

74LV4053-Q100

Triple single-pole double-throw analog switch

Rev. 1 — 25 March 2014

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74LV4053-Q100 is a triple single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch, suitable for use as an analog or digital multiplexer/demultiplexer. It is a low-voltage Si-gate CMOS device and is pin and function compatible with the 74HC4053-Q100 and 74HCT4053-Q100. Each switch has a digital select input (S_n), two independent inputs/outputs ($nY0$ and $nY1$) and a common input/output (nZ). All three switches share an enable input ($\bar{E}$). A HIGH on $\bar{E}$ causes all switches into the high-impedance OFF-state, independent of S_n .

V_{CC} and GND are the supply voltage connections for the digital control inputs (S_n and $\bar{E}$). The V_{CC} to GND range is 1 V to 6 V. The analog inputs/outputs ($nY0$, $nY1$ and nZ) can swing between V_{CC} as a positive limit and V_{EE} as a negative limit. $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ may not exceed 6 V. For operation as a digital multiplexer/demultiplexer, V_{EE} is connected to GND (typically ground). V_{EE} and V_{SS} are the supply voltage connections for the switches.

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
 - ◆ Specified from $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and from $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Optimized for low-voltage applications: 1.0 V to 3.6 V
- Accepts TTL input levels between $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ and $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$
- Low ON resistance:
 - ◆ $180\text{ }\Omega$ (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 2.0\text{ V}$
 - ◆ $100\text{ }\Omega$ (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 3.0\text{ V}$
 - ◆ $75\text{ }\Omega$ (typical) at $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 4.5\text{ V}$
- Logic level translation:
 - ◆ To enable 3 V logic to communicate with $\pm 3\text{ V}$ analog signals
- Typical 'break before make' built in
- ESD protection:
 - ◆ MIL-STD-883, method 3015 exceeds 2000 V
 - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - ◆ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V ($C = 200\text{ pF}$, $R = 0\text{ }\Omega$)
- Multiple package options

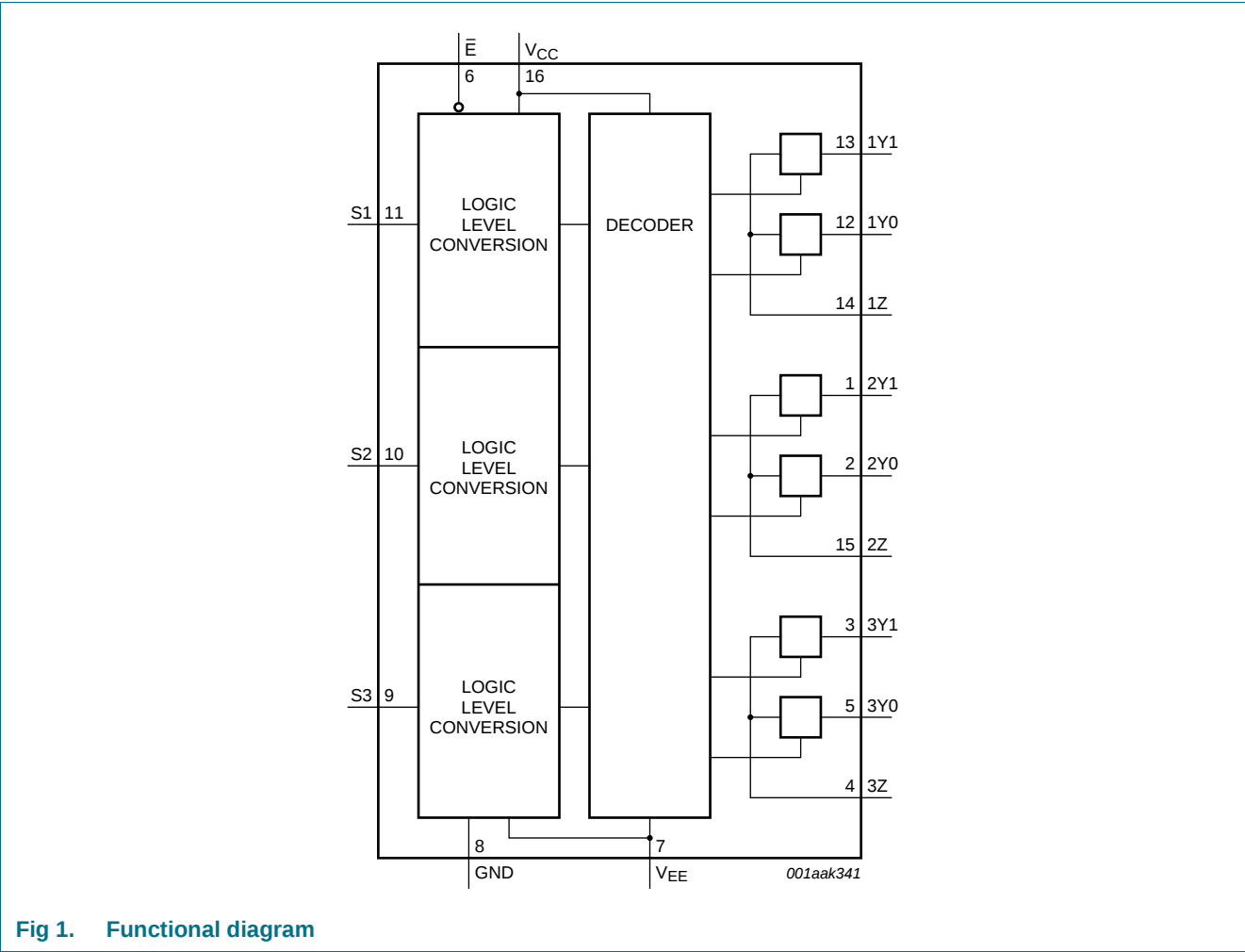


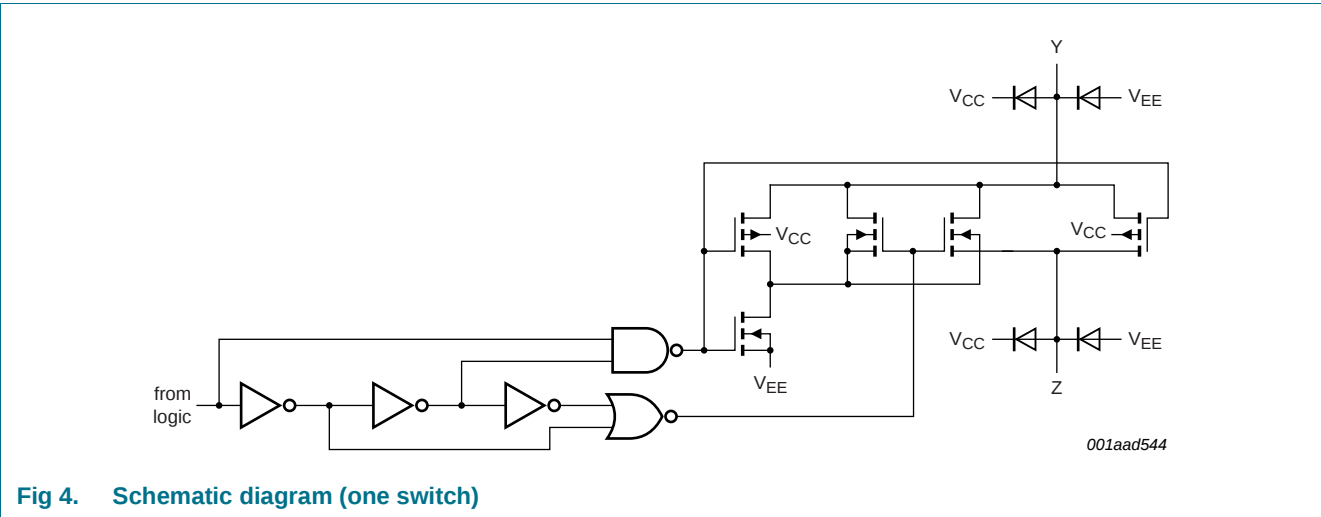
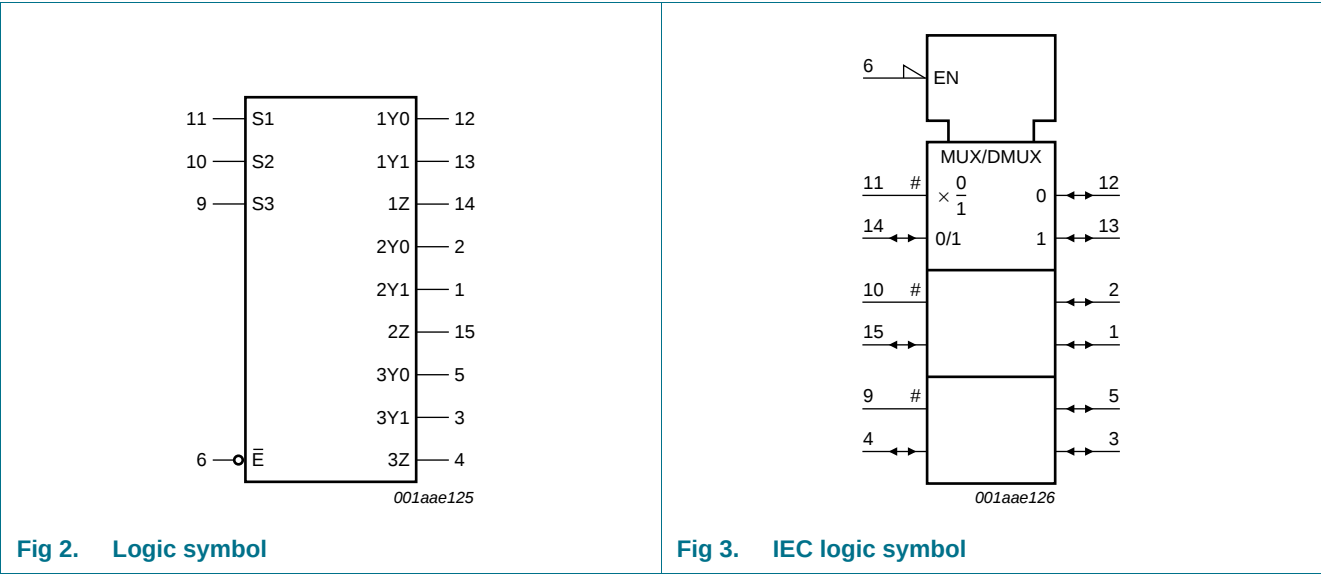
3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LV4053D-Q100	−40 °C to +125 °C	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm	SOT109-1
74LV4053PW-Q100	−40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP16	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT403-1
74LV4053BQ-Q100	−40 °C to +125 °C	DHVQFN16	plastic dual-in line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 × 3.5 × 0.85 mm	SOT763-1

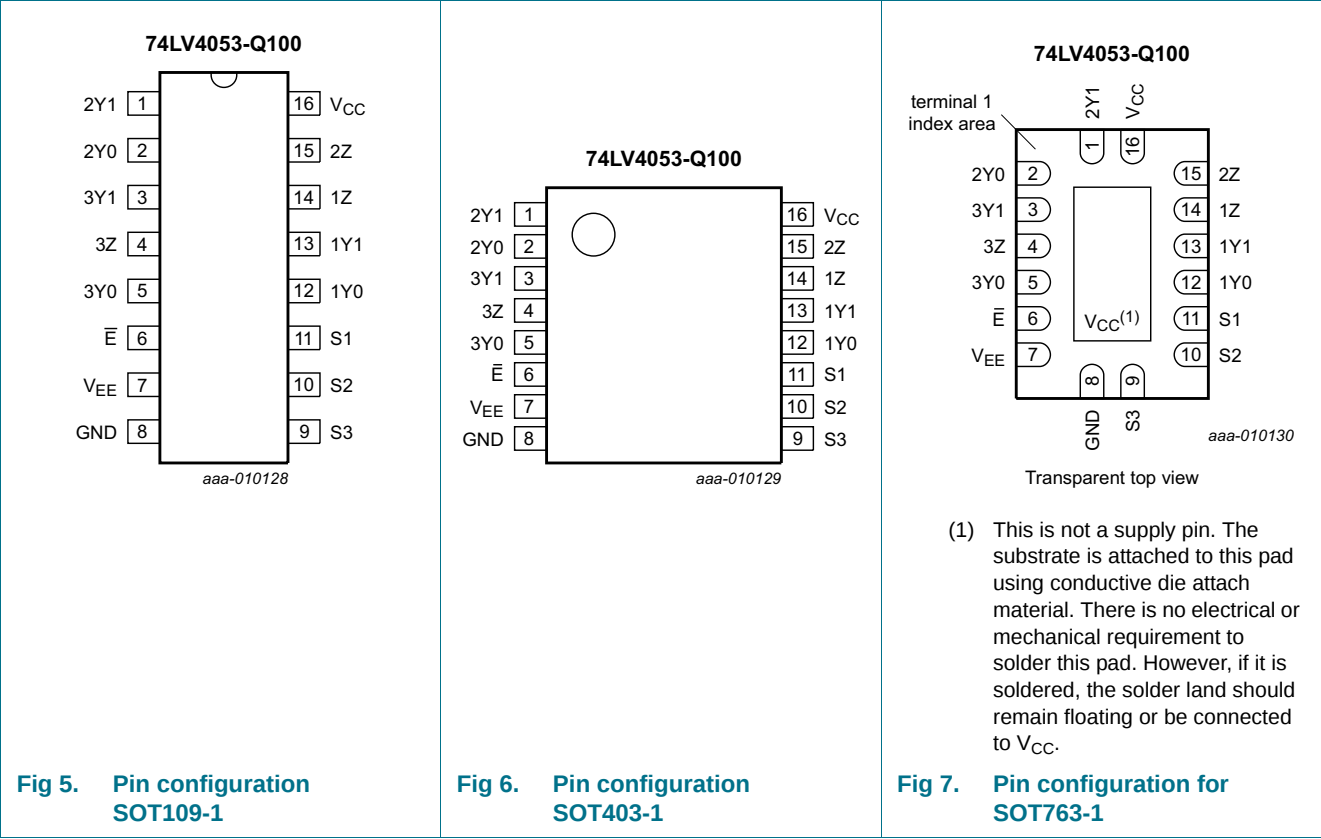
4. Functional diagram





5. Pinning information

5.1 Pinning



5.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
$\overline{E}$	6	enable input (active LOW)
V _{EE}	7	supply voltage
GND	8	ground supply voltage
S1, S2, S3	11, 10, 9	select input
1Y0, 2Y0, 3Y0	12, 2, 5	independent input or output
1Y1, 2Y1, 3Y1	13, 1, 3	independent input or output
1Z, 2Z, 3Z	14, 15, 4	common output or input
V _{CC}	16	supply voltage

6. Functional description

Table 3. Function table [\[1\]](#)

Inputs		Channel on
$\overline{E}$	Sn	
L	L	nY0 to nZ
L	H	nY1 to nZ
H	X	switches off

[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care.

7. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to $V_{SS} = 0$ V (ground).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage	[1]	-0.5	+7.0	V
I_{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < -0.5$ V or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5$ V [2]	-	± 20	mA
I_{SK}	switch clamping current	$V_{SW} < -0.5$ V or $V_{SW} > V_{CC} + 0.5$ V [2]	-	± 20	mA
I_{SW}	switch current	$V_{SW} > -0.5$ V or $V_{SW} < V_{CC} + 0.5$ V; source or sink current [2]	-	± 25	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +125 °C [3]			
		SO16 package	-	500	mW
		TSSOP16 package	-	500	mW
		DHVQFN16 package	-	500	mW

- [1] To avoid drawing V_{CC} current from terminal nZ, when switch current flows into terminals nYn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal nZ, no V_{CC} current flows out of terminals nYn. In this case, there is no limit to the voltage drop across the switch. However, the voltages at nYn and nZ may not exceed V_{CC} or V_{EE} .
- [2] The minimum input voltage rating may be exceeded if the input current rating is observed.
- [3] For SO16 packages: above 70 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K.
 For TSSOP16 packages: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.
 For DHVQFN16 packages: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.5 mW/K.

8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	supply voltage	see Figure 8	1	3.3	6	V
V _I	input voltage		0	-	V _{CC}	V
V _{SW}	switch voltage		0	-	V _{CC}	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature	in free air	−40	-	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V _{CC} = 1.0 V to 2.0 V	-	-	500	ns/V
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V to 2.7 V	-	-	200	ns/V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	100	ns/V

[1] The static characteristics are guaranteed from V_{CC} = 1.2 V to 6.0 V. However, LV devices are guaranteed to function down to V_{CC} = 1.0 V (with input levels GND or V_{CC}).

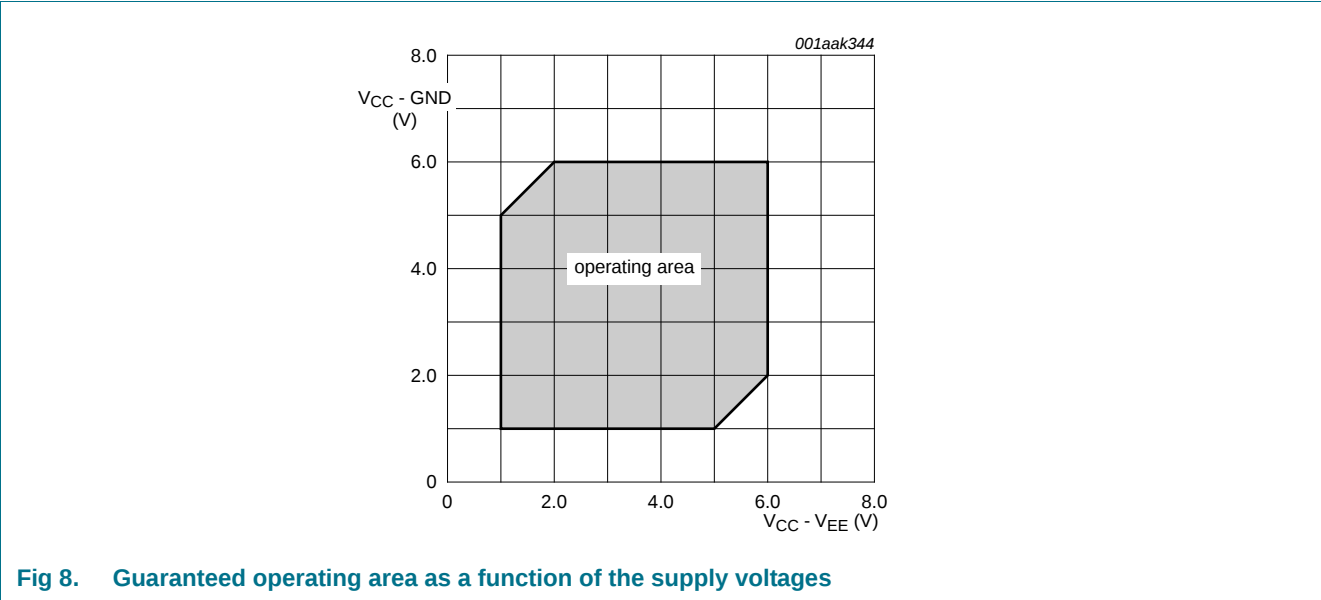


Fig 8. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages

9. Static characteristics

Table 6. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions. Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	–40 °C to +85 °C			–40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 1.2 V	0.9	-	-	0.9	-	V
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	1.4	-	-	1.4	-	V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	3.15	-	-	3.15	-	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	4.20	-	-	4.20	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	-	0.6	-	0.6	V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-	1.35	-	1.35	V
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	1.80	-	1.80	V
I _I	input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND						
		V _{CC} = 3.6 V	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	μA
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	2.0	-	2.0	μA
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; see Figure 9						
		V _{CC} = 3.6 V	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	μA
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	2.0	-	2.0	μA
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; see Figure 10						
		V _{CC} = 3.6 V	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	μA
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	2.0	-	2.0	μA
I _{CC}	supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND; I _O = 0 A						
		V _{CC} = 3.6 V	-	-	20	-	40	μA
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	-	40	-	80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	additional supply current	per input; V _I = V _{CC} – 0.6 V; V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	500	-	850	μA
C _I	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	-	-	pF
C _{SW}	switch capacitance	independent pins nYn	-	5	-	-	-	pF
		common pins nZ	-	8	-	-	-	pF

[1] Typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

9.1 Test circuits

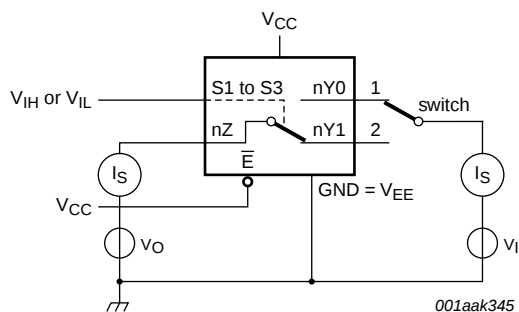
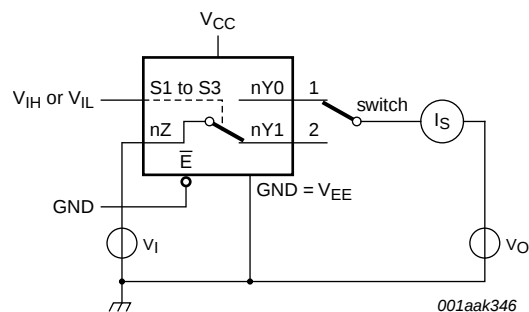

$$V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{EE} \text{ and } V_O = V_{EE} \text{ or } V_{CC}.$$

Fig 9. Test circuit for measuring OFF-state leakage current



$V_I = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE} and $V_O =$ open circuit.

Fig 10. Test circuit for measuring ON-state leakage current

9.2 ON resistance

Table 7. ON resistance

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for graphs see [Figure 11](#) and [Figure 12](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	−40 °C to +85 °C			−40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max	
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance (peak)	V _I = 0 V to V _{CC} − V _{EE}						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V; I _{SW} = 100 μA ^[2]	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	180	365	-	435	Ω
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	115	225	-	270	Ω
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	100	200	-	245	Ω
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	75	150	-	180	Ω
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	70	140	-	165	Ω
ΔR _{ON}	ON resistance mismatch between channels	V _I = 0 V to V _{CC} − V _{EE}						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V; I _{SW} = 100 μA ^[2]	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	5	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	4	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	4	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	3	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 μA	-	2	-	-	-	Ω

Table 7. ON resistance ...continued

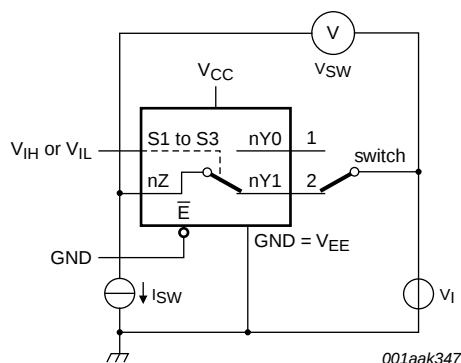
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for graphs see [Figure 11](#) and [Figure 12](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	–40 °C to +85 °C			–40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max	
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	V _I = GND						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V; I _{SW} = 100 µA ^[2]	-	250	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	120	280	-	325	Ω
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	75	170	-	195	Ω
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	70	155	-	180	Ω
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	50	120	-	135	Ω
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	45	105	-	120	Ω
R _{ON(rail)}	ON resistance (rail)	V _I = V _{CC} – V _{EE}						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V; I _{SW} = 100 µA ^[2]	-	350	-	-	-	Ω
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	170	340	-	400	Ω
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	105	210	-	250	Ω
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	95	190	-	225	Ω
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	70	140	-	165	Ω
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V; I _{SW} = 1000 µA	-	65	125	-	150	Ω

[1] Typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

[2] When supply voltages (V_{CC} – V_{EE}) approach 1.2 V, the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. Use these devices only for transmitting digital signals, when using a supply of 1.2 V.

9.3 On resistance waveform and test circuit



$$R_{ON} = V_{SW} / I_{SW}.$$

Fig 11. Test circuit for measuring R_{ON}

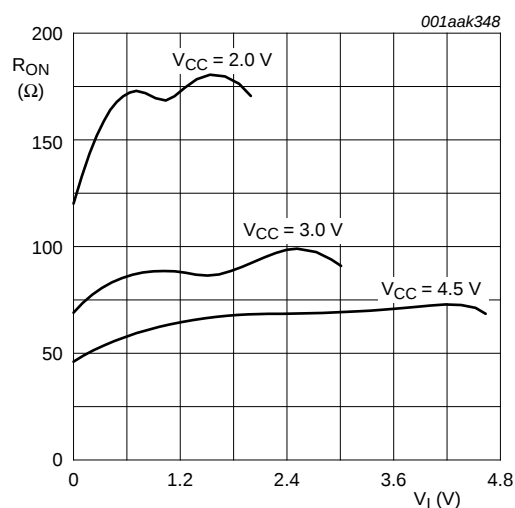

$$V_i = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC} - V_{EE}$$

Fig 12. Typical R_{ON} as a function of input voltage

10. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). For test circuit, see [Figure 15](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	–40 °C to +85 °C			–40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max	
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nYn, nZ to nZ, nYn; see Figure 13 ^[2]						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	25	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	9	17	-	20	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	-	6	13	-	15	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V ^[3]	-	5	10	-	12	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	4	9	-	10	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	3	7	-	8	ns
t _{en}	enable time	$\bar{E}$ to nYn, nZ; see Figure 14 ^[2]						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	100	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	34	65	-	77	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	-	25	48	-	56	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C _L = 15 pF ^[3]	-	16	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V ^[3]	-	19	38	-	45	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	17	32	-	38	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	13	25	-	29	ns
		Sn to nYn, nZ; see Figure 14 ^[2]						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	125	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	43	82	-	97	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	-	31	60	-	71	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C _L = 15 pF ^[3]	-	20	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V ^[3]	-	24	48	-	57	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	21	41	-	48	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	16	31	-	37	ns

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continuedVoltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). For test circuit, see [Figure 15](#).

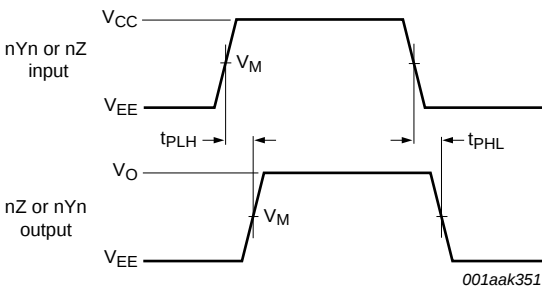
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	–40 °C to +85 °C			–40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max	
t _{dis}	disable time	$\bar{E}$ to nYn, nZ; see Figure 14 ^[2]						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	95	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	34	61	-	73	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	-	26	46	-	54	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C _L = 15 pF ^[3]	-	17	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V ^[3]	-	20	37	-	44	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	18	32	-	38	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	15	25	-	30	ns
		Sn to nYn, nZ; see Figure 14 ^[2]						
		V _{CC} = 1.2 V	-	90	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.0 V	-	32	59	-	70	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	-	24	44	-	52	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C _L = 15 pF ^[3]	-	16	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V ^[3]	-	19	36	-	42	ns
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	17	31	-	36	ns
		V _{CC} = 6.0 V	-	14	24	-	28	ns
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	C _L = 50 pF; f _i = 1 MHz; ^[4] V _I = GND to V _{CC}	-	36	-	-	-	pF

[1] All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.[2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}.t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH}.t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ}.[3] Typical values are measured at nominal supply voltage (V_{CC} = 3.3 V).[4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).P_D = C_{PD} × V_{CC}² × f_i × N + Σ((C_L + C_{SW}) × V_{CC}² × f_o) where:f_i = input frequency in MHz, f_o = output frequency in MHzC_L = output load capacitance in pFC_{SW} = maximum switch capacitance in pF;V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts

N = number of inputs switching

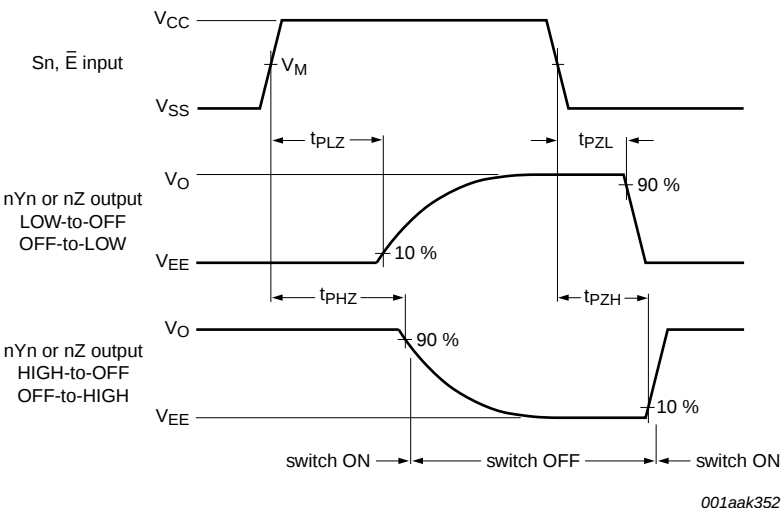
Σ(C_L × V_{CC}² × f_o) = sum of the outputs.

10.1 Waveforms



Measurement points are given in [Table 9](#).
 V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 13. nYn, nZ to nZ, nYn propagation delays

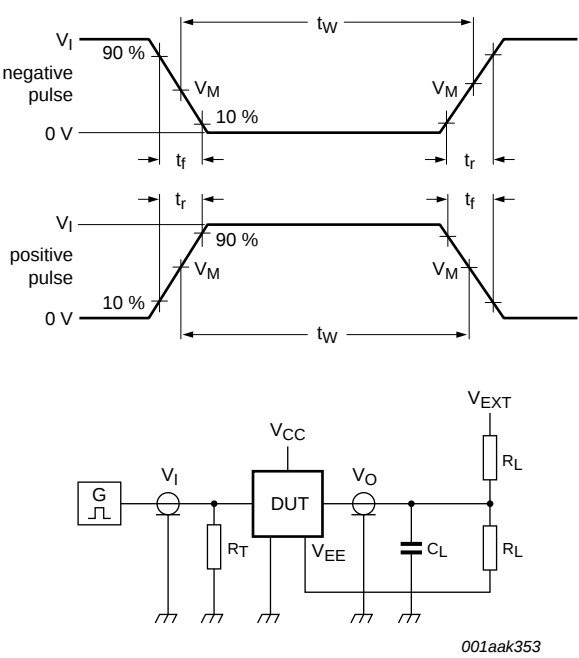


Measurement points are given in [Table 9](#).
 V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 14. Enable and disable times

Table 9. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input	Output		
V_{CC}	V_M	V_M	V_X	V_Y
< 2.7 V	$0.5V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$	$V_{OL} + 0.1V_{CC}$	$V_{OH} - 0.1V_{CC}$
2.7 V to 3.6 V	1.5 V	1.5 V	$V_{OL} + 0.3 V$	$V_{OH} - 0.3 V$
> 3.6 V	$0.5V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$	$V_{OL} + 0.1V_{CC}$	$V_{OH} - 0.1V_{CC}$



Test data is given in [Table 10](#).
Definitions for test circuit:
 R_L = Load resistance.
 C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.
 R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance Z_o of the pulse generator.
 V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig 15. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load		V_{EXT}		
V_{CC}	V_I	t_r, t_f	C_L	R_L	t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}	t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}	t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}
< 2.7 V	V_{CC}	≤ 6 ns	50 pF	1 k Ω	open	V_{EE}	$2V_{CC}$
2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.7 V	≤ 6 ns	15 pF, 50 pF	1 k Ω	open	V_{EE}	$2V_{CC}$
> 3.6 V	V_{CC}	≤ 6 ns	50 pF	1 k Ω	open	V_{EE}	$2V_{CC}$

10.2 Additional dynamic parameters

Table 11. Additional dynamic characteristics

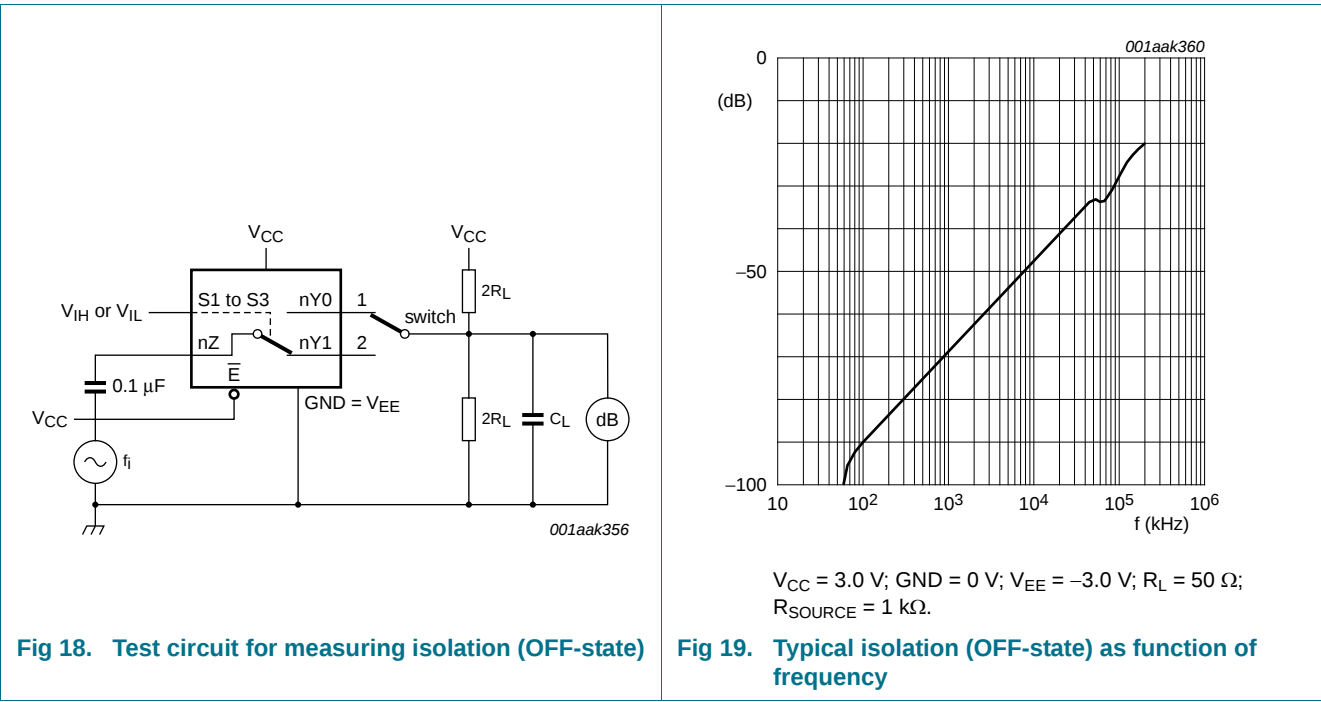
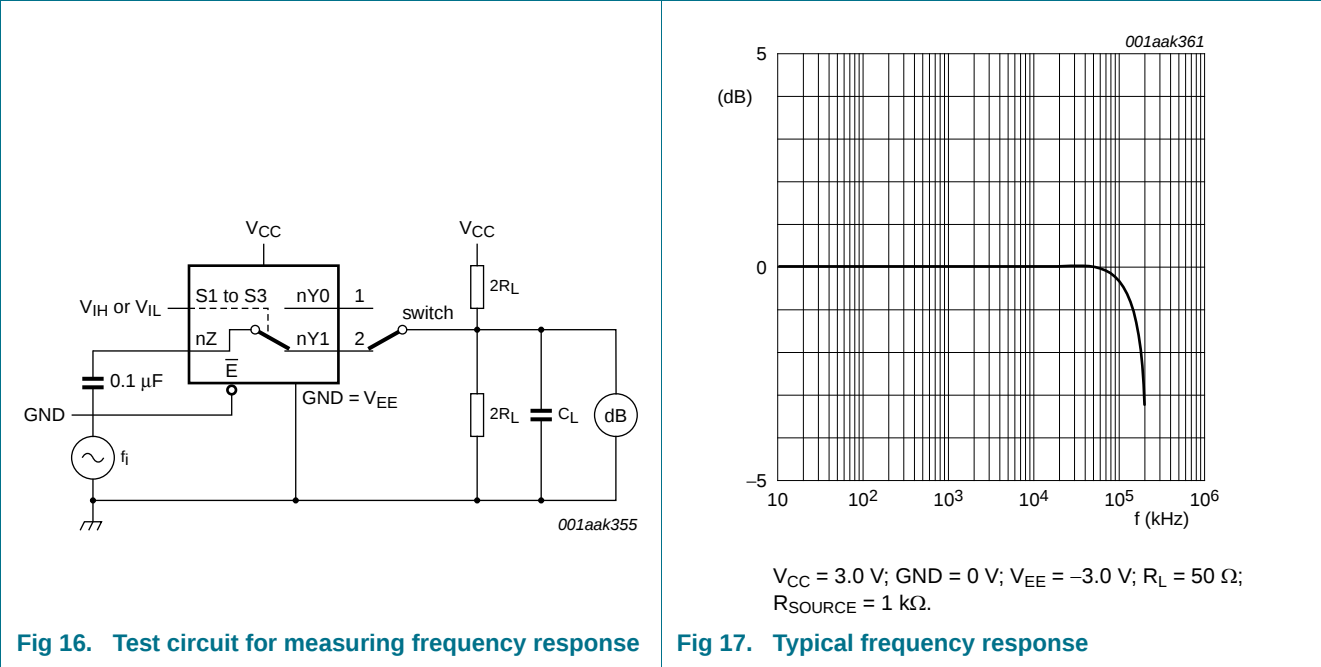
At recommended operating conditions. Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). V_I = GND or V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified). $t_r = t_f \leq 6.0$ ns; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
THD	total harmonic distortion	$f_i = 1$ kHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 10$ k Ω ; see Figure 20				
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V; $V_I = 2.75$ V (p-p)	-	0.8	-	%
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V; $V_I = 5.5$ V (p-p)	-	0.4	-	%
		$f_i = 10$ kHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 10$ k Ω ; see Figure 20				
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V; $V_I = 2.75$ V (p-p)	-	2.4	-	%
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V; $V_I = 5.5$ V (p-p)	-	1.2	-	%
$f_{(-3dB)}$	-3 dB frequency response	$C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 50$ Ω ; see Figure 16 ^[1]				
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V	-	180	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	-	200	-	MHz
α_{iso}	isolation (OFF-state)	$f_i = 1$ MHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 600$ Ω ; see Figure 18 ^[2]				
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V	-	-50	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	-	-50	-	dB
V_{ct}	crosstalk voltage	between digital inputs and switch; ^[2] $f_i = 1$ MHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 600$ Ω ; see Figure 21				
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V	-	0.11	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	-	0.12	-	V
Xtalk	crosstalk	between switches; $f_i = 1$ MHz; $C_L = 50$ pF; $R_L = 600$ Ω ; see Figure 22				
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V	-	-60	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	-	-60	-	dB

[1] To obtain 0 dBm level at output for 1 MHz, adjust f_i voltage (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω).

[2] To obtain 0 dBm level at output for 1 MHz, adjust f_i voltage (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600 Ω).

10.2.1 Test circuits



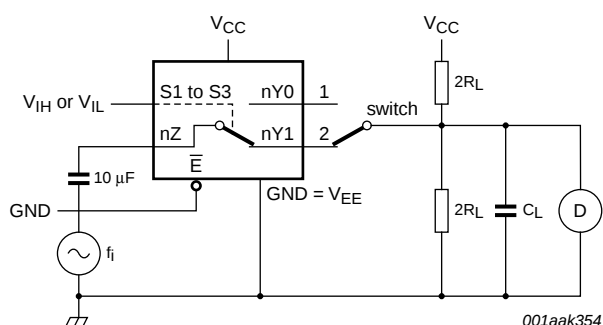
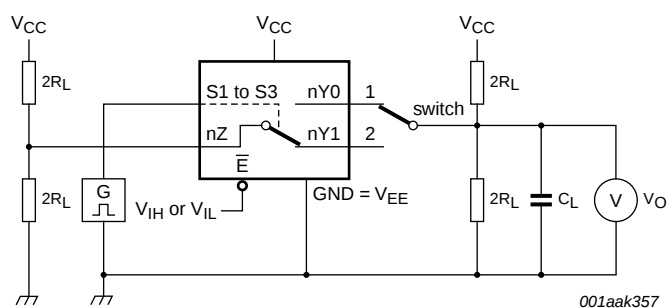
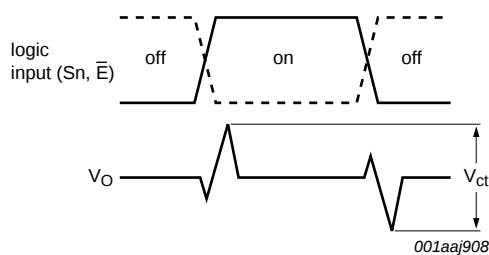


Fig 20. Test circuit for measuring total harmonic distortion



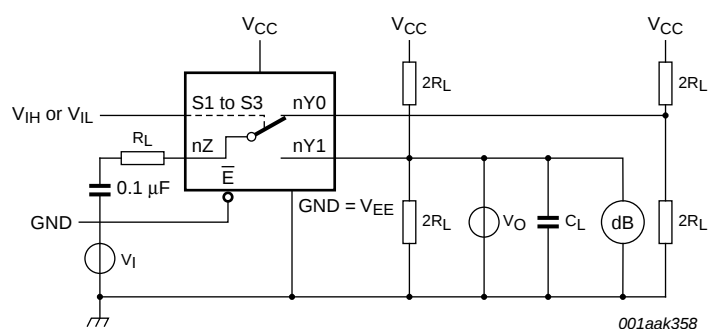
a. Test circuit



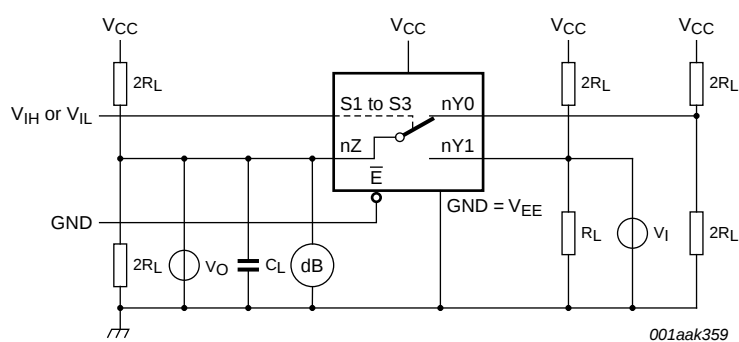
b. Input and output pulse definitions

V_I may be connected to S_n or $\overline{E}$.

Fig 21. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk voltage between digital inputs and switch



a. Switch closed condition



b. Switch open condition

Fig 22. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between switches

11. Package outline

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1

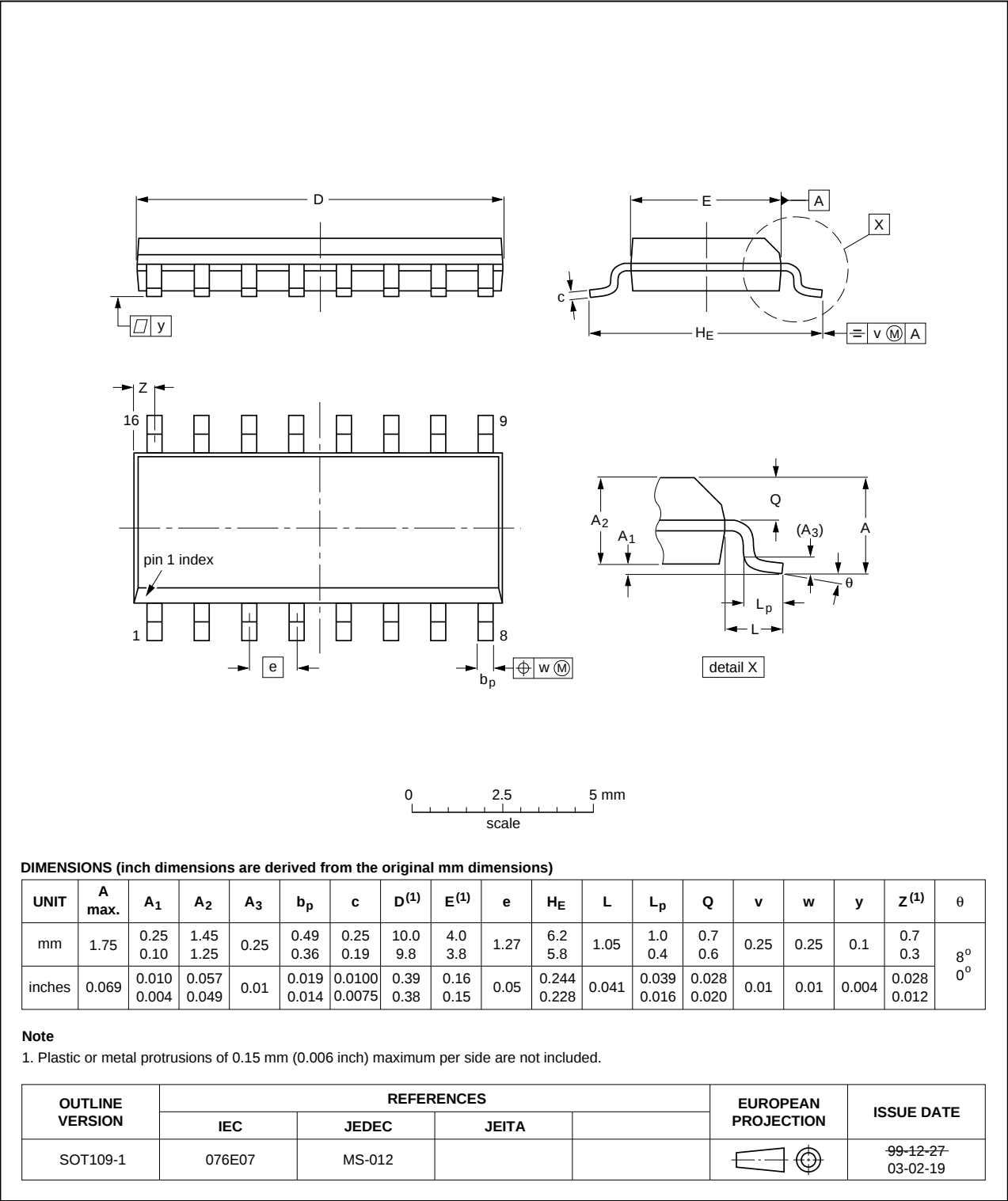
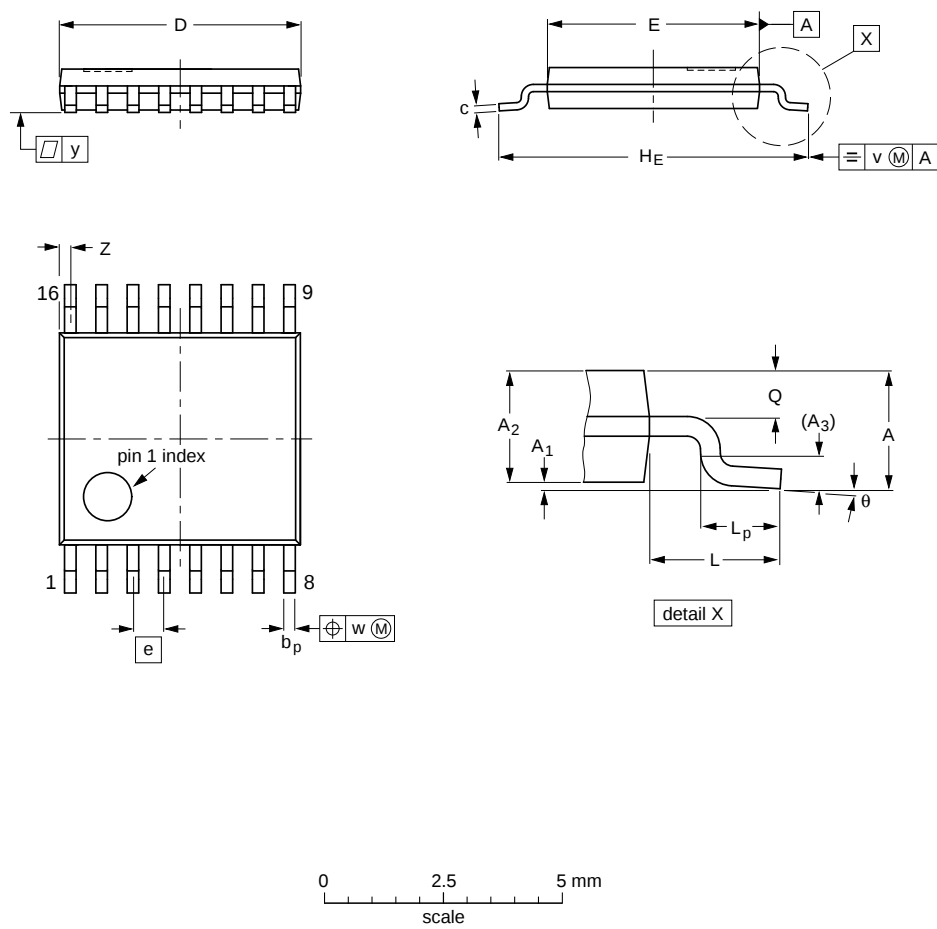


Fig 23. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	b _p	c	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽²⁾	e	H _E	L	L _p	Q	v	w	y	z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.1	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	5.1 4.9	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.40 0.06	8° 0°

Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT403-1		MO-153				99-12-27 03-02-18

Fig 24. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm
SOT763-1

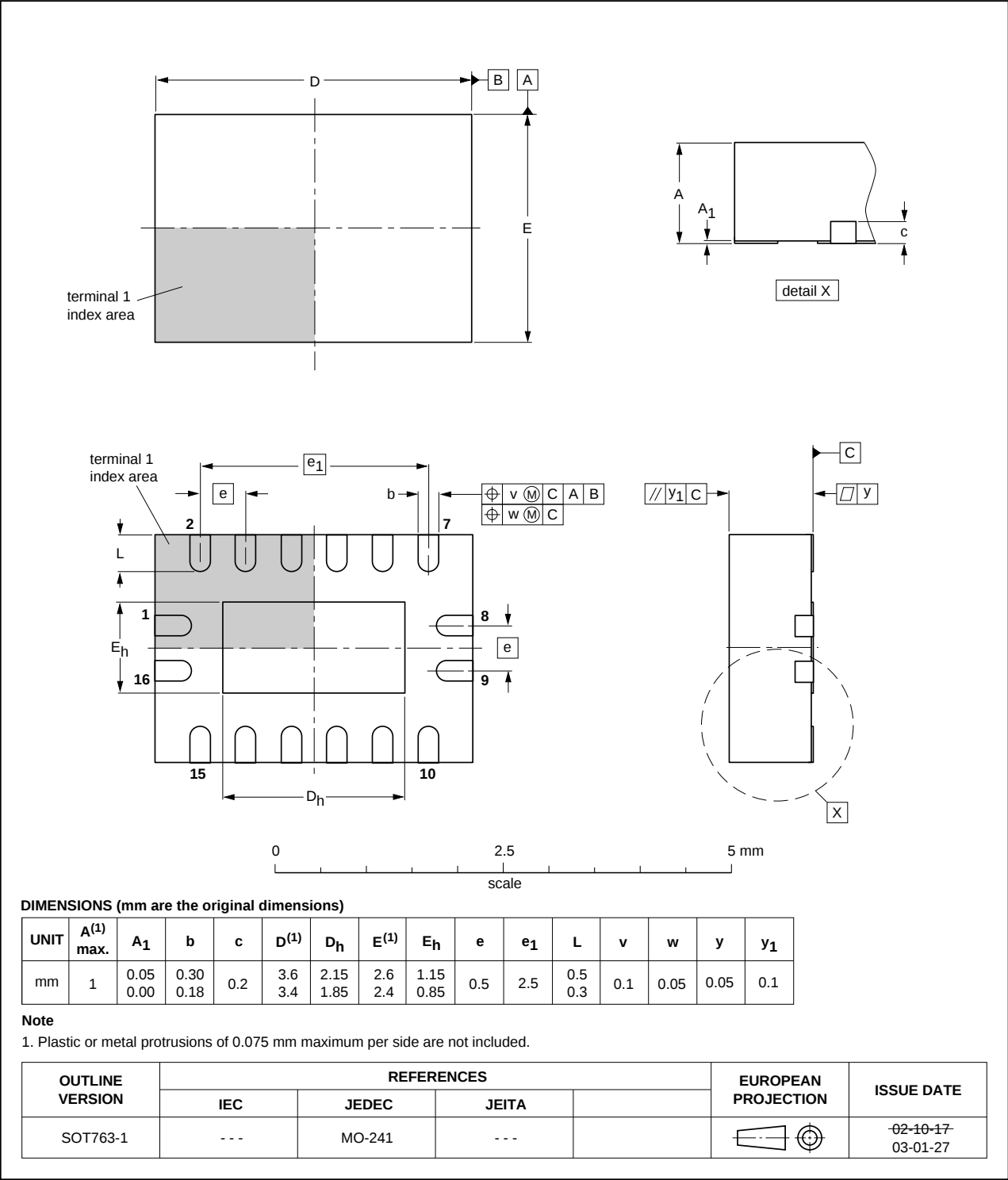


Fig 25. Package outline SOT763-1 (DHVQFN16)

12. Abbreviations

Table 12. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MIL	Military
MM	Machine Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic

13. Revision history

Table 13. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LV4053_Q100 v.1	20140325	Product data sheet	-	-

14. Legal information

14.1 Data sheet status

Document status ^{[1][2]}	Product status ^[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

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