GPIO_83_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO83 as an output.
18	GPIO_82_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO82 as an output.
17:15	Reserved	R	Reserved
14	GPIO_78_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO78 as an output.
13	Reserved	R	Reserved
12	GPIO_76_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO76 as an output.
11:8	Reserved	R	Reserved
7	GPIO_71_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO71 as an output.
6	GPIO_70_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO70 as an output.
5	GPIO_69_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO69 as an output.
4	GPIO_68_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO68 as an output.
3	GPIO_67_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO67 as an output.
2	GPIO_66_OE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO66 as an output.
1:0	Reserved	R	Reserved
Note: BF80_0908h: GPIO66-71; BF80_0909h: GPIO76-78; BF80_090Ah: GPIO82-83; BF80_090Bh: GPIO 90-92			

TABLE 12: PIO[95:64] INPUT ENABLE REGISTER

PIO96_IEN (BF80_0918h)			PIO[95:64] Input Enable Register
Bit	Name	R/W	Description
31	GPIO_95_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO95 as an input.
30	GPIO_94_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO94 as an input.
29	GPIO_93_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO93 as an input.
28	GPIO_92_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO92 as an input.
27	GPIO_91_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO91 as an input.
26	GPIO_90_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO90 as an input.
25:20	Reserved	R	Reserved
19	GPIO_83_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO83 as an input.
18	GPIO_82_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO82 as an input.
17:15	Reserved	R	Reserved
14	GPIO_78_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO78 as an input.
13	Reserved	R	Reserved
12	GPIO_76_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO76 as an input.
11:8	Reserved	R	Reserved
7	GPIO_71_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO71 as an input.
6	GPIO_70_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO70 as an input.
5	GPIO_69_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO69 as an input.
4	GPIO_68_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO68 as an input.
3	GPIO_67_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO67 as an input.
2	GPIO_66_IE	R/W	Set bit to enable GPIO66 as an input.
1:0	Reserved	R	Reserved
Note: BF80_0918h: GPIO66-71; BF80_0919h: GPIO76-78; BF80_091Ah: GPIO82-83; BF80_091Bh: GPIO 90-92			

TABLE 13: PIO[95:64] OUTPUT STATE REGISTER

PIO96_OUT (BF80_0928h)			PIO[95:64] Output State Register
Bit	Name	R/W	Description
31	GPIO_95_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO95 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO95 low.
30	GPIO_94_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO94 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO94 low.
29	GPIO_93_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO93 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO93 low.
28	GPIO_92_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO92 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO92 low.
27	GPIO_91_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO91 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO91 low.
26	GPIO_90_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO90 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO90 low.
25:20	Reserved	R	Reserved
19	GPIO_83_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO83 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO83 low.
18	GPIO_82_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO82 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO82 low.
17:15	Reserved	R	Reserved
14	GPIO_78_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO78 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO78 low.
13	Reserved	R	Reserved
12	GPIO_76_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO76 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO76 low.
11:8	Reserved	R	Reserved
7	GPIO_71_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO71 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO71 low.
6	GPIO_70_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO70 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO70 low.
5	GPIO_69_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO69 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO69 low.
4	GPIO_68_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO68 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO68 low.
3	GPIO_67_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO67 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO67 low.
2	GPIO_66_OS	R/W	Set bit to drive GPIO66 high. Clear bit to drive GPIO66 low.
1:0	Reserved	R	Reserved
Note: BF80_0928h: GPIO66-71; BF80_0929h: GPIO76-78; BF80_092Ah: GPIO82-83; BF80_092Bh: GPIO 90-92			

TABLE 14: PIO[95:64] INPUT STATE REGISTER

PIO96_IN (BF80 0938h)			PIO[95:64] Input State Register
Bit	Name	R/W	Description
31	GPIO_95_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO95.
30	GPIO_94_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO94.
29	GPIO_93_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO93.
28	GPIO_92_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO92.
27	GPIO_91_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO91.
26	GPIO_90_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO90.
25:20	Reserved	R	Reserved
19	GPIO_83_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO83.
18	GPIO_82_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO82.
17:15	Reserved	R	Reserved
14	GPIO_78_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO78.
13	Reserved	R	Reserved
12	GPIO_76_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO76.
11:8	Reserved	R	Reserved
7	GPIO_71_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO71.
6	GPIO_70_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO70.
5	GPIO_69_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO69.
4	GPIO_68_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO68.
3	GPIO_67_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO67.
2	GPIO_66_IS	R/W	Read bit to determine input state of GPIO66.
1:0	Reserved	R	Reserved
Note: BF80_0938h: GPIO66-71; BF80_0939h: GPIO76-78; BF80_093Ah: GPIO82-83; BF80_093Bh: GPIO90-92			

TABLE 15: PIO[95:64] PULL-UP ENABLE REGISTER

PIO96_PUE (BF80_0948h)			PIO[95:64] Pull-Up Resistor Register
Bit	Name	R/W	Description
31	GPIO_95_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO95.
30	GPIO_94_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO94.
29	GPIO_93_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO93.
28	GPIO_92_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO92.
27	GPIO_91_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO91.
26	GPIO_90_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO90.
25:20	Reserved	R	Reserved
19	GPIO_83_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO83.
18	GPIO_82_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO82.
17:15	Reserved	R	Reserved
14	GPIO_78_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO78.
13	Reserved	R	Reserved
12	GPIO_76_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO76.
11:8	Reserved	R	Reserved
7	GPIO_71_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO71.
6	GPIO_70_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO70.
5	GPIO_69_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO69.
4	GPIO_68_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO68.
3	GPIO_67_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO67.
2	GPIO_66_PUE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-up resistor on GPIO66.
1:0	Reserved	R	Reserved
Note: BF80_0948h: GPIO66-71; BF80_0949h: GPIO76-78; BF80_094Ah: GPIO82-83; BF80_094Bh: GPIO90-92			

TABLE 16: PIO[95:64] PULLDOWN ENABLE REGISTER

PIO96_PDE (BF80 0958h)			PIO[95:64] Pull-Down Resistor Register
BIT	Name	R/W	Description
31	GPIO_95_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO95.
30	GPIO_94_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO94.
29	GPIO_93_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO93.
28	GPIO_92_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO92.
27	GPIO_91_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO91.
26	GPIO_90_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO90.
25:20	Reserved	R	Reserved
19	GPIO_83_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO83.
18	GPIO_82_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO82.
17:15	Reserved	R	Reserved
14	GPIO_78_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO78.
13	Reserved	R	Reserved
12	GPIO_76_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO76.
11:8	Reserved	R	Reserved
7	GPIO_71_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO71.
6	GPIO_70_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO70.
5	GPIO_69_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO69.
4	GPIO_68_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO68.
3	GPIO_67_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO67.
2	GPIO_66_PDE	R/W	Set bit to enable ~62k pull-down resistor on GPIO66.
1:0	Reserved	R	Reserved
Note: BF80_0958h: GPIO66-71; BF80_0959h: GPIO76-78; BF80_095Ah: GPIO82-83; BF80_095Bh: GPIO90-92			

EXAMPLES

Read the Input State of PF7/GPIO71

- Command Phase (SETUP Transaction):** Send the following SETUP Register Read Command to Endpoint 0 of the Hub Feature Controller to read the contents of registers 0xBF80_0938 (PIO[95:64] Input State Register) which contains the input state information for PF7/GPIO71 (assuming that the GPIO was already configured as an input in a previous command). See [Table 17](#) and [Figure 4](#).

TABLE 17: REGISTER READ SETUP COMMAND EXAMPLE

SETUP Parameter	Value	Note
bmRequestType	0xC0	—
bRequest	0x04	—
wValue	0x0938	Last four bytes of the register address
wIndex	0xBF80	First four bytes of the register address
wLength	0x0001	One register to be read

FIGURE 4: REGISTER READ SETUP TRANSACTION EXAMPLE

Transaction	H	SETUP	ADDR	ENDP	T	D	TP	R	bRequest	wValue	wIndex	wLength	ACK	Time Stamp
653	S	0xB4	6	0	0	D->H	V	D	0x04	0x0938	0xBF80	1	0x4B	2 . 649 476 716
Packet	H	SETUP	ADDR	ENDP	CRC5	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp					
22218	S	0xB4	6	0	0x09	8	133.333 ns	200.660 ns	2 . 649 476 716					
Packet	H	DATA0	Data				CRC16	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp			
22219	S	0xC3	C0 04 38 09 80 BF 01 00	0xEC96	16	266.667 ns	333.330 ns	2 . 649 477 050						
Packet	D	ACK	Pkt Len	Duration	Time	Time Stamp								
22220	S	0x4B	6	100.000 ns	1.600 us	2 . 649 477 650								

- Data Phase (IN Transaction):** The Hub Feature Controller sends the data bytes of length wLength starting from the specified address after receiving an IN packet. The returned value is 0x80, which indicates that PF7/GPIO71 is high. See [Figure 5](#).

FIGURE 5: REGISTER READ IN TRANSACTION EXAMPLE

Transaction	H		IN	ADDR	ENDP	T	Data	ACK	Time Stamp
656	S		0x96	6	0	1	1 byte	0x4B	2 . 649 521 650

Packet	H	H	IN	ADDR	ENDP	CRC5	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp
22225		S	0x96	6	0	0x09	8	133.333 ns	366.660 ns	2 . 649 521 650

Packet		H	DATA1	Data	CRC16	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp
22226	D	S	0xD2	80	0x82F8	10	166.667 ns	333.330 ns	2 . 649 522 150

Packet	H	H	ACK	Pkt Len	Duration	Time	Time Stamp
22227		S	0x4B	8	133.333 ns	11.166 us	2 . 649 522 650

- Status Phase (OUT Transaction):** The Host sends an OUT packet to complete the USB Transfer. The Hub Feature Controller responds with a zero-length data packet. Refer to [Figure 6](#).

FIGURE 6: REGISTER READ OUT TRANSACTION EXAMPLE

Transaction	H		OUT	ADDR	ENDP	T	Data	ACK	Time Stamp		
657	S		0x87	6	0	1	0 bytes	0x4B	2 . 649 533 816		
	Packet	H	H	OUT	ADDR	ENDP	CRC5	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp
	22228			0x87	6	0	0x09	8	133.333 ns	200.660 ns	2 . 649 533 816
	Packet	H	H	DATA1	Data	CRC16	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp	
	22229			0xD2	0 bytes	0x0000	8	133.333 ns	332.660 ns	2 . 649 534 150	
	Packet		D	ACK	Pkt Len	Duration	Time Stamp				
	22230			0x4B	8	133.333 ns	2 . 649 534 616				

Write Registers to Set PF7/GPIO71 Output State as High

1. **Command Phase (SETUP Transaction):** Send the following SETUP Register Write Command to Endpoint 0 of the Hub Feature Controller to write the contents of register 0xBF80_0928 (PIO[95:64] Output State Register). In this example, PF7/GPIO71 is set high (assuming that the GPIO was already configured as an output in a previous command). See [Table 18](#) and [Figure 7](#).

TABLE 18: REGISTER WRITE SETUP COMMAND EXAMPLE

SETUP Parameter	Value	Note
bmRequestType	0x40	—
bRequest	0x03	—
wValue	0x0928	Last 4 bytes of the register address
wIndex	0xBF80	First 4 bytes of the register address
wLength	0x0001	One register is to be read

FIGURE 7: REGISTER WRITE SETUP TRANSACTION EXAMPLE

FIGURE 4-10. REQUEST WITH SETUP TRANSACTION EXAMPLE 22

Transaction	H	SETUP	ADDR	ENDP	T	D	TP	R	bRequest	wValue	wIndex	wLength	ACK	Time Stamp
572	S	0xB4	6	0	0	H->D	V	D	0x03	0x0928	0xBF80	1	0x4B	2 . 322 723 832

Packet	H	SETUP	ADDR	ENDP	CRC5	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp
19445	S	0xB4	6	0	0x09	8	133.333 ns	200.660 ns	2 . 322 723 832

Packet	H	DATA0	Data	CRC16	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp
19446	S	0xC3	40 03 28 09 80 BF 01 00	0x329C	16	266.667 ns	333.330 ns	2 . 322 724 166

Packet	D	ACK	Pkt Len	Duration	Time	Time Stamp
19447	S	0x4B	6	100.000 ns	1.766 us	2 . 322 724 766

2. **Data Phase (OUT Transaction):** The Host sends the data byte to set 0xBF80_0928 = 0x80 from the specified address after sending the OUT packet to set the PF7/GPIO71 output as high. Refer to [Figure 8](#).

FIGURE 8: REGISTER WRITE OUT TRANSACTION EXAMPLE

2 Transactions	H	OUT	ADDR	ENDP	T	Data	NAK	NAK	Time Stamp
573-574	S	0x87	6	0	1	1 byte	0x5A		2 . 322 726 532
Packet	H	OUT	ADDR	ENDP	CRC5	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp
19448	S	0x87	6	0	0x09	8	133.333 ns	200.660 ns	2 . 322 726 532
Packet	H	DATA1	Data	CRC16	Pkt Len	Duration	Idle	Time Stamp	
19449	S	0xD2	80	0x82F8	10	166.667 ns	333.330 ns	2 . 322 726 866	
Packet	D	NAK	Pkt Len	Duration	Time	Time Stamp			
19450	S	0x5A	6	100.000 ns	41.800 us	2 . 322 727 366			

3. **Status Phase (OUT Transaction):** The Host sends an IN packet to complete the USB Transfer. The Hub Feature Controller responds with a zero-length data packet. See [Figure 9](#).

FIGURE 9: REGISTER WRITE IN TRANSACTION EXAMPLE

Transaction

H

IN

ADDR

ENDP

NAK

Time Stamp

577

S

0x96

6

0

0x5A

2 . 322 803 500

Packet

H

IN

ADDR

ENDP

CRC5

Pkt Len

Duration

Idle

Time Stamp

19458

H

0x96

6

0

0x09

10

166.667 ns

333.330 ns

2 . 322 803 500

Packet

D

NAK

Pkt Len

Duration

Time

Time Stamp

19459

D

0x5A

8

133.333 ns

22.900 us

2 . 322 804 000

AN2750

NOTES:

APPENDIX A: APPLICATION NOTE REVISION HISTORY

TABLE A-1: REVISION HISTORY

Revision Level and Date	Section/Figure/Entry	Correction
DS00002750A (07-13-18)	All	Initial release

THE MICROCHIP WEBSITE

Microchip provides online support via our WWW site at www.microchip.com. This website is used as a means to make files and information easily available to customers. Accessible by using your favorite Internet browser, the website contains the following information:

- **Product Support** – Data sheets and errata, application notes and sample programs, design resources, user's guides and hardware support documents, latest software releases, and archived software
- **General Technical Support** – Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), technical support requests, online discussion groups, and Microchip consultant program member listing
- **Business of Microchip** – Product selector and ordering guides, latest Microchip press releases, listing of seminars and events, and listings of Microchip sales offices, distributors, and factory representatives

CUSTOMER CHANGE NOTIFICATION SERVICE

Microchip's customer notification service helps keep customers current on Microchip products. Subscribers will receive e-mail notification whenever there are changes, updates, revisions, or errata related to a specified product family or development tool of interest.

To register, access the Microchip website at www.microchip.com. Under "Support", click on "Customer Change Notification" and follow the registration instructions.

CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Users of Microchip products can receive assistance through several channels:

- Distributor or Representative
- Local Sales Office
- Field Application Engineer (FAE)
- Technical Support

Customers should contact their distributor, representative, or Field Application Engineer (FAE) for support. Local sales offices are also available to help customers. A listing of sales offices and locations is included in the back of this document.

Technical support is available through the website at: <http://microchip.com/support>

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights unless otherwise stated.

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, AnyRate, AVR, AVR logo, AVR Freaks, BitCloud, chipKIT, chipKIT logo, CryptoMemory, CryptoRF, dsPIC, FlashFlex, flexPWR, Helder, JukeBlox, KeeLoq, Klear, LANCheck, LINK MD, maXStylus, maXTouch, MediaLB, megaAVR, MOST, MOST logo, MPLAB, OptoLyzer, PIC, picoPower, PICSTART, PIC32 logo, Prochip Designer, QTouch, SAM-BA, SpyNIC, SST, SST Logo, SuperFlash, tinyAVR, UNI/O, and XMEGA are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

ClockWorks, The Embedded Control Solutions Company, EtherSynch, Hyper Speed Control, HyperLight Load, IntellIMOS, mTouch, Precision Edge, and Quiet-Wire are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Adjacent Key Suppression, AKS, Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Any Capacitor, AnyIn, AnyOut, BodyCom, CodeGuard, CryptoAuthentication, CryptoAutomotive, CryptoCompanion, CryptoController, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, Dynamic Average Matching, DAM, ECAN, EtherGREEN, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, INICnet, Inter-Chip Connectivity, JitterBlocker, KlearNet, KlearNet logo, memBrain, Mindi, MiWi, motorBench, MPASM, MPF, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, MultiTRAK, NetDetach, Omniscient Code Generation, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICkit, PICtail, PowerSmart, PureSilicon, QMatrix, REAL ICE, Ripple Blocker, SAM-ICE, Serial Quad I/O, SMART-I.S., SQI, SuperSwitcher, SuperSwitcher II, Total Endurance, TSHARC, USBCheck, VariSense, ViewSpan, WiperLock, Wireless DNA, and ZENA are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Silicon Storage Technology is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Inc. in other countries.

GestIC is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Germany II GmbH & Co. KG, a subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc., in other countries.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2018, Microchip Technology Incorporated, All Rights Reserved.

ISBN: 978-1-5224-3320-0

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
CERTIFIED BY DNV
= ISO/TS 16949 =

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2009 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona; Gresham, Oregon and design centers in California and India. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC® MCUs and dsPIC® DSCs, KEELQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.

Worldwide Sales and Service

AMERICAS

Corporate Office
 2355 West Chandler Blvd.
 Chandler, AZ 85224-6199
 Tel: 480-792-7200
 Fax: 480-792-7277
 Technical Support:
<http://www.microchip.com/support>
 Web Address:
www.microchip.com

Atlanta
 Duluth, GA
 Tel: 678-957-9614
 Fax: 678-957-1455

Austin, TX
 Tel: 512-257-3370

Boston
 Westborough, MA
 Tel: 774-760-0087
 Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago
 Itasca, IL
 Tel: 630-285-0071
 Fax: 630-285-0075

Dallas
 Addison, TX
 Tel: 972-818-7423
 Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit
 Novi, MI
 Tel: 248-848-4000

Houston, TX
 Tel: 281-894-5983

Indianapolis
 Noblesville, IN
 Tel: 317-773-8323
 Fax: 317-773-5453
 Tel: 317-536-2380

Los Angeles
 Mission Viejo, CA
 Tel: 949-462-9523
 Fax: 949-462-9608
 Tel: 951-273-7800

Raleigh, NC
 Tel: 919-844-7510

New York, NY
 Tel: 631-435-6000

San Jose, CA
 Tel: 408-735-9110
 Tel: 408-436-4270

Canada - Toronto
 Tel: 905-695-1980
 Fax: 905-695-2078

ASIA/PACIFIC

Australia - Sydney
 Tel: 61-2-9868-6733

China - Beijing
 Tel: 86-10-8569-7000

China - Chengdu
 Tel: 86-28-8665-5511

China - Chongqing
 Tel: 86-23-8980-9588

China - Dongguan
 Tel: 86-769-8702-9880

China - Guangzhou
 Tel: 86-20-8755-8029

China - Hangzhou
 Tel: 86-571-8792-8115

China - Hong Kong SAR
 Tel: 852-2943-5100

China - Nanjing
 Tel: 86-25-8473-2460

China - Qingdao
 Tel: 86-532-8502-7355

China - Shanghai
 Tel: 86-21-3326-8000

China - Shenyang
 Tel: 86-24-2334-2829

China - Shenzhen
 Tel: 86-755-8864-2200

China - Suzhou
 Tel: 86-186-6233-1526

China - Wuhan
 Tel: 86-27-5980-5300

China - Xian
 Tel: 86-29-8833-7252

China - Xiamen
 Tel: 86-592-2388138

China - Zhuhai
 Tel: 86-756-3210040

ASIA/PACIFIC

India - Bangalore
 Tel: 91-80-3090-4444

India - New Delhi
 Tel: 91-11-4160-8631

India - Pune
 Tel: 91-20-4121-0141

Japan - Osaka
 Tel: 81-6-6152-7160

Japan - Tokyo
 Tel: 81-3-6880-3770

Korea - Daegu
 Tel: 82-53-744-4301

Korea - Seoul
 Tel: 82-2-554-7200

Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur
 Tel: 60-3-7651-7906

Malaysia - Penang
 Tel: 60-4-227-8870

Philippines - Manila
 Tel: 63-2-634-9065

Singapore
 Tel: 65-6334-8870

Taiwan - Hsin Chu
 Tel: 886-3-577-8366

Taiwan - Kaohsiung
 Tel: 886-7-213-7830

Taiwan - Taipei
 Tel: 886-2-2508-8600

Thailand - Bangkok
 Tel: 66-2-694-1351

Vietnam - Ho Chi Minh
 Tel: 84-28-5448-2100

EUROPE

Austria - Wels
 Tel: 43-7242-2244-39
 Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark - Copenhagen
 Tel: 45-4450-2828
 Fax: 45-4485-2829

Finland - Espoo
 Tel: 358-9-4520-820

France - Paris
 Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20
 Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Garching
 Tel: 49-8931-9700

Germany - Haan
 Tel: 49-2129-3766400

Germany - Heilbronn
 Tel: 49-7131-67-3636

Germany - Karlsruhe
 Tel: 49-721-625370

Germany - Munich
 Tel: 49-89-627-144-0
 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Germany - Rosenheim
 Tel: 49-8031-354-560

Israel - Ra'anana
 Tel: 972-9-744-7705

Italy - Milan
 Tel: 39-0331-742611
 Fax: 39-0331-466781

Italy - Padova
 Tel: 39-049-7625286

Netherlands - Drunen
 Tel: 31-416-690399
 Fax: 31-416-690340

Norway - Trondheim
 Tel: 47-7289-7561

Poland - Warsaw
 Tel: 48-22-3325737

Romania - Bucharest
 Tel: 40-21-407-87-50

Spain - Madrid
 Tel: 34-91-708-08-90
 Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

Sweden - Gothenberg
 Tel: 46-31-704-60-40

Sweden - Stockholm
 Tel: 46-8-5090-4654

UK - Wokingham
 Tel: 44-118-921-5800
 Fax: 44-118-921-5820

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Microchip:

[USB7051T-I/KDX](#) [USB7052/KDX](#) [USB7052-I/KDX](#) [USB7052T/KDX](#) [USB7052T-I/KDX](#) [USB7050T/KDX](#) [USB7050T-I/KDX](#) [USB7051/KDX](#) [USB7051-I/KDX](#) [USB7051T/KDX](#) [USB7056/KDX](#) [USB7056-I/KDX](#) [USB7056T/KDX](#)
[USB7056T-I/KDX](#) [USB7050/KDX](#) [USB7050-I/KDX](#)

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



Тел: +7 (812) 336 43 04 (многоканальный)

Email: org@lifeelectronics.ru

www.lifeelectronics.ru