



TAOGLAS®



Datasheet

Torpedo

Part No:
AQHA.11.A.101111

Description:

Torpedo Permanent Mount GNSS L1 Antenna
with 1m of RG-174 cable and SMA(M) connector

Features:

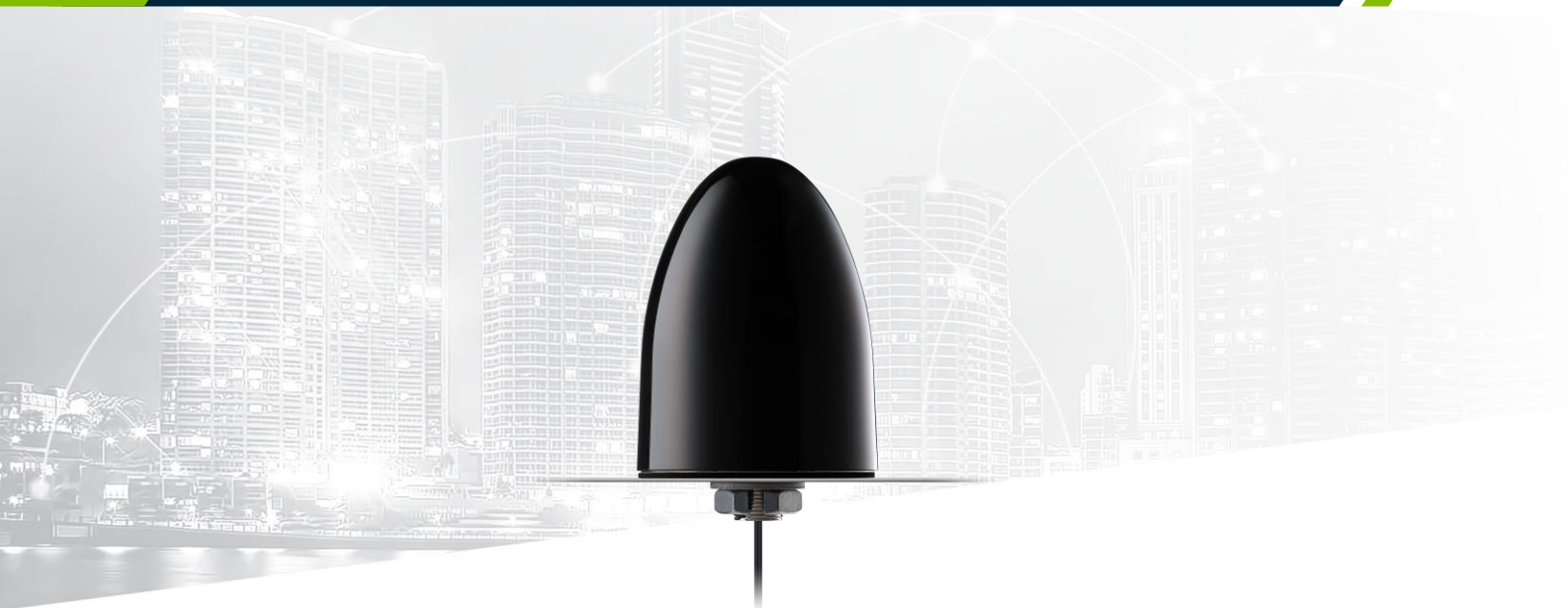
Permanent (Screw) Mount Antenna
Quad-Helix – Optimized Radiation Pattern
GPS/QZSS (L1), Galileo (E1) , GLONASS (G1), BeiDou (B1)
Wide Input Voltage Range
Dual-Stage LNA
IP67 Rated, Robust ASA Enclosure
Diameter 92.5mm, Height 120mm
Cable: 1m RG-174
Connector: SMA (M)
RoHS & Reach Compliant

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1. Introduction



The Torpedo AQHA.11 GNSS quadrifilar helix antenna is a high-performance GNSS antenna for demanding GPS/GLONASS/BeiDou/GALILEO applications. The wide bandwidth allows maximum coverage of the main global satellite constellations. The wide axial ratio beamwidth of the quad-helix provides excellent reception and signal fidelity across the sky, reducing multipath effects while seeing more low elevation satellites, in comparison to patch antenna designs.

Typical Applications Include:

- Timing
- Precision Positioning for Robotics / Automotive
- Telematics
- Autonomous Routing

The AQHA.11 is provided with a dual-stage LNA combined front-end, which provides high rejection, low noise figure, and excellent gain. The amplifiers accept a wide input voltage range of 2 – 24V and requires low current (10mA typical).

The AQHA.11 is ready for outdoor industrial and commercial usage with full -40 to +85°C temperature rating and IP67 ingress protection rating of its ASA enclosure.

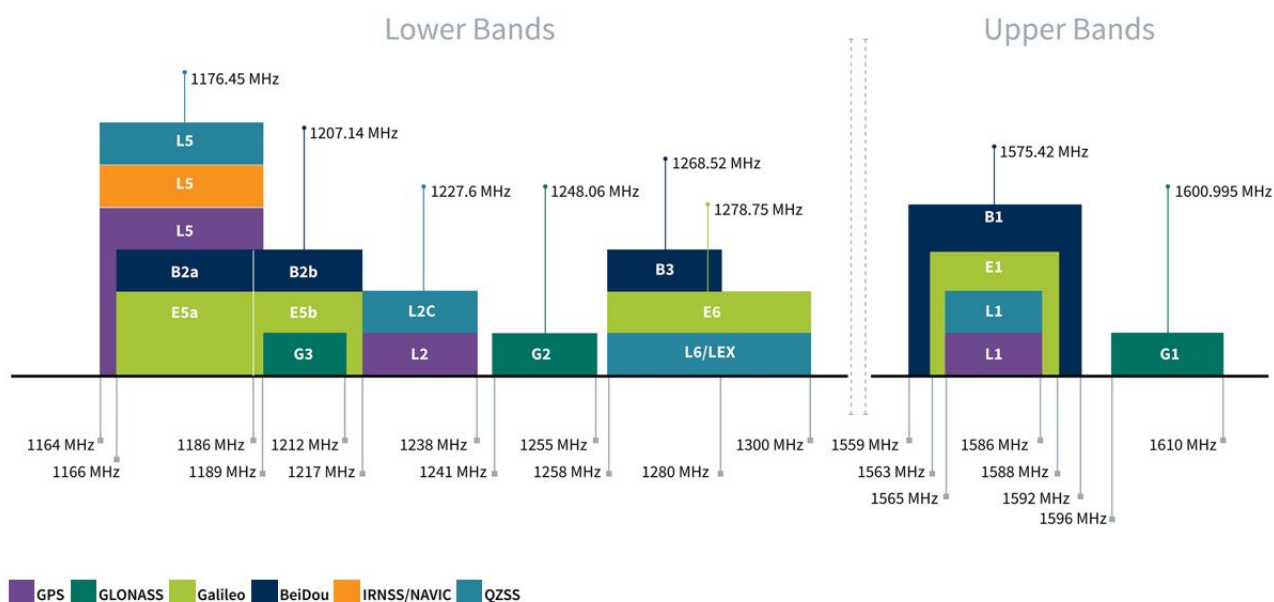
In RTK applications, when used on both the base and the rover, the AQHA.11 can achieve genuine centimeter-level accuracy. Please refer to the App Note on the AQHA.11 product page for more information.

Cable and connector are customizable, contact your regional Taoglas customer support team for further information.

2. Specifications

GNSS Frequency Bands Covered						
GPS	L1	L2	L5			
	■	□	□			
GLONASS	G1	G2	G3			
	■	□	□			
Galileo	E1	E5a	E5b	E6		
	■	□	□	□		
BeiDou	B1	B2a	B2b	B3		
	■	□	□	□		
QZSS (Regional)	L1	L2C	L5	L6		
	■	□	□	□		
IRNSS (Regional)	L5					
	□					
SBAS	L1/E1/B1	L5/B2a/E5a	G1	G2	G3	
	■	□	■	□	□	

*SBAS systems: WASS(L1/L5), EGNOS(E1/E5a), SDCM(G1/G2/G3), SNAS(B1,B2a), GAGAN(L1/L5), QZSS(L1/L5), KAZZ(L1/L5).

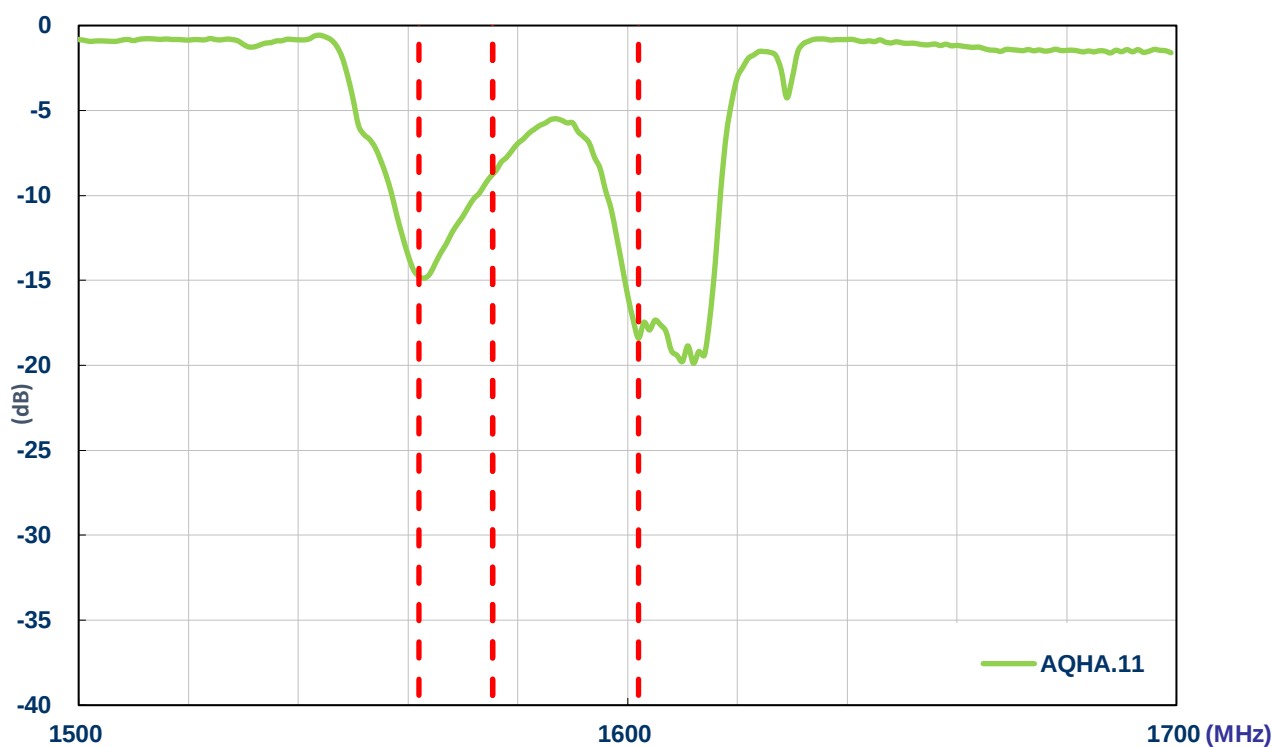


GNSS Bands and Constellations

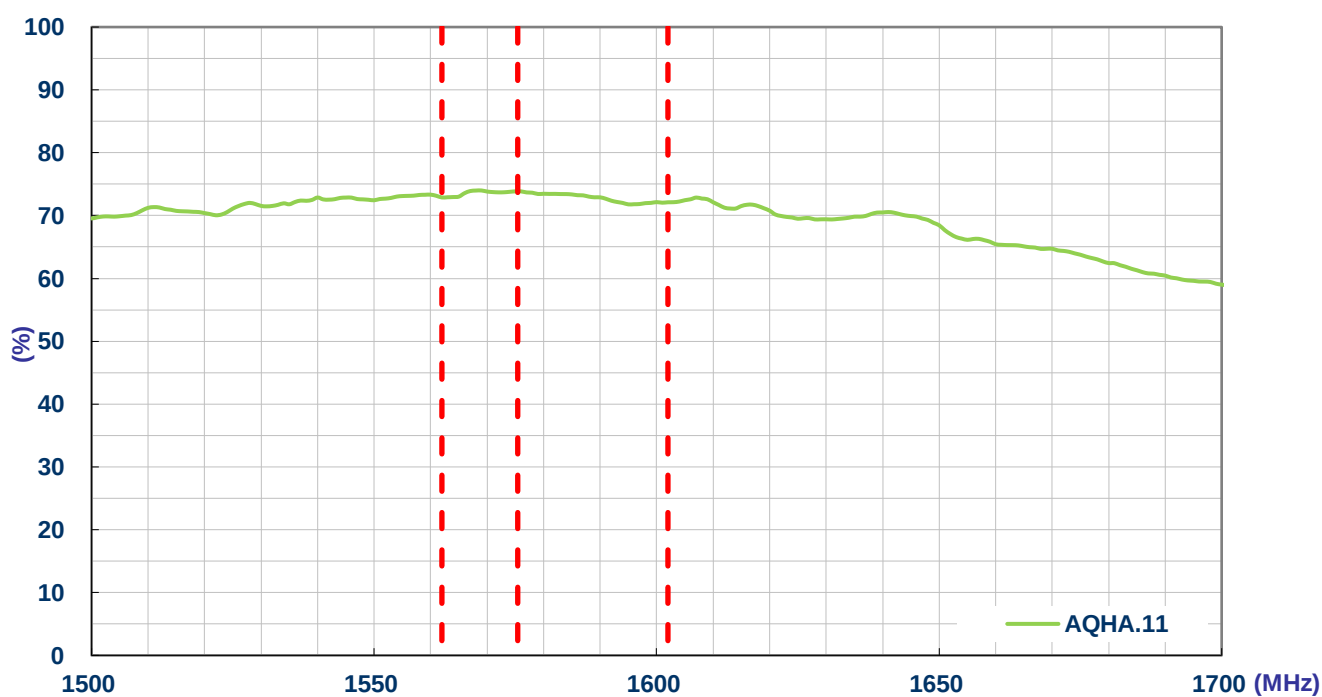
Electrical				
Frequency		BeiDou 1561 MHz	GPS 1575.42 MHz	GLONASS 1601.6 MHz
Efficiency (%)		70%	70%	70%
Peak Gain (dBi)		+0.7	+1.0	+1.0
Group Delay		0.3	0.4	0.4
PCO (cm)		1.2	1.2	1.2
PCV (cm)		0.6	0.6	0.6
Axial Ratio		Zenith to 90° elevation: < 3dB		
Impedance		50 Ω		
Polarization		RHCP		
Mechanical				
Total Dimension		120*93Ø mm		
Casing		ASA		
Base and thread		Nickel Plated Zinc Alloy		
Ingress Protection Rating		IP67		
Maximum Assembly Torque		39.2 N·m		
Weight		325 g		
Cable/Connector		RG174 coaxial cable, length 1000mm, SMA(M)		
LNA Gain, Power Consumption and Noise Figure				
Frequency		BeiDou 1561 MHz	GPS 1575.42 MHz	GLONASS 1601.6 MHz
Input Voltage 2 – 24V	LNA Gain	28 dB	28 dB	28 dB
	Noise Figure	< 2.5 dB	< 2.0 dB	< 2.5 dB
	In-band IP1dB	> -20 dBm	> -20 dBm	> -20 dBm
	Group Delay Variation	< 10 ns	< 10 ns	< 10 ns
	Current	< 15mA		
Environmental				
Operation Temperature		-40°C to 85°C		
Storage Temperature		-40°C to 85°C		
Humidity		Non-condensing 65°C 95% RH		
RoHS Compliant		Yes		
REACH Compliant		Yes		

3. Antenna Characteristics

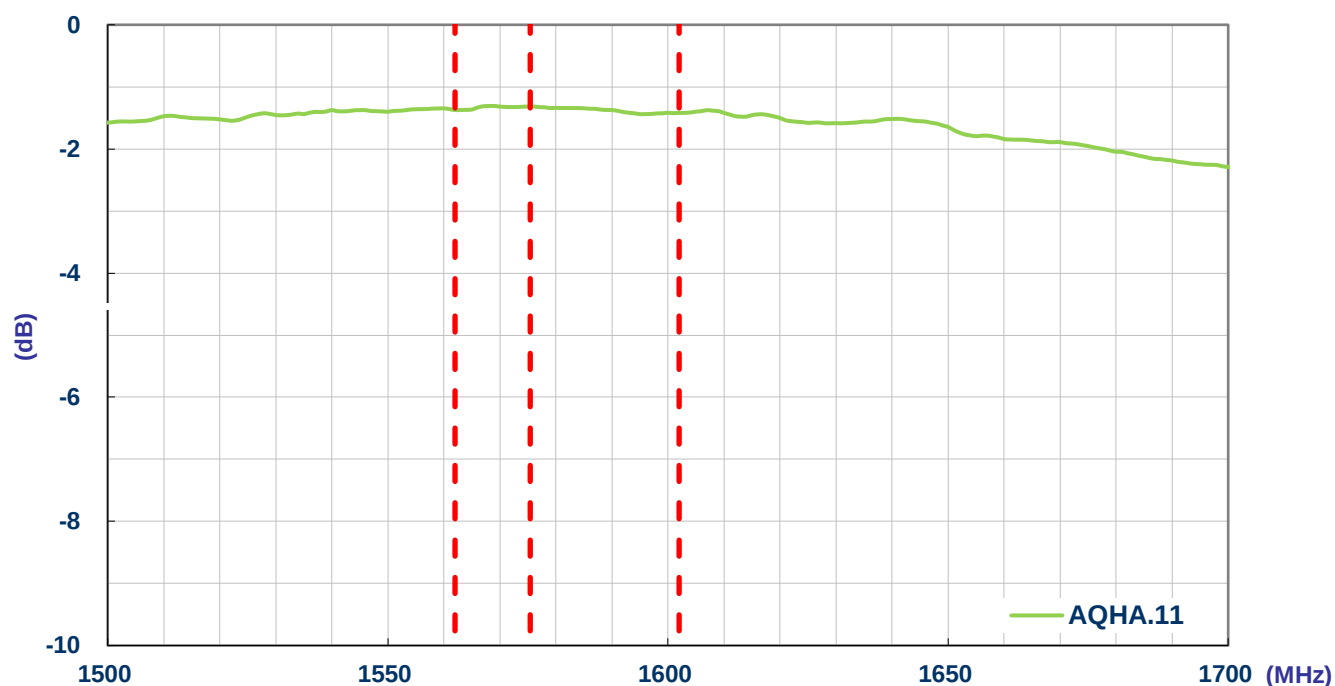
3.1 Return Loss



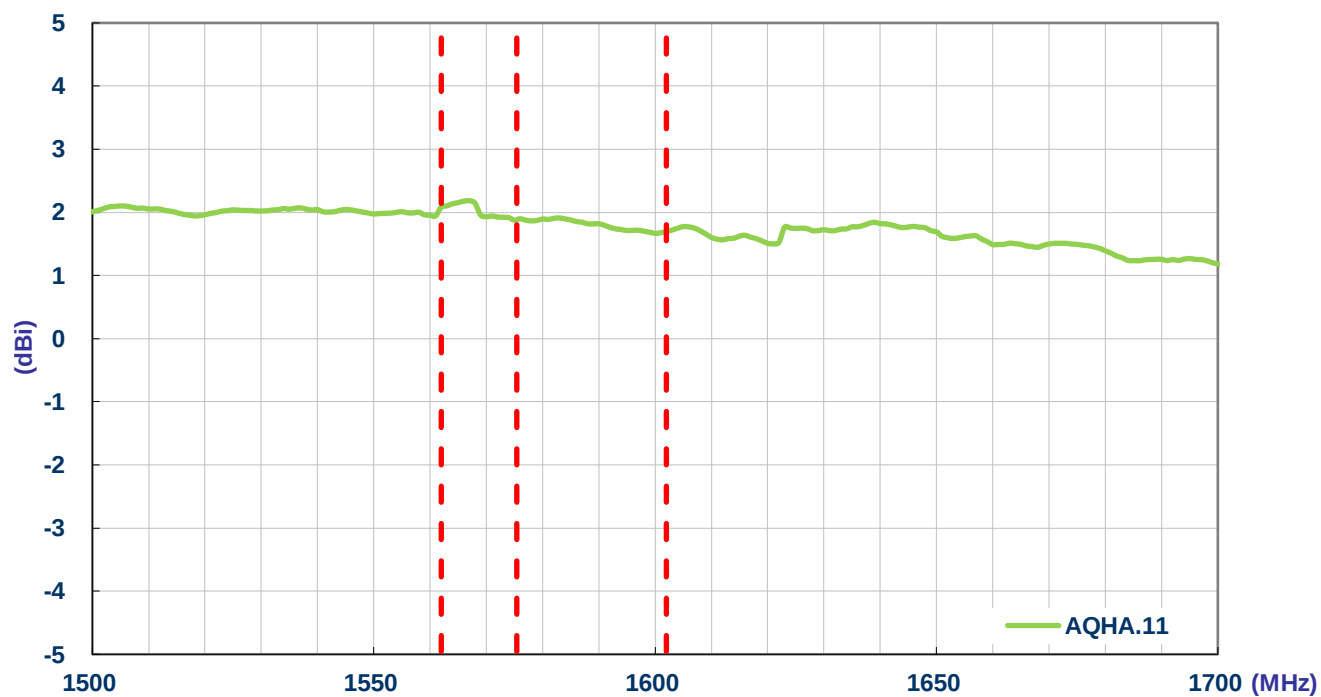
3.2 Efficiency



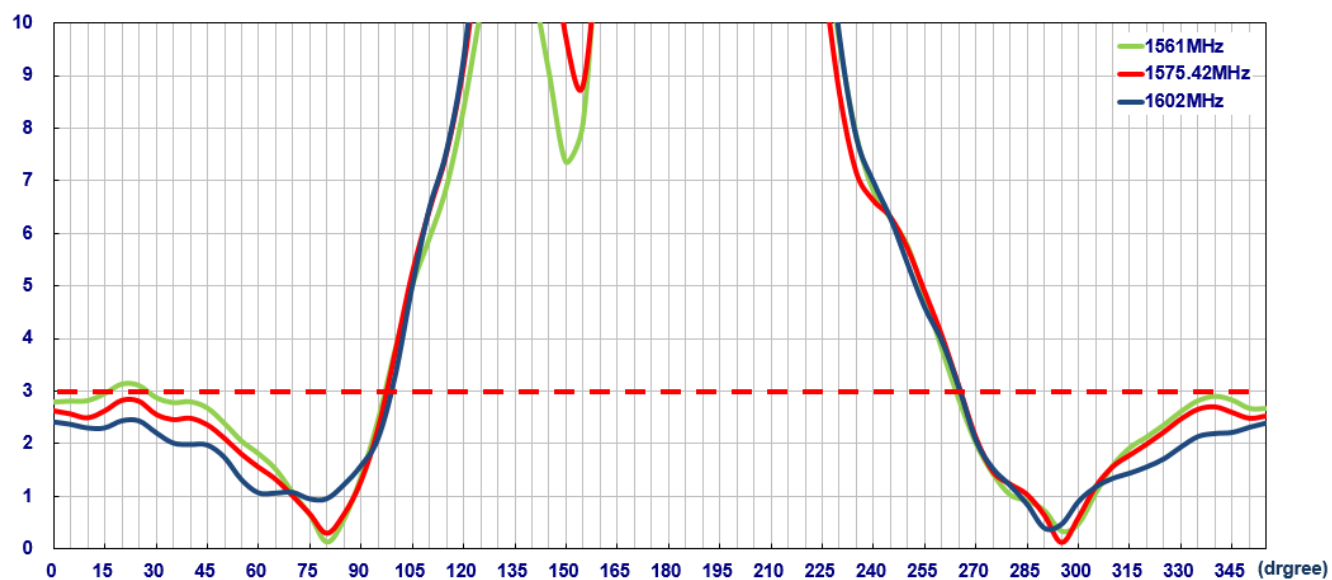
3.3 Average Gain



3.4 Peak Gain

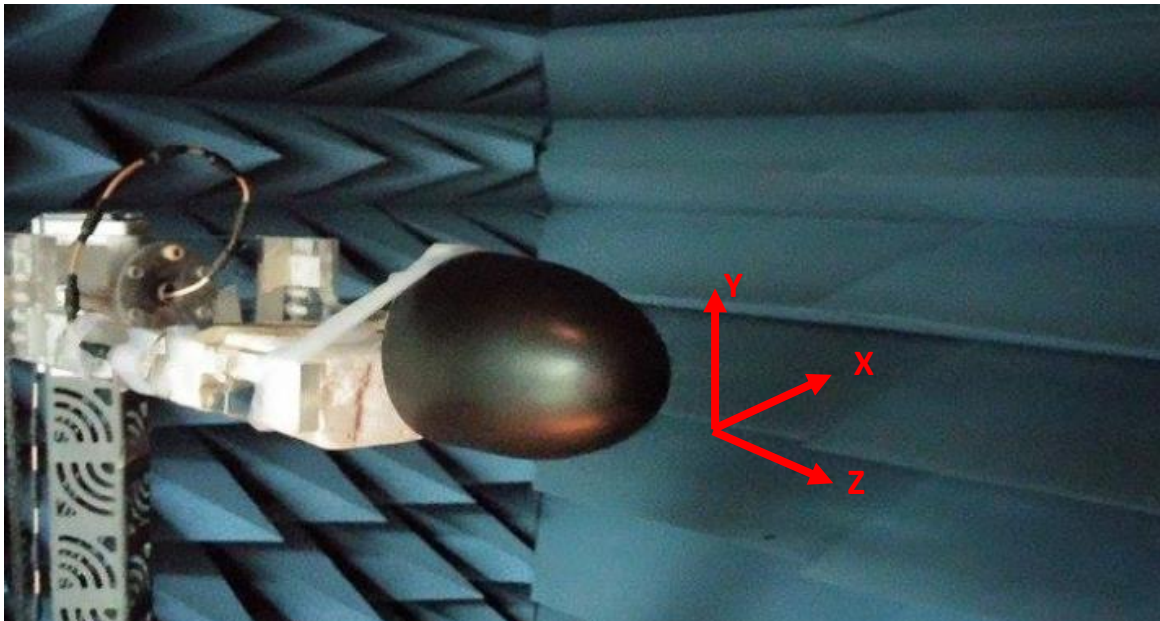


3.5 Axial Ratio @ 1575.42MHz - Phi=0

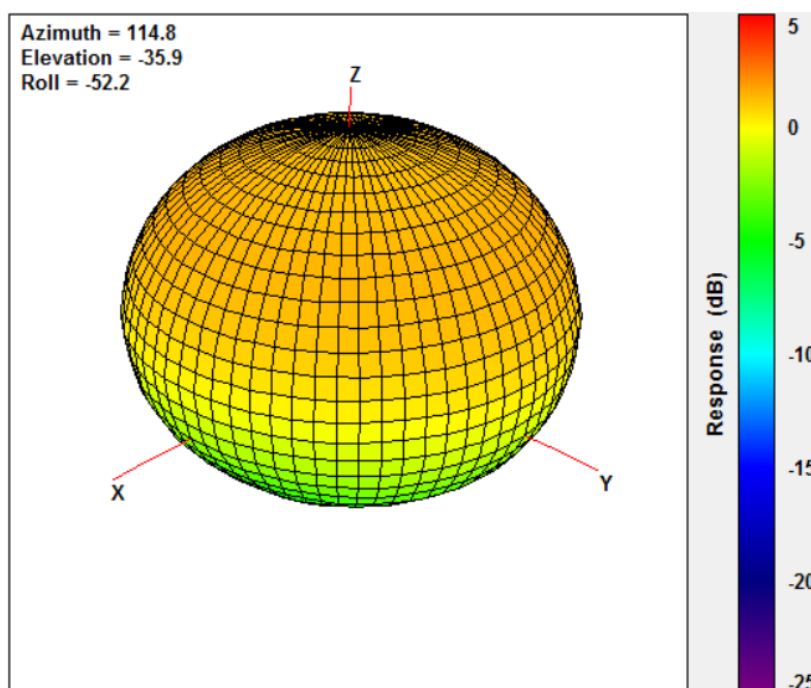


4. Radiation Patterns

4.1 Test Setup – Free Space



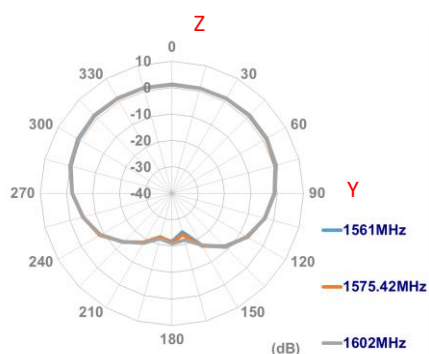
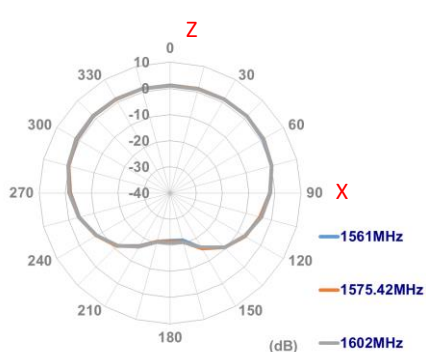
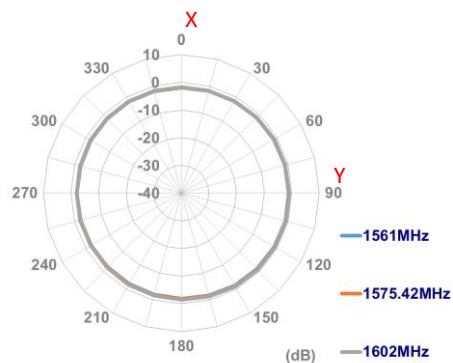
4.2 1561MHz 3D and 2D Radiation Patterns



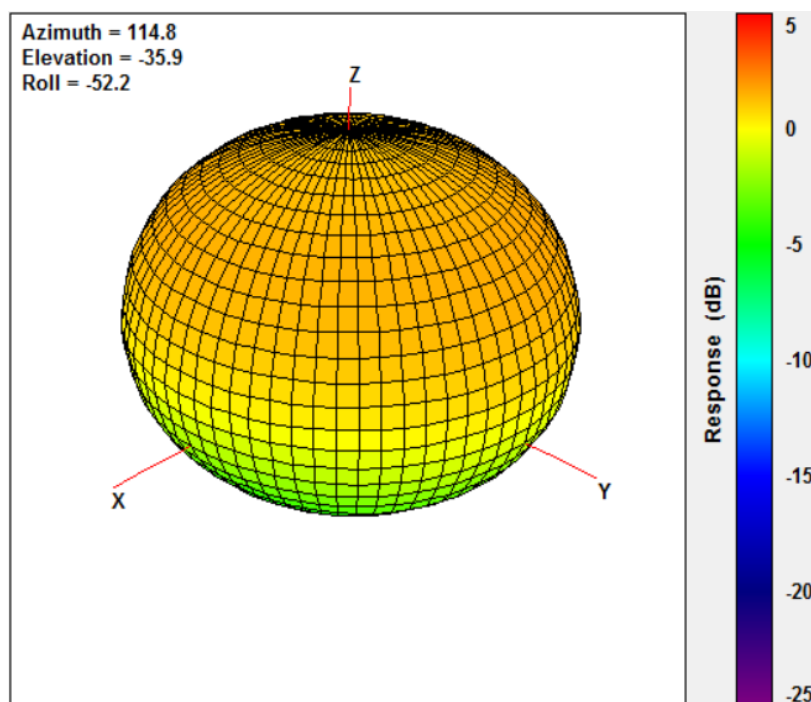
XY Plane

XZ Plane

YZ Plane



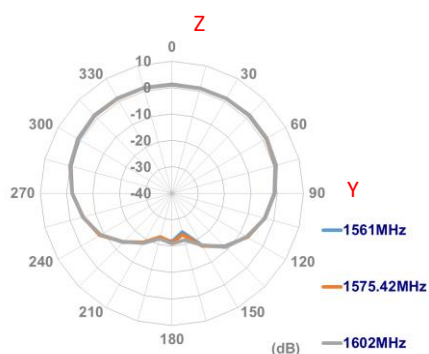
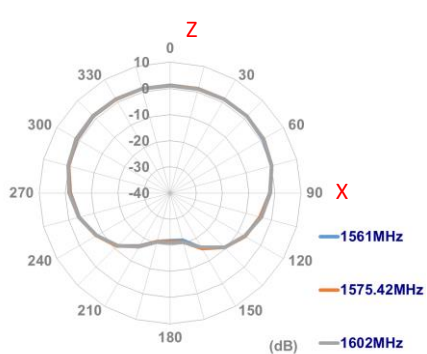
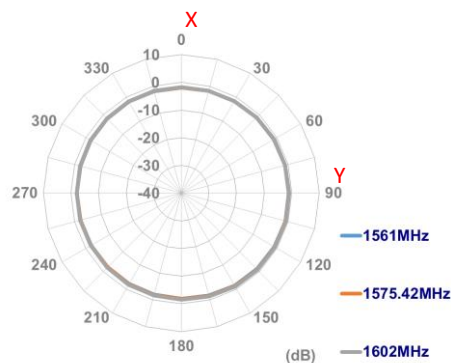
4.3 1575.42MHz 3D and 2D Radiation Patterns



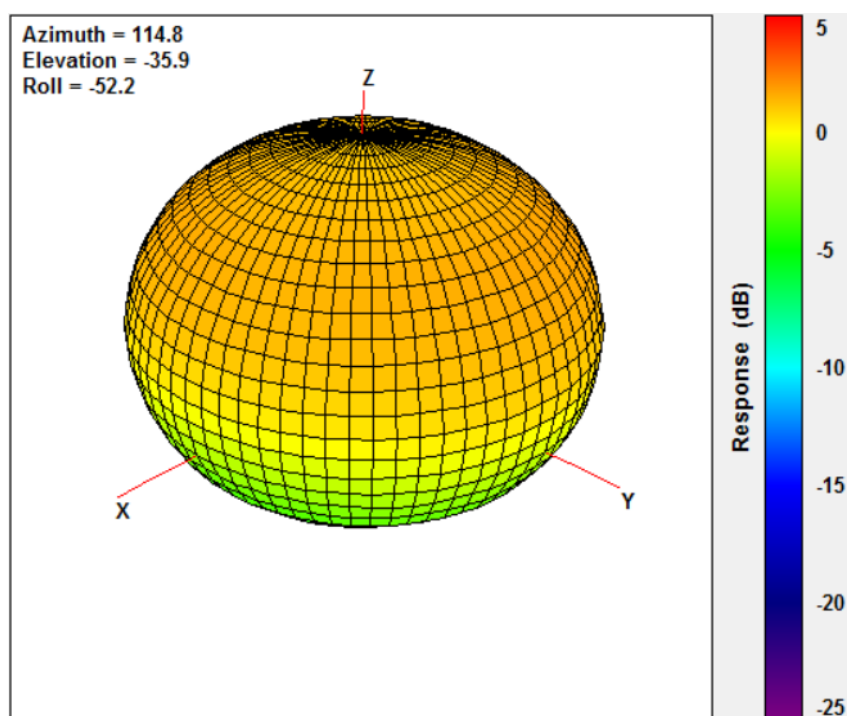
XY Plane

XZ Plane

YZ Plane



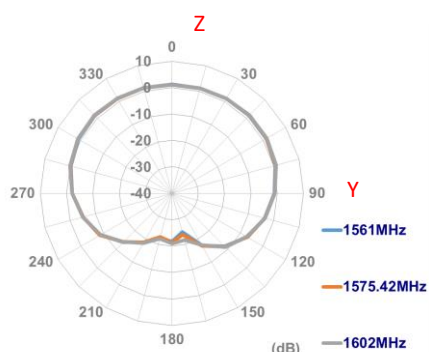
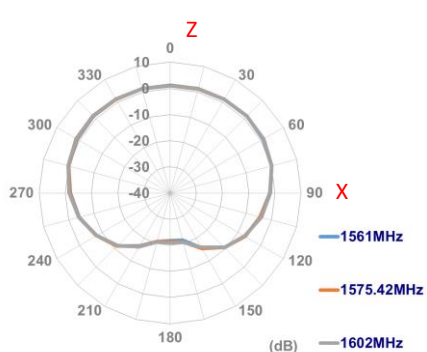
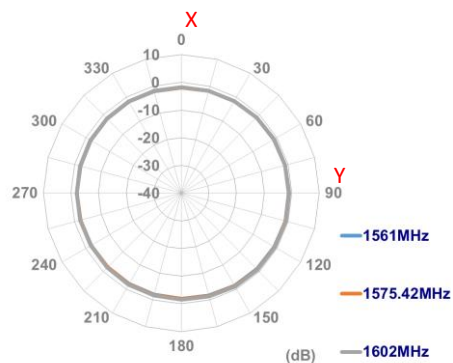
4.4 1602MHz 3D and 2D Radiation Patterns



XY Plane

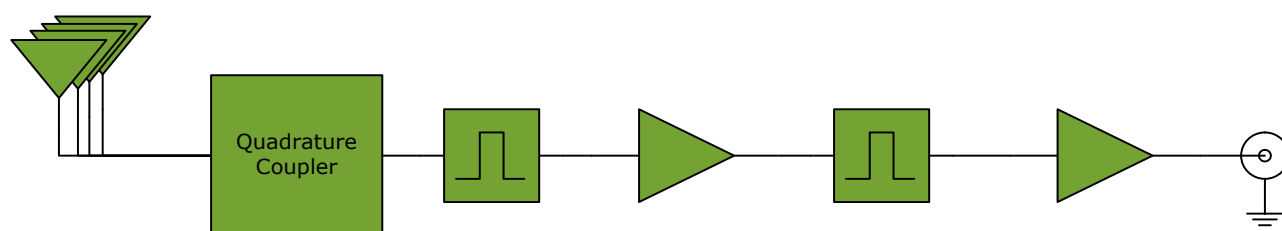
XZ Plane

YZ Plane

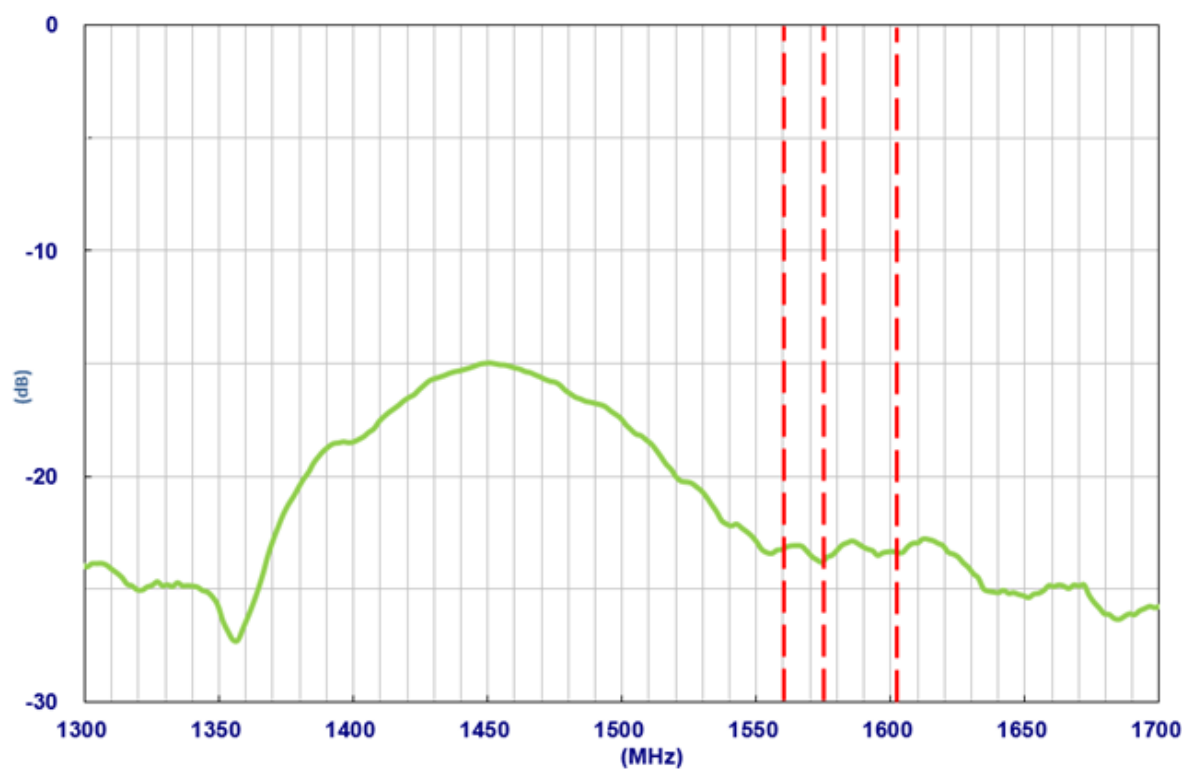


5. LNA Characteristics

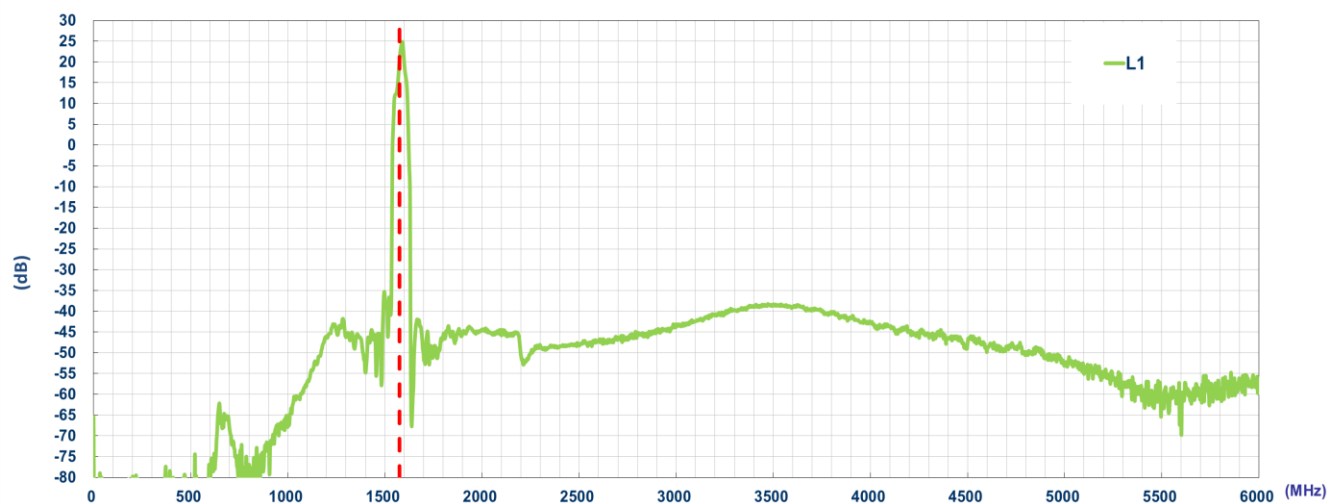
5.1 Block Diagram (Active Antenna)



5.2 Wiband Return Loss



5.3 Out of Band Rejection



6. Field Test Results

6.1 Rooftop test

In this section Taoglas will present the field test result for AQHA.11 antenna. The test was performed when the antenna was mounted on a static rooftop test set up in an open sky environment for at least **6 hours**.

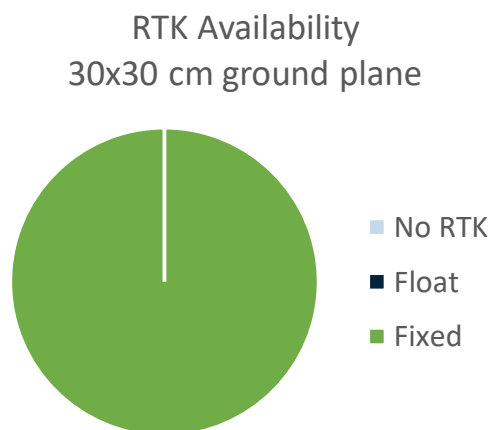
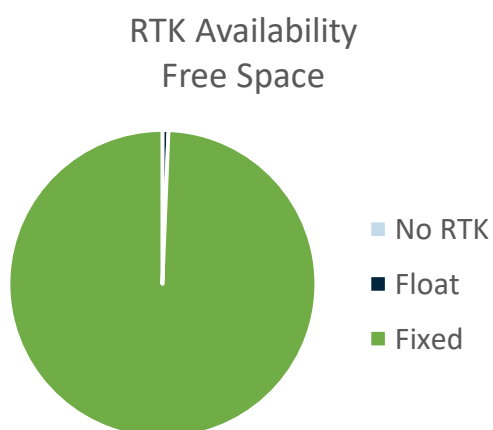
Taoglas will show the field test results using the following receiver:

1. [U-blox ZED-F9P](#)

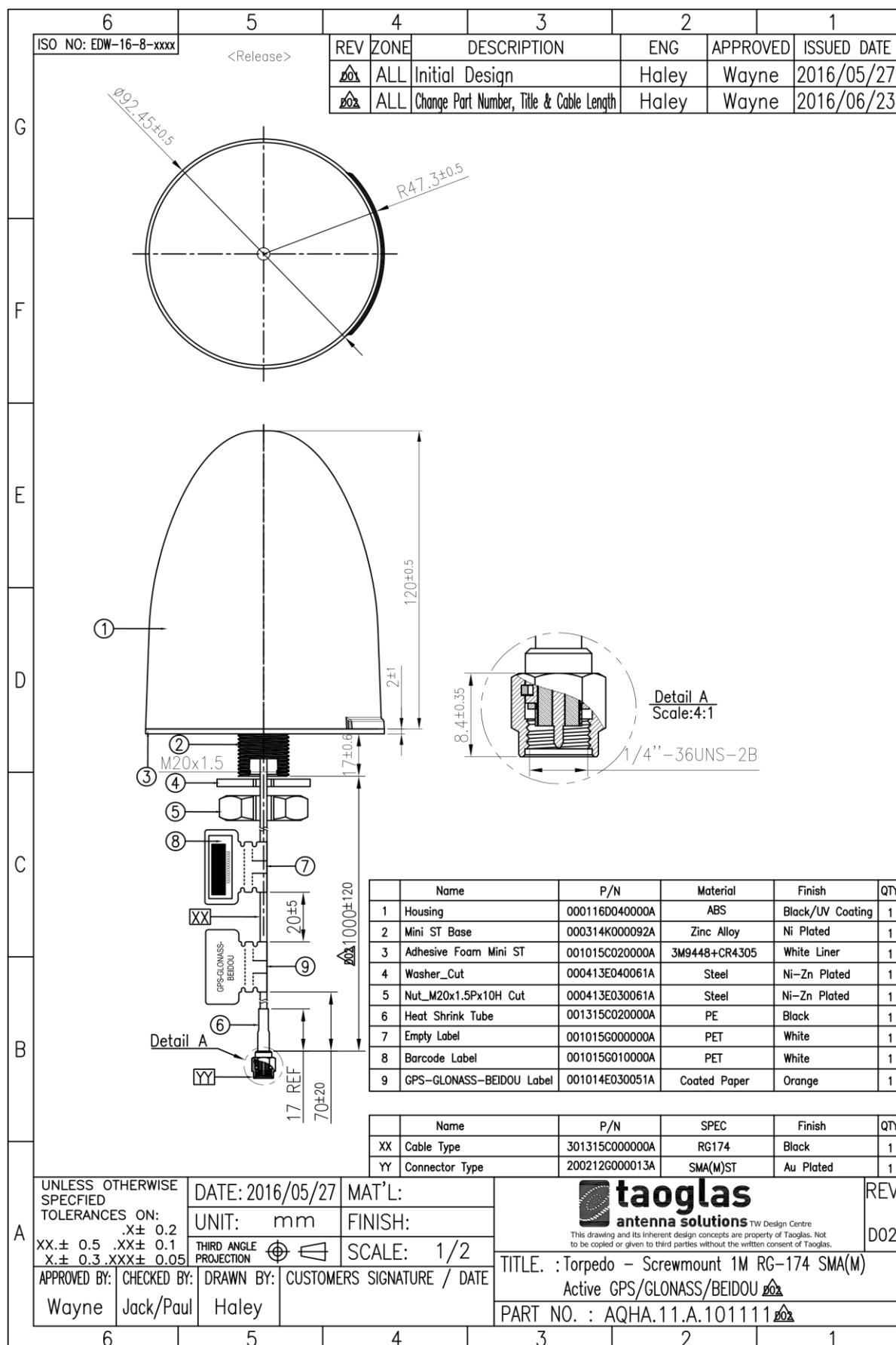
Receiver features:

- Multi-band GNSS: 184-channel GPS L1C/A L2C, GLONASS: L1OF L2OF, Galileo: E1B/C E5b, BeiDou: B1I B2I, QZSS: L1C/A L2C
- Multi-band RTK with fast convergence times and reliable performance
- Nav. update rate RTK up to 20 Hz
- Position accuracy = RTK 0.01 m + 1 ppm CEP

Positioning Accuracy Table (2D Accuracy)					
Test Condition	Correction Service	CEP (50%)	DRMS (68%)	2DRMS (95-98.2%)	TTFF (sec)
Free Space	RTK DISABLED	62.05 cm	80.39 cm	160.77 cm	30
	RTL ENABLED	1.03 cm	1.27 cm	2.54 cm	30
30x30 cm Ground Plane	RTK DISABLED	42.06 cm	50.53 cm	101.06 cm	25
	RTL ENABLED	0.95 cm	1.14 cm	2.28 cm	25

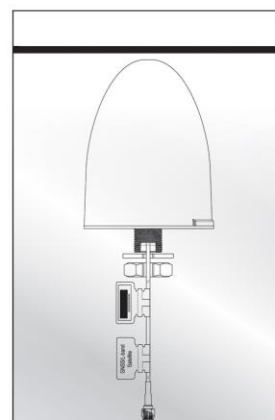


7. Mechanical Drawing (Units: mm)

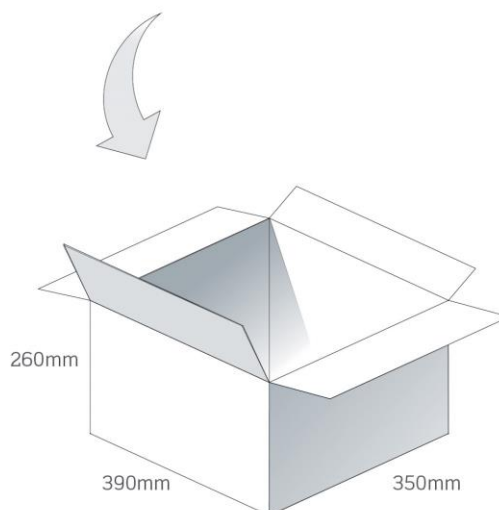


8. Packaging

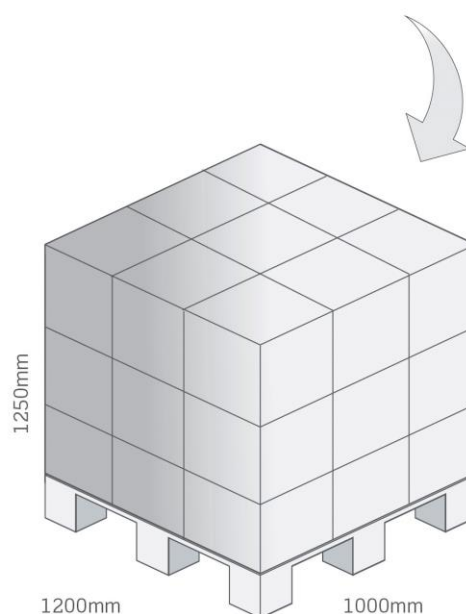
1 pc AQHA.11.A.101111 per PE bag
Bag Dimensions - 180 x 215mm
Weight - 338g



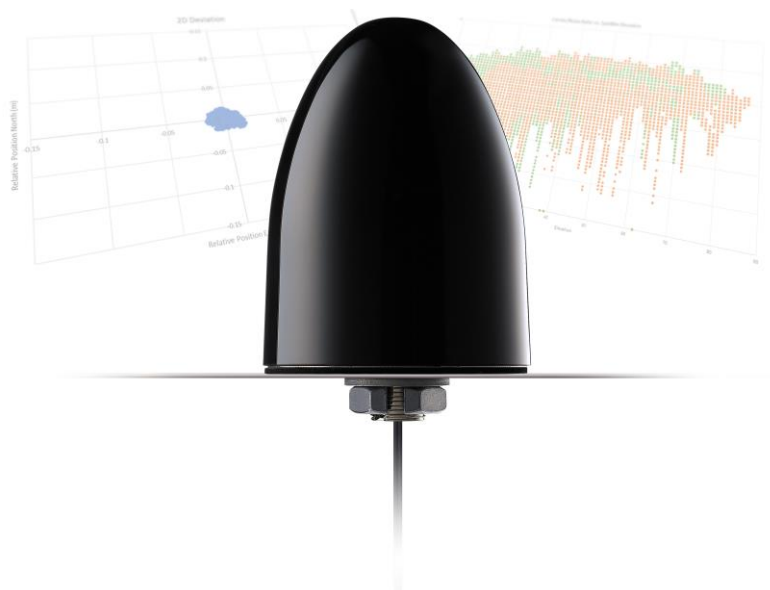
1 Outer Carton
Carton Dimensions - 390 x 260x 350mm
8 pcs AQHA.11.A.101111 per carton
Weight - 3.5Kg



Pallet Dimensions 1200*1000*1250mm
24 Cartons per Pallet
3 Cartons per layer
8 Layers



9. Application Note



Introduction

Recent commercial developments in GNSS receivers have begun to make the dream of centimeter-level outdoor positioning a reality for certain applications. These receivers use Real-Time Kinematic (RTK) or Differential GNSS (DGNSS or DGPS) methods to reduce the impact on positioning accuracy of atmospheric and similar effects.

To fully realize the potential of these systems, a high-performance single-band Quadrifilar (Quad) Helix antenna has been developed by Taoglas. The AQHA.11 provides excellent phase and circular polarization stability across frequency and space. These traits provide excellent multi-path rejection and phase center stability.

To demonstrate this potential, a DGNSS system was constructed using standard commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) receivers. The results are presented in this application note.

The system was constructed around a pair of u-blox NEO-M8P boards from the [C94-M8P](#) evaluation kit (Figure 1).



Figure 1 u-blox C94-M8P evaluation board (courtesy u-blox)

These boards were configured as a DGNSS system, with one acting as a base station and the other as a rover. As is typical in this type of setup, the base station generates correction data and sends it to the rover. The distance between the base station and rover (the baseline) was kept short ($< 2\text{m}$) to minimize baseline effects. A Taoglas AQHA.11 was used as the base station antenna for all tests.

The base station was configured as an NTRIP server and provided RTCM v3.2 correction data. The rover used an NTRIP client to receive the RTCM data. Like the hardware, COTS software (u-blox u-center) was used for all data gathering and DGNSS operation. See the block diagram in Figure .

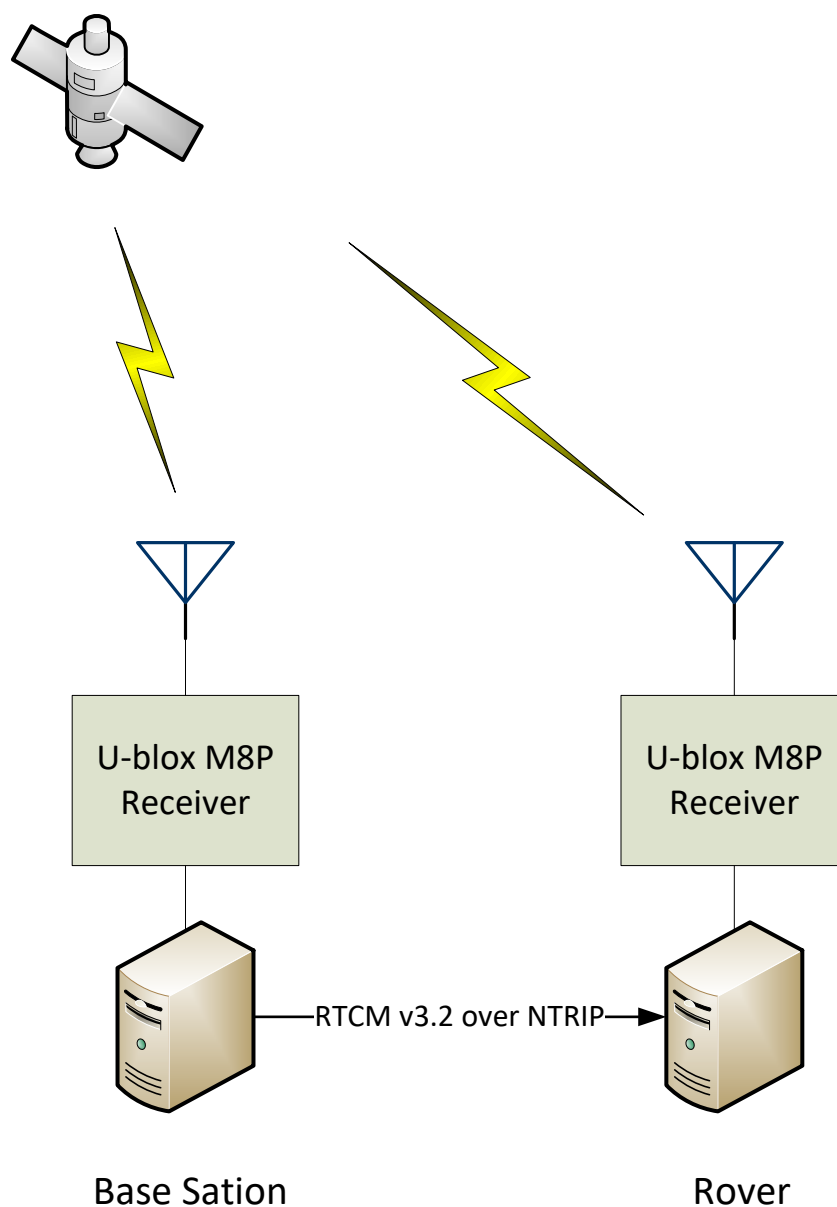


Figure 2 System configuration

To minimize the effects of satellite availability, the evaluation times were constricted to the 0000 – 0600 UTC time frame. Since the GPS constellation is periodical with a 24h period, this meant the same GPS satellites were available.

Some data points were removed during the evaluation to remove erroneous outliers. These points were:

- Data points with fewer than 5 satellites available
- Data points without DGPS in use
- Data points without a valid fix
- Data points without a relative position

More than 7 satellites were available for all evaluation times. Dilution of Precision (DOP) metrics were not restricted or constrained during this evaluation.

The rover receiver generated a relative position to the base station. This data was used for the analyses below.

From the resulting 6 hours of data (around 20k data points), the following was calculated:

- Average 2D relative position using the North/East coordinate system
- Deviation of all relative positions from the average
- Standard deviation of North, East, and 2D deviations

Test Setup

AQHA.11 as Base Station Antenna

FXP611 as Rover

The Taoglas FXP611 Cloud is a high-efficiency flexible circuit GNSS antenna. It features wide bandwidth and light weight, making it an excellent option for weight-sensitive applications.



Figure 3 Taoglas FXP611

The position deviation data points for the FXP611 are plotted in Figure .

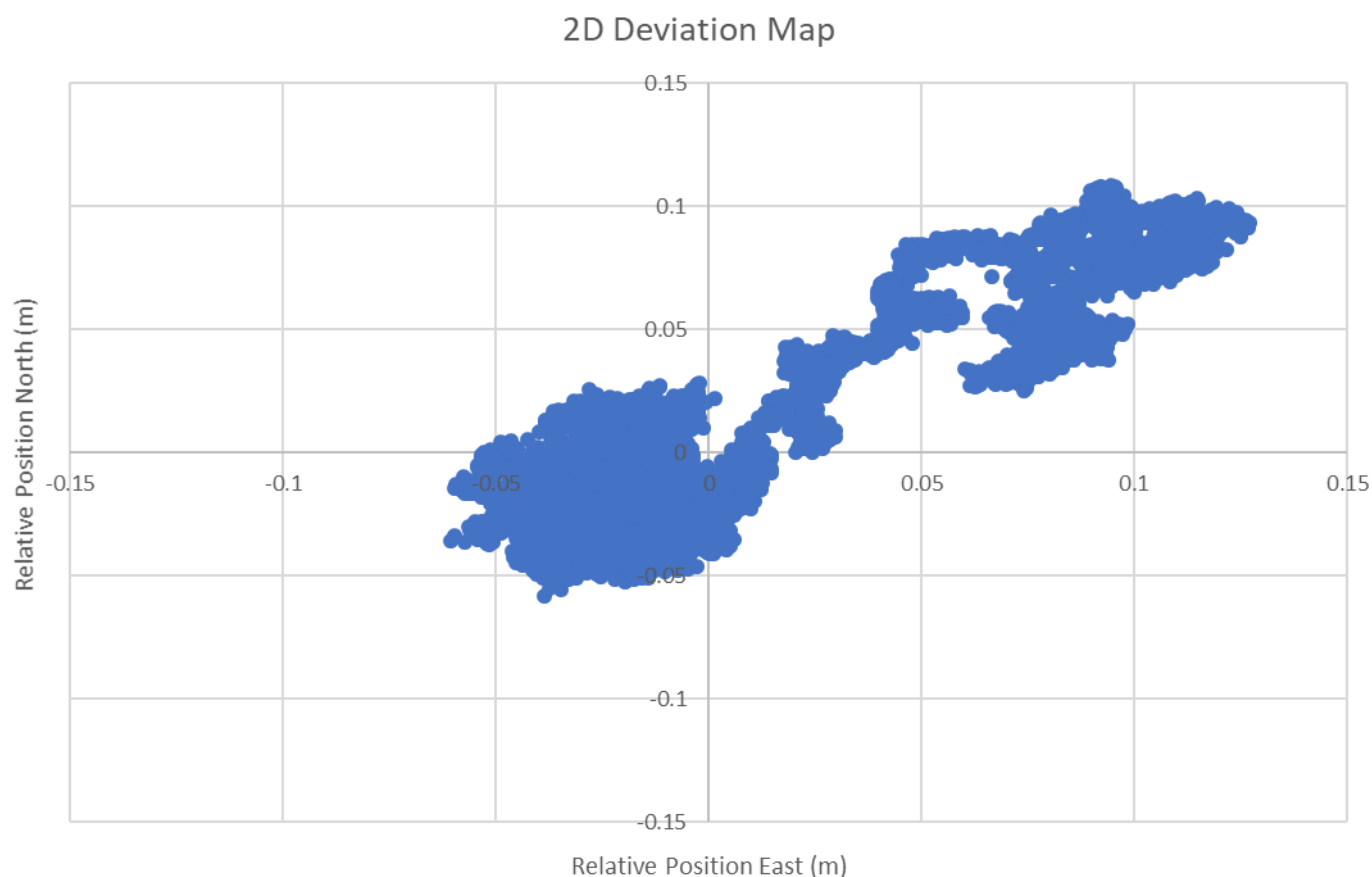


Figure 4 Relative position deviation map, FXP611 as rover

AQHA.11 as Rover

The AQHA.11 is a high-performance GNSS Quadrifilar Helix Antenna (QHA) supporting GPS L1, BeiDou B1, and GLONASS G1. The AQHA.11 features wide bandwidth, wide gain and axial ratio beam width, and excellent phase stability. The AQHA.11 provides an excellent choice for high-stability single-band GNSS positioning and timing applications.



Figure 5 AQHA.11 Quad Helix Antenna

The position deviation data points for the AQHA.11 are plotted in Figure .

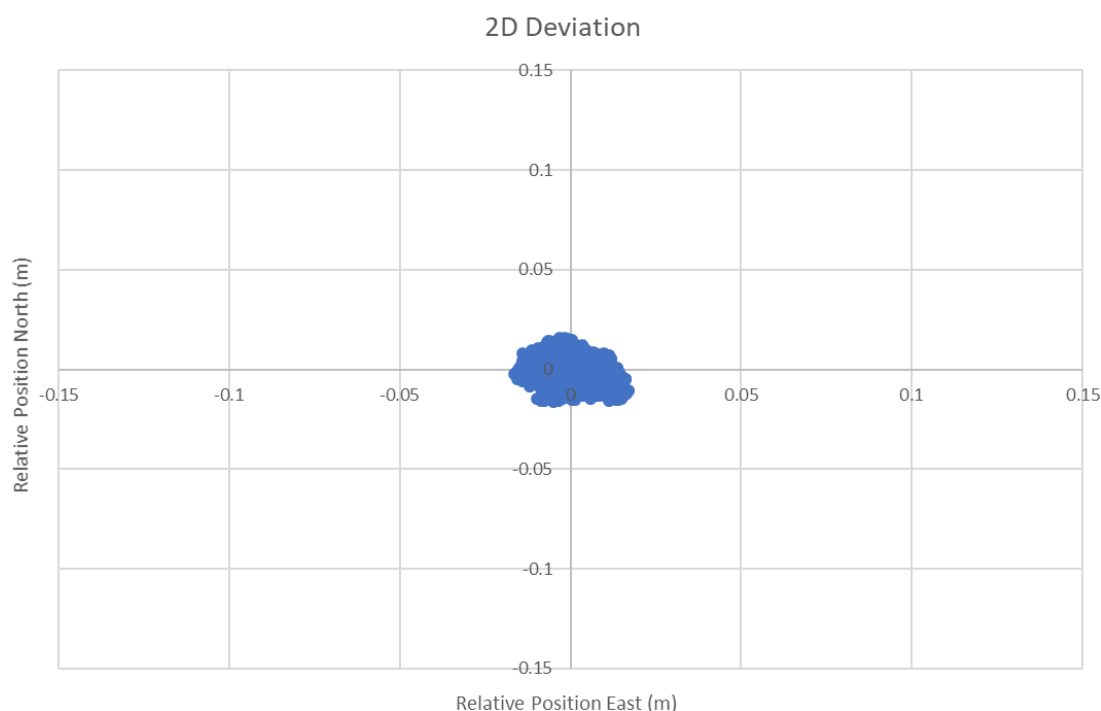


Figure 6 Relative position deviation map, AQHA.11 as rover

Results Summary

Error! Reference source not found. provides a comparison summary of the results from Sections 0 and 0. A primary focus is on the Standard Deviation (SD) of the deviation map. A larger SD depicts a wider spread of positioning across the map showing a variable rate of accuracy. With the AQHA.11 however, we are clearly seeing a tighter cluster of deviation data points indicating a much higher level of positioning accuracy. Additionally, we are seeing similar metrics between the North and East indicating little or no pattern or phase bias. What we have with the AQHA.11 is a more circular pattern, indicating that the fix is highly stable and reliable by comparison to anything in the marketplace.

Metric	FXP611	AQHA.11
SD, North	3.8 cm	0.4 cm
SD, East	4.2 cm	0.5 cm
SD, 2D	3.2 cm	0.5 cm
Max-Min, North	16 cm	3.2 cm
Max-Min, East	18 cm	3.3 cm

Table 1 Comparison Summary

Conclusion

With modern GNSS receivers, it is possible to create a decimeter or centimeter level positioning system. A lightweight, compact antenna such as the FXP611 can be used and still benefit from RTK or DGPS techniques to provide decimeter-level positioning.

A high-performance antenna such as the AQHA.11, by contrast, can bring centimeter-level positioning and timing solutions to a whole new level for a wide variety of applications such as Autonomous Driving, Augmented Reality, Remote Monitoring and Connected Health to name a few that will deploy centimeter level accuracy.

Changelog for the datasheet

SPE-17-8-072 – AQHA.11.A.101111

Revision: D (Current Version)

Date:	2020-06-02
Changes:	Added Field Test Results
Changes Made by:	Victor Pinazo

Previous Revisions

Revision: C

Date:	2020-02-17
Changes:	Updated Template
Changes Made by:	Jack Conroy

Revision: B

Date:	2020-01-16
Changes:	Adding in the Base Station/Rover configuration data
Changes Made by:	David Connolly

Revision: A (Original First Release)

Date:	2017-09-20
Notes:	Initial Datasheet Release
Author:	Jack Conroy



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С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

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- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
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- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

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- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
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