

1 Channel High Side Switch ICs 2.4A Current Limit High Side Switch ICs BD82061FVJ-LB BD82065FVJ-LB

General Description

This is the product guarantees long time support in Industrial market.

Single channel high side switch IC for USB port is a high side switch having over-current protection used in power supply line of universal serial bus (USB).

N-channel power MOSFET of low on-resistance and low supply current are realized in this IC.

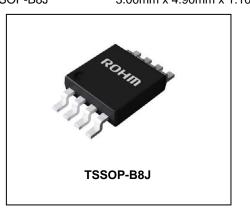
And, over-current detection circuit, thermal shutdown circuit, under-voltage lockout and soft-start circuit are built in.

Features

- Long time support a product for Industrial applications.
- Low On-Resistance 70mΩ MOSFET Switch
- Current Limit Threshold 2.4A
- Control Input Logic
- Active "Low" Control Logic :
 Active "High" Control Logic : BD82061FVJ
- BD82065FVJ
- Soft-Start Circuit
- Over-Current Protection
- Thermal Shutdown
- Under-Voltage Lockout
- Open-Drain Error Flag Output
- Reverse Current Protection When Power Switch Off
- TTL Enable Input
- 0.8ms Typical Rise Time

Kev Specifications

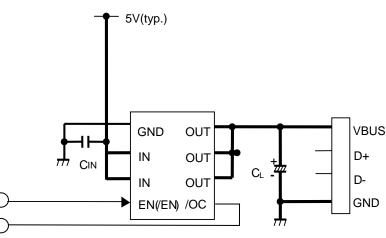
Input voltage	ge range:		2.7V to5.5 V
 ON resistar 	nce :		70mΩ(Typ.)
 Over currer 	nt threshold	l:	1.5A min., 3.0A max.
 Number of 	channels:		1ch
 Standby cu 	rrent:		0.01µA (Typ.)
 Operating t 	emperature	e range:	-40°C to +85°C
Package	W(Typ.)	D(Typ.)	H (Max.)
TSSOP-B8J			x 4.90mm x 1.10mm



Applications

Industrial Equipment, PC, PC peripheral equipment, USB hub in consumer appliances, Car accessory, and so forth

Typical Application Circuit

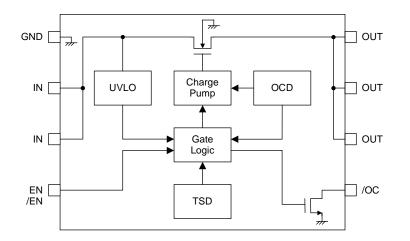


Lineup

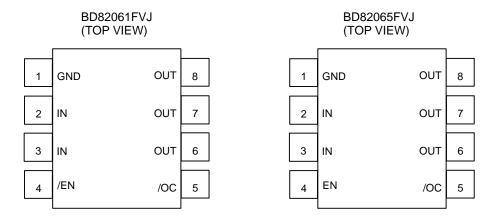
Ov	er current detec	tion	Control input	Package		Orderable Part Number	
Min.	Тур.	Max.	logic				
1.5A	2.4A	3.0A	Low	TSSOP-B8J	Reel of 2500	BD82061FVJ – LBE2	
1.5A	2.4A	3.0A	High	TSSOP-B8J	Reel of 2500	BD82065FVJ – LBE2	

OProduct structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product has no designed protection against radioactive rays

Block Diagram



Pin Configurations



Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Pin function
1	GND	-	Ground.
2, 3	IN	-	Power supply input. Input terminal to the power switch and power supply input terminal of the internal circuit. At use, connect each pin outside.
4	EN , /EN	I	Enable input. Power switch on at Low level.(BD82061FVJ) Power switch on at High level.(BD82065FVJ) High level input > 2.0V, Low level input < 0.8V.
5	/OC	0	Error flag output. Low at over-current, thermal shutdown. Open drain output.
6, 7, 8	OUT	0	Power switch output. At use, connect each pin outside.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit						
Supply voltage	Vin	-0.3 to 6.0	V						
Enable input voltage	Ven	-0.3 to 6.0	V						
/OC voltage	V/oc	-0.3 to 6.0	V						
/OC sink current	IS/oc	below 5	mA						
OUT voltage	Vout	-0.3 to 6.0	V						
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to 150	°C						
Power dissipation	Pd	587.5 ^{*1}	mW						
*4 Manuata da a 70*70*4 0		CD Dereting 1 7m/M/°C shows To 25°C	*4. Mounted on 70mm*70mm*1 cmm glass analy DCD Deveting (4.7mW/°C) should To 25°C						

*1 Mounted on 70mm*70mm*1.6mm glass-epoxy PCB. Derating : 4.7mW/°C above Ta=25°C

Recommended Operating Ratings

Parameter	Symbol		Unit		
Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit
Operating voltage	Vin	2.7	-	5.5	V
Operating temperature	TOPR	-40	-	85	°C

Electrical Characteristics

OBD82061FVJ (Unless otherwise specified VIN = 5.0V, Ta = $25^{\circ}C$)

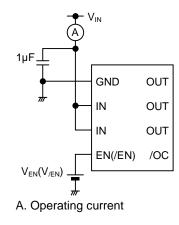
Parameter	Symbol		Limits		- Unit	Condition
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Operating current	ldd	-	110	160	μA	V/EN = 0V , OUT=OPEN
Standby current	Istb	-	0.01	1	μA	V/EN = 5V , OUT=OPEN
/EN input voltage	V/EN	2.0	-	-	V	High input
/EN input voltage	V/EN	-	-	0.8	V	Low input
/EN input current	I/EN	-1.0	0.01	1.0	μA	V/EN = 0V or $V/EN = 5V$
/OC output low voltage	V/OCL	-	-	0.5	V	I/OC = 0.5mA
/OC output leak current	IL/oc	-	0.01	1	μA	V/OC = 5V
/OC delay time	T/oc	10	15	20	ms	
On-resistance	Ron	-	70	110	mΩ	IOUT = 500mA
Switch leak current	ILsw	-	-	1.0	μA	V/EN = 5V, VOUT = 0V
Reverse leak current	ILREV	-	-	1.0	μA	Vout = 5.5V, Vin = 0V
Current limit threshold	Ітн	1.5	2.4	3.0	Α	
Short circuit current	Isc	1.1	1.5	2.1	А	Vout = 0V CL = 47μF (RMS)
Output rise time	TON1	-	0.8	10	ms	RL = 10Ω
Output turn-on time	TON2	-	1.1	20	ms	RL = 10Ω
Output fall time	TOFF1	-	5	20	μs	RL = 10Ω
Output turn-off time	T OFF2	-	10	40	μs	RL = 10Ω
UVLO threshold	ντυνη	2.1	2.3	2.5	V	Increasing VIN
	Vtuvl	2.0	2.2	2.4	V	Decreasing VIN

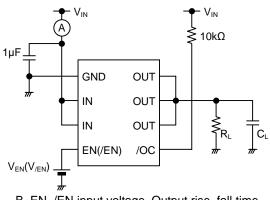
Electrical Characteristics - continued

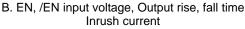
OBD82065FVJ (Unless otherwise specified VIN = 5.0V, Ta = 25°C)

Devementer	Quara had		Limits		Unit	Condition
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Operating current	IDD	-	110	160	μA	VEN = 5V, OUT=OPEN
Standby current	Istb	-	0.01	1	μA	VEN = 0V, OUT=OPEN
	Ven	2.0	-	-	V	High input
EN input voltage	VEN	-	-	0.8	V	Low input
EN input current	IEN	-1.0	0.01	1.0	μA	VEN = 0V or $VEN = 5V$
/OC output low voltage	V/OCL	-	-	0.5	V	I/oc = 0.5mA
/OC output leak current	IL/oc	-	0.01	1	μA	V/OC = 5V
/OC delay time	T/oc	10	15	20	ms	
On-resistance	Ron	-	70	110	mΩ	IOUT = 500mA
Switch leak current	ILsw	-	-	1.0	μA	VEN = 0V, VOUT = 0V
Reverse leak current	ILREV	-	-	1.0	μA	VOUT = 5.5V, VIN = 0V
Current limit threshold	Ітн	1.5	2.4	3.0	А	
Short circuit current	Isc	1.1	1.5	2.1	А	Vout = $0V$ CL = 47μ F (RMS)
Output rise time	TON1	-	0.8	10	ms	RL = 10Ω
Output turn-on time	TON2	-	1.1	20	ms	RL = 10Ω
Output fall time	TOFF1	-	5	20	μs	RL = 10Ω
Output turn-off time	T OFF2	-	10	40	μs	RL = 10Ω
UVLO threshold	ντυνη	2.1	2.3	2.5	V	Increasing VIN
	Vtuvl	2.0	2.2	2.4	V	Decreasing VIN

Measurement Circuit







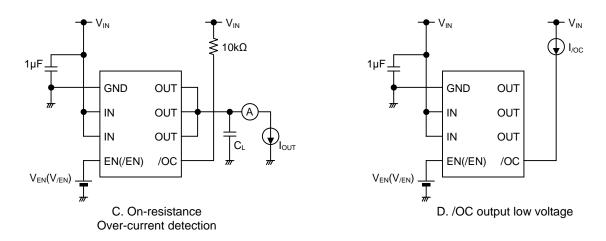


Figure 1. Measurement circuit

Timing Diagram

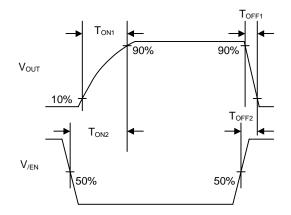


Figure 2. Timing diagram (BD82061FVJ)

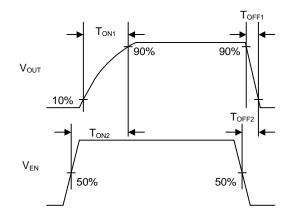
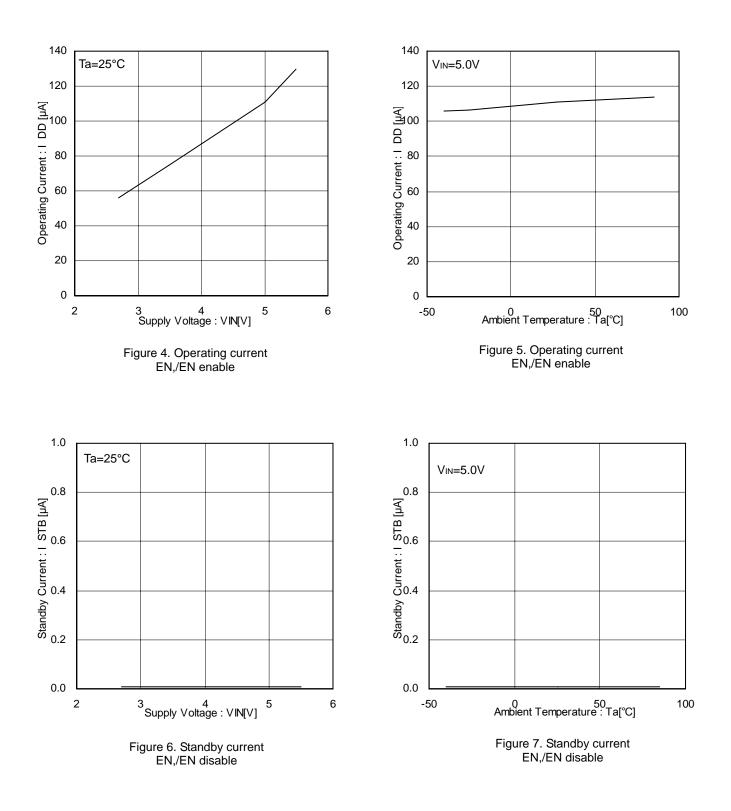
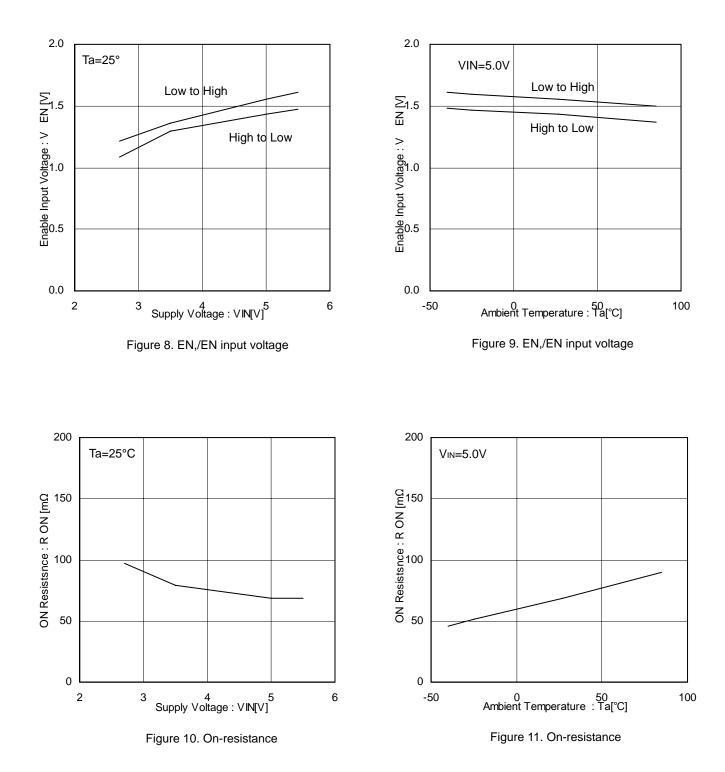


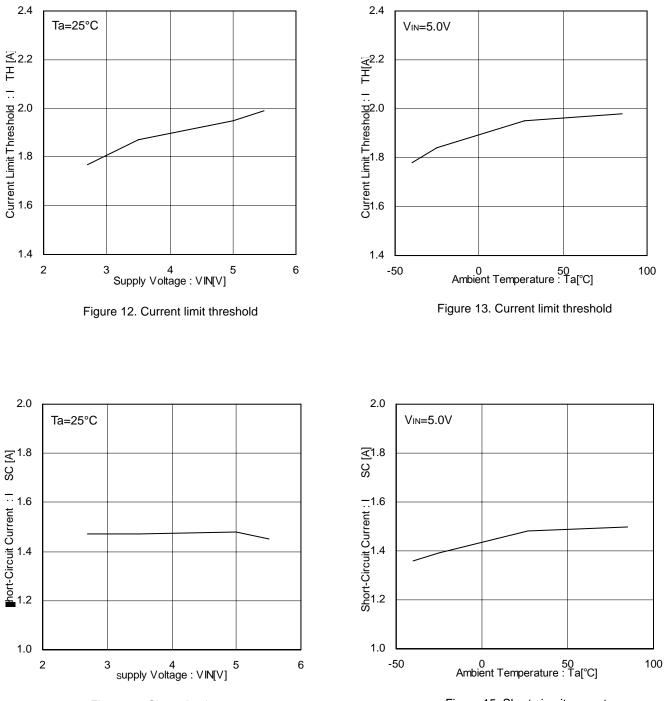
Figure 3. Timing diagram (BD82065FVJ)

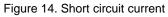
Typical Performance Curves

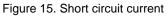
(Reference data)

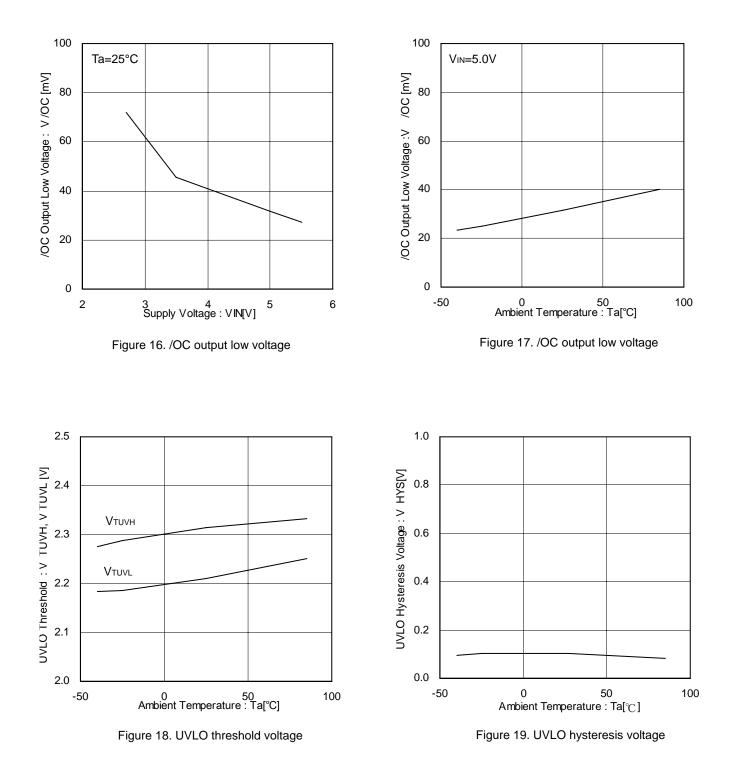


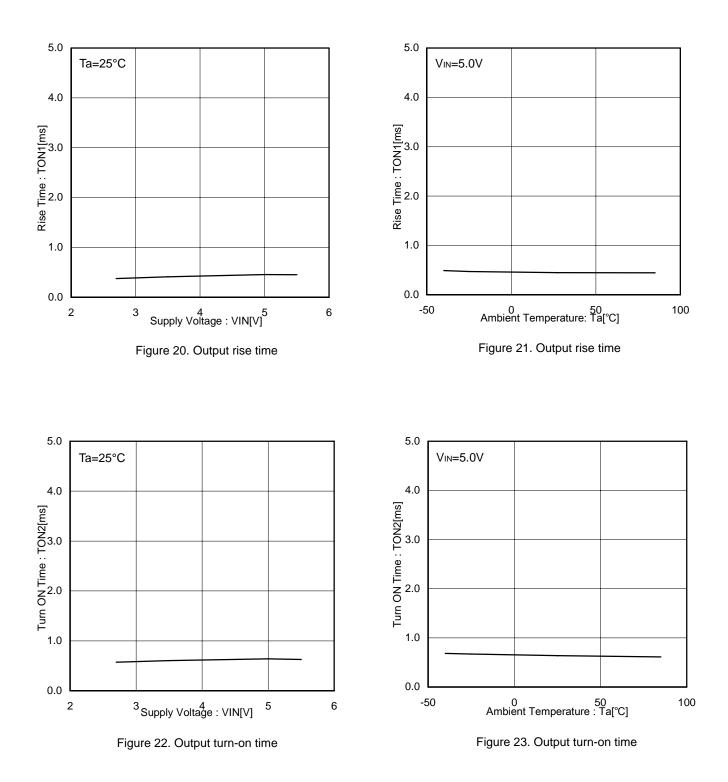


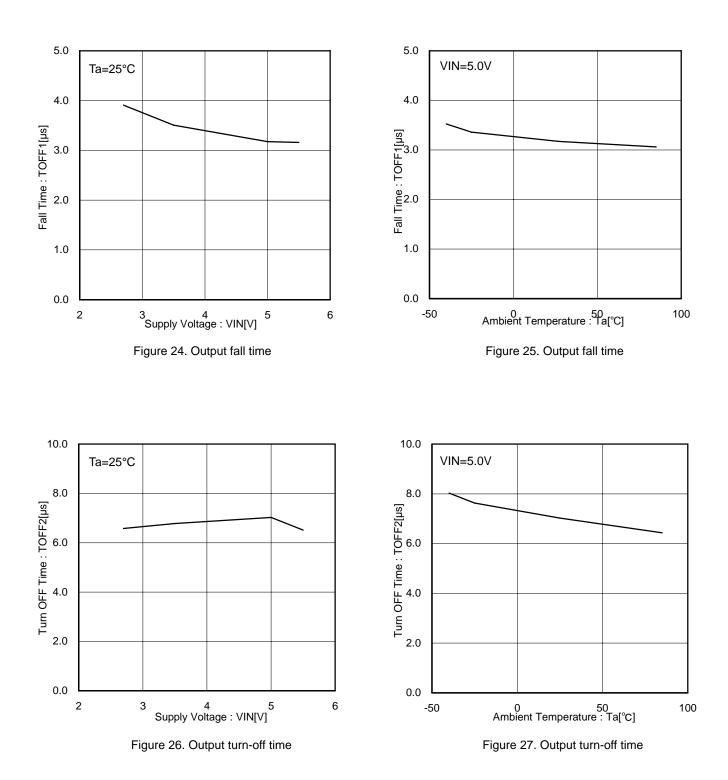


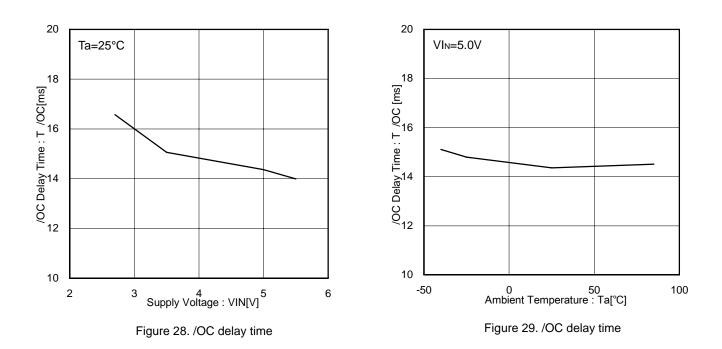






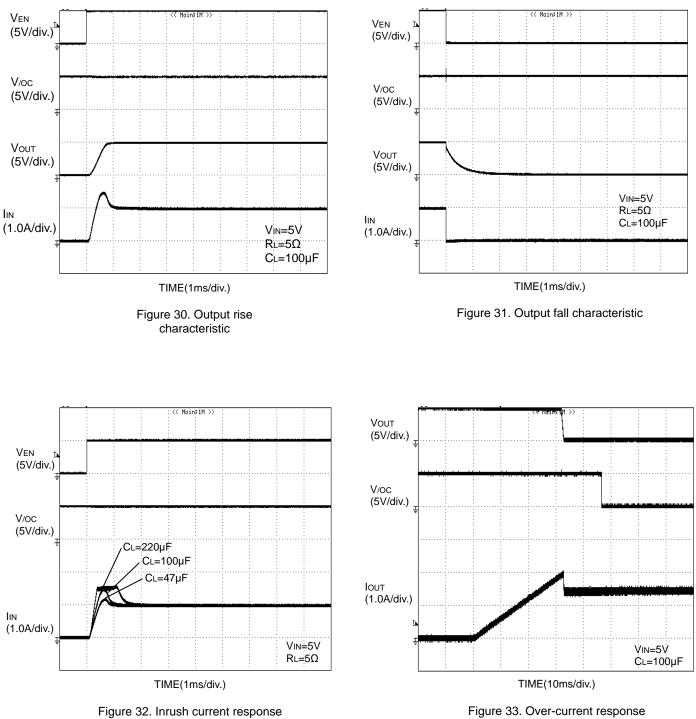






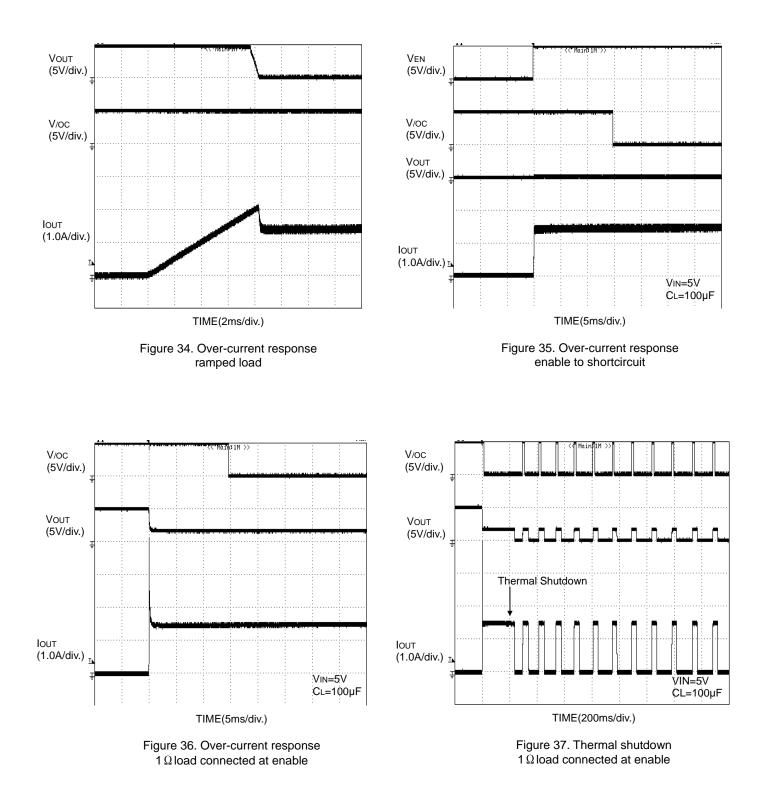
Typical Wave Forms

(BD82065FVJ)

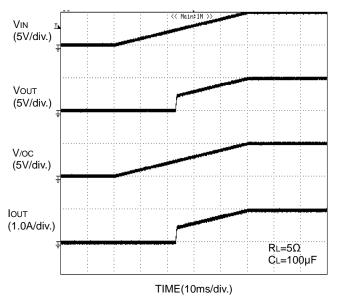


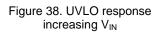
ramped load

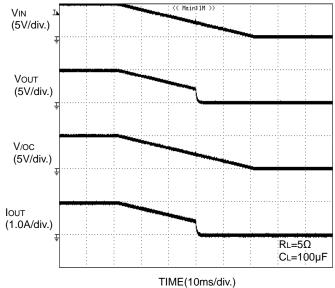
Typical Wave Forms - continued

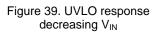


Typical Wave Forms - continued

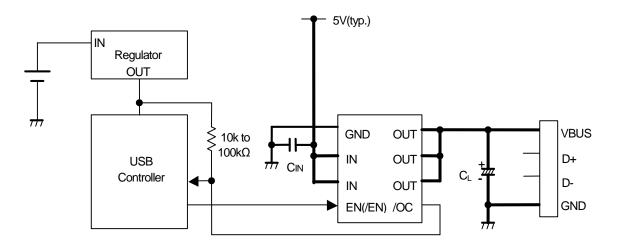








Typical Application Circuit



Application Information

When excessive current flows owing to output shortcircuit or so, ringing occurs by inductance of power source line to IC, and may cause bad influences upon IC actions. In order to avoid this case, connect a bypath capacitor by IN terminal and GND terminal of IC. 1µF or higher is recommended.

Pull up /OC output by resistance $10k\Omega$ to $100k\Omega$.

Set up value which satisfies the application as CL.

This system connection diagram doesn't guarantee operating as the application.

The external circuit constant and so on is changed and it uses, in which there are adequate margins by taking into account external parts or dispersion of IC including not only static characteristics but also transient characteristics.

Functional Description

1. Switch operation

IN terminal and OUT terminal are connected to the drain and the source of switch MOSFET respectively. And the IN terminal is used also as power source input to internal control circuit.

When the switch is turned on from EN, /EN control input, IN terminal and OUT terminal are connected by a 70m Ω switch. In on status, the switch is bidirectional. Therefore, when the potential of OUT terminal is higher than that of IN terminal, current flows from OUT terminal to IN terminal.

Since a parasitic diode between the drain and the source of switch MOSFET is canceled, in the off status, it is possible to prevent current from flowing reversely from OUT to IN.

2. Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD)

If over-current would continue, the temperature of the IC would increase drastically. If the junction temperature were beyond 170°C (typ.) in the condition of over-current detection, thermal shutdown circuit operates and makes power switch turn off and outputs error flag (/OC). Then, when the junction temperature decreases lower than 150°C (typ.), power switch is turned on and error flag (/OC) is cancelled. Unless the fact of the increasing chips temperature is removed or the output of power switch is turned off, this operation repeats.

The thermal shutdown circuit operates when the switch is on (EN,/EN signal is active).

3. Over-current detection (OCD)

The over-current detection circuit limits current (Isc) and outputs error flag (/OC) when current flowing in each switch MOSFET exceeds a specified value. There are three types of response against over-current. The over-current detection circuit works when the switch is on (EN,/EN signal is active).

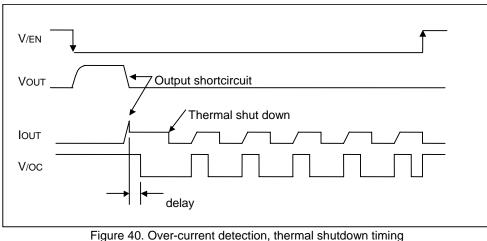
- 3-1. When the switch is turned on while the output is in shortcircuit status When the switch is turned on while the output is in shortcircuit status or so, the switch gets in current limit status soon.
- 3-2. When the output shortcircuits while the switch is on When the output shortcircuits or large capacity is connected while the switch is on, very large current flows until the over-current limit circuit reacts. When the current detection, limit circuit works, current limitation is carried out.
- 3-3. When the output current increases gradually When the output current increases gradually, current limitation does not work until the output current exceeds the over-current detection value. When it exceeds the detection value, current limitation is carried out.
- 4. Under-voltage lockout (UVLO)

UVLO circuit prevents the switch from turning on until the VIN exceeds 2.3V(Typ.). If the VIN drops below 2.2V(Typ.) while the switch turns on, then UVLO shuts off the power switch. UVLO has hysteresis of a 100mV(Typ.). Under-voltage lockout circuit works when the switch is on (EN,/EN signal is active).

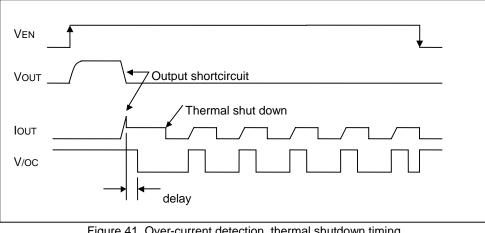
5. Error flag (/OC) output

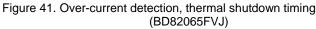
Error flag output is N-MOS open drain output. At detection of over-current, thermal shutdown, low level is output.

Over-current detection has delay filter. This delay filter prevents instantaneous current detection such as inrush current at switch on, hot plug from being informed to outside.



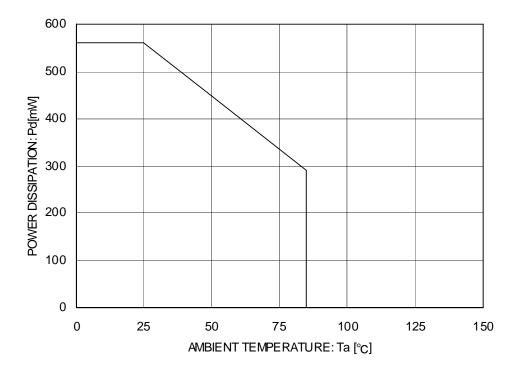
gure 40. Over-current detection, thermal shutdown timing (BD82061FVJ)

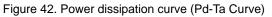




Power Dissipation

(TSSOP-B8J)





I/O Equivalence Circuit

-quivalence circu		
Symbol	Pin No	Equivalence circuit
EN(/EN)	4	
/OC	5	
OUT	6,7,8	

Operational Notes

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

(2) Operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

(3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.

(4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines. In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.

Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.

(5) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

(6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

(7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

(8) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

(9) Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

(10) Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.

(11) External capacitor

In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

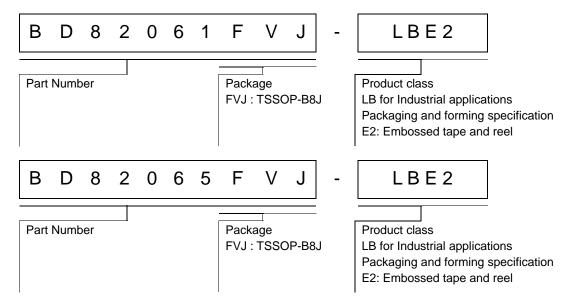
(12) Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD)

When junction temperatures become detected temperatures or higher, the thermal shutdown circuit operates and turns a switch OFF. The thermal shutdown circuit is aimed at isolating the LSI from thermal runaway as much as possible. Do not continuously use the LSI with this circuit operating or use the LSI assuming its operation.

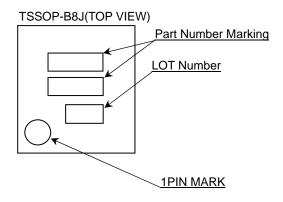
(13) Thermal design

Perform thermal design in which there are adequate margins by taking into account the power dissipation (Pd) in actual states of use.

Ordering Information

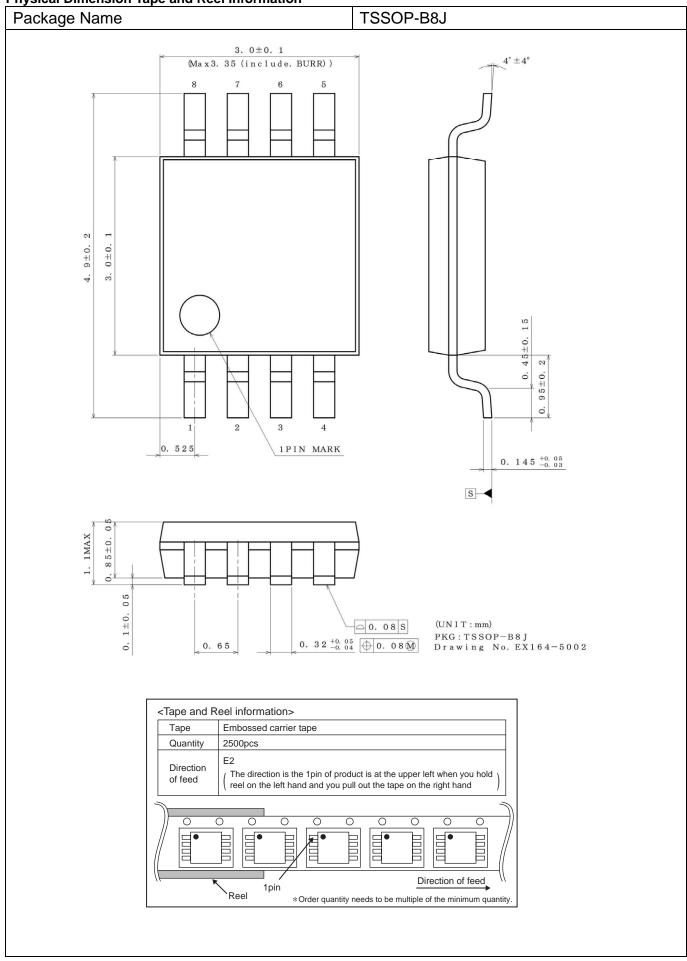


Marking Diagram



Part Number	Part Number Marking
BD82061FVJ	D82061
BD82065FVJ	D82065

Physical Dimension Tape and Reel Information



Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
13.Mar.2013	001	New Release
21.Feb.2014	002	Delete sentence "and log life cycle" in General Description and Futures (page 1). Change "Industrial Applications" to "Industrial Equipment" in Applications (page 1). Applied new style ("title" and "Ordering Information").

Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment ^(Note 1), aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

JAPAN	APAN USA EU		CHINA
CLASSI	CLASSⅢ	CLASS II b	CLASSⅢ
CLASSⅣ	CLASSI	CLASSⅢ	CLASSII

2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:

[a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety

[b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure

- 3. Our Products are not designed under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
 - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- 2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

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ООО "ЛайфЭлектроникс"

ИНН 7805602321 КПП 780501001 Р/С 40702810122510004610 ФАКБ "АБСОЛЮТ БАНК" (ЗАО) в г.Санкт-Петербурге К/С 3010181090000000703 БИК 044030703

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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