

Description

The 9ZXL1530D / 9ZXL1550D are second-generation enhanced-performance DB1900Z-derivative differential buffers. The parts are pin-compatible upgrades to the 9ZXL1530B and 9ZXL1550B, while offering a much improved phase jitter performance. A fixed external feedback maintains low drift for critical QPI/UPI applications. In fanout mode, the devices meet the DB2000Q additive phase jitter specification.

PCIe Clocking Architectures

- Common Clocked (CC)
- Independent Reference (IR) with and without spread spectrum

Typical Applications

- Servers
- Storage
- Networking
- SSDs

Output Features

- 15 Low-Power HCSL (LP-HCSL) output pairs (1530D)
- 15 Low-Power HCSL (LP-HCSL) output pairs with 85Ω Zout (1550D)

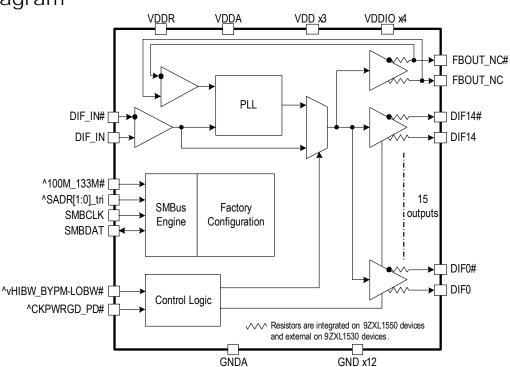
Features

- LP-HCSL outputs; eliminate 30 resistors, save 51mm² of area (1530D)
- LP-HCSL outputs with 85Ω Zout; eliminate 60 resistors, save 103mm² of area (1550D)
- SMBus OE bits; software control of each output
- 9 selectable SMBus addresses; multiple devices can share the same SMBus segment
- Selectable PLL BW; minimizes jitter peaking in cascaded PLL topologies
- Hardware/SMBus control of PLL bandwidth and bypass; change mode without power cycle
- Spread spectrum compatible; tracks spreading input clock for EMI reduction
- 9 × 9 mm 64-VFQFPN package; small board footprint

Key Specifications

- Cycle-to-cycle jitter: < 50ps
- Output-to-output skew: < 50ps
- Input-to-output delay: fixed at 0ps
- Input-to-output delay variation: < 50ps
- Additive phase jitter: PCle Gen4 < 53fs rms
- Additive phase jitter: IF-UPI < 70fs rms
- Additive phase jitter: DB2000Q filter < 80fs rms

Block Diagram



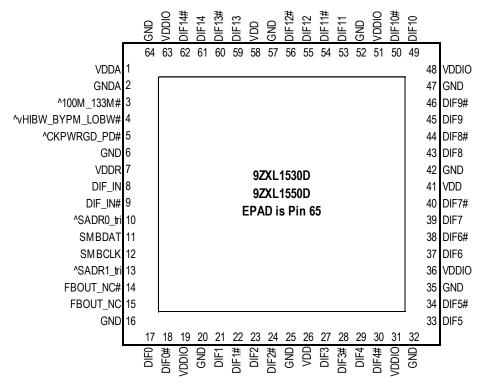


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Pin Assignments



9 x 9 mm 64-VFQFPN

Notes: Pins with ^ prefix have internal 120kohm pull-up Pins with v prefix have internal 120kohm pull-down

Pins with ^v prefix have internal 120kohm pull-up/pull-down (biased to VDD/2)

Pin Descriptions

Table 1. Pin Descriptions

Number	Name	Туре	Description
1	VDDA	Power	Power supply for PLL core.
2	GNDA	GND	Ground pin for the PLL core.
3	^100M_133M#	Latched In	3.3V input to select operating frequency. This pin has an internal $120k\Omega$ pull-up resistor. See <i>Functionality at Power-Up</i> table for definition.
4	^vHIBW_BYPM_LOBW#	Latched In	Tri-level input to select High BW, Bypass or Low BW mode. This pin is biased to $V_{DD}/2$ (Bypass Mode) with internal pull-up/pull-down resistors. See <i>PLL Operating Mode</i> table for details.
5	^CKPWRGD_PD#	Input	Input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first high assertion. Low enters Power Down Mode, subsequent high assertions exit Power Down Mode. This pin has internal $120k\Omega$ pull-up resistor.
6	GND	GND	Ground pin.
7	VDDR	Power	Power supply for differential input clock (receiver). This V_{DD} should be treated as an analog power rail and filtered appropriately. Nominally 3.3V.
8	DIF_IN	Input	HCSL true input.
9	DIF_IN#	Input	HCSL complementary input.



Table 1. Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

Number	Name	Туре	Description
10	^SADR0_tri	Input	SMBus address bit. This is a tri-level input that works in conjunction with other SADR pins, if present, to decode SMBus Addresses. It has an internal $120k\Omega$ pull-up resistor. See the <i>SMBus Addressing</i> table.
11	SMBDAT	I/O	Data pin of SMBUS circuitry.
12	SMBCLK	Input	Clock pin of SMBUS circuitry.
13	^SADR1_tri	Input	SMBus address bit. This is a tri-level input that works in conjunction with other SADR pins, if present, to decode SMBus Addresses. It has an internal $120k\Omega$ pull-up resistor. See the <i>SMBus Addressing</i> table.
14	FBOUT_NC#	Output	Complementary half of differential feedback output. This pin should NOT be connected to anything outside the chip. It exists to provide delay path matching to get 0 propagation delay.
15	FBOUT_NC	Output	True half of differential feedback output. This pin should NOT be connected to anything outside the chip. It exists to provide delay path matching to get 0 propagation delay.
16	GND	GND	Ground pin.
17	DIF0	Output	Differential true clock output.
18	DIF0#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
19	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
20	GND	GND	Ground pin.
21	DIF1	Output	Differential true clock output.
22	DIF1#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
23	DIF2	Output	Differential true clock output.
24	DIF2#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
25	GND	GND	Ground pin.
26	VDD	Power	Power supply, nominally 3.3V.
27	DIF3	Output	Differential true clock output.
28	DIF3#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
29	DIF4	Output	Differential true clock output.
30	DIF4#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
31	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
32	GND	GND	Ground pin.
33	DIF5	Output	Differential true clock output.
34	DIF5#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
35	GND	GND	Ground pin.
36	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
37	DIF6	Output	Differential true clock output.
38	DIF6#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
39	DIF7	Output	Differential true clock output.



Table 1. Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

Number	Name	Туре	Description
40	DIF7#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
41	VDD	Power	Power supply, nominally 3.3V.
42	GND	GND	Ground pin.
43	DIF8	Output	Differential true clock output.
44	DIF8#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
45	DIF9	Output	Differential true clock output.
46	DIF9#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
47	GND	GND	Ground pin.
48	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
49	DIF10	Output	Differential true clock output.
50	DIF10#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
51	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
52	GND	GND	Ground pin.
53	DIF11	Output	Differential true clock output.
54	DIF11#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
55	DIF12	Output	Differential true clock output.
56	DIF12#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
57	GND	GND	Ground pin.
58	VDD	PWR	Power supply, nominally 3.3V.
59	DIF13	Output	Differential true clock output.
60	DIF13#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
61	DIF14	Output	Differential true clock output.
62	DIF14#	Output	Differential complementary clock output.
63	VDDIO	Power	Power supply for differential outputs.
64	GND	GND	Ground pin.
65	EPAD	GND	EPAD should be connected to GND.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the 9ZXL1530D / 9ZXL1550D. These ratings, which are standard values for IDT commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{DDx}				3.9	V	1,2
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}		GND - 0.5			V	1
Input Low Voltage	V_{IH}	Except for SMBus interface.			V _{DD} + 0.5	V	1,3
Input High Voltage, SMBus	V _{IHSMB}	SMBus clock and data pins.			3.9	V	1
Storage Temperature	Ts		-65		150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	Tj				125	°C	1
Input ESD Protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model.	2000			V	1

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics

Table 3. SMBus Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
SMBus Input Low Voltage	V _{ILSMB}				0.8	V	
SMBus Input High Voltage	V _{IHSMB}		2.1		$V_{\rm DDSMB}$	V	
SMBus Output Low Voltage	V _{OLSMB}	At I _{PULLUP.}			0.4	V	
SMBus Sink Current	I _{PULLUP}	At V _{OL.}	4			mA	
Nominal Bus Voltage	$V_{\rm DDSMB}$		2.7		3.6	V	1
SCLK/SDATA Rise Time	t _{RSMB}	(Max V_{IL} - 0.15V) to (Min V_{IH} + 0.15V).			1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Fall Time	t _{FSMB}	(Min V_{IH} + 0.15V) to (Max V_{IL} - 0.15V).			300	ns	1
SMBus Operating Frequency	f _{SMBMAX}	Maximum SMBus operating frequency.			400	kHz	5

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

³ Not to exceed 3.9V.

² Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

³ Time from deassertion until outputs are > 200mV.

⁴ DIF IN input.

⁵ The differential input clock must be running for the SMBus to be active.



Table 4. DIF_IN Clock Input Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Input Crossover Voltage – DIF_IN	V _{CROSS}	Cross over voltage.	150		900	mV	1
Input Swing – DIF_IN	V_{SWING}	Differential value.	300			mV	1
Input Slew Rate – DIF_IN	dv/dt	Measured differentially.	0.4		8	V/ns	1,2
Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$, $V_{IN} = GND$.	-5		5	μΑ	
Input Duty Cycle	d _{tin}	Measurement from differential waveform.	45		55	%	1
Input Jitter – Cycle to Cycle	J _{DIFIn}	Differential measurement.	0		125	ps	1

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

Table 5. Input/Supply/Common Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage	V_{DDx}	Supply voltage for core and analog.	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Output Supply Voltage	V_{DDIO}	Supply voltage for DIF outputs, if present.	0.95	1.05	3.465	V	
Ambient Operating Temperature	T _{AMB}	Industrial range (T _{IND}).	-40		85	°C	
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus, tri-level inputs.	2		V _{DD} + 0.3	V	
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus, tri-level inputs.	GND - 0.3		0.8	V	
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	Tri-level inputs (pins with 'tri' suffix).	2.2		V _{DD} + 0.3	V	
Input Mid Voltage	V _{IL}	Tri-level inputs (pins with 'tri' suffix).	1.2	V _{DDx} /2	1.8	V	
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	Tri-level inputs (pins with 'tri' suffix).	GND - 0.3		0.8	V	
	I _{IN}	Single-ended inputs, $V_{IN} = GND$, $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$.	-5		5	μA	
Input Current	I _{INP}	Single-ended inputs. V _{IN} = 0 V; inputs with internal pull-up resistors. V _{IN} = V _{DD} ; inputs with internal pull-down resistors.	-50		50	μА	
	F _{ibyp}	Bypass Mode.	1		400	MHz	
Input Frequency	F _{ipII}	100MHz PLL Mode.	98	100.00	102	MHz	
	F _{ipll}	133.33MHz PLL Mode.	130	133.33	136	MHz	
Pin Inductance	L _{pin}				7	nΗ	1

² Slew rate measured through ±75mV window centered around differential zero.



Table 5. Input/Supply/Common Parameters (Cont.)

T_{AMB} = over the specified operating range. Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; see Test Loads for loading conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
	C _{IN}	Logic inputs, except DIF_IN.	1.5		5	pF	1
Capacitance	C _{INDIF_IN}	DIF_IN differential clock inputs.	1.5		2.7	pF	1,4
	C _{OUT}	Output pin capacitance.			6	pF	1
Clk Stabilization	T _{STAB}	From V _{DD} power-up and after input clock stabilization or deassertion of PD# to 1st clock.			1.8	ms	1,2
Input SS Modulation Frequency PCIe	f _{MODINPCle}	Allowable frequency for PCIe applications (Triangular modulation).	30		33	kHz	
Tdrive_PD#	t _{DRVPD}	DIF output enable after PD# deassertion.			300	μs	1,3
Tfall	t _F	Fall time of control inputs.			5	ns	2
Trise	t _R	Rise time of control inputs.			5	ns	2

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

Table 6. Current Consumption

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
	I _{DDA+R}	V_{DDA} + V_{DDR} pins, all outputs at 100MHz, C_L = 2pF; Zo = 85 Ω .		54	65	mA	
Operating Supply Current	I _{DDO}	V_{DDIO} pins, all outputs at 100MHz, C_L = 2pF; Zo = 85 Ω .		77	92	mA	
	I _{DDx}	All other V_{DD} pins, all outputs at 100MHz, C_L = 2pF; Zo = 85 Ω .		27	34	mA	
	I _{DDA+R}	$V_{\rm DDA}$ + $V_{\rm DDR}$ pins, all outputs Low/Low.		4	5	mA	
Power Down Current	I_{DDO}	V _{DDIO} pins, all outputs Low/Low.		0.04	0.1	mA	
Current	I_{DDx}	All other $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}$ pins, all outputs Low/Low.		0.46	0.6	mA	

 $^{^{2}}$ Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

³ Time from deassertion until outputs are > 200mV.

⁴ DIF_IN input.



Table 7. Skew and Differential Jitter Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Notes
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{SPO_PLL}	Input-to-output skew in PLL Mode at 100MHz, nominal temperature and voltage.	' _100		100	ps	1,2,4,5 ,8
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{PD_BYP}	Input-to-output skew in Bypass Mode at 100MHz, nominal temperature and voltage.	2.2	2.9	3.5	ns	1,2,3,5 ,8
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{DSPO_PLL}	Input-to-output skew variation in PLL Mode at 100MHz, across voltage and temperature.	-50	0	50	ps	1,2,3,5 ,8
		Input-to-output skew variation in Bypass Mode at 100MHz, across voltage and temperature.	-250		250	ps	1,2,3,5 ,8
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{DSPO_BYP}	Input-to-output skew variation in Bypass Mode at 100MHz, across voltage and temperature, $T_{AMB} = T_{IND}$.	-350		350	ps	1,2,3,5 ,8
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{DTE}	Random differential tracking error between two 9ZX devices in High BW Mode.			5	ps (rms)	1,2,3,5 ,8
CLK_IN, DIF[x:0]	t _{DSSTE}	Random differential spread spectrum tracking error between two 9ZX devices in High BW Mode.				ps	1,2,3,5 ,8
DIF[x:0]	t _{SKEW_ALL}	Output-to-output skew across all outputs, common to PLL and Bypass Mode, at 100MHz.		36	50	ps	1,2,3,8
PLL Jitter Peaking	j _{peak-hibw}	LOBW#_BYPASS_HIBW = 1.	0	1	2.5	dB	7,8
PLL Jitter Peaking	j _{peak-lobw}	LOBW#_BYPASS_HIBW = 0.	0	1	2	dB	7,8
PLL Bandwidth	pll _{HIBW}	LOBW#_BYPASS_HIBW = 1.	2	3	4	MHz	8,9
PLL Bandwidth	pll _{LOBW}	LOBW#_BYPASS_HIBW = 0.	0.7	1	1.4	MHz	8,9
Duty Cycle	t _{DC}	Measured differentially, PLL Mode.	45	50	55	%	1
Duty Cycle Distortion	t _{DCD}	Measured differentially, Bypass Mode at 100MHz.	-1	0	1	%	1,10
litter Cycle to Cycle	+	PLL Mode.		20	50	ps	1,11
Jitter, Cycle to Cycle	t _{jcyc-cyc}	Additive jitter in Bypass Mode.		3	10	ps	1,11

¹ Measured into fixed 2pF load cap. Input to output skew is measured at the first output edge following the corresponding input.

² Measured from differential cross-point to differential cross-point. This parameter can be tuned with external feedback path, if present.

³ All Bypass Mode input-to-output specs refer to the timing between an input edge and the specific output edge created by it.

⁴ This parameter is deterministic for a given device.

⁵ Measured with scope averaging on to find mean value.

⁶ "t" is the period of the input clock.

⁷ Measured as maximum pass band gain. At frequencies within the loop BW, highest point of magnification is called PLL jitter peaking.

⁸ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

⁹ Measured at 3db down or half power point.

¹⁰ Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the output and the input clock when the device is operated in Bypass Mode.

¹¹ Measured from differential waveform.



Table 8. HCSL/LP-HCSL Outputs

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limits	Units	Notes
Slew Rate	dV/dt	Scope averaging on.	2	2.6	4	1–4	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew Rate Matching	ΔdV/dt	Single-ended measurement.		7	19.7	20	%	1,4,7
Maximum Voltage	Vmax	Measurement on	660	815	888	1150		7
Minimum Voltage	Vmin	single-ended signal using absolute value (scope averaging off).	-117	-50		-300	mV	7
Crossing Voltage (abs)	Vcross_abs	Scope averaging off.	250	399	550	250–550	mV	1,5,7
Crossing Voltage (var)	Δ-Vcross	Scope averaging off.		24	63	140	mV	1,6,7

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² Measured from differential waveform.

³ Slew rate is measured through the Vswing voltage range centered around differential 0V. This results in a ±150mV window around differential 0V.

⁴ Matching applies to rising edge rate for Clock and falling edge rate for Clock#. It is measured using a ±75mV window centered on the average cross point where Clock rising meets Clock# falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations.

⁵ Vcross is defined as voltage where Clock = Clock# measured on a component test board and only applies to the differential rising edge (i.e. Clock rising and Clock# falling).

⁶ The total variation of all Vcross measurements in any particular system. Note that this is a subset of Vcross_min/max (Vcross absolute) allowed. The intent is to limit Vcross induced modulation by setting Δ-Vcross to be smaller than Vcross absolute.

⁷ At default SMBus settings.



Table 9. Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters - PCIe Common Clocked (CC) Architectures

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limits	Units	Notes
	^t jphPCleG1-CC	PCIe Gen1.		13	34	86	ps (p-p)	1,2,3
		PCIe Gen2 Low Band 10kHz < f < 1.5MHz (PLL BW of 5–16MHz or 8–16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		0.2	0.63	3	ps (rms)	1,2
Phase Jitter, PLL Mode	•	PCIe Gen2 High Band 1.5MHz < f < Nyquist (50MHz) (PLL BW of 5–16MHz or 8–16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		1.0	1.47	3.1	ps (rms)	1,2
	t _{jphPCleG3-CC}	PCIe Gen3 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz or 2–5MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.2	0.34	1	ps (rms)	1,2
	t _{jphPCleG4-CC}	PCIe Gen4 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz or 2–5MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.2	0.34	0.5	ps (rms)	1,2
	t _{jphPCleG1-CC}	PCIe Gen1.		0.01	0.052		ps (p-p)	1,2,3,4
		PCIe Gen2 Low Band 10kHz < f < 1.5MHz (PLL BW of 5–16MHz or 8–16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		0.01	0.052		ps (rms)	1,2,3,4
Additive Phase Jitter, Bypass Mode	^t jphPCleG2-CC	PCIe Gen2 High Band 1.5MHz < f < Nyquist (50MHz) (PLL BW of 5–16MHz or 8–16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		0.0	0.052	Not Applicable	ps (rms)	1,2,3,4
	t _{jphPCleG3-CC}	PCIe Gen3 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz or 2–5MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.01	0.052		ps (rms)	1,2,3,4
	t _{jphPCleG4-CC}	PCIe Gen4 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz or 2–5MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.01	0.052		ps (rms)	1,2,3,4



Table 10. Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters - PCIe Independent Reference (IR) Architectures

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limit	Units	Notes
Phase Jitter,	t _{jphPCleG2-SRIS}	PCIe Gen2 (PLL BW of 16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		0.9	1.05	2	ps (rms)	1,2,5
PLL Mode t _{jphPCleG3-SRIS}		PCIe Gen3 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.6	0.68	0.7	ps (rms)	1,2,5
Additive Phase Jitter, Bypass	t _{jphPCleG2-SRIS}	PCIe Gen2 (PLL BW of 16MHz, CDR = 5MHz).		0.01	0.042	Not	ps (rms)	1,2,4,5
Mode Mode	t _{jphPCleG3-SRIS}	PCIe Gen3 (PLL BW of 2–4MHz, CDR = 10MHz).		0.01	0.042	applicable	ps (rms)	1,2,4,5

Notes for PCIe Filtered Phase Jitter tables (CC) and (IR).

Table 11. Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters - QPI/UPI

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limit	Units	Notes
		QPI & UPI (100MHz or 133MHz, 4.8Gb/s, 6.4Gb/s 12UI).		0.14	0.25	0.5		1,2
Phase Jitter,	^t jphQPI_UPI	QPI & UPI (100MHz, 8.0Gb/s, 12UI).		0.07	0.09	0.3	ps	1,2
PLL Mode		QPI & UPI (100MHz, ≥ 9.6Gb/s, 12UI).		0.06	0.074	0.2	(rms)	1,2
	t _{jphIF-UPI}	IF-UPI.		0.1 0.17	0.14 0.2	1		1,4,5
Additive		QPI & UPI (100MHz or 133MHz, 4.8Gb/s, 6.4Gb/s 12UI).		0.00	0.01			1,2,3
Phase Jitter,	^t jphQPI_UPI	QPI & UPI (100MHz, 8.0Gb/s, 12UI).		0.00	0.01	Not applicable	ps (rma)	1,2,3
Bypass Mode		QPI & UPI (100MHz, ≥ 9.6Gb/s, 12UI).		0.00	0.01	αρριιοασίο	(rms)	1,2,3
	t _{jphIF-UPI}	IF-UPI.		0.06	0.07			1,4

¹ Applies to all differential outputs, guaranteed by design and characterization.

¹ Applies to all differential outputs, guaranteed by design and characterization.

² Calculated from Intel™-supplied clock jitter tool when driven by 9SQL495x or equivalent with spread on and off.

³ Sample size of at least 100K cycles. This figure extrapolates to 108ps pk-pk at 1M cycles for a BER of 1⁻¹².

⁴ For RMS values, additive jitter is calculated by solving for b $[b = sqrt(c^2 - a^2)]$ where "a" is rms input jitter and "c" is rms total jitter.

⁵ IR is the new name for Separate Reference Independent Spread (SRIS) and Separate Reference no Spread (SRNS) PCIe clock architectures. According to the PCIe Base Specification Rev4.0 version 0.7 draft, the jitter transfer functions and corresponding jitter limits are not defined for the IR clock architecture. Widely accepted industry limits using widely accepted industry filters are used to populate this table. There are no accepted filters or limits for IR clock architectures at PCIe Gen1 or Gen4 data rates.

² Calculated from Intel-supplied clock jitter tool, when driven by 9SQL495x or equivalent with spread on and off.

³ For RMS values, additive jitter is calculated by solving for b $[b = sqrt(c^2 - a^2)]$ where "a" is rms input jitter and "c" is rms total jitter.

⁴ Calculated from phase noise analyzer when driven by Wenzel Associates source with Intel-specified brick-wall filter applied.

⁵ Top number is when the buffer is in Low BW mode; bottom number is when the buffer is in High BW mode.



Table 12. Filtered Phase Jitter Parameters - DB2000Q Filter

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limit	Units	Notes
Additive Phase Jitter	^t jph12k-20Madd	100MHz		50		80	fs (rms)	1,2

¹ Applies to all outputs when driven by Wenzel Associates source.

Table 13. Unfiltered Phase Jitter Parameters – 12kHz to 20MHz

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Specification Limit	Units	Notes
Phase Jitter, PLL Mode	t _{jph12k-20MHi}	PLL High BW, SSC Off, 100MHz		194	233		fs (rms)	1,2
Phase Jitter, PLL Mode	t _{jph12k-20MLo}	PLL Low BW, SSC Off, 100MHz		212	248	Not applicable	fs (rms)	1,2
Additive Phase Jitter, Bypass Mode	t _{jph12k-20MByp}	Bypass Mode, SSC Off, 100MHz		105	124		fs (rms)	1,2,3

¹ Applies to all outputs when driven by Wenzel Associates source.

² For RMS values, additive jitter is calculated by solving for b $[b = sqrt(c^2 - a^2)]$ where "a" is rms input jitter and "c" is rms total jitter.

² 12kHz to 20MHz brick wall filter.

³ For RMS values, additive jitter is calculated by solving for b $[b = sqrt(c^2 - a^2)]$ where "a" is rms input jitter and "c" is rms total jitter.



Clock Periods

Table 14. Clock Periods - Differential Outputs with Spread Spectrum Disabled

		Measurement Window								
		1 Clock	1µs	0.1s	0.1s	0.1s	1µs	1 Clock		
SSC On	Center Frequency MHz	-c2cjitter AbsPer Minimum	-SSC Short-Term Average Minimum	-ppm Long-Term Average Minimum	0 ppm Period Nominal	+ppm Long-Term Average Maximum	+SSC Short-Term Average Maximum	+c2cjitter AbsPer Maximum	Units	Notes
DIF	100.00	9.94900	_	9.99900	10.00000	10.00100	_	10.05100	ns	1,2,3
Dii	133.33	7.44925	_	7.49925	7.50000	7.50075	_	7.55075	ns	1,2,4

Table 15. Clock Periods - Differential Outputs with Spread Spectrum Enabled

		Measurement Window								
		1 Clock	1µs	0.1s	0.1s	0.1s	1µs	1 Clock		
SSC On	Center Frequency MHz	-c2cjitter AbsPer Minimum	-SSC Short-Term Average Minimum	-ppm Long-Term Average Minimum	0 ppm Period Nominal	+ppm Long-Term Average Maximum	+SSC Short-Term Average Maximum	+c2cjitter AbsPer Maximum	Units	Notes
DIF	99.75	9.94906	9.99906	10.02406	10.02506	10.02607	10.05107	10.10107	ns	1,2,3
DIF	133.00	7.44930	7.49930	7.51805	7.51880	7.51955	7.53830	7.58830	ns	1,2,4

¹ Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

² All Long Term Accuracy specifications are guaranteed with the assumption that the input clock complies with CK420BQ accuracy requirements (±100ppm). The buffer itself does not contribute to ppm error.

³ Driven by SRC output of main clock, 100MHz PLL Mode or Bypass Mode.

⁴ Driven by CPU output of main clock, 133MHz PLL Mode or Bypass Mode.



Power Management

Inputs		Control Bits			
CKPWRGD_PD#	DIF_IN/DIF_IN#	SMBus EN bit	DIFx/DIFx#	FBOUT_NC/FBOUT_NC#	PLL State
0	Х	Х	Low/Low	Low/Low	Off
1	Running	0	Low/Low	Running	On
1	Kullillig	1	Running	Running	On

Power Connections

V _{DD}	V _{DDIO}	GND	Description
1		2	Analog PLL
7		6	Analog input
26, 41, 58	19, 31, 36, 48, 51, 63	16, 20, 25, 32, 35, 42, 47, 52, 57, 64	DIF clocks

Functionality at Power-Up (PLL Mode)

100M_133M#	Input (MHz)	Output (MHz)
1	100.00	100.00
0	133.33	133.33

PLL Operating Mode

HIBW_BYPM_LOBW#	Byte 0, bit [7:6]
Low (PLL Low BW)	00
Mid (Bypass)	01
High (PLL High BW)	11



SMBus Addressing

SADR[1:0]_tri	SMBus Address (Read/Write bit = 0)
00	D8
OM	DA
01	DE
M0	C2
MM	C4
M1	C6
10	CA
1M	CC
11	CE

Test Loads

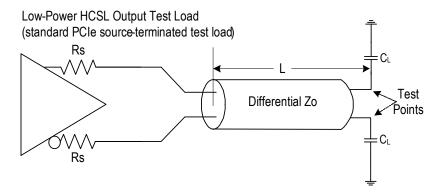


Table 16. Parameters for Low-Power HCSL Output Test Load

Device	Rs (Ω)	Ζο (Ω)	L (inches)	C _L (pF)
9ZXL1530	27	85	10	2
9ZAL 1030	33	100	10	2
9ZXL1550*	Internal	85	10	2
9ZVF 1990	7.5	100	10	2

^{*} Contact factory for versions of this device with Zo = 100Ω .

Alternate Terminations

The LP-HCSL output can easily drive other logic families. See <u>"AN-891 Driving LVPECL, LVDS, and CML Logic with IDT's "Universal" Low-Power HCSL Outputs"</u> for termination schemes for LVPECL, LVDS, CML and SSTL.



General SMBus Serial Interface Information

How to Write

- Controller (host) sends a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the byte count = X
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte N-Byte N+X-1
- IDT clock will acknowledge each byte one at a time
- Controller (host) sends a stop bit

Index Block Write Operation									
Control	ler (Host)		IDT (Slave/Receiver)						
Т	starT bit								
Slave	Slave Address								
WR	WRite								
			ACK						
Beginnin	g Byte = N								
			ACK						
Data Byte	Count = X								
			ACK						
Beginnii	ng Byte N								
			ACK						
0									
0		X Byte	0						
0		тe	0						
			0						
Byte N	I + X - 1								
			ACK						
Р	stoP bit								

How to Read

- Controller (host) will send a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit
- Controller (host) sends the read address
- IDT clock will acknowledge
- IDT clock will send the data byte count = X
- IDT clock sends Byte N+X-1
- IDT clock sends Byte 0-Byte X (if X_(H) was written to Byte 8)
- Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

	Index Block Read Operation							
Controll	er (Host)		IDT (Slave/Receiver)					
T	starT bit							
Slave A	Address							
WR	WRite							
			ACK					
Beginning	Byte = N							
			ACK					
RT	Repeat starT							
Slave A	Address							
RD	ReaD							
			ACK					
			Data Byte Count = X					
AC	CK							
			Beginning Byte N					
AC	CK							
		e	0					
()	X Byte	0					
)		0					
0								
			Byte N + X - 1					
N	Not							
Р	stoP bit							



SMBus Table: PLL Mode and Frequency Select Register

Byte 0	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	_	PLL Mode 1	PLL Operating Mode Readback 1	R	See PLL Operating Mode table		Latch
Bit 6	_	PLL Mode 0	PLL Operating Mode Readback 0	R			Latch
Bit 5	Reserved						0
Bit 4	_	DIF_14_En	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 3	_	DIF_13_En	Output Control	RW	(Low/Low)		1
Bit 2			Reserved				0
Bit 1	Reserved						0
Bit 0	_	100M_133M#	Frequency Select Readback	R	133MHz	100MHz	Latch

SMBus Table: Output Control Register

Byte 1	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	_	DIF_5_En	Output Enable	RW	Disable (Low/Low)	Enable	1
Bit 6	Bit 6 Reserved						
Bit 5	_	DIF_4_En	Output Enable	RW		Enable	1
Bit 4	_	DIF_3_En	Output Enable	RW			1
Bit 3	_	DIF_2_En	Output Enable	RW	Disable (Low/Low)		1
Bit 2	_	DIF_1_En	Output Enable	RW	(===::)		1
Bit 1	_	DIF_0_En	Output Enable	RW			1
Bit 0			Reserved				0

SMBus Table: Output Control Register

Byte 2	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default		
Bit 7	_	DIF_12_En	Output Control	RW	Disable (Low/Low)				1
Bit 6	_	DIF_11_En	Output Control	RW		Enable	1		
Bit 5	_	DIF_10_En	Output Control	RW			1		
Bit 4	Bit 4 Reserved								
Bit 3	_	DIF_9_En	Output Enable	RW		Enable	1		
Bit 2	_	DIF_8_En	Output Enable	RW	Disable		1		
Bit 1	_	DIF_7_En	Output Enable	RW	(Low/Low)		1		
Bit 0	_	DIF_6_En	Output Enable	RW			1		



SMBus Table: Reserved Register

Byte 3	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	_	amp[2]	Olah al Differential Outrot Control	RW			1
Bit 6	_	amp[1]	Global Differential Output Control (LP-HCSL Outputs Only)	RW	0.3V-1V 100mV/step Default = 0.8V		0
Bit 5	_	amp[0]	(El Tiool outputs only)	RW			1
Bit 4			Reserved				0
Bit 3	_	PLL_SW_EN	Enable S/W Control of PLL BW	RW	Hardware Latch	SMBus Control	0
Bit 2	_	PLL Mode 1	PLL Operating Mode 1	RW	See PLL Opera	ting Madatable	Latch
Bit 1	_	PLL Mode 0	PLL Operating Mode 1	RW	See FLL Opera	Latch	
Bit 0	Bit 0 Reserved						0

Note: Setting bit 3 to '1' allows the user to override the latch value from pin 4 via use of bits 2 and 1. Use the values from the *PLL Operating Mode* table. Note that Byte 0, bits 7 and 6 will keep the value originally latched on pin 4. If the user changes these bits, a warm reset of the system will have to be accomplished.

SMBus Table: Reserved Register

Byte 4	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default	
Bit 7	t 7 Reserved							
Bit 6		Reserved						
Bit 5	Reserved							
Bit 4	Reserved						0	
Bit 3			Reserved				0	
Bit 2	Reserved						0	
Bit 1	Reserved						0	
Bit 0			Reserved				0	

SMBus Table: Vendor & Revision ID Register

Byte 5	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	_	RID3		R			0
Bit 6	_	RID2	REVISION ID	R D = 0011	0		
Bit 5	_	RID1	KENDION ID	R	D = 0011		1
Bit 4	_	RID0					1
Bit 3	_	VID3		R			0
Bit 2	_	VID2	VENDOR ID	R	ICS/IDT = 0001		0
Bit 1	_	VID1	VENDOR ID	R			0
Bit 0	_	VID0		R			



SMBus Table: Device ID

Byte 6	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	_	Device ID 7 (MSB)		R			1
Bit 6	_		Device ID 6	R			х
Bit 5	_		Device ID 5	R	1530/1550 is 155 Decimal or 9B Hex		0
Bit 4	_		Device ID 4	R			х
Bit 3	_		Device ID 3	R	1550/1550 15 155 1	Decimal of 96 flex	Х
Bit 2	_		Device ID 2	R			0
Bit 1	_		Device ID 1	R			1
Bit 0	_		Device ID 0	R			1

SMBus Table: Byte Count Register

Byte 7	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Туре	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved						
Bit 6	Reserved						
Bit 5	Reserved						
Bit 4	_	BC4		RW		0	
Bit 3	_	BC3		RW	Default value is 8 hex, so 9 bytes (0 to 8) will be read back by default.		1
Bit 2	_	BC2	Writing to this register configures how many bytes will be read back.	RW			0
Bit 1	_	BC1		RW			0
Bit 0	_	BC0		RW		0	

Package Outline Drawings

The package outline drawings are appended at the end of this document and are also accessible from the link below. The package information is the most current data available and is subject to change without notice or revision of this document.

www.idt.com/document/psc/nlg64-package-outline-90-x-90-mm-body-050-mm-pitch-qfn-epad-size-615-x-615-mm

Ordering Information

Orderable Part Number	Differential Output Impedance (Ω)	Package	Carrier Type	Temperature
9ZXL1530DKILF	33	9 x 9 mm, 0.50mm pitch 64-VFQFPN	Trays	-40°C to +85°C
9ZXL1530DKILFT	33	9 x 9 mm, 0.50mm pitch 64-VFQFPN	Reel	-40°C to +85°C
9ZXL1550DKILF	85	9 x 9 mm, 0.50mm pitch 64-VFQFPN	Trays	-40°C to +85°C
9ZXL1550DKILFT	85	9 x 9 mm, 0.50mm pitch 64-VFQFPN	Reel	-40°C to +85°C

[&]quot;LF" designates PB-free configuration, RoHS compliant.

[&]quot;D" is the device revision designator (will not correlate with the datasheet revision).



Marking Diagrams

ICS 9ZXL1530DIL LOT COO YYWW

ICS 9ZXL1550DIL LOT COO YYWW

- 1. "I" denotes industrial temperature range
- 2. "L" denotes RoHS compliant package.
- 3. "YYWW" denotes the last two digits of the year and week the part was assembled.
- 4. "COO" denotes country of origin.
- 5. "LOT" denotes the lot number.

Revision History

Revision Date	Description of Change	
April 12, 2018	Updated absolute maximum supply voltage rating and VIHSMB to 3.9V.	
February 13, 2018	 Updated front page text to indicate DB2000Q compatibility. Removed reference to 5V tolerance in description of SMBDAT and SMBCLK pins. Added DB2000Q additive phase jitter table. 	
December 1, 2017	Removed "5V tolerant" reference in pins 11 and 12 descriptions.	
November 2, 2017	 Corrected PCIe, UPI phase jitter tables per characterization data. Corrected transposed values for HiBW and Bypass Mode unfiltered phase jitter. 	
September 29, 2017	Initial release.	



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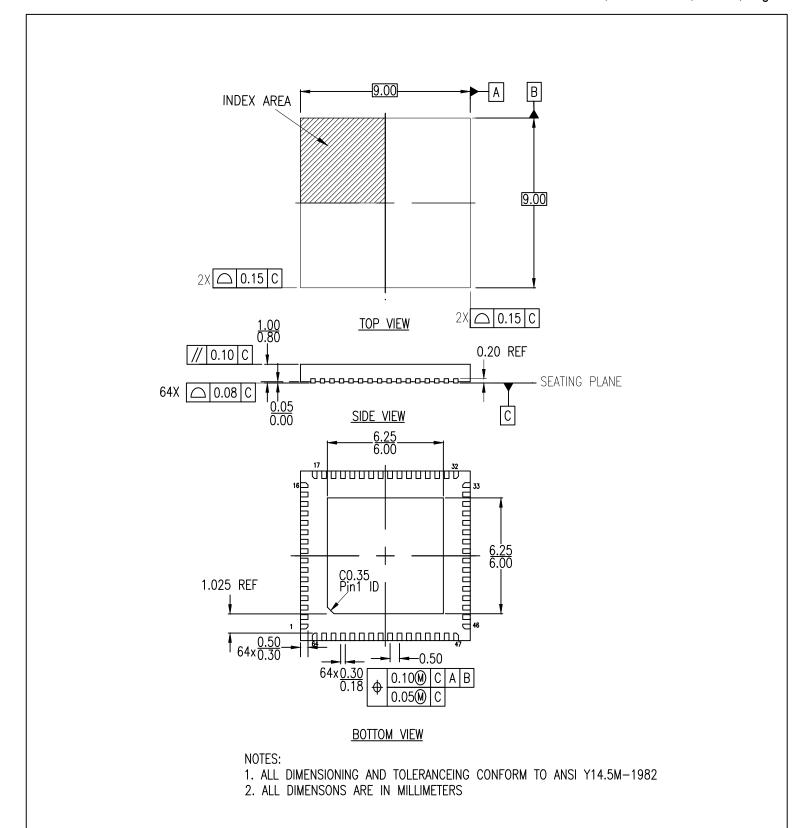
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64-VFQFPN, Package Outline Drawing

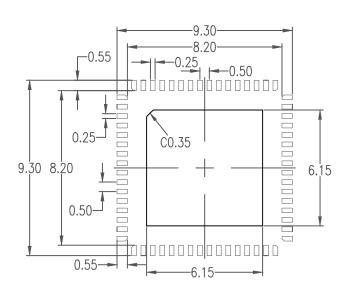
9.0 x 9.0 x 0.9 mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch, Epad 6.15 x 6.15 mm NLG64P2, PSC-4147-02, Rev 01, Page 1





64-VFQFPN, Package Outline Drawing

9.0 x 9.0 x 0.9 mm Body, 0.5mm Pitch, Epad 6.15 x 6.15 mm NLG64P2, PSC-4147-02, Rev 01, Page 2



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN DIMENSION

NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1982
- 2. ALL DIMENSONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
- 3. LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION PER IPC-7351B GENERIC REQUIREMENT FOR SURFACE MOUNT DESIGN AND LAND PATTERN

Package Revision History			
Date Created	Rev No.	Description	
Feb 21, 2018	Rev 01	New Format, Change QFN to VFQFPN, Added P2	
Nov 3, 2015	Rev 00	Initial Release	



OOO «ЛайфЭлектроникс" "LifeElectronics" LLC

ИНН 7805602321 КПП 780501001 P/C 40702810122510004610 ФАКБ "АБСОЛЮТ БАНК" (ЗАО) в г.Санкт-Петербурге К/С 3010181090000000703 БИК 044030703

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