



### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The D1U54P-W-650-12-HBxC series are very high efficiency 650 watt power factor corrected front end supplies with a 12V main output and a 12V Standby. An active (analogue) current share characteristic is provided to allow units to operate in parallel. The power supply may be hot plugged; recovers from overtemperature faults, and has status LEDs on the front panel in addition to hardware signal logic and PMBus™ status signals. The low profile 1U package and 21.4W/cubic inch power density make them ideal for delivering reliable, efficient power to networking equipment, workstations, storage systems and other 12V distributed power architectures.

### ORDERING GUIDE

Part Number	Murata Internal Part Number	Power Output 90 to 264Vac	Main Output	Standby Output	Airflow
D1U54P-W-650-12-HB3C	M1877	650W	12Vdc	12Vdc	Front to Back
D1U54P-W-650-12-HB4C	M1876				Back to front

### FEATURES

- 650W output power
- 94% efficiency at 50% load
- 12V main output
- 12V standby output
- 1U height:
  - 2.15" x 9.0" x 1.57"
  - 54.5mm x 228.6mm x 40mm
- Full digital control
- 21.4 Watts per cubic inch density
- N+1 redundancy capable, including hot plugging
- Active (analogue) current sharing on 12V main output; ORing FET
- Overvoltage, Overcurrent, Overtemperature protection
- Internal cooling fan (variable speed)
- PMBus™/I2C interface with status indicators
- RoHS compliant
- Two Year Warranty

### INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units
Input Source Voltage Operating Range		90	115/230	264	Vac
Input Source Frequency		47	50/60	63	Hz
Turn-on Input Voltage	Ramp up	74		84	Vac
Turn-off Input Voltage	Ramp down	70		80	Vac
Maximum current at Vin = 100Vac	650W			10	Arms
Inrush Current	Cold start between 0 to 200msec			25	Apk
Power Factor	At 230Vac, 100% load	0.96			
	At 230Vac, 50% load	0.95			
	At 230Vac, 20% load	90			
Efficiency (excluding fan load)	At 230Vac, 50% load	94			%
	At 230Vac, 100% load	91			

### OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Nominal Output Voltage	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
12V	Output Set Point Accuracy	50% load; Tamb = 25°C	11.96	12.00	12.04	Vdc
	Line and Load Regulation	Setpoint; temperature; line and load	-1.0%		+1.0	%
	Ripple Voltage & Noise <sup>1, 2</sup>	20MHz Bandwidth			120	mV p-p
	Output Current Range		0		54.2	A
	Load Capacitance		500		4000	µF
12VSB	Output Set Point Accuracy	50% load; Tamb = 25°C	11.96	12.00	12.04	Vdc
	Line and Load Regulation	Setpoint; temperature; line and load	11.7		12.3	Vdc
	Ripple Voltage & Noise <sup>1</sup>	20MHz Bandwidth			120	mV p-p
	Output Current		0		2	A

<sup>1</sup> Ripple and noise are measured with 0.1 µF of ceramic capacitance and 10 µF of tantalum capacitance on each of the power supply outputs. A short coaxial cable to the measurement 'scope input, is used.

<sup>2</sup> Measurements assume the use of the minimum load capacitance as specified for the main 12V output and a minimum load of 5%.

Below 5% loading the overall voltage deviation shall be within ±500mV due to zero load "skip" cycle mode of operation.



Available now at: [www.murata-ps.com/en/3d/acdc.html](http://www.murata-ps.com/en/3d/acdc.html)



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Test Certificate  
and Test Report

**OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS**

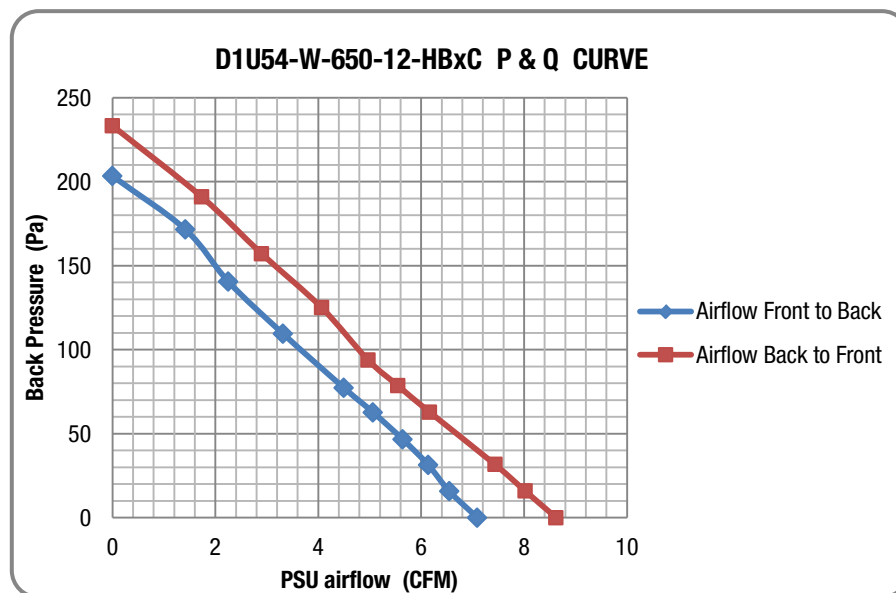
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Startup Time	AC ramp up Note: Following a "turn off" of the 12V Main output (for any reason whatsoever) the output shall not be allowed to "turn on" again for 1sec (even if all necessary operating conditions are met).			3	s
Transient Response	Main 12V, 50% load step, 1A/μs di/dt			±5	%
	12VSB, 50% load step, 1A/μs di/dt			500	μs
Current sharing accuracy (Main 12V output)	>10% load; (* percentage of full load)			±5*	%
Hot Swap Transients				±5	%
Holdup Time (Total Effective Hold Up - See Timing Waveforms)	Full AC Input Source Range; full load	12			ms

**ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Storage Temperature Range		-40		70	°C
Operating Temperature Range	90V-264Vac, 650W	-5		50	
Operating Humidity	Noncondensing; +45°C	5		90	%
Storage Humidity		5		95	
Altitude (without derating at 40°C)				3000	m
Shock	30G non-operating				
Operational Vibration	Sine sweep; 5-200Hz, 2G; random vibration, 5-500Hz, 1.11G				
MTBF(Target)	Per Telcordia SR-332 M1C1 @40°C		576K		hrs
Safety Approvals	CAN/CSA C22.2 No 60950-1-07, Am.1:2011, Am 2:2014 ANSI/UL 60950-1-2014 IEC60950-1:2005 (2nd Ed.), Am 1:2009 + Am 2:2013 EN 60950-1:2006+A11:2009 +A1:2010 +A12:2011 +A2:2013 BSMI CNS14336-1 (099/09/30); CNS13438 ((095/06/01) CCC GB4943.1-2011; GB9254-1-2008; GB17625, 1-2012				
Input Fuse	Power Supply has internal 12.5A/250V fast blow fuse on the AC line input				
Weight	1.63 lbs (0.741 kg)				

**AIRFLOW; PRESSURE VS. FLOW (PQ) CURVES**

D1U54P-W-650-12-HB3C &amp; D1U54P-W-650-12-HB4C


**Notes:**

1. The above curves represent performance based upon the use of a 20mm thickness fan.
2. Curves recorded at room ambient (circa 25°C).
3. Curves generated with internal fan running at 100% duty cycle

PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS						
Output	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
12V	Overtemperature (intake)	Autorestart with 4°C hysteresis for recovery (warning issued at 70°C)		75		°C
	Overvoltage	Latching	13.0		14.5	V
	Overcurrent (target)	The output shall shutdown when an overcurrent condition is detected. It will auto restart after 1sec; however if the overcurrent condition is redetected the output will once again shutdown. The output will once again re-start, however if the overcurrent condition persists it will latch off after the fifth unsuccessful attempt. To reset the latch it will be necessary to toggle the PS_ON_L signal (B4) or recycle the incoming AC source.	60		70	A
12VSB	Overvoltage	Latching	13.0		14.5	V
	Overcurrent	The output shall shutdown when an overcurrent is detected. It will auto restart after 2sec; however if the overcurrent is re-detected the output will once again shutdown. This cycle will occur indefinitely while the overcurrent condition	2.5		3.5	A

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Insulation Safety Rating	Input to Output - Reinforced	3000			Vrms	
	Input to Chassis - Basic	1500			Vrms	
Isolation	Output to Chassis	500			Vdc	

EMISSIONS AND IMMUNITY			
Characteristic	Standard	Compliance	
Input Current Harmonics	IEC/EN 61000-3-2	Complies	
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker	IEC/EN 61000-3-3	Complies	
Conducted Emissions	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 CISPR 22/EN55022	Class A with 6dB margin	
ESD Immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 4 criteria A	
Radiated Field Immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	Level 3 criteria B	
Electrical Fast Transients/Burst Immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	Level 3 criteria A	
Surge Immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>6kV common mode and differential mode, unit shall fail safely#.</li> <li>4kV common mode and differential mode, unit shall survive; the output may shut down and recover automatically (Criteria B) or require manual intervention (Criteria C)#.</li> <li>2kV common and differential mode, unit passes criteria A (normal performance)*</li> </ul>	
RF Conducted Immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3 criteria A	
Magnetic Field Immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-8	3 A/m criteria B	
Voltage Dips, Interruptions	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	230V <sub>in</sub> , 80% load, Phase 0°, Dip 100% Duration 10ms (A) 230V <sub>in</sub> , 50% load, Phase 0°, Dip 100% Duration 20ms (VSB:A, V1:B) 230V <sub>in</sub> , 100% load, Phase 0°, Dip 100% Duration > 20ms (VSB, V1:B)	

\* Impedance is 2 ohms for ±2kV differential and common mode to comply with NEBS GR-1089 limits. Maximum load capacitance is required for these tests.

# Tests above ±2kV will be performed for information purposes to IEC/EN6100-4-5 with 12ohm impedance, differential & common mode.

STATUS INDICATORS			
LED NAME	LED MODE	LED STATE/OPERATION	DESCRIPTION
Input	OK	Solid Green	Input voltage operating within normal specified range
Input	OV/UV WARNING	Blinking Green	Input voltage operating in: 1) overvoltage warning, or 2) undervoltage warning range
Input	OFF OR FAULT	Off	Input voltage operating: 1) above overvoltage range, or 2) below undervoltage range, or 3) not present
Output	POWER GOOD	Solid Green	Main output and standby output enabled with no power supply warning or fault detected
Output	STANDBY	Blinking Green	Standby output enabled with no power supply warning or fault detected
Output	WARNING	Blinking Amber	Power supply warning detected as per PMBus STATUS_X reporting bytes*
Output	FAULT	Solid Amber	Power supply fault detected as per PMBus STATUS_X reporting

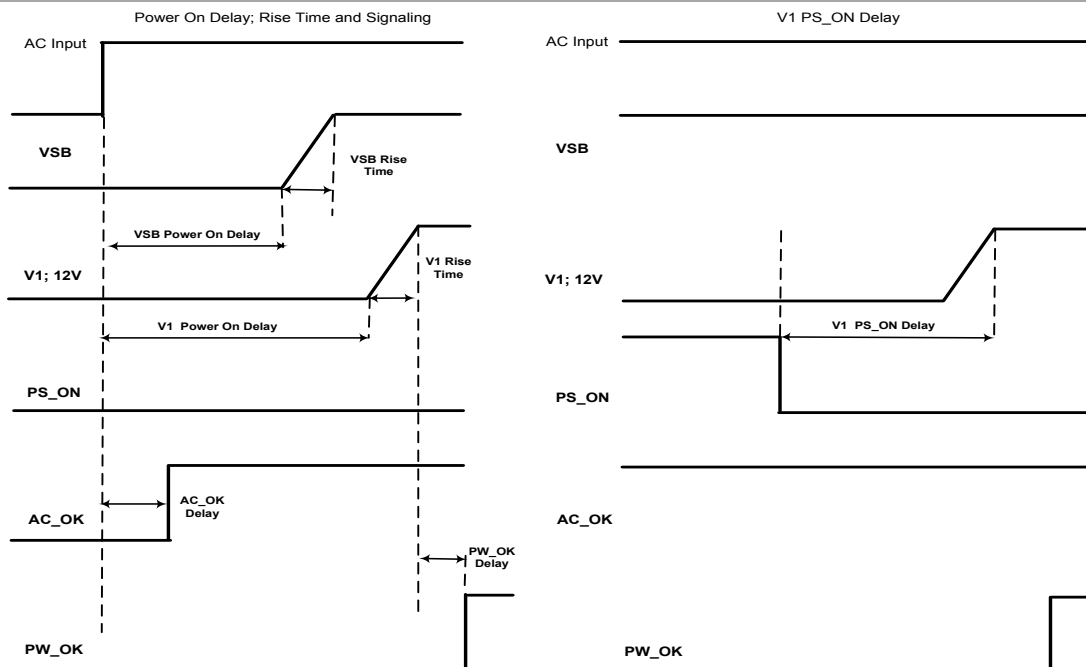
bytes\*

\*LED fault/warning operation follows PMBus fault/warning reporting status flags but will not be 'sticky';(i.e. if the fault stimulus is removed, even though the actual fault/warning is still showing (still "sticky" and not cleared), the relevant LED will revert to normal (non -fault) operation.

STATUS AND CONTROL SIGNALS			
Signal Name	I/O	Description	Interface Details
INPUT_OK (AC Source)	Output	The signal output is driven high when input source is available and within acceptable limits. The output is driven low to indicate loss of input power. There is a minimum of 1ms pre-warning time before the signal is driven low prior to the PWR_OK signal going low. The power supply must ensure that this interface signal provides accurate status when AC power is lost.	Pulled up internally via 10K to 3.3Vdc. A logic high >2.0Vdc A logic low <0.8Vdc Driven low by internal CMOS buffer (open drain output).
PW_OK (Output OK)	Output	The signal is asserted, driven high, by the power supply to indicate that all outputs are valid. If any of the outputs fail then this output will be hi-Z or driven low. The output is driven low to indicate that the Main output is outside of lower limit of regulation (11.4Vdc).	Pulled up internally via 10K to 3.3Vdc. A logic high >2.0Vdc A logic low <0.8Vdc Driven low by internal CMOS buffer (open drain output).
SMB_ALERT (FAULT/WARNING)	Output	The signal output is driven low to indicate that the power supply has detected a warning or fault and is intended to alert the system. This output must be driven high when the power is operating correctly (within specified limits). The signal will revert to a high level when the warning/fault stimulus (that caused the alert) is removed.	Pulled up internally via 10K to 3.3Vdc. A logic high >2.0Vdc A logic low <0.8Vdc Driven low by internal CMOS buffer (open drain output).
PRESENT_L (Power Supply Absent)	Output	The signal is used to detect the presence (installed) of a PSU by the host system. The signal is connected to PSU logic SGND within the power module.	Passive connection to +VSB_Return. A logic low <0.8Vdc
PS_ON (Power Supply Enable/Disable)	Input	This signal is pulled up internally to the internal housekeeping supply (within the power supply). The power supply main 12Vdc output will be enabled when this signal is pulled low to +VSB_Return. In the low state the signal input shall not source more than 1mA of current. The 12Vdc output will be disabled when the input is driven higher than 2.4V, or open circuited. Cycling this signal shall clear latched fault conditions.	Pulled up internally via 10K to 3.3Vdc. A logic high >2.0Vdc A logic low <0.8Vdc Input is via CMOS Schmitt trigger buffer.
PS_KILL	Input	This signal is used during hot swap to disable the main output during hot swap extraction. The input is pulled up internally to the internal housekeeping supply (within the power supply). The signal is provided on a short (lagging pin) and should be connected to +VSB_Return.	Pulled up internally via 10K to 3.3Vdc. A logic high >2.0Vdc A logic low <0.8Vdc Input is via CMOS Schmitt trigger
ADDR (Address Select)	Input	An analogue input that is used to set the address of the internal slave devices (EEPROM and microprocessor) used for digital communications. Connection of a suitable resistor to +VSB_Return, in conjunction with an internal resistor divider chain, will configure the required address.	DC voltage between the limits of 0 and +3.3Vdc.
SCL (Serial Clock)	Both	A serial clock line compatible with PMBus™ Power Systems Management Protocol Part 1 – General Requirements Rev 1.1. No additional internal capacitance is added that would affect the speed of the bus. The signal is provided with a series isolator device to disconnect the internal power supply bus in the event that the power module is unpowered,	V <sub>IL</sub> is 0.8V maximum V <sub>OL</sub> is 0.4V maximum when sinking 3mA V <sub>IH</sub> is 2.1V minimum
SDA (Serial Data)	Both	A serial data line compatible with PMBus™ Power Systems Management Protocol Part 1 – General Requirements Rev 1.1. The signal is provided with a series isolator device to disconnect the internal power supply bus in the event that the power module is unpowered,	V <sub>IL</sub> is 0.8V maximum V <sub>OL</sub> is 0.4V maximum when sinking 3mA V <sub>IH</sub> is 2.1V minimum
V1_SENSE V1SENSE_RTN	Input	Remote sense connections intended to be connected at and sense the voltage at the point of load. The voltage sense will interact with the internal module regulation loop to compensate for voltage drops due to connection resistance between the output connector and the load. If remote sense compensation is not required then the voltage can be configured for local sense by: 1. V1_SENSE directly connected to power blades 6 to 10 (inclusive) 2. V1_SENSE_RTN directly connected to power blades 1 to 5 (inclusive)	Compensation for a up to 0.12Vdc total connection drop (output and return connections).
ISHARE	Bi-Directional Analogue Bus	The current sharing signal is connected between sharing units (forming an ISHARE bus). It is an input and/or an output (bi-directional analogue bus) as the voltage on the line controls the current share between sharing units. A power supply will respond to a change in this voltage but a power supply can also change the voltage depending on the load drawn from it. On a single unit the voltage on the pin (and the common ISHARE bus would read 8VDC at 100% load (module capability). For two identical units sharing the same 100% load this would read 4VDC for perfect current sharing (i.e. 50% module load capability per unit).	Analogue voltage: +8V maximum; 10K to +12V_RTN

## TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

### Turn-On Delay & Output Rise Time:

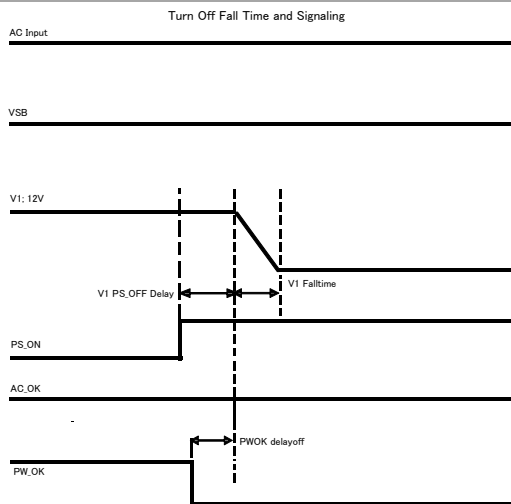


1. The turn-on delay after application of AC input within the operating range shall as defined in the following tables.
2. The output rise times shall be measured from 10% of the nominal output to the lower limit of the regulation band as defined in the following tables.

Time	Min	Max
Vsb Rise time	100ms	200ms
V1 Rise time	20ms	120ms
Vsb Power-on-delay		2700ms
V1 Power-on-delay		3000ms
V1 PS_ON delay	100ms	150ms
V1 PWOK delay	100ms	300ms
ACOK detect	300ms	2000ms

## TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

### Turn-Off (Shutdown by PS\_ON)

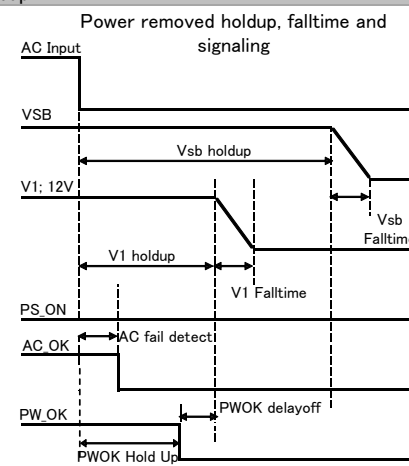


Turn-Off Timing	Min	Max	Notes
V1 Fall time	-	-	Must be monotonic
V1 PS_OFF delay	0ms	5ms	
PW_OK delay off	1.0ms		

1. Note this characteristic is applicable for the main 12Vdc output shutdown from PS\_ON pulled high.

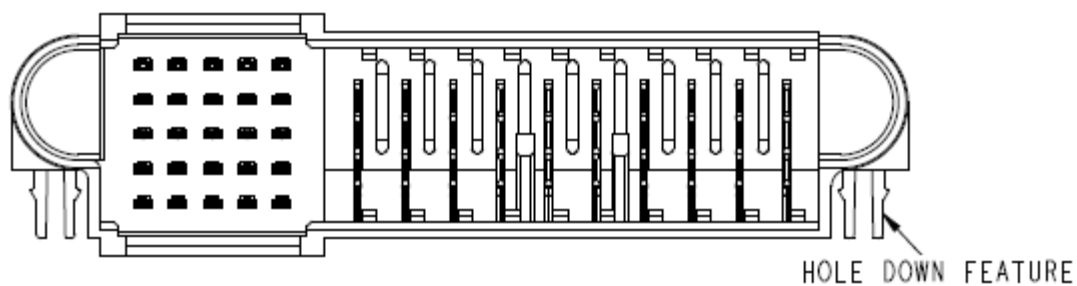
**TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

Power Removal Holdup



Power Removal Timing	Min	Max	Notes
Vsb holdup	40ms	-	
V1 holdup (Effective Total)	12ms	-	Full load
AC fail detect	-	40ms	
PWOK delay off	1.0ms		Full load
PWOK Hold Up	11.0ms		Full load

**OUTPUT CONNECTOR & SIGNAL INTERFACE; FCI PN 10122460-005LF**



PART NUMBER	ROWS		SIGNALS					POWERS												
			1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			
10122460-005LF 25S + 10P	E	H	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	H
	D																			
	C																			
	B																			
	A																			

NB: With respect to signals "3" in Columns 5, refers to the shortest level signal pin; the "shortest" pins are the "last to make, first to break" in the mating sequence.

**OUTPUT CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENTS - D1U54P-W-650-12-HBxC**

(Power Supply)FCI PN 10122460-005LF

Pin	Signal Name	Comments
6, 7, 8, 9, 10	V1 (+12VOUT)	+12V Main Output
1, 2, 3, 4, 5	+12V RTN/PGND	+12V Main Output Return
A1	+VSB	Standby Output
B1	+VSB	Standby Output
C1	+VSB	Standby Output
D1	+VSB	Standby Output
E1	+VSB	Standby Output
A2	+VSB_Return	Standby Output Return
B2	+VSB_Return	Standby Output Return
C2	Unused	No End User Connection
D2	Unused	No End User Connection
E2	Unused	No End User Connection
A3	ADDR	I <sup>2</sup> C Address Protocol Selection; (Select address by appropriate pull down resistor – See table below)
B3	Unused	No End User Connection
C3	SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Data Line
D3	V1_SENSE_R	-VE Remote Sense Return
E3	V1_SENSE	+VE Remote Sense
A4	SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Clock Line
B4	PS_ON_L	Remote On/Off (Enable/Disable)
C4	SMB_ALERT	Alert signal to host system
D4	Unused	No End User Connection
E4	AC_OK	AC Input Source Present & “OK”
A5	PS_KILL	Power Supply “kill”; short pin
B5	ISHARE	Active Current Share Bus
C5	PW_OK	Power “OK”; short pin
D5	Unused	No End User Connection
E5	PRESENT_L	Power Module Present; short pin

**MATING CONNECTOR**

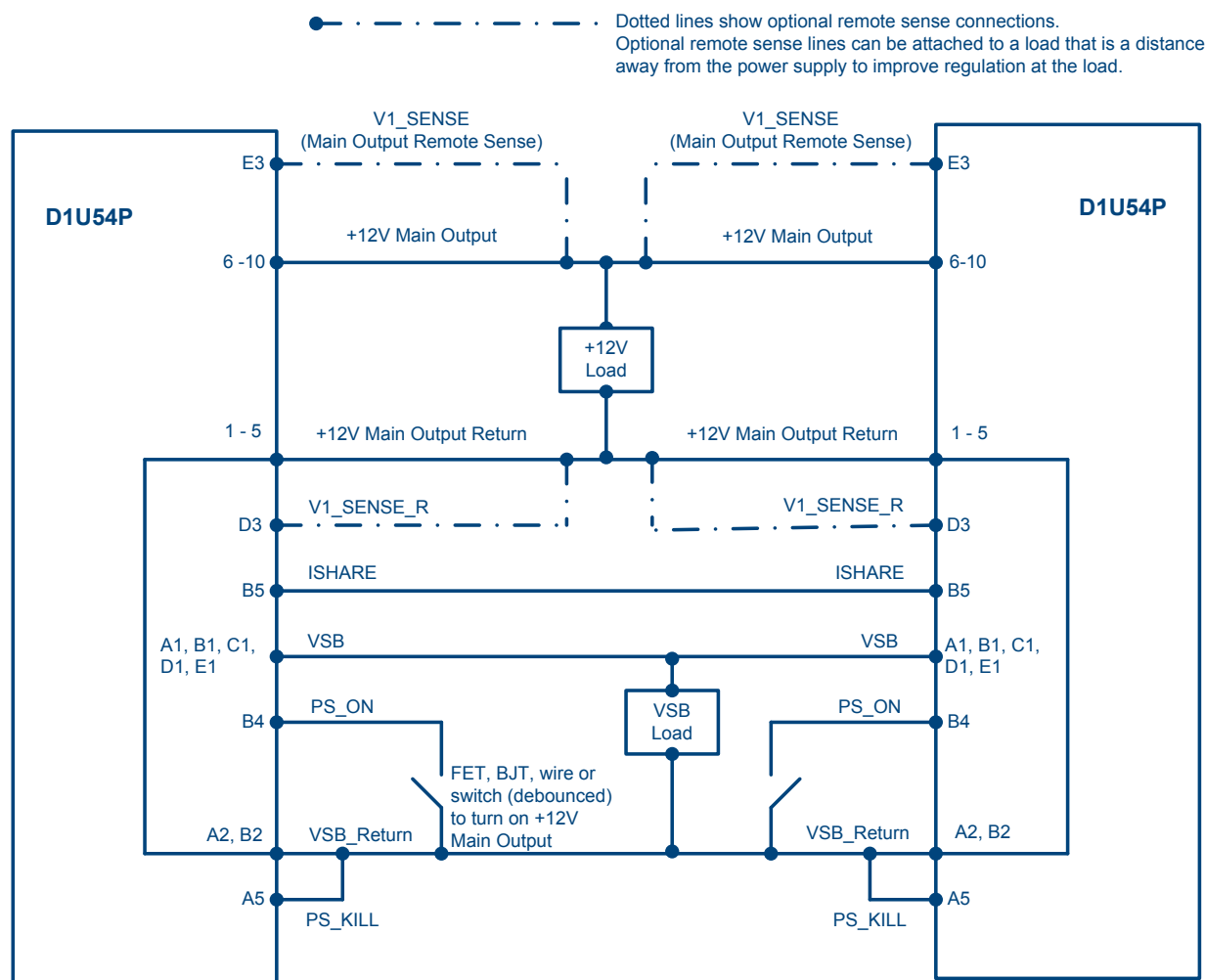
Part Number	Description
TE Connectivity 2-1926739-5	Right Angle
FCI 10108888-R10253SLF	Right Angle

**ADDR ADDRESS SELECTION**

ADDR pin (A3) resistor to GND (K-ohm)*	Power Supply Main Controller (Serial Communications Slave Address)	Power Supply External EEPROM (Serial Communications Slave Address)
0.82	0xB0	0xA0
2.7	0xB2	0xA2
5.6	0xB4	0xA4
8.2	0xB6	0xA6
15	0xB8	0xA8
27	0xBA	0xAA
56	0xBC	0xAC
180	0xBE	0xAE

\* The resistor shall be +/-5% tolerance

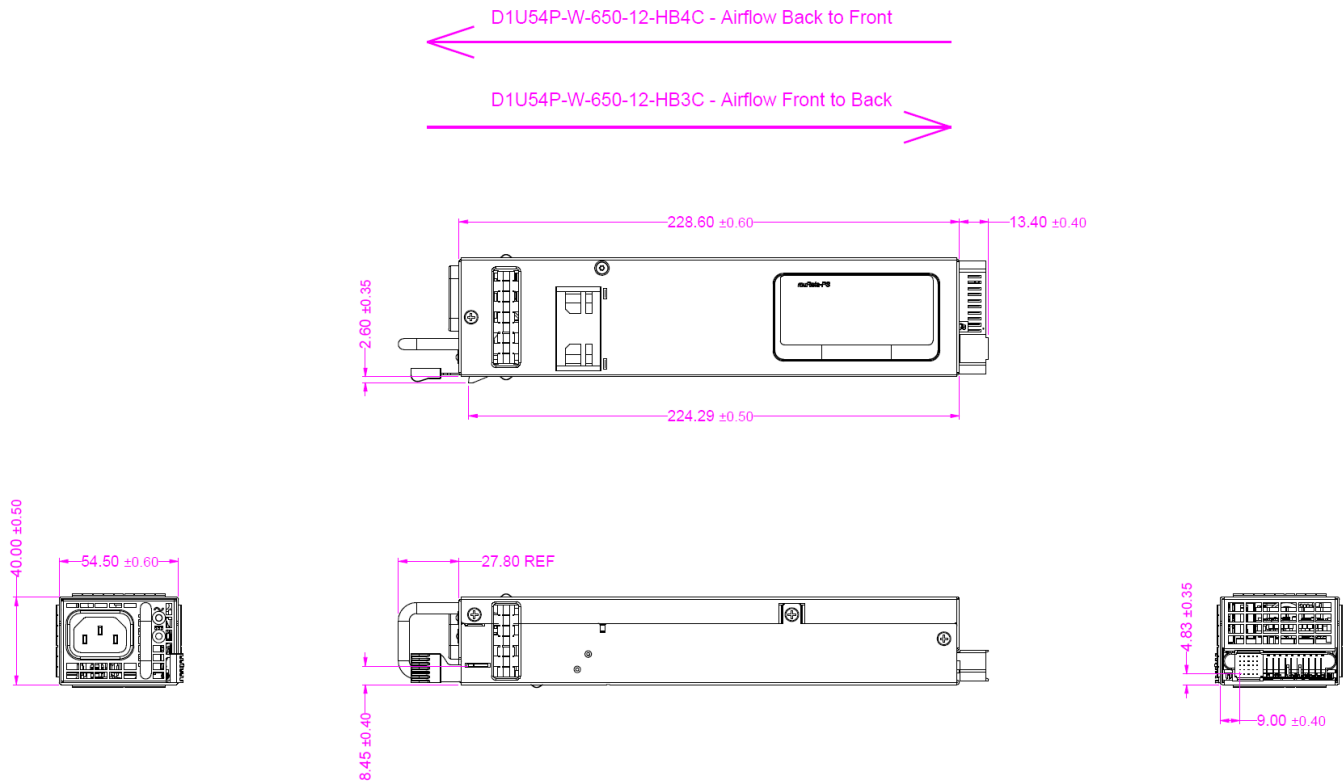
### WIRING DIAGRAM FOR OUTPUT



### CURRENT SHARE NOTES

1. Main Output: Current sharing is achieved using the active current share method details.)
2. Current sharing can be achieved with or without the remote (V\_SENSE) connected to the common load.
3. +VSB Outputs can be tied together for redundancy but total combined output power must not exceed the rated standby power. The +VSB output has an internal ORing MOSFET for additional redundancy/internal short protection.
4. The current sharing pin B5 is connected between sharing units (forming an ISHARE bus). It is an input and/or an output (bi-directional analogue bus) as the voltage on the line controls the current share between sharing units. A power supply will respond to a change in this voltage but a power supply can also change the voltage depending on the load drawn from it. On a single unit the voltage on the pin (and the common ISHARE bus would read 8VDC at 100% load. For two units sharing the same load this would read 4VDC for perfect current sharing (i.e. 50% load per unit).
5. The load for both the main 12V and the VSB rails at initial startup shall not be allowed to exceed the capability of a single unit. The load can be increased after a delay of 3sec (minimum), to allow all sharing units to achieve steady state regulation.

### MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS



1. AC input connector: IEC 320-C14
2. Dimensions: 2.15" x 9.0" x 1.57" [54.5mm x 228.6mm x 40.0mm]
3. This drawing is a graphical representation of the product and may not show all fine details.
4. Reference File: D1U54P-W-650-12-HBxC (M1876-M1877)\_Drawing for Product Datasheet\_20160119.pdf

#### OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

Description	Part Number	MPS Internal Part Number
12V D1U54P Output Connector Card	D1U54P-12-CONC	8407001-1

#### APPLICATION NOTES

Document Number	Description	Link
ACAN-64	D1U54P Output Connector Card	<a href="http://power.murata.com/datasheet/?/data/apnotes/acan-64.pdf">http://power.murata.com/datasheet/?/data/apnotes/acan-64.pdf</a>
ACAN-59	D1U54P-x Communication Protocol	<a href="http://power.murata.com/datasheet/?/data/apnotes/acan-59.pdf">http://power.murata.com/datasheet/?/data/apnotes/acan-59.pdf</a>

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- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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