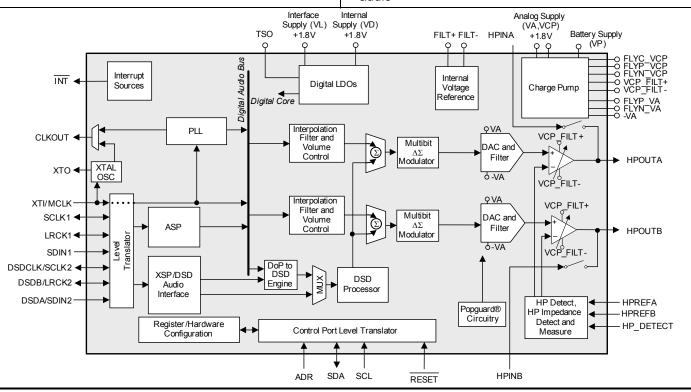


130-dB, 32-Bit High-Performance DAC with Integrated Headphone Driver and Impedance Detection

| System Features | Direct Stream Digital (DSD [®]) path |
|---|---|
| Enhanced ΔΣ oversampling DAC architecture | Patented DSD processor |
| — 32-bit resolution | – On-chip 50-kHz filter to meet Scarlet Book Super |
| Up to 384-kHz sampling rate | Audio Compact Disk (SACD) recommendations |
| Low clock jitter sensitivity | Matched PCM and DSD analog output levels |
| — Auto mute detection | – Nondecimating volume control with 0.5-dB step size and soft ramp |
| Integrated high performance, ground-centered stereo headphone outputs | DSD and Pulse-code modulation (PCM) mixing for alerts |
| — 130-dB dynamic range (A-weighted) | Dedicated DSD and DoP pin interface |
| — –108-dB total harmonic distortion + noise (THD+N) | Serial audio input path |
| — 110-dB interchannel isolation | Five selectable digital filter responses |
| Headphone power output | - · |
| – 30 mW per channel into 32 Ω | Low-latency mode minimizes pre-echo |
| -5 mW per channel into 600 Ω | – 110 dB of stopband attenuation |
| Headphone detection | — Supports sample rates from 32 to 384 kHz |
| Headphone detection Headphone DC and AC impedance measurement | — I²S, right-justified, left-justified, TDM, and DSD-over-PCM (DoP) interface |
| Headphone plug-in detection | - Master or slave operation |
| Popguard[®] technology eliminates pop noise | — Volume control with 0.5-dB step size and soft ramp |
| Integrated PLL | — 44.1 kHz deemphasis and inverting feature |
| — Support for 11.2896-/22.5792-, 12.288-/24.576-, 9.6-/ | Alternate headphone input |
| 19.2-, 12-/24-, and 13-/26-MHz system MCLK rates | 40-pin QFN or 42-ball CSP package option |
| Reference clock sourced from XTI/MCLK pin | Applications |
| — System clock output | 1 |
| Mono mode support | Smart phones, tablets, portable media players, laptops, digital headphones, powered speakers, AVR, home |

I²C control—up to 1 MHz

theater systems, Blu-ray/DVD/SACD players and pro audio







General Description

The CS43130 is a high-performance, 32-bit resolution, stereo audio DAC that supports up to 384-kHz sampling frequency with integrated low-noise ground-centered headphone amplifiers. The advanced 32-bit oversampled multibit modulator with mismatch shaping technology eliminates distortion due to on-chip component mismatch. Proprietary digital-interpolation filters support five selectable filter responses with pseudo-linear phase and ultralow latency to minimize pre-echos and ringing artifacts. Other features include volume control with 0.5-dB steps and digital deemphasis for 44.1-kHz sample rate.

The integrated ground-centered stereo headphone amplifiers are capable of delivering more than 30 mW into $32-\Omega$ load or 5 mW into $600-\Omega$ load per channel. Proprietary headphone impedance detection enables wide-band impedance detection for further digital post-processing. An internal stereo audio switch with true bypass supports an alternate analog input path for interfacing with external audio sources to minimize the overall bill-of-materials cost and PCB area.

The patented on-chip DSD processor preserves audio integrity by allowing signal processing such as volume control and 50-kHz Scarlet Book recommended filtering to be applied directly to the DSD stream without an intermediate decimation stage. Additional features like volume matching and channel mixing enable seamless transition between DSD and PCM playback paths.

The CS43130 accepts I²S, right-justified, left-justified, and TDM-format PCM data at sample rates from 32 to 384 kHz. The industry-standard high-speed I²C interface capable of up to 1-MHz operation provides easy configuration control. An integrated PLL allows for maximum clocking flexibility in any system. Popguard[®] technology eliminates output transients upon power-up or power-down events.

The CS43130 is available in a commercial-grade 42-ball WLCSP or 40-pin QFN package for operation from –10°C to +70°C.



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1 Pin Assignments and Descriptions

1.1 40-Pin QFN (Top-Down, Through-Package View)

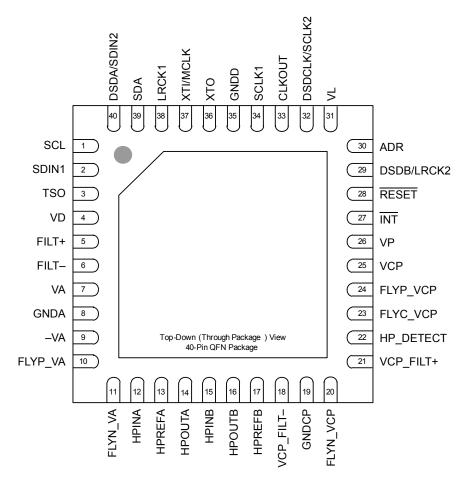


Figure 1-1. Top-Down (Through-Package) View-QFN 40-Pin Diagram



1.2 42-Ball WLCSP (Top-down, Through-Package View)

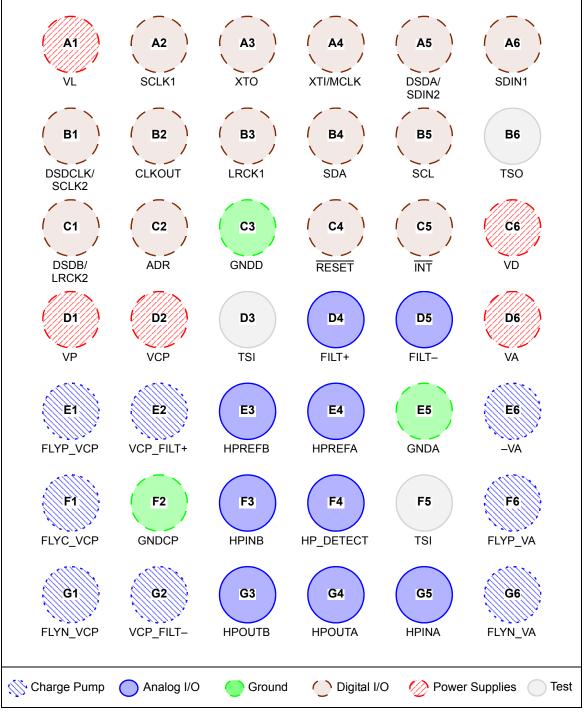


Figure 1-2. Top-Down (Through-Package) View—42-Ball WLCSP Package



1.3 Pin Descriptions

Table 1-1. Pin Descriptions

| Pin Name | QFN Pin # | WLCSP Ball | Power Supply | | Pin Description | Internal Connection | Digital I/O Driver | Digital I/O Receiver |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|-----|--|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | | | Digital I/O | | | |
| ADR | 30 | C2 | VL | Ι | Address Bit (I ² C). In I ² C Mode, ADR is a chip address pin. | — | — | — |
| CLKOUT | 33 | B2 | VL | 0 | CLK Output. Single-ended clock output sourced from PLL or buffered crystal. | Weak pull-down | CMOS output | — |
| SCLK1 | 34 | A2 | VL | I/O | Serial Audio Input Bit Clock 1. Serial bit clock for audio data on the SDIN pins. | Weak pull-down | CMOS output | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| LRCK1 | 38 | B3 | VL | I/O | Serial Audio Input Left/Right Clock. Word-rate clock for the audio data on the SDIN pins. | Weak pull-down | CMOS output | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| SDIN1 | 2 | A6 | VL | Ι | Serial Audio Input Data Port. Audio data serial input pin 1. | Weak pull-down | _ | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| DSDA/ SDIN2 | 40 | A5 | VL | Ι | DSD Data Input A/Serial Data In 2. DSD audio or PCM audio data serial input pin 2. | Weak pull-down | — | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| DSDB/ LRCK2 | 29 | C1 | VL | | DSD Data Input B/Serial Audio Input Left/Right Clock 2. DSD audio data serial input pin or word rate clock for the audio data on the SDIN2 pin. | Weak pull-down | CMOS output | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| DSDCLK/ SCLK2 | 32 | B1 | VL | I/O | DSD Clock Input/Serial Audio Input Bit Clock 2. DSD clock input. Serial bit clock for audio data on the SDIN2 pin. | Weak pull-down | CMOS output | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| INT | 27 | C5 | VP | 0 | Interrupt. When pulled up, works as system interrupt pin. Open drain, active low programmable. | — | CMOS open-drain output | _ |
| RESET | 28 | C4 | VP | I | System Reset. The device enters system reset when enabled. | _ | _ | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| SDA | 39 | B4 | VL | I/O | Serial Control Data I/O (I ² C). In I ² C Mode, SDA is the control I/O data line. | _ | CMOS open-drain output | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| SCL | 1 | B5 | VL | Ι | Software Clock (I²C). Serial control interface clock used to clock control data bits into and out of the CS43130. | _ | _ | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| XTI/MCLK | 37 | A4 | VL | I | Crystal/Oscillator Input/MCLK In. Crystal or digital clock input for the master clock. | Weak pull-down | _ | Hysteresis on CMOS input |
| XTO | 36 | A3 | VL | 0 | Crystal/Oscillator Output. Crystal output. | Weak pull-down | CMOS output | _ |
| | | | | | Analog I/O 🔵 | | | |
| FILT+ | 5 | D4 | VA | 0 | Positive/Negative Voltage Reference. Positive/negative | _ | _ | _ |
| FILT- | 6 | D5 | | | reference voltage for DAC. | | | |
| HP_ DETECT | 22 | F4 | VP | I | Headphone Detect. Can be configured to be debounced on unplugged and plugged events before it is presented as a noninterrupt status bit (HPDETECT). | _ | Hi-Z | _ |
| HPINB | 15 | F3 | VCP_ | Ι | Headphone Audio Input. For interfacing low power audio source, | Weak | | _ |
| HPINA | 12 | G5 | FILT± | | an alternate analog input path for the headphone output. Refer to analog specification table for full-scale input level. | pull-down | | |
| HPOUTB | 16 | G3 | VCP_ | 0 | Headphone Audio Output. Refer to analog specification table for | _ | _ | |
| HPOUTA | 14 | G4 | FILT± | | full-scale output level. | | | |
| HPREFB HPREFA | 17 13 | E3 E4 | VCP_ FILT± | I | Headphone Output Reference. Reference for headphone amplifier and detect. | — | _ | _ |
| | | | | | Power Supplies 🥢 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



| Pin Name | QFN Pin # | WLCSP Ball | Power Supply | | Pin Description | Internal Connection | Digital I/O Driver | Digital I/C Receiver |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----|---|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| VD | 4 | C6 | N/A | I | Internal Digital Power. Internal digital power supply, typically +1.8 V. | | | |
| VA | 7 | D6 | N/A | Ι | Analog Power. Power supply for the internal analog section. | — | — | _ |
| VCP | 25 | D2 | N/A | I | Charge Pump Supply. Provides charge pump voltage to the headphone Class H analog output circuit. | _ | _ | |
| VP | 26 | D1 | N/A | I | Battery supply . Provides voltage to the headphone Class H circuit. | _ | _ | |
| | | | | | Ground 🔴 | | | |
| GNDD | 35 | C3 | N/A | Ι | Digital and I/O Ground. Ground for the I/O and core logic. GNDA, GNDCP, and GNDD must be connected to a common ground area under the chip. | _ | _ | _ |
| GNDA | 8 | E5 | N/A | I | Analog Ground. Ground reference for the internal analog section. GNDA, GNDCP, and GNDD must be connected to a common ground area under the chip. | _ | _ | _ |
| GNDCP | 19 | F2 | N/A | I | Charge Pump Ground. Ground reference for the charge pump section. GNDA, GNDCP, and GNDD must be connected to a common ground area under the chip. | _ | _ | _ |
| | | | | | Charge Pump 🚫 | | | |
| VCP_FILT+ | 21 | E2 | VCP/ | I/O | | — | _ | — |
| VCP_FILT- | 18 | G2 | VP 1 | | the inverting charge pump that provides the positive/negative rail for the analog output. When operating in external VCP_FILT mode, these pins can directly take in supply voltage. | | | |
| –VA | 9 | E6 | VA | 0 | VA Negative Charge Pump Output. Negative charge pump output for DAC rail. It is derived from VA. | _ | — | _ |
| FLYP_VA | 10 | F6 | VA | 0 | | — | _ | _ |
| FLYN_VA | 11 | G6 | | | negative nodes for the DAC negative charge pump's flying capacitor. | | | |
| FLYP_VCP | 24 | E1 | VCP/ VP 1 | 0 | -VCP Charge Pump Cap Positive Node . Positive node for the analog output negative charge pump's flying capacitor. | | _ | _ |
| FLYC_VCP | 23 | F1 | VCP/ VP ¹ | 0 | -VCP Charge Pump Cap Center Node. Center node for the analog output negative charge pump's flying capacitor. | | — | — |
| FLYN_VCP | 20 | G1 | VCP_ FILT± | 0 | -VCP Charge Pump Cap Negative Node. Negative node for the analog output negative charge pump's flying capacitor. | | — | — |
| | | | | | Test | | | |
| TSO | 3 | B6 | N/A | I/O | Test Output. | — | — | — |
| TSI | _ | D3, F5 | | | Test Input. | | _ | |

Table 1-1. Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

1. The power supply is determined by ADPT_PWR setting (see Section 4.3.1). VP is used if ADPT_PWR = 001 (VP_LDO Mode) or when necessary for ADPTPWR = 111 (Adapt-to-Signal Mode).



1.4 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection Circuitry



ESD-sensitive device. The CS43130 is manufactured on a CMOS process. Therefore, it is generically susceptible to damage from excessive static voltages. Proper ESD precautions must be taken while handling and storing this device. This device is qualified to current JEDEC ESD standards.

Fig. 1-3 provides a composite view of the ESD domains showing the ESD protection paths between each pad and the substrate (GND), as well as the interrelations between some domains. Note that this figure represents the structure for the internal protection devices and that additional protections can be implemented as part of the integration into the board.

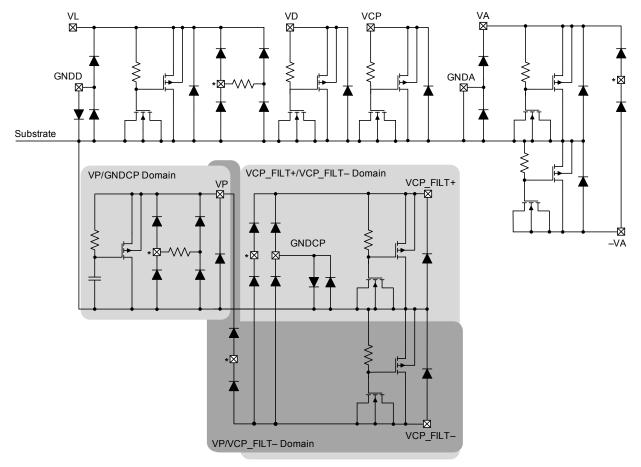


Figure 1-3. Composite ESD Topology

Table 1-2 shows the individual ESD domains and lists the pins associated with each domain.

Table 1-2. ESD Domains

| ESD Domain | Signal Name (See * in Topology Figures for Pad) | Тороlоду |
|------------|---|-----------|
| VL/GNDD | ADR DSDCLK/SCLK2 SCL SDA DSDB/LRCK2 DSDA/SDIN2 SDIN1 LRCK1 SCLK1 CLKOUT XTI/MCLK XTO | Substrate |



Table 1-2. ESD Domains (Cont.)

| ESD Domain | Signal Name (See * in Topology Figures for Pad) | Тороlоду |
|---|--|---|
| VA/–VA | FLYN_VA FLYP_VA FILT+ FILT- | Substrate |
| VP/GNDCP VP/VCP_FILT- VCP_FILT+/ VCP_FILT- | RESET INT FLYP_VCP FLYC_VCP HP_DETECT FLYN_VCP HPINA HPOUTA HPOUTA HPOUTB HPREFA HPREFB | VP/GNDCP Domain VCP_FILT+/VCP_FILT- Domain VCP_FILT+ GNDCP + Substrate |



2 Typical Connection Diagram

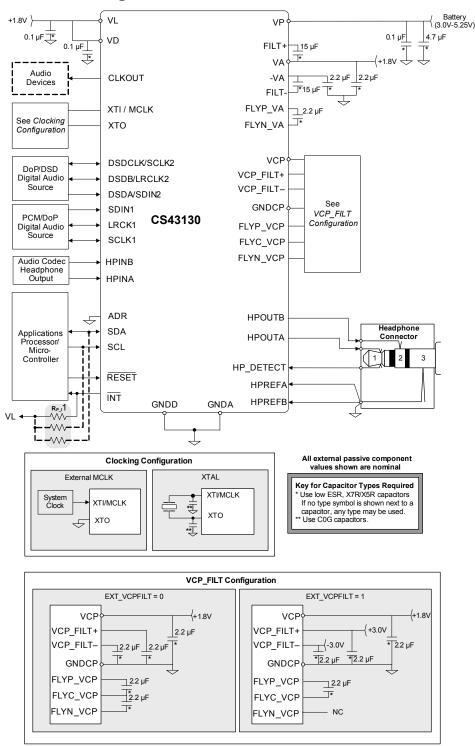


Figure 2-1. Typical Connection Diagram

Note: 1. The value for $R_{P,I}$ can be determined by the interrupt pin specification in Table 3-11.



3 Characteristics and Specifications

Table 3-1 defines parameters as they are characterized in this section.

Table 3-1. Parameter Definitions

| Parameter | Definition |
|---|--|
| Dynamic range | The ratio of the rms value of the signal to the rms sum of all other spectral components over the specified bandwidth. A signal-to-noise ratio measurement over the specified bandwidth made with a –60-dB signal; 60 dB is added to resulting measurement to refer the measurement to full scale. This technique ensures that distortion components are below the noise level and do not affect the measurement. This measurement technique has been accepted by the Audio Engineering Society, AES17–1991, and the Electronic Industries Association of Japan, EIAJ CP–307. Dynamic range is expressed in decibel units. |
| Gain drift | The change in gain value with temperature, expressed in ppm/°C units. |
| Idle channel noise | The rms value of the signal with no input applied (properly back-terminated analog input, digital zero, or zero modulation input). Measured over the specified bandwidth. |
| Interchannel gain mismatch | The gain difference between left and right channel pairs. Interchannel gain mismatch is expressed in decibel units. |
| Interchannel phase mismatch | The phase difference between left and right channel pairs at 997-Hz sine wave input. Interchannel phase mismatch is expressed in degree units (with respect to 997-Hz sine wave input). |
| Interchannel isolation | A measure of cross talk between the left and right channel pairs. Interchannel isolation is measured for each channel at the converter's output with no signal to the input under test and a full-scale signal applied to the other channel. Interchannel isolation is expressed in decibel units. |
| Load resistance and capacitance | The recommended minimum resistance and maximum capacitance required for the internal op-amp's stability and signal integrity. The load capacitance effectively moves the band-limiting pole of the amp in the output stage. Increasing load capacitance beyond the recommended value can cause the internal op-amp to become unstable. |
| Output offset voltage | The DC offset voltage present at the amplifier's output when its input signal is in a mute state. The offset exists due to CMOS process limitations and is proportional to analog volume settings. When measuring the offset out of the headphone amplifier, the headphone amplifier is ON. |
| Total harmonic distortion + noise (THD+N) | The ratio of the rms sum of distortion and noise spectral components across the specified bandwidth (typically 20 Hz–20 kHz) relative to the rms value of the signal. THD+N is measured at –1 and –20 dBFS for the analog input and at 0 and –20 dB for the analog output, as suggested in AES17–1991 Annex A. THD+N is expressed in decibel units. |
| Turn-on time | Turn-on time is measured from when the PDN_HP = 0 ACK signal is received to when the signal appears on the HP output. |

Table 3-2. Recommended Operating Conditions

GNDD = GNDA= GNDCP = 0 V, all voltages with respect to ground.

| | Parameters | 1 | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Units |
|--|----------------------|---|---|--|---|------------------|
| DC power supply | Analog | | VA | 1.66 | 1.94 | V |
| | Charge pump | | VCP | 1.66 | 1.94 | V |
| | Filtered charge pump | EXT_VCPFLT = 1 | VCP_FILT+ | 2.85 | 3.15 | V |
| | | | VCP_FILT- | -3.15 | -2.85 | V |
| | Battery supply | HV_EN = 0, EXT_VCPFILT = 0 HV_EN = 1, EXT_VCPFILT = 0 EXT_VCPFILT = 1 | | 3.0 3.3 3.3 | 5.25 5.25 5.25 | V V V |
| | Digital Interface | | VL | 1.66 | 1.94 | V |
| | Digital Internal | | VD | 1.66 | 1.94 | V |
| External voltage applied to pin ^{2,3} | | HP_DETECT pin VCP_FILT± domain pins ⁴ VL domain pins VA domain pins VP domain pins | V _{VCPF} V _{VL} V _{VA} | -0.3 - VCP_FILT- -0.3 - VCP_FILT- -0.3 -0.3 -0.3 | VP + 0.3 0.3 + VCP_FILT+ VL + 0.3 VA + 0.3 VP + 0.3 | V V V V |
| Ambient temperatur | re | | T _A | -10 | +70 | °C |

1. Device functional operation is guaranteed within these limits. Functionality is not guaranteed or implied outside of these limits. Operation outside of these limits may adversely affect device reliability.

2. The maximum over/undervoltage is limited by the input current.

3. Table 1-1 lists the power supply domain in which each CS43130 pin resides.

4.VCP_FILT± is specified in Table 3-16.



Table 3-3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

GNDD = GNDA= GNDCP = 0 V; all voltages with respect to ground.

| Parameters | | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Units |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------|---------|---------|-------|
| DC power supply | Analog | VA | -0.3 | 2.33 | V |
| | Battery | VP | -0.3 | 6.3 | V |
| | Charge pump | VCP | -0.3 | 2.33 | V |
| | Filtered charge pump (positive) | VCP_FILT+ | -0.3 | 3.3 | V |
| | Filtered charge pump (negative) | VCP_FILT- | 0.3 | -3.3 | V |
| | Digital interface | VL | -0.3 | 2.33 | V |
| | Digital internal | VD | -0.3 | 2.33 | V |
| Input current ¹ | | l _{in} | _ | ±10 | mA |
| Ambient operating temperature (power applied) | | T _A | -50 | +115 | °C |
| Storage temperature | | T _{stg} | -65 | +150 | °C |

Caution: Stresses beyond "Absolute Maximum Ratings" levels may cause permanent damage to the device. These levels are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in Table 3-2, "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

1. Any pin except supplies and HPINx. Transient currents of up to ±100 mA on the analog input pins do not cause SCR latch-up.

Table 3-4. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 1) 1

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 1; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

| | PCM and DSD Process | or Mode Parameter ^{2,3,4} | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|--|------------------------------------|--|------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| HPOUTx R _L = 10 kΩ C _L = 200 pF OUT_FS = 11 | Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD 16-bit | A-weighted Unweighted A-weighted Unweighted | 124 121 91 88 | 130 127 97 94 | | dB dB dB dB |
| Volume = 0 dB ⁵ , unless otherwise specified | THD+N (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD 16-bit | 0 dB -20 dB -60 dB 0 dB -20 dB -60 dB | | -108 -97 -67 -94 -74 -34 | -101 -61 -88 -28 | dB dB dB dB dB dB |
| | Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | | _ | 0.55 | — | μV |
| | Full-scale output voltage | 9 | | 4.66 | 4.90 | 5.14 | Vpp |
| | Interchannel isolation 6(| defined in Table 3-1) | 217 Hz 1 kHz 20 kHz | | 110 95 68 | — — — | dB dB dB |
| HPOUTx $R_L = 600 \Omega$ $C_L = 200 pF$ $OUT_FS = 11$ | Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD 16-bit | A-weighted Unweighted A-weighted Unweighted | 124 121 91 88 | 130 127 97 94 | | dB dB dB dB |
| Volume = 0 dB ⁵ , unless otherwise specified | THD+N (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD 16-bit | 0 dB -20 dB -60 dB 0 dB -20 dB -60 dB | | -108 -97 -67 -94 -74 -34 | -101 61 88 | dB dB dB dB dB dB |
| | Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | | _ | 0.55 | — | μV |
| | Full-scale output voltage | 9 | | 4.66 | 4.90 | 5.14 | Vpp |
| | Output power | | | — | 5 | — | mW |
| | Interchannel isolation ⁶ (| defined in Table 3-1) | 217 Hz 1 kHz 20 kHz | | 110 95 68 | | dB dB dB |



Table 3-4. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 1) 1 (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 1; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

| | PCM and DSD Processor Mode Parameter ^{2,3,4} | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|-----------------------|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| Other characteristics | Interchannel gain mismatch (defined in Table 3-1) | | — | ±0.1 | — | dB |
| for HPOUTx | Interchannel phase mismatch (defined in Table 3-1) | | — | ±0.05 | — | ٥ |
| | Output offset voltage: Mute (defined in Table 3-1) | | _ | ±0.5 | ±1 | mV |
| | Gain drift (defined in Table 3-1) | | _ | ±100 | _ | ppm/°C |
| | Load resistance (RL) | | 600 | _ | _ | Ω |
| | Load capacitance (CL) | | _ | _ | 1 | nF |
| | Turn-on time (defined in Table 3-1) | | _ | _ | 10 | ms |
| | Click/pop during PDN_HP enable or disable | A-weighted | _ | _ | -60 | dBV |

1. This table also applies to external VCP_FILT supply mode: CS43130 power up procedure is per description in Section 5.10.1; EXT_VCPFILT = 1;

VCP_FILT+ and VCP_FILT- comply to Table 3-2 when EXT_VCPFILT = 1; in this mode, HV_EN setting becomes don't care.

2.One LSB of triangular PDF dither is added to PCM data.

3. Referred to the typical full-scale voltage. Applies to all THD+N and dynamic range values in the table.

4.DSD performance may be limited by the source recording. 0 dB-SACD = 50% modulation index.

5. The volume must be configured as indicated to achieve specified output characteristics.

6. Output test configuration. Symbolized component values are specified in the test conditions.

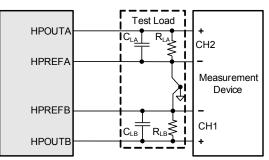


Table 3-5. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 0) ¹

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 0; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; TA = $+25^{\circ}$ C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

| | PCM and DSD Process | or Mode Parameter 2,3,4 | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| $\begin{array}{c} R_{L} = 10 \ k\Omega \\ C_{L} = 200 \ pF \\ OUT_{L}FS = 10 \\ Volume = 0 \ dB,^5 \\ unless otherwise \\ specified \\ \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} THD+N \\ (defined) \\ \end{array} \\ \hline \\ Idle char \\ (defined) \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array}$ | Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | A-weighted Unweighted | | 128 125 | — | dB dB |
| | | 16-bit | A-weighted Unweighted | 91 | 97 94 | | dB dB |
| | THD+N (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | 0 dB –20 dB –60 dB | — | 109 95 65 | -103 -59 | dB dB dB |
| | | 16-bit | 0 dB -20 dB -60 dB | _ | -94 -74 -34 | -88 | dB dB dB |
| | Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | | _ | 0.55 | — | μV |
| | Full-scale output voltage | 9 | | 3.76 | 3.96 | 4.16 | Vpp |
| | Interchannel isolation 6 | (defined in Table 3-1) | 217 Hz 1 kHz 20 kHz | — | 110 94 68 | | dB dB dB |



Table 3-5. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 0) ¹ (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 0; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

| | PCM and DSD Process | or Mode Parameter ^{2,3,} | 4 | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| HPOUTx; R _L = 600 Ω | Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | A-weighted Unweighted | 122 119 | 128 125 | _ | dB dB |
| $C_L^- = 200 \text{ pF}$ OUT_FS = 10 Volume = 0 dB. | | 16-bit | A-weighted Unweighted | 91 88 | 97 94 | — | dB dB |
| unless otherwise specified | THD+N (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | 0 dB –20 dB | _ | -109 -95 | -103 | dB dB |
| | | 16-bit | –60 dB 0 dB –20 dB | _ | 65 94 74 | -59 -88 | dB dB dB |
| | | | -20 dB -60 dB | _ | -34 | | dB |
| | Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | | _ | 0.55 | _ | μV |
| | Full-scale output voltage | e | | 3.76 | 3.96 | 4.16 | Vpp |
| | Output power | | | — | 3.3 | — | mW |
| | Interchannel isolation ⁶ | (defined in Table 3-1) | 217 Hz 1 kHz 20 kHz | | 110 94 68 | | dB dB dB |
| HPOUTx; R _L = 32 Ω C _L = 200 pF | Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD 16-bit | A-weighted Unweighted A-weighted | 119 116 91 | 125 122 97 | — | dB dB dB |
| OUT_FS = 01 Volume = 0 dB, | | ТО-Ы | Unweighted | 88 | 97 94 | _ | dB |
| | THD+N (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | 0 dB –20 dB –60 dB | | -106 -92 -62 | -96 -56 | dB dB dB |
| | | 16-bit | 0 dB -20 dB -60 dB | | -94 -74 -34 | -88 -28 | dB dB dB |
| | Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | | _ | 0.55 | _ | μV |
| | Full-scale output voltage | 9 | | 2.68 | 2.81 | 2.96 | Vpp |
| | Output power | | | _ | 30.8 | _ | mW |
| | Interchannel isolation ⁶ | defined in Table 3-1) | 217 Hz 1 kHz 20 kHz | | 110 90 66 | | dB dB dB |
| HPOUTx; R _L = 16 Ω C _L = 200 pF | Dynamic range (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit 16-bit | A-weighted Unweighted A-weighted | 113 110 89 | 119 116 95 | | dB dB dB |
| OUT_FS = 00 Volume = 0 dB, | | | Unweighted | 86 | 92 | — | dB |
| unless otherwise specified | THD+N (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | 0 dB –20 dB –60 dB | _ | -100 -86 -56 | -94 -50 | dB dB dB |
| | | 16-bit | 0 dB -20 dB -60 dB | | -94 -74 -34 | -88 | dB dB dB |
| | Idle channel noise (A-weighted) (defined in Table 3-1) | 24-bit, 32-bit, DSD | | _ | 0.55 | _ | μV |
| | Full-scale output voltage | 9 | | 1.34 | 1.41 | 1.48 | Vpp |
| | Output power | | | _ | 15.6 | _ | mW |
| | Interchannel isolation ⁶ | (defined in Table 3-1) | 217 Hz 1 kHz | _ | 110 83 | _ | dB dB |
| | | | 20 kHz | _ | 58 | — | dB |



Table 3-5. Analog Output Characteristics (HV_EN = 0) 1 (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; input test signal is a 32-bit, full-scale 997-Hz sine wave (unless specified otherwise); GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; HV_EN = 0; ASP_M/Sb = 1; typical, min/max performance data taken with VA = VCP = 1.8 V; VL = VD = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; ASP_SPRATE = 0001 (LRCK = 44.1-kHz mode); PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency f_{XTAL} = 22.5792 MHz); Volume = 0 dB; when testing in DSD processor mode, DSD_ZERODB = 1; when testing noise related specifications (dynamic range, THD+N, idle channel noise), no external impedance on HPREFx.

| | PCM and DSD Processor Mode Parameter ^{2,3,4} | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|-----------------------|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| Other characteristics | Interchannel gain mismatch (defined in Table 3-1) | | _ | ±0.1 | _ | dB |
| for HPOUTx | Interchannel phase mismatch (defined in Table 3-1) | | _ | ±0.05 | - | degree |
| | Output offset voltage: Mute (defined in Table 3-1) | | _ | ±0.5 | ±1 | mV |
| | Gain drift (defined in Table 3-1) | | _ | ±100 | - | ppm/°C |
| | Load resistance (RL) | | 16 | _ | _ | Ω |
| | Load capacitance (CL) | | _ | _ | 1 | nF |
| | Turn-on time (defined in Table 3-1) | | _ | _ | 8 | ms |
| | Audio latency after RESET released 7 | | _ | _ | 20 | ms |
| | Click/pop during PDN_HP enable or disable | A-weighted | _ | _ | -60 | dBV |

1. This table also applies to external VCP_FILT supply mode: CS43130 power up procedure as described in Section 4.3.5; EXT_VCPFILT=1; VCP_ FILT+ and VCP_FILT- comply to Table 3-2 when EXT_VCPFILT = 1; in this mode, HV_EN setting becomes don't care.

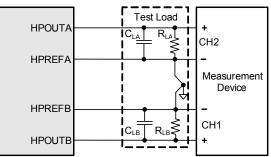
2. One LSB of triangular PDF dither is added to PCM data.

3. Referred to the typical full-scale voltage. Applies to all THD+N and dynamic range values in the table.

4.DSD performance may be limited by the source recording. 0 dB-SACD = 50% modulation index.

5. The volume must be configured as indicated to achieve specified output characteristics.

6. HP output test configuration. Symbolized component values are specified in the test conditions.



7.With I²C normal speed mode and 22.5792-MHz XTAL used as MCLK source, this specification is measured from reset released to when the audio signal appears on the output per power-up sequence listed in Section 5.10.1. PCM_SZC should be set to Immediate (PCM_SZC = 00) to hear audio at 20 ms after startup.

Table 3-6. Headphone Load Measurement

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; typical performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; min/max performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; TA = +25°C. MCLK_INT = 1, PDN_XTAL = 0, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency $f_{XTAL} = 22.5792$ MHz)

| Parameters | | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|----------------------|--------|------------------|---------|---------|--------|
| Frequency range | | — | 20 | — | 20k | Hz |
| Frequency resolution | | _ | — | 5.94 | — | Hz |
| Low frequency impedance range | | _ | 8 | _ | 1200 | Ω |
| Relative impedance measurement capability ¹ | | — | -12 ² | — | +12 | dB |
| Impedance measurement accuracy ³ | Gain error Offset | _ | -5 -1 | _ | +5 1 | % Ω |

1. Impedance measurement range is relative to low-frequency HP load impedance measured.

2. Or 4 Ω , whichever is greater.

3. Accuracy is referred to reported impedance.



Table 3-7. Alternate Headphone Path

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; typical performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; min/max performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = 1.8 V, VA = 0 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; R_L = 32 Ω ; TA = +25°C; measurement bandwidth is 20 Hz–20 kHz; MCLK_SRC_SEL = 10, PDN_XTAL = 1.

| | Parameters | | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|----------------------------|---|--------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Switch on characteristics | Signal range when switch on ¹ | | V _{INAI} | — | | 3.00 | Vpp |
| $(PDN_HP = 1)$ | THD+N with 32 Ω @ 2.82 Vpp | | — | — | -99 | — | dB |
| $HP_IN_EN = 1$) | Interchannel isolation | 217 Hz | — | 104 | 110 | — | dB |
| | | 1 kHz | | — | 110 | | dB |
| | | 20 kHz | | — | 90 | _ | dB |
| | HPINx turn-on time ² | | t _{HPIN_ON} | — | — | 80 | μS |
| Switch off characteristics | Analog signal range when switched off 3,4 | | VINOFF | — | _ | 0.3 | Vp |
| $(PDN_HP = 1, \dots, D)$ | Turn-off time ⁵ | | t _{HPIN_OFF} | — | _ | 20 | μs |
| $HP_IN_EN = 0)$ | Off isolation ⁶ | 217 Hz | | — | 120 | — | dB |
| | | 1 kHz | | — | 120 | | dB |
| | | 20 kHz | | — | 100 | — | dB |

1. When switch is on, maximally allowable voltage applied to HPINx pins.

2.HPINx turn-on time is measured when setting HP_IN_EN = 1 I²C ACK signal is received to when the signal appears on the HP out. MCLK_SRC_ SEL = 00, PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and VCP_FILT± has been properly charged to expected nominal values.

3. When switch is off, maximally allowable voltage applied to HPINx pins.

4. Before switch off event, it is required HPINx signal is within this range before the switch is turned off. When the switch is in off state, HPINx signal cannot exceed this specified range.

5. HPINx turn-off time is measured when HP_IN_EN = 0 ACK signal is received to when the signal disappears from the HP out. This spec also applies when register settings are: MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00, PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1.

6. Off isolation specification is measured with $V_{INOFF} = 0.1$ Vp input.

Table 3-8. Combined DAC Digital, On-Chip Analog and HPOUTx Filter Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): The filter characteristics have been normalized to the sample rate (Fs) and can be referenced to the desired sample rate by multiplying the given characteristic by Fs. Single-Speed Mode refers to 32-, 44.1-, and 48-kHz sample rates. Double-Speed Mode refers to 88.2- and 96-kHz sample rates. Quad-Speed Mode refers to 176.4- and 192-kHz sample rates. Octuple-Speed Mode refers to 352.8- and 384-kHz sample rates. MCLK_INT is an integer multiple of Fs; HPF disabled; no DC offset applied; group delay does not include serial port delay.

| | Parameter | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|---|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------|-------|
| Fast Roll-Off (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 0) Single-Speed Mode ¹ | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | _ | 0.4535 4 | Fs |
| (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 0) | | to –3-dB corner | 0 | — | 0.49 | Fs |
| Single-Speed Mode | | attenuation @ Fs/2 | 8.44 ³ | _ | — | dB |
| | Passband ripple 10 Hz to –0.01-dB corner 5 | | -0.01 | | +0.01 | dB |
| | Stopband | | 0.547 | _ | _ | Fs |
| | Stopband attenuation ⁶ | PHCOMP_LOWLATB = 0 | | _ | — | dB |
| | | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1 | 105 | — | | dB |
| | Group delay (linear phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1 | | 39.5/Fs ⁸ | _ | S |
| | Group delay (minimum phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0 | _ | 6.3/Fs ⁹ | _ | S |
| | Deemphasis error ¹⁰ (Relative to 1 kHz) | Fs = 44.1 kHz | — | _ | ±0.14 | dB |
| Fast Roll-Off | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | | 0.227 | Fs |
| (FILTER SLOW FASTB = 0) Double-Speed Mode ¹ | | to –3-dB corner | - | — | 0.48 | Fs |
| Double-Speed Mode | | attenuation @ Fs/2 | 7.77 | _ | — | dB |
| | Passband ripple 10 Hz to –0.01-dB corner | | -0.01 | — | 0.01 | dB |
| | Stopband | | 0.583 | _ | — | Fs |
| | Stopband attenuation ⁶ | | 80 | _ | — | dB |
| | Group delay (linear phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1 | | 22.3/Fs | _ | S |
| | Group delay (minimum phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0 | _ | 7.5/Fs | — | S |
| Fast Roll-Off | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | _ | 0.114 | Fs |
| (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 0) Quad-Speed Mode 1 | | to –3-dB corner | - | — | 0.46 | Fs |
| Quad-Speed Mode | | attenuation @ Fs/2 | 9.44 | _ | _ | dB |
| | Passband ripple 10 Hz to –0.01-dB corner | | -0.01 | - | 0.01 | dB |
| | Stopband | | 0.583 | | _ | Fs |
| | Stopband attenuation 6 | | 80 | — | _ | dB |
| | Group delay (linear phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1 | — | 20.7/Fs | — | S |
| | Group delay (minimum phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0 | | 11.3/Fs | | S |



Table 3-8. Combined DAC Digital, On-Chip Analog and HPOUTx Filter Characteristics (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): The filter characteristics have been normalized to the sample rate (Fs) and can be referenced to the desired sample rate by multiplying the given characteristic by Fs. Single-Speed Mode refers to 32-, 44.1-, and 48-kHz sample rates. Double-Speed Mode refers to 88.2- and 96-kHz sample rates. Quad-Speed Mode refers to 176.4- and 192-kHz sample rates. Octuple-Speed Mode refers to 352.8- and 384-kHz sample rates. MCLK_INT is an integer multiple of Fs; HPF disabled; no DC offset applied; group delay does not include serial port delay.

| | Parameter | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Slow Roll-Off | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | — | 0.417 | Fs |
| (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 1) Single-Speed Mode ¹ | | to –3-dB corner | 0 | — | 0.49 | Fs |
| engle opeca meac | | attenuation @ Fs/2 | 6.45 ¹¹ | _ | _ | dB |
| | Passband ripple 10 Hz to –0.01-dB corner | 5 | -0.01 | — | +0.01 | dB |
| | Stopband | | 0.583 | — | _ | Fs |
| | Stopband attenuation 6 | | 64 | — | _ | dB |
| | Group delay (linear phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1 | — | 34.5/Fs 12 | — | S |
| | Group delay (minimum phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0 | — | 5.6/Fs ¹³ | — | S |
| | Deemphasis error ¹⁰ (Relative to 1 kHz) | Fs = 44.1 kHz | — | _ | ±0.14 | dB |
| Slow Roll-Off | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | _ | 0.208 | Fs |
| (FILTER SLOW FASTB = 1) Double-Speed Mode ¹ | | to –3-dB corner | 0 | _ | 0.458 | Fs |
| | | attenuation @ Fs/2 | 7 | | | dB |
| | Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.01-dB cornel | r | -0.01 | | 0.01 | dB |
| | Stopband | | 0.792 | _ | — | Fs |
| | Stopband attenuation ⁶ | | 70 | _ | _ | dB |
| | Group delay (linear phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 1 | — | 22.3/Fs | — | S |
| | Group delay (minimum phase) | PHCOMB_LOWLATB = 0 | — | 6.7/Fs | _ | S |
| Slow Roll-Off (FILTER_SLOW_FASTB = 1) Quad-Speed Mode ¹ | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | — | 0.104 | Fs |
| | | to –3-dB corner attenuation @ Fs/2 | 0 7.00 | — | 0.43 | Fs dB |
| | Passband ripple 10 Hz to -0.01-dB corne | - | -0.01 | | 0.01 | dB |
| | Stopband | | 0.792 | | 0.01 | Fs |
| | Stopband attenuation ⁶ | | 75 | | | dB |
| | Group delay (linear phase) | PHCOMB LOWLATB = 1 | | 20.7/Fs | | s |
| | Group delay (minimum phase) | PHCOMB LOWLATB = 0 | _ | 10.6/Fs | | s |
| Nonoversampling (NOS) | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | 10.0/1 5 | 0.026 | Fs |
| (NOS = 1) | | to –3-dB corner | 0 | _ | 0.020 | Fs |
| Single-Speed Mode 1 | Passband droop 10 Hz to 20 kHz | | _ | | 3.2 ¹⁴ | dB |
| | Group delay | | _ | 2.7/Fs | | s |
| Nonoversampling (NOS) | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | | 0.0246 | Fs |
| (NOS = 1) | | to –3-dB corner | Õ | _ | 0.446 | Fs |
| Double-Speed Mode 1 | Passband droop 10 Hz to 20 kHz | | _ | _ | 0.73 | dB |
| | Group delay | | _ | 4.5/Fs | _ | s |
| Nonoversampling (NOS) (NOS = 1) | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | _ | 0.026 | Fs |
| (NOS = 1) | | to -3-dB corner | 0 | — | 0.405 | Fs |
| Quad-Speed Mode 1 | Passband droop 10 Hz to 20 kHz | | _ | _ | 0.167 | dB |
| | Group delay | | _ | 8.4/Fs | _ | s |
| Octuple-Speed Mode ¹ | Passband ² | to -0.01-dB corner | 0 | _ | 0.0299 | Fs |
| · · | | to –3-dB corner | 0 | — | 0.302 | Fs |
| | Passband droop 10 Hz to 20 kHz | | — | — | 0.037 | dB |
| | Group delay | | — | 17/Fs | _ | S |

1. Filter response is by design.

2. Response is clock-dependent and scales with Fs.

3. 8.5 dB for 32-kHz sample rate.

4. 0.454 Fs for 32-kHz sample rate.

5. Filter ripple specification is invalid with deemphasis enabled.

6. For Single-Speed Mode, the measurement bandwidth is from stopband to 3 Fs. For Double-Speed Mode, the measurement bandwidth is from stopband to 3 Fs.

For Quad-Speed Mode, the measurement bandwidth is from stopband to 1.34 Fs.

7.105 dB for 32-kHz sample rate. 8. 39/Fs for 32-kHz sample rate.

8. 39/FS for 32-kHz sample rate.

9. 5.9/Fs for 32-kHz sample rate.

10. Deemphasis is available only in 44.1 kHz.

11. 6.5 dB for 32-kHz sample rate.

12. 34/Fs for 32-kHz sample rate.



13. 5.2/Fs for 32-kHz sample rate.

14. 3.9 dB for 32-kHz sample rate (passband droop 10 Hz to 15 kHz).

Table 3-9. DAC High-Pass Filter (HPF) Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Gains are all set to 0 dB; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.

| Parameter ¹ | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|---------|----------------------------|---------|-------|
| Passband ² –0.05-dB corner | _ | 0.18 x 10 ⁻³ /N | _ | Fs |
| –3.0-dB corner | — | 19.5 x 10 ⁻⁶ /N | — | Fs |
| Passband ripple (0.417x10-3/N Fs to 0.417/N Fs; normalized to 0.417/N Fs) ² | _ | — | 0.01 | dB |
| Phase deviation @ 0.453x10 ⁻³ /N Fs ² | _ | 2.45 | _ | 0 |
| Filter settling time ³ | — | 0.56 4 | — | S |

1. Response scales with Fs in PCM Mode. Specifications are normalized to Fs and are denormalized by multiplying by Fs. For DSD Mode, Fs is 44.1 kHz. 2. For PCM Single-Speed Mode, N = 1.

For PCM Double-Speed Mode, N = 2.

For PCM Quad-Speed Mode, N = 4.

For PCM Octuple-Speed Mode, N = 8.

For DSD 64 x Fs Mode, N = 1.

For DSD 128 x Fs Mode, N = 1.

3. Required time for the magnitude of the DC component present at the output of the HPF to reach 5% of the applied DC signal.

4. Filter settling time is 0.775 seconds at Fs = 32 kHz.

Table 3-10. DSD Combined Digital and On-Chip Analog Filter Response ¹

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Digital gains are all set to 0 dB; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$; PDN_XTAL = 0, MCLK_INT = 1, and MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 (crystal frequency $f_{XTAL} = 22.5792$ MHz).

| Parameter I | | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| DSD Mode | Passband | to –3-dB corner | _ | 50 | _ | kHz |
| Frequency response 20 Hz to 20 kHz | | -0.05 | — | 0.05 | dB | |
| | Roll-off | | 27 | _ | _ | dB/Oct |

1. Filter response is by design.



Table 3-11. Digital Interface Specifications and Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; parameters can vary with VL and VP; typical performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VD = 1.8 V and VL = 1.8 V; min/max performance data taken with VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VD = 1.8V and VL = 1.8 V; T_A = +25°C; C_L = 60 pF.

| F | Parameters ¹ | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Units |
|--|---|-----------------|---------|---------|-------|
| Input leakage current ^{2,3} | LRCK1, DSDB/LRCK2 | l _{in} | _ | ±4 | μA |
| | SDIN1, SCLK1, DSDA/SDIN2, DSDCLK/SCLK2 | | — | ±3 | μA |
| | HP_DETECT | | — | ±100 | nA |
| | SDA, SCL | | — | ±100 | nA |
| | INT, RESET | | _ | ±100 | nA |
| Internal weak pull-down | | _ | 550 | 2450 | kΩ |
| Input capacitance | | — | | 10 | pF |
| INT current sink (V _{OL} = 0.3 V maximum) | | — | 825 | — | μA |
| VL Logic (non-I ² C) | High-level output voltage (I_{OH} = -100 µA) | V _{OH} | 0.9•VL | _ | V |
| | Low-level output voltage | | — | 0.1•VL | V |
| | High-level input voltage | VIH | 0.7•VL | — | V |
| | Low-level input voltage | | — | 0.3•VL | V |
| VL Logic (I ² C only) | Hysteresis voltage (Fast Mode and Fast Mode Plus) | | 0.05•VL | — | V |
| | Low-level output voltage | V _{OL} | — | 0.2•VL | V |
| | High-level input voltage | | 0.7•VL | — | V |
| | Low-level input voltage | VIL | — | 0.3•VL | V |
| HP_DETECT ⁴ | High-level input voltage | | 0.93•VP | | V |
| | Low-level input voltage | V _{IL} | _ | 2.0 | V |
| HP_DETECT current to VCP_FILT- 4 | | IHP_DETECT | 1.00 | 2.91 | μA |

1.See Table 1-1 for serial and control-port power rails.

2. Specification is per pin.

3. Includes current through internal pull-up or pull-down resistors on pin. 4. The HP_DETECT input circuit allows the HP_DETECT signal to be as low of a voltage as VCP_FILT– and as high as VP. Section 4.5.1 provides configuration details.

Table 3-12. CLKOUT Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; CL = 60 pF; PLL reference input must meet the phase-noise mask specified in Fig. 4-15; TA = +25°C; Output jitter is measured from 100 Hz to half of the output frequency.

| Parameters | | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| CLKOUT output frequency | | fclkout | 2.8224 | 3 | 3.072 | MHz |
| | | | 5.6448 | 6 | 6.144 | MHz |
| | | | 7.5264 | 8 | 8.192 | MHz |
| | | | 11.2896 | 12 | 12.288 | MHz |
| CLKOUT output duty cycle | | — | 40 | 50 | 60 | % |
| CLKOUT output TIE jitter (RMS) | CLKOUT_SRC_SEL = 01 | t _{JIT} | — | 500 | — | ps |

Table 3-13. PLL Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; PLL reference input must meet the phase-noise mask specified in Fig. 4-15; TA = +25°C.

| Parameters | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| PLL output frequency | f _{out} | 22.5792 | 24 | 24.576 | MHz |
| PLL lock time | t _{Lock} | — | 620 | 1000 | μs |
| PLL reference clock input | _ | — | 11.2896 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 22.5792 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 12.2880 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 24.5760 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 9.6000 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 19.2000 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 12.0000 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 24.0000 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 13.0000 | — | MHz |
| | | — | 26.000 | — | MHz |
| PLL reference clock input jitter | | _ | _ | 50 | ps |



Table 3-14. Crystal Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): GNDD = GNDCP = GNDA = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; VP = 3.6 V, VCP = VA = 1.8 V, VL = VD = 1.8 V; TA = $+25^{\circ}$ C

| Parameters ¹ | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|----------------|---------|-------|
| Crystal oscillator frequency | f _{XTAL} | 22.57 | 22.5792/24.576 | 24.58 | MHz |
| Crystal load capacitance | C _{L_XTAL} | 5 | _ | 8 | pF |
| Equivalent series resistance | esr _{XTAL} | — | — | 100 | Ω |
| Startup time | t _{XTAL_pup} | — | _ | 8 | ms |
| Shunt capacitance | Co | — | _ | 0.8 | pF |
| Maximum drive level | — | 200 | — | — | μW |

1. Refer to Section 5.3 for supported crystal options.

Table 3-15. Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; input test signal held low (all zero data); GNDA = GNDL = GNDCP = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; VL = VA = VD = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; When testing PSRR, PCM input test signal held low (all zero data); $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$; PCM_AMUTE = 0.

| Parameter ¹ | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|---|---------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| HPOUTx217 HzPSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VA supply1 kHzPDN_HP = 0, HP_IN_EN = 020 kHz | — | 75 75 70 | — — — | dB dB dB |
| HPOUTx217 HzPSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VCP supply1 kHzPDN_HP = 0, HP_IN_EN = 020 kHz | _ | 80 80 60 | | dB dB dB |
| HPOUTx217 HzPSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VP supply1 kHzPDN_HP = 0, HP_IN_EN = 020 kHz | — | 100 100 80 | — — — | dB dB dB |
| $\label{eq:starses} \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{HPOUTx (0-dB analog gain)} & 217 \mbox{ Hz} \\ \mbox{PSRR with 100-mVpp signal AC coupled to VCP supply} & 1 \mbox{ kHz} \\ \mbox{PDN_HP = 1, HP_IN_EN = 1, R_L = 32 } \Omega & 20 \mbox{ kHz} \end{array}$ | — | 80 80 60 | | dB dB dB |
| $\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$ | — | 100 100 80 | | dB dB dB |

1.PSRR test configuration: Typical PSRR can vary by approximately 6 dB below the indicated values.

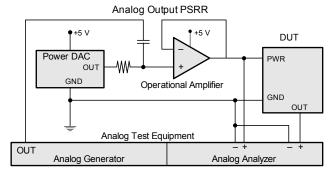


Table 3-16. DC Characteristics

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; GNDD = GNDA = GNDCP = 0 V; all voltages with respect to ground.

| Par | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|-------|---|---|
| VCP_FILT (No load connected to HPOUTx) | VP_LDO Mode | VCP_FILT+ pin (HV_EN = 1) | — | 3.0 | _ | V |
| EXT_VCPFILT = 0 | _ | VCP_FILT+ pin $(HV_EN = 0)$ | _ | 2.6 | | V |
| | | VCP_FILT- pin (HV_EN = 1) | _ | -3.0 | | V |
| | | VCP_FILT- pin (HV_EN = 0) | — | -2.6 | — | V |
| | VCP Mode | VCP_FILT+ pin | _ | VCP | _ | V |
| | | VCP_FILT- pin | — | -VCP | — | V |
| -VA | | –VA pin | _ | – VA | — | V |
| Alternate headphone path | On-resistance | | _ | 1 | — | Ω |
| switch-on characteristics PDN_HP = 1, HP_IN_EN = 1 | r _{ON} matching bet | ween channels | — | 0.05 | — | Ω |



Table 3-16. DC Characteristics (Cont.)

Test conditions (unless otherwise specified): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; GNDD = GNDA = GNDCP = 0 V; all voltages with respect to ground.

| Parameters | | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|---------------------------------|---|------------|---------|---------------|---------|--------|
| Other DC filter characteristics | Other DC filter characteristics FILT+ voltage | | — | -0.35 | — | V |
| | FILT– voltage | | — | 0.35 | — | V |
| | HP output current limiter on threshold. | | — | 120 | 160 | mA |
| | VD power-on reset threshold (V _{POR}) | Up Down | — | 1.15 0.950 | _ | V V |

Table 3-17. Power Consumption

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; performance data taken with VA = VCP = VD = VL = 1.8 V; VP = 3.6 V; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$; ASP_SPRATE = 0001(44.1-kHz mode); MCLK_INT = 1 (22.5792 MHz); MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00; all other fields are set to defaults; no signal on any input; control port inactive; all serial ports are set to Slave or Master Mode as indicated, input clock/data are held low unless active; test load is $R_L = 32 \Omega$ and $C_L = 1$ nF for HPOUTx; measured values include currents consumed by the DAC and do not include current delivered to external loads unless specified otherwise (e.g., from HPOUTx outputs); see Fig. 2-1.

| | Use Cases | | Typical Current (μA) | | | | | | Total |
|---|-----------|--|----------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|---------------|
| | | | P _{OUT} | İVCP | i _{VA} | i _{VD} | ivL | İ _{VP} | Power (µW) |
| 1 | | Off ¹ | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 22 |
| 2 | | Standby ² HPDETECT enabled | — | 0 | 0 | 256 | 0 | 32 | 576 |
| 3 | | Playback External MCLK = 22.5792 MHz, I ² S/DoP | | 4021 | 7302 | 1444 | 40 | 32 | 23167 |
| | В | Stereo HPOUT | 0.1mW | 12363 | 7862 | 2004 | 40 | 32 | 40199 |
| 4 | | Alternate HP path stereo HPIN enabled ⁴ | Quiescent | 209 | 110 | 393 | 3 | 66 | 1524 |

1.Off configuration: Clock/data lines held low; RESET = LOW; VA = VD = VL = 0 V, VCP = 0 V, VP = 3.6 V.

2.Standby configuration: Clock/data lines held low; RESET = HIGH; VA = VD = VL = 1.8 V, VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; HP_DETECT_CTRL = 11 (enabled); HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK=0 (unmasked); PDN_XTAL = 1, MCLK_SRC_SEL = 10 (RCO selected as MCLK source).

3.Quiescent configuration: data lines held low; RESET = HIGH; VA = 1.8 V, VD = VL = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V. Serial port, I²S/DoP Mode (ASP and SDIN, ASP_M/Sb = 0); PDN_XTAL = 1.

4.Quiescent configuration: PDN_XTAL = 1; MCLK_SRC_SEL = 10 (RCO selected as MCLK source); alternate headphone path (PDN_HP = 1, HPOUT_ CLAMP = 1, HP_IN_EN = 1); data lines held low; RESET = HIGH; VA = 1.8 V, VD = VL = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V.

Table 3-18. Serial-Port Interface Characteristics

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; parameters can vary with VL; typical performance data taken with VL = VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; min/max performance data taken with VL = 1.8 V; VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; T_A = +25°C; C_L = 60 pF; Logic 0 = ground, Logic 1 = VL; output timings are measured at V_{OL} and V_{OH} thresholds (see Table 3-11).

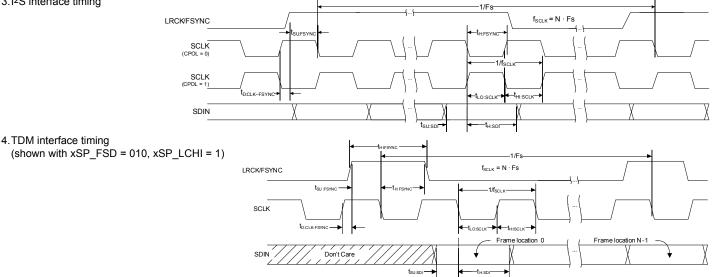
| | Parameters 1,2,3,4,5 | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|----------|--|--------------------------|---|---------|---|-------|
| FSYNC fr | ame rate | Fs | Fs (See Section 4.9.5) | | | kHz |
| FSYNC h | igh period ⁶ | t _{HI:FSYNC} | 1/f _{SCLK} | — | (n–1)/f _{SCLK} | S |
| Master | FSYNC duty cycle xSP_5050 = 1 | — | 45 | | 55 | % |
| Mode | FSYNC delay time after SCLK launching edge 7 | t _{D:CLK-FSYNC} | _ | | 20 | ns |
| | SCLK frequency | f _{SCLK} | _ | _ | f _{MCLK_INT} | MHz |
| | SCLK high period ⁸ | t _{HI:SCLK} | 1/(2•f _{SCLK}) – 1/f _{MCLK_INT} | _ | 1/(2•f _{SCLK}) + 1/f _{MCLK_INT} | ns |
| | SDIN setup time before SCLK latching edge 7 | t _{SU:SDI} | 10 | _ | — | ns |
| | SDIN hold time after SCLK latching edge ⁷ | t _{H:SDI} | 5 | _ | — | ns |
| Slave | FSYNC setup time before SCLK latching edge 7 | t _{SU:FSYNC} | 10 | _ | — | ns |
| Mode | FSYNC hold time after SCLK latching edge 7 | t _{H:FSYNC} | 5 | _ | — | ns |
| | SCLK frequency | f _{SCLK} | _ | _ | 24.58 | MHz |
| | SCLK high period | t _{HI:SCLK} | 16 | | — | ns |
| | SCLK low period | t _{LO:SCLK} | 16 | | — | ns |
| | SDIN setup time before SCLK latching edge 9 | t _{SU:SDI} | 10 | _ | — | ns |
| | SDIN hold time after SCLK latching edge 7 | t _{H:SDI} | 5 | _ | — | ns |

1.MCLK in this table refers to the external clock supplied to the MCLK pin (MCLK_{EXT}).

 Output clock frequencies follow the master clock (MCLK_{EXT}) frequency proportionally. Any deviation of the clock source from the nominal supported rates are directly imparted to the output clock rate by the same factor (e.g., +100-ppm offset in the frequency of MCLK_{EXT} becomes a +100-ppm offset in LRCK/FSYNC and SCLK).



3.12S interface timing



5. Applies to Master and Slave Modes, unless specified otherwise.

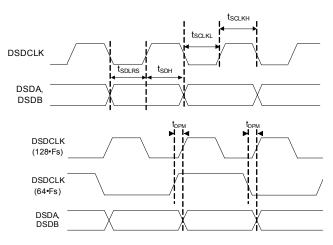
- 6. Maximum LRCK duty cycle is equal to frame length, in SCLK periods, minus 1. Maximum duty cycle occurs when LRCK high (xSP_LCHI) is set to 768 SCLK periods and LRCK period (xSP_LCPR) is set to 769 SCLK periods.
- 7. Data may be latched/launched on either the rising or falling edge of SCLK.
- 8.SCLK duty cycle in Master Mode depends on Master Mode clock configuration, and can vary by up to 1 MCLKEXT period.
- 9. Data is latched/launched on the rising or falling edge of SCLK as determined by xSP_SCPOL_OUT, xSP_SCPOL_IN, and xSP_FSD bits. See the SCLK launching specs in Table 3-18.

Table 3-19. DSD Switching Characteristic

Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows CS43130 connections; GNDA = GNDCP = GNDD = 0 V; voltages are with respect to ground; parameters can vary with VL; typical performance data taken with VL = VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; min/max performance data taken with VL = 1.8 V; VD = VA = VCP = 1.8 V, VP = 3.6 V; T_A = +25°C; C_L = 60 pF; Logic 0 = ground, Logic 1 = VL; output timings are measured at V_{OL} and V_{OH} thresholds (see Table 3-11).

| Parameter ^{1,2} | | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------|
| DSDCLK duty cycle | | — | 40 | _ | 60 | % |
| DSDCLK pulse width low | | t _{SCLKL} | 80 | _ | — | ns |
| DSDCLK pulse width high | | t _{SCLKH} | 80 | _ | — | ns |
| | 64× oversampled) | — | 1.024 | 2.8224 | f _{MCLK_INT} /8 | MHz |
| (12 | 28× oversampled) | | 2.048 | 5.6448 | f _{MCLK} _INT/4 | MHz |
| DSDA/DSDB valid to DSDCLK rising setup time | | t _{SDLRS} | 20 | _ | — | ns |
| DSDCLK rising to DSDA or DSDB hold time | | t _{SDH} | 20 | — | — | ns |
| DSD clock to data transition (Phase Modulation Mode) | | t _{DPM} | -20 | | 20 | ns |

1. Serial audio input interface timing



2. Phase modulation mode serial audio input interface timing



Table 3-20. I²C Slave Port Characteristics

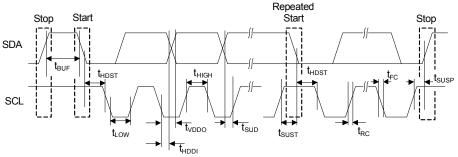
Test conditions (unless specified otherwise): Fig. 2-1 shows typical connections; Inputs: GNDA = GNDL = GNDCP = 0 V; all voltages with respect to ground; VL = 1.8 V; inputs: Logic 0 = GNDA = 0 V, Logic 1 = VL; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$; SDA load capacitance equal to maximum value of $C_B = 400 \text{ pF}$; minimum SDA pull-up resistance, $R_{P(min)}$.¹ Table 3-1 describes some parameters in detail. All specifications are valid for the signals at the pins of the CS43130 with the specified load capacitance.

| Parameter | Symbol ³ | Minimum | Maximum | Units | |
|--|---|-------------------|---------|-------|-----|
| SCL clock frequency | | f _{SCL} | — | 1000 | kHz |
| Clock low time | | t _{LOW} | 500 | — | ns |
| Clock high time | | t _{HIGH} | 260 | — | ns |
| Start condition hold time (before first clock pulse |) | t _{HDST} | 260 | — | ns |
| Setup time for repeated start | | tsust | 260 | — | ns |
| Rise time of SCL and SDA | Standard Mode | t _{RC} | — | 1000 | ns |
| | Fast Mode | | _ | 300 | ns |
| | Fast Mode Plus | | — | 120 | ns |
| Fall time of SCL and SDA | Standard Mode | t _{FC} | — | 300 | ns |
| | Fast Mode | | _ | 300 | ns |
| | Fast Mode Plus | | — | 120 | ns |
| Setup time for stop condition | | t _{SUSP} | 260 | | ns |
| SDA setup time to SCL rising | | t _{SUD} | 50 | — | ns |
| SDA input hold time from SCL falling 4 | | t _{HDDI} | 0 | _ | ns |
| Output data valid (Data/Ack) ⁵ | Standard Mode | t _{VDDO} | — | 3450 | ns |
| | Fast Mode | | — | 900 | ns |
| | Fast Mode Plus | | — | 450 | ns |
| Bus free time between transmissions | | t _{BUF} | 500 | _ | ns |
| SDA bus capacitance | SCL frequency = 1 MHz, V _L = 1.8 V | CB | — | 400 | pF |
| | SCL frequency ≤ 400 kHz | | | 400 | pF |
| SCL/SDA pull-up resistance ¹ | V _L = 1.8 V | R _P | 350 | — | Ω |
| Pulse width of spikes to be suppressed | | t _{PS} | — | 50 | ns |
| Switching time between RCO and MCLK_INT 6 | | | 150 | | μs |
| Power-up delay (delay before I ² C can communic | ate after RESET released) | t _{PUD} | 1500 | | μs |

1. The minimum R_P value (resistor shown in Fig. 2-1) is determined by using the maximum level of VL, the minimum sink current strength of its respective output, and the maximum low-level output voltage V_{OL}. The maximum R_P value may be determined by how fast its associated signal must transition (e.g., the lower the value of R_P, the faster the I²C bus is able to operate for a given bus load capacitance). See I²C bus specification referenced in Section 13.

2. All timing is relative to thresholds specified in Table 3-11, V_{IL} and V_{IH} for input signals, and V_{OL} and V_{OH} for output signals.

3.I²C control-port timing



4.Data must be held long enough to bridge the transition time, t_F, of SCL.

5. Time from falling edge of SCL until data output is valid.

6.Upon setting MCLK_SRC_SEL and sending the I²C stop condition, the switching of RCO and other MCLK_INT sources occurs. A least wait time as specified is required after changing MCLK_SRC_SEL and sending the I²C stop condition before the next I²C transaction is initiated.



4 Functional Description

This section describes the general theory of operation of the CS43130, tracing the signal and control flow through the various blocks within the device. It comprises the following sections:

- Section 4.1, "Overview"
- Section 4.2, "Analog Outputs"
- Section 4.3, "Class H Amplifier Output"
- Section 4.4, "Alternate Headphone Inputs"
- Section 4.5, "Headphone Presence Detect and Output Load Detection"
- Section 4.6, "Clocking Architecture"
- Section 4.7, "Clock Output and Fractional-N PLL"
- Section 4.8, "Filtering Options"
- Section 4.9, "Audio Serial Port (ASP)"
- Section 4.10, "DSD Interface"
- Section 4.11, "DSD and PCM Mixing"
- Section 4.12, "Standard Interrupts"
- Section 4.13, "Control Port Operation"

4.1 Overview

4.1.1 Analog Outputs

The analog output block includes separate pseudodifferential headphone Class H amplifiers output. An on-chip inverting charge pump creates a positive and negative voltage equal to the input, allowing an adaptable, full-scale output swing centered around ground. The resulting internal amplifier supply can be \pm VCP, or \pm VP_LDO (either \pm 3.0 V with HV_EN = 1 or \pm 2.6 V with HV_EN = 0).

The inverting architecture eliminates the need for large DC-blocking capacitors and allows the amplifier to deliver more power to HP loads at lower supply voltages. This adaptive power supply scheme converts traditional Class AB amplifiers into more power-efficient Class H amplifiers.

4.1.2 Alternate Headphone Inputs

The alternate headphone inputs provide an integrated selectable path to interface between the system codec output and the headphone connector, which allows for lower-power operation in applications such as voice or compressed music playback. These inputs eliminate the need for an external audio switch and prevent the high-fidelity headphone outputs of CS43130 from degradation by the external audio switch.

4.1.3 Headphone Detection

The CS43130 detects the presence of a headphone and notifies the application processor to wake up through an interrupt event.

4.1.4 Headphone Impedance Measurement

The CS43130 detects headphone impedance information at low frequencies, which can be used to adjust the system properly to accommodate different load conditions. One example is to adjust signal chain gain to avoid distortion.

The CS43130 also provides impedance measurement functions to evaluate the headphone load within 20 Hz to 20 kHz. A specific frequency is selected and the impedance measurement process is initiated by setting the register. Through a series of interrupt events, the CS43130 notifies application processor to retrieve the impedance information after completion.



4.1.5 Audio Interfaces and Supported Formats

There are two serial input ports on the CS43130, the audio serial port (ASP) and the auxiliary serial port (XSP). The ASP on the CS43130 supports I²S, TDM, and DoP (DSD over PCM) formats up to a 384-kHz sample rate. The XSP on the CS43130 supports the DoP format up to a 352.8-kHz sample rate.

The CS43130 also has a dedicated DSD interface to support up to 128•Fs. The DSD interface shares pins with the XSP.

4.1.6 System Clocking

The CS43130 internal MCLK can be sourced from three options:

- Direct MCLK/crystal mode. The internal MCLK is provided through XTI/MCLK pin directly or generated by crystal oscillator.
- PLL mode. A PLL reference CLK is provided externally through XTI/MCLK. The PLL is configured, and output is used as the internal MCLK.
- RCO mode. An internal RCO is used as the internal MCLK. Note that HPIN input path is the only supported audio playback feature in this mode for optimized power consumption. This mode can also support HP detection and I²C communication. DAC playback and headphone impedance measurement function s are not supported.

The clock output is provided for audio applications that require high quality audio rate system clock. This clock output can be sourced from the following two options:

- The clock generated by the CS43130 crystal oscillator.
- Output of the internal Fractional-N PLL that refers to MCLK input. See Section 4.7.1 for supported frequencies.

The internal MCLK is used to generate serial port clocks. See Table 4-6 for supported LRCK combinations.

4.1.7 System Interrupts

The CS43130 includes an open-drain interrupt output (\overline{INT} pin). Interrupt mask registers control whether an event associated with an interrupt status/mask bit pair triggers the assertion of \overline{INT} . All types of interrupts are described in Section 4.11.

4.1.8 System Reset

The CS43130 offers two types of reset options:

- Asserting RESET. If RESET is asserted, all registers and all state machines are immediately set to their default values/states. No operation can begin until RESET is deasserted. Before normal operation can begin, RESET must be asserted at least once after the VP supply is first brought up.
- Power-on reset (POR). If the VD supply is lower than the POR threshold specified in Table 3-16, the VD register fields and the state machines are held in reset, setting them to their default values/states. The POR releases the reset when the VD supply goes above the POR threshold. When the VD supply is turned on, the VL and VA supplies must also be turned on at the same time.

4.1.9 Power Down

The CS43130 has a register byte to power down individual components on the chip. Before any change can be applied to an individual component (except PLL), the block must be powered down first. For the PLL, changes can be applied after PLL_START is cleared.

The PDN_HP bit is responsible for enabling or disabling the playback signal chain operation. All the necessary components for playback operation need to be powered up and configured properly before PDN_HP is cleared. To disable the playback signal chain, PDN_HP is set. PDN_HP needs to be set before making any changes to the playback signal chain setup, except the following functions:

- · Volume and mute related functions
- PCM filter settings (see Section 7.5.2)



Before ASP, XSP, or DSDIF can safely power down, PDN_HP must be asserted, and PDN_DONE_INT must be present. For XTAL or PLL used as the source of internal MCLK, PDN_HP needs to be set first and MCLK source needs to be properly switched away before PDN_XTAL or PDN_PLL is set. If PLL output is only used as the source of CLKOUT, PDN_ PLL can be set without PDN_HP being asserted. If the steps described above are not followed, the CS43130 enters an unresponsive state.

PDN_CLKOUT does not require PDN_HP to be set before it is asserted.

PDN_HP should be set before using headphone input path and load detection function. Refer to the functional description of these two components for further details.

Recommended power-up and power-down sequences can be found in the Section 5.2.



4.2 Analog Outputs

The CS43130 provides an analog output that is derived from the digital audio input ports. This section describes the general flow of the analog outputs.

4.2.1 Analog Output Signal Flow

The CS43130 signal flow is shown in Fig. 4-1.

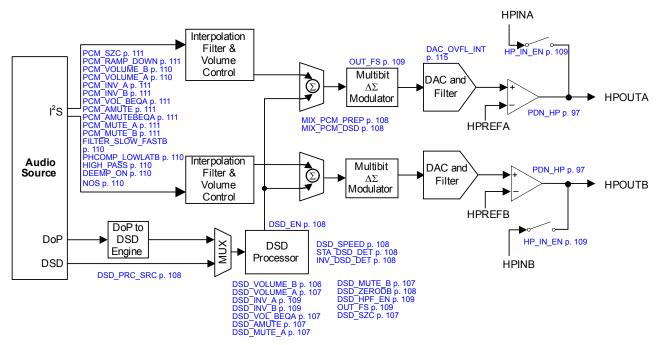


Figure 4-1. Analog Output Signal Flow

The CS43130 has 4 settings of full scale voltage, which are determined by OUT_FS[1:0]. The proper full scale voltage must be set first, and the digital volume settings is used to control signal levels.

The CS43130 digital volume control allows independent control of the signal level in 1/2 dB increments from 0 dB (0b0000 0000) to -127 dB (0b1111 1110) by using x_VOLUME_y (where "x" is either PCM or DSD; "y" is either A or B) register. When the x_VOL_BEQA bit is set, both volumes can be changed simultaneously using x_VOLUME_A). The volume changes are implemented as dictated by PCM_SZC[1:0] and DSD_SZC in the signal control register (see Section 7.4.3 and Section 7.5.5). If soft ramping is enabled, gain and attenuation changes are carried out by incrementally changing the volume level in 1/8-dB steps, from the previous level to the new level. For PCM, when PCM_SZC[1:0] = 2, the volume level changes at an approximate rate of 1 dB/ms. For DSD, when DSD_SZC = 1, the volume level also changes at an approximate rate of 1 dB/ms during power up or when coming out of a mute state (DSD_MUTE_x = 1). Note that when recovering from an error state caused by static DSD data (DSD_STUCK_INT = 1), the volume output will resume at the level specified in DSD_VOLUME_x registers. Both channels can be inverted by setting the INV_A and INV_B bits.

The CS43130 provides individual ramp-up control option (from the global soft ramp settings) for a specific scenario. The PCM_RAMP_DOWN bit is for the scenario when the interpolation filter switches during PCM playback. Refer to the register description for setting details.

The CS43130 can mute both channels simultaneously or independently. Also, it can auto-mute on both PCM stream and DSD stream when mute pattern is identified (defined in PCM_AMUTE and DSD_AMUTE). Additional signal and mute control options can be found in Section 7.4.3 and Section 7.5.5.

The CS43130 has an independent set of controls for the DSD processor path as shown in Fig. 4-1. The DSD processor also offers the control bit SIGCTL_DSDEQPCM, which maps the PCM_x setting to DSD_x setting, once enabled. As a result, some of the DSD_x register settings are ignored. The registers affected are DSD_VOL_BEQA, DSD_SZC, DSD_



AMUTE, DSD_AMUTE_BEQA, DSD_MUTE_A, DSD_MUTE_B, DSD_INV_A, DSD_INV_B, DSD_SWAP_CHAN, and DSD_COPY_CHAN. Refer to Section 7.4.1–Section 7.4.7 for control register details.

4.3 Class H Amplifier Output

Fig. 4-2 shows the Class H operation.

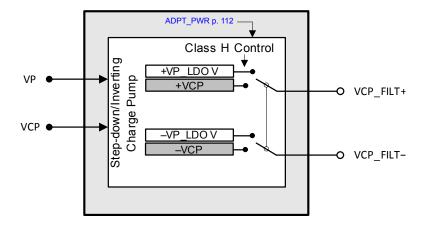


Figure 4-2. Class H Operation

The CS43130 headphone output amplifiers use Cirrus Logic two-mode Class H technology. This technology maximizes operating efficiency of the typical Class AB amplifier while maintaining high performance. In a Class H amplifier design, the rail voltages supplied to the amplifier vary with the needs of the music passage that is being amplified. This prevents unnecessarily wasting energy during low power passages of program material or when the program material is played back at a low volume level.

The internal charge pump, which creates the rail voltages for the headphone amplifiers, is the central component of the two-mode Class H technology implemented in the CS43130. The charge pump receives its input voltage from the voltage present on the VCP or VP pin. From this input voltage, the charge pump creates the differential rail voltages supplied to the amplifier output stages. The charge pump can supply two sets of differential rail voltages: ±VCP and ±VP_LDO.

HV_EN setting, as shown in Fig. 4-3, determines the VP_LDO voltage as shown in Table 4-1. HV_EN = 1 setting is required to support the 1.7-V full-scale voltage for a 600- Ω load and above. In this setting, minimum VP is required to be higher than 3.3 V, and any load below 600 Ω is not supported. When HV_EN = 0, the max output voltage is 1.4-V RMS full-scale voltage. In this setting, minimum VP is required to be higher than 3 V, and the full headphone load range is supported.

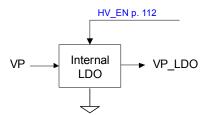


Figure 4-3. Internal LDO Configuration

Table 4-1. VP_LDO Voltage Per HV_EN Setting

| HV_EN | VP_LDO Voltage |
|-------|----------------|
| 0 | 2.6 V |
| 1 | 3.0 V |



Table 4-2 shows the nominal signal and volume level ranges when the output is set to the adapt modes explained in Section 4.3.1. If the signal level is greater than the maximum value of this range, then clipping can occur.

Table 4-2. Class H Supply Modes

| Mode | Class H Supply Level | Signal ¹ or Volume Level Range ^{2,3,4} |
|------|---|--|
| 0 | ±VP_LDO V, internally regulated from VP | ≥ –11 dB |
| 1 | ±VCP | < –11 dB |

1. In adapt-to-signal, the volume level ranges are approximations but are within –0.5 dB from the values shown. 2. Relative to digital full scale with output gain set to 0 dB.

3. In fixed modes, clipping can occur if the signal level exceeds the maximum of this range due to setting the amplifier's supply too low.

4. Thresholds shown are nominal for a $16-\Omega$ stereo load.

4.3.1 Power Supply Control Options

This section describes the two types of operation: standard Class AB and adapt-to-output signal. The set of rail voltages supplied to the amplifier output stages depends on the ADPT_PWR (see p. 112) setting.

4.3.1.1 Standard Class AB Operation (ADPT_PWR = 001 or 010)

If ADPT_PWR is set to 001 or 010, the rail voltages supplied to the amplifiers are held to ±VP_LDO or ±VCP, respectively. The rail voltages supplied to the output stages are held constant, regardless of the output signal level. The CS43130 amplifiers simply operate in a traditional Class AB configuration.

4.3.1.2 Adapt-to-Output Signal (ADPT_PWR = 111)

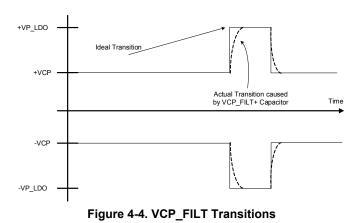
If ADPT_PWR is set to 111, the rail voltage sent to the amplifiers is based solely on whether the signal sent to the amplifiers would cause the amplifiers to clip when operating on the lower set of rail voltages at certain threshold values.

- If it would cause clipping, the control logic instructs the charge pump to provide the next higher set of rail voltages to the amplifiers.
- If it would not cause clipping, the control logic instructs the charge pump to provide the lower set of rail voltages to the amplifiers, eliminating the need to advise the CS43130 of volume settings external to the device.

4.3.2 Power-Supply Transitions

Charge-pump transitions from the lower to the higher set of rail voltages occur on the next FLYN/FLYP clock cycle. Despite the system's fast response time, the VCP_FILT pin's capacitive elements prevent rail voltages from changing instantly. Instead, the rail voltages ramp up from the lower to the higher supply, based on the time constant created by the output impedance of the charge pump and the capacitor on the VCP_FILT pin (the transition time is approximately 20 µs).

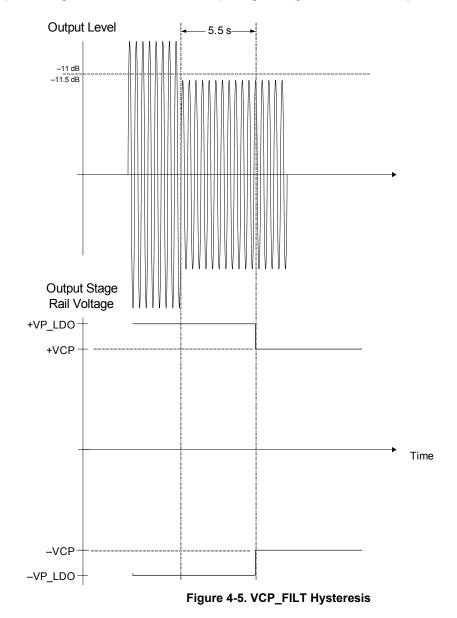
Fig. 4-4 shows Class H supply switching. During this charging transition, a high dv/dt transient on the inputs may briefly clip the outputs before the rail voltages charge to the full higher supply level. This transitory clipping has been found to be inaudible in listening tests.





When the charge pump transitions from the lower to higher set of rail voltage, there is no delay associated with the transition.

When the charge pump transitions from the higher to the lower set of rail voltages, there is an approximate 5.5-s delay before the charge pump supplies the lower rail voltages to the amplifiers. This hysteresis ensures that the charge pump does not toggle between the two rail voltages as signals approach the clip threshold. It also prevents clipping in the instance of repetitive high-level transients in the input signal. Fig. 4-5 shows examples of this transitional behavior.





4.3.3 HP Current Limiter

The CS43130 features built-in current-limit protection for the headphone output. Table 3-16 lists the threshold for the current limit during the short-circuit conditions shown in Fig. 4-6. For the HP amplifiers, current is from the internal charge pump output, and, as such, applies the current from VCP or VP.

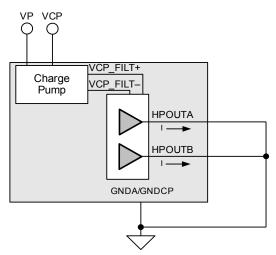


Figure 4-6. HP Short Circuit Setup

4.3.4 External VCP_FILT Supply Mode

To bypass the CS43130 Class-H charge-pump circuit, provide external VCP_FILT± supply with the following conditions:

- When CS43130 is operating, apply +3.0 V with ±5% accuracy to VCP_FILT+ and apply -3.0 V with ±5% accuracy to VCP_FILT-.
- When CS43130 is powered down, external circuits present Hi-Z state to the VCP_FILT+ pin (>1k impedance) and VCP_FILT- pin (>10k impedance).
- To avoid possible damage, VCP_FILT± pins must remain within the absolute maximum rating specified.

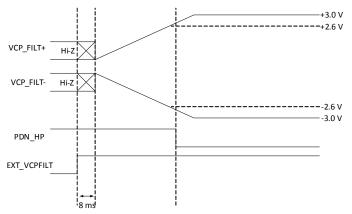


Figure 4-7. External VCP_FILT Power-Up Sequence

For powering up CS43130 in this mode, the recommended sequence must be followed. This assumes that the CS43130 starts from the status where VCP_FILT± pin are presented with Hi-Z.

- 1. Set EXT_VCPFILT.
- 2. Wait 8 ms after I²C ACK.
- 3. Release and start to ramp external voltage on VCP_FILT± pin.
- 4. Wait until VCP_FILT+ pin voltage to be greater than +2.6V and VCP_FILT- to be less than -2.6 V.



5. Clear the PDN_HP bit.

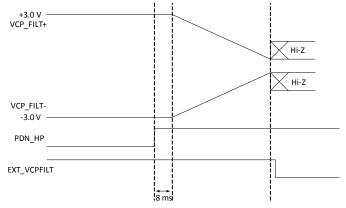


Figure 4-8. External VCP_FILT Power-Down Sequence

For powering down in this mode, use the following recommended sequence. This assumes that the CS43130 starts from the status where VCP_FILT± pin are presented with ±3.0 V, respectively.

- 1. Execute the power down sequence per Section 5.7.
- 2. Wait 8 ms after I²C ACK.
- 3. Start to shut-off external supply to VCP_FILT± pins.
- 4. Wait until Hi-Z mode is presented on VCP_FILT± pins.
- 5. Clear EXT_VCPFILT.

4.4 Alternate Headphone Inputs

The top-level schematic of the alternate headphone inputs is shown in Fig. 4-9. Bits PDN_HP and HP_IN_EN configure the audio source for the HPOUT pins. The switches connected to HPINx are controlled by HP_IN_EN. The switches connected to the internal headphone driver are controlled by PDN_HP. When the alternate headphone inputs are selected (HP_IN_EN = 1), the CS43130 internal headphone driver output needs to be disconnected (PDN_HP = 1). Likewise, when the CS43130 internal headphone drivers are enabled, the HPINx switch needs to be open and not in the signal path. User should refer to the Applications section for details on the required sequence of enable and disable HPINx path.

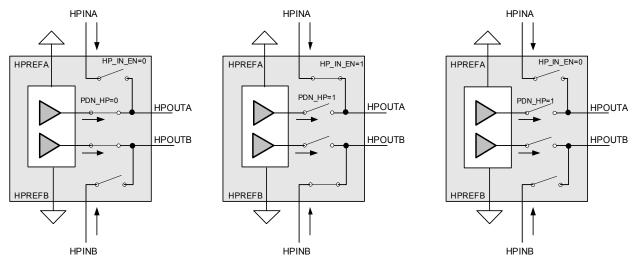


Figure 4-9. Alternative Headphone Input Setup



Before opening the HPINx switches, ramp down any active signal on HPINx pins to a voltage less than the V_{INOFF} value specified in Table 3-7. Similarly, the voltage cannot exceed the same voltage requirement before the switches are closed. To prevent any pop on the headphone, the input should be muted during these transition. The CS43130 has ultralow offset when muted. For pop-free transition on the headphone, it is expected that the source on HPINx pins have low offset to ground when muted.

The recommended sequence to switch from CS43130 to HPINx is as follows:

- 1. Soft ramp content on CS43130 down to mute.
- 2. Set PDN_HP and wait for PDN_DONE_INT event.
- 3. If saving power is desired, switch MCLK_INT source to RCO.
- 4. Enable HPINx path.

The recommended sequence to switch from HPINx to CS43130 is as follows:

- 1. Setup CS43130 intended MCLK source for DAC operation (if needed)
- 2. Soft ramp content on HPINx down to mute.
- 3. Disable HPINx path.
- 4. Switch MCLK_INT to the intended MCLK source when ready.
- 5. Clear PDN_HP.

4.5 Headphone Presence Detect and Output Load Detection

The CS43130 provides headphone presence-detect and load-detection functionalities functionality.

4.5.1 Headphone Presence Detect

The CS43130 supports headphone presence-detect capability via the HP_DETECT sense pin. HP_DETECT is debounced to filter out brief events before being reported to the corresponding presence-detect status bit and generating an interrupt if appropriate.

4.5.1.1 Headphone Plug Types

The presence detect scheme is designed to support the following plug types:

- Tip-Ring-Sleeve (TRS). Consists of a segmented metal barrel with the tip connector used for HPOUTA, a ring connector used for HPOUTB, and a sleeve connector used for HPGND.
- Tip-Ring-Ring-Sleeve (TRRS). Similar to TRS, with an additional ring connector for the HSIN connection. There are two common pinouts for TRRS plugs:
 - The tip is used for HPOUTA, the first ring for HPOUTB, the second ring for HSGND, and the sleeve for HSIN.
 - An alternate pinout, OMTP (open mobile terminal platform), also called "China headset," swaps the third and fourth connections so that the second ring carries HSIN and the sleeve carries HSGND.

Note that if both TRRS plug types need to be supported at the same time, the CS43130 requires an additional IC to perform the OMTP detect functions and to present the identified HSGND to the CS43130 HPREFx. However, the switch inside the detect IC may degrade the CS43130 performance.

4.5.1.2 Headphone Detect Methods

CS43130 can detect the presence or absence of a plug. For a headphone-presence detect, a sense pin is connected to a terminal on the receptacle such that, if no plug is inserted, the pin is floating. If a plug is inserted, the pin is shorted to the tip (T) terminal. The presence detect function is accomplished by having a small current source inside the CS43130 to pull up the pin if it is left floating (no plug). If a plug is inserted and the sense pin is shorted to HPOUTA, when HP amp is powered down, it is assumed that the sense pin is pulled low via clamps at the HP amp output. If the HP amp is running,



the sense pin is shorted to the output signal and, therefore, is pulled below a certain threshold via the output stage of the HP amp. Thus, a low level at the sense pin indicates plug inserted, and a high level at the sense pin indicates plug removed.

4.5.1.3 Headphone Detect Registers

This section describes the behavior and interaction of the headphone-detect debounce register fields. See Fig. 4-10 for reference.

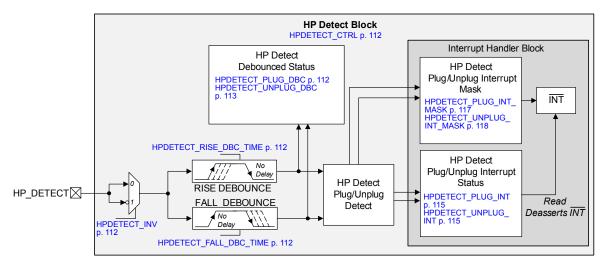


Figure 4-10. Headphone Detect Block Diagram

- HPDETECT_CTRL configures the operation of the HP detect circuit.
- HPDETECT_INV inverts the signal from the HP detect circuit.
- HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME configures the HP_DETECT falling debounce time.
- HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME configures the HP_DETECT rising debounce time.
- HPDETECT_PLUG_DBC shows the falling-edge-debounced version of HP_DETECT signal.
- HPDETECT_UNPLUG_DBC shows the rising-edge-debounced version of HP_DETECT signal.
- HPDETECT_PLUG_INT shows the headphone plug-in event status.
- HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT shows the headphone unplug event status.
- HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK is the interrupt mask of headphone plug-in event status.
- HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK is the interrupt mask of headphone unplug event status.

4.5.1.4 Headphone Detect and Interrupts Setup Instructions

The following steps are required for activation of headphone-detect debounce interrupt status:

- 1. Ensure the I²C is ready to respond to control port command.
- 2. Clear the interrupt masks.
- 3. Write to HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME and HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME (see p. 112) to enable debounce for presence detect plug/unplug.
- 4. Set HPDETECT_CTRL to 11 to enable the HPDETECT functions.

The interrupt status bits can be found in Section 7.6.1. The status does not contain an event-capture latch (a read always yields the current condition).

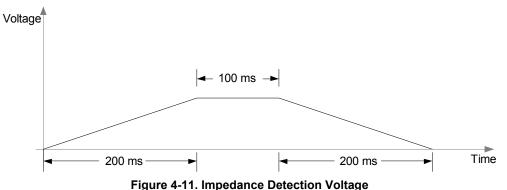


4.5.2 HP Load Detection

The CS43130 can measure the impedance of headphone DC load. Before taking measurements, the following criteria must be met:

- The CS43130 is out of reset.
- XTAL is powered on, an external MCLK is provided or PLL mode is used to generate internal MCLK. MCLK_INT is
 properly configured.
- The headphone output is powered down (PDN_HP = 1).
- The alternate headphone input is powered down (HP_IN_EN = 0).
- HPDETECT is high to indicate a headphone is plugged in.
- The HPLOAD_EN bit is set to turn on the impedance measurement subsystem. HPLOAD_ON_INT is unmasked and there has been a long enough wait to confirm the subsystem is properly started.
- The HPLOAD_DC_DONE interrupt is unmasked.

Either Channel A or Channel B to be measured by setting HPLOAD_CHN_SEL. The measurement process by clearing and setting the HPLOAD_DC_START bit. Once started, HPLOAD_DC_BUSY bit is set and a slowly ramping voltage is asserted on the headphone load for a maximum of 200 ms, then holds constant for 100 ms. Fig. 4-11 shows the a waveform of the impedance detection voltage.



rigure 4-11. Impedance Detection VC

Upon measurement completion, the following occurs:

- 1. The voltage asserted ramps down for 200 ms and is then removed.
- 2. The result of the measured resistance is reported in RL_DC_STAT.
- 3. HPLOAD_DC_DONE bit is set and the interrupt is triggered.
- 4. If HPLOAD_DC_ONCE bit has not been set, it is set. This bit is sticky until an HP unplug event has happened.

Once interrupted, the application processor services the interrupt by reading HPLOAD_DC_DONE_INT. At this point, another measurement process can be initiated by clearing and setting the HPLOAD_DC_START bit. The impedance measurement subsystem can also be turned off by clearing the HPLOAD_EN bit. HPLOAD_EN must be cleared (and confirmed by unmasked HPLOAD_OFF_INT) before enabling the headphone output or the alternate headphone input.

During the impedance measurement process, the following conditions trigger the error interrupt bits:

- The headphone load is not present or is unplugged before the impedance measurement is complete (HPLOAD_ UNPLUG_INT).
- The headphone load is out of range, as specified in Table 3-6 (HPLOAD_OOR_INT).
- The AC headphone load measurement process is initiated before the HPLOAD_DC_ONCE bit is set (HPLOAD_ NO_DC_INT).

The HPLOAD error interrupt bits are sticky. If any HPLOAD error interrupt bits are flagged, the RL_DC_STAT value should be treated as invalid.



4.5.2.1 AC Load Detection

The CS43130 can also measure the headphone load impedance in the frequency range of 20 Hz to 20 kHz. The required conditions before the measurement is similar to the low frequency load measurement, with one exception—HPLOAD_MEAS_FREQ is set at the frequency of interest. Refer to Section 7.5.11 and Section 7.5.12 for details.

After HPLOAD_AC_START bit is cleared and set:

- 1. HPLOAD_AC_BUSY bit is set
- 2. The result of the measured resistance is reported in RL_AC_STAT.
- 3. HPLOAD_AC_DONE_INT is set and the interrupt is triggered.

For each headphone, the low-frequency load measurement must be performed (as indicated by the HPLOAD_DC_ONCE bit) before any impedance is measured at other frequencies. If the low-frequency load measurement is not performed and the process is initiated by pulsing the HPLOAD_AC_START bit low and high, the CS43130 can not generate a test signal and sets the HPLOAD_NO_DC_INT error interrupt bit. Any RL_AC_STAT value should be treated as invalid.

Once the HPLOAD_MEAS_FREQ is set to a non-zero value and HPLOAD_EN = 1, a tone at the specified frequency is applied on the headphone load. Because the test tone is in the audio frequency range, it can be audible by the headphone user. It is recommended that the user system notify the headphone user of the expected events before initiating this measurement.

For each frequency, the measurement completion time is affected by the frequency of interest. The lower the frequency, the longer the measurement time. For the relationship between the frequency under test and the measurement time, the following applies:

- For frequencies under test less than 6 kHz or when the CS43130 comes out of reset, measurement time is up to 11 periods of the test tone.
- For frequencies under test between 6 and 13 kHz, measurement time is up to 22 periods of the test tone.
- For frequencies under test between 13 and 20 kHz, measurement time is up to 33 periods of the test tone.

See Section 5.11.3 for example code of AC impedance measurement.

4.6 Clocking Architecture

4.6.1 Master Clock (MCLK) Sources

The MCLK is required by the CS43130 to operate any functionality associated with control, serial-port operation, or data conversion. Depending on the setting of MCLK_SRC_SEL (see p. 96), the MCLK can be provided by one of following methods:

- Sourced from a crystal oscillator between XTI/MCLK and XTO pins (see Fig. 4-12), then used directly as MCLK_INT
- Externally sourced through the XTI/MCLK input pin (see Fig. 4-13)
- PLL reference clock is provided through the XTI/MCLK input pin (see Fig. 4-13), then use internal PLL to convert into MCLK_INT
- Use internal RCO as MCLK. Note that for optimized power consumption, the HPIN input path is the only supported audio playback feature in this mode. Also, this mode can support HP detection and I²C communication. DAC playback and headphone impedance measurement functions are not supported.

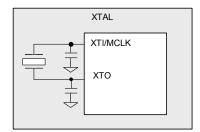


Figure 4-12. System Clocking—Crystal Mode



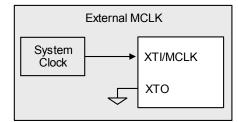


Figure 4-13. System Clocking—External MCLK Mode

If XTAL is used, the supported crystal characteristics and frequencies are listed in Table 3-14. Based on the crystal selection, XTAL_IBIAS must be set properly before powering up. The XTAL_IBIAS information can be found in Section 5.3. PDN_XTAL is cleared to start the crystal oscillator. PDN_XTAL is set to power down the crystal oscillator. The XTAL_READY_INT and XTAL_ERROR_INT status bits indicate the status of crystal operation after power-up. At t_{XTAL_pup} after the crystal oscillator is powered up, if the crystal is started successfully and ready to be used, XTAL_READY_INT is set; if the crystal is started unsuccessfully, XTAL_ERROR_INT is set. The two bits are mutually exclusive when set. Both status bits have corresponding interrupt status bits and interrupt mask bits. To be informed on the crystal status at t_{XTAL_pup} after power-up, unmask both interrupts before powering up the crystal.

When the MCLK is supplied to the device through the XTI/MCLK pin, it must comply with the phase-noise mask shown in Fig. 4-14. Its frequency must be one of the nominal MCLK_INT frequencies (22.5792 or 24.576 MHz), and its duty cycle must be between 45% to 55%.

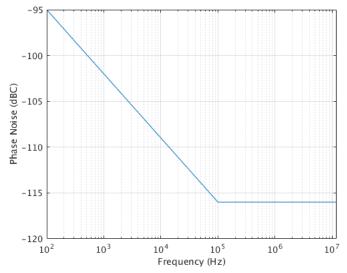


Figure 4-14. MCLK Phase Noise Mask Without PLL



When the PLL reference clock is supplied to the device through the XTI/MCLK pin, it must comply with the phase-noise mask shown in Fig. 4-15.

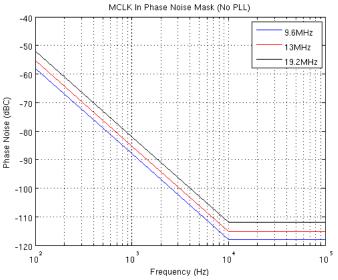


Figure 4-15. MCLK Phase Noise Mask With PLL

Further restrictions are listed in Table 4-3.

| Internal MCLK Source | MCLK_SRC_SEL | MCLK_INT | Restrictions |
|----------------------------|--------------|----------|---|
| Direct MCLK | 00 | 0 | Nominal MCLK_INT frequency = 24.576 MHz |
| or XTAL | | | All specified CLKOUT frequencies (generated by PLL or XTAL) are supported |
| | | | CLKOUT outputs (/2, /3, /4, /8 divide) optionally |
| | | 1 | Nominal MCLK_INT frequency = 22.5792 MHz |
| | | | All specified CLKOUT frequencies (generated by PLL or XTAL) are supported |
| | | | CLKOUT outputs (/2, /3, /4, /8 divide) optionally |
| PLL | 01 | 0 | Nominal MCLK_INT frequency = 24.576 MHz |
| | | | PDN_PLL = 0 and PLL properly configured to generate 24.576 MHz given reference input frequency on XTI/MCLK pin |
| | | | Only MCLK_INT on CLKOUT is supported on CLKOUT pin |
| | | | CLKOUT outputs (/2, /3, /4, /8 divide) optionally |
| | | 1 | Nominal MCLK_INT frequency = 22.5792MHz |
| | | | PDN_PLL = 0 and PLL properly configured to generate 22.5792 MHz given reference input frequency on XTI/MCLK pin |
| | | | Only MCLK_INT on CLKOUT is supported on CLKOUT pin |
| | | | CLKOUT outputs (/2, /3, /4, /8 divide) optionally |
| RCO | 10 | Х | No MCLK_INT selection necessary. DAC playback is not supported. I2C port and HPIN_x pins are supported. |



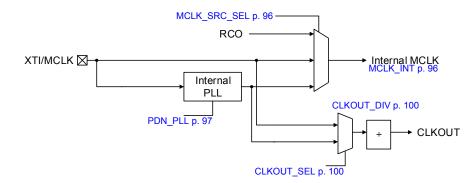


Figure 4-16. MCLK Source Switching

A source to MCLK_INT, either the XTAL (or external MCLK), the PLL, or the RCO, must be provided as long as the CS43130 is operating; otherwise, the CS43130 enters a nonresponsive state, and I²C SDA signal can be held low. The only way to recover from this nonresponsive state is either through a reset or a POR event. Switching MCLK sources during DAC operation causes audible artifacts, but does not put the device in an unrecoverable state. In an MCLK source-switching event, the intended clock source must be present and ready before switching occurs.

After POR or reset event, RCO is selected as default source of MCLK_INT.

4.6.1.1 Internal RC Oscillator

As described in Section 4.6.1, the CS43130 includes an internal RC oscillator that can be used as a clock source for peripheral circuit such as control port or charge pump.

4.7 Clock Output and Fractional-N PLL

The CS43130 clock output can be used as a master clock for other data-conversion or signal-processing components, which requires synchronous timing to the CS43130.

The CLKOUT output is enabled by clearing PDN_CLKOUT.

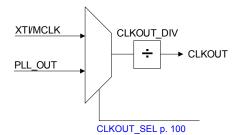


Figure 4-17. CLKOUT Source Selection

Once enabled, CLKOUT is generated either from the internal crystal oscillator output (when used) or from the integrated fractional-N PLL; it can be selected by CLKOUT_SEL. CLKOUT_DIV can be used to set /2, /3, /4, or /8 to divide the selected clock source to targeted frequency.

4.7.1 Fractional-N PLL

The CS43130 has an integrated fractional-N PLL to support the clocking requirements of various applications. This PLL can be enabled or disabled by clearing or setting PDN_PLL bit. The input reference clock for the PLL is signal on XTI/ MCLK pin (crystal-generated or external-feed).



4.7.2 Fractional-N PLL Internal Interface

Fig. 4-18 shows how PLL operation can be configured.

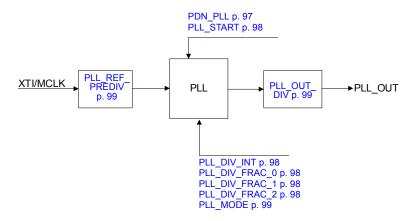


Figure 4-18. Fractional-N PLL

Use Eq. 4-1 to calculate the PLL output frequency.

$$PLL_OUT = \frac{PLL_REF}{PLL_REF_PREDIV} \times \frac{PLL_DIV_INT + PLL_DIV_FRAC}{\frac{500}{512}} \text{ or } 1, \text{ selected by PLL_Mode} \times \frac{1}{PLL_OUT_DIV}$$

Equation 4-1. PLL Output Frequency Equation

PLL_REF source must be in range below:

| PLL REF Source | PLL_REF_PREDIV Input | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | Minimum | Maximum | | | |
| MCLK/XIN pin | 9.6 MHz | 26 MHz | | | |

Table 4-4 lists common settings with XTAL input as PLL reference.

| XTAL (MHz) | PLL_REF_PREDIV (Divide-by Value) | | PLL_ DIV_INT | PLL_DIV_FRAC | PLL_OUT_DIV | PLL_ MODE | PLL OUT (MHz) | PLL_CAL_ RATIO |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 22.5792 | 8 | 0x3 | 0x44 | 0x06 F700 | 0x08 | 0 | 24.576 | 139 |
| 24.576 | 8 | 0x3 | 0x49 | 0x80 0000 | 0x0A | 1 | 22.5792 | 118 |

Table 4-5 lists common settings with MCLK input as PLL reference.

| XIN/MCLK (MHz) | PLL_REF_PREDIV (Divide-by Value) | PLL_REF_PREDIV (Setting) | PLL_DIV_INT | PLL_DIV_FRAC | PLL_OUT_DIV | PLL_ MODE | PLL_OUT (MHz) | PLL_CAL_ RATIO |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 11.2896 | 4 | 0x2 | 0x40 | 0x00 0000 | 0x08 | 1 | 22.5792 | 128 |
| | 4 | 0x2 | 0x44 | 0x06 F700 | 0x08 | 0 | 24.576 | 139 |
| 22.5792 | 8 | 0x3 | 0x44 | 0x06 F700 | 0x08 | 0 | 24.576 | 139 |
| 12.000 | 4 | 0x2 | 0x49 | 0x80 0000 | 0x0A | 0 | 22.5792 | 120 |
| | 4 | 0x2 | 0x40 | 0x00 0000 | 0x08 | 0 | 24.576 | 131 |
| 24.000 | 8 | 0x3 | 0x49 | 0x80 0000 | 0x0A | 0 | 22.5792 | 120 |
| | 8 | 0x3 | 0x40 | 0x00 0000 | 0x08 | 0 | 24.576 | 131 |
| 12.288 | 4 | 0x2 | 0x49 | 0x80 0000 | 0x0A | 1 | 22.5792 | 118 |
| | 4 | 0x2 | 0x40 | 0x00 0000 | 0x08 | 1 | 24.576 | 128 |
| 24.576 | 8 | 0x3 | 0x49 | 0x80 0000 | 0x0A | 1 | 22.5792 | 118 |
| 9.600 | 4 | 0x2 | 0x49 | 0x80 0000 | 0x08 | 0 | 22.5792 | 151 |
| | 4 | 0x2 | 0x50 | 0x00 0000 | 0x08 | 0 | 24.576 | 164 |



| Table 4-5. PLL Configuration for Typical Use Case (XIN/MCLK as the PLL Reference) (Cont.) |
|---|
|---|

| XIN/MCLK (MHz) | PLL_REF_PREDIV (Divide-by Value) | PLL_REF_PREDIV (Setting) | PLL_DIV_INT | PLL_DIV_FRAC | PLL_OUT_DIV | PLL_ MODE | PLL_OUT (MHz) | PLL_CAL_ RATIO |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 19.200 | 8 | 0x3 | 0x49 | 0x80 0000 | 0x08 | 0 | 22.5792 | 151 |
| | 8 | 0x3 | 0x50 | 0x00 0000 | 0x08 | 0 | 24.576 | 164 |
| 13.000 | 4 | 0x2 | 0x45 | 0x79 7680 | 0x0A | 1 | 22.5792 | 111 |
| | 4 | 0x2 | 0x3C | 0x7E A940 | 0x08 | 1 | 24.576 | 121 |
| 26.000 | 8 | 0x3 | 0x45 | 0x79 7680 | 0x0A | 1 | 22.5792 | 111 |
| | 8 | 0x3 | 0x3C | 0x7E A940 | 0x08 | 1 | 24.576 | 121 |

Note that in Table 4-4 and Table 4-5:

- The PLL_OUT_DIV value must be even.
- PLL_OUT frequencies are at 22.5792 or 24.576 MHz. CLKOUT frequencies can be obtained by configuring the CLKOUT_DIV value:

| PLL_OUT | CLKOUT_DIV (2) | CLKOUT_DIV (3) | CLKOUT_DIV (4) | CLKOUT_DIV (8) |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 22.5792 MHz | 11.2896 MHz | 7.5264 MHz | 5.6448 MHz | 2.8224 MHz |
| 24.576 MHz | 12.288 MHz | 8.192 MHz | 6.144 MHz | 4.096 MHz |

• PLL_ERROR_INT constantly monitors the PLL error status after PLL_START is set, assuming the PLL reference input is stable and accurate.

4.7.2.1 Powering Up the PLLs

To power up the PLL, follow the following default sequence:

- 1. Enable the PLL by clearing PDN_PLL.
- 2. Configure PLL_REF_PREDIV.
- 3. Configure PLL_OUT_DIV.
- 4. Configure the three fractional factor registers, PLL_DIV_FRAC.
- 5. Set the integer factor, PLL_DIV_INT, to the desired value.
- 6. Configure PLL_MODE and PLL_CAL_RATIO.
- After properly unmasked (clearing PLL_READY_INT_MASK and PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK), PLL_READY_INT, and PLL_ERROR_INT are used to monitor if PLL has been successfully started.
- 8. Turn on the PLL by setting PLL_START.

4.7.2.2 Powering Down the PLL

- 1. Clear PLL_START to stop the PLL operation.
- 2. For further power saving, set PDN_PLL to disable the PLL block.

4.8 Filtering Options

To accommodate the increasingly complex requirements of digital audio systems, the CS43130 incorporates selectable filters in different playback modes. Note that when switching between filter options, the CS43130 headphone needs to be powered down in accordance with the sequence specified in Section 5.7.1 first before applying any filter changes. After the filter is changed, for audio playback, the CS43130 headphone must be powered up.

For PCM/TDM mode, the following interpolation filtering options can be selected:

- Fast roll-off and slow roll-off interpolation filter options.
- In each option above, both low-latency and normal phase-compensation filtering options can be used.
- Nonoversampling (NOS) mode is provided, which minimizes the internal digital processing. Once NOS mode is set, the settings on the above two options are ignored.



The combination of the options results in five different filter combinations. The specifications for each filter can be found in Table 3-8, and response plots can be found in Section 9. These filters have been designed to accommodate a variety of musical tastes and styles. The PCM filter option register (see Section 7.5.2) is used to select filter options.

When in octuple-speed mode, the filter options above are not available and the internal digital processing is minimized. See the specification in Table 3-8 for filter characteristics.

The DSD processor mode uses a decimation-free DSD processing technique that allows for features such as matched PCM level output, DSD volume control, and 50-kHz on-chip filter.

4.9 Audio Serial Port (ASP)

The independent, highly configurable ASPs and auxiliary serial ports (XSPs) communicate audio data from other system devices, such as applications processors. Both ports can be configured to support common audio interfaces, TDM/I²S and left-justified (LJ).

ASP supports both PCM and DoP stream playback. XSP can only support DoP stream playback. For DAC playback, only one port needs to be enabled. Both ports are enabled only in specific application, such as PCM notification mixing with DSD/DoP content. Details regarding this application setup can be found in Section 4.12.

In this section, the reference to both ports is generalized as "xSP" to explain the common settings between the two ports.

4.9.1 Master and Slave Timing

Each serial port can operate as either the master of timing or as a slave to another device's timing. If xSP_M/\overline{S} is set, the serial port acts as a clock master. If xSP_M/\overline{S} is cleared, the serial port acts as a clock slave.

- In Master Mode, xSP_SCLK and xSP_LRCK are outputs derived from the internal MCLK.
- In Slave Mode, xSP_SCLK and xSP_LRCK are inputs. Although the CS43130 does not generate the interface timings in Slave Mode, the expected LRCK and SCLK format must be programmed in the same way as in Master Mode (see Table 3-18).
- In both modes, the serial port sample rate register (xSP_SPRATE) must be set per audio content before enabling the serial port.
- When using ASP for PCM playback, the audio serial port sample bit size register (ASP_SPSIZE) must be set per audio content before enabling the ASP.
- When using XSP or ASP for DoP playback, the serial port sample bit size register (XSP_SPSIZE or ASP_SPSIZE) must be set per audio content before enabling the XSP or ASP. Note that the XSP_SPSIZE or ASP_SPSIZE must reflect the length of both DSD marker bits together with audio bits.

4.9.2 Power-Up, Power-Down, and Tristate

The xSP has separate power-down and tristate controls (PDN_xSP and xSP_3ST) for input data paths, which minimizes power consumption if the input port is not used. xSP master/slave operation is controlled only by the xSP_M/S setting, irrespective of the PDN_xSP and xSP_3ST settings.

- PDN_xSP. If a serial port's SDIN functionality is not required, xSP can be powered down by setting PDN_xSP, which powers down the input data path and clocks of the serial port.
- xSP_3ST. In Master Mode, setting xSP_3ST tri-states the SCLK and LRCK clocks. Before setting an xSP_3ST bit, the associated serial port must be powered down and must not be powered up until the xSP_3ST bit is cleared. In Slave Mode, xSP_3ST does not affect the functionality of SCLK and LRCK clocks, given both pins are input pins.

4.9.3 I/O

The ASP port is associated with SDIN1, SCLK1, and LRCK1. The XSP port is associated with SDIN2, SCLK2, and LRCK2, which are shared with DSD interface:

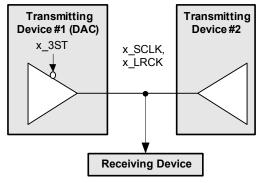
• SCLKx—Serial data shift clock



- LRCKx—Toggles at external sample rate (Fs_{ext}). LRCK (left/right, I²S) identifies each channel's (left or right) location in the data word when I²S format is used. LRCK identifies the start of each serialized data word. FSYNC (frame sync clock, TDM) identifies the start of each TDM frame.
- SDINx—Serial data input

4.9.4 High-Impedance Mode

Serial ports can be placed on a clock bus that allows multiple masters without the need for external buffers. xSP_3ST bits place the internal buffers for the respective serial-port interface signals in a high-impedance state, allowing another device to transmit clocks without bus contention. When the CS43130 serial port is a timing slave, its SCLK and LRCK I/Os are always inputs and are thus unaffected by the xSP_3ST control. Fig. 4-19 shows the busing for CS43130 master timing serial-port use case.



Note: x = XSP or ASP

Figure 4-19. Serial Port Busing when Master Timed

4.9.5 Clock Generation and Control

The CS43130 has a flexible serial port clock generation subsystem that allows independent clocking of the two serial ports. When operating as a master port, the serial port provides a bit clock (xSP_SCLK) and a left-right/frame sync signal (xSP_LRCK/FSYNC).

Fig. 4-20 and Fig. 4-21 show the serial port clocking architecture.

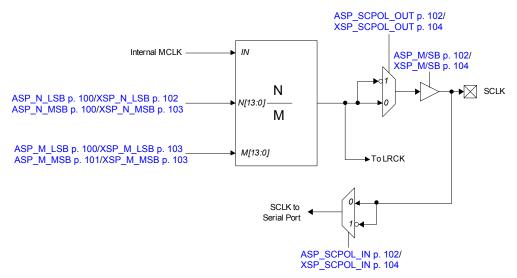


Figure 4-20. xSP SCLK and MCLK Architecture



As shown in Fig. 4-20, the master-mode SCLK output for each serial port is derived from the internal MCLK. The SCLK output can be configured to various frequencies to accommodate many sample rates, sample sizes, and channel counts. The SCLK is output of a fractional divide from the internal MCLK input, where N is the numerator and M is the denominator.

Note: Depending on the chosen fractional divide configuration, the SCLK duty cycle can vary by one MCLK period.

Input and output SCLK polarity controls (xSP_SCPOL_IN and xSP_SCPOL_OUT) are also available. As shown in Fig. 4-20, if Master Mode is used, both polarity controls affect the SCLK used by the serial port module. For example, both polarity controls must be set to invert (xSP_SCPOL_IN = xSP_SCPOL_OUT = 1) to invert the SCLK output and output data on the falling edge. In typical use cases, the values of xSP_SCPOL_IN equals xSP_SCPOL_OUT in each serial port. See Fig. 4-23 for example waveforms showing the various settings of the SCLK polarity controls.

Likewise, input and output LRCK polarity controls (xSP_LCPOL_IN and xSP_LCPOL_OUT) are available. In Master Mode, both LRCK polarity controls affect the LRCK used by the serial-port module as shown in Fig. 4-21. In typical-use cases, the value of xSP_LCPOL_IN equals xSP_LCPOL_OUT in each serial port.

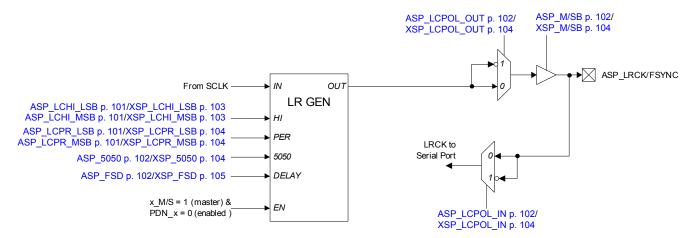


Figure 4-21. xSP LRCK Architecture

As shown in Fig. 4-22, xSP_LCPR determines the LRCK/FSYNC period, in units of SCLK periods. The LRCK period effectively sets the length of the frame and the number of SCLK periods per Fs. Frame length may be programmed in single SCLK period multiples from a minimum of 16 SCLK:Fs up to 1536 SCLK:Fs.

The LRCK-high width (xSP_LCHI) controls the number of SCLK periods for which the LRCK signal is held high during each frame. Like the LRCK period, the LRCK-high width is programmable in single SCLK periods, from a minimum of one period to a maximum of the LRCK period minus one (and an absolute maximum of 768 SCLK periods). That is, LRCK-high width must be less than the LRCK period.

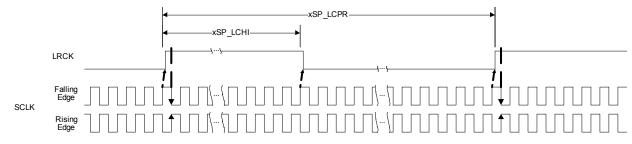


Figure 4-22. xSP LRCK Period, High Width



As shown in Fig. 4-23, if Serial Port 50/50 Mode is enabled ($xSP_5050 = 1$), the LRCK high duration must be programmed to the LRCK period divided by two (rounded down to the nearest integer when the LRCK period is odd). When the serial port is in 50/50 Mode, setting the LRCK high duration to a value other than half of the period results in erroneous operation.

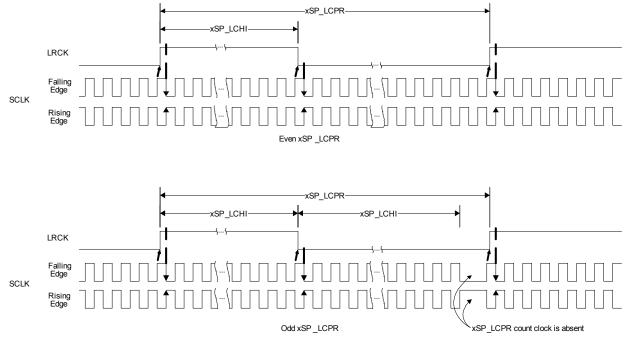


Figure 4-23. xSP_LRCK Period, High Width, 50/50 Mode



Fig. 4-24 shows how LRCK frame start delay (xSP_FSD) controls the number of SCLK periods delay from the LRCK synchronization edge to the start of frame data.

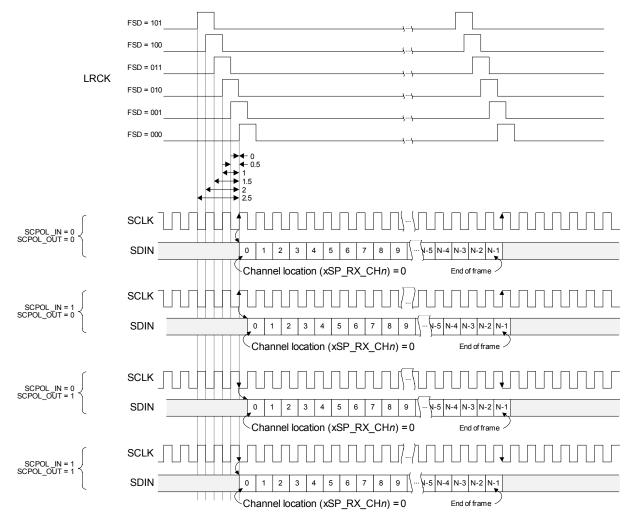


Figure 4-24. LRCK FSD and SCLK Polarity Example Diagram

| Table 4-6. | Serial Port Clo | ck Generation- | -Supported Config | ourations for 32 bi | ts and 2 Channels |
|------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | |

| Frequency (MHz) | LRCK/FSYNC | SCLKs per | LRCK Frame | VCD N[15-0] | xSP_M[15:0] |
|------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| riequency (wriz) | Rate (kHz) | xSP_LCPR + 1 | xSP_LCPR[10:0] | X3F_N[13.0] | X3F_M[13.0] |
| 22.5792 | 32.000 | 64 | 63 | 40 | 441 |
| | 44.100 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 8 |
| | 48.000 | 64 | 63 | 20 | 147 |
| | 88.200 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 4 |
| | 96.000 | 64 | 63 | 40 | 147 |
| | 176.400 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 2 |
| | 192.000 | 64 | 63 | 80 | 147 |
| | 352.800 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 1 |
| 24.576 | 32.000 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 12 |
| | 44.100 | 64 | 63 | 147 | 1280 |
| | 48.000 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 8 |
| | 88.200 | 64 | 63 | 147 | 640 |
| | 96.000 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 4 |
| | 176.400 | 64 | 63 | 147 | 320 |
| | 192.000 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 2 |
| | 352.800 | 64 | 63 | 147 | 160 |
| | 384.000 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 1 |



| Frequency (MHz) | LRCK/FSYNC | SCLKs per | LRCK Frame | xSP N[15:0] | VCD M[15:0] |
|--------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| r requericy (wriz) | Rate (kHz) | xSP_LCPR + 1 | xSP_LCPR[10:0] | X3F_N[13.0] | X3F_W[13.0] |
| 22.5792 | 32.000 | 128 | 127 | 80 | 441 |
| | 44.100 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 4 |
| | 48.000 | 128 | 127 | 40 | 147 |
| | 88.200 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 2 |
| | 96.000 | 128 | 127 | 80 | 147 |
| | 176.400 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 1 |
| 24.576 | 32.000 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 6 |
| | 44.100 | 128 | 127 | 147 | 640 |
| | 48.000 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 4 |
| | 88.200 | 128 | 127 | 147 | 320 |
| | 96.000 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 2 |
| | 176.400 | 128 | 127 | 147 | 160 |
| | 192.000 | 128 | 127 | 1 | 1 |

Table 4-7. Serial Port Clock Generation—Supported Configurations for 32-bits and 4 Channels

4.9.6 Channel Location and Size

Each serial-port channel has a programmable location offset (xSP_RX_CHn). Channel location is programmable in single SCLK period resolution. When set to the minimum location offset, the channel transmits or receives on the first SCLK period of a new frame.

Channel size is programmable in byte resolution from 8 to 32 bits using xSP_RX_CHn_RES. Channel size and location must not be programmed such that channel data extends beyond the frame boundary. Size and location must not be programmed such that data from a given SCLK period is assigned to more than one channel. The example in Fig. 4-25 shows channel location and size.

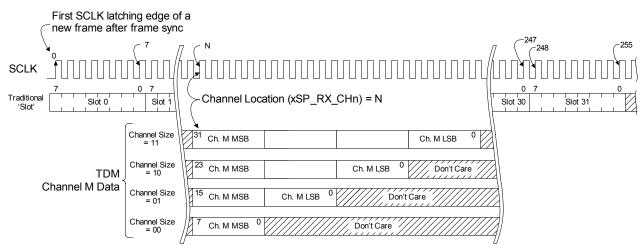


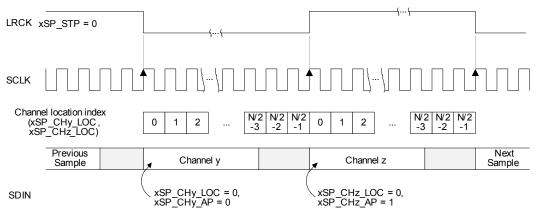
Figure 4-25. Example Channel Location and Size

4.9.7 Frame Start Phase

The serial port can start a frame when xSP_LRCK/FSYNC is high or low, depending on xSP_STP. In typical TDM use cases, a frame starts when FSYNC is high (xSP_STP = 1).



• If xSP_STP = 0, the frame begins when LRCK/FSYNC transitions from high to low. See Fig. 4-26 for an example in 50/50 mode. The TDM Mode behaves similarly.



Note: This diagram assumes xSP _FSD = 0.

Figure 4-26. Example 50/50 Mode (ASP_STP = 0)

 If xSP_STP = 1, the frame begins when LRCK/FSYNC transitions from low to high. See Fig. 4-27 for an example in 50/50 mode. TDM mode is similar.

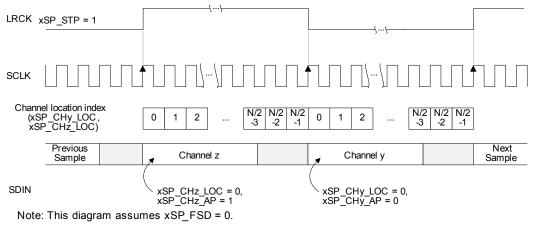


Figure 4-27. Example 50/50 Mode (ASP_STP = 1)

4.9.8 50/50 Mode

In typical two-channel I²S operation (50/50 Mode, xSP_5050 = 1), the LRCK duty cycle is 50%, and each channel is transferred during one of the two LRCK phases. In this mode, each serial port channel can be independently programmed to output when LRCK/FSYNC is high or low; this is called the *channel-active phase*.

If the active-phase control bit (xSP_RX_CHn_AP) is set, the respective channel is output when LRCK/FSYNC is high. If xSP_RX_CHn_AP is cleared, the respective channel is output if LRCK/FSYNC is low. Examples of each setting of xSP_RX_CHn_AP are shown in Fig. 4-26 and Fig. 4-27.

In 50/50 Mode, the channel location (see Section 4.9.6) is calculated within the channel-active phase. If there are N bits in a frame, the location of the last bit of each active phase is equal to (N/2) - 1.

Note: If xSP_5050 is set, xSP_LCHI must be programmed to half of xSP_LCPR for a 50% duty cycle. Also, only two channels can be enabled for the corresponding serial port.



4.9.9 Serial Port Status

Each serial port has five status bits. Each bit is sticky and must be read to be cleared. The status bits have associated mask bits to mask setting the INT pin when the status bit sets. A brief description of each status bit is shown in Table 4-8.

| Table | 4-8. | Serial | Port | Status |
|-------|------|--------|------|--------|
|-------|------|--------|------|--------|

| Name | Description | Register Reference |
|------------------|---|--|
| Request Overload | Set when too many input buffers request processing at the same time. If all channel size and location registers are properly configured to non-overlapping values, this error status must never set. | ASP_OVFL_INT p. 115 XSP_OVFL_INT p. 116 |
| LRCK Early | Set when the number of SCLK periods per LRCK phase (high or low) is less than the expected count as determined by xSP_LCPR and xSP_LCHI. | ASP_EARLY_INT p. 116 XSP_EARLY_INT p. 116 |
| | Note: The Rx LRCK early interrupt status is set during the first receive LRCK early event. Subsequent receive LRCK early events are not indicated until after valid LRCK transitions are detected. | |
| LRCK Late | Set when the number of SCLK periods per LRCK phase (high or low) is greater than the expected count as determined by xSP_LCPR and xSP_LCHI. | ASP_LATE_INT p. 116 XSP_LATE_INT p. 116 |
| LRCK Error | Logical OR of LRCK early and LRCK late. | ASP_ERROR_INT p. 116 XSP_ERROR_INT p. 116 |
| No LRCK | Set when the number of SCLK periods counted exceeds twice the value of LRCK period (xSP_LCPR) without an LRCK edge. | ASP_NOLRCK_INT p. 116 XSP_NOLRCK_INT p. 116 |
| | The Tx No LRCK interrupt status is set during the first instance of a no transmit LRCK condition. Subsequent no transmit LRCK conditions are not indicated until after valid LRCK transitions are detected. | |

4.9.10 Serial Port Clock Pin Status

There are various control bits available that affect the output state of the serial port clock and data pins. Table 4-9 summarizes the possible states depending on these bit settings.

| xSP_3ST | xSP_M/S | PDN_xSP | xSP_SCLK Pin State | xSP_LRCK/FSYNC Pin State |
|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | х | х | Hi-Z with weak pull-down | Hi-Z with weak pull-down |
| 0 | 0 | Х | Hi-Z with weak pull-down | Hi-Z with weak pull-down |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Active | Active |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | Inactive | Inactive ¹ |

Table 4-9. xSP_SCLK and xSP_LRCK/FSYNC Pin States

1.If xSP_LCPOL_OUT is set, xSP_LRCK/FSYNC inactive output is high. If xSP_LCPOL_OUT is cleared, xSP_LRCK/FSYNC inactive output is low.

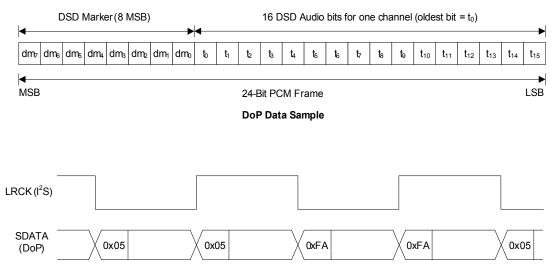
4.9.11 DoP (DSD over PCM) Mode

DoP is a protocol for packetizing DSD data into a PCM frame for transmission over an existing I²S interface. The ASP or XSP can accept DSD data in DoP format.

To use the DoP interface in Slave Mode, if MCLK_INT = 22.5792 MHz, the DoP interface clocks are required to be synchronous to MCLK_INT.



Each sample is 24 bits, as shown in Fig. 4-28, where the 8 most significant bits are used for the DSD marker and alternate with each sample between 0x05/0xFA. Each channel within a sample contains the same marker. The remaining 16 least significant bits are then used for the DSD data, with the first or oldest bit in Slot t0. It is required that markers are provided continuously when the DoP interface is enabled, or a random sustained DC voltage asserts on loads from CS43130 outputs.



Data Stream Example of Stereo DoP

Figure 4-28. DoP Data Sample and Stereo Stream Example

Each PCM frame is assigned to a specific channel (left or right), and when used for DSD streaming, each PCM frame contains only DSD data corresponding to its assigned channel. The CS43130 unpacks the received DoP data and reforms it into a DSD stream to feed the internal DSD data paths.

It includes the following features:

- 24 bits per PCM data sample
- I²S format is supported
- DoP data is unpacked internally for DSD playback
- Clock Master and Slave Mode
- Up to 128 Fs DSD stream
 - Accepts a 64•Fs DSD stream with LRCK@176.4 kHz
 - Accepts a 128•Fs DSD stream with LRCK@352.8 kHz

To enable DoP interface on the ASP to take in DSD source:

- 1. Configure the ASP per clocking/format required by DoP content.
- 2. Configure DSD_SPEED per DoP content.
- 3. Set DSD_PRC_SRC = 01 and DSD_EN = 1.

4.10 DSD Interface

The DSD interface is enabled or disabled by PDN_DSDIF bit. When cleared, the DSD data interface is enabled. When using this interface, the DSD interface clock can be mastered by the CS43130 (DSD_M/SB=1). If set to Master Mode, DSDCLK toggles if both PDN_DSDIF and XSP_3ST bits are cleared, and DSD_EN is set.

If the DSD interface clock is slaved (DSD_M/SB=0), when MCLK_INT is set as 22.5792 MHz, DSDCLK is required to be synchronous to MCLK_INT. The DSDCLK can be derived by either:

• Exporting 1/4 or 1/8 the frequency of the CS43130 crystal to CLKOUT, or



• Sourcing MCLK_INT and DSDCLK from the same external clock source

The DSD_EN bit, when set, is used to configure the device for processing DSD sources. DSD_PRC_SRC configures the DSD interface used for feeding into the DSD processor. DSD_SPEED specifies if a 64•Fs or 128•Fs DSD stream is provided. If PDN_DSDIF = 0 and DSD_M/SB = 1, DSD_SPEED determines the DSDCLK clock frequency generated. When configuring the DSD interface, follow these steps:

- 1. Configure the DSD_M/SB, DSD_SPEED, DSD_PRC_SRC, and XSP_3ST.
- 2. Release PDN_DSDIF.
- 3. Enable DSD_EN.

The DSD_PM_EN bit selects phase modulation (data plus data inverted) as the style of data input. In this mode, the DSD_ PM_SEL bit selects whether a 128•Fs or 64•Fs clock is used for phase-modulated 64•Fs data (see Fig. 4-29). Use of phase modulation mode may not directly affect the performance of the CS43130, but may lower the sensitivity of other board-level components to the DSD data signals. Note that phase modulation mode is supported only for DSD 64•Fs data rate.

The CS43130 can detect overmodulation errors in the DSD data that do not comply to the SACD specification. Setting INV_DSD_DET enables detection of overmodulation errors. This condition is reported through the DSD_INVAL_A_INT and DSD_INVAL_B_INT status bits. Overmodulated DSD data is converted as received without intervention, but performance at these levels cannot be guaranteed. Setting STA_DSD_DET allows the CS43130 to mute a DSD stream that is stuck at 1 or 0. This condition is reported through the DSD_STUCK_INT status bit. See Section 7.6.5 for descriptions of the DSD error reporting bits.

More information for these register bits can be found in Section 7.

The DSD input structure and analog outputs are designed to handle a nominal 0 dB-SACD (50% modulation index) at full-rated performance. When 0 dB-SACD and 0 dBFS PCM need to be level matched, DSD_ZERODB must be set. In this mode, signals of +3-dB SACD may be applied for brief periods of time; however, performance at these levels is not guaranteed. If sustained levels approaching +3-dB SACD levels are required, DSD_ZERODB must be cleared, which matches a +3-dB SACD output level.

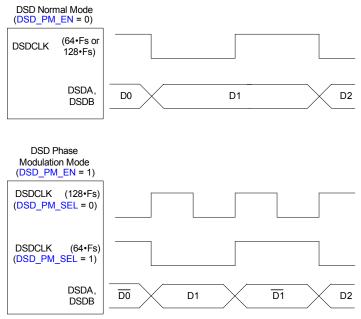


Figure 4-29. DSD Phase Modulation Mode Diagram



4.11 DSD and PCM Mixing

For mobile application, the CS43130 provides a feature for mixing in PCM notification during DSD playback, with the setup in Table 4-10.

| PC | M Input Config | guration | | DSD Input Configurati | on |
|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| I ² S or TDM on | 44.1 kHz | Master | DSD on DSD IF | 2.8224 or 5.6448 MHz | Master |
| ASP | | Slave ¹ | | on DSDCLK | Slave ¹ |
| | | Master | DoP on XSP | 176.4 or 352.8 kHz | Master |
| | | Slave ¹ | | | Slave ¹ |

 Table 4-10. Mixing Configurations Supported by the CS43130

1. The ASP/XSP subclocks and DSDCLK are required to be synchronous.

It is assumed that the DSD path has been properly configured for DSD playback, and DSD_AMUTE function is disabled.

During normal DSD playback, the ASP can be shut down. At the PCM notification event, the ASP must be properly configured to receive PCM samples at 44.1 kHz. After the ASP subclocks are running, set MIX_PCM_PREP to indicate to the CS43130 that the PCM mixing event is imminent. After 1.6 ms, MIX_PCM_DSD can be safely set to initiate the mixing process. After the PCM notification mixing is complete, clear both MIX_PCM_DSD and MIX_PCM_PREP at the same time. If desired, the ASP can be shut down to save power.

When mixing, use both PCM and DSD volume controls to attenuate the signal content on both paths (e.g., at least –6-dB attenuation on each) to avoid clipping on the mixing product. Use PCM_VOLUMEx to adjust the PCM path and DSD_VOLUMEx to adjust the DSD path. All the signal path settings apply to both path's individual settings.

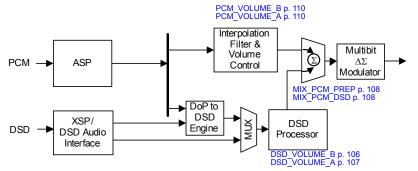


Figure 4-30. PCM and DSD Mixing Signal Flow

4.12 Standard Interrupts

The interrupt output pin, INT, is used to signal the occurrence of events within the device's interrupt status registers. Events can be masked individually by setting corresponding bits in the interrupt mask registers. Table 4-11 lists interrupt status and mask registers. The configuration of mask bits determines which events cause the immediate assertion of INT:

- When an unmasked interrupt status event is detected, the status bit is set, and INT is asserted.
- When a masked interrupt status event is detected, the interrupt status bit is set, but INT is not affected.

Once INT is asserted, it remains asserted until all status bits that are unmasked and set have been read. Interrupt status bits are sticky and read-to-clear. Once set, they remain set until the register is read and the associated interrupt condition is not present. If a condition is still present and the status bit is read, although INT is deasserted, the status bit remains set.

To clear status bits set due to the initiation of a block, all interrupt status bits must be read after the corresponding module is enabled and before normal operation begins. Otherwise, unmasking these previously set status bits causes assertion of INT.

Interrupt source bits are set when edge-detect interrupts is detected, and they remain set until the register is read and the condition that caused the bit to assert is no longer present.



Fig. 4-31 shows sticky-bit behavior.

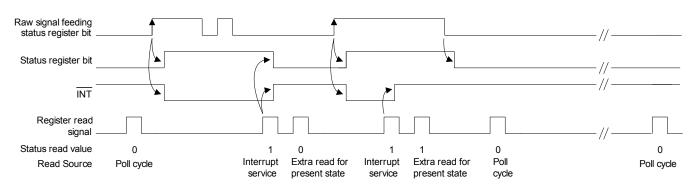


Figure 4-31. Example of Rising-Edge-Sensitive, Sticky, Interrupt-Status-Bit Behavior

Table 4-11. Interrupts Events and Register Bit Fields

| Interrupt | Register Bit Field | Interrupt Mask Field |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|
| DAC overflow | DAC_OVFL_INT | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK |
| HP unplug detect | HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT | HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK |
| HP plug detect | HPDETECT_PLUG_INT | HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK |
| XTAL is ready | XTAL_READY_INT | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK |
| XTAL error detected | XTAL_ERROR_INT | XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK |
| ASP overload | ASP_OVLD_INT | ASP_OVLD_INT_MASK |
| ASP error | ASP_ERR_INT | ASP_ERR_INT_MASK |
| ASP late | ASP_LATE_INT | ASP_LATE_INT_MASK |
| ASP early | ASP_EARLY_INT | ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK |
| ASP no LRCK | ASP_NOLRCK_INT | ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK |
| XSP overload | XSP_OVLD_INT | XSP_OVLD_INT_MASK |
| XSP error | XSP_ERR_INT | XSP_ERR_INT_MASK |
| XSP late | XSP_LATE_INT | XSP_LATE_INT_MASK |
| XSP early | XSP_EARLY_INT | XSP_EARLY_INT_MASK |
| XSP no LRCK | XSP_NOLRCK_INT | XSP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK |
| PLL is ready | PLL_READY_INT | PLL_READY_INT_MASK |
| PLL error detected | PLL_ERROR_INT | PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK |
| Power down done | PDN_DONE_INT | PDN_DONE_INT_MASK |
| HP load error: DC measurement is not performed before AC measurement is initiated | HPLOAD_NO_DC_INT | HPLOAD_NO_DC_INT_MASK |
| HP load error: HP is unplugged during the measurement process | HPLOAD_UNPLUG_INT | HPLOAD_UNPLUG_INT_MASK |
| HP load error: out of range result is measured | HPLOAD_OOR_INT | HPLOAD_OOR_INT_MASK |
| HP load AC detection done | HPLOAD_AC_DONE_INT | HPLOAD_AC_DONE_INT_MASK |
| HP load DC detection done | HPLOAD_DC_DONE_INT | HPLOAD_DC_DONE_INT_MASK |
| HP load state machine turned off properly | HPLOAD_OFF_INT | HPLOAD_OFF_INT_MASK |
| HP load state machine turned on properly | HPLOAD_ON_INT | HPLOAD_ON_INT_MASK |
| DSD stuck Error | DSD_STUCK_INT | DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK |
| DSD channel A invalid error | DSD_INVAL_A_INT | DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK |
| DSD channel B invalid error | DSD_INVAL_B_INT | DSD_INVAL_B_INT_MASK |
| DSD channel A silence pattern detected | DSD_SILENCE_A_INT | DSD_SILENCE_A_INT_MASK |
| DSD channel B silence pattern detected | DSD_SILENCE_B_INT | DSD_SILENCE_B_INT_MASK |
| DSD rate error detected | DSD_RATE_INT | DSD_RATE_INT_MASK |
| DoP marker detected | DOP_MRK_DET_INT | DOP_MRK_DET_INT_MASK |
| DoP engine on | DOP_ON_INT | DOP_ON_INT_MASK |

4.13 Control Port Operation

The control port is used to access control registers and on-chip memory locations, allowing the device to be configured for desired operational modes and formats. Control port operation may be completely asynchronous with respect to the audio sample rates. However, to avoid potential interference problems, control port pins must remain static if no operation is required.



The control port operates using a I²C interface with the CS43130 acting as a <u>slave device</u>. Device communication must not begin until t_{PUD} (refer to <u>Table 3-20</u>) after power conditions are ready and <u>RESET</u> is released.

4.13.1 I²C Control Port Operation

The I²C control port operates completely asynchronously with the audio sample rates. However, to avoid interference problems, the I²C control-port pins must remain static if no operation is required.

The control-port uses the I²C interface, with the chip acting as a slave device. The I²C control port can operate in the following modes:

- Standard Mode (SM), with a bit rate of up to 100 kbit/s
- · Fast Mode (FM), with a bit rate of up to 400 kbit/s
- Fast Mode Plus (FM+), with a bit rate of up to 1 Mbit/s

SDA is a bidirectional data line. Data is clocked into and out of the CS43130 by the SCL clock. Fig. 4-32, Fig. 4-33, and Fig. 4-34 show signal timings for read and write cycles. A Start condition is defined as a falling transition of SDA while SCL is high. A stop condition is defined as a rising transition of SDA while SCL is high. All other transitions of SDA must occur while SCL is low.

To configure the last two bits of I²C address, CS43130 detects the ADR resistor connection type and measures the resistance upon a device power up (POR event) or after a hardware reset event (RESET deasserted). Based on the detected resistance, the I²C address is latched and cannot be changed until the next hardware reset event. The I²C address configuration is not ready until t_{PUD} after the hardware reset event. During this period, the CS43130 does not respond to any user-issued I²C command. After configuration, the IC tristates the ADR pin and becomes high impedance internally to avoid a constant bias current.

When the ADR pin is directly connected to ground, the last two bits of the I²C address are configured as 00 (default). For the other options, use a resistor (with 5% accuracy) as suggested in the Table 4-12.

| Connection Type | Resistor Value (Ω) | Last Two Bits of I ² C Address |
|------------------|--------------------|---|
| Pull-up to VL | 0 | 11 |
| Pull-up to VL | 4990 | 10 |
| Pull-down to GND | 4990 | 01 |
| Pull-down to GND | 0 | 00 (Default) |

Table 4-12. I²C Address Configurations

If the operation is a write, the 3 bytes after the chip address are the memory address pointer (MAP) that select the address of the register to be read or written to next. The byte following the MAP is the control byte. Bit[0] of the control byte, INCR, selects whether autoincrementing is to be used (INCR = 1), allowing successive reads or writes of consecutive registers. Bits[2:1] of the control byte indicate the size of the data for the autoincrement to be acted on. Table 4-13 explains the format for the I²C control byte.

| Bit | Name | Description |
|-----|------|---|
| 7:3 | — | Reserved |
| | | Default: 0 |
| 2:1 | SIZE | Register access width. Specifies the width of the register access. |
| | | 00 8-bit (1 byte) 01–11 Reserved |
| 0 | INCR | Setting this bit allows the MAP address to autoincrement. The MAP address automatically increments every SIZE + 1 bytes accessed consecutively. |
| | | 0 Disabled 1 Enabled |

Each byte transferred on the I²C bus is separated by an acknowledge (ACK) bit. The CS43130 acknowledges each input byte read from the host, and the host must acknowledge each byte transmitted from the CS43130.



For write operations, the data bytes following the MAP byte are written to the CS43130 register addresses pointed to by the last received MAP address, plus however many autoincrements have occurred. Fig. 4-32 shows a write pattern with autoincrementing.

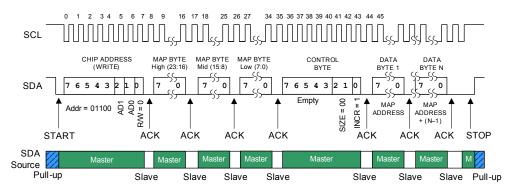


Figure 4-32. Control Port Timing, I²C Writes with Autoincrement (8-bit Data Access)

For read operations, the contents of the register pointed to by the last received MAP address (plus however many autoincrements have occurred if INCR was previously set) are output in the next byte. Fig. 4-33 shows a read pattern following the write pattern in Fig. 4-32. Notice how read addresses are based on the MAP bytes from Fig. 4-32.

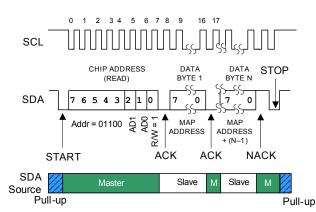


Figure 4-33. Control Port Timing, I²C Reads with Autoincrement (8-Bit Data Access)

To generate a read address not based on the last received MAP address, an aborted write operation can be used as a preamble (see Fig. 4-34). Here, a write operation is aborted (after the ACK for the control byte) by sending a Stop condition.

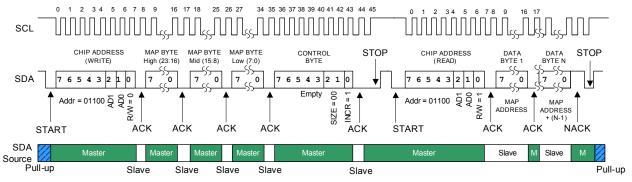


Figure 4-34. Control Port Timing, I²C Reads with Preamble and Autoincrement (8-Bit Data Access)



5 Applications

This section provides recommended application procedures and instruction sequences for standard CS43130 operations.

5.1 PLL Clocking

Data-path logic is in the MCLK_INT domain, where MCLK_INT is expected to be 22.5792 or 24.576 MHz. For clocking scenarios in which the external system MCLK provided to CS43130 is neither 22.5792 nor 24.576 MHz, the PLL must be turned on to provide the desired internal MCLK. At start up, the system uses RCO as the internal MCLK for PLL programming over I²C and switches to the PLL output after it settles. PLL start-up time is a maximum of 1 ms.

5.2 Power Sequencing

Note the following for power-up sequencing on the CS43130:

- VP must be powered up first.
- All other supplies can come up in any order before RESET is released.

Note the following for power-down sequencing on the CS43130:

- After RESET is asserted, VA/VCP/VL/VD can be removed in any order.
- VP must be powered down last.

5.3 Crystal Tuning

The CS43130 uses an external crystal as the source for internal MCLK. Refer to Table 3-14 for the load capacitance that is supported by CS43130. Table 5-1 lists supported crystals that meet the requirements for CS43130 and also shows also shows the XTAL_IBIAS settings for different crystals.

| Manufacturer ¹ | Part Number ¹ | Frequency (MHz) | Bias Current Strength (μA) | Crystal Setting Register (0x20052) |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| River Electronics | FCX-06-22.5792J51933 | 22.5792 | 12.5 | 0x04 |
| | FCX-06-24.5760J51930 | 24.576 | 7.5 | 0x06 |
| NDK | NX2016SA 22.5792M EXS00A-CS09116 | 22.5792 | 15 | 0x02 |
| | NX2016SA 24.576M EXS00A-CS09117 | 24.576 | | |
| TXC | 8Y22570001 | 22.5792 | 12.5 | 0x04 |
| | 8Y24570001 | 24.576 | | |

Table 5-1. Example List of Supported Crystals

1. Contact your local Cirrus Logic representative for a list of supported manufacturers and part numbers.

The crystal setting register (0x20052) must be set appropriately based on the crystal used.

The frequency at which the crystal eventually oscillates can be calculated using the formula below:

 $F_{osc} = 1/(2^{*}\pi^{*}sqrt[Lm^{*}(C_{m}(C_{0}+C_{L}))/(C_{m}+C_{0}+C_{L})])$,

where

L_m = motional inductance of crystal

C_m = motional capacitance of crystal

C₀ = shunt capacitance

C_L = load capacitance

Trace capacitance and pad capacitance (approximately 0.5 pF) must also be taken into account while calculating the value of the load capacitors. Below are the steps to tune the crystal to the correct frequency:

1. Select load capacitor values that match the load capacitance spec in crystal manufacturer's data sheet.



- 2. Power up and verify communication with CS43130. If there is no communication, it is possible that the crystal did not start. Check power rails and load capacitance and try again.
- 3. Clear PDN_CLKOUT in the Power Down Control (0x20000) register. This sets the clock output at MCLK_INT/2 frequency from CLKOUT pin.
- 4. Measure the frequency and verify that it is within acceptable range of the desired frequency. If yes, continue normal operation. If not, power down the chip, change the load capacitor values and go back to step 2.

Note: These steps need to be performed only once per PCB.

5.4 Alert Mixing Shutdown

To prevent a DSD mute pattern from turning off the DAC while mixing DSD data with PCM data, turn off the auto mute by clearing the DSD_AMUTE bit.

5.5 Enable/Disable Nonoversampling Filter

If the user decides to use the nonoversampling filter, the following sequences must be followed to enable/disable the nonoversampling filter.

5.5.1 Nonoversampling Filter Enable Sequence

| TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| Configure PCM filter | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | 0xC0001 | 0x0C | |
| | PCM Filter Option 0x90000 | 0x22 | |
| | FILTER_SLOW_FASTB PHCOMP_LOWLATB | 0 0 | |
| | NOS [—] Reserved | 1 0 00 | Nonoversampling filter is selected |
| | HIGH_PASS DEEMP_ON | 1 0 | High-pass filter is selected |
| | 0x10010 | 0x0 | |

5.5.2 Nonoversampling Filter Disable Sequence

| TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|
| Configure PCM filter | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | 0xC0001 | 0x0D | |
| | PCM Filter Option 0x90000 | 0x02 | |
| | FILTER_SLOW_FASTB PHCOMP_LOWLATB | 0 0 | |
| | NOS Reserved | 0 0 00 | |
| | HIGH_PASS DEEMP_ON | 1 0 | High-pass filter is selected |
| | 0x10010 | 0x0 | |



5.6 Enable/Disable Alternate Headphone Path (HPINx)

If the user decides to use the HPINx path, the following sequences must be followed to enable/disable the alternate headphone path (HPINx).

5.6.1 HPINx Alternate Headphone Path Enable Sequence

To enable HPINx path when EXT_VCPFILT = 0, the following sequences should be followed:

Example 5-1. HPINx Enable Sequence when EXT_VCPFILT = 0

| Task | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| Enable headphone input | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | 0x20019 | 0x01 | |
| | 0xB0006 | 0xDC | |
| | 0xB0005 | 0xE4 | |
| | HP Output Control 1. 0x80000 | 0x38 | |
| | HP_CLAMPA HP_CLAMPB OUT_FS HP_IN_EN Reserved | 0 0 11 1 000 | Function Disabled Function Disabled Headphone output voltage setting is irrelevant Enable HPIN switch |
| | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |

To enable HPINx path when EXT_VCPFILT = 1, the following sequences should be followed:

Example 5-2. HPINx Enable Sequence when EXT_VCPFILT = 1

| Task | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| Enable headphone input | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | 0x20019 | 0x01 | |
| | HP Output Control 1. 0x80000 | 0x38 | |
| | HP_CLAMPA | 0 | Function Disabled |
| | HP_CLAMPB | 0 | Function Disabled |
| | OUT FS | 11 | Headphone output voltage setting is irrelevant |
| | HP IN EN | 1 | Enable HPIN switch |
| | Reserved | 000 | |
| | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |

5.6.2 HPINx Disable Sequence

To disable HPINx path when EXT_VCPFILT = 0, the following sequences should be followed:

Example 5-3. HPINx Disable when EXT_VCPFILT = 0

| TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| Disable headphone input | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | HP Output Control 1. 0x80000 | 0x30 | |
| | HP_CLAMPA | 0 | |
| | HP_CLAMPB | 0 | |
| | OUT FS | 11 | |
| | HP_IN_EN | 0 | Disable HPIN |
| | Reserved | 000 | |
| | 0xB0005 | 0x64 | |
| | 0xB0006 | 0x00 | |
| | 0x20019 | 0x00 | |
| | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |



To disable HPINx path when EXT_VCPFILT = 1, the following sequences should be followed:

Example 5-4. HPINx Disable when EXT_VCPFILT = 1

| Task | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------|
| Disable headphone input | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | HP Output Control 1. 0x80000 | 0x30 | |
| | HP_CLAMPA HP_CLAMPB OUT_FS HP_IN_EN Reserved | 0 0 11 0 000 | Disable HPIN |
| | 0x20019 | 0x00 | |
| | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |

5.7 Headphone Power Down Sequences

Examples of power down sequences for PCM and DSD are shown in Ex. 5-5 and Ex. 5-6, respectively. Follow the stated sequence every time to shut down the headphone output. The sequence assumes that the PDN_DONE_INT interrupt bit is unmasked.

5.7.1 PCM Power Down Sequence

Example 5-5. PCM Power Down Sequence

| 1 Enable PDN_DONE interrupt Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 data(0xF0010) AND (0xFE) DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK x HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK x MPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK x XTAL_READY_INT_MASK x PLL_REROR_INT_MASK x PLL_REROR_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK x PLL_REROR_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK 0 Enable PDN_DONE 0x10010 0xC0002 0x12 | IE internut |
|--|-----------------|
| HPDĒTECT_PLŪG INT_MASK x HPDETECT_UNPLŪG INT_MASK x XTAL_READY INT_MASK x XTAL_EROR_INT_MASK x PLL_READY_INT_MASK x PLL_READY_INT_MASK x PLL_READY_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK 0 Enable PDN_DON 0x10010 | IE intorrunt |
| HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK x XTAL_READY_INT_MASK x XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK x PLL_READY_INT_MASK x PLL_READY_INT_MASK x PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK 0 Enable PDN_DONE 0x10010 | IE interrupt |
| XTAL_READY_INT_MASK x XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK x PLL_READY_INT_MASK x PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK 0 Enable PDN_DON 0x10010 | IE internut |
| PLL_READY_INT_MASK x PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK 0 Enable PDN_DON 2 Pop-free power down 0x10010 0x99 | IE internut |
| PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK x PDN_DONE_INT_MASK 0 Enable PDN_DON 2 Pop-free power down 0x10010 0x99 | IE intorrunt |
| PDN_DONE_INT_MASK 0 Enable PDN_DON 2 Pop-free power down 0x10010 0x99 | IE interrupt |
| 2 Pop-free power down 0x10010 0x99 | |
| 0xC0002 0x12 | |
| 0X12 | |
| 0xC000E 0x02 | |
| 0xC0009 0x12 | |
| 3 Mute PCM Path Signal Control 1. 0x90003 data(0x90003) OR (0x03) | |
| PCM RAMP DOWN x | |
| PCM_VOL_BĒQA × | |
| PCM_SZC ⁻ x | |
| Reserved x | |
| PCM_AMUTE x PCM_AMUTEBEQA x | |
| PCM_MUTE A 1 Mute channel A | |
| PCM_MUTE_B 1 Mute channel B | |
| 4 Wait time delay. If PCM_SZC = 2, then delay = (255 - max(PCM_VOLUME_A, PCM_VOLUME_B)) / 2 ms. Else, c | lelay = 130 ms. |
| 5 Power down amplifier Power Down Control. 0x20000 data(0x20000) | |
| OR (0x10) | |
| PDN_XSP x | |
| PDN_ASP × | |
| PDN_DSDIF x | |
| PDN_HP 1 Turn off HP PDN_XTAL x | |
| PDN_XTAL X | |
| | |
| Reserved x | |
| 6 Wait for interrupt. Check for PDN_DONE_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 register (0xF0000). | |
| 7 Reset data buffer 0x90097 0x01 | |



Example 5-5. PCM Power Down Sequence (Cont.)

| Step | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 8 P | ower down ASP | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data(0x20000) OR (0x40) |) |
| | | PDN_XSP PDN_ASP | X 1 | Turn off ASP |
| | | PDN DSDIF | x | |
| | | PDN HP | x | |
| | | PDN ⁻ XTAL | х | |
| | | PDN ⁻ PLL | х | |
| | | PDN_CLKOUT | х | |
| | | Reserved | Х | |
| 9 U | nmute | PCM Path Signal Control 1. 0x90003 | data(0x90003) | |
| | | | AND (0xFC) | |
| | | PCM RAMP DOWN | X | |
| | | PCM_VOL_BEQA | х | |
| | | PCM_SZC | х | |
| | | Reserved | х | |
| | | PCM_AMUTE | х | |
| | | PCM_AMUTEBEQA | х | |
| | | PCM_MUTE_A | 0 | Unmute channel A |
| | | PCM_MUTE_B | 0 | Unmute channel B |
| 10 R | estore defaults | 0xC0002 | 0x10 | |
| | | 0xC000E | 0x00 | |
| | | 0xC0009 | 0x16 | |
| | | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |

5.7.2 DSD Power Down Sequence

Example 5-6. DSD Power Down Sequence

| STEP | Task | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Enable PDN_DONE interrupt | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | data(0xF0010) AND (0xFE) | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDĒTECT_PLŪG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK | x x x x x x | |
| | | PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | x 0 | Enable RDN DONE interrupt |
| 2 | Pop-free power down | 0x10010 | 0 0x99 | Enable PDN_DONE interrupt |
| 2 | | 0xC0002 | 0x35 0x12 | |
| | | 0xC000E | 0x02 | |
| | | 0xC0009 | 0x12 | |
| 3 | Mute | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 1. 0x70002 | data(0x70002) OR (0x03) | |
| | | Reserved DSD_VOL_BEQA DSD_SZC Reserved DSD_AMUTE DSD_AMUTEBEQA DSD_MUTE_A DSD_MUTE_B | x x x x x 1 1 | Mute channel A Mute channel B |
| 4 | | _SZC = 1, then delay = (255 - max(DSD_VOLUME | | ME_B)) / 2 ms. Else, delay = 130 ms. |
| 5 | Power down amplifier | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data(0x20000) OR (0x10) | |
| | | PDN_XSP PDN_ASP PDN_DSDIF PDN_HP PDN_XTAL PDN_PLL PDN_CLKOUT Reserved | x x 1 x x x x x | Turn off HP |
| 6 | • | <pre>s for PDN_DONE_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 region</pre> | · / | |
| 7 | Reset data buffer | 0x90097 | 0x01 | |



Example 5-6. DSD Power Down Sequence (Cont.)

| Step | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|
| 8 | Power down DSD/XSP/ ASP interfaces | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data(0x20000) OR (0xE0) | |
| | | PDN XSP | 1 | |
| | | PDNTASP | 1 | |
| | | PDN_DSDIF | 1 | |
| | | PDN_HP | х | |
| | | PDN_XTAL | х | |
| | | PDN_PLL | Х | |
| | | PDN_CLKOUT | Х | |
| | | Reserved | х | |
| 9 | Unmute | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 1. 0x70002 | data(0x70002) | |
| | | Ũ | AND (0xFC) | |
| | | Reserved | 1 | |
| | | DSD VOL BEQA | х | |
| | | DSD_SZC_ | х | |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| | | DSD_AMUTE | х | |
| | | DSD_AMUTEBEQA | х | |
| | | DSD_MUTE_A | 0 | Unmute channel A |
| | | DSD_MUTE_B | 0 | Unmute channel B |
| 10 | Restore defaults | 0xC0002 | 0x10 | |
| | | 0xC000E | 0x00 | |
| | | 0xC0009 | 0x16 | |
| | | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |

5.8 Headphone Power-Up Initialization

An example of the power-up initialization for PCM and DSD are shown in Ex. 5-7 and Ex. 5-8, respectively. Follow the stated sequence every time to initialize the headphone output.

5.8.1 PCM Power-Up Initialization

Example 5-7. PCM Power-Up Initialization

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------|-------------|
| 1 | PCM Power-Up Initialization | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | | 0x10025 | 0x01 | |
| | | 0x1002E | 0x00 | |
| | | 0xC0006 | 0x01 | |
| | | 0xC0002 | 0x12 | |
| | | 0xC0009 | 0x00 | |
| | | 0xC0003 | 0x28 | |
| | | 0xC0005 | 0x28 | |

5.8.2 DSD Power-Up Initialization

Example 5-8. DSD Power-Up Initialization

| STEP | р Таѕк | REGISTER/BIT | FIELDS VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1 | DSD Power-Up Initialization | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | | 0x10025 | 0x01 | |
| | | 0x1002E | 0x00 | |
| | | 0xC0006 | 0x01 | |
| | | 0xC0002 | 0x12 | |
| | | 0xC0009 | 0x00 | |
| | | 0xC0003 | 0x1E | |
| | | 0xC0005 | 0x20 | |



5.9 Headphone Power-Up Sequence

An example of the power-up sequence for PCM and DSD are shown in Ex. 5-9 and Ex. 5-10, respectively. Follow the stated sequence every time to power up the headphone output.

5.9.1 PCM Power-Up Sequence

Example 5-9. PCM Power-Up Sequence

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------------------|--|--|--------------|
| 1 | Run PCM power-up initia | alization sequence in Ex. 5-7. | | |
| 2 | Power up ASP | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data (0x20000) AND (0xBF) | |
| | | PDN_XSP PDN_ASP PDN_DSDIF PDN_HP PDN_XTAL PDN_PLL PDN_CLKOUT Reserved | x O x x x x x x x x | Power up ASP |
| 3 | Pop-free startup | 0x1002C | 0x0A | |
| 4 | Power on amplifier | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data (0x20000) AND (0xEF) | |
| | | PDN_XSP PDN_ASP PDN_DSDIF PDN_HP PDN_XTAL PDN_PLL PDN_CLKOUT Reserved | x x 0 x x x x x | Power up HP |
| 5 | Wait for 10 ms | | | |
| 6 | Restore defaults | 0xC0006 0xC0002 0xC0009 | 0x0C 0x10 0x20 | |
| 7 | Audio output will be activ | re. Wait for 1000 ms. | | |
| 8 | Restore defaults | 0x1002C 0x10010 | 0x00 0x00 | |



5.9.2 DSD Power-Up Sequence

Example 5-10. DSD Power-Up Sequence

| Step | Task | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|
| 1 | Run DSD power-up initia | lization sequence in Ex. 5-8. | | |
| 2 | Power on appropriate inte | erface.Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data (0x20000) AND (0xHH) | For DoP on XSP, HH = 7F. For DoP on ASP, HH = BF. For DSD interface, HH = DF. |
| | | PDN_XSP PDN_ASP PDN_DSDIF PDN_HP PDN_XTAL PDN_PLL PDN_CLKOUT | B B x x x x x | XSP interface enable ASP interface enable DSD interface enable |
| | | Reserved | Х | |
| 3 | Pop-free startup | 0x1002C | 0x0A | |
| 4 | Power on amplifier | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data (0x20000) AND (0xEF) | |
| | | PDN_XSP PDN_ASP PDN_DSDIF PDN_HP PDN_XTAL PDN_PLL PDN_CLKOUT Reserved | x x 0 x x x 0 | Power up HP |
| 5 | Wait for 10 ms | | | |
| 6 | Restore defaults | 0xC0006 | 0x0C | |
| | | 0xC0002 | 0x10 | |
| | | 0xC0009 | 0x20 | |
| 7 | Audio output will be activ | e. Wait for 1000 ms. | | |
| 8 | Restore defaults | 0x1002C | 0x00 | |
| | | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |



5.10 Example Sequences

This section provides recommended instruction sequences for standard CS43130 operations.

5.10.1 Power-up Sequence to I²S Playback

In Ex. 5-11, a 22.5792-MHz crystal is used, ASP is set to I²S master at 44.1 kHz, and full-scale output is 1.732 Vrms.

Example 5-11. Startup to I²S Playback

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---|---|--|--|
| 1 | | upplies, then assert RESET. | 11202 | BECOM NON |
| 2 | Wait for 1.5 ms | | | |
| 3 | Configure XTAL driver | | | |
| 4 | Configure XTAL bias | Crystal Setting. 0x20052 | 0x04 | |
| | current strength (assuming | Reserved | 0000 0 | |
| | River Crystal at | XTAL_IBIAS | 100 | Bias current set to 12.5 µA |
| | 22.5792 MHz) | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 5 | | gister (0xF0000) to clear any pending interrupts. | | |
| 0 | Enable XTAL interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0xE7 | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDĒTECT ⁻ PLŪG_INT_MASK | 1 1 | Enable XTAL READY interrupt |
| | | HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK | 1 | Enable XTAL_ERROR interrupt |
| | | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK | 0 | |
| | | XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK | 0 1 | |
| | | PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 1 | |
| | | PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | 1 | |
| 7 | Start XTAL | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | 0xF6 | |
| | | PDN_XSP | 1 | |
| | | PDN ^T ASP PDN ^T DSDIF | 1 | |
| | | PDN HP | 1 | |
| | | PDN_XTAL | 0 | Power up XTAL driver |
| | | PDN ⁻ PLL PDN ⁻ CLKOUT | 1 | |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| 8 | Apply PCM power-up initia | alization in Ex. 5-7 | | |
| 9 | Configure ASP interface. | Sample rate set to 44.1 kHz. ASP is clock master. | | |
| 10 | Set ASP sample rate | Serial Port Sample Rate. 0x1000B | 0x01 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | |
| | | ASP_SPRATE | 0001 | Set sample rate to 44.1 kHz |
| 11 | Set ASP sample bit size. XSP is don't care | Serial Port Sample Bit Size. 0x1000C | 0x04 | |
| | | Reserved XSP SPSIZE | 0000 01 | XSP sample bit size set to 24 bits |
| | | ASP SPSIZE | 00 | ASP sample bit size set to 32 bits |
| 12 | Set ASP numerator | - | | |
| | | ASP Numerator 1. 0x40010 | 0x01 | • |
| | | ASP Numerator 1. 0x40010 ASP N LSB | 0x01 0x01 | LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| | | ASP_N_LSB | 0x01 | LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| | | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 | 0x01 0x00 | • |
| 13 | Set ASP denominator | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB | 0x01 0x00 0x00 | LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| 13 | Set ASP denominator | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| 13 | Set ASP denominator | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| 13 | Set ASP denominator | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x08 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| - | | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 ASP_M_MSB | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x00 0x00 0x00 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| - | Set ASP denominator Set ASP LRCK high time | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 ASP_M_MSB ASP LRCK High Time 1. 0x40014 | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x08 0x00 0x00 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| - | | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 ASP_M_MSB ASP LRCK High Time 1. 0x40014 ASP_LCHI_LSB | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x00 0x00 0x1F 0x1F | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| - | | ASP_N_LSB ASP_Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP_Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 ASP_M_MSB ASP_LRCK High Time 1. 0x40014 ASP_LCHI_LSB ASP LRCK High Time 2. 0x40015 | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x00 0x00 0x1F 0x1F 0x1F 0x00 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator LSB of ASP LRCK high time duration |
| 14 | Set ASP LRCK high time | ASP_N_LSB ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 ASP_M_MSB ASP_LCKHigh Time 1. 0x40014 ASP_LCCHI_LSB ASP_LCCK High Time 2. 0x40015 ASP_LCHI_MSB | 0x01 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x08 0x00 0x00 0x1F 0x1F 0x1F 0x00 0x00 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| - | | ASP_N_LSB ASP_N_MSB ASP_N_MSB ASP_M_LSB ASP_Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 ASP_M_MSB ASP_LCHI_LSB ASP_LCCHI_LSB ASP_LCCH High Time 1. 0x40014 ASP_LCHI_MSB ASP_LCHI_MSB ASP_LCCK Period 1. 0x40016 | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x00 0x00 0x1F 0x1F 0x1F 0x00 0x00 0x3F | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator LSB of ASP LRCK high time duration MSB of ASP LRCK high time duration |
| 14 | Set ASP LRCK high time | ASP_N_LSB ASP_Numerator 2. 0x40011 ASP_N_MSB ASP_Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 ASP_M_MSB ASP_M_MSB ASP_LCHI_LSB ASP_LCCHI_LSB ASP_LCCHI_MSB ASP_LCCHI_MSB ASP_LCCHI_SB ASP_LCCHI_SB ASP_LCCHI_SB ASP_LCCHI_SB ASP_LCCHI_SB ASP_LCCH_MSB ASP_LCCK Period 1. 0x40016 ASP_LCPR_LSB | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x00 0x00 0x1F 0x1F 0x1F 0x00 0x00 0x3F 0x3F | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator LSB of ASP LRCK high time duration |
| 14 | Set ASP LRCK high time | ASP_N_LSB ASP_N_MSB ASP_N_MSB ASP_M_LSB ASP_Denominator 1. 0x40012 ASP_M_LSB ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 ASP_M_MSB ASP_LCHI_LSB ASP_LCCHI_LSB ASP_LCCH High Time 1. 0x40014 ASP_LCHI_MSB ASP_LCHI_MSB ASP_LCCK Period 1. 0x40016 | 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x08 0x08 0x00 0x00 0x1F 0x1F 0x1F 0x00 0x00 0x3F | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator LSB of ASP LRCK high time duration MSB of ASP LRCK high time duration |



STEP TASK **REGISTER/BIT FIELDS** VALUE DESCRIPTION 16 Configure ASP clock ASP Clock Configuration. 0x40018 0x1C 000 Reserved ASP_M/SB ASP_SCPOL_OUT ASP_SCPOL_IN ASP_LCPOL_OUT ASP_LCPOL_IN 1 Set ASP port to be master Configure clock polarity for I2S input 1 1 0 Õ Configure ASP frame ASP Frame Configuration. 0x40019 0x0A 17 Reserved 000 Configure ASP port to accept I²S input ASP_STP ASP_5050 0 1 ASP_FSD 010 18 Set ASP channel location ASP Channel 1 Location. 0x50000 0x00 ASP RX CH1 0x00 ASP Channel 1 starts on SCLK0 ASP Channel 2 Location. 0x50001 0x00 ASP RX CH2 0x00 ASP Channel 2 starts on SCLK0 Set ASP channel size and ASP Channel 1 Size and Enable. 0x5000A 0x07 19 enable Reserved 0000 ASP_RX_CH1_AP ASP_RX_CH1_EN ASP_RX_CH1_EN ASP_RX_CH1_RES 0 ASP Channel 1 Active Phase ASP Channel 1 Enable 1 ASP Channel 1 Size is 32 bits 11 ASP Channel 2 Size and Enable. 0x5000B 0x0F 0000 Reserved ASP_RX_CH2_AP ASP_RX_CH2_EN ASP Channel 2 Active Phase ASP Channel 2 Enable 1 1 ASP_RX_CH2_RES 11 ASP Channel 2 Size is 32 bits 20 Configure PCM interface. HPF filter is used. Deemphasis off. PCM Filter Option. 0x90000 21 Configure PCM filter 0x02 FILTER_SLOW_FASTB PHCOMP_LOWLATB 0 0 NOS 0 0 00 Reserved HIGH_PASS DEEMP_ON High pass filter is selected 1 0 22 Set volume for channel B PCM Volume B. 0x90001 0x00 PCM VOLUME B 0x00 Set volume to 0 dB Set volume for channel A PCM Volume A. 0x90002 0x00 23 PCM VOLUME A 0x00 Set volume to 0 dB 0xEC Configure PCM path signal PCM Path Signal Control 1. 0x90003 24 contro PCM_RAMP_DOWN PCM_VOL_BEQA Soft ramp down of volume on filter change 1 1 Volume setting on both channels controlled by PCM_ VOLUME A PCM_SZC 10 Enable soft ramp PCM_AMUTE Mute after reception of 8192 samples of 0 or -1. 1 PCM_AMUTEBEQA 1 Mute only when AMUTE condition is detected on both channels Function is disabled PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 Function is disabled PCM Path Signal Control 2, 0x90004 0x00 Reserved 0000 PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN 0 0 Disable all functions in this register ŏ 0 Configure HP 25 Configure Class H 26 Class H Control. 0xB0000 0x1E amplifier Reserved 000 ADPT PWR 1 11 Output signal determines voltage level HV_EN EXT_VCPFILT High voltage mode enabled 1 Using internal VCPFILT source. 0 27 Set HP output to full scale HP Output Control 1. 0x80000 0x30 HP CLAMPA 0 HP_CLAMPB OUT FS 0 11 Set headphone output to full scale (1.732 V rms) HP_IN_EN 0 000 Reserved

Example 5-11. Startup to I²S Playback (Cont.)



| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| 28 | Configure Headphone | HP Detect. 0xD0000 | 0x04 | |
| | detect | HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_INV HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME Reserved | 00 0 0 0 10 0 | HP detect disabled HP detect input is not inverted Tip sense rising debounce time set to 0 ms Tip sense falling debounce time set to 500 ms |
| 29 | Headphone detect | HP Detect. 0xD0000 | 0xC4 | |
| | | HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_INV HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME Reserved | 11 0 0 0 10 0 | HP detect enabled HP detect input is not inverted Tip sense rising debounce time set to 0 ms Tip sense falling debounce time set to 500 ms |
| 30 | Enable interrupts | | | |
| 31 | Read Interrupt Status 1 rec | gister (0xF0000) and Interrupt Status 2 regi | ster (0xF0001) to | clear sticky bits. |
| 32 | | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0x87 | |
| | interrupts | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | 1 0 0 1 1 1 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt |
| 33 | Enable ASP interrupts | Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 | 0x07 | |
| | | ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved | 0 0 0 0 111 | Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt |
| 34 | Wait for interrupt. Check if | XTAL_READY_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status | 1 register (0xF000 | 00). |
| 35 | Switch MCLK source to | System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 | 0x04 | |
| | XTAL | Reserved MCLK_INT MCLK_SRC_SEL | 0000 0 1 00 | MCLK Source set to XTAL. MCLK_INT frequency set to 22.5792 MHz |
| 36 | Wait at least 150 µs. | | | |
| 37 | Enable ASP clocks | Pad Interface Configuration. 0x1000D | 0x02 | |
| | | Reserved XSP_3ST ASP_3ST | 0000 00 1 0 | XSP Interface status is don't care (set to default) Enable serial clocks in Master Mode |
| 38 | Power up HP | Refer to Ex. 5-9 for PCM power-up seque | nce. Skip Step 1 o | f Ex. 5-9 (completed in Step 8 above). |

Example 5-11. Startup to I²S Playback (Cont.)

5.10.2 Power-Up Sequence to DSD Playback

In Ex. 5-12, a 22.5792-MHz crystal is used, the PLL is used to create a 24.576-MHz MCLK, XSP is set as DSD slave at 2.8224 MHz, and full-scale output is 1.732 Vrms.

| Example 5-12. Startup to DSD Playback | Example | 5-12. | Startup | to DSD | Playback |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|--------|----------|
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|--------|----------|

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--|--|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Apply all relevant power supplies | , then assert RESET. | | |
| 2 | Wait for 1.5 ms | | | |
| 3 | Configure XTAL driver | | | |
| 4 | Configure XTAL bias current | Crystal Setting. 0x20052 | 0x04 | |
| | strength (assuming River Crystal at 22.5792 MHz) | Reserved XTAL_IBIAS | 0000 0 100 | Bias current set to 12.5 µA |
| 5 | Read Interrupt Status 1 register (| 0xF0000) to clear any pending interrupts. | | |
| 6 | Enable XTAL interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0xE7 | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 | Enable XTAL_READY interrupt Enable XTAL_ERROR interrupt |



| STEP | P TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---|--|--------------|--|
| 7 | | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | 0xF6 | |
| | | PDN XSP | 1 | |
| | | PDN ASP | 1 | |
| | | PDN_DSDIF | 1 | |
| | | PDN_HP | 1 | |
| | | PDN_XTAL PDN_PLL | 0 | Power up XTAL driver |
| | | PDN_CLKOUT | 1 | |
| | | Reserved | Ó | |
| 8 | Apply DSD power-up initializati | on in Ex. 5-8 | | |
| 9 | Configure PLL. Input is 22.5792 | | | |
| | Power up PLL | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | 0xF2 | |
| 10 | | PDN XSP | 1 | |
| | | PDN_ASP | 1 | |
| | | PDN_DSDIF | 1 | |
| | | PDN_HP | 1 | |
| | | | 0 | Power up PLI |
| | | PDN_PLL PDN_CLKOUT | 0 1 | Power up PLL |
| | | Reserved | ò | |
| 11 | Set PLL Pre-Divide | PLL Setting 9. 0x40002 | 0x03 | |
| •• | | PLL REF PREDIV | 11 | Divide PLL Reference by 8 |
| | | Reserved | 00 0000 | Divide FEE Relefence by 8 |
| 12 | Set PLL Output Divide | PLL Setting 6. 0x30008 | 0x08 | |
| 12 | Set I LE Output Divide | | | Divide DLL output by 8 |
| | | PLL_OUT_DIV | 0x08 | Divide PLL output by 8 |
| 13 | Set Fractional portion of PLL divide ratio | PLL Setting 2. 0x30002 | 0x00 | |
| | | PLL_DIV_FRAC_0 | 0x00 | |
| | | PLL Setting 3. 0x30003 | 0xF7 | |
| | | PLL_DIV_FRAC_1 | 0xF7 | |
| | | PLL Setting 4. 0x30004 | 0x06 | |
| | | PLL_DIV_FRAC_2 | 0x06 | |
| 11 | Set integer portion of PLL divid | | 0x00 | |
| 14 | ratio | | - | |
| | | PLL_DIV_INT | 0x44 | |
| 15 | Set PLL Mode | PLL Setting 8. 0x3001B | 0x01 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 00 | |
| | | PLL_MODE Reserved | 0 1 | Use 500/512 factor |
| 16 | Set PLL Calibration Ratio | | | |
| 16 | Set PLL Calibration Ratio | PLL Setting 7. 0x3000A | 0x8B | |
| | | PLL_CAL_RATIO | 0x8B | Set PLL Cal Ratio to 139 |
| | | r (0xF0000) to clear any pending interrupts. | | |
| 18 | Enable PLL Interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0xE1 | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK | 1 | |
| | | HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK | 1 | |
| | | | 1 | Enable PLL Ready and Error Interrupts |
| | | XTAL_READY_INT_MĀSK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0 0 | |
| | | PLL READY INT MASK | ŏ | |
| | | PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0 | |
| | | PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | 1 | |
| 19 | Start PLL | PLL Setting 1. 0x30001 | 0x01 | |
| | | Reserved | 000 0001 | |
| | | PLL_START | 0 | Start PLL |
| 20 | Configure DSDIF to playback 6 | 4•Fs DSD stream. DSDIF is configured as a | slave. | |
| 21 | Configure DSD Volume | DSD Volume A. 0x70001 | 0x00 | |
| | 0 | DSD VOLUME A | 0x00 | Channel A volume set to 0dB |
| 22 | Configure DSD path Signal | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 1. | 0x60 0xEC | |
| | Control1 | | | |
| | | Reserved | 1 | |
| | | DSD_VOL_BEQA | 1 | DSD Volume B equals DSD volume A |
| | | DSD_SZC | 1 | Soft ramp control enabled |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| | | DSD_AMUTE | 1 | Mute occurs after 256 repeated 8-bit DSD mute |
| | | DSD_AMUTE_BEQA | 1 | patterns Mute happens only when mute pattern is detected in |
| | | DOD_AWOTE_BEQA | I | both channels |
| | | | | |
| | | DSD_MUTE_A DSD_MUTE_B | 0 | Function is disabled |

Example 5-12. Startup to DSD Playback (Cont.)



| STEF | P TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|--|---|-----------------|--|
| | Configure DSD Interface | DSD Interface Configuration. 0x70003 | 0x00 | |
| | 3 | Reserved | 0000 0 | |
| | | DSD_M/SB | 0 | DSD is clock slave |
| | | DSD_PM_EN | 0 | Function is disabled |
| | | DSD_PM_SEL | 0 | Function is disabled |
| 24 | Configure DSD path Signal Control 2 | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 2. 0x70004 | 0x13 | |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| | | DSD_PRC_SRC | 00 | Set source of DSD processor to DSDIF |
| | | DSD_EN Reserved | 1 0 | Enable DSD playback |
| | | DSD SPEED | ŏ | Set DSD clock speed to 64•FS |
| | | STA_DSD_DET | 1 | Static DSD detection enabled |
| | | INV_DSD_DET | 1 | Invalid DSD detection enabled |
| 25 | Configure HP | | | |
| 26 | Configure Class H Amplifier | Class H Control. 0xB0000 | 0x1E | |
| | | Reserved | 000 | |
| | | ADPT_PWR | 111 | Output Signal determines voltage level |
| | | | 1 | High Voltage Mode Enabled |
| | | EXT_VCPFILT | 0 | Using Internal VCPFILT source. |
| 27 | Set HP output to full scale | HP Output Control 1. 0x80000 | 0x30 | |
| | | HP_CLAMPA | 0 | |
| | | HP [_] CLAMPB OUT FS | 0 | Cat beadshare autout to Full Capita (4,720.) (see |
| | | HP_IN_EN | 11 0 | Set headphone output to Full Scale (1.732 V rms |
| | | Reserved | 000 | |
| 28 | Configure Headphone Detect | HP Detect. 0xD0000 | 0x04 | |
| 20 | Comgare riedoprone Deteor | HPDETECT CTRL | 00 | HP Detect disabled |
| | | HPDETECT INV | 0 | HP detect input is not inverted |
| | | HPDETECT RISE DBC TIME | о́о | Tip Sense rising debounce time set to 0ms |
| | | HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME | 10 | Tip sense falling debounce time set to 500ms |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| 29 | Headphone Detect | HP Detect. 0xD0000 | 0xC4 | |
| | | HPDETECT_CTRL | 11 | HP Detect enabled |
| | | HPDETECT_INV | 0 | HP detect input is not inverted |
| | | HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME | 00 | Tip Sense rising debounce time set to 0ms |
| | | HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME Reserved | 10 0 | Tip sense falling debounce time set to 500ms |
| 30 | Enable Interrupts | | • | |
| 31 | | r (0xF0000) and Interrupt Status 5 register (| (0xE0004) to cl | ear sticky hits |
| 32 | Enable Headphone Detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0x81 | |
| 52 | Interrupts | • | | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK | 1 0 | Unmask HPDETECT PLUG interrupt and |
| | | HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK | 0 | HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt |
| | | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK | 0 | |
| | | XTAL ERROR INT MASK | 0 | |
| | | PLL_READY_INT_MASK | 0 | |
| | | PLL [¯] ERROR [¯] INT [¯] MASK PDN [¯] DONE_INT_MASK | 0 1 | |
| 33 | Enable DSD Interrupts | Interrupt Mask 5. 0xF0014 | 0x03 | |
| 33 | Enable DSD Interrupts | | | |
| | | DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK | 0 0 | Enable DSD_STUCK interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_A interrupt |
| | | DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable DSD_INVAL_A Interrupt |
| | | DSD_SILENCE_A_INT_MASK | ŏ | Enable DSD_SILENCE_A interrupt |
| | | DSD_SILENCE_B_INT_MASK | Ō | Enable DSD_SILENCE_B interrupt |
| | | DSD_RATE_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable DSD_RATE_ERROR interrupt |
| | | DOP_MRK_DET_INT_MASK | 1 1 | Disable DOP_MRK_DET interrupt |
| 24 | Moit for interrupt Oback if DLL | DOP_ON_INT_MASK | | Disable DOP_ON interrupt |
| 34 | | _READY_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 regis | · · · | |
| 35 | Switch MCLK source to PLL | System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 | 0x01 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 0 | MCLK Source set to PLL. MCLK_INT frequency s |
| | | MCLK_INT MCLK_SRC_SEL | 0 01 | to 24.576 MHz |
| | | | U1 | |
| 00 | | MCER_SRC_SEL | | |
| 36 37 | Wait at least 150 µs Power up HP | | | p 1 of Ex. 5-10 (completed in Step 8 above). |

Example 5-12. Startup to DSD Playback (Cont.)



5.10.3 Power-Up Sequence to DoP Playback with PLL

In Ex. 5-13, an external 19.2-MHz MCLK is used with a PLL to generate an internal MCLK or 22.5792 MHz, and the ASP is in clock master receiving DoP data with LRCLK at 176.4 kHz and SCLK at 8.4672 MHz.

Example 5-13. DoP Playback with PLL

| STEF | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---|--|--------------|--|
| 1 | Apply all relevant power supplies, then assert | RESET. | | |
| 2 | Wait for 1.5 ms | | | |
| 3 | Apply DSD power-up initialization in Ex. 5-8 | | | |
| 4 | Configure PLL. XTI/MCLK input coming from a settings for other frequency combinations | an external 19.2 MHz source with PLL c | output set | to 22.5792 MHz. Refer to Section 4.7.2 for register |
| 5 | Power up PLL | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | 0xFA | |
| | | PDN_XSP | х | |
| | | PDN_ASP PDN_DSDIF | X X | |
| | | PDN_HP | x | |
| | | PDN_XTAL PDN_PLL | x 0 | Power up PLL block |
| | | PDN_CLKOUT | x | Fower up FLL block |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| 6 | Set PLL Predivide value | PLL Setting 9. 0x40002 | 0x03 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 00 | |
| | Out DLL autout divide | PLL_REF_PREDIV | 11 | Set PLL predivide value to 8 |
| 1 | Set PLL output divide | PLL Setting 6. 0x30008 | 0x08 | Cat DLL autaut divide velue to 0 |
| 0 | Cot Fractional partian of DLL Divide Datia | PLL_OUT_DIV | 0x08 | Set PLL output divide value to 8 |
| 8 | Set Fractional portion of PLL Divide Ratio | PLL Setting 2. 0x30002 | 0x00 | Cat LCD of DLL fractional divider value to 0 |
| | | PLL_DIV_FRAC_0 PLL Setting 3. 0x30003 | 0x00 0x00 | Set LSB of PLL fractional divider value to 0 |
| | | PLL DIV FRAC 1 | 0x00 | Set Middle Byte of PLL fractional divider value to |
| | | PLL_DIV_FRAC_1 PLL Setting 4. 0x30004 | 0x00 0x80 | Set Middle Byte of PLL fractional divider value to |
| | | PLL_DIV_FRAC_2 | 0x80 | Set MSB of PLL fractional divider value to 0x80 |
| 9 | Set Integer portion of PLL Divide Ratio | PLL_DIV_FRAC_2 PLL Setting 5. 0x30005 | 0x80 0x49 | |
| 3 | Set integer portion of the Divide Matio | PLL_DIV_INT | 0x49 | Set PLL integer Divide value to 0x49 |
| 10 | Set PLL mode | PLL Setting 8. 0x3001B | 0x49 0x01 | Set FLL Integer Divide value to 0x49 |
| 10 | | Reserved | 0000 00 | |
| | | PLL_MODE | 0 | 500/512 factor is used in PLL frequency calculation |
| | | Reserved | 1 | |
| | Read Interrupt Status 1 register (0xF0000) to | | | |
| 12 | Set PLL calibration ratio | PLL Setting 7. 0x3000A | 0x97 | |
| | | PLL_CAL_RATIO | 0x97 | PLL Calibration Ratio is set to 0x97 (151) |
| 13 | Enable PLL interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0xF9 | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK | 1 1 | DAC_OVFL_INT is don't care Unmask HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt |
| | | HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK | | Unmask HPDETECT UNPLUG interrupt |
| | | XTAL READY INT MASK | 1 | XTAL READY INT is Don't Care |
| | | XTAL [_] ERROR [_] INT [_] MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK | 1 0 | XTAL ^{ERROR_INT} is Don't Care PLL_READY Interrupt is already unmasked |
| | | PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0 | PLL ERROR Interrupt is already unmasked |
| | | PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | 1 | PDN_DONE_INT is Don't Care |
| 14 | Start PLL | PLL Setting 1. 0x30001 | 0x01 | |
| | | Reserved PLL_START | 0000 000 |) Enable PLL Output |
| 15 | Playback DoP audio. Assuming 64•Fs DSD s | | • | |
| | Configure ASP interface for DoP input | | | |
| | Set ASP sample rate | Serial Port Sample Rate. 0x1000B | 0x05 | |
| | · | Reserved | 0000 | |
| | | ASP_SPRATE | 0101 | Set sample rate to 176.4 kHz |
| 18 | Set ASP sample bit size. XSP is don't care | Serial Port Sample Bit Size. 0x1000C | | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | VCD comple hit size act to 04 hits |
| | | XSP_SPSIZE ASP_SPSIZE | 01 01 | XSP sample bit size set to 24 bits ASP sample bit size set to 24 bits |
| | | | 51 | |



STEP TASK **REGISTER/BIT FIELDS** VALUE DESCRIPTION 19 Set ASP numerator ASP Numerator 1. 0x40010 0x03 ASP_N_LSB 0x03 LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 0x00 0x00 ASP_N_MSB MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator 20 Set ASP denominator ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 0x08 ASP_M_LSB 0x08 LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 0x00 ASP M MSB MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide 0x00 denominator 21 Set ASP LRCK high time ASP LRCK High Time 1. 0x40014 0x17 ASP_LCHI_LSB LSB of ASP LRCK high time duration 0x17 ASP LRCK High Time 2. 0x40015 0x00 ASP LCHI MSB 0x00 MSB of ASP LRCK high time duration 22 Set ASP LRCK period ASP LRCK Period 1. 0x40016 0x2F ASP LCPR LSB 0x2F LSB of ASP LRCK period ASP LRCK Period 2. 0x40017 0x00 0x00 ASP_LCPR_MSB MSB of ASP LRCK period 23 Configure ASP clock ASP Clock Configuration. 0x40018 0x1C Reserved ASP_M/SB ASP_SCPOL_OUT ASP_SCPOL_IN ASP_LCPOL_OUT 000 Set ASP port to be Master 1 Set output SCLK polarity 1 1 Input SCLK polarity is don't care 0 Set Output LRCK polarity ASP^LCPOL^{IN} 0 Input LRCK polarity is don't care 24 Configure ASP frame ASP Frame Configuration. 0x40019 0x0A 000 Reserved ASP_STP ASP_5050 0 1 Configure ASP port to accept I2S input ASP_FSD 010 25 Set ASP channel location ASP Channel 1 Location. 0x50000 0x00 ASP RX CH1 0x00 ASP Channel 1 starts on SCLK0 ASP Channel 2 Location. 0x50001 0x00 ASP_RX_CH2 0x00 ASP Channel 2 starts on SCLK0 ASP Channel 1 Size and Enable. 26 Set ASP channel size and enable 0x06 0x5000A Reserved ASP_RX_CH1_AP ASP_RX_CH1_EN ASP_RX_CH1_RES 0000 ASP Channel 1 active phase 0 ASP Channel 1 enable 1 ASP Channel 1 size is 24 bits 10 ASP Channel 2 Size and Enable. 0x0E 0x5000B Reserved 0000 ASP_RX_CH2_AP ASP_RX_CH2_EN ASP_RX_CH2_RES ASP Channel 2 active phase 1 1 ASP Channel 2 enable ASP Channel 2 size is 24 bits 10 27 Wait for interrupt. Check if PLL READY INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 register(0xF0000). 28 Configure DSD processor 29 Configure DSD volume DSD Volume A. 0x70001 0x00 DSD_VOLUME_A 0x00 Channel A volume set to 0 dB 30 Configure DSD Path Signal Control 1 DSD Processor Path Signal Control 1. 0xEC 0x70002 Reserved 1 DSD_VOL_BEQA DSD_SZC DSD Volume B equals DSD volume A 1 Soft ramp control enabled 1 Ò Reserved Mute occurs after 256 repeated 8-bit DSD mute DSD AMUTE 1 patterns Mute happens only when mute pattern is detected DSD AMUTE BEQA 1 in both channels DSD MUTE A Function is disabled

DSD_MUTE_B

0

Õ

Function is disabled

Example 5-13. DoP Playback with PLL (Cont.)



Example 5-13. DoP Playback with PLL (Cont.)

| STEP TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|---|---|--|--|
| 31 Configure DSD interface | DSD Interface Configuration. 0x70003 | 0x04 | |
| | Reserved | 00000 | |
| | DSD_M/SB | 1 | DSD is clock master |
| | DSD_PM_EN | 0 | Function is disabled |
| | DSD_PM_SEL | 0 | Function is disabled |
| 32 Configure DSD Path Signal Control 2 | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 2. 0x70004 | 0x50 | |
| | Reserved | 0 10 | Set source of DSD processor to ASP |
| | DSD_PRC_SRC DSD_EN | 10 | Enable DSD playback |
| | Reserved | 0 | |
| | DSD_SPEED | 0 | Set DSD clock speed to 64•Fs |
| | STA_DSD_DET INV_DSD_DET | 0 0 | Static DSD detection disabled Invalid DSD detection disabled |
| 33 Configure DSD path Signal Control 3 | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 3. | 0xC0 | |
| | 0x70006 | | |
| | DSD_ZERODB | 1 | The SACD 0–dB reference level (50%modulation index) matches PCM 0-dB full scale. |
| | DSD_HPF_EN | 1 | Enable HPF in DSD processor |
| | Reserved | 0 | |
| | SIGCTL_DSDEQPCM DSD_INV_A | 0 0 | Function is disabled Function is disabled |
| | DSD_INV_A DSD_INV_B | 0 | Function is disabled |
| | DSD_SWĀP_CHAN | Ō | Function is disabled |
| | DSD_COPY_CHAN | 0 | Function is disabled |
| 34 Configure headphone output for 1.732 V rms 35 Configure Class H amplifier | Class H Control. 0xB0000 | 0x1E | |
| 0 | Reserved | 000 | |
| | ADPT_PWR | 1 11 | Output signal determines voltage level |
| | | 1 0 | High voltage mode enabled |
| 26 Cot LID output to full cools | EXT_VCPFILT | | Using internal VCPFILT source. |
| 36 Set HP output to full scale | HP Output Control 1. 0x80000 HP CLAMPA | 0x30 0 | |
| | HP_CLAMPA HP_CLAMPB | 0 | |
| | OUT_FS | 11 | Set headphone output to full scale (1.732 V rms |
| | HP_IN_EN | 0 | |
| 37 Headphone detect | Reserved HP Detect. 0xD0000 | 000 0xC4 | |
| | HPDETECT_CTRL | 11 | HP detect enabled |
| | HPDETECT_INV | 0 | HP detect input is not inverted |
| | HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME | 00 | Tip Sense rising debounce time set to 0 ms |
| | HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME Reserved | 10 0 | Tip sense falling debounce time set to 500 ms |
| 38 Enable interrupts | Reserved | 0 | |
| 39 Read Interrupt Status 1 register (0xF0000), In | terrupt Status 2 register (0xF0001) and | Interrupt | Status 5 register (0xF0004) to clear sticky bits. |
| 40 Enable headphone detect interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0x99 | |
| | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK | 1 | DAC_OVFL_INT is don't care |
| | HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt |
| | | 0 | |
| | HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL READY INT MASK | 0 1 | |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MĀSK [®] XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 1 1 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MĀSK [®] XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_ERROR interrupt already enabled |
| 41 Enable ASP interrupts | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 0 1 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled |
| 41 Enable ASP interrupts | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVEL_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 1 1 0x07 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_ERROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care |
| 41 Enable ASP interrupts | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 0 1 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_EROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care |
| 41 Enable ASP interrupts | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_REROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK | 1 0 0 1 0x07 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_ERROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt |
| 41 Enable ASP interrupts | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_REROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK | 1 0 0 1 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_ERROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |
| 41 Enable ASP interrupts | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_REROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK | 1 0 0 1 0x07 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_ERROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_REROR_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_ERROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved Interrupt Mask 5. 0xF0014 DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 111 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_EROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt Enable DSD_STUCK interrupt |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK Reserved Interrupt Mask 5. 0xF0014 DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 111 0x01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_EROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt Enable DSD_STUCK interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_A interrupt |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK Reserved Interrupt Mask 5. 0xF0014 DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_B_INT_MASK | 1 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 111 0x01 0 0 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_ERROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt Enable DSD_STUCK interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_A interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_B interrupt |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved Interrupt Mask 5. 0xF0014 DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_B_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_B_INT_MASK | 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 111 0x01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_ERROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt Enable DSD_STUCK interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_A interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_B interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_B interrupt Enable DSD_SILENCE A interrupt |
| 41 Enable ASP interrupts42 Enable DSD and DoP interrupts | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved Interrupt Mask 5. 0xF0014 DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_B_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_B_INT_MASK DSD_SILENCE_A_INT_MASK DSD_SILENCE_B_INT_MASK DSD_SILENCE_B_INT_MASK | 1 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 111 0x01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_EROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt Enable DSD_STUCK interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_A interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_B interrupt Enable DSD_SILENCE_B interrupt Enable DSD_RATE_ERROR interrupt |
| | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved Interrupt Mask 5. 0xF0014 DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_B_INT_MASK DSD_SILENCE_A_INT_MASK DSD_SILENCE_B_INT_MASK | 1 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 111 0x01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | XTAL_READY_INT is don't care XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care PLL_READY interrupt already enabled PLL_EROR interrupt already enabled PDN_DONE_INT is don't care Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt Enable DSD_STUCK interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_A interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_B interrupt Enable DSD_SILENCE_A interrupt Enable DSD_SILENCE_B interrupt |



Example 5-13. DoP Playback with PLL (Cont.)

| STEF | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|---|
| 44 | Set MCLK source and frequency | System Clocking Control. 0x10006 | 0x05 | |
| | | Reserved MCLK_INT MCLK_SRC_SEL | 0000 0 1 01 | MCLK Frequency is set to 22.5792 MHz MCLK Source is set to PLL |
| 45 | Wait for at least 150 µs. | | | |
| 46 | Enable ASP clocks | Pad Interface Configuration. 0x1000 |) 0x02 | |
| | | Reserved XSP_3ST ASP_3ST | 0000 00 1 0 |) XSP Interface status is don't care (set to default) Enable serial clocks in Master Mode |
| 47 | Power up HP | Refer to Ex. 5-10 for DSD power-up s ASP interface. Skip Step 1 of Ex. 5-1 | equence. | Note that in Step 2 of Ex. 5-10, HH = BF for DoP of etcd in Step 3 above). |

5.10.4 Analog-In Startup

Ex. 5-14 shows an example sequence of starting up the CS43130 in analog passthrough mode.

Example 5-14. Start Up to Analog-In

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION | |
|------|---|---------------------|-------|-------------|--|
| 1 | Apply all relevant power supplies, then assert RESET. | | | | |
| 2 | Wait for 1.5 ms. MCLK Source is set to RCO by default. | | | | |
| 3 | Enable Headphone detect. See Section 5.10.8 "Headphone Detection" | | | | |
| 4 | Enable HPINx path. See See Section 5.6.1 "HPINx Alternate Headphone Path Enable Sequence" | | | | |

5.10.5 Switching from Analog-In to PCM Playback

Ex. 5-15 assumes that:

- The CS43130 is powered up, out of reset, and is currently operating in analog passthrough mode as in Ex. 5-14.
- The ASP and PCM interfaces are not yet configured.
- CS43130 XTI/XTO is connected to a 22.5792-MHz crystal.
- ASP interface is slave.

Example 5-15. Switching from Analog-In to PCM Playback

| TEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|----------------------------------|--|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Configure XTAL driver. | | | |
| 2 | Configure XTAL bias current | Crystal Setting. 0x20052 | 0x04 | |
| | strength (assuming River Crystal | Reserved | 00000 | |
| | at 22.5792 MHz) | XTAL_IBIAS | 100 | Bias current set to 12.5 µA |
| 3 | Read Interrupt Status 1 register | 0xF0000) to clear sticky bits. | | |
| 4 | Enable XTAL interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | data(0xF0010) | |
| | | | AND 0xE7 | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK | х | |
| | | HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK | х | |
| | | HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK | x | |
| | | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable XTAL_READY interrupt |
| | | XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable XTAL_ERROR interrupt |
| | | PLL_READY_INT_MASK | х | |
| | | PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK | х | |
| | | PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | х | |
| 5 | Start XTAL | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data (0x20000) | |
| | | | AND 0xF6 | |
| | | PDN_XSP | х | |
| | | PDN_ASP | х | |
| | | PDN_DSDIF | х | |
| | | PDN_HP | х | |
| | | PDN_XTAL | 0 | Power up XTAL driver |
| | | PDN_PLL | х | |
| | | PDN_CLKOUT | х | |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| 6 | Apply PCM power-up initializatio | n. Refer to Ex. 5-7 | | |
| 7 | Configure ASP interface. Sample | e rate set to 44.1 kHz. ASP is slave to ir | coming clock. | |
| 8 | Set ASP sample rate | Serial Port Sample Rate. 0x1000B | 0x01 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | |
| | | ASP SPRATE | 0001 | Set sample rate to 44.1 kHz |



Example 5-15. Switching from Analog-In to PCM Playback (Cont.)

| STEP | | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------------------|---|--------------|---|
| 9 | | s Serial Port Sample Bit Size. 0x1000C | 0x04 | |
| | don't care | Reserved | 0000 | |
| | | XSP_SPSIZE ASP_SPSIZE | 01 00 | XSP sample bit size is don't care ASP sample bit size set to 32 bits |
| 10 | Set ASP numerator | | 00 0x01 | ASP sample bit size set to 52 bits |
| 10 | Set ASP numerator | ASP Numerator 1. 0x40010 | | LCD of ACD complements frequencies of divide recommende |
| | | ASP_N_LSB | 0x01 | LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| | | ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 | 0x00 | |
| | | ASP_N_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerato |
| 11 | Set ASP denominator | ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 | 0x08 | |
| | | ASP_M_LSB | 0x08 | LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denomina |
| | | ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 | 0x00 | |
| | | ASP_M_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denomina |
| 12 | Set ASP LRCK high time | ASP LRCK High Time 1. 0x40014 | 0x1F | |
| | | ASP_LCHI_LSB | 0x1F | LSB of ASP LRCK high time duration |
| | | ASP LRCK High Time 2. 0x40015 | 0x00 | |
| | | ASP_LCHI_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of ASP LRCK high time duration |
| 13 | Set ASP LRCK period | ASP LRCK Period 1. 0x40016 | 0x3F | |
| | | ASP_LCPR_LSB | 0x3F | LSB of ASP LRCK period |
| | | ASP LRCK Period 2. 0x40017 | 0x00 | · |
| | | ASP_LCPR_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of ASP LRCK period |
| 14 | Configure ASP clock | ASP Clock Configuration. 0x40018 | 0x0C | |
| • • | | Reserved | 000 | |
| | | ASP_M/SB | 0 | Set ASP port to be Slave |
| | | ASP_SCPOL_OUT | 1 | Configure clock polarity for I ² S input |
| | | ASP_SCPOL_IN ASP_LCPOL_OUT | 1 | |
| | | ASP_LCPOL_IN | ŏ | |
| 15 | Configure ASP frame | ASP Frame Configuration. 0x40019 | 0x0A | |
| | 5 | Reserved | 000 | Configure ASP port to accept I ² S input |
| | | ASP STP | 0 | |
| | | ASP_5050 | 1 010 | |
| 16 | Set ASP channel location | ASP_FSD ASP Channel 1 Location. 0x50000 | 0x00 | |
| 16 | Set ASP channel location | | | ACD Channel 4 starts on CCLK0 |
| | | ASP_RX_CH1 | 0x00 | ASP Channel 1 starts on SCLK0 |
| | | ASP Channel 2 Location. 0x50001 | 0x00 | |
| | | ASP_RX_CH2 | 0x00 | ASP Channel 2 starts on SCLK0 |
| 17 | Set ASP channel size and enab | leASP Channel 1 Size and Enable. 0x5000A | 0x07 | |
| | | Reserved ASP_RX_CH1_AP | 0000 0 | ASP Channel 1 active phase |
| | | ASP_RX_CH1_EN | 1 | ASP Channel 1 enable |
| | | ASP_RX_CH1_RES | 11 | ASP Channel 1 size is 32 bits |
| | | ASP Channel 2 Size and Enable. 0x5000B | 0x0F | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | |
| | | ASP_RX_CH2_AP | 1 | ASP Channel 2 active phase |
| | | ASP_RX_CH2_EN ASP_RX_CH2_RES | 1 11 | ASP Channel 2 enable ASP Channel 2 size is 32 bits |
| 18 | Configure PCM interface. HPF | | 11 | ASF Charliner z size is 32 bits |
| 10 | Configure PCM Interface. HPF I | PCM Filter Option. 0x90000 | 0x02 | |
| 19 | | | | High Dass Eilter is selected |
| | | FILTER_SLOW_FASTB PHCOMP_LOWLATB NOS | 0 0 0 | High Pass Filter is selected |
| | | Reserved | 0 00 | |
| | | HIGH_PASS | 1 | |
| | | DEEMP_ON | 0 | |
| 20 | Set Volume for Channel B | PCM Volume B. 0x90001 | 0x00 | |
| | | PCM_VOLUME_B | 0x00 | Set volume to 0 dB |
| | | | | |
| 21 | Set Volume for Channel A | PCM Volume A. 0x90002 PCM_VOLUME_A | 0x00 0x00 | Set volume to 0 dB |



Example 5-15. Switching from Analog-In to PCM Playback (Cont.)

| TEP | | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| 22 | Configure PCM Path Signal | PCM Path Signal Control 1. 0x90003 | 0xEC | |
| | Control | PCM_RAMP_DOWN PCM_VOL_BEQA | 1 1 | Soft ramp down of volume on filter change Volume setting on both channels controlled by PCM VOLUME A |
| | | PCM SZC | 10 | Enable soft ramp |
| | | PCM_AMUTE | 1 | Mute after reception of 8192 samples of 0 or –1. |
| | | PCM_AMUTEBEQA | 1 | Mute only when AMUTE condition is detected on bot channels |
| | | PCM_MUTE_A PCM_MUTE_B | 0 0 | Function is disabled Function is disabled |
| | | PCM Path Signal Control 2. 0x90004 | 0x00 | |
| | | Reserved PCM INV A | 0000 0 | Disable all functions in this register |
| | | | 0 | |
| | | PCM_SWAP_CHAN | 0 | |
| | | PCM_COPY_CHAN | 0 | |
| 23 | Configure HP interface | | | |
| 24 | Configure Class H Amplifier | Class H Control. 0xB0000 | 0x1E | |
| | | Reserved | 000 | Output aignal datarminaa valtaga laval |
| | | ADPT_PWR HV_EN | 1 11 1 | Output signal determines voltage level High voltage mode enabled |
| | | EXT_VCPFILT | Ö | Using Internal VCPFILT source. |
| 25 | Headphone Detect | HP Detect. 0xD0000 | 0xC4 | <u> </u> |
| | · | HPDETECT_CTRL | 11 | HP Detect enabled |
| | | HPDETECT_INV | 0 | HP detect input is not inverted |
| | | HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME | 00 | Tip Sense rising debounce time set to 0 ms |
| | | HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME Reserved | 10 0 | Tip sense falling debounce time set to 500 ms |
| 26 | Enable interrupts | 10001100 | Ŭ | |
| | | | | |
| | Read Interrupt Status 1 register | r (0xF0000) and Interrupt Status 2 register | er (0xF0001) to | clear sticky bits. |
| 27 28 | | r (0xF0000) and Interrupt Status 2 registe Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | er (0xF0001) to data(0xF0010 | |
| 27 | Read Interrupt Status 1 register Enable headphone detect interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | | |
| 27 | Enable headphone detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC OVFL INT MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x | |
| 27 | Enable headphone detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 | Enable HPDETECT PLUG interrupt |
| 27 | Enable headphone detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 | |
| 27 | Enable headphone detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLŪG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x | Enable HPDETECT PLUG interrupt |
| 27 | Enable headphone detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x | Enable HPDETECT PLUG interrupt |
| 27 | Enable headphone detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x x | Enable HPDETECT PLUG interrupt |
| 27 28 | Enable headphone detect interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x x x x x | Enable HPDETECT PLUG interrupt |
| 27 | Enable headphone detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F 0 0 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt |
| 27 28 | Enable headphone detect interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x x x x x | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVEL interrupt |
| 27 28 | Enable headphone detect interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt |
| 27 28 | Enable headphone detect interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLŪG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |
| 27 28 | Enable headphone detect interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_ATE_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt |
| 27 28 29 | Enable headphone detect interrupts Enable ASP interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLŪG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MĀSK YTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_ALTE_INT_MASK ASP_OURCK_INT_MASK Reserved | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |
| 27 28 29 30 | Enable headphone detect interrupts Enable ASP interrupts Initiate a soft ramp down of HP | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLŪG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MĀSK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved INx input to mute. | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |
| 27 28 29 30 31 | Enable headphone detect interrupts Enable ASP interrupts Initiate a soft ramp down of HP Disable HPINx | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLŪG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MĀSK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK Reserved INX input to mute. Refer to Section 5.6.2 | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_ARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt |
| 27 28 29 30 31 32 | Enable headphone detect interrupts Enable ASP interrupts Initiate a soft ramp down of HP Disable HPINx Wait for interrupt. Check if XTA | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLŪG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved INx input to mute. Refer to Section 5.6.2 L_READY_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 111 register(0xF000 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_ARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt |
| 27 28 29 30 31 | Enable headphone detect interrupts Enable ASP interrupts Initiate a soft ramp down of HP Disable HPINx | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_ALATE_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved INx input to mute. Refer to Section 5.6.2 L_READY_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 111 register(0xF000 0x04 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt |
| 27 28 29 30 31 32 | Enable headphone detect interrupts Enable ASP interrupts Initiate a soft ramp down of HP Disable HPINx Wait for interrupt. Check if XTA | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLŪG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLŪG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MĀSK PLL_READY_INT_MĀSK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK Reserved INx input to mute. Refer to Section 5.6.2 L_READY_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 Reserved | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 0 111 register(0xF000 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_ARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt |
| 27 28 29 30 31 32 | Enable headphone detect interrupts Enable ASP interrupts Initiate a soft ramp down of HP Disable HPINx Wait for interrupt. Check if XTA | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_ALATE_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved INx input to mute. Refer to Section 5.6.2 L_READY_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F x 0 0 x x x x x x 0x07 0 0 0 0 0 111 register(0xF000 0 0x04 0000 0 | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt 0). |
| 27 28 29 30 31 32 | Enable headphone detect interrupts Enable ASP interrupts Initiate a soft ramp down of HP Disable HPINx Wait for interrupt. Check if XTA | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_OULRCK_INT_MASK Reserved INx input to mute. Refer to Section 5.6.2 L_READY_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 1 System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 Reserved MCLK_INT | data(0xF0010 AND 0x9F | Enable HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt Enable HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_NOLRCK interrupt 0). |



5.10.6 Switching from PCM to Analog-In Playback

Ex. 5-16 makes the following assumptions:

- The CS43130 is powered up, out of reset, and currently operating in PCM playback mode.
- A headphone is connected to the headphone jack.
- Headphone detect is enabled and HPDETECT_PLUG_INT = 1.
- XTAL is used as MCLK source.

Example 5-16. Switching from PCM to Analog-In Playback

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| 1 | Enable soft ramp | PCM Path Signal Control 1. 0x90003 | data(0x90003) OR | |
| | | | (0xA0) | |
| | | PCM RAMP DOWN | 1 | Enable soft ramp |
| | | PCM_VOL_BEQA | х | · |
| | | PCM_SZC | 10 | |
| | | PCM_AMUTE | Х | |
| | | PCM_AMUTEBEQA | x | |
| | | PCM_MUTE_A | 0 | |
| | | PCM_MUTE_B | 0 | |
| 2 | PCM Power Down Sequence | Refer to Section 5.7.1 | | |
| 3 | Set MCLK Source to RCO | System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 | 0x06 | |
| | | Reserved | 00000 | |
| | | MCLK_INT | 1 | Frequency of MCLK_INT is don't care MCLK source set to RCO |
| | | MCLK_SRC_SEL | 10 | MCLK source set to RCO |
| 4 | Wait for 150 µs. | | | |
| 5 | Power down crystal | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | data (0x20000) OR | |
| | | | (0x08) | |
| | | PDN XSP | Х | |
| | | PDN_ASP | 1 | ASP already powered down |
| | | PDN_DSDIF | Х | |
| | | PDN_HP | 1 | HP already powered down |
| | | PDN_XTAL | 1 | Power down XTAL. |
| | | PDN_PLL | х | |
| | | PDN_CLKOUT | X | |
| - | | Reserved | 0 | |
| 6 | Enable HPINx | Refer to Section 5.6.1 | | |



5.10.7 Switching MCLK Frequency

Ex. 5-17 shows steps necessary to switch the MCLK frequency in order to play audio at a different sample rate that is no longer an integer divide of current MCLK. It makes the following assumptions:

- The CS43130 is already powered up and out of reset.
- MCLK is sourced directly from external clock input (Direct MCLK). MCLK_INT is 22.5792 MHz, and the sample rate is an integer divide of MCLK.
- ASP is used for audio delivery and PDN_HP = 0.

Example 5-17. Sequence for Switching MCLK Frequency

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--|---|-------------|--|
| 1 | Power down PCM | Refer to Ex. 5-5 for PCM power-down s | sequence | |
| 2 | Switch MCLK Source to RCO | | | |
| 3 | Set MCLK Source to RCO | System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 | 0x06 | |
| | | Reserved | 00000 | |
| | | MCLK_INT | 1 | Frequency of MCLK_INT is don't care |
| | | MCLK_SRC_SEL | 10 | MCLK source set to RCO |
| 4 | Wait for 150 µs | | | |
| 5 | Switch to a different MCLK Frequency | Assuming new MCLK frequency is 24.576N | /Hz. | |
| 6 | Change MCLK_INT frequency to | System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 | 0x02 | |
| | 24.576 MHz | Reserved | 00000 | |
| | | MCLK_INT | 0 | MCLK_INT frequency set to 24.576 MHz |
| | | MCLK_SRC_SEL | 10 | |
| 7 | Apply PCM power-up initialization in E | x. 5-7 | | |
| 8 | Configure ASP for appropriate sample | rate, bit size and clock mode. Unmute PCM | CHA and C | HB outputs. Enable appropriate interrupts |
| 9 | Switch MCLK source to direct MCLK n | node System Clocking Control 1. 0x10006 | 0x0 | |
| | | Reserved | 00000 | |
| | | MCLK_INT | 0 | MCLK_INT frequency set to 24.576 MHz |
| | | MCLK_SRC_SEL | 00 | MCLK source set to direct MCLK mode |
| 10 | Wait at least 150 µs. | | | |
| 11 | Power up HP | Refer to Ex. 5-9 for PCM power-up seg | uence. Skip | Step 1 of Ex. 5-9 (completed in Step 7 abo |

5.10.8 Headphone Detection

Ex. 5-18 shows steps necessary to detect the presence of a headphone. It makes the following assumptions:

- The CS43130 is already powered up and out of reset.
- The HP Detect register is not configured.

Example 5-18. Sequence for Headphone Detection

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--|--|---|---|
| 1 | Read Interrupt Status 1 register (0xF000 | | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
| | | | | |
| 2 | Read HP Status register (0xD0001) to c | lear any sticky bits. | | |
| 3 | Enable HPDETECT interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | data (0xF0010) AND 0x9F | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK XTAL_READY_INT_MASK XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | x 0 x x x x x x x | Enable HPDETECT interrupts |
| 4 | Configure HP Detect parameters | HP Detect. 0xD0000 | 0x04 | |
| | | HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_INV HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME Reserved | 00 0 0 0 10 0 | Rising edge debounce time set to 0 ms Falling edge debounce time set to 500 ms |
| 5 | Enable HP Detect | HP Detect. 0xD0000 | data (0xD0000) OR (0xC0) | |
| | | HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_INV HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME Reserved | 11 x x x xx 0 | Enable headphone detection |



Example 5-18. Sequence for Headphone Detection (Cont.)

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 6 | Wait for interrupt. Check if HPDETECT | _PLUG_INT or HPDETECT_UNPLUG | INT is set in the Interr | upt Status 1 register (0xF0000). |

5.10.9 DoP and PCM Mixing

Ex. 5-19 shows steps necessary to mix DoP and PCM. The XSP is in clock master receiving DoP data with LRCLK at 176.4 kHz and SCLK at 8.4672 MHz. The ASP is clock master receiving PCM data with LRCLK at 44.1 kHz and SCLK at 2.8224 MHz.

Example 5-19. DoP and PCM Mixing

| 2 | TASK Apply all relevant power supp | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|----|---|---|--------------|--|
| 2 | Apply all relevant power supp | | | |
| | | blies, then assert RESET. | | |
| 2 | Wait for 1.5 ms | | | |
| | Configure XTAL Driver | | | |
| 4 | Configure XTAL bias current | Crystal Setting. 0x20052 | 0x04 | |
| | strength (assuming River Crystal at 22.5792 MHz) | Reserved | 00000 | Dies surrent est to 10 5 m |
| | | XTAL_IBIAS | 100 | Bias current set to 12.5 µA |
| 5 | Enable XTAL interrupts | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0xE7 | |
| | | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK | 1 | |
| | | HPDETECT UNPLUG INT MASK | 1 | |
| | | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK | 0 0 | Enable XTAL_READY interrupt |
| | | XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK PLL_READY_INT_MASK | 1 | Enable XTAL_ERROR interrupt |
| | | PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 1 | |
| | | PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | 1 | |
| 6 | Start XTAL | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | 0xF6 | |
| | | PDN_XSP PDN_XSP | 1 | |
| | | PDN_DSDIF | 1 | |
| | | PDN_HP | 1 | |
| | | PDN [_] XTAL PDN [_] PLL | 0 | Power up XTAL driver |
| | | PDN_CLKOUT | 1 | |
| | | Reserved | Ó | |
| 7 | Apply DSD power-up initialization | ation in Ex. 5-8 | | |
| | Playback DoP audio. Assumi | • | | |
| 9 | Configure XSP interface for D | DoP input. | | |
| 10 | Set sample bit size. | Serial Port Sample Bit Size. 0x1000C | 0x05 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | |
| | | XSP_SPSIZE ASP_SPSIZE | 01 01 | XSP sample bit size is set to 24 bits ASP sample bit size is set to 24 bits |
| 11 | Set XSP Numerator | XSP Numerator 1. 0x40020 | 0x03 | |
| | | XSP_N_LSB | 0x03 | LSB of XSP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| | | XSP Numerator 2. 0x40021 | 0x00 | |
| | | XSP_N_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of XSP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| 12 | Set XSP Denominator | XSP Denominator 1. 0x40022 | 0x08 | |
| | | XSP_M_LSB | 0x08 | LSB of XSP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| | | XSP Denominator 2. 0x40023 | 0x00 | |
| | | XSP_M_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of XSP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| 13 | Set XSP LRCK high Time | XSP LRCK High Time 1. 0x40024 | 0x17 | |
| .0 | | XSP LCHI LSB | 0x17 0x17 | LSB of XSP LRCK high time duration |
| | | XSP LRCK High Time 2. 0x40025 | 0x00 | |
| | | XSP LCHI MSB | 0x00 | MSB of XSP LRCK high time duration |
| 14 | Set XSP LRCK period | XSP LRCK Period 1. 0x40026 | 0x00 | |
| •• | | XSP_LCPR_LSB | 0x2F | LSB of XSP LRCK period |
| | | XSP LRCK Period 2. 0x40027 | 0x00 | |
| | | XSP_LCPR_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of XSP LRCK period |
| 15 | Configure XSP Clock | XSP Clock Configuration. 0x40028 | 0x1C | |
| .0 | comgare ver blook | Reserved | 000 | |
| | | XSP_M/SB | 1 | Set XSP port to be Master |
| | | XSP_SCPOL_OUT | 1 | Set output SCLK polarity |
| | | XSP_SCPOL_IN XSP_LCPOL_OUT | 1 0 | Input SCLK polarity is don't care Set Output LRCLK polarity |
| | | XSP_LCPOL_IN | Ő | Input LRCLK polarity is don't care |



| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--|---|------------|---|
| 16 | Configure XSP Frame | XSP Frame Configuration. 0x40029 | 0x0A | |
| | | Reserved | 000 | |
| | | XSP_STP | 0 1 | Configure XSP port to accept I ² S input |
| | | XSP_5050 XSP_FSD | 010 | |
| 17 | Set XSP Channel Location | XSP Channel 1 Location. 0x60000 | 0x00 | |
| | | XSP_RX_CH1 | 0x00 | XSP Channel 1 starts on SCLK0 |
| | | XSP Channel 2 Location. 0x60001 | 0x00 | |
| | | XSP_RX_CH2 | 0x00 | XSP Channel 2 starts on SCLK0 |
| 18 | Set XSP Channel Size and | XSP Channel 1 Size and Enable. | 0x06 | |
| | Enable | 0x6000A | | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | YCD Channel 1 Active Dhase |
| | | XSP_RX_CH1_AP XSP_RX_CH1_EN | 0 1 | XSP Channel 1 Active Phase XSP Channel 1 Enable |
| | | XSP_RX_CH1_RES | 10 | XSP Channel 1 Size is 24 bits |
| | | XSP Channel 2 Size and Enable. | 0x0E | |
| | | 0x6000B | | |
| | | Reserved XSP_RX_CH2_AP | 0000 1 | XSP Channel 2 Active Phase |
| | | XSP_RX_CH2_EN | 1 | XSP Channel 2 Enable |
| | | XSP_RX_CH2_RES | 10 | XSP Channel 2 Size is 24 bits |
| 19 | Configure DSD Processor | | | |
| 20 | Configure DSD Volume | DSD Volume A. 0x70001 | 0x00 | |
| _ | | DSD_VOLUME_A | 0x00 | Channel A volume set to 0 dB |
| 21 | Configure DSD path Signal Control 1 | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 1. 0x70002 | 0xEC | |
| | CONTROL | Reserved | 1 | |
| | | DSD VOL BEQA | 1 | DSD Volume B equals DSD volume A |
| | | DSD_SZC | 1 | Soft ramp control enabled |
| | | Reserved DSD AMUTE | 0 1 | Mute occurs after 256 repeated 8-bit DSD mute patterns |
| | | DSD AMUTE BEQA | 1 | Mute happens only when mute pattern is detected in both |
| | | DSD_MUTE_Ā | 0 | channels |
| | | DSD_MUTE_B | 0 | Function is disabled Function is disabled |
| 22 | Configure DSD Interface | DSD Interface Configuration. | 0x00 | |
| | 5 | 0x70003 | | |
| | | Reserved | 0 0000 | DOD M/OD is dealth same |
| | | DSD_M/SB DSD_PM_EN | 0 0 | DSD_M/SB is don't care Function is disabled |
| | | DSD_PM_SEL | ŏ | Function is disabled |
| 23 | Configure DSD path Signal | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 2. | 0x70 | |
| | Control 2 | 0x70004 | | |
| | | Reserved DSD PRC SRC | 0 11 | Set source of DSD processor to VSD |
| | | DSD_PRC_SRC DSD_EN | 1 | Set source of DSD processor to XSP Enable DSD playback |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| | | DSD_SPEED STA DSD DET | 0 0 | Set DSD clock speed to 64•FS Static DSD detection disabled |
| | | INV_DSD_DET | 0 | Invalid DSD detection disabled |
| 24 | Configure DSD path Signal | DSD Processor Path Signal Control 3. | 0xC0 | |
| | Control 3 | 0x70006 | | |
| | | DSD_ZERODB DSD_HPF_EN | 1 1 | DSD stream volume setting Enable DSD HPF |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| | | SIGCTL_DSDEQPCM | 0 | Function is disabled |
| | | DSD_INV_A DSD_INV_B | 0 0 | Function is disabled Function is disabled |
| | | DSD_INV_B DSD_SWAP_CHAN | 0 | Function is disabled |
| | | DSD_COPY_CHAN | Ō | Function is disabled |
| 25 | Configure HP Output for 1.73 | | | |
| 26 | Configure Class H | Class H Control. 0xB0000 | 0x1E | |
| | Amplifier | Reserved | 000 | |
| | | ADPT_PWR HV_EN | 111 1 | Output Signal determines voltage level High Voltage Mode enabled |
| | | EXT_VCPFILT | Ó | Using Internal VCPFILT source. |
| 27 | Set HP output to full | HP Output Control 1. 0x80000 | 0x30 | - |
| | scale | Reserved | 00 | Set HP output to Full Scale (1.732 Vrms) |
| | | | | |
| | | OUT_FS Reserved | 11 0000 | |



| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|------------------------------|--|--------------|---|
| 28 | Headphone Detect | HP Detect. 0xD0000 | 0xC4 | |
| | | HPDETECT_CTRL | 11 | HP Detect enabled |
| | | HPDETECT_INV | 0 | HP detect input is not inverted Tip Sense rising debounce time set to 0 ms |
| | | HPDETECT [_] RISE_DBC_TIME HPDETECT [_] FALL [_] DBC [_] TIME | 00 10 | Tip sense falling debounce time set to 500 ms |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| 29 | Enable Interrupts | | | |
| 30 | Read Interrupt Status 1 regi | ster (0xF0000), Interrupt Status 2 register | er (0xF00 | 01) and Interrupt Status 5 register (0xF0004) to clear sticky bits |
| 31 | Enable Headphone Detect | Interrupt Mask 1. 0xF0010 | 0x99 | |
| | Interrupts | DAC_OVFL_INT_MASK | 1 | DAC_OVFL_INT is don't care |
| | | HPDETECT_PLUG_INT_MASK HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT_MASK | 0 0 | Unmask HPDETECT_PLUG interrupt |
| | | XTAL_READY_INT_MASK | 1 | Unmask HPDETECT_UNPLUG interrupt XTAL READY INT is don't care |
| | | XTAL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 1 | XTAL_ERROR_INT is don't care |
| | | PLL_READY_INT_MASK PLL_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0 0 | PLL_READY Interrupt is already unmasked PLL_ERROR Interrupt is already unmasked |
| | | PDN_DONE_INT_MASK | 1 | PDN DONE INT is don't care |
| 32 | Enable XSP Interrupts | Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 | 0x07 | |
| | | XSP_OVFL_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable XSP_OVFL interrupt |
| | | XSP_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable XSP_ERROR interrupt |
| | | XSP_LATE_INT_MASK XSP_EARLY_INT_MASK | 0 0 | Enable XSP_LATE interrupt Enable XSP_EARLY interrupt |
| | | XSP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK | ŏ | Enable XSP_NOLRCK interrupt |
| | | Reserved | 111 | |
| 33 | Enable DSD and DoP | Interrupt Mask 5. 0xF0014 | 0x01 | |
| | Interrupts | DSD_STUCK_INT_MASK | 0 0 | Enable DSD_STUCK interrupt Enable DSD_INVAL_A interrupt |
| | | DSD_INVAL_A_INT_MASK DSD_INVAL_B_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable DSD_INVAL_A Interrupt |
| | | DSD_SILENCE_A_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable DSD_SILENCE A interrupt |
| | | DSD_SILENCE_B_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable DSD_SILENCE_B interrupt |
| | | DSD_RATE_ERROR_INT_MASK DOP_MRK_DET_INT_MASK | 0 0 | Enable DSD_RATE_ERROR interrupt Enable DOP_MRK_DET interrupt |
| | | DOP_ON_INT_MASK | 1 | Disable DOP_ON interrupt |
| 34 | Set MCLK Source and | System Clocking Control. 0x10006 | 0x04 | |
| | Frequency | Reserved | 00000 | |
| | | MCLK_INT MCLK_SRC_SEL | 1 00 | MCLK Frequency is set to 22.5792 MHz MCLK Source is set to XTAL |
| 35 | Wait for at least 150 µs | MOEIL_OILO_OEL | 00 | |
| 36 | Enable XSP Clocks | Pad Interface Configuration. 0x1000D | 0x01 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 00 | |
| | | XSP_3ST | 0 | ASP Interface status is don't care (set to default) |
| 37 | | ASP_3ST | 1 5 10 UL | Enable XSP serial clocks in master mode I = 7F for DoP on XSP interface. Skip Step 1 of Ex. 5-10 (complete |
| 57 | in Step 7 above). | $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$ | 5-10, HF | 1 - 7 FIOL DOF OIL XSF III. enace. Skip Step 1 of Ex. 5-10 (complete |
| 38 | Enable ASP | | | |
| 39 | Set ASP sample rate | Serial Port Sample Rate. 0x1000B | 0x01 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | |
| | | ASP_SPRATE | 0001 | Set sample rate to 44.1 kHz |
| 40 | Set ASP sample bit size | Serial Port Sample Bit Size. 0x1000C | 0x04 | |
| | | Reserved XSP_SPSIZE | 0000 01 | |
| | | ASP_SPSIZE | 00 | ASP sample bit size set to 32 bits |
| 41 | Set ASP Numerator | ASP Numerator 1. 0x40010 | 0x01 | |
| | | ASP_N_LSB | 0x01 | LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| | | ASP Numerator 2. 0x40011 | 0x00 | · |
| | | ASP_N_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator |
| 42 | Set ASP Denominator | ASP Denominator 1. 0x40012 | 0x08 | · · · |
| | | ASP_M_LSB | 0x08 | LSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| | | ASP Denominator 2. 0x40013 | 0x00 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | ASP_M_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator |
| 43 | Set ASP LRCK high Time | ASP LRCK High Time 1. 0x40014 | 0x1F | |
| | | ASP LCHI LSB | 0x1F | LSB of ASP LRCK high time duration |
| | | ASP LRCK High Time 2. 0x40015 | 0x00 | |
| | | ASP_LCHI_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of ASP LRCK high time duration |
| 44 | Set ASP LRCK period | ASP LRCK Period 1. 0x40016 | 0x3F | |
| •• | | ASP_LCPR_LSB | 0x3F | LSB of ASP LRCK period |
| | | | | |
| | | ASP LRCK Period 2 0x40017 | UXUU | |
| | | ASP LRCK Period 2. 0x40017 ASP_LCPR_MSB | 0x00 0x00 | MSB of ASP LRCK period |



| STEP | | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 45 | Configure ASP Clock | ASP Clock Configuration. 0x40018 | 0x1C | |
| | | Reserved | 000 | |
| | | ASP_M/SB ASP_SCPOL_OUT | 1 1 | Set ASP port to be Master Set output SCLK polarity |
| | | ASP_SCPOL_001 ASP_SCPOL_IN | 1 | Input SCLK polarity is don't care |
| | | ASP_LCPOL_OUT | 0 | Set Output LRCLK polarity |
| | | ASP_LCPOL_IN | 0 | Input LRCLK polarity is don't care |
| 46 | Configure ASP Frame | ASP Frame Configuration. 0x40019 | 0x0A | |
| | | Reserved ASP STP | 000 | Configure ASP port to accept I ² S input |
| | | ASP_STP ASP_5050 | 0 1 | |
| | | ASP_FSD | 010 | |
| 47 | Set ASP Channel | ASP Channel 1 Location. 0x50000 | 0x00 | |
| | Location | ASP_RX_CH1 | 0x00 | ASP Channel 1 starts on SCLK0 |
| | | ASP Channel 2 Location. 0x50001 | 0x00 | |
| | | ASP_RX_CH2 | 0x00 | ASP Channel 2 starts on SCLK0 |
| 48 | Set ASP Channel Size and | ASP Channel 1 Size and Enable. | 0x07 | |
| | Enable | 0x5000A | | |
| | | Reserved ASP RX CH1 AP | 0000 | ASP Channel 1 Active Phase |
| | | ASP_RX_CH1_AP ASP_RX_CH1_EN | 0 1 | ASP Channel 1 Enable |
| | | ASP_RX_CH1_RES | 11 | ASP Channel 1 Size is 32 bits |
| | | ASP Channel 2 Size and Enable. | 0x0F | |
| | | 0x5000B | | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | ACD Channel 2 Active Phase |
| | | ASP_RX_CH2_AP ASP_RX_CH2_EN | 1 1 | ASP Channel 2 Active Phase ASP Channel 2 Enable |
| | | ASP_RX_CH2_RES | 11 | ASP Channel 2 Size is 32 bits |
| 49 | Setup PCM | | | |
| 50 | Configure PCM Filter | PCM Filter Option. 0x90000 | 0x02 | |
| | - | FILTER_SLOW_FASTB | 0 | High Pass Filter is selected |
| | | PHCOMP_LOWLATB | 0 | |
| | | NOS Reserved | 0 0 00 | |
| | | HIGH_PASS | 1 | |
| | | DEEMP_ON | 0 | |
| 51 | Set Volume for Channel B | PCM Volume B. 0x90001 | 0x0C | |
| | | PCM_VOLUME_B | 0x0C | Set volume to –6 dB |
| 52 | Set Volume for Channel A | PCM Volume A. 0x90002 | 0x0C | |
| | | PCM_VOLUME_A | 0x0C | Set volume to –6 dB |
| 53 | Configure PCM Path Signal | PCM Path Signal Control 1. 0x90003 | 0xEC | |
| | Control | PCM_RAMP_DOWN | 1 | Soft ramp down of volume on filter change |
| | | PCM_VOL_BEQA PCM_SZC | 1 10 | Volume setting on both channels controlled by PCM_VOLUME_A Enable soft ramp |
| | | PCM_AMUTE | 10 | Mute after reception of 8192 samples of 0 or -1. |
| | | PCM_AMUTEBEQA | 1 | Mute only when AMUTE condition is detected on both channels |
| | | PCM_MUTE_A PCM_MUTE_B | 0 0 | Function is disabled |
| | | | 0x00 | |
| | | | | |
| | | PCM Path Signal Control 2. 0x90004 | | Disable all functions in this register |
| | | Reserved | 0000 | Disable all functions in this register |
| | | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B | 0000 0 0 | Disable all functions in this register |
| | | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN | 0000 0 0 0 | Disable all functions in this register |
| | Dood interrupt status 2 | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWĀP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN | 0000 0 0 | |
| 54 | Read interrupt status 2 register | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN | 0000 0 0 0 | Disable all functions in this register Clear sticky bits |
| - | register | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 | 0000 0 0 0 0 | |
| 54 55 | | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 | 0000 0 0 0 | Clear sticky bits |
| - | register | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Clear sticky bits Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt |
| - | register | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Clear sticky bits Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt |
| - | register | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK | 0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Clear sticky bits Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |
| - | register | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK | 0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Clear sticky bits Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt |
| - | register | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK | 0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Clear sticky bits Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |
| 55 | register Enable ASP Interrupts | Reserved PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved Pad Interface Configuration. 0x1000D Reserved | 0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 111 | Clear sticky bits Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |
| 55 | register Enable ASP Interrupts | Reserved PCM_INV_A PCM_INV_B PCM_SWAP_CHAN PCM_COPY_CHAN Interrupt Status 2. 0xF0001 Interrupt Mask 2. 0xF0011 ASP_OVFL_INT_MASK ASP_ERROR_INT_MASK ASP_LATE_INT_MASK ASP_EARLY_INT_MASK ASP_NOLRCK_INT_MASK Reserved Pad Interface Configuration. 0x1000D | 0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 111 0x00 | Clear sticky bits Enable ASP_OVFL interrupt Enable ASP_ERROR interrupt Enable ASP_LATE interrupt Enable ASP_EARLY interrupt |



| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------------------------------|--|---------|---|
| 57 | Enable ASP | Power Down Control. 0x20000 | 0x24 | |
| | | PDN XSP | 0 | |
| | | PDNASP | 0 | Enable ASP |
| | | PDN_DSDIF | 1 | |
| | | PDN_HP | 0 | |
| | | PDN_XTAL | 0 | |
| | | PDN_PLL | 1 | |
| | | PDN_CLKOUT | 0 | |
| | | Reserved | 0 | |
| 58 | Enable PCM/DoP mix | | | |
| 59 | Configure DSD Volume | DSD Volume A. 0x70001 | 0x0C | |
| | | DSD_VOLUME_A | 0x0C | Channel A volume set to 0 dB |
| 60 | Prepare for PCM/DoP Mix operation | DSD and PCM Mixing Control. 0x70005 | 0x02 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 00 | Enable PCM playback path for DoP Mixing |
| | | MIX_PCM_PREP | 1 | |
| | | MIX_PCM_DSD | 0 | |
| 61 | Wait for 6 ms | | | |
| 62 | Enable PCM/DoP mix | DSD and PCM Mixing Control. 0x70005 | 0x03 | |
| | | Reserved | 0000 00 | Enable PCM/DoP Mixing |
| | | MIX_PCM_PREP | 1 | - |
| | | MIX_PCM_DSD | 1 | |



5.11 Headphone Load Measurement

The CS43130 can be configured to measure the impedance of headphone load. Please refer to Section 4.5.2 for a description of headphone load detection. Fig. 5-1 and the following subsections describe the steps needed to measure DC and AC impedance of the headphone.

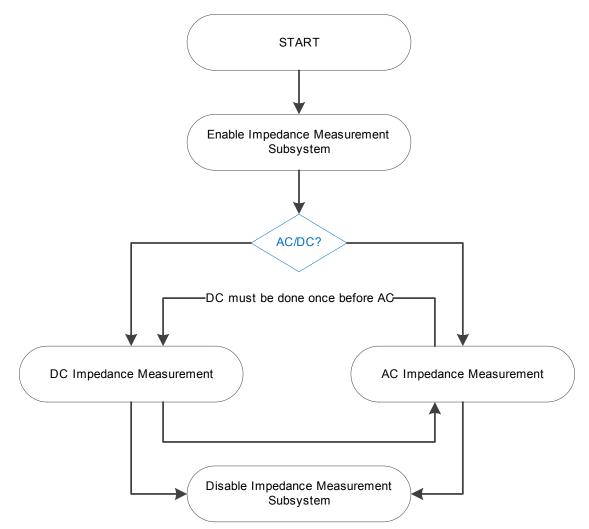


Figure 5-1. AC and DC Impedance Measurement Flowchart



5.11.1 Enabling the Impedance Measurement Subsystem

Fig. 5-2 shows and Ex. 5-20 describes the steps necessary for enabling the impedance measurement subsystem.

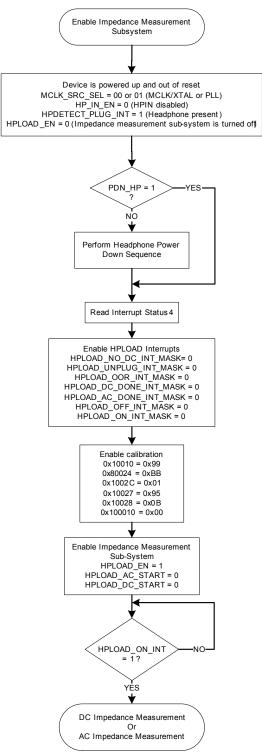


Figure 5-2. Enabling the Impedance Measurement Subsystem Flowchart

| Example 5-20. Sequence f | for Enabling the Impedance | Measurement Subsystem |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|

| 1 If PDN_HP = 1, go to Step 3. 2 Power down headphone output. See headphone power down sequence in Section 5.7, "Headphone 5.7, "Headphone Power Down Sequence in Secti | CRIPTION |
|--|----------|
| 2 Power down headphone output. See headphone power down sequence in Section 5.7, "Headphone Power Down Section 5.7, "Headphone Fower Down Section 5.7, "Headphone Fower Down Section 5.7, "Headphone Fower Down Section 5.7, "Headphone 5.7, "Headpho | |
| | ences." |
| 3 Measure headphone DC impedance | |



Example 5-20. Sequence for Enabling the Impedance Measurement Subsystem (Cont.)

| ΓEF | | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--|---|-------|--|
| 4 | Read Interrupt Status 4 register (0xF0 | 003) to clear sticky bits. | | |
| 5 | Enable HP Load Interrupts | Interrupt Mask 4. 0xF0013 | 0x20 | |
| | | HPLOAD_NO_DC_INT_MASK HPLOAD_UNPLUG_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable HPLOAD_NO_DC interrupt Enable HPLOAD_UNPLUG interrupt |
| | | Reserved | 1 | |
| | | HPLOAD OOR INT MASK | Ó | Enable HPLOAD_OOR interrupt |
| | | HPLOAD_AC_DONE_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable HPLOAD_AC_DONE interrupt Enable HPLOAD_DC_DONE interrupt |
| | | HPLOAD_DC_DONE_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable HPLOAD_DC_DONE interrupt |
| | | HPLOAD_OFF_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable HPLOAD_OFF interrupt |
| | | HPLOAD_ON_INT_MASK | 0 | Enable HPLOAD_ON interrupt |
| 6 | Enable calibration | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | | 0x80024 | 0xBB | |
| | | 0x1002C | 0x01 | |
| | | 0x10026 | 0xCB | |
| | | 0x10027 | 0x95 | |
| | | 0x10028 | 0x0B | |
| | | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |
| 7 | Turn on impedance measurement | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x80 | |
| | subsystem | HPLOAD EN | 1 | Enable impedance measurement subsystem |
| | | Reserved | 00 | , |
| | | HPLOAD_CHN_SEL | 0 | |
| | | Reserved | 00 | |
| | | HPLOAD_AC_START | 0 | |
| | | HPLOAD DC START | 0 | |



5.11.2 Measuring DC Impedance

Fig. 5-3 shows and Ex. 5-21 describes the steps necessary for measuring DC impedance with the following assumptions:

- The CS43130 is already powered up and out of reset.
- MCLK_INT is 22.5792 or 24.576 MHz sourced from MCLK/XTAL or PLL (MCLK_SRC_SEL = 00 or 01).
- HP_IN_EN = 0 and HPLOAD_EN = 0.
- A headphone is already plugged in and HPDETECT_PLUG_INT = 1.

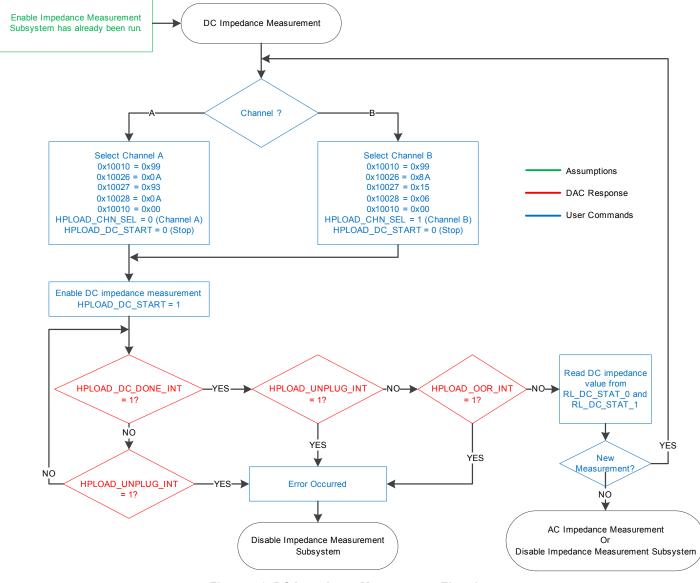
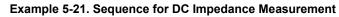


Figure 5-3. DC Impedance Measurement Flowchart



| STEF | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------------|
| 1 | Enable impedance measurement subsyst | tem. Refer to Ex. 5-20. | | |



| TEP TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|--|--|---|--|
| 2 Select Channel A | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | 0x10026 | 0x0A | |
| | 0x10027 | 0x93 | |
| | 0x10028 | 0x0A | |
| | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |
| | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x80 | |
| | HPLOAD_EN | 1 | |
| | Reserved | 00 | |
| | HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved | 0 00 | HPOUTA selected |
| | HPLOAD_AC_START | 0 | |
| | HPLOAD_DC_START | 0 | |
| 3 Enable DC impedance measurement | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x81 | |
| | HPLOAD_EN | 1 | |
| | Reserved HPLOAD CHN SEL | 00 0 | |
| | Reserved | 00 | |
| | HPLOAD_AC_START | 0 | |
| | HPLOAD_DC_START | 1 | Start DC impedance measurement |
| HPLOAD_OOR_INT = 1, go to the last | step as an error has occurred. Otherw | ise, if HPLOAD_D | |
| 5 DC impedance values are available in I | , <i>,</i> , | | is 1 (0xE000E) registers. |
| 6 Disable DC impedance measurement | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x80 | |
| | HPLOAD_EN Reserved | 1 | |
| | Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL | 00 0 | |
| | Reserved | ŏŏ | |
| | HPLOAD_AC_START | 0 | |
| | HPLOAD_DC_START | 0 | Stop DC impedance measurement |
| 7 Select Channel B | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | 0x10026 | 0x8A | |
| | 0x10027 | 0x15 | |
| | 0x10028 | 0x06 | |
| | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |
| | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x90 | |
| | HPLOAD_EN | 1 | |
| | Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL | 00 1 | HPOUTB selected |
| | NFLUAD CHIN SEL | | |
| | Reserved | | |
| | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START | 00 0 | |
| | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START | 00 0 0 | |
| 8 Enable DC impedance measurement | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 00 0 0 0x91 | |
| 8 Enable DC impedance measurement | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HP Load 1. 0xE0000 HPLOAD_EN | 00 0 0x91 1 | |
| 8 Enable DC impedance measurement | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HP Load 1. 0xE0000 HPLOAD_EN Reserved | 00 0 0x91 1 00 | |
| 8 Enable DC impedance measurement | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HP Load 1. 0xE0000 HPLOAD_EN | 00 0 0x91 1 | HPOUTB selected |
| 8 Enable DC impedance measurement | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START | 00 0 0x91 1 00 1 00 00 0 | HPOUTB selected |
| · | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START | 00 0 0x91 1 00 1 00 0 0 1 | HPOUTB selected Start DC impedance measurement |
| 9 Wait for interrupt. Read Interrupt Status HPLOAD_OOR_INT = 1, go to the last | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START S 4 register (0xF0003). If HPLOAD_UN step as an error has occurred. Otherw | 00 0 0 0 0 1 00 0 1 1 PLUG_INT = 1, g ise, if HPLOAD_C | HPOUTB selected Start DC impedance measurement o to the last step as an error has occurred. I DC_DONE_INT = 1, go to the next step. |
| 9 Wait for interrupt. Read Interrupt Status | Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HPLOAD_DC_START HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START S 4 register (0xF0003). If HPLOAD_UN step as an error has occurred. Otherw HP DC Load Status 0 (0xE000D) and | 00 0 0 0 0 1 00 0 1 1 PLUG_INT = 1, g ise, if HPLOAD_C | HPOUTB selected Start DC impedance measurement o to the last step as an error has occurred. I DC_DONE_INT = 1, go to the next step. |

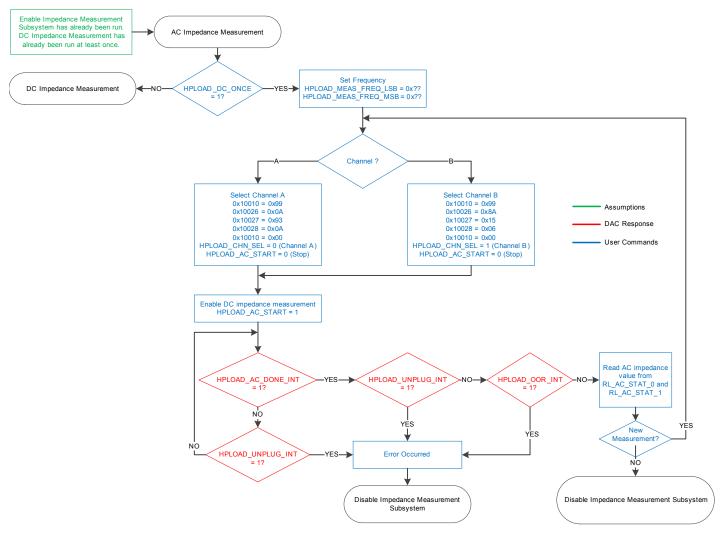
Example 5-21. Sequence for DC Impedance Measurement (Cont.)



5.11.3 Measuring AC Impedance at 1 kHz

Fig. 5-4 shows and Ex. 5-22 describes the steps necessary to measure AC impedance at 1 kHz with the following assumptions:

 Continuing from Step 11 of Ex. 5-21 since DC impedance measurement is required to be run before AC impedance measurement.





Example 5-22. AC Impedance Measurement at 1 kHz

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Enable impedance measuremen | t subsystem. Refer to Ex. 5-20. | | |
| 2 | Check if DC impedance was alre | eady measured. Read HP Load Status (0xE00 | 1A) and verify HPLO | AD_DC_ONCE (bit 8) is set. |
| 3 | Measure headphone AC impeda | ince | | |
| 4 | Select Channel A | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | | 0x10026 | 0x0A | |
| | | 0x10027 | 0x93 | |
| | | 0x10028 | 0x0A | |
| | | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |
| | | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x80 | |
| | | HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START | 1 00 0 00 0 | HPOUTA selected |



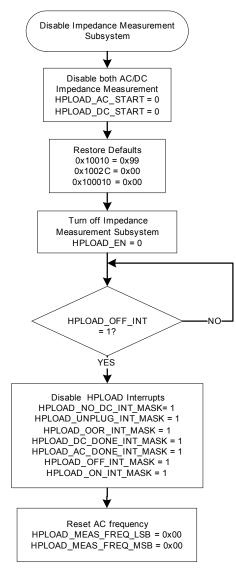
Example 5-22. AC Impedance Measurement at 1 kHz (Cont.)

| STEP | TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---|---|------------------------------|---|
| 5 | Set HP load measurement frequency to | HP Load Measurement 1. 0xE0003 | 0xA8 | |
| | desired frequency. Assuming 1 kHz. | HPLOAD_MEAS_FREQ_LSB | 0xA8 | Set measurement frequency = 1 kHz |
| | | HP Load Measurement 2. 0xE0004 | 0x00 | |
| | | HPLOAD_MEAS_FREQ_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of load measurement frequency |
| 6 | Enable AC impedance measurement | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x82 | |
| | | HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START | 1 00 0 00 1 0 | Start AC impedance measurement |
| 7 | HPLOAD_OOR_INT = 1, go to the last s | tep as an error has occurred. Otherwise | , if HPLOAD_AC_ | |
| 8 | AC impedance values are available in H | P AC Load Status 0 (0xE0010) and HP | AC Load Status 1 | (0xE0011) registers. |
| 9 | Disable AC impedance measurement | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x80 | |
| | | HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START | 1 00 0 00 0 0 | Stop AC impedance measurement |
| 10 | Select Channel B | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | | 0x10026 | 0x0A | |
| | | 0x10027 | 0x93 | |
| | | 0x10028 | 0x0A | |
| | | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |
| | | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x90 | |
| | | HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START | 1 00 1 00 0 0 | HPOUTB selected |
| 11 | Set HP load measurement frequency to | HP Load Measurement 1. 0xE0003 | 0xA8 | |
| | desired frequency. Assuming 1 kHz. | HPLOAD_MEAS_FREQ_LSB | 0xA8 | Set measurement frequency = 1 kHz |
| | | HP Load Measurement 2. 0xE0004 | 0x00 | · · |
| | | HPLOAD_MEAS_FREQ_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of load measurement frequency |
| 12 | Enable AC impedance measurement | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x92 | |
| | | HPLOAD_EN Reserved HPLOAD_CHN_SEL Reserved HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START | 1 00 1 00 1 0 | HPOUTB selected Start AC impedance measurement |
| 13 | Wait for interrupt. Read Interrupt Status HPLOAD_OOR_INT = 1, go to the last s | tep as an error has occurred. Otherwise | , if HPLOAD_AC_ | DONE_INT = 1, go to the next step. |
| 14 | AC impedance values are available in H | P AC Load Status 0 (0xE0010) and HP | AC Load Status 1 | (0xE0011) registers. |
| 15 | Disable impedance measurement subsy | stem Refer to Ex 5-23 | | |



5.11.4 Disabling the Impedance Measurement Subsystem

Fig. 5-5 shows and Ex. 5-23 describes the steps necessary for enabling the impedance measurement subsystem.





Example 5-23. Sequence for Disabling the Impedance Measurement Subsystem

| STEF | 7 TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Disable DC impedance measurement | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x90 | |
| | | HPLOAD_EN | 1 | |
| | | Reserved | 00 | |
| | | HPLOAD_CHN_SEL | 1 | HPOUTB selected |
| | | Reserved | 00 | |
| | | HPLOAD AC START | 0 | |
| | | HPLOAD_AC_START HPLOAD_DC_START | 0 | Stop DC impedance measurement |
| 2 | To continue with measuring AC impeda | nce, see Section 5.11.3. To end measured | surement, go to the | e next step. |
| 3 | Disable impedance measurement | | | |
| 4 | Restore defaults | 0x10010 | 0x99 | |
| | | 0x1002C | 0x00 | |
| | | 0x10010 | 0x00 | |



Example 5-23. Sequence for Disabling the Impedance Measurement Subsystem (Cont.)

| STEP | P TASK | REGISTER/BIT FIELDS | VALUE | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--|--|--------------|---|
| 5 | Turn off impedance measurement | HP Load 1. 0xE0000 | 0x00 | |
| | subsystem | HPLOAD_EN | 0 | Disable impedance measurement subsystem |
| | | Reserved | 00 | |
| | | HPLOAD_CHN_SEL | 0 | |
| | | Reserved | 00 | |
| | | HPLOAD_AC_START | 0 | |
| | | HPLOAD_DC_START | 0 | |
| 6 | Wait for interrupt. Check if HPLOAD_OF | F_INT = 1 in Interrupt Status 4 register | r (0xF0003). | |
| 7 | Disable HP Load Interrupts | Interrupt Mask 4. 0xF0013 | 0xFF | |
| 8 | Reset HP load measurement frequency | HP Load Measurement 1. 0xE0003 | 0x00 | |
| | to 0 Hz | HPLOAD_MEAS_FREQ_LSB | 0x00 | LSB of load measurement frequency |
| | | HP Load Measurement 2. 0xE0004 | 0x00 | |
| | | HPLOAD_MEAS_FREQ_MSB | 0x00 | MSB of load measurement frequency |



6 Register Quick Reference

Notes: Default values are shown below the bit field names. The default values in all reserved bits must be preserved.

| Address | Function | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 0x01 0000 | Device ID A and B | 1 | | JIDA | 4 | 5 | | /IDB | 0 |
| p. 95 | (Read Only) | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x01 0001 p. 95 | Device ID C and D (Read Only) | 0 | DEV 0 | /IDC 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 DEV | /IDD 1 | 1 |
| 0x01 0002 p. 95 | Device ID E (Read Only) | 0 | DE\ 0 | /IDE 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 |
| 0x01 0004 | Revision ID (Read | | ARE | | - | | | REVID | |
| p. 95 0x01 0005 | Only) Subrevision ID (Read | х | Х | Х | X | x REVID | Х | x | х |
| p. 95 | Only) | x | x | x | X | X | x | x | x |
| 0x01 0006 | System Clocking Control | | | _ | | | MCLK_INT | MCLK_SI | - |
| p. 96 0x01 0007– | Reserved | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x01 000A | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x01 000B | Serial Port Sample Rate | _ | - | - | | | | PRATE | |
| p. 96 0x01 000C | Serial Port Sample Bit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 XSP S | 0 SPSIZE | 0 ASP_S | 1 PSIZE |
| p. 96 | Size | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0x01 000D p. 96 | Pad Interface Configuration | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 0 | 0 | 0 | XSP_3ST 1 | ASP_3ST 1 |
| 0x01 000E- | Reserved | | - | | - | _ | | 11 | |
| 0x01 FFFF | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x02 0000 p. 97 | Power Down Control | PDN_XSP 1 | PDN_ASP 1 | PDN_DSDIF 1 | PDN_HP 1 | PDN_XTAL 1 | PDN_PLL 1 | PDN_CLKOUT 1 | 0 |
| 0x02 0001- 0x02 0051 | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | 11 | |
| 0x02 0052 | Crystal Setting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 XTAL IBIAS | 0 |
| p. 97 | Crystal Setting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x02 0053- | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| 0x03 0000 0x03 0001 | PLL Setting 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 PLL_START |
| p. 98 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x03 0002 | PLL Setting 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | PLL_DIV | _FRAC_0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 98 0x03 0003 | PLL Setting 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | _FRAC_1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 98 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x03 0004 p. 98 | PLL Setting 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | PLL_DIV | _FRAC_2 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x03 0005 | PLL Setting 5 | | | | PLL_D | IV_INT | | | |
| p. 98 0x03 0006– | Reserved | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x03 0000- 0x03 0007 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x03 0008 | PLL Setting 6 | | | | | UT_DIV | | | |
| p. 99 0x03 0009 | Reserved | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x03 000A p. 99 | PLL Setting 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | PLL_CA 0 | L_RATIO 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x03 000B- | Reserved | I | 0 | U | | _ | 0 | U | U |
| 0x03 001A | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x03 001B p. 99 | PLL Setting 8 | 0 | - 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | PLL_MODE 1 | 1 |
| 0x03 001C- | Reserved | U | U | U | | | U | 1 | 1 |
| 0x04 0001 | DLL Sotting 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 PLL_REF | |
| 0x04 0002 p. 99 | PLL Setting 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 0 | 0 | 0 | PLL_REF_ 1 | PREDIV 0 |
| 0x04 0003 | Reserved | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | 0 | U | U | 0 | U | 0 | U | 0 |

Table 6-1. Register Quick Reference



Table 6-1. Register Quick Reference (Cont.)

| A .1.1 | F | - | <u> </u> | | | | | 4 | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|---|----------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Address | Function | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x04 0004 | CLKOUT Control | | _ | | | CLKOUT_DIV | | | JT_SEL |
| p. 100 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0005– | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| 0x04 000F | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0010 | ASP Numerator 1 | | | | ASP_ | N_LSB | | | |
| p. 100 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0x04 0011 | ASP Numerator 2 | | | | ASP_I | N_MSB | | | |
| p. 100 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0012 | ASP Denominator 1 | | | | ASP_ | M_LSB | | | |
| p. 100 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0013 | ASP Denominator 2 | | | | ASP_I | M_MSB | | | |
| p. 101 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0014 | ASP LRCK High Time | | | | ASP_L0 | CHI_LSB | | | |
| p. 101 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x04 0015 | ASP LRCK High Time | | | | ASP_LC | CHI_MSB | | | |
| p. 101 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0016 | ASP LRCK Period 1 | | | | ASP_LC | CPR_LSB | | | |
| p. 101 | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x04 0017 | ASP LRCK Period 2 | | | | ASP_LC | PR_MSB | | | |
| p. 101 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0018 | ASP Clock | | _ | | ASP M/SB | ASP_SCPOL_ | ASP_SCPOL_ | ASP_LCPOL_ | ASP LCPOL |
| | Configuration | | | | - | TUO - | _IN _ | OUT - | - _{IN} - |
| p. 102 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0019 | ASP Frame | | — | | ASP_STP | ASP_5050 | | ASP_FSD | |
| p. 102 | Configuration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x04 001A- | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| 0x04 001F | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0020 | XSP Numerator 1 | - | | | | N_LSB | | | - |
| p. 102 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0x04 0021 | XSP Numerator 2 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | • | • | | N_MSB | 0 | 0 | • |
| p. 103 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0022 | XSP Denominator 1 | v | 0 | 0 | | M_LSB | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 103 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x04 0023 | XSP Denominator 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | M MSB | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| p. 103 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0024 | XSP LRCK High Time | 0 | 0 | 0 | | CHI_LSB | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 103 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 ASF_LC | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x04 0025 | XSP LRCK High Time | 0 | 0 | 0 | | CHI_MSB | I | 1 | 1 |
| | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 103 | - VOD I DOK Daried 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | U CPR LSB | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0026 | XSP LRCK Period 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | - | PR_LSB | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| p. 104 | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x04 0027 | XSP LRCK Period 2 | | • | | | PR_MSB | | | |
| p. 104 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0028 | XSP Clock Configuration | | — | | XSP_M/SB | XSP_SCPOL_ OUT | XSP_SCPOL_ IN | XSP_LCPOL_ OUT | XSP_LCPOL_ IN |
| p. 104 | Comgaration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 0029 | XSP Frame | v | - | 0 | XSP_STP | XSP_5050 | • | XSP_FSD | Ŭ |
| p. 104 | Configuration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x04 002A- | Reserved | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x04 002A- 0x04 FFFF | I COCIVEU | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x05 0000 | ASP Channel 1 | | | | — | RX_CH1 | | | |
| p. 105 | Location | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x05 0001 | ASP Channel 2 | | | | | RX_CH2 | | | |
| p. 105 | Location | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x05 0002- | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| 0x05 0009 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x05 000A | ASP Channel 1 Size | | - | _ | | ASP RX | ASP_RX_ | | CH1_RES |
| | and Enable | | | | | CH1_AP | CH1_EN | | |
| p. 105 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x05 000B | ASP Channel 2 Size | | - | | | ASP_RX_ | ASP_RX_ | ASP_RX_ | CH2_RES |
| | and Enable | | | | | CH2_AP | CH2_EN | | |
| p. 105 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x05 000C- | Reserved | | | | - | | | | |
| 0x05 FFFF | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | I I | | | | | | | | |



Table 6-1. Register Quick Reference (Cont.)

| Address | Function | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 0x06 0000 | XSP Channel 1 | ' | 0 | 5 | | X CH1 | 2 | I I | U |
| p. 106 | Location | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x06 0001 | XSP Channel 2 | | | | XSP_R | RX_CH2 | | | |
| p. 106 | Location | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x06 0002- | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| 0x06 0009 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x06 000A | XSP Channel 1 Size and Enable | | - | _ | | XSP_RX_ CH1_AP | XSP_RX_ CH1_EN | XSP_RX_ | CH1_RES |
| p. 106 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 0 |
| 0x06 000B | XSP Channel 2 Size | | | | 0 | XSP RX | XSP RX | | CH2_RES |
| | and Enable | | | | | CH2_AP | CH2_EN | | |
| p. 106 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x06 000C- | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| 0x06 FFFF | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x07 0000 | DSD Volume B | 0 | 4 | 4 | - | DLUME_B | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 106 0x07 0001 | DSD Volume A | 0 | 1 | 1 | | DLUME_A | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 107 | DSD Volume A | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x07 0002 | DSD Processor Path | _ | DSD VOL | DSD_SZC | _ | DSD AMUTE | DSD AMUTE | DSD MUTE A | |
| | Signal Control 1 | | BĒQA - | _ | | _ | BEQA - | | |
| p. 107 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x07 0003 | DSD Interface Configuration | | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | DSD_M_SB | DSD_PM_EN | DSD_PM_SEL |
| p. 107 0x07 0004 | DSD Processor Path | 0 | | 0 RC_SRC | 0 DSD EN | 0 | 0 DSD_SPEED | 0 STA DSD | 0 INV DSD |
| 0.07 0004 | Signal Control 2 | | PF | .0_0.0 | DOD_EN | | DOD_OPEED | DET | DET |
| p. 108 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x07 0005 | DSD and PCM Mixing Control | | | - | _ | | | MIX_PCM_ PREP | MIX_PCM_ DSD |
| p. 108 | Control | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x07 0006 | DSD Processor Path | - | | | SIGCTL | DSD_INV_A | DSD INV B | DSD SWAP | DSD COPY |
| | Signal Control 3 | | | | DSDEQPCM | | | CHAN | CHAN - |
| p. 108 | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x07 0007– 0x07 FFFF | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x08 0000 | HP Output Control 1 | HP_CLAMPA | HP_CLAMPB | OUT | r_fs | HP_IN_EN | | | |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 | | - | - | - | | - | 0 | 0 0 | 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001- | HP Output Control 1 Reserved | HP_CLAMPA 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 | OU1 1 | [_FS 1 - | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF | Reserved | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 0 | OUT 1 0 | r_fs | HP_IN_EN | | 0 | 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001- | | HP_CLAMPA 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 | OU1 1 | r_FS 1 - | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF | Reserved | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER | HP_CLAMPB 0 0 PHCOMP_ | OUT 1 0 | r_FS 1 - | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 | Reserved | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER_ SLOW_FASTB 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 0 PHCOMP_ LOWLATB | 0 1 0 NOS | r_FS 1 | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER_ SLOW_FASTB | HP_CLAMPB 0 0 PHCOMP_ LOWLATB | 0 1 0 NOS | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS | 0 0 DEEMP_ON |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 | Reserved PCM Filter Option | HP_CLAMPA 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 | 0 1 NOS 0 1 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A | HP_CLAMPA 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 | 0 1 NOS 0 1 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B | HP_CLAMPA 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 | 0 1 NOS 0 1 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 | HP_CLAMPA 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM RAMP | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM VOL | 0 1 NOS 0 1 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 PCM AMUTEBEQA 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA | 0 1 NOS 0 1 1 PCM | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 _ SZC | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 AMUTEBEQA | U 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 | 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 PCM 1 | T_FS 1 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 1 0 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 AMUTEBEQA 0 PCM_INV_B | U 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA | 0 1 NOS 0 1 1 PCM | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 _ SZC | HP_IN_EN 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 PCM AMUTEBEQA 0 | U 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 | HP_CLAMPA 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 - 0 | 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 PCM 1 - 0 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 _SZC 0 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | U 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN_ 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 | 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 PCM 1 | T_FS 1 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 1 0 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 AMUTEBEQA 0 PCM_INV_B | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN_0 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 | HP_CLAMPA 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 - 0 | 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 PCM 1 - 0 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 _SZC 0 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | U 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN_ 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 - 0 0 | 0UT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 0 0 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN 0 HV_EN | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 p. 112 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved Class H Control | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 - 0 0 0 | 0UT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 0 0 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN 0 HV_EN | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 111 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 p. 112 0x0B 0001– | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved Class H Control | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 - 0 0 0 0 0 | OUT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 0 0 0 0 0 HPDETECT_ | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 AMUTEBEQA 0 PCM_INV_B 0 0 1 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN 0 HV_EN 1 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 111 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 p. 112 0x0B 0001– 0x0C FFFF 0x0D 0000 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved Class H Control Reserved | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 CT_CTRL | OUT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 0 0 0 0 0 HPDETECT_ INV | T_FS 1 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC PCM_VC PCM_VC PCM_VC PCM_VC PCM_VC P | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 AMUTEBEQA 0 PCM_INV_B 0 PCM_INV_B 0 1 0 1 | 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN_0 0 PCM_SWAP_ 1 0 ALL_DBC_TIME | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT 0 0 0 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 111 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 p. 112 0x0B 0001– 0x0C FFFF 0x0D 0000 p. 112 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved Class H Control Reserved HP Detect | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 0 0 0 0 CT_CTRL 0 | OUT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 PCM 1 0 0 0 0 HPDETECT_ NV 0 | T_FS 1 0 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 AMUTEBEQA 0 PCM_INV_B 0 0 1 0 | 0 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN 0 HV_EN 1 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 111 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 p. 112 0x0B 0001– 0x0C FFFF 0x0D 0000 p. 112 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved Class H Control Reserved | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 CT_CTRL | OUT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 - 0 0 0 0 0 HPDETECT_ 0 HPDETECT_ 0 HPDETECT | T_FS 1 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 SZC 0 0 1 0 1 0 HPDETECT_R 0 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 AMUTEBEQA 0 PCM_INV_B 0 PCM_INV_B 0 1 0 1 | 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN_0 0 PCM_SWAP_ 1 0 ALL_DBC_TIME | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT 0 0 0 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 111 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 p. 112 0x0B 0001– 0x0C FFFF 0x0D 0000 p. 112 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved Class H Control Reserved HP Detect | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 0 0 0 0 CT_CTRL 0 HPDETECT | OUT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 PCM 1 0 0 0 0 HPDETECT_ NV 0 | T_FS 1 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 SZC 0 0 1 0 1 0 HPDETECT_R 0 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 AMUTEBEQA 0 PCM_INV_B 0 PCM_INV_B 0 1 0 1 | 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN_0 0 PCM_SWAP_ 1 0 ALL_DBC_TIME | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT 0 0 0 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 p. 112 0x0B 0001– 0x0C FFFF 0x0D 0000 p. 112 0x0D 0001 p. 112 0x0D 0001 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved Class H Control Reserved HP Detect | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 HPDETEC 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 CT_CTRL 0 HPDETECT PLUG_DBC | OUT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 - 0 0 0 0 HPDETECT_ UNPLUG_DBC | T_FS 1 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 SZC 0 0 1 0 1 0 HPDETECT_R 0 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 | U 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN 0 PCM_SWAP_ 0 PCM_SWAP_ 1 0 ALL_DBC_TIME 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| 0x08 0000 p. 109 0x08 0001– 0x08 FFFF 0x09 0000 p. 110 0x09 0001 p. 110 0x09 0002 p. 110 0x09 0003 p. 111 0x09 0004 p. 111 0x09 0005– 0x0A FFFF 0x0B 0000 p. 112 0x0B 0001– 0x0C FFFF 0x0D 0000 p. 112 0x0D 0001 p. 112 | Reserved PCM Filter Option PCM Volume B PCM Volume A PCM Path Signal Control 1 PCM Path Signal Control 2 Reserved Class H Control Reserved HP Detect HP Status (Read Only) | HP_CLAMPA 0 0 FILTER SLOW_FASTB 0 0 0 PCM_RAMP_ DOWN 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 HPDETEC 0 0 | HP_CLAMPB 0 PHCOMP LOWLATB 0 1 1 PCM_VOL_ BEQA 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 CT_CTRL 0 HPDETECT PLUG_DBC | OUT 1 0 NOS 0 1 1 PCM 1 - 0 0 0 0 HPDETECT_ UNPLUG_DBC | T_FS 1 0 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 PCM_VC 1 SZC 0 0 1 0 1 0 HPDETECT_R 0 | HP_IN_EN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 | U 0 HIGH_PASS 1 0 PCM_MUTE_A 0 PCM_SWAP_ CHAN 0 PCM_SWAP_ 0 PCM_SWAP_ 1 0 ALL_DBC_TIME 0 | 0 0 DEEMP_ON 0 0 PCM_MUTE_B 0 PCM_COPY_ CHAN 0 PCM_COPY_ 0 0 EXT_VCPFILT 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |



Table 6-1. Register Quick Reference (Cont.)

| Address | Function | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 0x0E 0000 | HP Load 1 | HPLOAD EN | - | | HPLOAD | - | | HPLOAD_AC_ | HPLOAD DC |
| | | _ | | | CHN_SEE | | | START | START - |
| p. 113 | Deserved | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 0001- 0x0E 0002 | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 0003 | HP Load Measurement | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | AS_FREQ_LSB | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 113 0x0E 0004 | HP Load Measurement | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 AS_FREQ_MSB | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 0004 p. 113 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 0005- | Reserved | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 0003= | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 000D | HP DC Load Status 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | STAT 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 114 | (Read Only) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 000E | HP DC Load Status 1 | | 0 | • | | _STAT_1 | Ŭ | 0 | 0 |
| p. 114 | (Read Only) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 000F | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 0010 | HP AC Load Status 0 | | | | RL_AC_ | _STAT_0 | | | |
| p. 114 | (Read Only) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 0011 | HP AC Load Status 1 | | | | | _STAT_1 | | | |
| p. 114 | (Read Only) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 0012- | Reserved | _ | | | - | - | | | |
| 0x0E 0019 0x0E 001A | HP Load Status (Read | 0 HPLOAD_DC_ | 0 HPLOAD | 0 | 0 | | 0 HPLOAD_AC_ | 0 HPLOAD DC | 0 HPLOAD DC |
| UXUE UUTA | Only) | ONCE | BUSY | - | _ | HPLOAD_AC_ DONE | BUSY | DONE | BUSY |
| p. 114 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0E 001B- | Reserved | | | | - | - - | | | |
| 0x0E FFFF | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0F 0000 | Interrupt Status 1 | DAC_OVFL_ | HP_DETECT_ | HP_DETECT_ | XTAL_ | XTAL_ | PLL_READY_ | PLL_ERROR_ | PDN_DONE_ |
| | (Read Only) | INT | PLUG_INT | UNPLUG_INT | READY_INT | ERROR_INT | INT | INT | INT |
| p. 115 | | 0 ASP OVFL | 0 | 0 | 0 ASP_EARLY_ | 0 ASP | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0F 0001 | Interrupt Status 2 (Read Only) | INT | ASP_ERROR_ INT | ASP_LATE_ INT | INT | NOLRCK INT | | _ | |
| p. 115 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0F 0002 | Interrupt Status 3 | XSP_OVFL_ | XSP_ERROR_ | XSP_LATE_ | XSP_EARLY_ | XSP_ | | _ | |
| - 110 | (Read Only) | ĪNT – 0 | INT 0 | INT | INT 0 | NOLRCK_INT | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| p. 116 0x0F 0003 | Interrupt Status 4 | U HPLOAD NO | HPLOAD | 0 | HPLOAD | U HPLOAD AC | 0 HPLOAD DC | 0 HPLOAD | 0 HPLOAD ON |
| 0007 0003 | (Read Only) | DC_INT | | _ | OOR_INT | DONE_INT | DONE_INT | OFF_INT | INT |
| p. 116 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0F 0004 | Interrupt Status 5 | DSD_STUCK_ | DSD_INVAL_ | DSD_INVAL_ | DSD_ | DSD_ | DSD_RATE_ | DOP_MRK_ | DOP_ON_INT |
| | (Read Only) | INT | A_INT | B_INT | SILENCE_A_ INT | SILENCE_B_ INT | ERROR_INT | DET_INT | |
| p. 117 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0F 0005- | Reserved | | | | - | • | • | • | • |
| 0x0F 000F | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x0F 0010 | Interrupt Mask 1 | DAC_OVFL_ | HP_DETECT_ | HP_DETECT_ | XTAL_ | XTAL_ | PLL_READY_ | PLL_ERROR_ | PDN_DONE_ |
| | | INT_MASK | PLUG_INT_ MASK | UNPLUG INT_MASK | READY_INT_ MASK | ERROR_ĪNT_ MASK | INT_MASK | INT_MASK | INT_MASK |
| p. 117 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x0F 0011 | Interrupt Mask 2 | ASP OVFL | ASP ERROR | ASP LATE | ASP EARLY | ASP | 1 | · | 1 |
| | | INT_MASK | INT_MASK - | INT_MASK | INT_MASK | NOLRCK INT_MASK | | | |
| p. 118 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 INT_MASK | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x0F 0012 | Interrupt Mask 3 | XSP OVFL | XSP ERROR | XSP_LATE_ | XSP EARLY | XSP | · · | | |
| | | INT_MASK | INT_MASK | INT_MASK | INT_MASK | NOLRCK | | | |
| p. 118 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | INT_MASK 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x0F 0013 | Interrupt Mask 4 | HPLOAD_NO_ | HPLOAD | | HPLOAD | HPLOAD_AC_ | HPLOAD DC | HPLOAD | HPLOAD ON |
| 5.0. 0010 | | DC INT | UNPLUG | | OOR INT | DONE INT | DONE INT | OFF_INT_ | INT_MASK |
| n 110 | | MĀSK | INT_MASR 1 | 4 | MĀSK - 1 | MASK - 1 | MASK - 1 | MĀSK — | 1 |
| p. 119 0x0F 0014 | Interrupt Mask 5 | 1 DSD STUCK | 1 DSD INVAL | 1 DSD INVAL | | DSD_ | | 1 DOP MRK | 1 DOP ON |
| 0.01 0014 | Interrupt Mask J | INT_MASK | A_INT_MASK | B_INT_MASK | DSD SILENCE_A_ | SILENCE_B_ | DSD_RATE_ ERROR_INT_ | DET_INT_ | INT_MASK |
| | | | | | INT_MASK | INT_MASK | MASK | MĀSK | |
| p. 120 | Decented | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x0F 0015- | Reserved | | | | - | _ | | | |
| 0x0F FFFF | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | |



7 Register Descriptions

All registers are read/write, except for the device's ID, revision, and status registers, which are read only. The following tables describe bit assignments. The default state of each bit after a power-up sequence or reset is listed in each bit description. All reserved bits must maintain their default state.

7.1 Global Registers

| 7.1.1 | Devic | e ID A and B | 5 | | | | | Address 0x10000 |
|---------|----------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------------|
| R/O | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | DEV | /IDA | | | DE\ | /IDB | |
| Default | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:4 | DEVIDA | Part number first di | git: 4 | | | | | |
| 3:0 | DEVIDB | Part number secon | d digit: 3 | | | | | |
| 7.1.2 | Devic | e ID C and D |) | | | | | Address 0x10001 |
| R/O | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | DEV | /IDC | | | DE\ | /IDD | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:4 | DEVIDC | Part number third d | ligit: 1 | | | | | |
| 3:0 | DEVIDD | Part number fourth | digit: 3 | | | | | |
| 7.1.3 | Devic | e ID E | | | | | | Address 0x10002 |
| R/0 | 1 | | - | 4 | | 2 | 4 | |
| 140 | 7 | 6 DEV | 5 /IDE | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:4 | DEVIDE | Part number fifth di | git: 0 | | | | | |
| 3:0 | _ | Reserved | | | | | | |
| 7.1.4 | Revis | ion ID | | | | | | Address 0x10004 |
| R/O | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | ARE | EVID | | | MTLF | REVID | |
| Default | x | x | х | х | х | х | х | х |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:4 | AREVID | Alpha revision. ARI | EVID and MTLR | EVID form the co | mplete device rev | vision ID (e.g., A | 0, B2). | |
| 3:0 | MTLREVID | Metal revision. ARE | EVID and MTLRE | EVID form the cor | mplete device rev | rision ID (e.g., A | 0, B2). | |
| 7.1.5 | Subre | vision ID | | | | | | Address 0x10005 |
| R/O | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | - | - | | REVID | | | - |
| Default | х | х | х | х | Х | Х | х | x |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:0 | SUBREVID | Subrevision level. | | | | | | |



7.1.6 System Clocking Control

| | · · · , · · · · | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | | — | | | MCLK_INT | MCLK_S | RC_SEL | | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | | | |
| 7:3 | — | Reserved | Reserved | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | MCLK_INT | The frequency of in 0 Internal MCLK 1 (Default) Interna | is expected to be | e 24.576 MHz cted to be 22.579 | 92 MHz | | | | | | | |
| 1:0 | MCLK_SRC_ SEL | Select the source o 00 Direct MCLK/2 01 PLL Mode 10 (Default) RCO 11 Reserved | KTAL Mode | | | | | | | | | |

7.1.7 **Serial Port Sample Rate**

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
|---------|---|---|---|---|------------|---|---|---|--|
| | | _ | - | | ASP_SPRATE | | | | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|------------|---|
| 7:4 | — | Reserved |
| 3:0 | ASP_SPRATE | ASP sample rate. This register must be programmed for both Master Mode and Slave Mode operation. 0000 32 kHz 0001 (Default) 44.1 kHz 0010 48 kHz 0010 86 kHz 0100 96 kHz 0101 176.4 kHz 0110 192 kHz 0111 352.8 kHz 1000 384 kHz 1001–1111 Reserved |

7.1.8 Serial Port Sample Bit Size

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| | — | | | | XSP_S | SPSIZE | ASP_S | SPSIZE |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|------------|---|
| 7:4 | _ | Reserved |
| 3:2 | XSP_SPSIZE | XSP sample bit size. 00 32 bits 01 (Default) 24 bits 10–11 Reserved |
| 1:0 | ASP_SPSIZE | ASP sample bit size. 00 32 bits 01 (Default) 24 bits 10 16 bits 11 8 bits |

Pad Interface Configuration 7.1.9

R/W 7 5 6 4 3 2 1 0 XSP_3ST ASP_3ST Default 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 Bits Name Description 7:2 Reserved _

Address 0x1000C

Address 0x1000B

Address 0x1000D



| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|---------|---|
| 1 | XSP_3ST | Determines the state of the XSP clock drivers when in Master Mode. When in Slave Mode, the serial port clocks are inputs, whose function is not affected by this bit. Before setting an xSP_3ST bit, the associated serial port must be powered down and not powered up until the xSP_3ST bit is cleared. |
| | | 0 When in Master Mode, serial port clocks are active. 1 (Default) When in Master Mode, serial port clocks are Hi-Z. |
| 0 | ASP_3ST | Determines the state of the ASP clock drivers when in Master Mode. When in Slave Mode, the serial port clock pins are inputs, whose function is not affected by this bit. Before setting an xSP_3ST bit, the associated serial port must be powered down and not powered up until the xSP_3ST bit is cleared. |
| | | 0 When in Master Mode, serial port clocks are active. 1 (Default) When in Master Mode, serial port clocks are Hi-Z. |

7.1.10 Power Down Control

Address 0x20000

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------|-----------|---|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | PDN_XSF | PDN_ASP | PDN_DSDIF | PDN_HP | PDN_XTAL | PDN_PLL | PDN_CLKOUT | _ |
| Defau | ult 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7 | PDN_XSP | XSP input path pov | ver control. Config | gures XSP SDIN | I path power state |) . | | |
| | | 0 Powered up. 1 (Default) Powe | red down. | | | | | |
| 6 | PDN_ASP | ASP input path pov | ver control. Config | gures ASP SDIN | I path power state |). | | |
| | | 0 Powered up. 1 (Default) Powe | red down. | | | | | |
| 5 | PDN_DSDIF | DSD interface pow | er control. Sets th | ne power state of | f the DSD interfac | e block. | | |
| | | 0 Powered up. 1 (Default) Powe | red down. | | | | | |
| 4 | PDN_HP | Power down HPOL | JTx. | | | | | |
| | | 0 Powered up. Th 1 (Default) Power soft ramped to | red down. The HI | DACx are power of driver and DAC | red up. Cx are powered d | own. When this | s bit is set, the audio | outputs are |
| 3 | PDN_XTAL | Power down crysta | l oscillator. | | | | | |
| | | 0 Powered up. Th 1 (Default) Power | | | | ICLK. | | |
| 2 | PDN_PLL | PLL output power of 0 Powered up. 1 (Default) Power | | | | | | |
| 1 | PDN_ | CLKOUT output po | wer control. Sets | the power state | of the CLOCKOU | JT output. | | |
| | CLKOUT | 0 Powered up 1 (Default) Powe | red down. CLKO | JT are driven lov | N | | | |
| 0 | _ | Reserved | | | | | | |

7.1.11 Crystal Setting

| | | . ootting | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------------|--|-------------|---|---|---|------------|---|--|--|
| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
| | | | — | | | | XTAL_IBIAS | | | |
| Defau | ult O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | |
| 7:3 | — | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| 2:0 | XTAL_IBIAS | Crystal bias current 010 15.0 µA 100 (Default) 12.{ 110 7.5 µA Others Reserved | ōμA | | | | | | | |



7.2 PLL Registers

| '.2.1 | PLL S | etting 1 | | | | | | Address 0x300 | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|--|------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| R/V | | 6 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | | Ŭ | | 0 | | • | PLL_START | | | | |
| Defau | lt 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | | De | escription | | | | | | | |
| 7:1 | _ | Reserved | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | PLL_START | | L start bit. Enable PLL output after it has been properly configured.) (Default) PLL is not started 1 PLL is started | | | | | | | | | |
| .2.2 | PLL S | etting 2 | | | | | | Address 0x300 | | | | |
| R/V | V 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | PLL_DIV_FI | RAC_0 | | | | | | | |
| Defau | lt O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | | De | escription | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | PLL_DIV_ FRAC_0 | PLL fractional porti e.g., 0xFF means 0000 0000 (Defaul | (2 ⁻¹⁷ + 2 ⁻¹⁸ ++2 | _SB. There are 3 by 2 ⁻²⁴). | tes of PLL feed | dback divider frac | ction portion an | d this is LSB byt | | | | |
| .2.3 | PLL S | etting 3 | | | | | | Address 0x300 | | | | |
| R/V | V 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | PLL_DIV_FI | RAC_1 | | | | | | | |
| Defau | lt O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | | | escription | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | PLL_DIV_ FRAC_1 | PLL fractional port 0000 0000 (Defaul | | middle byte; e.g., 0 | xFF means (2 | ⁻⁹ + 2 ⁻¹⁰ ++2 ⁻¹ | ⁶). | | | | | |
| .2.4 | PLL S | etting 4 | | | | | | Address 0x300 | | | | |
| R/V | V 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | PLL_DIV_FI | RAC_2 | | | | | | | |
|)efau | lt O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | | De | escription | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | PLL_DIV_ FRAC_2 | PLL fractional port 0000 0000 (Defaul | | MSB; e.g., 0xFF mo | eans (2 ⁻¹ + 2 ⁻² | ² ++2 ⁻⁸). | | | | | | |
| .2.5 | FLL S | etting 5 | | | | | | Address 0x300 | | | | |
| R/V | V 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | PLL_DIV_ | INT | | | | | | | |
| Defau | lt O | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | | | escription | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | PLL_DIV_INT | PLL integer portion | of divide ratio. Ir | teger portion of PL | feedback div | vider. | | | | | | |



| 7.2.6 | 6 PLL S | etting 6 | | | | | Ado | lress 0x30008 |
|-------|--------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| R/\ | N 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | UT_DIV | | | |
| Defau | ılt O | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:0 | PLL_OUT_ DIV | Final PLL clock ou 0001 0000 (Defa | • | | | | | |
| 7.2.7 | 7 PLL S | etting 7 | | | | | Add | ress 0x3000A |
| R/\ | N 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | L_RATIO | | | |
| Defau | ilt 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:0 | PLL_CAL_ RATIO | PLL calibration rati 1000 0000 (Defa | | .7.2 for configura | tion details. Targe | et value for PLI | VCO calibration. | |
| 7.2.8 | B PLL S | etting 8 | | | | | Add | ress 0x3001B |
| R/\ | N 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | - | | | | PLL_MODE | <u> </u> |
| Defau | lt O | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:2 | — | Reserved | | | | | | |
| 1 | PLL_MODE | 500/512 factor use | d in PLL frequen | cy calculation eq | uation, Eq. 4-1. | | | |
| | | 0 No bypass 1 (Default) Bypas | SS | | | | | |
| 0 | — | Reserved | | | | | | |
| 7.2.9 | PLL S | etting 9 | | | | | Add | lress 0x40002 |
| R/\ | N 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | - | _ | I | | PLL_REF_F | |
| Defau | ilt O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:2 | — | Reserved | | | | | | |
| 1:0 | PLL_REF_ PREDIV | PLL reference divid 00 Divide by 1 01 Divide by 2 10 (Default) Divid 11 Divide by 8 | | | | | | |



Address 0x40004

Address 0x40010

Address 0x40011

Address 0x40012

7.3 ASP and XSP Registers

7.3.1 CLKOUT Control

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|------|------------|---|-------------|---------------|-------------|---|-------|-------|
| | | — | | CLKOUT_DIV | | | CLKOU | T_SEL |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:5 | _ | Reserved | | | | | | |
| 4:2 | CLKOUT_DIV | Divider setting on ir 000 (Default) Divi 001 Divide by 3 010 Divide by 4 011 Divide by 8 100–111 Reserve | ide by 2 | th to CLKOUT. | | | | |
| 1:0 | CLKOUT_SEL | Select the source o 00 (Default) XTAI 01 PLL output pa 10–11 Reserved | L/MCLK path | | | | | |

7.3.2 ASP Numerator 1

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | |
|-------|-----------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | | ASP_N_LSB | | | | | | | | |
| Defau | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | ASP_N_LSI | B The value in this re | he value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. | | | | | | | | |
| | | setting the SCLK fi | ASP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB. Along with ASP_M_MSB/LSB, selects the fractional divide va setting the SCLK frequency. (Default) ASP_N = 1 | | | | | | | | |

7.3.3 ASP Numerator 2

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|--|---|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| ASP_N_MSB | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | 0 | | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | ASP_N_MSI | 3 The value in this re | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. | | | | | | | | |
| | | ASP sample rate fra setting the SCLK fra (Default) ASP_N = | equency. | umerator MSB. A | long with ASP_N | //_MSB/LSB, sele | cts the fractional | divide value for | | | |

7.3.4 ASP Denominator 1

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | ASP_M_LSB | | | | | | | | | | |
| Default 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | ASP_M_LSB | | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. | | | | | | | | |
| | | ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator LSB. Along with ASP_N_MSB/LSB, selects the fractional divide value for setting the SCLK frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (Default) ASP_M = | 8 | | | | | | | | |



Address 0x40013

Address 0x40014

Address 0x40015

Address 0x40016

Address 0x40017

7.3.5 ASP Denominator 2

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
|------|-----------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | ASP_M_MSB | | | | | | | | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | ASP_M_MSB | The value in this re | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ASP sample rate fractional divide denominator LSB. Along with ASP_N_MSB/LSB, selects the fractional divide value for setting the SCLK frequency. (Default) ASP_M = 8 | | | | | | | | | | |

7.3.6 ASP LRCK High Time 1

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
|------|------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | ASP_LCHI_LSB | | | | | | | | | |
| Defa | ult O | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Bits | Name | Description | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | ASP_LCHI_ LSB | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. ASP LRCK high duration, in units of ASP_SCLK periods stored in ASP_LCHI_MSB/LSB. This value must be less than ASP_LCPR. /Default) ASP_LCHI = 31 | | | | | | | | |

7.3.7 ASP LRCK High Time 2

| | | - | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------------------|--|----------------------|---------|--------|---|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| R/ | N 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
| | | | | ASP_LCI | HI_MSB | | | | | |
| Defau | ılt O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Bits | Name | Description | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | ASP_LCHI_ MSB | The value in this re ASP LRCK high du ASP_LCPR. (Default) ASP_LCH | uration, in units of | - | | | SB. This value m | ust be less than | | |

7.3.8 ASP LRCK Period 1

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|--------|--------|---|---|---|
| | | | | ASP_LC | PR_LSB | | | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-------|---|
| 7:0 | ĒSB — | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. ASP LRCK period, in units of ASP_SCLK periods stored in ASP_LCPR_MSB/LSB. (Default) ASP_LCPR = 63 |

7.3.9 ASP LRCK Period 2

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | |
|------|------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | ASP_LCPR_MSB | | | | | | | | | |
| Defa | ult O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | ASP_LCPR_ MSB | ASP LRCK period, | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. SP LRCK period, in units of ASP_SCLK periods stored in ASP_LCPR_MSB/LSB. Default) ASP_LCPR = 63 | | | | | | | | |



7.3.10 ASP Clock Configuration

| | | 5 | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|---|---|----------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
| | | _ | | ASP_M/SB | ASP_SCPOL_ OUT | ASP_SCPOL_ IN | ASP_LCPOL_ OUT | ASP_LCPOL_ IN | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|------------|--|
| 7:5 | — | Reserved |
| 4 | ASP_M/SB | ASP port master or slave configuration. |
| | | 0 (Default) Slave Mode (input) 1 Master Mode (output) |
| 3 | ASP_SCPOL_ | ASP SCLK output drive polarity. |
| | OUT | 0 Normal 1 (Default) Inverted |
| 2 | ASP_SCPOL_ | ASP SCLK input polarity (pad to logic). |
| | IN | 0 Normal 1 (Default) Inverted |
| 1 | ASP_LCPOL_ | ASP LRCK output drive polarity. |
| | OUT | 0 (Default) Normal 1 Inverted |
| 0 | ASP_LCPOL_ | ASP LRCK input polarity (pad to logic). |
| | IN | 0 (Default) Normal 1 Inverted |

7.3.11 ASP Frame Configuration

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---------|----------|---|---------|---|
| | | — | | ASP_STP | ASP_5050 | | ASP_FSD | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|----------|--|
| 7:5 | _ | Reserved |
| 4 | ASP_STP | ASP start phase. Controls which LRCK/FSYNC phase starts a frame. 0 (Default) The frame begins when LRCK/FSYNC transitions from high to low 1 The frame begins when LRCK/FSYNC transitions from low to high |
| 3 | ASP_5050 | ASP LRCK fixed 50/50 duty cycle. 0 Programmable duty cycle per ASP_LCHI and ASP_LCPR. 1 (Default) Fixed 50% duty cycle |
| 2:0 | ASP_FSD | ASP frame start delay (units of ASP_SCLK periods). 000 0 delay 001 0.5 delay 010 (Default) 1.0 delay 101 2.5 delay 110–111 Reserved |

7.3.12 XSP Numerator 1

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|-------|-------|---|---|---|
| | | | | XSP_N | N LSB | | | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------|--|
| 7:0 | XSP_N_LSB | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. |
| | | XSP sample rate fractional divide numerator LSB. Along with XSP_M_MSB/LSB, selects the fractional divide value for setting the SCLK frequency. (Default) XSP_N = 1 |

Address 0x40018

Address 0x40019

Address 0x40020



Address 0x40021

Address 0x40022

Address 0x40023

Address 0x40024

Address 0x40025

7.3.13 XSP Numerator 2

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|------|-------|--|-------------|-------|-------|---|---|---|
| | | | | XSP_N | I_MSB | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | |
| 7:0 | | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. XSP sample rate fractional divide numerator MSB. Along with XSP_M_MSB/LSB, selects the fractional divide value for setting the SCLK frequency. (Default) XSP_N = 1 | | | | | | |

7.3.14 XSP Denominator 1

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|------|-----------|---|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|---|---|
| | | | | XSP_I | M_LSB | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | |
| 7:0 | XSP_M_LSB | The value in this re | gister cannot be | changed while th | ne serial port is p | owered up. | | |
| | | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. XSP sample rate fractional divide denominator LSB. Along with XSP_N_MSB/LSB, selects the fractional divide value for setting the SCLK frequency. (Default) XSP_M = 2 | | | | | | |

7.3.15 XSP Denominator 2

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|------|-----------|--|---|-------|-------|---|---|---|
| | | | | XSP_N | I_MSB | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | |
| 7:0 | XSP_M_MSB | The value in this reg | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. | | | | | |
| | | (SP sample rate fractional divide denominator MSB. Along with XSP_N_MSB/LSB, selects the fractional divide value or setting the SCLK frequency. | | | | | | |

(Default) XSP_M = 2

7.3.16 XSP LRCK High Time 1

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|--------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | XSP_LCHI_LSB | | | | | | | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-------|--|
| 7:0 | LSB - | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. XSP LRCK high duration, in units of XSP_SCLK periods stored in XSP_LCHI_LSB/MSB. This value must be less than XSP_LCPR. (Default) XSP_LCHI = 31 |

7.3.17 XSP LRCK High Time 2

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|------|------------------|---|-------------|--------|--------|---|---|---|
| | | | | XSP_LC | HI_MSB | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | |
| 7:0 | XSP_LCHI_ MSB | HI_ The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. XSP LRCK high duration, in units of XSP_SCLK periods stored in XSP_LCHI_LSB/MSB. This value must be less than XSP_LCPR. (Default) XSP_LCHI = 31 | | | | | | |

DS1073F1



7.3.18 XSP LRCK Period 1

| Address | 0x40026 |
|---------|---------|
| Addiooo | |

Address 0x40027

Address 0x40028

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | |
|------|------------------|---|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | XSP_LCPR_LSB | | | | | | | | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | XSP_LCPR_ LSB | The value in this register cannot be changed while the serial port is powered up. XSP LRCK period, in units of XSP_SCLK periods stored in XSP_LCPR_LSB/MSB. (Default) XSP_LCPR = 63 | | | | | | | | | |

7.3.19 XSP LRCK Period 2

| R/ | 'W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | |
|------|-------|-------------|--------------|---|------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | | XSP_LCPR_MSB | | | | | | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Bits | Name | Description | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Beeenpalen | | | | | | |

7.3.20 XSP Clock Configuration

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|----------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | _ | | XSP_M/SB | XSP_SCPOL_ OUT | XSP_SCPOL_ IN | XSP_LCPOL_ OUT | XSP_LCPOL_ IN |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-------------------|---|
| 7:5 | | Reserved |
| 4 | XSP_M/SB | XSP port master or slave configuration. 0 (Default) Slave Mode (input) 1 Master Mode (output) |
| 3 | XSP_SCPOL_ OUT | XSP SCLK output drive polarity. 0 Normal 1 (Default) Inverted |
| 2 | XSP_SCPOL_ IN | XSP SCLK input polarity (pad to logic). 0 Normal 1 (Default) Inverted |
| 1 | XSP_LCPOL_ OUT | XSP LRCK output drive polarity. 0 (Default) Normal 1 Inverted |
| 0 | XSP_LCPOL_ IN | XSP LRCK input polarity (pad to logic). 0 (Default) Normal 1 Inverted |

7.3.21 XSP Frame Configuration

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---------|----------|---|---------|---|
| | | — | | XSP_STP | XSP_5050 | | XSP_FSD | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|----------|--|
| 7:5 | _ | Reserved |
| 4 | XSP_STP | XSP start phase. Controls which LRCK/FSYNC phase starts a frame. 0 (Default) The frame begins when LRCK/FSYNC transitions from high to low 1 The frame begins when LRCK/FSYNC transitions from low to high |
| 3 | XSP_5050 | XSP LRCK fixed 50/50 duty cycle. 0 Programmable duty cycle per XSP_LCHI and XSP_LCPR 1 (Default) Fixed 50% duty cycle |

Address 0x40029



| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | | | | | |
|------|------------|--|--|-----------------|-------------|---|------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2:0 | XSP_FSD | XSP frame start de | lay (units of XSP | _SCLK periods). | | | | | | | | |
| | | 000 0 delay | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 001 0.5 delay | 001 0.5 delay 010 (Default) 1.0 delay | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 010 (Default) 1.0 delay | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 101 2.5 delay | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 110–111 Reserve | ed | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 2 | | | | | | | Addroce Ov | 50000 0v50001 | | | | |
| 7.3. | 22 ASP C | hannel 1 and | 2 Location | | | | Address 0x | 50000, 0x50001 | | | | |
| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | | ASP_RX_CH1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ASP_RX_CH2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | ASP_RX_CHn | ASP Rx channel <i>n</i> location. Sets the location in ASP_SCLK periods of the ASP Rx channel <i>n</i> from the start of the TD frame. 0x00 Start on SCLK 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0xFF Start on SC Defaults are 0x00. | CLK 255 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7.3. | | hannel 1 Size | e and Enabl | е | | | Ac | Idress 0x5000A | | | | |
| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | | |

| 7.3.24 | ASP Ch | annel 2 Size | and Enabl | <u>م</u> | I | | A | ddress 0x5000B |
|---------|--------|--------------|-----------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|----------------|
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | - | _ | | ASP_RX_CH1_ AP | ASP_RX_CH1_ EN | ASP_RX_ | CH1_RES |
| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

7.3.24 ASP Channel 2 Size and Enable

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| | | _ | _ | | ASP_RX_CH2_ AP | ASP_RX_CH2_ EN | ASP_RX_ | CH2_RES |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------------------------|---|
| 7:4 | _ | Reserved |
| 3 | ASP_RX_ CHn_AP | ASP RX channel <i>n</i> active phase. Valid only in 50/50 mode (ASP_5050 = 1). 0 (Default when $n = 1$) In 50/50 mode, channel data is input when LRCK/FSYNC is low 1 (Default when $n = 2$) In 50/50 mode, channel data is input when LRCK/FSYNC is high |
| 2 | ASP_RX_ CHn_EN | ASP RX channel <i>n</i> enable. Configures the state of the data for the ASP on channel <i>n</i> . The same rule applies to CHx_EN. 0 (Default) Input channel data is not propagated to the internal data path 1 Input channel data is propagated to the internal data path |
| 1:0 | ASP_RX_ CH <i>n</i> _RES | ASP RX channel <i>n</i> size (in bits). Sets the output resolution of the ASP RX channel <i>n</i> samples. 00 8 bits per sample 01 16 bits per sample 10 (Default) 24 bits per sample 11 32 bits per sample |



| 7.3.2 | 25 XSP (| Channel 1 and | 2 Location | | | | Address 0x | 60000, 0x600 |
|--------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------|
| R/\ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | RX_CH1 | | | |
|) of o | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | | RX_CH2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|)efau | un U | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | U | 0 |
| lits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| :0 | XSP_RX_CHr | XSP Rx channel <i>n</i> frame. 0x00 Start on SC | | location in XSF | SCLK periods c | of the XSP Rx cha | nnel <i>n</i> from the s | start of the TD |
| | | 0xFF Start on SC Defaults are 0x00. | CLK 255 | | | | | |
| 3.2 | 26 XSP 0 | Channel 1 Size | and Enabl | e | | | Ad | ddress 0x600 |
| R/\ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | - | _ | | XSP_RX_CH1_ AP | XSP_RX_CH1_ EN | XSP_RX_ | CH1_RES |
| efau | ult O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| .3.2 | 27 XSP (| Channel 2 Size | and Enabl | е | | | Ac | ddress 0x600 |
| R/\ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | | - | _ | | XSP_RX_CH2_ AP | XSP_RX_CH2_ EN | XSP_RX_ | CH2_RES |
| Defau | ult O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| its | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| :4 | _ | Reserved | | | | | | |
| 3 | XSP_RX_ CHn_AP | | n = 1) ln 50/50 m | ode, channel da | ita is input when L | 0 = 1). .RCK/FSYNC is lo .RCK/FSYNC is h | | |
| 2 | XSP_RX_ CHn_EN | XSP Rx channel <i>n</i> 0 Input channel o 1 (Default) Input | lata is not propag | ated to the inter | | | e same rule app | lies to CHx_E |
| :0 | XSP_RX_ CH <i>n</i> _RES | XSP Rx channel <i>n</i> 00 8 bits per san 01 16 bits per sa 10 (Default) 24 b 11 32 bits per sa | nple mple its per sample | s the output res | olution of the XSF | PRx channel <i>n</i> sa | mples. | |

7.4 DSD Registers

| 7.4.1 | DSD V | /olume B | | | | | Α | ddress 0x70000 | | | |
|-------|------------------|---|--|-----------------|-----------------|---|---|----------------|--|--|--|
| R/V | V 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| | | | | DSD_VO | LUME_B | | | | | | |
| Defau | lt O | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | DSD_ VOLUME_B | Digital volume cont increments from 0 SZC bit. The same 0000 0000 0 dB 0000 0001 -0.5 01111000 -60 c 1111 1110 -127 1111 1111 Digita | dB. Volume setti condition applie dB IB (Default) dB | ngs are decoded | as shown below. | | | | | | |



Address 0x70001

Address 0x70002

7.4.2 DSD Volume A

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
|------|------------------|----------------------|---|--------|--------|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | DSD_VO | LUME_A | | | | |
| Defa | ult O | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | DSD_ VOLUME_A | Digital volume contr | bigital volume control registers for channel A. See DSD_VOLUME_B for description. | | | | | | |

7.4.3 DSD Processor Path Signal Control 1

| R/\ | V 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
|-------|----------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | _ | DSD_VOL_ BEQA | DSD_SZC | _ | DSD_AMUTE | DSD_AMUTE_ BEQA | DSD_MUTE_A | DSD_MUTE_B | | |
| Defau | ilt 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | |
| 7 | — | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | DSD_VOL_ | DSD_VOLUME_B | equals DSD_VO | LUME_A. | | | | | | |
| | BEQA | 0 (Default) Volur 1 Volume setting | ne setting of both of both of both of both channels | n channels in DS are controlled b | D processor are y DSD_VOLUME | controlled indepe _A. DSD_VOLU | endently IME_B is ignored | | | |
| 5 | DSD_SZC | Soft ramp control. | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0 Immediate char 1 (Default) Soft ra | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | — | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | DSD_AMUTE | DSD auto mute. | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0 Function disabl 1 (Default) Mute of pattern releases | occurs after rece | ption of 256 repe ction and muting | eated 8-bit DSD r is done indepen | nute patterns. A dently for each c | single bit not fittir hannel. | ig the repeated | | |
| 2 | DSD_ | DSD Processor Au | to mute channel | B equals channe | el A. | | | | | |
| | AMUTE_ BEQA | | 0 (Default) Function disabled 1 Only mute when both channels AMUTE conditions are detected | | | | | | | |
| 1 | DSD_MUTE_ | DSD Processor Ch | annel A mute. | | | | | | | |
| | A | 0 (Default) Functi 1 Channel output | | g function is affeo | cted by the DSD_ | SZC bit | | | | |
| 0 | DSD_MUTE_ | DSD Processor Ch | annel B mute. | | | | | | | |
| | В | 0 (Default) Functi 1 Channel output | | g function is affeo | cted by the DSD_ | SZC bit. | | | | |

7.4.4 DSD Interface Configuration

| Address | 0x70003 |
|---------|---------|
| | |

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|----------|-----------|------------|
| | | | _ | | | DSD_M/SB | DSD_PM_EN | DSD_PM_SEL |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|------------|---|
| 7:3 | — | Reserved |
| 2 | DSD_M/SB | DSD clock master or Slave Mode. 0 (Default) Slave Mode 1 Master Mode |
| 1 | DSD_PM_EN | DSD phase modulation mode. Can only be used when DSD_SPEED = 0 (64•Fs). 0 (Default) this function is disabled (DSD normal mode) 1 DSD phase modulation input mode is enabled, and the DSD_PM_SEL bit must be set accordingly. |
| 0 | DSD_PM_SEL | DSD phase modulation mode select. 0 (Default) The 128•Fs (BCKA) clock must be input to DSD_SCLK for phase modulation mode. 1 The 64•Fs (BCKD) clock must be input to DSD_SCLK for phase modulation mode. |



| 7.4.5 DSD Processor Path Signal Control 2 Address 0x70 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
| | — | DSD_P | RC_SRC | DSD_SPEED | STA_DSD_DET | INV_DSD_DET | | | | |
| Defau | ult O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | | |
| 7 | _ | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| 6:5 | DSD_PRC_ SRC | | 10 ASP | | | | | | | |
| 4 | DSD_EN | Enable DSD playb 0 (Default) Func 1 DSD playback | tion disabled | | | | | | | |
| 3 | _ | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | DSD_SPEED | Setup DSD clock s 0 (Default) 64•F 1 128•Fs | • | | | | | | | |
| 1 | STA_DSD_ DET | | oled c DSD detection i | | | checks for 28 cons utes the output uni | | | | |

- INV_DSD_ Invalid DSD detection.
- 0 (Default) Function disabled 1 Invalid DSD detection is enabled. The DSD processor checks for 25 out of 28 bits of the same value and, if detected, sets the DSD_INVAL_A_INT and/or DSD_INVAL_B_INT interrupt status bits.

DSD and PCM Mixing Control 7.4.6

Address 0x70005

Address 0x70006

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------|-----------------|
| | | | _ | _ | | | MIX_PCM_ PREP | MIX_PCM_ DSD |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|------------------|--|
| 7:2 | — | Reserved |
| 1 | MIX_PCM_ PREP | Enable PCM playback path for PCM and DSD mixing. This bit must be set prior to setting MIX_PCM_DSD. Disable this bit after disabling MIX_PCM_DSD. This mode requires DSD_EN to be enabled and DSD_PRC_SRC set to receive DSD through either the DSD interface or XSP. 0 (Default) Function disabled |
| | | 1 Enable PCM playback path for PCM and DSD mixing |
| 0 | MIX_PCM_ DSD | Enable PCM stream mixing into DSD stream. This bit must be set only after MIX_PCM_PREP is enabled. Disable this bit prior to disabling MIX_PCM_PREP bit. This mode requires DSD_EN to be enabled and DSD_PRC_SRC set to receive DSD through either the DSD interface or XSP. |
| | | 0 (Default) Function disabled 1 Enable PCM stream mixing into the DSD stream |

DSD Processor Path Signal Control 3 7.4.7

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|------|----------------|---|---|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | DSD_ZEROI | B DSD_HPF_EN | — | SIGCTL_ DSDEQPCM | DSD_INV_A | DSD_INV_B | DSD_SWAP_ CHAN | DSD_COPY_ CHAN |
| Defa | ult 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | Description | | | | | | |
| 7 | DSD_ ZERODB | Setting on DSD stream volume to match PCM stream volume. 0 (Default) The SACD +3.1-dB level (71% modulation index) matches PCM 0 dB full scale. 1 The SACD 0-dB reference level (50% modulation index) matches PCM 0 dB full scale. | | | | | | |
| 6 | DSD_HPF_EN | Enable the high part 0 HPF disabled 1 (Default) Enable | | - | | | | |

0

DET



| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|---------------------|---|
| 5 | — | Reserved |
| 4 | SIGCTL_ DSDEQPCM | Enable DSD signal path control register bits to be controlled by PCM setting. DSD setting is ignored. Register bits affected are the following: DSD_VOL_BEQA, DSD_SZC, DSD_AMUTE, DSD_AMUTE_BEQA, DSD_MUTE_A, DSD_MUTE_B, DSD_INV_A, DSD_INV_B, DSD_SWAP_CHAN, DSD_COPY_CHAN After set, each DSD_x register bit is equal to setting of PCM_x register bit. 0 (Default) Function is disabled 1 Function is enabled |
| 3 | DSD_INV_A | DSD Processor Channel A signal invert. 0 (Default) Function is disabled 1 Signal polarity of channel A is inverted |
| 2 | DSD_INV_B | DSD Processor Channel B signal invert 0 (Default) the function is disabled 1 Signal polarity of channel B is inverted |
| 1 | DSD_SWAP_ CHAN | Swap channels A and B at the input. This bit takes effect before DSD_COPY_CHAN and DSD_INV_x. 0 (Default) Function disabled 1 Enable channel A and B swapping |
| 0 | DSD_COPY_ CHAN | Copy channel A to channel B. This bit takes effect after DSD_SWAP_CHAN, but before DSD_INV_x. 0 (Default) Function disabled 1 Enable copy A to B function |

7.5 Headphone and PCM Registers

7.5.1 HP Output Control 1

Address 0x80000

Address 0x90000

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----|----------|---|---|---|
| | HP_CLAMPA | HP_CLAMPB | OUT | _FS | HP_IN_EN | | — | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------|---|
| 7 | HP_CLAMPA | Opt-out on clamping HPOUTA output to ground when PDN_HP is enabled. |
| | | 0 (Default) Function disabled. HPOUTA is clamped when PDN_HP is set and HP_IN_EN is cleared. HPOUT is not clamped when PDN_HP is cleared. 1 HPOUTA clamp is released if and only if PDN_HP is set. |
| 6 | HP_CLAMPB | Opt-out on clamping HPOUTB output to ground when PDN_HP is enabled. |
| | | 0 (Default) Function disabled. HPOUTB is clamped when PDN_HP is set and HP_IN_EN is cleared. HPOUT is not clamped when PDN_HP is cleared. 1 HPOUTB clamp is released if and only if PDN_HP is set. |
| 5:4 | OUT_FS | Output full scale setting. This setting must only be updated when PDN_HP is set. 00 0.5 V 01 1 V 10 1.41 V 11 (Default) 1.73 V |
| 3 | HP_IN_EN | HPIN switches enable. 0 (Default) Switch open 1 Switch closed |
| 2:0 | — | Reserved |

7.5.2 PCM Filter Option

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|---|-------------|---|-----------|----------|
| | FILTER_ SLOW_FAS | PHCOMP_ TB LOWLATB | NOS | | — | | HIGH_PASS | DEEMP_ON |
| Defau | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7 | FILTER | Fast and slow filter | ast and slow filter selection. 0 (Default) Fast filter is selected. 1 Slow filter is selected. | | | | | |



| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------|--|
| 6 | PHCOMP_ | Low-latency and phase-compensated filter selection |
| | LOWLATB | 0 (Default) Low-latency is selected. 1 Phase-compensated filter is selected. |
| 5 | NOS | Nonoversampling emulation mode on. When enabled, FILTER_SLOW_FASTB and PHCOMP_LOWLATB are ignored. |
| | | 0 (Default) NOS emulation mode is off. 1 NOS emulation mode is on. |
| 4:2 | _ | Reserved |
| 1 | HIGH_PASS | High-pass filter enable. |
| | | 0 High-pass filter is disabled. 1 (Default) High-pass filter is selected. |
| 0 | DEEMP_ON | Deemphasis filter on. |
| | | 0 (Default) Deemphasis for 44.1 kHz is disabled. 1 Deemphasis for 44.1 kHz is enabled. |

7.5.3 PCM Volume B

Address 0x90001

| / | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------------------|--|---|----------------|-----------------|---|---|---|
| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | PCM_VC | LUME_B | | | |
| Defau | ult O | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:0 | PCM_ VOLUME_B | Digital volume cont from 0 to -127 dB. bits. The same rule 0000 0000 0 dB 0000 0001 -0.5 01111000 -60 c 1111 1110 -127 1111 1111 Digita | Volume settings applies to PCM dB dB (Default) dB | are decoded as | shown below. Th | | 0 | |

7.5.4 PCM Volume A

| | | ••••• | | | | | | | |
|------|------------------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
| | | PCM_VOLUME_A | | | | | | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | PCM_ VOLUME_A | Digital volume cont | gital volume control registers for channel A. See PCM_VOLUME_B for description. | | | | | | |

7.5.5 PCM Path Signal Control 1

Address 0x90003

Address 0x90002

| | | - 5 - | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------|------------------|-----|------|-----------|-------------------|------------|------------|
| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | PCM_RAMP_ DOWN | PCM_VOL_ BEQA | PCM | _SZC | PCM_AMUTE | PCM_ AMUTEBEQA | PCM_MUTE_A | PCM_MUTE_B |
| Default | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-------------------|--|
| 7 | PCM_RAMP_ DOWN | Soft volume ramp-down before filter mode change. A mute is performed before filter mode change and an unmute is performed after executing the filter mode change. |
| | | 0 Immediate mute is performed prior to executing a filter mode change 1 (Default) This mute and unmute is controlled by PCM_SZC. |
| 6 | PCM_VOL_ BEQA | PCM_VOLUME_B equals PCM_VOLUME_A. 0 (Default) Volume setting of both channels are controlled independently. 1 Volume setting of both channels are controlled by PCM_VOLUME_A. PCM_VOLUME_B is ignored. |
| 5:4 | PCM_SZC | Soft ramp and zero cross control. 00 Immediate change 01 In PCM mode, zero cross change 10 (Default) Soft ramp 11 In PCM mode, soft ramp and zero crossings |



| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------|--|
| 3 | PCM_AMUTE | PCM auto mute. |
| | | 0 Function disabled 1 (Default) Mute occurs after reception of 8,192 consecutive audio samples of static 0 or –1. A single sample of non-static data releases the mute. Detection and muting is done independently for each channel. |
| 2 | PCM_ | Auto mute channel B equals channel A. |
| | AMUTEBEQA | 0 (Default) Function disabled. 1 Only mute when both channels AMUTE conditions are detected. |
| 1 | PCM_MUTE_ | Channel A mute. |
| | A | 0 (Default) Function is disabled. 1 Channel output is muted. Muting function is affected by the PCM_SZC bits. |
| 0 | PCM_MUTE_ | Channel A mute. |
| | В | 0 (Default) Function is disabled. 1 Channel output is muted. Muting function is affected by the PCM_SZC bits. |

7.5.6 PCM Path Signal Control 2

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | - | _ | | PCM_INV_A | PCM_INV_B | PCM_SWAP_ CHAN | PCM_COPY_ CHAN |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------|--|
| 7:4 | _ | Reserved |
| 3 | PCM_INV_A | Channel A signal invert. |
| | | 0 (Default) Function is disabled 1 Signal polarity of channel A is inverted |
| 2 | PCM_INV_B | 5 |
| | | 0 (Default) the function is disabled 1 Signal polarity of channel B is inverted |
| 1 | PCM_SWAP_ | Swap channels A and B at the input. This bit takes effect before PCM_COPY_CHAN. |
| | CHAN | 0 (Default) Function disabled 1 Enable channel A and B swapping |
| 0 | PCM_COPY_ | Copy channel A to channel B. This bit takes effect after PCM_SWAP_CHAN. |
| | CHAN | 0 (Default) Function disabled 1 Enable copy A to B function |

7.5.7 Class H Control

Address 0xB0000

Address 0x90004

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|---|---|----------|---|---|-------|-------------|
| | | — | | ADPT_PWR | | | HV_EN | EXT_VCPFILT |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-------------|--|
| 7:5 | _ | Reserved |
| 4:2 | ADPT_PWR | Adaptive power adjustment. Configures how power to HP amplifiers adapts to the output signal level. |
| | | 000 Reserved 001 Fixed, Mode 0 (±VP_LDO) 010 Fixed, Mode 1 (±VCP) 011–110 Reserved 111 (Default) Adapt to signal. The output signal dynamically determines the voltage level. |
| 1 | HV_EN | High voltage mode enable. |
| | | 0 Function disabled (VP_LDO = 2.6V) 1 (Default) Function enabled (VP_LDO = 3.0 V). This requires VP min to be 3.3 V. Also, this mode only applies to load 600 Ω and above. |
| 0 | EXT_VCPFILT | External VCP_FILT± voltage mode. |
| | | (Default) Function disabled When enabled, VCP_FILT± voltages can be provided externally at ±3.0 V. See power sequencing/timing requirement in related functional description. |



7.5.8 HP Detect

Address 0xD0000

| N 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| HPDE | HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_ HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TII | | ISE_DBC_TIME | HPDETECT_FA | ALL_DBC_TIME | - | |
| ılt O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Name | | | | Description | | | |
| HPDETECT_ CTRL | all modes. 00 (Default) Disa | (Default) Disabled. The HP detect digital circuit is powered down and does not report to the status registers (HPDETECT_PLUG_INT and HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT are also cleared). –10 Reserved | | | | | |
| HPDETECT_ INV | | 0 (Default) Not inverted | | | | | |
| HPDETECT_ RISE_DBC_ TIME | | | | | | | |
| HPDETECT_ FALL_DBC_ TIME | 00 0 ms 01 250 ms | | | | | | |
| | Reserved | | | | | | |
| | W 7 HPDE JIII 0 Name HPDETECT_ CTRL HPDETECT_ NV HPDETECT_ RISE_DBC_ TIME HPDETECT_ FALL_DBC_ | W 7 6 HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_CTRL JII 0 0 Name HP detect control. (all modes. HPDETECT_ CTRL HP detect control. (all modes. 00 (Default) Disal (HPDETECT_ 01-10 Reserved 11 Enabled HPDETECT_ INV HP detect invert. C 0 (Default) Not in 1 Inverted HPDETECT_ RISE_DBC_ TIME Tip sense rising del 00 (Default) 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 500 ms 11 1.0 s HPDETECT_ FALL_DBC_ TIME Tip sense falling de 00 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 (Default) 500 ns 11 1.0 s | W 7 6 5 HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_INV Jult 0 0 Name HP detect control. Configures opera all modes. HPDETECT_CTRL HP detect control. Configures opera all modes. 00 (Default) Disabled. The HP detect control. Configures opera all modes. 00 (Default) Disabled. The HP detect control. Configures opera all modes. 00 (Default) Disabled. The HP detect control. Configures opera all modes. 00 (Default) Disabled. The HP detect control. Configures opera all modes. HPDETECT_CTRL HP detect invert. Can be used to involute the detect invert. Can be used to involute to control. Configures operation of the detect invert. HPDETECT_INV HP detect invert. Can be used to involute the detect invert. HPDETECT_INV Tip sense rising debounce time. 00 (Default) Not inverted 1 Inverted HPDETECT_TIME Tip sense falling debounce time. 00 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 0 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 (Default) 500 ms 11 1.0 s | W 7 6 5 4 HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_ INV HPDETECT_ HPDETECT_RI HPDETECT_RI JII 0 0 0 0 Name HP detect control. Configures operation of the HP detect digital circuit (HPDETECT_ CTRL HP detect control. Configures operation of the HP detect digital circuit (HPDETECT_PLUG_INT and HPDETECT_UN 01-10 Reserved 11 Enabled HPDETECT_ INV HP detect invert. Can be used to invert the signal from 0 (Default) Not inverted 1 Inverted HPDETECT_ INV Tip sense rising debounce time. 00 (Default) 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 500 ms 11 1.0 s Output for the second time. HPDETECT_ FALL_DBC_ TIME Tip sense falling debounce time. 01 250 ms 10 (Default) 500 ms 11 1.0 s Output for the second time. | W 7 6 5 4 3 HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_ INV HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME Jit 0 0 0 0 Mme Description HPDETECT_ CTRL HP detect control. Configures operation of the HP detect circuit. The all modes. 00 (Default) Disabled. The HP detect digital circuit is powered dowr (HPDETECT_PLUG_INT and HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT are a 01–10 Reserved 11 Enabled HPDETECT_ INV HP detect invert. Can be used to invert the signal from the HP detect 0 (Default) Not inverted 1 Inverted HPDETECT_ INV Tip sense rising debounce time. 00 (Default) 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 500 ms 11 1.0 s HPDETECT_ TIME Tip sense falling debounce time. 00 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 (Default) 500 ms 11 1.0 s | W 7 6 5 4 3 2 HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_INV HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME HPDETECT_F/ Jit 0 0 0 0 0 1 Name Description HPDETECT_CTRL HP detect control. Configures operation of the HP detect circuit. The internal weak curating all modes. 00 (Default) Disabled. The HP detect digital circuit is powered down and does not reference. CTRL HP detect invert. Can be used to invert the signal from the HP detect circuit. 01–10 Reserved HPDETECT_INV HP detect invert. Can be used to invert the signal from the HP detect circuit. 0 (Default) Not inverted HPDETECT_INV HP detect invert. Can be used to invert the signal from the HP detect circuit. 0 (Default) O (Default) O (Default) O ms HPDETECT_INV Tip sense rising debounce time. 00 (Default) 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 500 ms 11 1.0 s HPDETECT_TABL Tip sense falling debounce time. 00 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 (Default) 500 ms 11 1.0 s | W 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 HPDETECT_CTRL HPDETECT_INV HPDETECT_RISE_DBC_TIME HPDETECT_FALL_DBC_TIME Jult 0 0 0 0 1 0 Name Description HPDETECT_CTRL HP detect control. Configures operation of the HP detect circuit. The internal weak current source pull-u all modes. HPDETECT_CTRL HP detect control. Configures operation of the HP detect circuit is powered down and does not report to the status (HPDETECT_PLUG_INT and HPDETECT_UNPLUG_INT are also cleared). 01-10 Reserved 11 Enabled HPDETECT_INV HP detect invert. Can be used to invert the signal from the HP detect circuit. 0 (Default) Not inverted 1 1NV O (Default) Not inverted 1 HPDETECT_RSE_DBC_TIME Tip sense rising debounce time. 00 (Default) 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 500 ms 11 1.0 s HPDETECT_TAN Tip sense falling debounce time. 00 0 ms 01 250 ms 10 (Default) 500 ms 11 1.0 s |

7.5.9 HP Status

Address 0xD0001

| R/O | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| | — | HPDETECT_ PLUG_DBC | HPDETECT_ UNPLUG_DNC | | | — | | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

.

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------------------------|---|
| 7 | _ | Reserved |
| 6 | HPDETECT_ PLUG_DBC | HPDETECT plug debounce status. Setting HPDETECT_INV reverses the meaning of this bit. 0 (Default) Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 5 | HPDETECT_ UNPLUG_ DBC | HPDETECT unplug debounce status. Setting HPDETECT_INV reverses the meaning of this bit. 0 (Default) Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 4:0 | _ | Reserved |

7.5.10 HP Load 1

Address 0xE0000

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|-----------|---|---|--------------------|---|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| | HPLOAD_EN | _ | - | HPLOAD_ CHN_SEL | | _ | HPLOAD_AC_ START | HPLOAD_DC_ START |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------|---|
| 7 | HPLOAD_EN | HP load enable. |
| | | 0 (Default) Function disabled 1 Function enabled |
| 6:5 | _ | Reserved |
| 4 | HPLOAD_ | Select channel to perform HP load measurement. |
| | CHN_SEL | 0 (Default) HPOUTA 1 HPOUTB |
| 3:2 | _ | Reserved |



| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|----------|---|
| 1 | START | HP load AC measurement trigger. A change from 0 to 1 initiates the measurement process. After the measurement completes, this bit must be manually changed back to 0 before initiating another process. (Default) HPLOAD_AC_START = 0 |
| 0 | DC_START | HP load DC measurement trigger. A change from 0 to 1 initiates the measurement process. After measurement complete, this bit must be manually changed back to 0 before initiating another process. (Default) HPLOAD_DC_START = 0 |

7.5.11 HP Load Measurement 1

| Address | 0xE0003 |
|---------|---------|
|---------|---------|

Address 0xE0004

Address 0xE000D

Address 0xE000E

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
|-------|-----------------------|---|--|------------|------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | | | HPLOAD_MEA | S_FREQ_LSB | | | | | |
| Defau | Default 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | 0 | | | |
| Bits | its Name Description | | | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | HPLOAD_ MEAS | | B of HP load measurement frequency selection for AC detect (5.86 Hz/lsb when MCLK_INT = 24.576 MHz. 5.94 Hz/ when MCLK_INT = 22.5792 MHz). Frequency range is 20 Hz to 20 kHz | | | | | | | |

7.5.12 HP Load Measurement 2

Default: 0000 0000

FREQ_LSB

| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---|---|------------|------------|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | HPLOAD_MEA | S_FREQ_MSB | | | | |
| Default 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | HPLOAD_ MEAS_ FREQ_MSB | | B of HP load measurement frequency selection for AC detect (5.86 Hz/lsb when MCLK_INT = 24.576 MHz. 5.94 Hz/ when MCLK_INT = 22.5792 MHz). Frequency range is 20 Hz to 20 kHz. fault: 0000 0000 | | | | | | |

7.5.13 HP DC Load Status 0

R/O 6 0 7 5 2 4 3 RL_DC_STAT_0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Default Bits Name Description 7:0 RL DC Byte 0 of HP DC load measured in Ω.RL_DC_STAT_1[7:0] and RL_DC_STAT_0[7:3] represent integer portion of STAT_0 impedance value. RL_DC_STAT_0[2:0] represent fractional portion, with fractional weighting as follows: [2]: 0.5 11: 0.25 01: 0.125 Default: 0000000

7.5.14 HP DC Load Status 1

| R/ | 0 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
|-------|------------------|---|---|---------|--------|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | RL_DC_S | STAT_1 | | | | |
| Defau | ult O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | RL_DC_ STAT_1 | Byte 1 of HP DC loa Default: 0000000 | vte 1 of HP DC load measured in Ω.Refer to RL_DC_STAT_0 for details of measurement interpretation. efault: 0000000 | | | | | | |



~ _

| 7.5.′ | 15 HP AC | Load Status | 0 | | | | Ac | Idress 0xE0010 |
|-------|--------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| R/ | 0 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | RL_AC | _STAT_0 | | | |
| Defau | ult O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:0 | RL_AC_ STAT_0 | Byte 0 of HP AC lo RL_AC_STAT_1[7: RL_AC_STAT_0[2: [2]: 0.5 [1]: 0.25 [0]: 0.125 Default: 0000000 | 0] and RL_AC_ | STAT_0[7:3] repr | | | e value. | |
| 7.5.′ | 16 HP AC | CLoad Status | 1 | | | | Ac | Idress 0xE001 |
| R/ | O 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | RL_AC | _STAT_1 | | | |
| Defau | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7:0 | RL_AC_ STAT_1 | Byte 1 of HP AC lo Default: 0000000 | ad measured in | Ω.Refer to RL_A | C_STAT_0 for de | tails of measurer | nent interpretation | n. |
| 7.5.′ | 17 HP Lo | ad Status | | | | | Ad | dress 0xE001/ |
| R/ | O 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | HPLOAD_D ONCE | C_ HPLOAD_ BUSY | | | HPLOAD_AC_ DONE | HPLOAD_AC_ BUSY | HPLOAD_DC_ DONE | HPLOAD_DC_ BUSY |
| Defau | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7 | HPLOAD_ DC_ONCE | Status of HP load I 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | nt been performed | d at least once. | | | |
| 6 | HPLOAD_ BUSY | Status of HP load r 0 State machine 1 State machine | is not busy | ock state machine | 9. | | | |
| 5:4 | — | Reserved | | | | | | |
| 3 | HPLOAD_AC_ DONE | HP load AC measu 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | status. | | | | |
| 2 | HPLOAD_AC_ BUSY | HP AC load measu 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | ocess" status. | | | | |
| 1 | HPLOAD_ DC_DONE | HP load DC measu 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present esent | | | | | |
| 0 | HPLOAD_ DC_BUSY | HP DC load measu 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | ocess" status. | | | | |



Address 0xF0000

7.6 Interrupt Status and Mask Registers

7.6.1 Interrupt Status 1

| R | /O 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
|------|-----------------|---|--|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| | DAC_OVFL INT | _ HPDETECT_ PLUG INT | HPDETECT_ UNPLUG INT | XTAL_READY_ INT | XTAL_ ERROR_INT | PLL_READY_ INT | PLL_ERROR_ INT | PDN_DONE_ INT | |
| | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | | |
| 7 | DAC_OVFL_ | Status indicating D | AC modulator ov | erflow condition i | s detected. | | | | |
| | INT | 0 Condition is not 1 Condition is pre | | | | | | | |
| 6 | HPDETECT_ | Status indicating H | P plug event is d | etected. | | | | | |
| | PLUG_INT | 0 Condition is not 1 Condition is pre | t present esent | | | | | | |
| 5 | HPDETECT_ | Status indicating H | P unplug event i | s detected. | | | | | |
| | UNPLUG_INT | 0 Condition is not 1 Condition is pre | | | | | | | |
| 4 | XTAL_ | Status indicating X | TAL is ready afte | r PDN_XTAL is c | leared. | | | | |
| | READY_INT | 0 Condition is not 1 Condition is pre | | | | | | | |
| 3 | XTAL_ | Status indicating X | | on is detected aft | er PDN_XTAL is | cleared. | | | |
| | ERROR_INT | 0 Condition is not 1 Condition is pre | | | | | | | |
| 2 | PLL_READY_ | Status indicating Pl | L ready condition | on is detected afte | er PLL_START is | s set. | | | |
| | INT | 0 Condition is not 1 Condition is pre | 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present | | | | | | |
| 1 | PLL_ERROR_ | Status indicating PLL error condition is detected after PLL_START is set. | | | | | | | |
| | INT | | 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present | | | | | | |
| 0 | PDN_DONE_ | Status indicating PI | | is completed afte | r a request. | | | | |
| | INT | 0 Condition is not 1 Condition is pre | t present esent | | | | | | |

7.6.2 Interrupt Status 2

Address 0xF0001

| R/O | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|
| | ASP_OVFL_ INT | ASP_ERROR_ INT | ASP_LATE_ INT | ASP_EARLY_ INT | ASP_ NOLRCK_INT | | _ | |
| Default | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|--------------------|---|
| 7 | ASP_OVFL_ INT | ASP RX request overload. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 6 | ASP_ ERROR_INT | ASP RX LRCK error. Logical OR of LRCK early and LRCK late errors. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 5 | ASP_LATE_ INT | ASP RX LRCK late. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 4 | ASP_EARLY_ INT | ASP RX LRCK early. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 3 | ASP_ NOLRCK_INT | ASP RX no LRCK. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 2:0 | | Reserved |



7.6.3 Interrupt Status 3

Address 0xF0002

Address 0xF0003

| 1.0.0 | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------|---|---|-------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|
| R/0 | D 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | XSP_OVFL INT | _ XSP_ERROR_ INT | XSP_LATE_ INT | XSP_EARLY_ INT | XSP_ NOLRCK_INT | | _ | |
| Defau | lt 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | Description | | | | | |
| 7 | XSP_OVFL_ INT | 0 Condition is no | SP RX request overload. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present | | | | | |
| 6 | XSP_ ERROR_INT | 0 Condition is no | P RX LRCK error. Logical OR of LRCK early and LRCK late errors. Condition is not present Condition is present | | | | | |
| 5 | XSP_LATE_ INT | XSP RX LRCK late 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | | | | | |

| | | a Condition is present |
|-----|--------------------|--|
| 4 | XSP_EARLY_ INT | XSP RX LRCK early. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 3 | XSP_ NOLRCK_INT | XSP RX no LRCK. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 2:0 | — | Reserved |

7.6.4 Interrupt Status 4

| - | | | | | | | | |
|------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| R/ | /O 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | HPLOAD_NO DC_INT | D_ HPLOAD_ UNPLUG_INT | _ | HPLOAD_ OOR_INT | HPLOAD_AC_ DONE_INT | HPLOAD_DC_ DONE_INT | HPLOAD_ OFF_INT | HPLOAD_ON_ INT |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7 | HPLOAD_ NO_DC_INT | | load error condition: AC load detection is performed without DC load detection done first. Condition is not present | | | | | |

| | NO_DC_INT | 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| 6 | HPLOAD_ UNPLUG_INT | HP load error condition: Unplug event happened during load detection process. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 5 | | Reserved |
| 4 | HPLOAD_ OOR_INT | HP load error condition: HPLOAD out of range result is measured. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 3 | HPLOAD_AC_ DONE_INT | Status indicating HP AC load measurement is completed. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 2 | HPLOAD_ DC_DONE_ INT | Status indicating HP DC load measurement is completed. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 1 | HPLOAD_ OFF_INT | HP load state machine is properly shut down after HPLOAD_EN is cleared. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |
| 0 | HPLOAD_ ON_INT | HP load state machine is properly turned on after HPLOAD_EN is set. 0 Condition is not present 1 Condition is present |



Address 0xF0004

7.6.5 Interrupt Status 5

| R | O 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
|------|------------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------|--|--|
| | DSD_STUCK_ DSD_INVAL_ INT A_INT | | DSD_INVAL_ B_INT | DSD_ SILENCE_A_ INT | DSD_ SILENCE_B_ INT | DSD_RATE_ ERROR_INT | DOP_MRK_ DET_INT | DOP_ON_INT | | |
| Defa | ult 0 | 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | | | |
| 7 | DSD_STUCK_ INT | At least one DSD ir 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | , present | tuck at 0 or 1. | | | | | | |
| 6 | DSD_INVAL_ A_INT | Channel A input ex 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | eak level of +3.1 | -dB SACD. | | | | | |
| 5 | DSD_INVAL_ B_INT | 0 Condition is no | annel B input exceeds the max peak level of +3.1-dB SACD. Condition is not present Condition is present | | | | | | | |
| 4 | DSD_ SILENCE_A_ INT | Channel A contains 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | ttern. | | | | | | |
| 3 | DSD_ SILENCE_B_ INT | Channel B contains 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | ttern. | | | | | | |
| 2 | DSD_RATE_ ERROR_INT | 0 Condition is no | D data rate-related error is detected. The rate of the input DSD stream is not as described in DSD_SPEED setting. Condition is not present Condition is present | | | | | | | |
| 1 | DOP_MRK_ DET_INT | 0 Condition is no | valid sequence of DoP markers has been detected. Condition is not present Condition is present | | | | | | | |
| 0 | DOP_ON_INT | The DoP decoder i 0 Condition is no 1 Condition is pre | t present | | | | | | | |

7.6.6 Interrupt Mask 1

Address 0xF0010

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | DAC_OVFL_ INT_MASK | HPDETECT_ PLUG_INT_ MASK | HPDETECT_ UNPLUG_INT_ MASK | XTAL_READY_ INT_MASK | XTAL_ ERROR_INT_ MASK | PLL_READY_ INT_MASK | PLL_ERROR_ INT_MASK | PDN_DONE_ INT_MASK |
| Default | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|----------------------------------|--|
| 7 | DAC_OVFL_ INT_MASK | DAC_OVFL_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 6 | HPDETECT_ PLUG_INT_ MASK | HP_DETECT_PLUG_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 5 | HPDETECT_ UNPLUG_ INT_MASK | HP_DETECT_UNPLUG_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 4 | XTAL_ READY_INT_ MASK | XTAL_READY_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 3 | XTAL_ ERROR_INT_ MASK | XTAL_ERROR_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 2 | PLL_READY_ INT_MASK | PLL_READY_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |



| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | PLL_ERROR_ INT_MASK | PLL_ERROR_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 0 | PDN_DONE_ INT_MASK | PDN_DONE_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |

7.6.7 Interrupt Mask 2

Address 0xF0011

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| | ASP_OVFL_ INT_MASK | ASP_ERROR_ INT_MASK | ASP_LATE_ INT_MASK | ASP_EARLY_ INT_MASK | ASP_ NOLRCK_INT_ MASK | | _ | |
| Default | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------------------------|--|
| 7 | ASP_OVFL_ INT_MASK | ASP_OVFL_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 6 | ASP_ ERROR_INT_ MASK | ASP_ERROR_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 5 | ASP_LATE_ INT_MASK | ASP_LATE_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 4 | ASP_EARLY_ INT_MASK | ASP_EARLY_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 3 | ASP_ NOLRCK_ INT_MASK | ASP_NOLRCK_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 2:0 | _ | Reserved |

7.6.8 Interrupt Mask 3

Address 0xF0012

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| | XSP_OVFL_ INT_MASK | XSP_ERROR_ INT_MASK | XSP_LATE_ INT_MASK | XSP_EARLY_ INT_MASK | XSP_ NOLRCK_INT_ MASK | | — | |
| Default | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|-----------------------------|--|
| 7 | XSP_OVFL_ INT_MASK | XSP_OVFL_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 6 | XSP_ ERROR_INT_ MASK | XSP_ERROR_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 5 | XSP_LATE_ INT_MASK | XSP_LATE_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 4 | XSP_EARLY_ INT_MASK | XSP_EARLY_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 3 | XSP_ NOLRCK_ INT_MASK | XSP_NOLRCK_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 2:0 | — | Reserved |



CS43130 7.6 Interrupt Status and Mask Registers

Address 0xF0013

7.6.9 Interrupt Mask 4

| | | pe maon i | | | | | | |
|------|---------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| R/ | W 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | HPLOAD_NO DC_INT_MA | DHPLOAD SKUNPLUG_INT MASK | _ | HPLOAD_ OOR_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_AC_ DONE_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_DC_ DONE_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_ OFF_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_ON_ INT_MASK |
| Defa | ult 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Bits | Name | | | | Description | | | |
| 7 | HPLOAD_ NO_DC_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_NO_DC_ 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Maske | - | | | | | |
| 6 | HPLOAD_ UNPLUG_ INT_MASK | HPLOAD_UNPLUC 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Maske | - | | | | | |
| 5 | — | Reserved | | | | | | |
| 4 | HPLOAD_ OOR_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_OOR_IN 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Maske | | | | | | |
| 3 | HPLOAD_AC_ DONE_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_AC_DOM 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Maske | _ | | | | | |
| 2 | HPLOAD_ DC_DONE_ INT_MASK | HPLOAD_DC_DOM 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Maske | — | | | | | |
| 1 | HPLOAD_ OFF_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_OFF_IN 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Maske | | | | | | |
| 0 | HPLOAD_ ON_INT_ MASK | HPLOAD_ON_INT 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Maske | | | | | | |



CS43130 7.6 Interrupt Status and Mask Registers

Address 0xF0014

7.6.10 Interrupt Mask 5

| R/W | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
|---------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | DSD_STUCK_ INT_MASK | DSD_INVAL_ A_INT_MASK | DSD_INVAL_ B_INT_MASK | DSD_ SILENCE_A_ INT_MASK | DSD_ SILENCE_B_ INT_MASK | DSD_RATE_ ERROR_INT_ MASK | DOP_MRK_ DET_INT_ MASK | DOP_ON_INT_ MASK | | |
| Default | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |

| Bits | Name | Description |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
| 7 | DSD_STUCK_ INT_MASK | DSD_STUCK_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 6 | DSD_INVAL_ A_INT_MASK | DSD_INVAL_A_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 5 | DSD_INVAL_ B_INT_MASK | DSD_INVAL_B_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 4 | DSD_ SILENCE_A_ INT_MASK | DSD_SILENCE_A_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 3 | DSD_ SILENCE_B_ INT_MASK | DSD_SILENCE_B_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 2 | DSD_RATE_ ERROR_INT_ MASK | DSD_RATE_ERROR_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 1 | DOP_MRK_ DET_INT_ MASK | DOP_MRK_DET_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |
| 0 | DOP_ON_ INT_MASK | DOP_ON_INT mask. 0 Unmasked 1 (Default) Masked |



8 PCB Layout Considerations

The following sections provide general guidelines for PCB layout to ensure the best performance of the CS43130.

8.1 Power Supply

As with any high-resolution converter, the CS43130 requires careful attention to power supply and grounding arrangements if its potential performance is to be realized. Fig. 2-1 shows the recommended power arrangements with VA and VCP connected to independent clean supplies. VL and VD, which power the digital circuitry, may be run from the shared system logic supply.

8.2 Grounding

Note the following:

- Extensive use of power and ground planes, ground-plane fill in unused areas, and surface-mount decoupling capacitors are recommended.
- Decoupling capacitors must be as close as possible to the CS43130 pins.
- To minimize inductance effects, the low-value ceramic capacitor must be closest to the pin and mounted on the same side of the board as the CS43130.
- To avoid unwanted coupling into the modulators, all signals, especially clocks, must be isolated from the FILT+ and FILT- pins.
- The FILT+ capacitors must be positioned to minimize the electrical path from the pin to VA.
- The FILT– capacitors must be positioned to minimize the electrical path from the pin to –VA.
- The VCP_FILT+ and VCP_FILT- capacitors must be positioned to minimize the electrical path from each respective pin to GNDCP.

8.3 HPREFA and HPREFB Routing

For best interchannel isolation performance, HPREFA and HPREFB must be routed independently to the headphone connector reference pin. The HPREFA and HPREFB are electrically connected to system's ground plane through via at the headphone connector ground pin. Fig. 2-1 illustrates the recommended arrangements.

For interfacing the HPREFA and HPREFB pins with an IC that performs alternate pinout headset detect functions, both signals must be routed independently to the CS43130's ground pin connecting the detected headset ground pole. Follow the recommended grounding scheme of the CS43130.

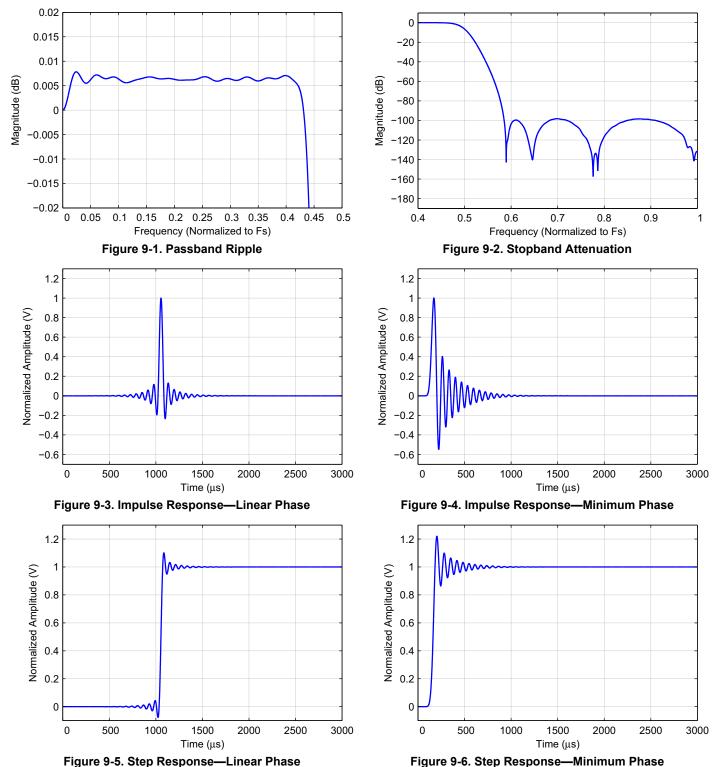
8.4 QFN Thermal Pad

The CS43130 comes in a compact QFN package, the underside of which reveals a large metal pad that serves as a thermal relief to provide maximum heat dissipation. This pad must mate with an matching copper pad on the PCB and must be electrically connected to ground. A series of vias must be used to connect this copper pad to one or more larger ground planes on other PCB layers. For best performance in split-ground systems, connect this thermal pad to GNDA.



Performance Plots 9

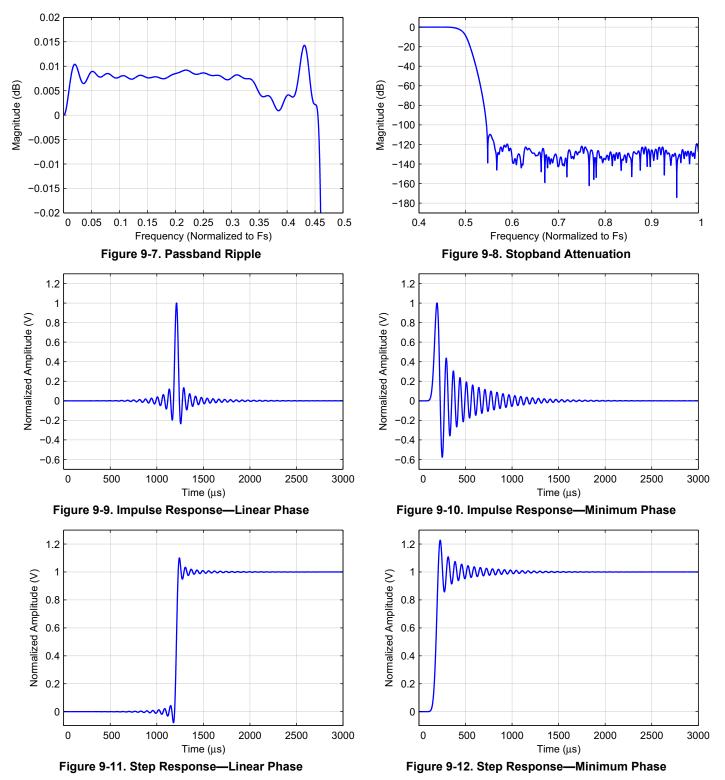
Digital Filter Response 9.1



9.1.1 Combined Filter Response—Single Speed (Fs = 32 kHz, Slow Roll-Off)

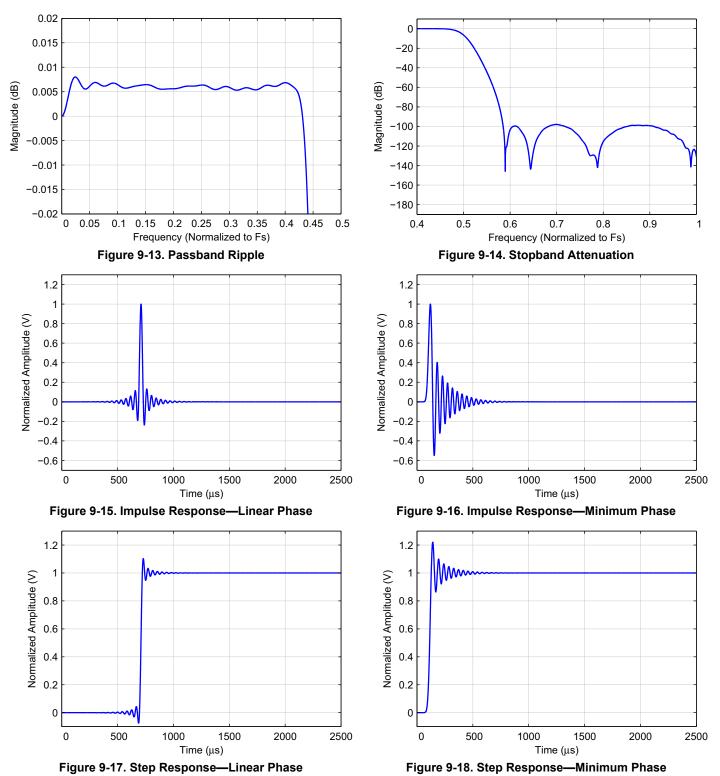


9.1.2 Combined Filter Response—Single Speed (Fs = 32 kHz, Fast Roll-Off)



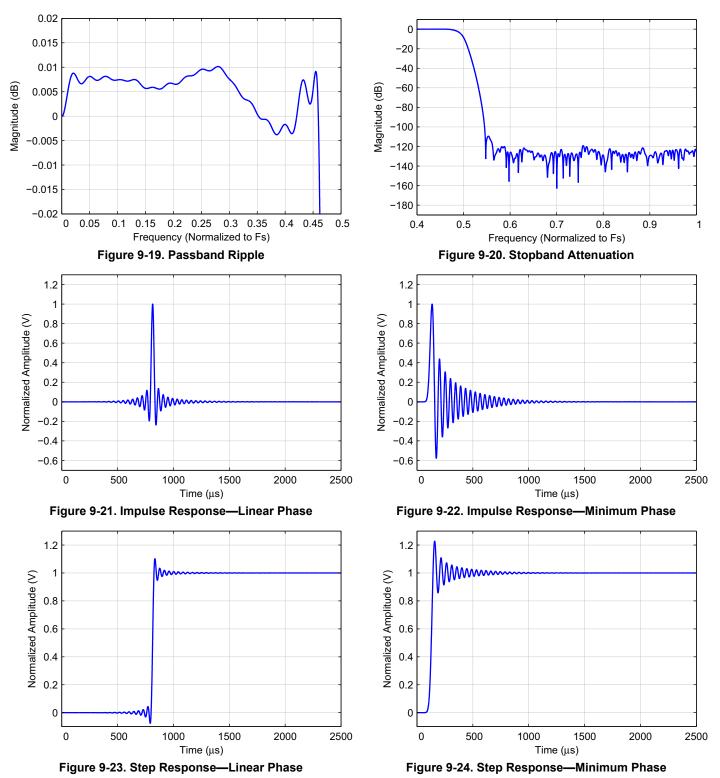


9.1.3 Combined Filter Response—Single Speed (Fs = 44.1 and 48 kHz, Slow Roll-Off)



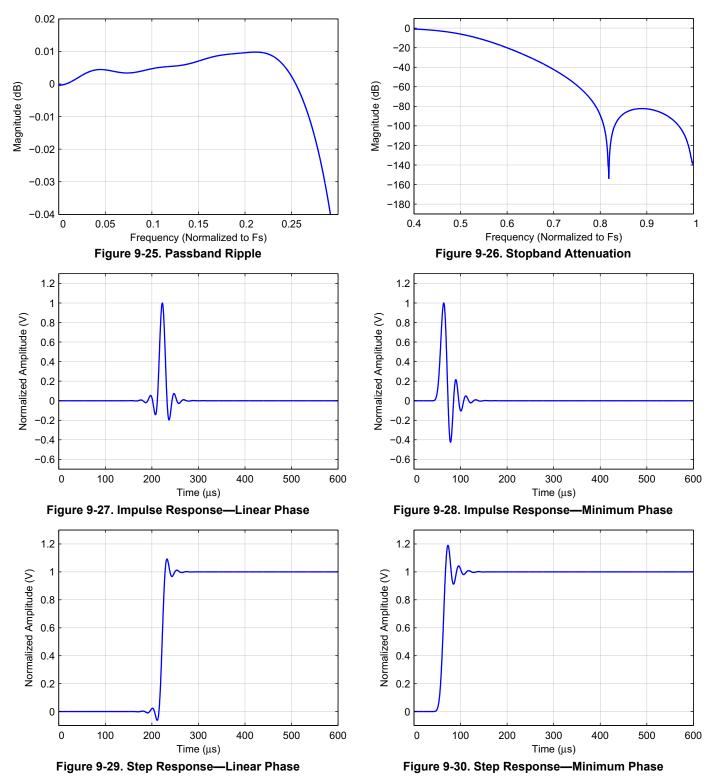


9.1.4 Combined Filter Response—Single Speed (Fs = 44.1 and 48 kHz, Fast Roll-Off)



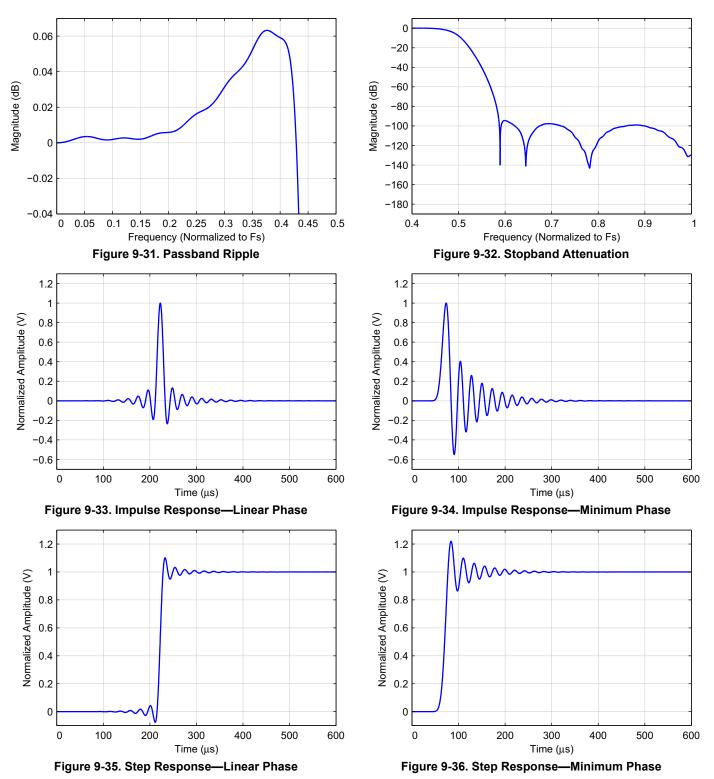


9.1.5 Combined Filter Response—Double Speed (Slow Roll-Off)



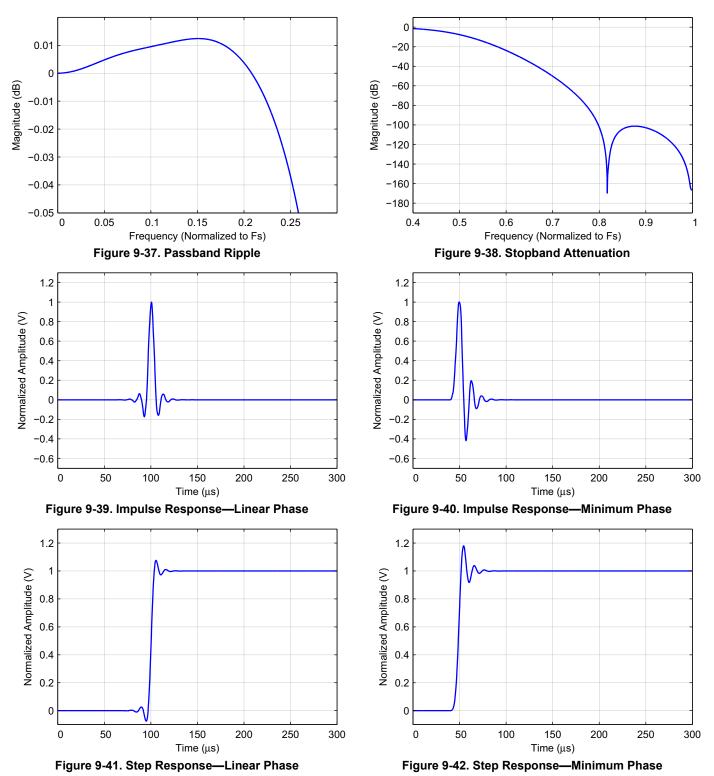


9.1.6 Combined Filter Response—Double Speed (Fast Roll-Off)



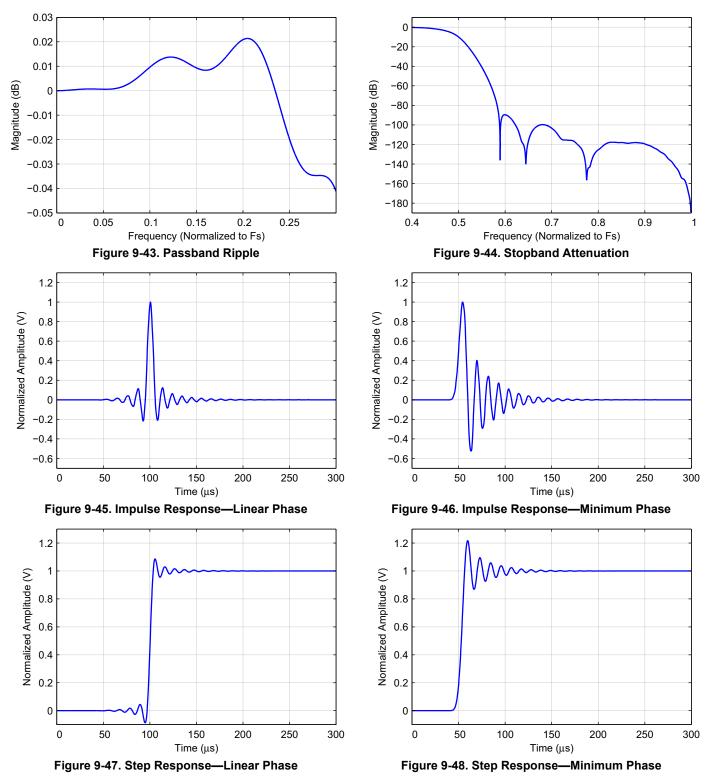


9.1.7 Combined Filter Response—Quad Speed (Slow Roll-Off)



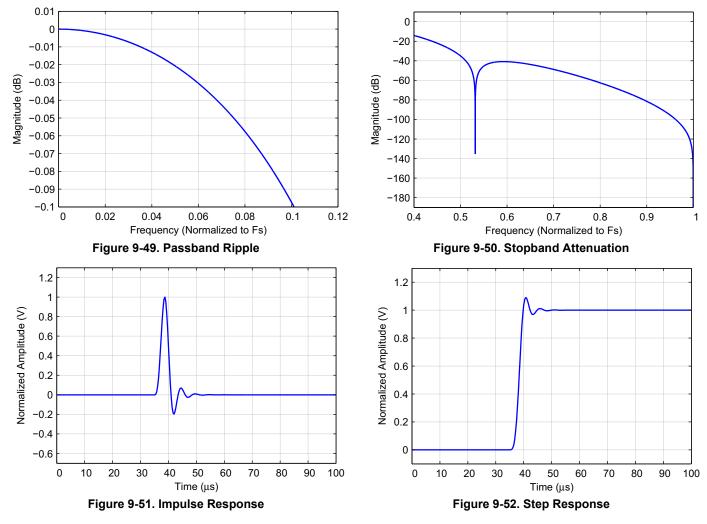


9.1.8 Combined Filter Response—Quad Speed (Fast Roll-Off)



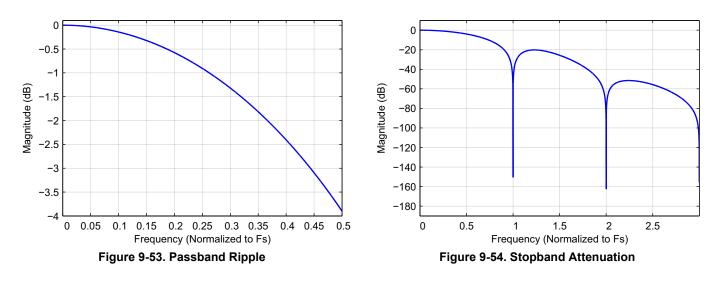


9.1.9 Combined Filter Response—Octuple Speed

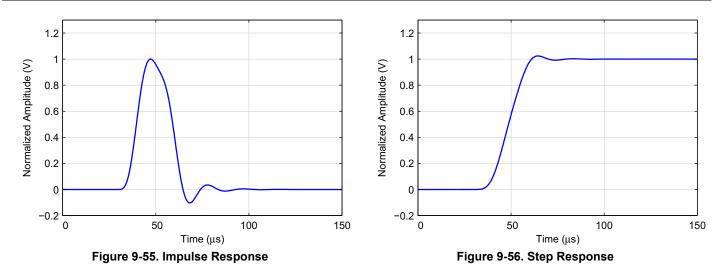


9.1.10 Combined Filter Response—Single Speed (NOS = 1)

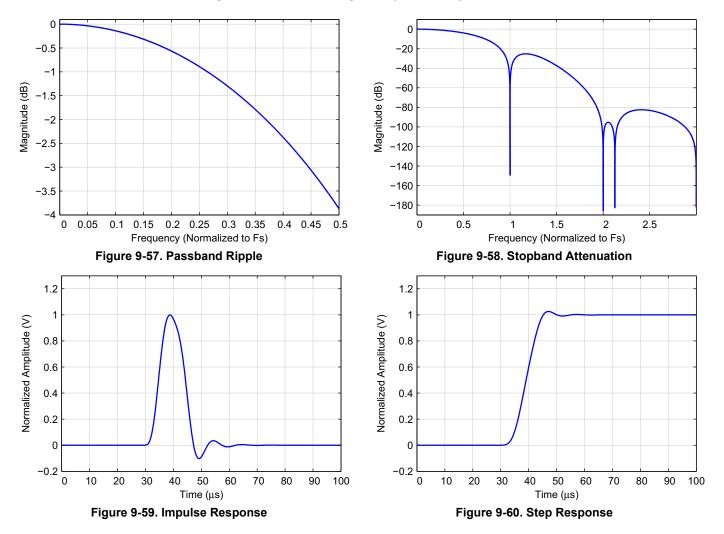
Note: 44.1 kHz and 48 kHz only.





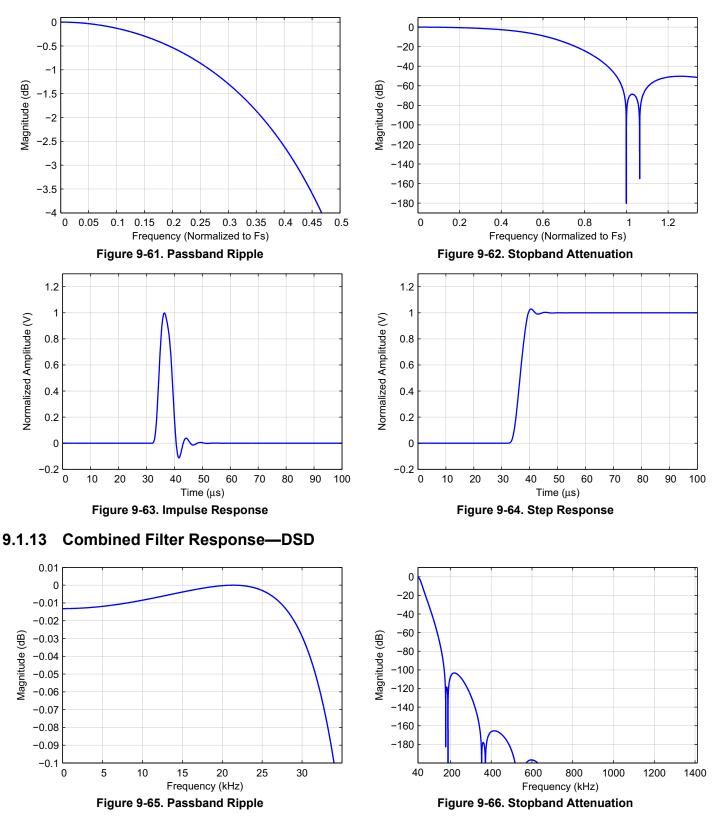


9.1.11 Combined Filter Response—Double Speed (NOS = 1)

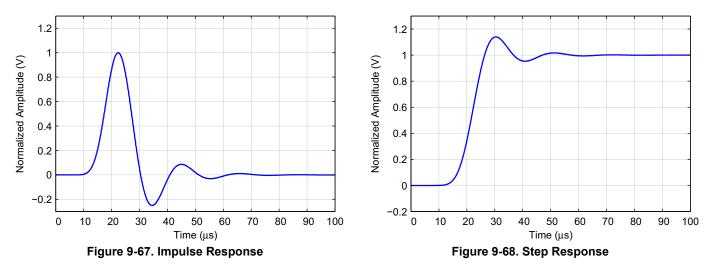




9.1.12 Combined Filter Response—Quad Speed (NOS = 1)









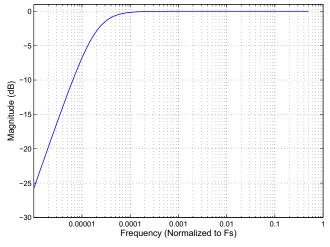
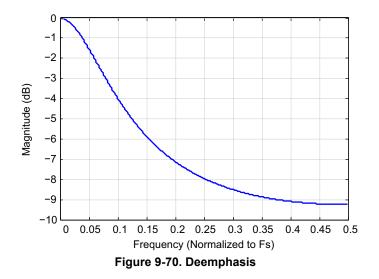


Figure 9-69. High-pass Filter for PCM and DSD Paths





10 Package Dimensions

10.1 40-Pin QFN Package Dimensions

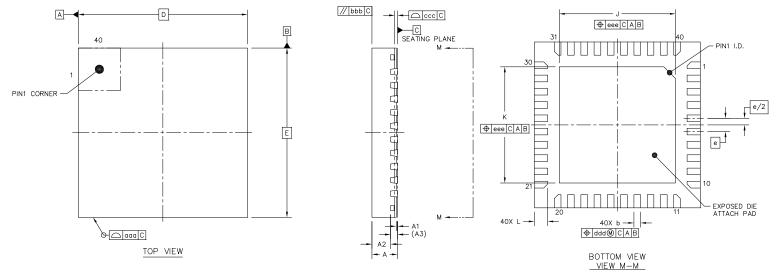


Figure 10-1. 40-Pin QFN Package Drawing

Table 10-1. 40-Pin QFN Package Dimensions

| | | Millimeters | | | | | |
|----|-------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Dim | Minimum | Nominal | Maximum | | | |
| | А | 0.7 | 0.7 0.75 | | | | |
| | A1 | 0 | 0.035 | 0.05 | | | |
| | A2 | — | 0.55 | — | | | |
| | A3 | | 0.203 REF | | | | |
| | b | 0.15 | 0.2 | 0.25 | | | |
| Х | D | 5 BSC | | | | | |
| Y | E | 5 BSC | | | | | |
| | е | 0.4 BSC | | | | | |
| Х | J | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 | | | |
| Y | K | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 | | | |
| | L | 0.35 0.4 | | 0.45 | | | |
| се | aaa | 0.1 | | | | | |
| | bbb | | 0.1 | | | | |
| | CCC | | 0.08 | | | | |
| | ddd | 0.1 | | | | | |
| | eee | | 0.1 | | | | |
| | Y X Y | A1 A2 A3 b X D Y E e X Y K L Ce bbb ccc ddd | A1 0 A2 A3 b 0.15 X D Y E e X J 3.4 Y K Ce aaa bbb ccc ddd | A1 0 0.035 A2 - 0.55 A3 0.203 REF b 0.15 0.2 X D 5 BSC Y E 5 BSC e 0.4 BSC X J 3.4 Y K 3.4 Y K 3.4 L 0.35 0.4 ce aaa 0.1 bbb 0.1 0.1 ccc 0.08 0.1 ddd 0.1 0.1 | | | |

Notes:

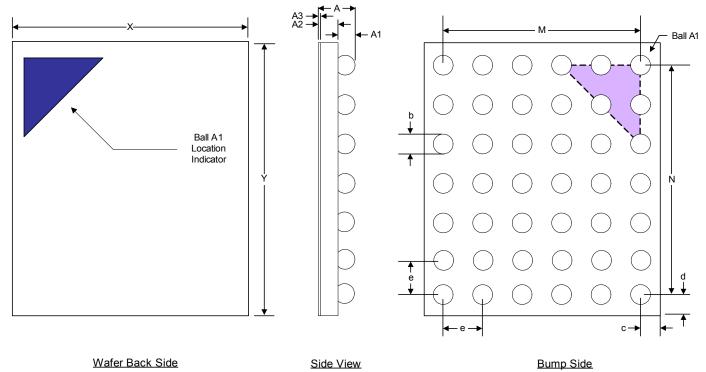
• Dimensioning and tolerances per ASME Y 14.5M–1995.

• X/Y Dimensions are estimates.

- The Ball 1 location indicator shown above is for illustration purposes only and may not be to scale.
- Dimensioning and tolerances per ASME Y 14.5M–1994.
- Dimension "b" applies to the solder sphere diameter and is measured at the midpoint between the package body and the seating plane.



10.2 42-Ball WLCSP Package Dimensions



Notes:

- Controlling dimensions are in millimeters.
- Dimensioning and tolerances per ASME Y 14.5M-1994.
- The Ball A1 position indicator is for illustration purposes only and may not be to scale.
- Dimension "b" applies to the solder sphere diameter and is measured at the midpoint between the package body and the seating plane datum Z.
- Dimension A3 describes the thickness of the backside film.

Figure 10-2. 42-Ball WLCSP Package Drawing

| Table 10-2. | 42-Ball WL | CSP Package | Dimensions |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|

| Dimension | Millimeters | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| Dimension | Minimum | Nominal | Maximum | | | |
| А | 0.461 | 0.491 | 0.521 | | | |
| A1 | 0.175 | 0.190 | 0.205 | | | |
| A2 | 0.286 | 0.301 | 0.316 | | | |
| A3 | _ | 0.022 | _ | | | |
| М | — | 2.000 | — | | | |
| N | — | 2.400 | — | | | |
| b | 0.220 | 0.270 | 0.320 | | | |
| С | — | 0.354 | — | | | |
| d | — | 0.391 | — | | | |
| е | — | 0.400 | — | | | |
| Х | _ | 2.707 | — | | | |
| Y | _ | 3.181 | — — | | | |

Notes: X/Y dimensions are estimates.

• Unless otherwise specified, tolerances are: Linear ±0.05 mm, Angular ±1 deg



11 Thermal Characteristics

| Table 11-1. | Typical JEDEC Four-Lag | ver. 2s2p Board Therma | I Characteristics |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | ISPICAL CEDECT CALLS | yoi, 2020 Boula Inolina | |

| Parameter | Symbol | WLCSP | QFN | Units |
|--|-----------------|-------|------|-------|
| Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | θ_{JA} | 42.3 | 32.7 | °C/W |
| Junction-to-board thermal resistance | θ_{JB} | 11.1 | 8.8 | °C/W |
| Junction-to-case thermal resistance | θJC | 0.22 | 0.92 | °C/W |
| Junction-to-board thermal-characterization parameter | Ψ _{JB} | 11.0 | 8.8 | °C/W |
| Junction-to-package-top thermal-characterization parameter | Ψ_{JT} | 0.09 | 0.23 | °C/W |

Notes:

• Natural convection at the maximum recommended operating temperature T_A (see Table 3-2)

• Four-layer, 2s2p PCB as specified by JESD51-9 and JESD51-11; dimensions: 101.5 x 114.5 x 1.6 mm

• Thermal parameters as defined by JESD51-12

12 Ordering Information

Table 12-1. Ordering Information

| Product | Description | Package | Halogen Free | Pb Free | Grade | Temperature Range | Container | Order Number |
|---------|--|------------------|-----------------|---------|------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 130-dB, 32-Bit High-Performance DAC with Integrated Headphone Driver and Impedance Detection | 42-ball WLCSP | Yes | Yes | Commercial | –10°C to +70°C | Tape and Reel | CS43130-CWZR |
| | | 40-pin QFN | Yes | Yes | Commercial | –10°C to +70°C | Tray Tape and Reel | CS43130-CNZ CS43130-CNZR |

13 References

• NXP Semiconductors, The I²C-Bus Specification and User Manual (UM10204). http://www.nxp.com/

14 Revision History

Table 14-1. Revision History

| Revision | Changes |
|----------|-----------------|
| F1 | Initial release |
| DEC '16 | |

Important: Please check with your Cirrus Logic sales representative to confirm that you are using the latest revision of this document and to determine whether there are errata associated with this device.



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