



# PIC16C6X

## 8-Bit CMOS Microcontrollers

### Devices included in this data sheet:

- PIC16C61
- PIC16C62
- PIC16C62A
- PIC16CR62
- PIC16C63
- PIC16CR63
- PIC16C64
- PIC16C64A
- PIC16CR64
- PIC16C65
- PIC16C65A
- PIC16CR65
- PIC16C66
- PIC16C67

### PIC16C6X Microcontroller Core Features:

- High performance RISC CPU
- Only 35 single word instructions to learn
- All single cycle instructions except for program branches which are two-cycle
- Operating speed: DC - 20 MHz clock input  
DC - 200 ns instruction cycle
- Interrupt capability
- Eight level deep hardware stack
- Direct, indirect, and relative addressing modes
- Power-on Reset (POR)
- Power-up Timer (PWRT) and Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST)
- Watchdog Timer (WDT) with its own on-chip RC oscillator for reliable operation
- Programmable code-protection
- Power saving SLEEP mode
- Selectable oscillator options

- Low-power, high-speed CMOS EPROM/ROM technology
- Fully static design
- Wide operating voltage range: 2.5V to 6.0V
- Commercial, Industrial, and Extended temperature ranges
- Low-power consumption:
  - < 2 mA @ 5V, 4 MHz
  - 15  $\mu$ A typical @ 3V, 32 kHz
  - < 1  $\mu$ A typical standby current

### PIC16C6X Peripheral Features:

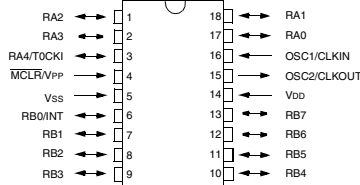
- Timer0: 8-bit timer/counter with 8-bit prescaler
- Timer1: 16-bit timer/counter with prescaler, can be incremented during sleep via external crystal/clock
- Timer2: 8-bit timer/counter with 8-bit period register, prescaler and postscale
- Capture/Compare/PWM (CCP) module(s)
- Capture is 16-bit, max resolution is 12.5 ns, Compare is 16-bit, max resolution is 200 ns, PWM max resolution is 10-bit.
- Synchronous Serial Port (SSP) with SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C™
- Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (USART/SCI)
- Parallel Slave Port (PSP) 8-bits wide, with external  $\overline{RD}$ ,  $\overline{WR}$  and  $\overline{CS}$  controls
- Brown-out detection circuitry for Brown-out Reset (BOR)

| PIC16C6X Features                      | 61    | 62                       | 62A                      | R62                      | 63                             | R63                            | 64                       | 64A                      | R64                      | 65                             | 65A                            | R65                            | 66                             | 67                             |
|----------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Program Memory (EPROM) x 14 (ROM) x 14 | 1K    | 2K                       | 2K                       | —                        | 4K                             | —                              | 2K                       | 2K                       | —                        | 4K                             | 4K                             | —                              | 8K                             | 8K                             |
| Data Memory (Bytes) x 8                | 36    | 128                      | 128                      | 128                      | 192                            | 192                            | 128                      | 128                      | 128                      | 192                            | 192                            | 192                            | 368                            | 368                            |
| I/O Pins                               | 13    | 22                       | 22                       | 22                       | 22                             | 22                             | 33                       | 33                       | 33                       | 33                             | 33                             | 33                             | 22                             | 33                             |
| Parallel Slave Port                    | —     | —                        | —                        | —                        | —                              | —                              | Yes                      | Yes                      | Yes                      | Yes                            | Yes                            | Yes                            | —                              | Yes                            |
| Capture/Compare/PWM Module(s)          | —     | 1                        | 1                        | 1                        | 2                              | 2                              | 1                        | 1                        | 1                        | 2                              | 2                              | 2                              | 2                              | 2                              |
| Timer Modules                          | 1     | 3                        | 3                        | 3                        | 3                              | 3                              | 3                        | 3                        | 3                        | 3                              | 3                              | 3                              | 3                              | 3                              |
| Serial Communication                   | —     | SPI/<br>I <sup>2</sup> C | SPI/<br>I <sup>2</sup> C | SPI/<br>I <sup>2</sup> C | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C,<br>USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C,<br>USART | SPI/<br>I <sup>2</sup> C | SPI/<br>I <sup>2</sup> C | SPI/<br>I <sup>2</sup> C | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C,<br>USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C,<br>USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C,<br>USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C,<br>USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C,<br>USART |
| In-Circuit Serial Programming          | Yes   | Yes                      | Yes                      | Yes                      | Yes                            | Yes                            | Yes                      | Yes                      | Yes                      | Yes                            | Yes                            | Yes                            | Yes                            | Yes                            |
| Brown-out Reset                        | —     | —                        | Yes                      | Yes                      | Yes                            | Yes                            | —                        | Yes                      | Yes                      | —                              | Yes                            | Yes                            | Yes                            | Yes                            |
| Interrupt Sources                      | 3     | 7                        | 7                        | 7                        | 10                             | 10                             | 8                        | 8                        | 8                        | 11                             | 11                             | 11                             | 10                             | 11                             |
| Sink/Source Current (mA)               | 25/20 | 25/25                    | 25/25                    | 25/25                    | 25/25                          | 25/25                          | 25/25                    | 25/25                    | 25/25                    | 25/25                          | 25/25                          | 25/25                          | 25/25                          | 25/25                          |

# PIC16C6X

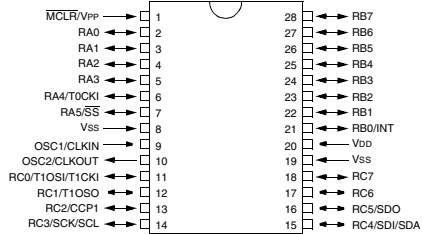
## Pin Diagrams

### PDIP, SOIC, Windowed Cerdip



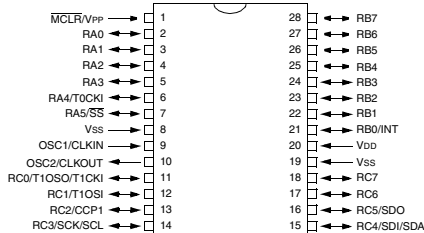
**PIC16C61**

### SDIP, SOIC, SSOP, Windowed Cerdip (300 mil)



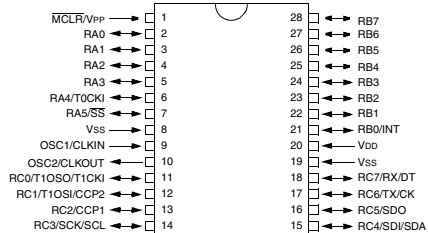
**PIC16C62**

### SDIP, SOIC, SSOP, Windowed Cerdip (300 mil)



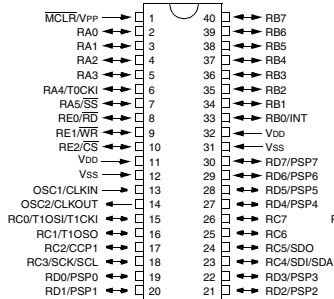
**PIC16C62A  
PIC16C62**

### SDIP, SOIC, Windowed Cerdip (300 mil)

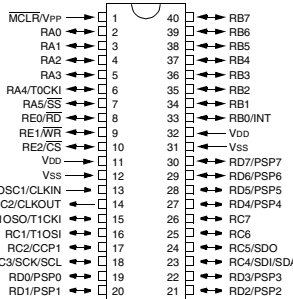


**PIC16C63  
PIC16C63  
PIC16C66**

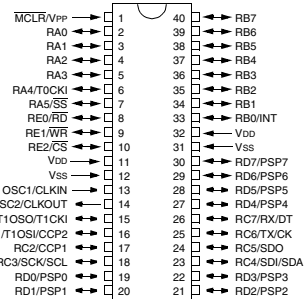
### PDIP, Windowed Cerdip



**PIC16C64**



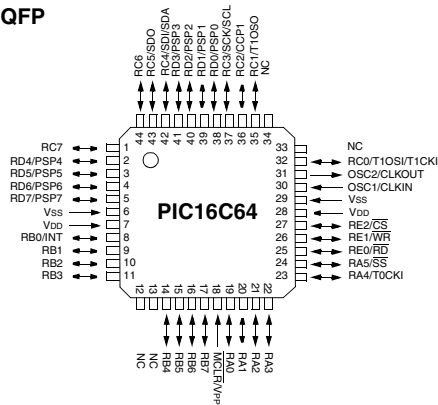
**PIC16C64A  
PIC16C64**



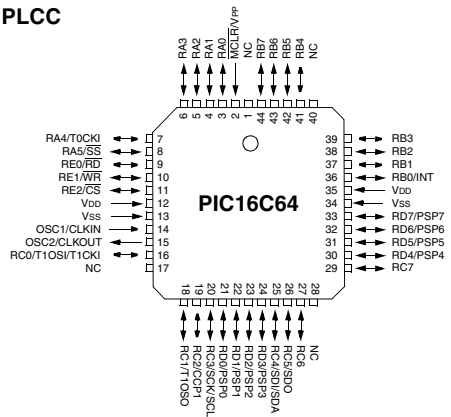
**PIC16C65  
PIC16C65A  
PIC16C66  
PIC16C67**

## Pin Diagrams (Cont'd)

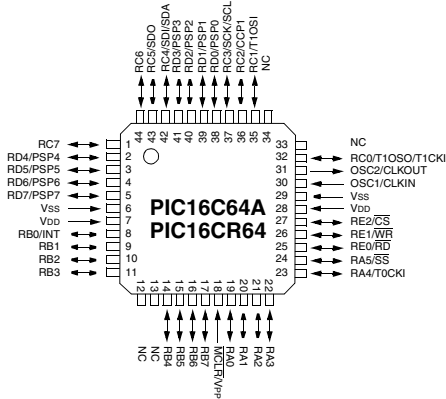
**MQFP**



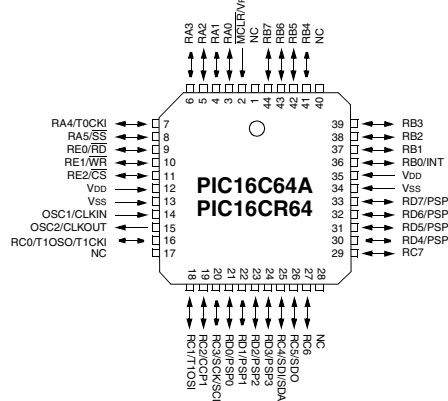
**PLCC**



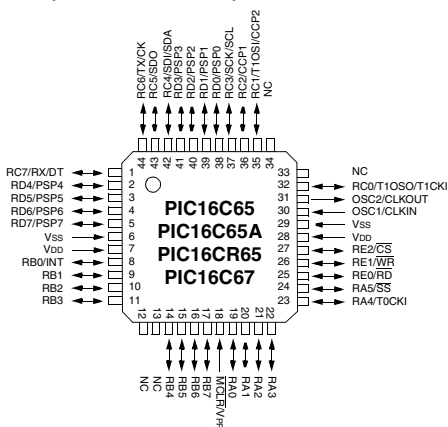
**MQFP, TQFP (PIC16C64A only)**



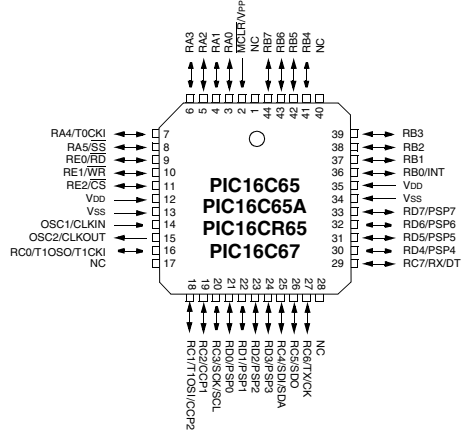
**PLCC**



**MQFP, TQFP (Not on PIC16C65)**



**PLCC**



# PIC16C6X

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For register and module descriptions in this data sheet, device legends show which devices apply to those sections. For example, the legend below shows that some features of only the PIC16C62A, PIC16CR62, PIC16C63, PIC16C64A, PIC16CR64, and PIC16C65A are described in this section.

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

## *To Our Valued Customers*

We constantly strive to improve the quality of all our products and documentation. We have spent an exceptional amount of time to ensure that these documents are correct. However, we realize that we may have missed a few things. If you find any information that is missing or appears in error, please use the reader response form in the back of this data sheet to inform us. We appreciate your assistance in making this a better document.

## 1.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PIC16CXX is a family of low-cost, high-performance, CMOS, fully-static, 8-bit microcontrollers.

All PIC16/17 microcontrollers employ an advanced RISC architecture. The PIC16CXX microcontroller family has enhanced core features, eight-level deep stack, and multiple internal and external interrupt sources. The separate instruction and data buses of the Harvard architecture allow a 14-bit wide instruction word with separate 8-bit wide data. The two stage instruction pipeline allows all instructions to execute in a single cycle, except for program branches (which require two cycles). A total of 35 instructions (reduced instruction set) are available. Additionally, a large register set gives some of the architectural innovations used to achieve a very high performance.

PIC16CXX microcontrollers typically achieve a 2:1 code compression and a 4:1 speed improvement over other 8-bit microcontrollers in their class.

The **PIC16C61** device has 36 bytes of RAM and 13 I/O pins. In addition a timer/counter is available.

The **PIC16C62/62A/R62** devices have 128 bytes of RAM and 22 I/O pins. In addition, several peripheral features are available, including: three timer/counters, one Capture/Compare/PWM module and one serial port. The Synchronous Serial Port can be configured as either a 3-wire Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI™) or the two-wire Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) bus.

The **PIC16C63/R63** devices have 192 bytes of RAM, while the **PIC16C66** has 368 bytes. All three devices have 22 I/O pins. In addition, several peripheral features are available, including: three timer/counters, two Capture/Compare/PWM modules and two serial ports. The Synchronous Serial Port can be configured as either a 3-wire Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) or the two-wire Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) bus. The Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (USART) is also known as a Serial Communications Interface or SCI.

The **PIC16C64/64A/R64** devices have 128 bytes of RAM and 33 I/O pins. In addition, several peripheral features are available, including: three timer/counters, one Capture/Compare/PWM module and one serial port. The Synchronous Serial Port can be configured as either a 3-wire Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) or the two-wire Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) bus. An 8-bit Parallel Slave Port is also provided.

The **PIC16C65/65A/R65** devices have 192 bytes of RAM, while the **PIC16C67** has 368 bytes. All four devices have 33 I/O pins. In addition, several peripheral features are available, including: three timer/counters, two Capture/Compare/PWM modules and two serial ports. The Synchronous Serial Port can be configured as either a 3-wire Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) or the two-wire Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) bus. The Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter

(USART) is also known as a Serial Communications Interface or SCI. An 8-bit Parallel Slave Port is also provided.

The PIC16C6X device family has special features to reduce external components, thus reducing cost, enhancing system reliability and reducing power consumption. There are four oscillator options, of which the single pin RC oscillator provides a low-cost solution, the LP oscillator minimizes power consumption, XT is a standard crystal, and the HS is for High Speed crystals. The SLEEP (power-down) mode offers a power saving mode. The user can wake the chip from SLEEP through several external and internal interrupts, and resets.

A highly reliable Watchdog Timer with its own on-chip RC oscillator provides protection against software lock-up.

A UV erasable CERDIP packaged version is ideal for code development, while the cost-effective One-Time-Programmable (OTP) version is suitable for production in any volume.

The PIC16C6X family fits perfectly in applications ranging from high-speed automotive and appliance control to low-power remote sensors, keyboards and telecom processors. The EPROM technology makes customization of application programs (transmitter codes, motor speeds, receiver frequencies, etc.) extremely fast and convenient. The small footprint packages make this microcontroller series perfect for all applications with space limitations. Low-cost, low-power, high performance, ease-of-use, and I/O flexibility make the PIC16C6X very versatile even in areas where no microcontroller use has been considered before (e.g. timer functions, serial communication, capture and compare, PWM functions, and co-processor applications).

### 1.1 Family and Upward Compatibility

Those users familiar with the PIC16C5X family of microcontrollers will realize that this is an enhanced version of the PIC16C5X architecture. Please refer to Appendix A for a detailed list of enhancements. Code written for PIC16C5X can be easily ported to PIC16CXX family of devices (Appendix B).

### 1.2 Development Support

PIC16C6X devices are supported by the complete line of Microchip Development tools.

Please refer to Section 15.0 for more details about Microchip's development tools.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 1-1: PIC16C6X FAMILY OF DEVICES**

|                    |                                              | PIC16C61       | PIC16C62A               | PIC16CR62               | PIC16C63                    | PIC16CR63                   |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz)         | 20             | 20                      | 20                      | 20                          | 20                          |
|                    |                                              |                |                         |                         |                             |                             |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x14 words)             | 1K             | 2K                      | —                       | 4K                          | —                           |
|                    | ROM Program Memory (x14 words)               | —              | —                       | 2K                      | —                           | 4K                          |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                          | 36             | 128                     | 128                     | 192                         | 192                         |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                              | TMR0           | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2        | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2        | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2            | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2            |
|                    | Capture/Compare/PWM Module(s)                | —              | 1                       | 1                       | 2                           | 2                           |
|                    | Serial Port(s) (SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART) | —              | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C    | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C    | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART |
|                    | Parallel Slave Port                          | —              | —                       | —                       | —                           | —                           |
| <b>Features</b>    | Interrupt Sources                            | 3              | 7                       | 7                       | 10                          | 10                          |
|                    | I/O Pins                                     | 13             | 22                      | 22                      | 22                          | 22                          |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                        | 3.0-6.0        | 2.5-6.0                 | 2.5-6.0                 | 2.5-6.0                     | 2.5-6.0                     |
|                    | In-Circuit Serial Programming                | Yes            | Yes                     | Yes                     | Yes                         | Yes                         |
|                    | Brown-out Reset                              | —              | Yes                     | Yes                     | Yes                         | Yes                         |
|                    | Packages                                     | 18-pin DIP, SO | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC, SSOP | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC, SSOP | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC           | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC           |

|                    |                                              | PIC16C64A                           | PIC16CR64                           | PIC16C65A                           | PIC16CR65                           | PIC16C66                    | PIC16C67                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz)         | 20                                  | 20                                  | 20                                  | 20                                  | 20                          | 20                                  |
|                    |                                              |                                     |                                     |                                     |                                     |                             |                                     |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x14 words)             | 2K                                  | —                                   | 4K                                  | —                                   | 8K                          | 8K                                  |
|                    | ROM Program Memory (x14 words)               | —                                   | 2K                                  | —                                   | 4K                                  | —                           | —                                   |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                          | 128                                 | 128                                 | 192                                 | 192                                 | 368                         | 368                                 |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                              | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                    | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                    | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                    | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                    | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2            | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                    |
|                    | Capture/Compare/PWM Module(s)                | 1                                   | 1                                   | 2                                   | 2                                   | 2                           | 2                                   |
|                    | Serial Port(s) (SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART) | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C                | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C                | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART         | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART         | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART         |
|                    | Parallel Slave Port                          | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | —                           | Yes                                 |
| <b>Features</b>    | Interrupt Sources                            | 8                                   | 8                                   | 11                                  | 11                                  | 10                          | 11                                  |
|                    | I/O Pins                                     | 33                                  | 33                                  | 33                                  | 33                                  | 22                          | 33                                  |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                        | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                     | 2.5-6.0                             |
|                    | In-Circuit Serial Programming                | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                         | Yes                                 |
|                    | Brown-out Reset                              | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                         | Yes                                 |
|                    | Packages                                     | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC           | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability. All PIC16C6X Family devices use serial programming with clock pin RB6 and data pin RB7.

## 2.0 PIC16C6X DEVICE VARIETIES

A variety of frequency ranges and packaging options are available. Depending on application and production requirements, the proper device option can be selected using the information in the PIC16C6X Product Identification System section at the end of this data sheet. When placing orders, please use that page of the data sheet to specify the correct part number.

For the PIC16C6X family of devices, there are four device "types" as indicated in the device number:

1. **C**, as in PIC16**C**64. These devices have EPROM type memory and operate over the standard voltage range.
2. **LC**, as in PIC16**LC**64. These devices have EPROM type memory and operate over an extended voltage range.
3. **CR**, as in PIC16**CR**64. These devices have ROM program memory and operate over the standard voltage range.
4. **LCR**, as in PIC16**LCR**64. These devices have ROM program memory and operate over an extended voltage range.

### 2.1 UV Erasable Devices

The UV erasable version, offered in Cerdip package is optimal for prototype development and pilot programs. This version can be erased and reprogrammed to any of the oscillator modes.

Microchip's PICSTART® Plus and PRO MATE® II programmers both support programming of the PIC16C6X.

### 2.2 One-Time-Programmable (OTP) Devices

The availability of OTP devices is especially useful for customers who need the flexibility for frequent code updates and small volume applications.

The OTP devices, packaged in plastic packages, permit the user to program them once. In addition to the program memory, the configuration bits must also be programmed.

### 2.3 Quick-Turnaround-Production (QTP) Devices

Microchip offers a QTP Programming Service for factory production orders. This service is made available for users who choose not to program a medium to high quantity of units and whose code patterns have stabilized. The devices are identical to the OTP devices but with all EPROM locations and configuration options already programmed by the factory. Certain code and prototype verification procedures apply before production shipments are available. Please contact your local Microchip Technology sales office for more details.

### 2.4 Serialized Quick-Turnaround Production (SQTP<sup>SM</sup>) Devices

Microchip offers a unique programming service where a few user-defined locations in each device are programmed with different serial numbers. The serial numbers may be random, pseudo-random, or sequential.

Serial programming allows each device to have a unique number which can serve as an entry-code, password, or ID number.

ROM devices do not allow serialization information in the program memory space. The user may have this information programmed in the data memory space.

For information on submitting ROM code, please contact your regional sales office.

### 2.5 Read Only Memory (ROM) Devices

Microchip offers masked ROM versions of several of the highest volume parts, thus giving customers a low cost option for high volume, mature products.

For information on submitting ROM code, please contact your regional sales office.

# PIC16C6X

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NOTES:



## 3.0 ARCHITECTURAL OVERVIEW

The high performance of the PIC16CXX family can be attributed to a number of architectural features commonly found in RISC microprocessors. To begin with, the PIC16CXX uses a Harvard architecture, in which, program and data are accessed from separate memories using separate buses. This improves bandwidth over traditional von Neumann architecture where program and data may be fetched from the same memory using the same bus. Separating program and data buses further allows instructions to be sized differently than 8-bit wide data words. Instruction opcodes are 14-bits wide making it possible to have all single word instructions. A 14-bit wide program memory access bus fetches a 14-bit instruction in a single cycle. A two-stage pipeline overlaps fetch and execution of instructions (Example 3-1). Consequently, all instructions execute in a single cycle (200 ns @ 20 MHz) except for program branches.

The PIC16C61 addresses 1K x 14 of program memory. The PIC16C62/62A/R62/64/64A/R64 address 2K x 14 of program memory, and the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 devices address 4K x 14 of program memory. The PIC16C66/67 address 8K x 14 program memory. All program memory is internal.

The PIC16CXX can directly or indirectly address its register files or data memory. All special function registers including the program counter are mapped in the data memory. The PIC16CXX has an orthogonal (symmetrical) instruction set that makes it possible to carry out any operation on any register using any addressing mode. This symmetrical nature and lack of "special optimal situations" makes programming with the PIC16CXX simple yet efficient, thus significantly reducing the learning curve.

The PIC16CXX device contains an 8-bit ALU and working register (W). The ALU is a general purpose arithmetic unit. It performs arithmetic and Boolean functions between data in the working register and any register file.

The ALU is 8-bits wide and capable of addition, subtraction, shift, and logical operations. Unless otherwise mentioned, arithmetic operations are two's complement in nature. In two-operand instructions, typically one operand is the working register (W register), the other operand is a file register or an immediate constant. In single operand instructions, the operand is either the W register or a file register.

The W register is an 8-bit working register used for ALU operations. It is not an addressable register.

Depending upon the instruction executed, the ALU may affect the values of the Carry (C), Digit Carry (DC), and Zero (Z) bits in the STATUS register. Bits C and DC operate as a borrow and digit borrow out bit, respectively, in subtraction. See the `SUBLW` and `SUBWF` instructions for examples.

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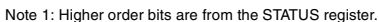
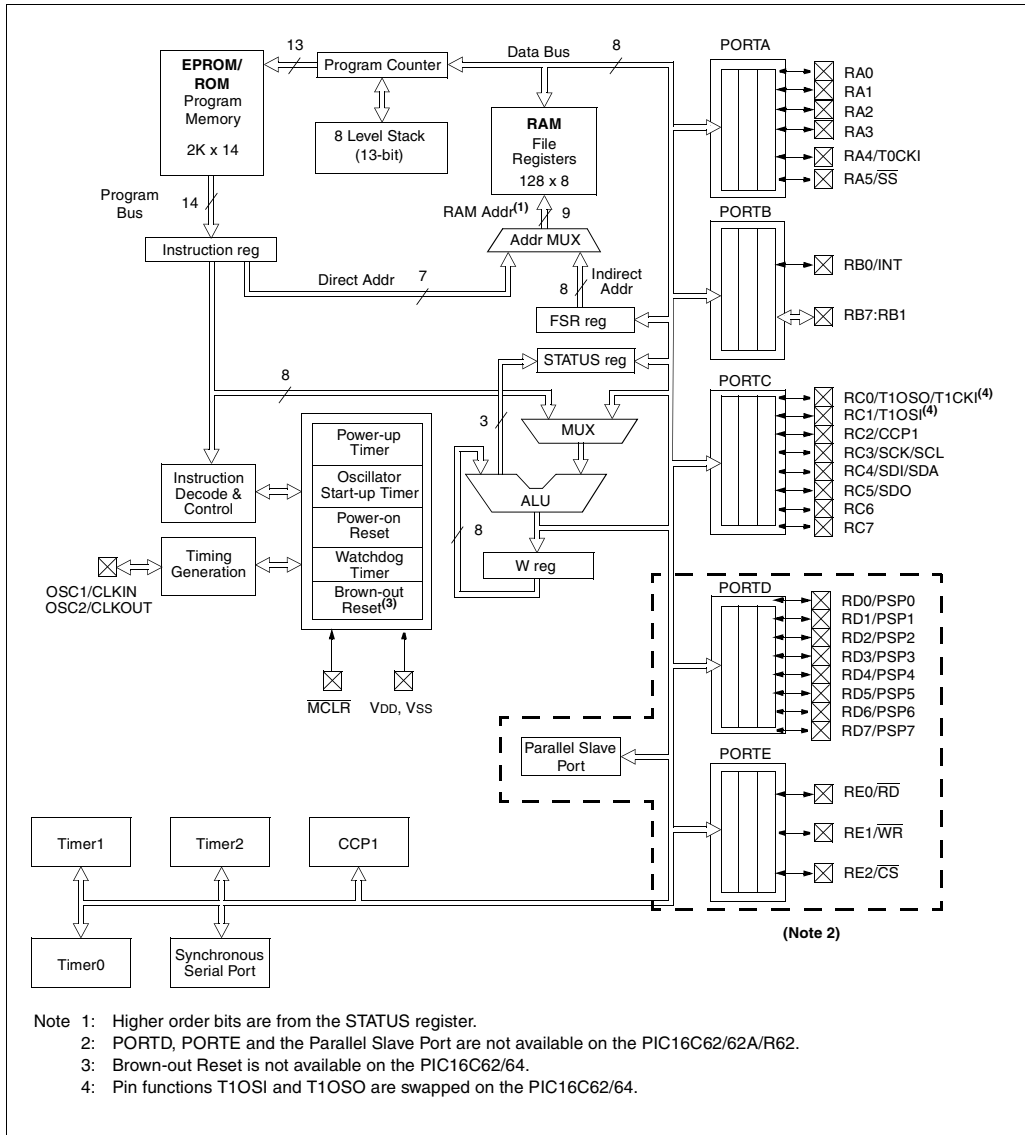


**FIGURE 3-2: PIC16C62/62A/R62/64/64A/R64 BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# PIC16C6X

**FIGURE 3-3: PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 BLOCK DIAGRAM**

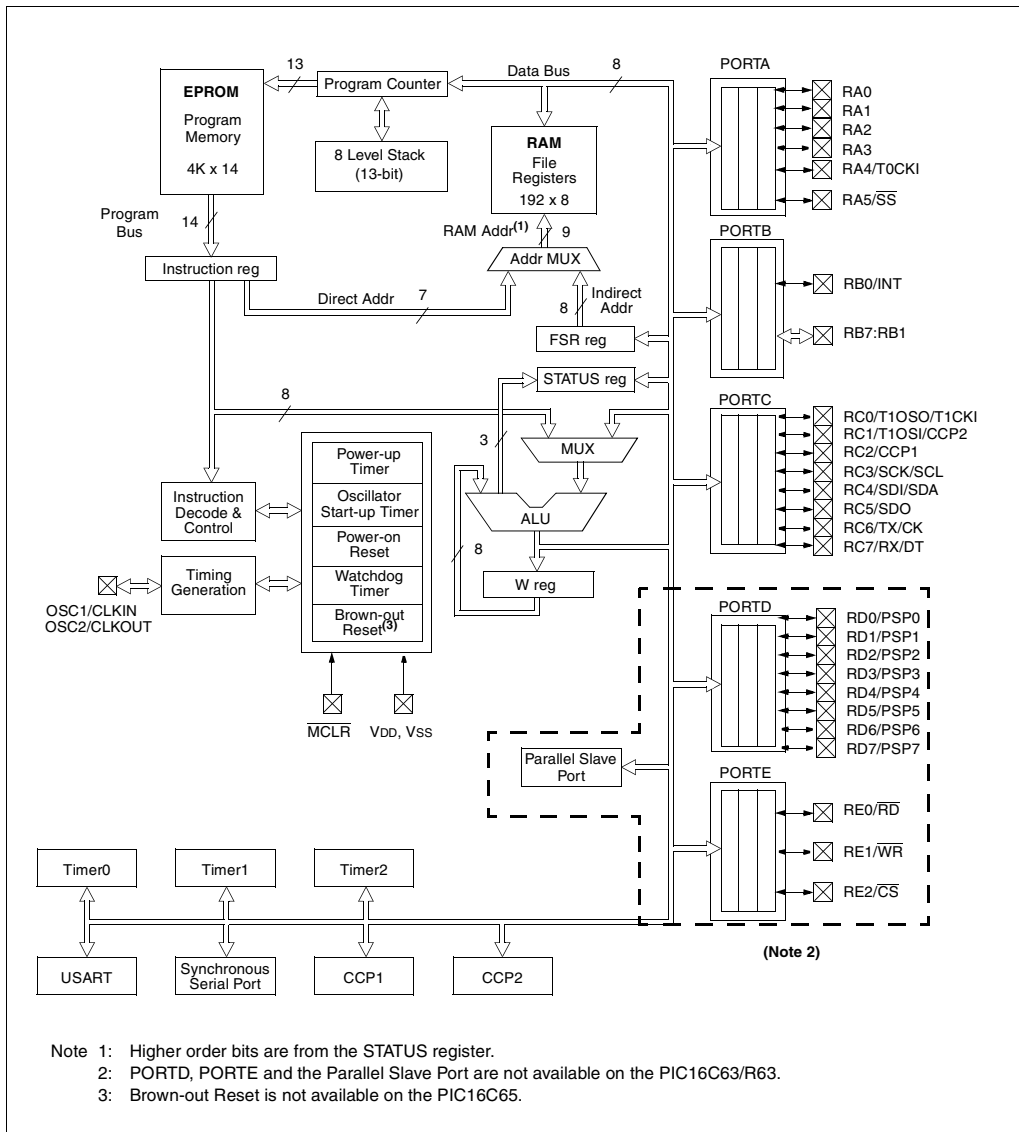
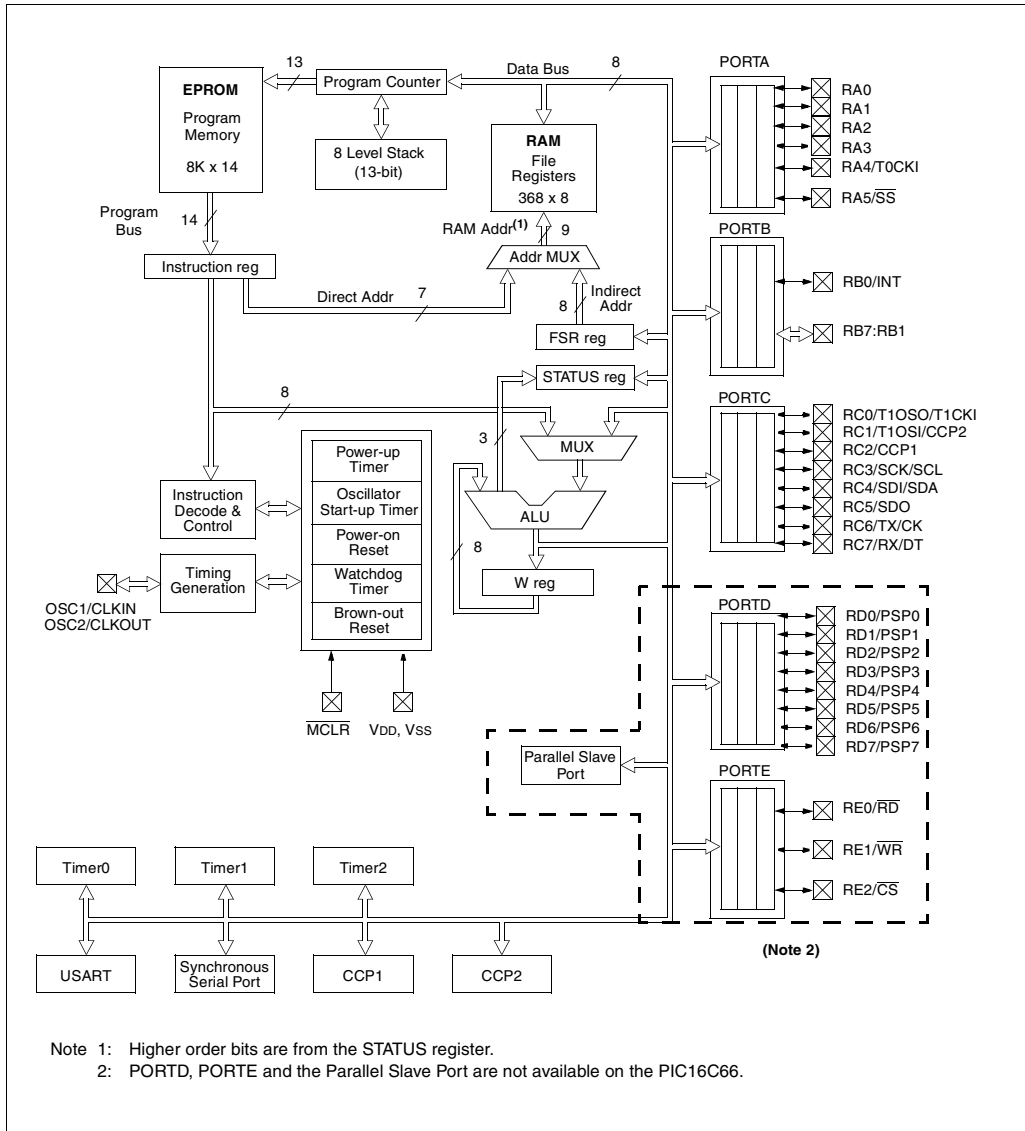


**FIGURE 3-4: PIC16C66/67 BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Note 1: Higher order bits are from the STATUS register.

2: PORTD, PORTE and the Parallel Slave Port are not available on the PIC16C66.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 3-1: PIC16C61 PINOUT DESCRIPTION**

| Pin Name    | DIP Pin# | SOIC Pin# | Pin Type | Buffer Type            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------|----------|-----------|----------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OSC1/CLKIN  | 16       | 16        | I        | ST/CMOS <sup>(1)</sup> | Oscillator crystal input/external clock source input.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| OSC2/CLKOUT | 15       | 15        | O        | —                      | Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in crystal oscillator mode. In RC mode, the pin outputs CLKOUT which has 1/4 the frequency of OSC1, and denotes the instruction cycle rate.                                                                                                                             |
| MCLR/VPP    | 4        | 4         | I/P      | ST                     | Master clear reset input or programming voltage input. This pin is an active low reset to the device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RA0         | 17       | 17        | I/O      | TTL                    | PORTA is a bi-directional I/O port.<br><br>RA4 can also be the clock input to the Timer0 timer/counter. Output is open drain type.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA1         | 18       | 18        | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RA2         | 1        | 1         | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RA3         | 2        | 2         | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RA4/T0CKI   | 3        | 3         | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RB0/INT     | 6        | 6         | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(2)</sup>  | PORTB is a bi-directional I/O port. PORTB can be software programmed for internal weak pull-up on all inputs.<br>RB0 can also be the external interrupt pin.<br><br>Interrupt on change pin.<br>Interrupt on change pin.<br>Interrupt on change pin. Serial programming clock.<br>Interrupt on change pin. Serial programming data. |
| RB1         | 7        | 7         | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RB2         | 8        | 8         | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RB3         | 9        | 9         | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RB4         | 10       | 10        | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RB5         | 11       | 11        | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RB6         | 12       | 12        | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(3)</sup>  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RB7         | 13       | 13        | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(3)</sup>  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| VSS         | 5        | 5         | P        | —                      | Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| VDD         | 14       | 14        | P        | —                      | Positive supply for logic and I/O pins.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

Legend: I = input      O = output      I/O = input/output      P = power  
 — = Not used      TTL = TTL input      ST = Schmitt Trigger input

- Note 1: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured in RC oscillator mode and a CMOS input otherwise.  
 2: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured as the external interrupt.  
 3: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when used in serial programming mode.

**TABLE 3-2: PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63/66 PINOUT DESCRIPTION**

| Pin Name                                      | Pin# | Pin Type | Buffer Type            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------|------|----------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OSC1/CLKIN                                    | 9    | I        | ST/CMOS <sup>(3)</sup> | Oscillator crystal input/external clock source input.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| OSC2/CLKOUT                                   | 10   | O        | —                      | Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in crystal oscillator mode. In RC mode, the pin outputs CLKOUT which has 1/4 the frequency of OSC1, and denotes the instruction cycle rate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| MCLR/VPP                                      | 1    | I/P      | ST                     | Master clear reset input or programming voltage input. This pin is an active low reset to the device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| RA0                                           | 2    | I/O      | TTL                    | PORTA is a bi-directional I/O port.<br><br>RA4 can also be the clock input to the Timer0 timer/counter. Output is open drain type.<br>RA5 can also be the slave select for the synchronous serial port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| RA1                                           | 3    | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA2                                           | 4    | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA3                                           | 5    | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA4/T0CKI                                     | 6    | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA5/ $\overline{SS}$                          | 7    | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB0/INT                                       | 21   | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(4)</sup>  | PORTB is a bi-directional I/O port. PORTB can be software programmed for internal weak pull-up on all inputs.<br>RB0 can also be the external interrupt pin.<br><br>Interrupt on change pin.<br>Interrupt on change pin.<br>Interrupt on change pin. Serial programming clock.<br>Interrupt on change pin. Serial programming data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| RB1                                           | 22   | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB2                                           | 23   | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB3                                           | 24   | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB4                                           | 25   | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB5                                           | 26   | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB6                                           | 27   | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(5)</sup>  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB7                                           | 28   | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(5)</sup>  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC0/T1OSO <sup>(1)</sup> /T1CKI               | 11   | I/O      | ST                     | PORTC is a bi-directional I/O port.<br>RC0 can also be the Timer1 oscillator output <sup>(1)</sup> or Timer1 clock input.<br>RC1 can also be the Timer1 oscillator input <sup>(1)</sup> or Capture2 input/Compare2 output/PWM2 output <sup>(2)</sup> .<br>RC2 can also be the Capture1 input/Compare1 output/PWM1 output.<br>RC3 can also be the synchronous serial clock input/output for both SPI and I <sup>2</sup> C modes.<br>RC4 can also be the SPI Data In (SPI mode) or data I/O (I <sup>2</sup> C mode).<br>RC5 can also be the SPI Data Out (SPI mode).<br>RC6 can also be the USART Asynchronous Transmit <sup>(2)</sup> or Synchronous Clock <sup>(2)</sup> .<br>RC7 can also be the USART Asynchronous Receive <sup>(2)</sup> or Synchronous Data <sup>(2)</sup> . |
| RC1/T1OSI <sup>(1)</sup> /CCP2 <sup>(2)</sup> | 12   | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC2/CCP1                                      | 13   | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC3/SCK/SCL                                   | 14   | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC4/SDI/SDA                                   | 15   | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC5/SDO                                       | 16   | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC6/TX/CK <sup>(2)</sup>                      | 17   | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC7/RX/DT <sup>(2)</sup>                      | 18   | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Vss                                           | 8,19 | P        | —                      | Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| VDD                                           | 20   | P        | —                      | Positive supply for logic and I/O pins.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

Legend: I = input    O = output    I/O = input/output    P = power  
 — = Not used    TTL = TTL input    ST = Schmitt Trigger input

- Note 1: Pin functions T1OSO and T1OSI are reversed on the PIC16C62.  
 2: The USART and CCP2 are not available on the PIC16C62/62A/R62.  
 3: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured in RC oscillator mode and a CMOS input otherwise.  
 4: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured as the external interrupt.  
 5: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when used in serial programming mode.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 3-3: PIC16C64/64A/R64/65/65A/R65/67 PINOUT DESCRIPTION**

| Pin Name                                      | DIP Pin# | PLCC Pin# | TQFP MQFP Pin# | Pin Type | Buffer Type            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------|----------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OSC1/CLKIN                                    | 13       | 14        | 30             | I        | ST/CMOS <sup>(3)</sup> | Oscillator crystal input/external clock source input.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| OSC2/CLKOUT                                   | 14       | 15        | 31             | O        | —                      | Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in crystal oscillator mode. In RC mode, the pin outputs CLKOUT which has 1/4 the frequency of OSC1, and denotes the instruction cycle rate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| MCLR/VPP                                      | 1        | 2         | 18             | I/P      | ST                     | Master clear reset input or programming voltage input. This pin is an active low reset to the device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| RA0                                           | 2        | 3         | 19             | I/O      | TTL                    | PORTA is a bi-directional I/O port.<br><br>RA4 can also be the clock input to the Timer0 timer/counter. Output is open drain type.<br>RA5 can also be the slave select for the synchronous serial port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| RA1                                           | 3        | 4         | 20             | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA2                                           | 4        | 5         | 21             | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA3                                           | 5        | 6         | 22             | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA4/T0CKI                                     | 6        | 7         | 23             | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RA5/SS                                        | 7        | 8         | 24             | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB0/INT                                       | 33       | 36        | 8              | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(4)</sup>  | PORTB is a bi-directional I/O port. PORTB can be software programmed for internal weak pull-up on all inputs.<br>RB0 can also be the external interrupt pin.<br><br>Interrupt on change pin.<br>Interrupt on change pin.<br>Interrupt on change pin. Serial programming clock.<br>Interrupt on change pin. Serial programming data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| RB1                                           | 34       | 37        | 9              | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB2                                           | 35       | 38        | 10             | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB3                                           | 36       | 39        | 11             | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB4                                           | 37       | 41        | 14             | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB5                                           | 38       | 42        | 15             | I/O      | TTL                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB6                                           | 39       | 43        | 16             | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(5)</sup>  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RB7                                           | 40       | 44        | 17             | I/O      | TTL/ST <sup>(5)</sup>  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC0/T1OSO <sup>(1)</sup> /T1CKI               | 15       | 16        | 32             | I/O      | ST                     | PORTC is a bi-directional I/O port.<br>RC0 can also be the Timer1 oscillator output <sup>(1)</sup> or Timer1 clock input.<br>RC1 can also be the Timer1 oscillator input <sup>(1)</sup> or Capture2 input/Compare2 output/PWM2 output <sup>(2)</sup> .<br>RC2 can also be the Capture1 input/Compare1 output/PWM1 output.<br>RC3 can also be the synchronous serial clock input/output for both SPI and I <sup>2</sup> C modes.<br>RC4 can also be the SPI Data In (SPI mode) or data I/O (I <sup>2</sup> C mode).<br>RC5 can also be the SPI Data Out (SPI mode).<br>RC6 can also be the USART Asynchronous Transmit <sup>(2)</sup> or Synchronous Clock <sup>(2)</sup> .<br>RC7 can also be the USART Asynchronous Receive <sup>(2)</sup> or Synchronous Data <sup>(2)</sup> . |
| RC1/T1OSI <sup>(1)</sup> /CCP2 <sup>(2)</sup> | 16       | 18        | 35             | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC2/CCP1                                      | 17       | 19        | 36             | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC3/SCK/SCL                                   | 18       | 20        | 37             | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC4/SDI/SDA                                   | 23       | 25        | 42             | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC5/SDO                                       | 24       | 26        | 43             | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC6/TX/CK <sup>(2)</sup>                      | 25       | 27        | 44             | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RC7/RX/DT <sup>(2)</sup>                      | 26       | 29        | 1              | I/O      | ST                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

Legend: I = input O = output I/O = input/output P = power  
— = Not used TTL = TTL input ST = Schmitt Trigger input

- Note 1: Pin functions T1OSO and T1OSI are reversed on the PIC16C64.  
2: CCP2 and the USART are not available on the PIC16C64/64A/R64.  
3: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured in RC oscillator mode and a CMOS input otherwise.  
4: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured as the external interrupt.  
5: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when used in serial programming mode.  
6: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured as general purpose I/O and a TTL input when used in the Parallel Slave Port mode (for interfacing to a microprocessor bus).



**TABLE 3-3: PIC16C64/64A/R64/65/65A/R65/67 PINOUT DESCRIPTION (Cont'd)**

| Pin Name             | DIP<br>Pin# | PLCC<br>Pin#   | TQFP<br>MQFP<br>Pin# | Pin<br>Type | Buffer<br>Type        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RD0/PSP0             | 19          | 21             | 38                   | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> | PORTD can be a bi-directional I/O port or parallel slave port for interfacing to a microprocessor bus.                                                                                                                        |
| RD1/PSP1             | 20          | 22             | 39                   | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RD2/PSP2             | 21          | 23             | 40                   | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RD3/PSP3             | 22          | 24             | 41                   | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RD4/PSP4             | 27          | 30             | 2                    | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RD5/PSP5             | 28          | 31             | 3                    | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RD6/PSP6             | 29          | 32             | 4                    | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RD7/PSP7             | 30          | 33             | 5                    | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RE0/ $\overline{RD}$ | 8           | 9              | 25                   | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> | PORTE is a bi-directional I/O port.<br>RE0 can also be read control for the parallel slave port.<br>RE1 can also be write control for the parallel slave port.<br>RE2 can also be select control for the parallel slave port. |
| RE1/ $\overline{WR}$ | 9           | 10             | 26                   | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RE2/ $\overline{CS}$ | 10          | 11             | 27                   | I/O         | ST/TTL <sup>(6)</sup> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Vss                  | 12,31       | 13,34          | 6,29                 | P           | —                     | Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| VDD                  | 11,32       | 12,35          | 7,28                 | P           | —                     | Positive supply for logic and I/O pins.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| NC                   | —           | 1,17,<br>28,40 | 12,13,<br>33,34      | —           | —                     | These pins are not internally connected. These pins should be left unconnected.                                                                                                                                               |

Legend: I = input    O = output    I/O = input/output    P = power  
 — = Not used    TTL = TTL input    ST = Schmitt Trigger input

- Note 1: Pin functions T1OSO and T1OSI are reversed on the PIC16C64.  
 2: CCP2 and the USART are not available on the PIC16C64/64A/R64.  
 3: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured in RC oscillator mode and a CMOS input otherwise.  
 4: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured as the external interrupt.  
 5: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when used in serial programming mode.  
 6: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured as general purpose I/O and a TTL input when used in the Parallel Slave Port mode (for interfacing to a microprocessor bus).

# PIC16C6X

## 3.1 Clocking Scheme/Instruction Cycle

The clock input (from OSC1) is internally divided by four to generate four non-overlapping quadrature clocks namely Q1, Q2, Q3, and Q4. Internally, the program counter (PC) is incremented every Q1, the instruction is fetched from the program memory and latched into the instruction register in Q4. The instruction is decoded and executed during the following Q1 through Q4. The clock and instruction execution flow is shown in Figure 3-5.

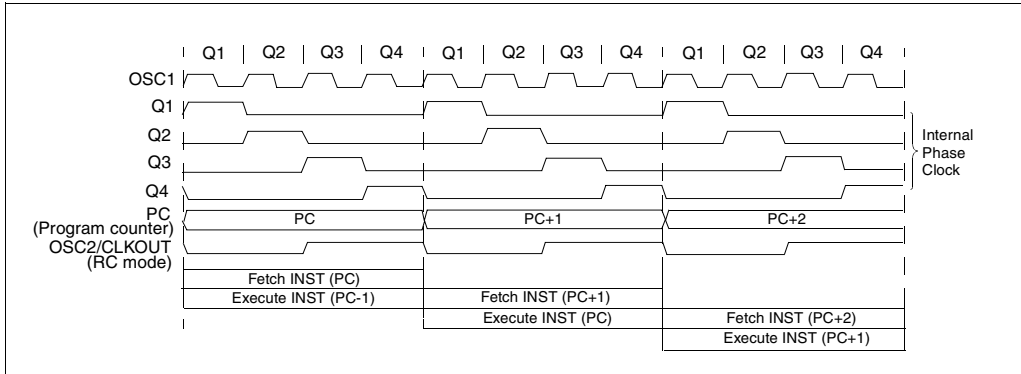
## 3.2 Instruction Flow/Pipelining

An "Instruction Cycle" consists of four Q cycles (Q1, Q2, Q3, and Q4). The instruction fetch and execute are pipelined such that fetch takes one instruction cycle while decode and execute takes another instruction cycle. However, due to the pipelining, each instruction effectively executes in one cycle. If an instruction causes the program counter to change (e.g. GOTO) then two cycles are required to complete the instruction (Example 3-1).

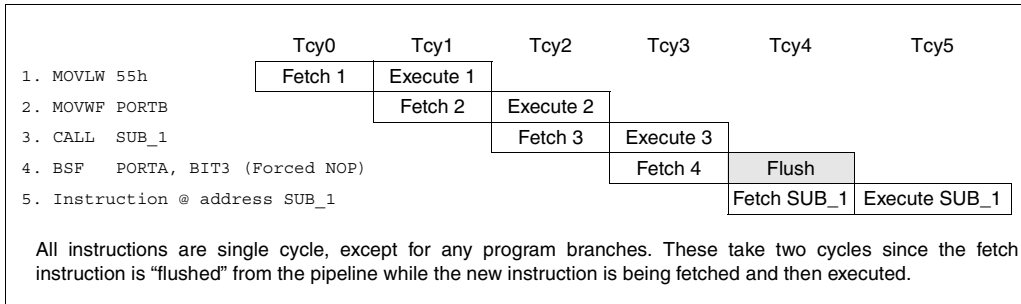
A fetch cycle begins with the program counter (PC) incrementing in Q1.

In the execution cycle, the fetched instruction is latched into the "Instruction Register (IR)" in cycle Q1. This instruction is then decoded and executed during the Q2, Q3, and Q4 cycles. Data memory is read during Q2 (operand read) and written during Q4 (destination write).

**FIGURE 3-5: CLOCK/INSTRUCTION CYCLE**



**EXAMPLE 3-1: INSTRUCTION PIPELINE FLOW**



## 4.0 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

### 4.1 Program Memory Organization

The PIC16C6X family has a 13-bit program counter capable of addressing an 8K x 14 program memory space. The amount of program memory available to each device is listed below:

| Device    | Program Memory | Address Range |
|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| PIC16C61  | 1K x 14        | 0000h-03FFh   |
| PIC16C62  | 2K x 14        | 0000h-07FFh   |
| PIC16C62A | 2K x 14        | 0000h-07FFh   |
| PIC16CR62 | 2K x 14        | 0000h-07FFh   |
| PIC16C63  | 4K x 14        | 0000h-0FFFh   |
| PIC16CR63 | 4K x 14        | 0000h-0FFFh   |
| PIC16C64  | 2K x 14        | 0000h-07FFh   |
| PIC16C64A | 2K x 14        | 0000h-07FFh   |
| PIC16CR64 | 2K x 14        | 0000h-07FFh   |
| PIC16C65  | 4K x 14        | 0000h-0FFFh   |
| PIC16C65A | 4K x 14        | 0000h-0FFFh   |
| PIC16CR65 | 4K x 14        | 0000h-0FFFh   |
| PIC16C66  | 8K x 14        | 0000h-1FFFh   |
| PIC16C67  | 8K x 14        | 0000h-1FFFh   |

For those devices with less than 8K program memory, accessing a location above the physically implemented address will cause a wraparound.

The reset vector is at 0000h and the interrupt vector is at 0004h.

**FIGURE 4-1: PIC16C61 PROGRAM MEMORY MAP AND STACK**

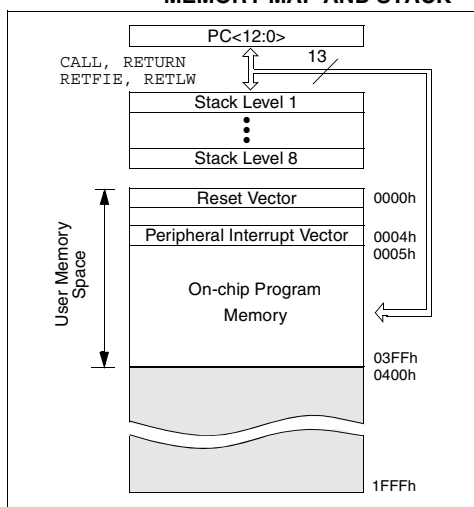


**FIGURE 4-2: PIC16C62/62A/R62/64/64A/R64 PROGRAM MEMORY MAP AND STACK**

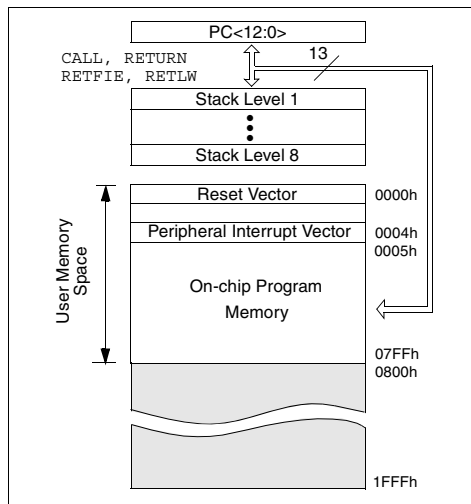
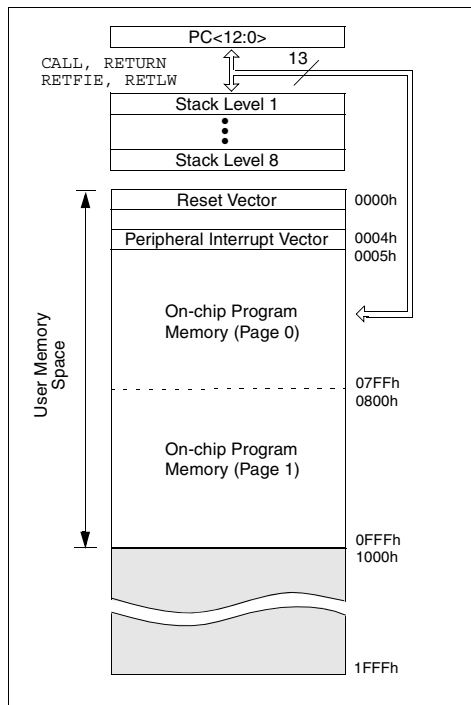
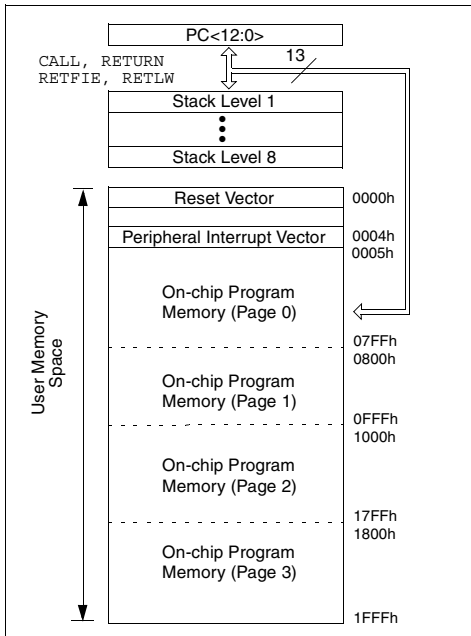


**FIGURE 4-3: PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 PROGRAM MEMORY MAP AND STACK**



# PIC16C6X

**FIGURE 4-4: PIC16C66/67 PROGRAM MEMORY MAP AND STACK**



## 4.2 Data Memory Organization

### Applicable Devices

61|62|62A|R62|63|R63|64|64A|R64|65|65A|R65|66|67

The data memory is partitioned into multiple banks which contain the General Purpose Registers and the Special Function Registers. Bits RP1 and RP0 are the bank select bits.

RP1:RP0 (STATUS<6:5>)

- = 00 → Bank0
- = 01 → Bank1
- = 10 → Bank2
- = 11 → Bank3

Each bank extends up to 7Fh (128 bytes). The lower locations of each bank are reserved for the Special Function Registers. Above the Special Function Registers are General Purpose Registers, implemented as static RAM. All implemented banks contain special function registers. Some "high use" special function registers from one bank may be mirrored in another bank for code reduction and quicker access.

### 4.2.1 GENERAL PURPOSE REGISTERS

These registers are accessed either directly or indirectly through the File Select Register (FSR) (Section 4.5).

For the PIC16C61, general purpose register locations 8Ch-AFh of Bank 1 are not physically implemented. These locations are mapped into 0Ch-2Fh of Bank 0.

**FIGURE 4-5: PIC16C61 REGISTER FILE MAP**

| File Address |                          | File Address                    |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 00h          | INDF <sup>(1)</sup>      | 80h                             |
| 01h          | TMR0                     | OPTION                          |
| 02h          | PCL                      | PCL                             |
| 03h          | STATUS                   | STATUS                          |
| 04h          | FSR                      | FSR                             |
| 05h          | PORTA                    | TRISA                           |
| 06h          | PORTB                    | TRISB                           |
| 07h          |                          |                                 |
| 08h          |                          |                                 |
| 09h          |                          |                                 |
| 0Ah          | PCLATH                   | PCLATH                          |
| 0Bh          | INTCON                   | INTCON                          |
| 0Ch          | General Purpose Register | Mapped in Bank 0 <sup>(2)</sup> |
| 2Fh          |                          | AFh                             |
| 30h          |                          | B0h                             |
| 7Fh          |                          | FFh                             |
|              | Bank 0                   | Bank 1                          |

☐ Unimplemented data memory location; read as '0'.  
 Note 1: Not a physical register.  
 Note 2: These locations are unimplemented in Bank 1. Any access to these locations will access the corresponding Bank 0 register.

**FIGURE 4-6: PIC16C62/62A/R62/64/64A/R64 REGISTER FILE MAP**

| File Address |                          | File Address             |     |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| 00h          | INDF <sup>(1)</sup>      | INDF <sup>(1)</sup>      | 80h |
| 01h          | TMR0                     | OPTION                   | 81h |
| 02h          | PCL                      | PCL                      | 82h |
| 03h          | STATUS                   | STATUS                   | 83h |
| 04h          | FSR                      | FSR                      | 84h |
| 05h          | PORTA                    | TRISA                    | 85h |
| 06h          | PORTB                    | TRISB                    | 86h |
| 07h          | PORTC                    | TRISC                    | 87h |
| 08h          | PORTD <sup>(2)</sup>     | TRISD <sup>(2)</sup>     | 88h |
| 09h          | PORTE <sup>(2)</sup>     | TRISE <sup>(2)</sup>     | 89h |
| 0Ah          | PCLATH                   | PCLATH                   | 8Ah |
| 0Bh          | INTCON                   | INTCON                   | 8Bh |
| 0Ch          | PIR1                     | PIE1                     | 8Ch |
| 0Dh          |                          |                          | 8Dh |
| 0Eh          | TMR1L                    | PCON                     | 8Eh |
| 0Fh          | TMR1H                    |                          | 8Fh |
| 10h          | T1CON                    |                          | 90h |
| 11h          | TMR2                     |                          | 91h |
| 12h          | T2CON                    | PR2                      | 92h |
| 13h          | SSPBUF                   | SSPADD                   | 93h |
| 14h          | SSPCON                   | SSPSTAT                  | 94h |
| 15h          | CCPR1L                   |                          | 95h |
| 16h          | CCPR1H                   |                          | 96h |
| 17h          | CCP1CON                  |                          | 97h |
| 18h          |                          |                          | 98h |
| 1Fh          |                          |                          | 9Fh |
| 20h          |                          | General Purpose Register | A0h |
|              | General Purpose Register |                          | BFh |
|              |                          |                          | C0h |
| 7Fh          |                          |                          | FFh |

Bank 0      Bank 1

□ Unimplemented data memory location; read as '0'.

Note 1: Not a physical register.  
 2: PORTD and PORTE are not available on the PIC16C62/62A/R62.

**FIGURE 4-7: PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 REGISTER FILE MAP**

| File Address |                          | File Address             |     |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| 00h          | INDF <sup>(1)</sup>      | INDF <sup>(1)</sup>      | 80h |
| 01h          | TMR0                     | OPTION                   | 81h |
| 02h          | PCL                      | PCL                      | 82h |
| 03h          | STATUS                   | STATUS                   | 83h |
| 04h          | FSR                      | FSR                      | 84h |
| 05h          | PORTA                    | TRISA                    | 85h |
| 06h          | PORTB                    | TRISB                    | 86h |
| 07h          | PORTC                    | TRISC                    | 87h |
| 08h          | PORTD <sup>(2)</sup>     | TRISD <sup>(2)</sup>     | 88h |
| 09h          | PORTE <sup>(2)</sup>     | TRISE <sup>(2)</sup>     | 89h |
| 0Ah          | PCLATH                   | PCLATH                   | 8Ah |
| 0Bh          | INTCON                   | INTCON                   | 8Bh |
| 0Ch          | PIR1                     | PIE1                     | 8Ch |
| 0Dh          | PIR2                     | PIE2                     | 8Dh |
| 0Eh          | TMR1L                    | PCON                     | 8Eh |
| 0Fh          | TMR1H                    |                          | 8Fh |
| 10h          | T1CON                    |                          | 90h |
| 11h          | TMR2                     |                          | 91h |
| 12h          | T2CON                    | PR2                      | 92h |
| 13h          | SSPBUF                   | SSPADD                   | 93h |
| 14h          | SSPCON                   | SSPSTAT                  | 94h |
| 15h          | CCPR1L                   |                          | 95h |
| 16h          | CCPR1H                   |                          | 96h |
| 17h          | CCP1CON                  |                          | 97h |
| 18h          | RCSTA                    | TXSTA                    | 98h |
| 19h          | TXREG                    | SPBRG                    | 99h |
| 1Ah          | RCREG                    |                          | 9Ah |
| 1Bh          | CCPR2L                   |                          | 9Bh |
| 1Ch          | CCPR2H                   |                          | 9Ch |
| 1Dh          | CCP2CON                  |                          | 9Dh |
| 1Eh          |                          |                          | 9Eh |
| 1Fh          |                          |                          | 9Fh |
| 20h          | General Purpose Register | General Purpose Register | A0h |
| 7Fh          |                          |                          | FFh |

Bank 0      Bank 1

□ Unimplemented data memory location; read as '0'.

Note 1: Not a physical register  
 2: PORTD and PORTE are not available on the PIC16C63/R63.

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**FIGURE 4-8: PIC16C66/67 DATA MEMORY MAP**

|                                      |     |                                      |     | File Address                         |      |                                      |      |
|--------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|------|
| Indirect addr. <sup>(*)</sup>        |     | Indirect addr. <sup>(*)</sup>        |     | Indirect addr. <sup>(*)</sup>        |      | Indirect addr. <sup>(*)</sup>        |      |
| TMR0                                 | 00h | OPTION                               | 80h | TMR0                                 | 100h | OPTION                               | 180h |
| PCL                                  | 01h | PCL                                  | 81h | PCL                                  | 101h | PCL                                  | 181h |
| STATUS                               | 02h | STATUS                               | 82h | STATUS                               | 102h | STATUS                               | 182h |
| FSR                                  | 03h | FSR                                  | 83h | FSR                                  | 103h | FSR                                  | 183h |
| PORTA                                | 04h | TRISA                                | 84h |                                      | 104h |                                      | 184h |
| PORTB                                | 05h | TRISB                                | 85h | PORTB                                | 105h | TRISB                                | 185h |
| PORTC                                | 06h | TRISC                                | 86h |                                      | 106h |                                      | 186h |
| PORTD <sup>(*)</sup>                 | 07h | TRISD <sup>(*)</sup>                 | 87h |                                      | 107h |                                      | 187h |
| PORTE <sup>(*)</sup>                 | 08h | TRISE <sup>(*)</sup>                 | 88h |                                      | 108h |                                      | 188h |
| PCLATH                               | 09h |                                      | 89h |                                      | 109h |                                      | 189h |
| INTCON                               | 0Ah | PCLATH                               | 8Ah | PCLATH                               | 10Ah | PCLATH                               | 18Ah |
| PIR1                                 | 0Bh | INTCON                               | 8Bh | INTCON                               | 10Bh | INTCON                               | 18Bh |
| PIR2                                 | 0Ch | PIE1                                 | 8Ch |                                      | 10Ch |                                      | 18Ch |
| TMR1L                                | 0Dh | PIE2                                 | 8Dh |                                      | 10Dh |                                      | 18Dh |
| TMR1H                                | 0Eh | PCON                                 | 8Eh |                                      | 10Eh |                                      | 18Eh |
| T1CON                                | 0Fh |                                      | 8Fh |                                      | 10Fh |                                      | 18Fh |
| TMR2                                 | 10h |                                      | 90h | General Purpose Register<br>16 Bytes | 110h | General Purpose Register<br>16 Bytes | 190h |
| T2CON                                | 11h |                                      | 91h |                                      | 111h |                                      | 191h |
| SSPBUF                               | 12h | PR2                                  | 92h |                                      | 112h |                                      | 192h |
| SSPCON                               | 13h | SSPADD                               | 93h |                                      | 113h |                                      | 193h |
| CCPR1L                               | 14h | SSPSTAT                              | 94h |                                      | 114h |                                      | 194h |
| CCPR1H                               | 15h |                                      | 95h |                                      | 115h |                                      | 195h |
| CCP1CON                              | 16h |                                      | 96h |                                      | 116h |                                      | 196h |
| RCSTA                                | 17h |                                      | 97h |                                      | 117h |                                      | 197h |
| TXREG                                | 18h | TXSTA                                | 98h |                                      | 118h |                                      | 198h |
| RCREG                                | 19h | SPBRG                                | 99h |                                      | 119h |                                      | 199h |
| CCPR2L                               | 1Ah |                                      | 9Ah |                                      | 11Ah |                                      | 19Ah |
| CCPR2H                               | 1Bh |                                      | 9Bh |                                      | 11Bh |                                      | 19Bh |
| CCP2CON                              | 1Ch |                                      | 9Ch |                                      | 11Ch |                                      | 19Ch |
|                                      | 1Dh |                                      | 9Dh |                                      | 11Dh |                                      | 19Dh |
|                                      | 1Eh |                                      | 9Eh |                                      | 11Eh |                                      | 19Eh |
|                                      | 1Fh |                                      | 9Fh |                                      | 11Fh |                                      | 19Fh |
|                                      | 20h |                                      | A0h | General Purpose Register<br>80 Bytes | 120h | General Purpose Register<br>80 Bytes | 1A0h |
| General Purpose Register<br>96 Bytes |     | General Purpose Register<br>80 Bytes |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      |     |                                      |     |                                      |      |                                      |      |
|                                      | 7Fh | accesses 70h-7Fh in Bank 0           | EFh |                                      | 16Fh |                                      | 1EFh |
|                                      |     |                                      | F0h |                                      | 170h |                                      | 1F0h |
|                                      |     |                                      | FFh |                                      | 17Fh |                                      | 1FFh |
| Bank 0                               |     | Bank 1                               |     | Bank 2                               |      | Bank 3                               |      |

Unimplemented data memory locations, read as '0'.  
 \* Not a physical register.

These registers are not implemented on the PIC16C66.

**Note:** The upper 16 bytes of data memory in banks 1, 2, and 3 are mapped in Bank 0. This may require relocation of data memory usage in the user application code if upgrading to the PIC16C66/67.

## 4.2.2 SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS:

The Special Function Registers are registers used by the CPU and peripheral modules for controlling the desired operation of the device. These registers are implemented as static RAM.

The special function registers can be classified into two sets (core and peripheral). The registers associated with the “core” functions are described in this section and those related to the operation of the peripheral features are described in the section of that peripheral feature.

**TABLE 4-1: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C61**

| Address              | Name   | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5 | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3           | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on:<br>POR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 0               |        |                                                                                                |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       |                  |                                                |
| 00h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF   | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 0000 0000        | 0000 0000                                      |
| 01h                  | TMR0   | Timer0 module's register                                                                       |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx        | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 02h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL    | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 0000 0000        | 0000 0000                                      |
| 03h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS | IRP <sup>(4)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(4)</sup> | RP0   | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z     | DC    | C     | 0001 1xxx        | 000q quuu                                      |
| 04h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR    | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx        | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 05h                  | PORTA  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —     | PORTA Data Latch when written: PORTA pins when read      |                 |       |       |       | --x xxxx         | --u uuuu                                       |
| 06h                  | PORTB  | PORTB Data Latch when written: PORTB pins when read                                            |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx        | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 07h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                | —                                              |
| 08h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                | —                                              |
| 09h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                | —                                              |
| 0Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH | —                                                                                              | —                  | —     | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |       |       |       | --0 0000         | --0 0000                                       |
| 0Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON | GIE                                                                                            | —                  | TOIE  | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | TOIF  | INTF  | RBIF  | 0-00 000x        | 0-00 000u                                      |
| Bank 1               |        |                                                                                                |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       |                  |                                                |
| 80h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF   | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 0000 0000        | 0000 0000                                      |
| 81h                  | OPTION | $\overline{RBP}$                                                                               | INTEDG             | TOCS  | TOSE                                                     | PSA             | PS2   | PS1   | PS0   | 1111 1111        | 1111 1111                                      |
| 82h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL    | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 0000 0000        | 0000 0000                                      |
| 83h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS | IRP <sup>(4)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(4)</sup> | RP0   | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z     | DC    | C     | 0001 1xxx        | 000q quuu                                      |
| 84h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR    | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx        | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 85h                  | TRISA  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —     | PORTA Data Direction Register                            |                 |       |       |       | --1 1111         | --1 1111                                       |
| 86h                  | TRISB  | PORTB Data Direction Control Register                                                          |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 1111 1111        | 1111 1111                                      |
| 87h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                | —                                              |
| 88h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                | —                                              |
| 89h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                | —                                              |
| 8Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH | —                                                                                              | —                  | —     | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |       |       |       | --0 0000         | --0 0000                                       |
| 8Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON | GIE                                                                                            | —                  | TOIE  | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | TOIF  | INTF  | RBIF  | 0-00 000x        | 0-00 000u                                      |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented and read as '0'

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer Reset.

4: The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C61, always maintain these bits clear.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 4-2: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C62/62A/R62**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5                                               | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3           | Bit 2               | Bit 1   | Bit 0   | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 0               |         |                                                                                                |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         |                          |                                                |
| 00h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 01h                  | TMR0    | Timer0 module's register                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uu                                        |
| 02h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 03h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(5)</sup> | RP0                                                 | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z                   | DC      | C       | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 04h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 05h                  | PORTA   | —                                                                                              | —                  | PORTA Data Latch when written: PORTA pins when read |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | - -xx xxxx               | - -uu uuuu                                     |
| 06h                  | PORTB   | PORTB Data Latch when written: PORTB pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 07h                  | PORTC   | PORTC Data Latch when written: PORTC pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 08h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |
| 09h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |
| 0Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                                                   | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |                     |         |         | --0 0000                 | --0 0000                                       |
| 0Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | TOIE                                                | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | TOIF                | INTF    | RBIF    | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1    | (6)                                                                                            | (6)                | —                                                   | —                                                        | SSPIF           | CCP1IF              | TMR2IF  | TMR1IF  | 00-- 0000                | 00-- 0000                                      |
| 0Dh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |
| 0Eh                  | TMR1L   | Holding register for the Least Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                    |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 0Fh                  | TMR1H   | Holding register for the Most Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 10h                  | T1CON   | —                                                                                              | —                  | T1CKPS1                                             | T1CKPS0                                                  | T1OSCEN         | $\overline{T1SYNC}$ | TMR1CS  | TMR1ON  | --00 0000                | --uu uuuu                                      |
| 11h                  | TMR2    | Timer2 module's register                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 12h                  | T2CON   | —                                                                                              | TOUTPS3            | TOUTPS2                                             | TOUTPS1                                                  | TOUTPS0         | TMR2ON              | T2CKPS1 | T2CKPS0 | -000 0000                | -000 0000                                      |
| 13h                  | SSPBUF  | Synchronous Serial Port Receive Buffer/Transmit Register                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 14h                  | SSPCON  | WCOL                                                                                           | SSPOV              | SSPEN                                               | CKP                                                      | SSPM3           | SSPM2               | SSPM1   | SSPM0   | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 15h                  | CCPR1L  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (LSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 16h                  | CCPR1H  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (MSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 17h                  | CCP1CON | —                                                                                              | —                  | CCP1X                                               | CCP1Y                                                    | CCP1M3          | CCP1M2              | CCP1M1  | CCP1M0  | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 18h-1Fh              | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.

4: The BOR bit is reserved on the PIC16C62, always maintain this bit set.

5: The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62, always maintain these bits clear.

6: PIE1<7:6> and PIR1<7:6> are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62, always maintain these bits clear.



**TABLE 4-2: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C62/62A/R62 (Cont'd)**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5                         | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3            | Bit 2             | Bit 1  | Bit 0              | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 1               |         |                                                                                                |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    |                          |                                                |
| 80h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 81h                  | OPTION  | RBP $\overline{U}$                                                                             | INTEDG             | T0CS                          | T0SE                                                     | PSA              | PS2               | PS1    | PS0                | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 82h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 83h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(5)</sup> | RP0                           | T $\overline{O}$                                         | P $\overline{D}$ | Z                 | DC     | C                  | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 84h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 85h                  | TRISA   | —                                                                                              | —                  | PORTA Data Direction Register |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | --11 1111                | --11 1111                                      |
| 86h                  | TRISB   | PORTB Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 87h                  | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 88h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 89h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 8Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                  |                   |        |                    | ---0 0000                | ---0 0000                                      |
| 8Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | T0IE                          | INTE                                                     | RBIE             | T0IF              | INTF   | RBIF               | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1    | (6)                                                                                            | (6)                | —                             | —                                                        | SSPIE            | CCP1IE            | TMR2IE | TMR1IE             | 00-- 0000                | 00-- 0000                                      |
| 8Dh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 8Eh                  | PCON    | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | —                                                        | —                | —                 | POR    | BOR <sup>(4)</sup> | ---- --qq                | ---- --uu                                      |
| 8Fh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 90h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 91h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 92h                  | PR2     | Timer2 Period Register                                                                         |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 93h                  | SSPADD  | Synchronous Serial Port (I <sup>2</sup> C mode) Address Register                               |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 94h                  | SSPSTAT | —                                                                                              | —                  | D/ $\overline{A}$             | P                                                        | S                | R/ $\overline{W}$ | UA     | BF                 | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 95h-9Fh              | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                  |                   |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.

4: The BOR bit is reserved on the PIC16C62, always maintain this bit set.

5: The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62, always maintain these bits clear.

6: PIE1<7:6> and PIR1<7:6> are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62, always maintain these bits clear.

**TABLE 4-3: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C63/R63**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5                                               | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3           | Bit 2               | Bit 1   | Bit 0   | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 0               |         |                                                                                                |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         |                          |                                                |
| 00h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 01h                  | TMR0    | Timer0 module's register                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 02h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 03h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP <sup>(4)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(4)</sup> | RP0                                                 | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z                   | DC      | C       | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 04h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 05h                  | PORTA   | —                                                                                              | —                  | PORTA Data Latch when written: PORTA pins when read |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | - -xx xxxx               | - -uu uuuu                                     |
| 06h                  | PORTB   | PORTB Data Latch when written: PORTB pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 07h                  | PORTC   | PORTC Data Latch when written: PORTC pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 08h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |
| 09h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |
| 0Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                                                   | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |                     |         |         | - - - 0 0000             | - - - 0 0000                                   |
| 0Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | TOIE                                                | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | TOIF                | INTF    | RBIF    | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1    | (5)                                                                                            | (5)                | RCIF                                                | TXIF                                                     | SSPIF           | CCP1IF              | TMR2IF  | TMR1IF  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 0Dh                  | PIR2    | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                                                   | —                                                        | —               | —                   | —       | CCP2IF  | - - - - - 0              | - - - - - 0                                    |
| 0Eh                  | TMR1L   | Holding register for the Least Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                    |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 0Fh                  | TMR1H   | Holding register for the Most Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 10h                  | T1CON   | —                                                                                              | —                  | T1CKPS1                                             | T1CKPS0                                                  | T1OSCEN         | $\overline{T1SYNC}$ | TMR1CS  | TMR1ON  | - - 00 0000              | - - uu uuuu                                    |
| 11h                  | TMR2    | Timer2 module's register                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 12h                  | T2CON   | —                                                                                              | TOUTPS3            | TOUTPS2                                             | TOUTPS1                                                  | TOUTPS0         | TMR2ON              | T2CKPS1 | T2CKPS0 | - 000 0000               | - 000 0000                                     |
| 13h                  | SSPBUF  | Synchronous Serial Port Receive Buffer/Transmit Register                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 14h                  | SSPCON  | WCOL                                                                                           | SSPOV              | SSPEN                                               | CKP                                                      | SSPM3           | SSPM2               | SSPM1   | SSPM0   | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 15h                  | CCPR1L  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (LSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 16h                  | CCPR1H  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (MSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 17h                  | CCP1CON | —                                                                                              | —                  | CCP1X                                               | CCP1Y                                                    | CCP1M3          | CCP1M2              | CCP1M1  | CCP1M0  | - - 00 0000              | - - 00 0000                                    |
| 18h                  | RCSTA   | SPEN                                                                                           | RX9                | SREN                                                | CREN                                                     | —               | FERR                | OERR    | RX9D    | 0000 - 00x               | 0000 - 00x                                     |
| 19h                  | TXREG   | USART Transmit Data Register                                                                   |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 1Ah                  | RCREG   | USART Receive Data Register                                                                    |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 1Bh                  | CCPR2L  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (LSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 1Ch                  | CCPR2H  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (MSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 1Dh                  | CCP2CON | —                                                                                              | —                  | CCP2X                                               | CCP2Y                                                    | CCP2M3          | CCP2M2              | CCP2M1  | CCP2M0  | - - 00 0000              | - - 00 0000                                    |
| 1Eh-1Fh              | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.  
Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.

- The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)
- Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through  $\overline{MCLR}$  and the Watchdog Timer reset.
- The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63, always maintain these bits clear.
- PIE1<7:6> and PIR1<7:6> are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63, always maintain these bits clear.

**TABLE 4-3: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C63/R63 (Cont'd)**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5                         | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3          | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 1               |         |                                                                                                |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        |                          |                                                |
| 80h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 81h                  | OPTION  | RBP <sub>U</sub>                                                                               | INTEDG             | T0CS                          | T0SE                                                     | PSA            | PS2    | PS1    | PS0    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 82h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 83h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP <sup>(4)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(4)</sup> | RP0                           | T <sub>0</sub>                                           | P <sub>D</sub> | Z      | DC     | C      | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 84h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 85h                  | TRISA   | —                                                                                              | —                  | PORTA Data Direction Register |                                                          |                |        |        |        | --11 1111                | --11 1111                                      |
| 86h                  | TRISB   | PORTB Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 87h                  | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 88h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 89h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 8Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                |        |        |        | ---0 0000                | ---0 0000                                      |
| 8Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | T0IE                          | INTE                                                     | RBIE           | T0IF   | INTF   | RBIF   | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1    | (5)                                                                                            | (5)                | RCIE                          | TXIE                                                     | SSPIE          | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 8Dh                  | PIE2    | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | —                                                        | —              | —      | —      | CCP2IE | ---- --0                 | ---- --0                                       |
| 8Eh                  | PCON    | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | —                                                        | —              | —      | POR    | BOR    | ---- --qq                | ---- --uu                                      |
| 8Fh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 90h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 91h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 92h                  | PR2     | Timer2 Period Register                                                                         |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 93h                  | SSPADD  | Synchronous Serial Port (I <sup>2</sup> C mode) Address Register                               |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 94h                  | SSPSTAT | —                                                                                              | —                  | D/Ā                           | P                                                        | S              | R/Ā    | UA     | BF     | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 95h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 96h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 97h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 98h <sup>(2)</sup>   | TXSTA   | CSRC                                                                                           | TX9                | TXEN                          | SYNC                                                     | —              | BRGH   | TRMT   | TX9D   | 0000 -010                | 0000 -010                                      |
| 99h <sup>(2)</sup>   | SPBRG   | Baud Rate Generator Register                                                                   |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 9Ah                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 9Bh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 9Ch                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 9Dh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 9Eh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |
| 9Fh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |                |        |        |        | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.

4: The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63, always maintain these bits clear.

5: PIE1<7:6> and PIR1<7:6> are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63, always maintain these bits clear.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 4-4: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C64/64A/R64**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5                                               | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3           | Bit 2               | Bit 1   | Bit 0   | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 0               |         |                                                                                                |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         |                          |                                                |
| 00h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 01h                  | TMR0    | Timer0 module's register                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uu                                        |
| 02h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 03h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(5)</sup> | RP0                                                 | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z                   | DC      | C       | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 04h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 05h                  | PORTA   | —                                                                                              | —                  | PORTA Data Latch when written: PORTA pins when read |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | --xx xxxx                | --uu uuuu                                      |
| 06h                  | PORTB   | PORTB Data Latch when written: PORTB pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 07h                  | PORTC   | PORTC Data Latch when written: PORTC pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 08h                  | PORTD   | PORTD Data Latch when written: PORTD pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 09h                  | PORTE   | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                                                   | —                                                        | —               | RE2                 | RE1     | RE0     | ---- -xxx                | ---- -uuu                                      |
| 0Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                                                   | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |                     |         |         | ---0 0000                | ---0 0000                                      |
| 0Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | TOIE                                                | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | TOIF                | INTF    | RBIF    | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1    | PSPIF                                                                                          | (6)                | —                                                   | —                                                        | SSPIF           | CCP1IF              | TMR2IF  | TMR1IF  | 00-- 0000                | 00-- 0000                                      |
| 0Dh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |
| 0Eh                  | TMR1L   | Holding register for the Least Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                    |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 0Fh                  | TMR1H   | Holding register for the Most Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 10h                  | T1CON   | —                                                                                              | —                  | T1CKPS1                                             | T1CKPS0                                                  | T1OSCEN         | $\overline{T1SYN}C$ | TMR1CS  | TMR1ON  | --00 0000                | --uu uuuu                                      |
| 11h                  | TMR2    | Timer2 module's register                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 12h                  | T2CON   | —                                                                                              | TOUTPS3            | TOUTPS2                                             | TOUTPS1                                                  | TOUTPS0         | TMR2ON              | T2CKPS1 | T2CKPS0 | -000 0000                | -000 0000                                      |
| 13h                  | SSPBUF  | Synchronous Serial Port Receive Buffer/Transmit Register                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 14h                  | SSPCON  | WCOL                                                                                           | SSPOV              | SSPEN                                               | CKP                                                      | SSPM3           | SSPM2               | SSPM1   | SSPM0   | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 15h                  | CCPR1L  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (LSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 16h                  | CCPR1H  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (MSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 17h                  | CCP1CON | —                                                                                              | —                  | CCP1X                                               | CCP1Y                                                    | CCP1M3          | CCP1M2              | CCP1M1  | CCP1M0  | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 18h-1Fh              | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.

4: The BOR bit is reserved on the PIC16C64, always maintain this bit set.

5: The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C64/64A/R64, always maintain these bits clear.

6: PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved on the PIC16C64/64A/R64, always maintain these bits clear.

**TABLE 4-4: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C64/64A/R64 (Cont'd)**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5                         | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3 | Bit 2                     | Bit 1  | Bit 0              | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 1               |         |                                                                                                |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    |                          |                                                |
| 80h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 81h                  | OPTION  | RBPU                                                                                           | INTEDG             | T0CS                          | T0SE                                                     | PSA   | PS2                       | PS1    | PS0                | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 82h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 83h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(6)</sup> | RP0                           | T0                                                       | PD    | Z                         | DC     | C                  | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 84h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 85h                  | TRISA   | —                                                                                              | —                  | PORTA Data Direction Register |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | --11 1111                | --11 1111                                      |
| 86h                  | TRISB   | PORTB Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 87h                  | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 88h                  | TRISD   | PORTD Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 89h                  | TRISE   | IBF                                                                                            | OBF                | IBOV                          | PSPMODE                                                  | —     | PORTE Data Direction Bits |        |                    | 0000 -111                | 0000 -111                                      |
| 8Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |       |                           |        |                    | ---0 0000                | ---0 0000                                      |
| 8Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | T0IE                          | INTE                                                     | RBIE  | T0IF                      | INTF   | RBIF               | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1    | PSPIE                                                                                          | (6)                | —                             | —                                                        | SSPIE | CCP1IE                    | TMR2IE | TMR1IE             | 00-- 0000                | 00-- 0000                                      |
| 8Dh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 8Eh                  | PCON    | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | —                                                        | —     | —                         | POR    | BOR <sup>(4)</sup> | ---- -gq                 | ---- -uu                                       |
| 8Fh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 90h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 91h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |
| 92h                  | PR2     | Timer2 Period Register                                                                         |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 93h                  | SSPADD  | Synchronous Serial Port (I <sup>2</sup> C mode) Address Register                               |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 94h                  | SSPSTAT | —                                                                                              | —                  | D/A                           | P                                                        | S     | R/W                       | UA     | BF                 | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 95h-9Fh              | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

- Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.  
 2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)  
 3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.  
 4: The BOR bit is reserved on the PIC16C64, always maintain this bit set.  
 5: The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C64/64A/R64, always maintain these bits clear.  
 6: PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved on the PIC16C64/64A/R64, always maintain these bits clear.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 4-5: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C65/65A/R65**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5                                               | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3           | Bit 2               | Bit 1   | Bit 0   | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 0               |         |                                                                                                |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         |                          |                                                |
| 00h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 01h                  | TMR0    | Timer0 module's register                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 02h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 03h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(5)</sup> | RP0                                                 | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z                   | DC      | C       | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 04h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 05h                  | PORTA   | —                                                                                              | —                  | PORTA Data Latch when written: PORTA pins when read |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | - -xx xxxx               | - -uu uuuu                                     |
| 06h                  | PORTB   | PORTB Data Latch when written: PORTB pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 07h                  | PORTC   | PORTC Data Latch when written: PORTC pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 08h                  | PORTD   | PORTD Data Latch when written: PORTD pins when read                                            |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 09h                  | PORTE   | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                                                   | —                                                        | —               | RE2                 | RE1     | RE0     | ---- -xxx                | ---- -uuu                                      |
| 0Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                                                   | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |                     |         |         | --0 0000                 | --0 0000                                       |
| 0Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | T0IE                                                | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | T0IF                | INTF    | RBIF    | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1    | PSPIF                                                                                          | (6)                | RCIF                                                | TXIF                                                     | SSPIF           | CCP1IF              | TMR2IF  | TMR1IF  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 0Dh                  | PIR2    | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                                                   | —                                                        | —               | —                   | —       | CCP2IF  | ---- --0                 | ---- --0                                       |
| 0Eh                  | TMR1L   | Holding register for the Least Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                    |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 0Fh                  | TMR1H   | Holding register for the Most Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 10h                  | T1CON   | —                                                                                              | —                  | T1CKPS1                                             | T1CKPS0                                                  | T1OSCEN         | $\overline{T1SYNC}$ | TMR1CS  | TMR1ON  | --00 0000                | --uu uuuu                                      |
| 11h                  | TMR2    | Timer2 module's register                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 12h                  | T2CON   | —                                                                                              | TOUTPS3            | TOUTPS2                                             | TOUTPS1                                                  | TOUTPS0         | TMR2ON              | T2CKPS1 | T2CKPS0 | -000 0000                | -000 0000                                      |
| 13h                  | SSPBUF  | Synchronous Serial Port Receive Buffer/Transmit Register                                       |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 14h                  | SSPCON  | WCOL                                                                                           | SSPOV              | SSPEN                                               | CKP                                                      | SSPM3           | SSPM2               | SSPM1   | SSPM0   | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 15h                  | CCPR1L  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (LSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 16h                  | CCPR1H  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (MSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 17h                  | CCP1CON | —                                                                                              | —                  | CCP1X                                               | CCP1Y                                                    | CCP1M3          | CCP1M2              | CCP1M1  | CCP1M0  | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 18h                  | RCSTA   | SPEN                                                                                           | RX9                | SREN                                                | CREN                                                     | —               | FERR                | OERR    | RX9D    | 0000 -00x                | 0000 -00x                                      |
| 19h                  | TXREG   | USART Transmit Data Register                                                                   |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 1Ah                  | RCREG   | USART Receive Data Register                                                                    |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 1Bh                  | CCPR2L  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (LSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 1Ch                  | CCPR2H  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (MSB)                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 1Dh                  | CCP2CON | —                                                                                              | —                  | CCP2X                                               | CCP2Y                                                    | CCP2M3          | CCP2M2              | CCP2M1  | CCP2M0  | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 1Eh-1Fh              | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                                                     |                                                          |                 |                     |         |         | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.

4: The BOR bit is reserved on the PIC16C65, always maintain this bit set.

5: The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C65/65A/R65, always maintain these bits clear.

6: PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved on the PIC16C65/65A/R65, always maintain these bits clear.

**TABLE 4-5: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C65/65A/R65 (Cont'd)**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6              | Bit 5                         | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3 | Bit 2                     | Bit 1  | Bit 0              | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |           |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Bank 1               |         |                                                                                                |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    |                          |                                                |           |
| 80h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 81h                  | OPTION  | RBPU                                                                                           | INTEDG             | T0CS                          | T0SE                                                     | PSA   | PS2                       | PS1    | PS0                | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 82h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 83h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP <sup>(5)</sup>                                                                             | RP1 <sup>(5)</sup> | RP0                           | T0                                                       | PD    | Z                         | DC     | C                  | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |           |
| 84h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |           |
| 85h                  | TRISA   | —                                                                                              | —                  | PORTA Data Direction Register |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | --11 1111                | --11 1111                                      |           |
| 86h                  | TRISB   | PORTB Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 87h                  | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 88h                  | TRISD   | PORTD Data Direction Register                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 89h                  | TRISE   | IBF                                                                                            | OBF                | IBOV                          | PSPMODE                                                  | —     | PORTE Data Direction Bits |        |                    | 0000 -111                | 0000 -111                                      |           |
| 8Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |       |                           |        |                    |                          | ---0 0000                                      | ---0 0000 |
| 8Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE               | T0IE                          | INTE                                                     | RBIE  | T0IF                      | INTF   | RBIF               | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |           |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1    | PSPIE                                                                                          | (6)                | RCIE                          | TXIE                                                     | SSPIE | CCP1IE                    | TMR2IE | TMR1IE             | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 8Dh                  | PIE2    | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | —                                                        | —     | —                         | —      | CCP2IE             | ---- --0                 | ---- --0                                       |           |
| 8Eh                  | PCON    | —                                                                                              | —                  | —                             | —                                                        | —     | —                         | POR    | BOR <sup>(4)</sup> | ---- --qq                | ---- --uu                                      |           |
| 8Fh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 90h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 91h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 92h                  | PR2     | Timer2 Period Register                                                                         |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 93h                  | SSPADD  | Synchronous Serial Port (I <sup>2</sup> C mode) Address Register                               |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 94h                  | SSPSTAT | —                                                                                              | —                  | D/A                           | P                                                        | S     | R/W                       | UA     | BF                 | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |           |
| 95h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 96h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 97h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 98h                  | TXSTA   | CSRC                                                                                           | TX9                | TXEN                          | SYNC                                                     | —     | BRGH                      | TRMT   | TX9D               | 0000 -010                | 0000 -010                                      |           |
| 99h                  | SPBRG   | Baud Rate Generator Register                                                                   |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 9Ah                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Bh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Ch                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Dh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Eh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Fh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |                    |                               |                                                          |       |                           |        |                    | —                        | —                                              |           |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from either bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.

4: The BOR bit is reserved on the PIC16C65, always maintain this bit set.

5: The IRP and RP1 bits are reserved on the PIC16C65/65A/R65, always maintain these bits clear.

6: PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved on the PIC16C65/65A/R65, always maintain these bits clear.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 4-6: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C66/67**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6   | Bit 5                                               | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3           | Bit 2  | Bit 1   | Bit 0   | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|---------|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 0               |         |                                                                                                |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         |                          |                                                |
| 00h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 01h                  | TMR0    | Timer0 module's register                                                                       |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 02h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 03h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP                                                                                            | RP1     | RP0                                                 | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z      | DC      | C       | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 04h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 05h                  | PORTA   | —                                                                                              | —       | PORTA Data Latch when written: PORTA pins when read |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | - -xx xxxx               | - -uu uuuu                                     |
| 06h                  | PORTB   | PORTB Data Latch when written: PORTB pins when read                                            |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 07h                  | PORTC   | PORTC Data Latch when written: PORTC pins when read                                            |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 08h <sup>(5)</sup>   | PORTD   | PORTD Data Latch when written: PORTD pins when read                                            |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 09h <sup>(5)</sup>   | PORTE   | —                                                                                              | —       | —                                                   | —                                                        | —               | RE2    | RE1     | RE0     | ---- -xxx                | ---- -uuu                                      |
| 0Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —       | —                                                   | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |        |         |         | ---0 0000                | ---0 0000                                      |
| 0Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE    | T0IE                                                | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | T0IF   | INTF    | RBIF    | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1    | PSPIF <sup>(6)</sup>                                                                           | (4)     | RCIF                                                | TXIF                                                     | SSPIF           | CCP1IF | TMR2IF  | TMR1IF  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 0Dh                  | PIR2    | —                                                                                              | —       | —                                                   | —                                                        | —               | —      | —       | CCP2IF  | ---- --0                 | ---- --0                                       |
| 0Eh                  | TMR1L   | Holding register for the Least Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                    |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 0Fh                  | TMR1H   | Holding register for the Most Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register                     |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 10h                  | T1CON   | —                                                                                              | —       | T1CKPS1                                             | T1CKPS0                                                  | T1OSCEN         | T1SYNC | TMR1CS  | TMR1ON  | --00 0000                | --uu uuuu                                      |
| 11h                  | TMR2    | Timer2 module's register                                                                       |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 12h                  | T2CON   | —                                                                                              | TOUTPS3 | TOUTPS2                                             | TOUTPS1                                                  | TOUTPS0         | TMR2ON | T2CKPS1 | T2CKPS0 | -000 0000                | -000 0000                                      |
| 13h                  | SSPBUF  | Synchronous Serial Port Receive Buffer/Transmit Register                                       |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 14h                  | SSPCON  | WCOL                                                                                           | SSPOV   | SSPEN                                               | CKP                                                      | SSPM3           | SSPM2  | SSPM1   | SSPM0   | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 15h                  | CCPR1L  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (LSB)                                                                     |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 16h                  | CCPR1H  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (MSB)                                                                     |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 17h                  | CCP1CON | —                                                                                              | —       | CCP1X                                               | CCP1Y                                                    | CCP1M3          | CCP1M2 | CCP1M1  | CCP1M0  | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 18h                  | RCSTA   | SPEN                                                                                           | RX9     | SREN                                                | CREN                                                     | —               | FERR   | OERR    | RX9D    | 0000 -00x                | 0000 -00x                                      |
| 19h                  | TXREG   | USART Transmit Data Register                                                                   |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 1Ah                  | RCREG   | USART Receive Data Register                                                                    |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 1Bh                  | CCPR2L  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (LSB)                                                                     |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 1Ch                  | CCPR2H  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (MSB)                                                                     |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 1Dh                  | CCP2CON | —                                                                                              | —       | CCP2X                                               | CCP2Y                                                    | CCP2M3          | CCP2M2 | CCP2M1  | CCP2M0  | --00 0000                | --00 0000                                      |
| 1Eh-1Fh              | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |         |                                                     |                                                          |                 |        |         |         | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.  
Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from any bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.

4: PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved on the PIC16C66/67, always maintain these bits clear.

5: PORTD, PORTE, TRISD, and TRISE are not implemented on the PIC16C66, read as '0'.

6: PSPIF (PIR1<7>) and PSPIE (PIE1<7>) are reserved on the PIC16C66, maintain these bits clear.



**TABLE 4-6: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C66/67 (Cont'd)**

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6  | Bit 5                         | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3           | Bit 2                     | Bit 1  | Bit 0            | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(3)</sup> |           |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Bank 1               |         |                                                                                                |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  |                          |                                                |           |
| 80h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF    | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 81h                  | OPTION  | RBP $\overline{U}$                                                                             | INTEDG | T0CS                          | T0SE                                                     | PSA             | PS2                       | PS1    | PS0              | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 82h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL     | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 83h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS  | IRP                                                                                            | RP1    | RP0                           | $\overline{T0}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z                         | DC     | C                | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |           |
| 84h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR     | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |           |
| 85h                  | TRISA   | —                                                                                              | —      | PORTA Data Direction Register |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | --11 1111                | --11 1111                                      |           |
| 86h                  | TRISB   | PORTB Data Direction Register                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 87h                  | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction Register                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 88h <sup>(5)</sup>   | TRISD   | PORTD Data Direction Register                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 89h <sup>(5)</sup>   | TRISE   | IBF                                                                                            | OBF    | IBOV                          | PSPMODE                                                  | —               | PORTE Data Direction Bits |        |                  | 0000 -111                | 0000 -111                                      |           |
| 8Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH  | —                                                                                              | —      | —                             | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |                           |        |                  |                          | ---0 0000                                      | ---0 0000 |
| 8Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON  | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE   | T0IE                          | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | T0IF                      | INTF   | RBIF             | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |           |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1    | PSPIE <sup>(6)</sup>                                                                           | (4)    | RCIE                          | TXIE                                                     | SSPIE           | CCP1IE                    | TMR2IE | TMR1IE           | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 8Dh                  | PIE2    | —                                                                                              | —      | —                             | —                                                        | —               | —                         | —      | CCP2IE           | ---- --0                 | ---- --0                                       |           |
| 8Eh                  | PCON    | —                                                                                              | —      | —                             | —                                                        | —               | —                         | POR    | $\overline{BOR}$ | ---- --qq                | ---- --uu                                      |           |
| 8Fh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 90h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 91h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 92h                  | PR2     | Timer2 Period Register                                                                         |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |           |
| 93h                  | SSPADD  | Synchronous Serial Port (I <sup>2</sup> C mode) Address Register                               |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 94h                  | SSPSTAT | SMP                                                                                            | CKE    | D/ $\overline{A}$             | P                                                        | S               | R/ $\overline{W}$         | UA     | BF               | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 95h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 96h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 97h                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 98h                  | TXSTA   | CSRC                                                                                           | TX9    | TXEN                          | SYNC                                                     | —               | BRGH                      | TRMT   | TX9D             | 0000 -010                | 0000 -010                                      |           |
| 99h                  | SPBRG   | Baud Rate Generator Register                                                                   |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |           |
| 9Ah                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Bh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Ch                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Dh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Eh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |
| 9Fh                  | —       | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |                               |                                                          |                 |                           |        |                  | —                        | —                                              |           |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.

Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from any bank.

2: The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)

3: Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.

4: PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved on the PIC16C66/67, always maintain these bits clear.

5: PORTD, PORTE, TRISD, and TRISE are not implemented on the PIC16C66, read as '0'.

6: PSPIF (PIR1<7>) and PSPIE (PIE1<7>) are reserved on the PIC16C66, maintain these bits clear.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 4-6: SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS FOR THE PIC16C66/67 (Cont'd)**

| Address               | Name   | Bit 7                                                                                          | Bit 6  | Bit 5 | Bit 4                                                    | Bit 3           | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets <sup>(9)</sup> |
|-----------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Bank 2                |        |                                                                                                |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       |                          |                                                |
| 100h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF   | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 101h                  | TMR0   | Timer0 module's register                                                                       |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 102h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL    | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 103h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS | IRP                                                                                            | RP1    | RP0   | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z     | DC    | C     | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 104h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR    | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 105h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| 106h                  | PORTB  | PORTB Data Latch when written: PORTB pins when read                                            |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 107h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| 108h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| 109h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| 10Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH | —                                                                                              | —      | —     | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |       |       |       | ---0 0000                | ---0 0000                                      |
| 10Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE   | TOIE  | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | TOIF  | INTF  | RBIF  | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 10Ch-10Fh             | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| Bank 3                |        |                                                                                                |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       |                          |                                                |
| 180h <sup>(1)</sup>   | INDF   | Addressing this location uses contents of FSR to address data memory (not a physical register) |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 181h                  | OPTION | $\overline{RBP}\overline{U}$                                                                   | INTEDG | TOCS  | TOSE                                                     | PSA             | PS2   | PS1   | PS0   | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 182h <sup>(1)</sup>   | PCL    | Program Counter's (PC) Least Significant Byte                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                                      |
| 183h <sup>(1)</sup>   | STATUS | IRP                                                                                            | RP1    | RP0   | $\overline{TO}$                                          | $\overline{PD}$ | Z     | DC    | C     | 0001 1xxx                | 000q quuu                                      |
| 184h <sup>(1)</sup>   | FSR    | Indirect data memory address pointer                                                           |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                                      |
| 185h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| 186h                  | TRISB  | PORTB Data Direction Register                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                                      |
| 187h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| 188h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| 189h                  | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |
| 18Ah <sup>(1,2)</sup> | PCLATH | —                                                                                              | —      | —     | Write Buffer for the upper 5 bits of the Program Counter |                 |       |       |       | ---0 0000                | ---0 0000                                      |
| 18Bh <sup>(1)</sup>   | INTCON | GIE                                                                                            | PEIE   | TOIE  | INTE                                                     | RBIE            | TOIF  | INTF  | RBIF  | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                                      |
| 18Ch-19Fh             | —      | Unimplemented                                                                                  |        |       |                                                          |                 |       |       |       | —                        | —                                              |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, q = value depends on condition, - = unimplemented location read as '0'.  
Shaded locations are unimplemented, read as '0'.

Note 1: These registers can be addressed from any bank.

- The upper byte of the Program Counter (PC) is not directly accessible. PCLATH is a holding register for the PC whose contents are transferred to the upper byte of the program counter. (PC<12:8>)
- Other (non power-up) resets include external reset through MCLR and the Watchdog Timer reset.
- PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved on the PIC16C66/67, always maintain these bits clear.
- PORTD, PORTE, TRISD, and TRISE are not implemented on the PIC16C66, read as '0'.
- PSPIF (PIR1<7>) and PSPIE (PIE1<7>) are reserved on the PIC16C66, maintain these bits clear.

## 4.2.2.1 STATUS REGISTER

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

The STATUS register, shown in Figure 4-9, contains the arithmetic status of the ALU, the RESET status and the bank select bits for data memory.

The STATUS register can be the destination for any instruction, as with any other register. If the STATUS register is the destination for an instruction that affects the Z, DC or C bits, then the write to these three bits is disabled. These bits are set or cleared according to the device logic. Furthermore, the  $\overline{TO}$  and  $\overline{PD}$  bits are not writable. Therefore, the result of an instruction with the STATUS register as destination may be different than intended.

For example, CLRF STATUS will clear the upper-three bits and set the Z bit. This leaves the STATUS register as 000u u1uu (where u = unchanged).

It is recommended, therefore, that only BCF, BSF, SWAPF and MOVWF instructions are used to alter the STATUS register because these instructions do not affect the Z, C or DC bits from the STATUS register. For other instructions, not affecting any status bits, see the "Instruction Set Summary."

**Note 1:** For those devices that do not use bits IRP and RP1 (STATUS<7:6>), maintain these bits clear to ensure upward compatibility with future products.

**Note 2:** The C and DC bits operate as a borrow and digit borrow bit, respectively, in subtraction. See the SUBLW and SUBWF instructions for examples.

**FIGURE 4-9: STATUS REGISTER (ADDRESS 03h, 83h, 103h, 183h)**

| R/W-0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R-1             | R-1             | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| IRP                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | RP1   | RP0   | $\overline{TO}$ | $\overline{PD}$ | Z     | DC    | C     |
| bit7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |       |       |                 |                 |       |       | bit0  |
| <p>bit 7: <b>IRP:</b> Register Bank Select bit (used for indirect addressing)<br/> 1 = Bank 2, 3 (100h - 1FFh)<br/> 0 = Bank 0, 1 (00h - FFh)</p> <p>bit 6-5: <b>RP1:RP0:</b> Register Bank Select bits (used for direct addressing)<br/> 11 = Bank 3 (180h - 1FFh)<br/> 10 = Bank 2 (100h - 17Fh)<br/> 01 = Bank 1 (80h - FFh)<br/> 00 = Bank 0 (00h - 7Fh)<br/> Each bank is 128 bytes.</p> <p>bit 4: <b><math>\overline{TO}</math>:</b> Time-out bit<br/> 1 = After power-up, CLRWD<math>\overline{T}</math> instruction, or SLEEP instruction<br/> 0 = A WDT time-out occurred</p> <p>bit 3: <b><math>\overline{PD}</math>:</b> Power-down bit<br/> 1 = After power-up or by the CLRWD<math>\overline{T}</math> instruction<br/> 0 = By execution of the SLEEP instruction</p> <p>bit 2: <b>Z:</b> Zero bit<br/> 1 = The result of an arithmetic or logic operation is zero<br/> 0 = The result of an arithmetic or logic operation is not zero</p> <p>bit 1: <b>DC:</b> Digit carry/borrow bit (for ADDWF, ADDLW, SUBLW, and SUBWF instructions) (For borrow the polarity is reversed).<br/> 1 = A carry-out from the 4th low order bit of the result occurred<br/> 0 = No carry-out from the 4th low order bit of the result</p> <p>bit 0: <b>C:</b> Carry/borrow bit (for ADDWF, ADDLW, SUBLW, and SUBWF instructions) (For borrow the polarity is reversed).<br/> 1 = A carry-out from the most significant bit of the result occurred<br/> 0 = No carry-out from the most significant bit of the result</p> <p>Note: a subtraction is executed by adding the two's complement of the second operand.<br/> For rotate (RRF, RLF) instructions, this bit is loaded with either the high or low order bit of the source register.</p> |       |       |                 |                 |       |       |       |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
- n = Value at POR reset  
x = unknown

# PIC16C6X

## 4.2.2.2 OPTION REGISTER

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

The OPTION register is a readable and writable register which contains various control bits to configure the TMR0/WDT prescaler, the external INT interrupt, TMR0, and the weak pull-ups on PORTB.

**Note:** To achieve a 1:1 prescaler assignment for TMR0 register, assign the prescaler to the Watchdog Timer.

**FIGURE 4-10: OPTION REGISTER (ADDRESS 81h, 181h)**

| R/W-1 | R/W-1  | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |
|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| RBPŪ  | INTEDG | T0CS  | T0SE  | PSA   | PS2   | PS1   | PS0   |
| bit7  |        |       |       |       |       |       | bit0  |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7: **RBPŪ**: PORTB Pull-up Enable bit  
1 = PORTB pull-ups are disabled  
0 = PORTB pull-ups are enabled by individual port latch values

bit 6: **INTEDG**: Interrupt Edge Select bit  
1 = Interrupt on rising edge of RB0/INT pin  
0 = Interrupt on falling edge of RB0/INT pin

bit 5: **T0CS**: TMR0 Clock Source Select bit  
1 = Transition on RA4/T0CKI pin  
0 = Internal instruction cycle clock (CLKOUT)

bit 4: **T0SE**: TMR0 Source Edge Select bit  
1 = Increment on high-to-low transition on RA4/T0CKI pin  
0 = Increment on low-to-high transition on RA4/T0CKI pin

bit 3: **PSA**: Prescaler Assignment bit  
1 = Prescaler is assigned to the WDT  
0 = Prescaler is assigned to the Timer0 module

bit 2-0: **PS2:PS0**: Prescaler Rate Select bits

| Bit Value | TMR0 Rate | WDT Rate |
|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 000       | 1 : 2     | 1 : 1    |
| 001       | 1 : 4     | 1 : 2    |
| 010       | 1 : 8     | 1 : 4    |
| 011       | 1 : 16    | 1 : 8    |
| 100       | 1 : 32    | 1 : 16   |
| 101       | 1 : 64    | 1 : 32   |
| 110       | 1 : 128   | 1 : 64   |
| 111       | 1 : 256   | 1 : 128  |

## 4.2.2.3 INTCON REGISTER

### Applicable Devices

61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

The INTCON Register is a readable and writable register which contains the various enable and flag bits for the TMR0 register overflow, RB port change and external RB0/INT pin interrupts.

**Note:** Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>).

**FIGURE 4-11: INTCON REGISTER (ADDRESS 0Bh, 8Bh, 10Bh 18Bh)**

| R/W-0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-x |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| GIE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | PEIE  | TOIE  | INTE  | RBIE  | TOIF  | INTF  | RBIF  |
| bit7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit0  |
| <p>bit 7: <b>GIE:</b><sup>(1)</sup> Global Interrupt Enable bit<br/>1 = Enables all un-masked interrupts<br/>0 = Disables all interrupts</p> <p>bit 6: <b>PEIE:</b><sup>(2)</sup> Peripheral Interrupt Enable bit<br/>1 = Enables all un-masked peripheral interrupts<br/>0 = Disables all peripheral interrupts</p> <p>bit 5: <b>TOIE:</b> TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Enable bit<br/>1 = Enables the TMR0 overflow interrupt<br/>0 = Disables the TMR0 overflow interrupt</p> <p>bit 4: <b>INTE:</b> RB0/INT External Interrupt Enable bit<br/>1 = Enables the RB0/INT external interrupt<br/>0 = Disables the RB0/INT external interrupt</p> <p>bit 3: <b>RBIE:</b> RB Port Change Interrupt Enable bit<br/>1 = Enables the RB port change interrupt<br/>0 = Disables the RB port change interrupt</p> <p>bit 2: <b>TOIF:</b> TMR0 Overflow Interrupt Flag bit<br/>1 = TMR0 register overflowed (must be cleared in software)<br/>0 = TMR0 register did not overflow</p> <p>bit 1: <b>INTF:</b> RB0/INT External Interrupt Flag bit<br/>1 = The RB0/INT external interrupt occurred (must be cleared in software)<br/>0 = The RB0/INT external interrupt did not occur</p> <p>bit 0: <b>RBIF:</b> RB Port Change Interrupt Flag bit<br/>1 = At least one of the RB7:RB4 pins changed state (see Section 5.2 to clear the interrupt)<br/>0 = None of the RB7:RB4 pins have changed state</p> <p>Note 1: For the PIC16C61/62/64/65, if an interrupt occurs while the GIE bit is being cleared, the GIE bit may unintentionally be re-enabled by the RETFIE instruction in the user's Interrupt Service Routine. Refer to Section 13.5 for a detailed description.</p> <p>Note 2: The PEIE bit (bit6) is unimplemented on the PIC16C61, read as '0'.</p> |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| <p>R = Readable bit<br/>W = Writable bit<br/>U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'<br/>- n = Value at POR reset<br/>x = unknown</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| <p>Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON&lt;7&gt;). User software should ensure the appropriate interrupt flag bits are clear prior to enabling an interrupt.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

# PIC16C6X

## 4.2.2.4 PIE1 REGISTER

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

This register contains the individual enable bits for the peripheral interrupts.

**Note:** Bit PEIE (INTCON<6>) must be set to enable any peripheral interrupt.

FIGURE 4-12: PIE1 REGISTER FOR PIC16C62/62A/R62 (ADDRESS 8Ch)

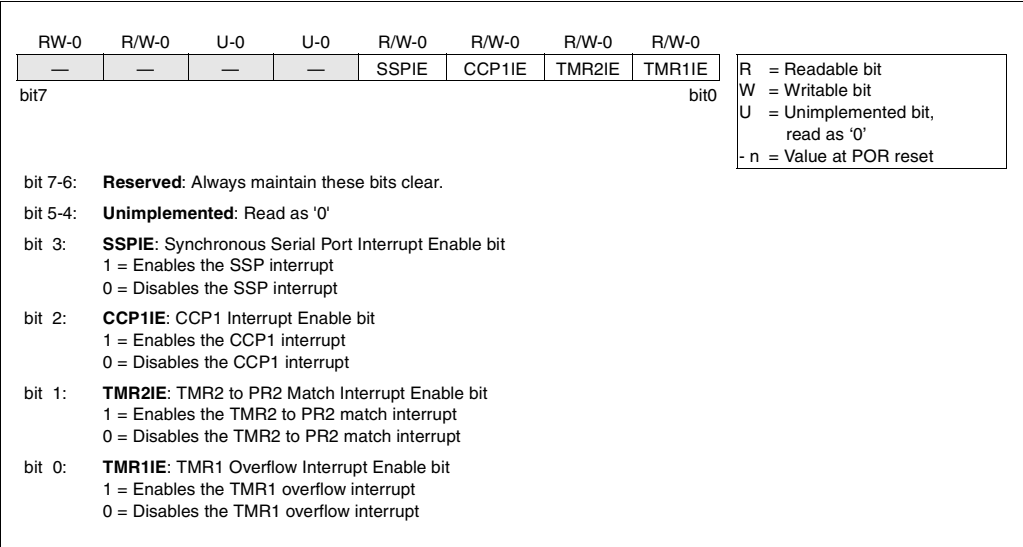


**FIGURE 4-13: PIE1 REGISTER FOR PIC16C63/R63/66 (ADDRESS 8Ch)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| —     | —     | RCIE  | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE |
| bit7  |       |       |       |       |        |        | bit0   |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7-6: **Reserved:** Always maintain these bits clear.

bit 5: **RCIE:** USART Receive Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the USART receive interrupt  
0 = Disables the USART receive interrupt

bit 4: **TXIE:** USART Transmit Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the USART transmit interrupt  
0 = Disables the USART transmit interrupt

bit 3: **SSPIE:** Synchronous Serial Port Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the SSP interrupt  
0 = Disables the SSP interrupt

bit 2: **CCP1IE:** CCP1 Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the CCP1 interrupt  
0 = Disables the CCP1 interrupt

bit 1: **TMR2IE:** TMR2 to PR2 Match Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the TMR2 to PR2 match interrupt  
0 = Disables the TMR2 to PR2 match interrupt

bit 0: **TMR1IE:** TMR1 Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the TMR1 overflow interrupt  
0 = Disables the TMR1 overflow interrupt

**FIGURE 4-14: PIE1 REGISTER FOR PIC16C64/64A/R64 (ADDRESS 8Ch)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| PSPIE | —     | —   | —   | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE |
| bit7  |       |     |     |       |        |        | bit0   |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7: **PSPIE:** Parallel Slave Port Read/Write Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the PSP read/write interrupt  
0 = Disables the PSP read/write interrupt

bit 6: **Reserved:** Always maintain this bit clear.

bit 5-4: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3: **SSPIE:** Synchronous Serial Port Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the SSP interrupt  
0 = Disables the SSP interrupt

bit 2: **CCP1IE:** CCP1 Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the CCP1 interrupt  
0 = Disables the CCP1 interrupt

bit 1: **TMR2IE:** TMR2 to PR2 Match Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the TMR2 to PR2 match interrupt  
0 = Disables the TMR2 to PR2 match interrupt

bit 0: **TMR1IE:** TMR1 Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the TMR1 overflow interrupt  
0 = Disables the TMR1 overflow interrupt

# PIC16C6X

FIGURE 4-15: PIE1 REGISTER FOR PIC16C65/65A/R65/67 (ADDRESS 8Ch)

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| PSPIE | —     | RCIE  | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE |
| bit7  |       |       |       | bit0  |        |        |        |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit,  
read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7: **PSPIE:** Parallel Slave Port Read/Write Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the PSP read/write interrupt  
0 = Disables the PSP read/write interrupt

bit 6: **Reserved:** Always maintain this bit clear.

bit 5: **RCIE:** USART Receive Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the USART receive interrupt  
0 = Disables the USART receive interrupt

bit 4: **TXIE:** USART Transmit Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the USART transmit interrupt  
0 = Disables the USART transmit interrupt

bit 3: **SSPIE:** Synchronous Serial Port Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the SSP interrupt  
0 = Disables the SSP interrupt

bit 2: **CCP1IE:** CCP1 Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the CCP1 interrupt  
0 = Disables the CCP1 interrupt

bit 1: **TMR2IE:** TMR2 to PR2 Match Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the TMR2 to PR2 match interrupt  
0 = Disables the TMR2 to PR2 match interrupt

bit 0: **TMR1IE:** TMR1 Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Enables the TMR1 overflow interrupt  
0 = Disables the TMR1 overflow interrupt



## 4.2.2.5 PIR1 REGISTER

### Applicable Devices

61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

This register contains the individual flag bits for the peripheral interrupts.

**Note:** Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>). User software should ensure the appropriate interrupt flag bits are clear prior to enabling an interrupt.

**FIGURE 4-16: PIR1 REGISTER FOR PIC16C62/62A/R62 (ADDRESS 0Ch)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| —     | —     | —   | —   | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF |

bit7 bit0

bit 7-6: **Reserved:** Always maintain these bits clear.

bit 5-4: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3: **SSPIF:** Synchronous Serial Port Interrupt Flag bit  
 1 = The transmission/reception is complete (must be cleared in software)  
 0 = Waiting to transmit/receive

bit 2: **CCP1IF:** CCP1 Interrupt Flag bit  
Capture Mode  
 1 = A TMR1 register capture occurred (must be cleared in software)  
 0 = No TMR1 register capture occurred  
Compare Mode  
 1 = A TMR1 register compare match occurred (must be cleared in software)  
 0 = No TMR1 register compare match occurred  
PWM Mode  
 Unused in this mode

bit 1: **TMR2IF:** TMR2 to PR2 Match Interrupt Flag bit  
 1 = TMR2 to PR2 match occurred (must be cleared in software)  
 0 = No TMR2 to PR2 match occurred

bit 0: **TMR1IF:** TMR1 Overflow Interrupt Flag bit  
 1 = TMR1 register overflow occurred (must be cleared in software)  
 0 = No TMR1 register overflow occurred

R = Readable bit  
 W = Writable bit  
 U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 - n = Value at POR reset

Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>). User software should ensure the appropriate interrupt flag bits are clear prior to enabling an interrupt.

# PIC16C6X

**FIGURE 4-17: PIR1 REGISTER FOR PIC16C63/R63/66 (ADDRESS 0Ch)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R-0  | R-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|-------|-------|------|------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| —     | —     | RCIF | TXIF | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF |
| bit7  |       |      |      |       |        |        | bit0   |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7-6: **Reserved:** Always maintain these bits clear.

bit 5: **RCIF:** USART Receive Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = The USART receive buffer is full (cleared by reading RCREG)  
0 = The USART receive buffer is empty

bit 4: **TXIF:** USART Transmit Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = The USART transmit buffer is empty (cleared by writing to TXREG)  
0 = The USART transmit buffer is full

bit 3: **SSPIF:** Synchronous Serial Port Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = The transmission/reception is complete (must be cleared in software)  
0 = Waiting to transmit/receive

bit 2: **CCP1IF:** CCP1 Interrupt Flag bit  
Capture Mode  
1 = A TMR1 register capture occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No TMR1 register capture occurred  
Compare Mode  
1 = A TMR1 register compare match occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No TMR1 register compare match occurred  
PWM Mode  
Unused in this mode

bit 1: **TMR2IF:** TMR2 to PR2 Match Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = TMR2 to PR2 match occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No TMR2 to PR2 match occurred

bit 0: **TMR1IF:** TMR1 Overflow Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = TMR1 register overflow occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No TMR1 register overflow occurred

Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>). User software should ensure the appropriate interrupt flag bits are clear prior to enabling an interrupt.

**FIGURE 4-18: PIR1 REGISTER FOR PIC16C64/64A/R64 (ADDRESS 0Ch)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|-------|-------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| PSPIF | —     | —   | —   | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF |

bit7 bit0

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7: **PSPIF:** Parallel Slave Port Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A read or a write operation has taken place (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No read or write operation has taken place

bit 6: **Reserved:** Always maintain this bit clear.

bit 5-4: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3: **SSPIF:** Synchronous Serial Port Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = The transmission/reception is complete (must be cleared in software)  
0 = Waiting to transmit/receive

bit 2: **CCP1IF:** CCP1 Interrupt Flag bit  
Capture Mode  
1 = A TMR1 register capture occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No TMR1 register capture occurred  
Compare Mode  
1 = A TMR1 register compare match occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No TMR1 register compare match occurred  
PWM Mode  
Unused in this mode

bit 1: **TMR2IF:** TMR2 to PR2 Match Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = TMR2 to PR2 match occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No TMR2 to PR2 match occurred

bit 0: **TMR1IF:** TMR1 Overflow Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = TMR1 register overflow occurred (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No TMR1 register occurred

Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>). User software should ensure the appropriate interrupt flag bits are clear prior to enabling an interrupt.

# PIC16C6X

**FIGURE 4-19: PIR1 REGISTER FOR PIC16C65/65A/R65/67 (ADDRESS 0Ch)**

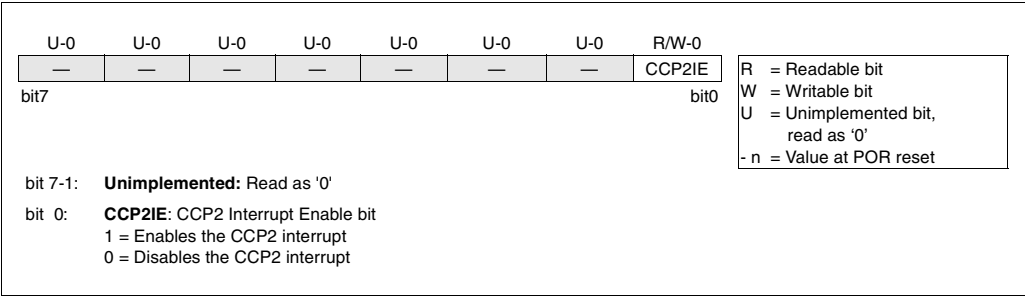
| R/W-0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | R/W-0 | R-0  | R-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| PSPIF                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | —     | RCIF | TXIF | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF |
| bit7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |       |      |      |       |        | bit0   |        |
| <div><div>R = Readable bit<br/>W = Writable bit<br/>U = Unimplemented bit,<br/>read as '0'<br/>- n = Value at POR reset</div></div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| bit 7: <b>PSPIF</b> : Parallel Slave Port Interrupt Flag bit<br>1 = A read or a write operation has taken place (must be cleared in software)<br>0 = No read or write operation has taken place                                                                                                                                                                                  |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| bit 6: <b>Reserved</b> : Always maintain this bit clear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| bit 5: <b>RCIF</b> : USART Receive Interrupt Flag bit<br>1 = The USART receive buffer is full (cleared by reading RCREG)<br>0 = The USART receive buffer is empty                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| bit 4: <b>TXIF</b> : USART Transmit Interrupt Flag bit<br>1 = The USART transmit buffer is empty (cleared by writing to TXREG)<br>0 = The USART transmit buffer is full                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| bit 3: <b>SSPIF</b> : Synchronous Serial Port Interrupt Flag bit<br>1 = The transmission/reception is complete (must be cleared in software)<br>0 = Waiting to transmit/receive                                                                                                                                                                                                  |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| bit 2: <b>CCP1IF</b> : CCP1 Interrupt Flag bit<br><u>Capture Mode</u><br>1 = A TMR1 register capture occurred (must be cleared in software)<br>0 = No TMR1 register capture occurred<br><u>Compare Mode</u><br>1 = A TMR1 register compare match occurred (must be cleared in software)<br>0 = No TMR1 register compare match occurred<br><u>PWM Mode</u><br>Unused in this mode |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| bit 1: <b>TMR2IF</b> : TMR2 to PR2 Match Interrupt Flag bit<br>1 = TMR2 to PR2 match occurred (must be cleared in software)<br>0 = No TMR2 to PR2 match occurred                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| bit 0: <b>TMR1IF</b> : TMR1 Overflow Interrupt Flag bit<br>1 = TMR1 register overflow occurred (must be cleared in software)<br>0 = No TMR1 register overflow occurred                                                                                                                                                                                                           |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |
| Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>). User software should ensure the appropriate interrupt flag bits are clear prior to enabling an interrupt.                                                                                                      |       |      |      |       |        |        |        |

4.2.2.6    PIE2 REGISTER

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

This register contains the CCP2 interrupt enable bit.

FIGURE 4-20:    PIE2 REGISTER (ADDRESS 8Dh)



# PIC16C6X

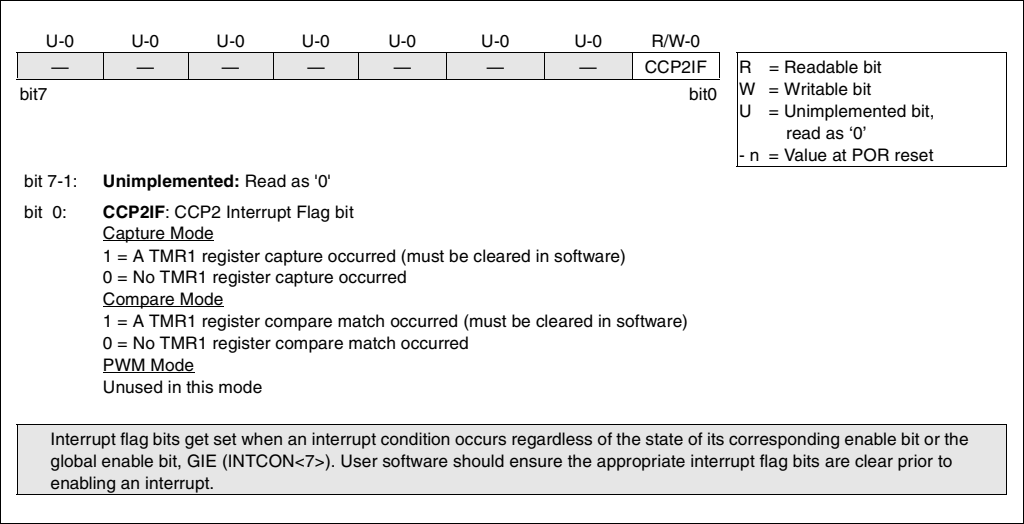
## 4.2.2.7 PIR2 REGISTER

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

This register contains the CCP2 interrupt flag bit.

**Note:** Interrupt flag bits get set when an interrupt condition occurs regardless of the state of its corresponding enable bit or the global enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>). User software should ensure the appropriate interrupt flag bits are clear prior to enabling an interrupt.

FIGURE 4-21: PIR2 REGISTER (ADDRESS 0Dh)



## 4.2.2.8 PCON REGISTER

### Applicable Devices

61|62|62A|R62|63|R63|64|64A|R64|65|65A|R65|66|67

The Power Control register (PCON) contains a flag bit to allow differentiation between a Power-on Reset to an external  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  reset or WDT reset. Those devices with brown-out detection circuitry contain an additional bit to differentiate a Brown-out Reset condition from a Power-on Reset condition.

**Note:**  $\overline{\text{BOR}}$  is unknown on Power-on Reset. It must then be set by the user and checked on subsequent resets to see if  $\overline{\text{BOR}}$  is clear, indicating a brown-out has occurred. The  $\overline{\text{BOR}}$  status bit is a "don't care" and is not necessarily predictable if the brown-out circuit is disabled (by clearing the BODEN bit in the Configuration word).

**FIGURE 4-22: PCON REGISTER FOR PIC16C62/64/65 (ADDRESS 8Eh)**

| U-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-q |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | POR   | —     |
| bit7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit0  |       |

bit 7-2: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1: **POR:** Power-on Reset Status bit  
1 = No Power-on Reset occurred  
0 = A Power-on Reset occurred (must be set in software after a Power-on Reset occurs)

bit 0: **Reserved**  
This bit should be set upon a Power-on Reset by user software and maintained as set. Use of this bit as a general purpose read/write bit is not recommended, since this may affect upward compatibility with future products.

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset  
q = value depends on conditions

**FIGURE 4-23: PCON REGISTER FOR PIC16C62A/R62/63/R63/64A/R64/65A/R65/66/67 (ADDRESS 8Eh)**

| U-0  | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-q                   |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------------------------|
| —    | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | POR   | $\overline{\text{BOR}}$ |
| bit7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit0  |                         |

bit 7-2: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1: **POR:** Power-on Reset Status bit  
1 = No Power-on Reset occurred  
0 = A Power-on Reset occurred (must be set in software after a Power-on Reset occurs)

bit 0:  **$\overline{\text{BOR}}$ :** Brown-out Reset Status bit  
1 = No Brown-out Reset occurred  
0 = A Brown-out Reset occurred (must be set in software after a Brown-out Reset occurs)

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset  
q = value depends on conditions

# PIC16C6X

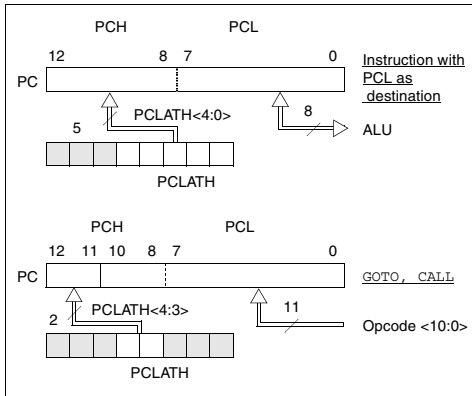
## 4.3 PCL and PCLATH

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

The program counter (PC) is 13-bits wide. The low byte comes from the PCL register, which is a readable and writable register. The upper bits (PC<12:8>) are not readable, but are indirectly writable through the PCLATH register. On any reset, the upper bits of the PC will be cleared. Figure 4-24 shows the two situations for the loading of the PC. The upper example in the figure shows how the PC is loaded on a write to PCL (PCLATH<4:0> → PCH). The lower example in the figure shows how the PC is loaded during a CALL or GOTO instruction (PCLATH<4:3> → PCH).

**FIGURE 4-24: LOADING OF PC IN DIFFERENT SITUATIONS**



### 4.3.1 COMPUTED GOTO

A computed GOTO is accomplished by adding an offset to the program counter (`ADDWF PCL`). When doing a table read using a computed GOTO method, care should be exercised if the table location crosses a PCL memory boundary (each 256 word block). Refer to the application note “Implementing a Table Read” (AN556).

### 4.3.2 STACK

The PIC16CXX family has an 8 deep x 13-bit wide hardware stack. The stack space is not part of either program or data space and the stack pointer is not readable or writable. The PC is PUSHed onto the stack when a CALL instruction is executed or an interrupt causes a branch. The stack is POPed in the event of a RETURN, RETLW or a RETFIE instruction execution. PCLATH is not affected by a PUSH or a POP operation.

The stack operates as a circular buffer. This means that after the stack has been PUSHed eight times, the ninth push overwrites the value that was stored from the first push. The tenth push overwrites the second push (and so on).

**Note 1:** There are no status bits to indicate stack overflows or stack underflow conditions.

**Note 2:** There are no instructions mnemonics called PUSH or POP. These are actions that occur from the execution of the CALL, RETURN, RETLW, and RETFIE instructions, or the vectoring to an interrupt address

## 4.4 Program Memory Paging

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

PIC16C6X devices are capable of addressing a continuous 8K word block of program memory. The CALL and GOTO instructions provide only 11 bits of address to allow branching within any 2K program memory page. When doing a CALL or GOTO instruction the upper two bits of the address are provided by PCLATH<4:3>. When doing a CALL or GOTO instruction, the user must ensure that the page select bits are programmed so that the desired program memory page is addressed. If a return from a CALL instruction (or interrupt) is executed, the entire 13-bit PC is pushed onto the stack. Therefore, manipulation of the PCLATH<4:3> bits are not required for the return instructions (which POPs the address from the stack).

**Note:** PIC16C6X devices with 4K or less of program memory ignore paging bit PCLATH<4>. The use of PCLATH<4> as a general purpose read/write bit is not recommended since this may affect upward compatibility with future products.



Example 4-1 shows the calling of a subroutine in page 1 of the program memory. This example assumes that the PCLATH is saved and restored by the interrupt service routine (if interrupts are used).

EXAMPLE 4-1: CALL OF A SUBROUTINE IN PAGE 1 FROM PAGE 0

```
ORG 0x500
BSF    PCLATH,3    ;Select page 1 (800h-FFFh)
BCF    PCLATH,4    ;Only on >4K devices
CALL   SUB1_P1     ;Call subroutine in
:               ;page 1 (800h-FFFh)
:
:
ORG 0x900
SUB1_P1:           ;called subroutine
:               ;page 1 (800h-FFFh)
:
RETURN          ;return to Call subroutine
:               ;in page 0 (000h-7FFh)
```

4.5 Indirect Addressing, INDF and FSR Registers

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 |
| 66                 | 67 |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |

The INDF register is not a physical register. Addressing the INDF register will cause indirect addressing.

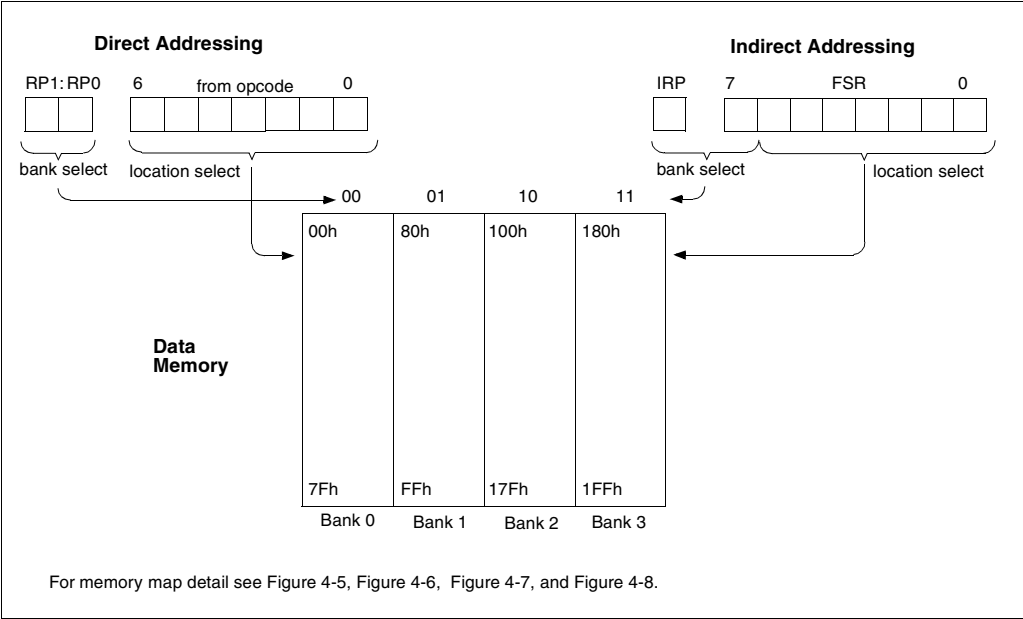
Indirect addressing is possible by using the INDF register. Any instruction using the INDF register actually accesses the register pointed to by the File Select Register, FSR. Reading the INDF register itself indirectly (FSR = '0') will produce 00h. Writing to the INDF register indirectly results in a no-operation (although status bits may be affected). An effective 9-bit address is obtained by concatenating the 8-bit FSR register and the IRP bit (STATUS<7>), as shown in Figure 4-25.

A simple program to clear RAM location 20h-2Fh using indirect addressing is shown in Example 4-2.

EXAMPLE 4-2: INDIRECT ADDRESSING

```
        movlw 0x20    ;initialize pointer
        movwf FSR     ; to RAM
NEXT    clrfs INDF     ;clear INDF register
        incf  FSR,F    ;inc pointer
        btfss FSR,4    ;all done?
        goto  NEXT     ;NO, clear next
CONTINUE
        :              ;YES, continue
```

FIGURE 4-25: DIRECT/INDIRECT ADDRESSING



For memory map detail see Figure 4-5, Figure 4-6, Figure 4-7, and Figure 4-8.

# PIC16C6X

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NOTES:

## 5.0 I/O PORTS

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

Some pins for these I/O ports are multiplexed with an alternate function(s) for the peripheral features on the device. In general, when a peripheral is enabled, that pin may not be used as a general purpose I/O pin.

### 5.1 PORTA and TRISA Register

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

All devices have a 6-bit wide PORTA, except for the PIC16C61 which has a 5-bit wide PORTA.

Pin RA4/T0CKI is a Schmitt Trigger input and an open drain output. All other RA port pins have TTL input levels and full CMOS output drivers. All pins have data direction bits (TRIS registers) which can configure these pins as output or input.

Setting a bit in the TRISA register puts the corresponding output driver in a hi-impedance mode. Clearing a bit in the TRISA register puts the contents of the output latch on the selected pin.

Reading PORTA register reads the status of the pins whereas writing to it will write to the port latch. All write operations are read-modify-write operations. Therefore, a write to a port implies that the port pins are read, this value is modified, and then written to the port data latch.

Pin RA4 is multiplexed with Timer0 module clock input to become the RA4/T0CKI pin.

#### EXAMPLE 5-1: INITIALIZING PORTA

```
BCF    STATUS, RP0 ;
BCF    STATUS, RP1 ; PIC16C66/67 only
CLRF   PORTA       ; Initialize PORTA by
                   ; clearing output
                   ; data latches
BSF    STATUS, RP0 ; Select Bank 1
MOVLW  0xCF        ; Value used to
                   ; initialize data
                   ; direction
MOVWF  TRISA        ; Set RA<3:0> as inputs
                   ; RA<5:4> as outputs
                   ; TRISA<7:6> are always
                   ; read as '0'.
```

**FIGURE 5-1: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF THE RA3:RA0 PINS AND THE RA5 PIN**

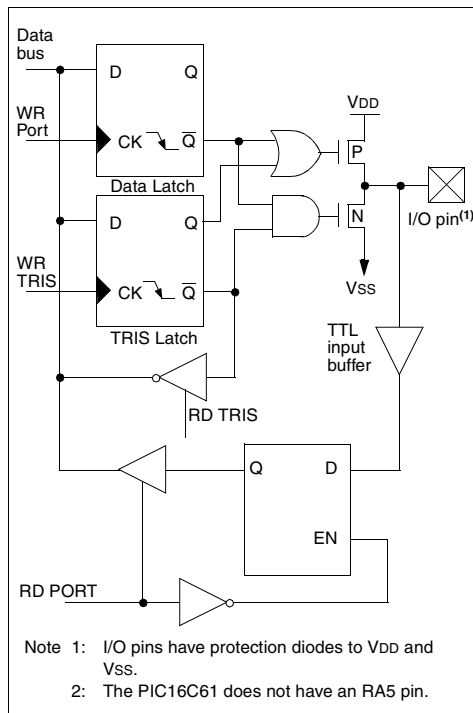
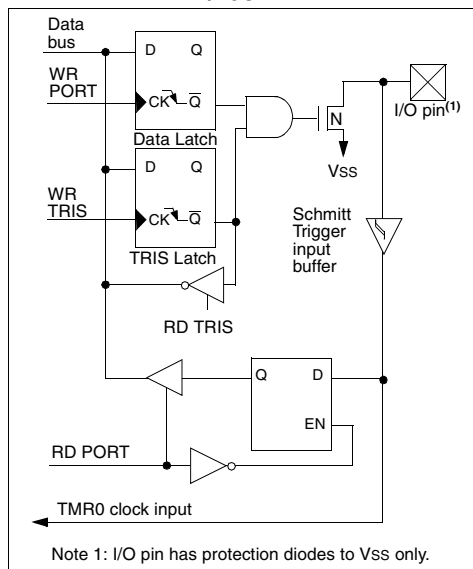


**FIGURE 5-2: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF THE RA4/T0CKI PIN**



# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 5-1: PORTA FUNCTIONS**

| Name                                | Bit# | Buffer Type | Function                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RA0                                 | bit0 | TTL         | Input/output                                                                   |
| RA1                                 | bit1 | TTL         | Input/output                                                                   |
| RA2                                 | bit2 | TTL         | Input/output                                                                   |
| RA3                                 | bit3 | TTL         | Input/output                                                                   |
| RA4/T0CKI                           | bit4 | ST          | Input/output or external clock input for Timer0.<br>Output is open drain type. |
| RA5/ $\overline{SS}$ <sup>(1)</sup> | bit5 | TTL         | Input/output or slave select input for synchronous serial port.                |

Legend: TTL = TTL input, ST = Schmitt Trigger input

Note 1: The PIC16C61 does not have PORTA<5> or TRISA<5>, read as '0'.

**TABLE 5-2: REGISTERS/BITS ASSOCIATED WITH PORTA**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5                                        | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on all<br>other resets |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 05h     | PORTA | —     | —     | RA5 <sup>(1)</sup>                           | RA4   | RA3   | RA2   | RA1   | RA0   | --xx xxxx                | --uu uuuu                    |
| 85h     | TRISA | —     | —     | PORTA Data Direction Register <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       | --11 1111                | --11 1111                    |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by PORTA.

Note 1: PORTA<5> and TRISA<5> are not implemented on the PIC16C61, read as '0'.

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

### EXAMPLE 5-2: INITIALIZING PORTB

Each of the PORTB pins has a weak internal pull-up. A single control bit can turn on all the pull-ups. This is performed by clearing bit RBPU (OPTION<7>). The weak pull-up is automatically turned off when the port pin is configured as an output. The pull-ups are also disabled on a Power-on Reset.

Four of PORTB's pins, RB7:RB4, have an interrupt on change feature. Only pins configured as inputs can cause this interrupt to occur (i.e., any RB7:RB4 pin configured as an output is excluded from the interrupt on change comparison). The input pins (of RB7:RB4) are compared with the old value latched on the last read of PORTB. The "mismatch" outputs of RB7:RB4 are OR'ed together to generate the RB port change interrupt with flag bit RBIF (INTCON<0>).

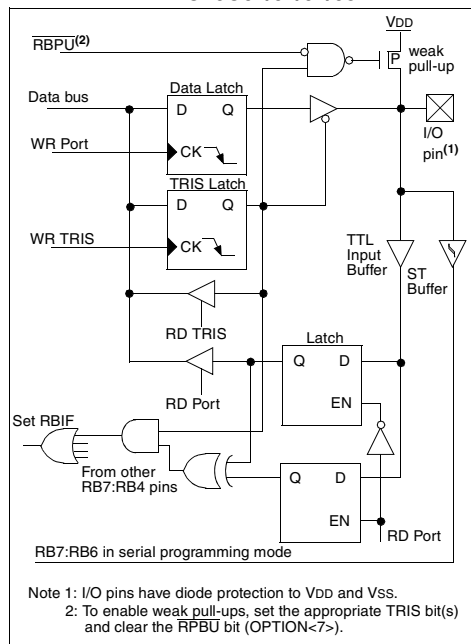
- Any read or write of PORTB. This will end the mismatch condition.
- Clear flag bit RBIF.

This interrupt on mismatch feature, together with software configurable pull-ups on these four pins allow easy interface to a keypad and make it possible for wake-up on key-depression. Refer to the Embedded Control Handbook, Application Note, *"Implementing Wake-up on Key Stroke" (AN552)*.

**Note:** For PIC16C61/62/64/65, if a change on the I/O pin should occur when a read operation is being executed (start of the Q2 cycle), then interrupt flag bit RBIF may not get set.

The interrupt on change feature is recommended for wake-up on key depression operation and operations where PORTB is only used for the interrupt on change feature. Polling of PORTB is not recommended while using the interrupt on change feature.

**FIGURE 5-3: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF THE RB7:RB4 PINS FOR PIC16C61/62/64/65**



# PIC16C6X

**FIGURE 5-4: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF THE RB7:RB4 PINS FOR PIC16C62A/63/R63/64A/65A/R65/66/67**

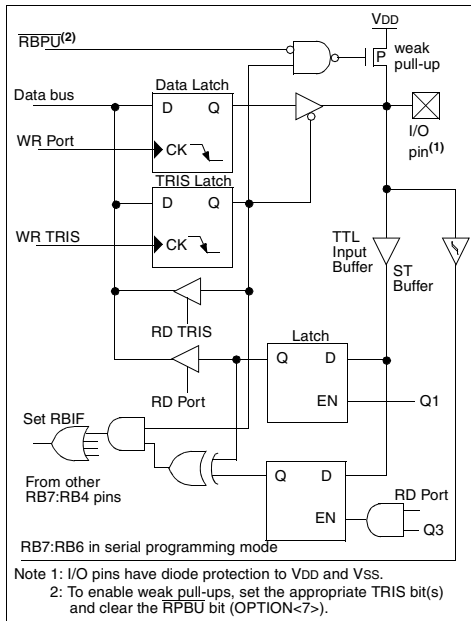


**FIGURE 5-5: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF THE RB3:RB0 PINS**

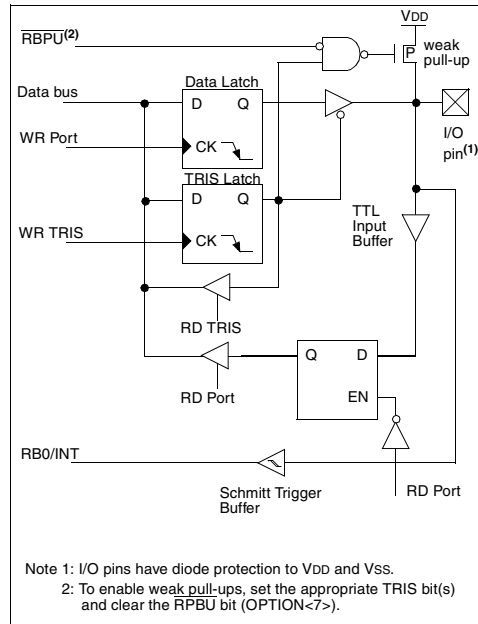


**TABLE 5-3: PORTB FUNCTIONS**

| Name    | Bit# | Buffer Type           | Function                                                                                                            |
|---------|------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RB0/INT | bit0 | TTL/ST <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output pin or external interrupt input. Internal software programmable weak pull-up.                          |
| RB1     | bit1 | TTL                   | Input/output pin. Internal software programmable weak pull-up.                                                      |
| RB2     | bit2 | TTL                   | Input/output pin. Internal software programmable weak pull-up.                                                      |
| RB3     | bit3 | TTL                   | Input/output pin. Internal software programmable weak pull-up.                                                      |
| RB4     | bit4 | TTL                   | Input/output pin (with interrupt on change). Internal software programmable weak pull-up.                           |
| RB5     | bit5 | TTL                   | Input/output pin (with interrupt on change). Internal software programmable weak pull-up.                           |
| RB6     | bit6 | TTL/ST <sup>(2)</sup> | Input/output pin (with interrupt on change). Internal software programmable weak pull-up. Serial programming clock. |
| RB7     | bit7 | TTL/ST <sup>(2)</sup> | Input/output pin (with interrupt on change). Internal software programmable weak pull-up. Serial programming data.  |

Legend: TTL = TTL input, ST = Schmitt Trigger input

Note 1: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when configured as the external interrupt.

2: This buffer is a Schmitt Trigger input when used in serial programming mode.

**TABLE 5-4: SUMMARY OF REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH PORTB**

| Address   | Name   | Bit 7                         | Bit 6  | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on: POR, BOR | Value on all other resets |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 06h, 106h | PORTB  | RB7                           | RB6    | RB5   | RB4   | RB3   | RB2   | RB1   | RB0   | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuuu                |
| 86h, 186h | TRISB  | PORTB Data Direction Register |        |       |       |       |       |       |       | 1111 1111          | 1111 1111                 |
| 81h, 181h | OPTION | RBPUR                         | INTEDG | T0CS  | T0SE  | PSA   | PS2   | PS1   | PS0   | 1111 1111          | 1111 1111                 |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged. Shaded cells are not used by PORTB.

## 5.3 PORTC and TRISC Register

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

PORTC is an 8-bit wide bi-directional port. Each pin is individually configurable as an input or output through the TRISC register. PORTC is multiplexed with several peripheral functions (Table 5-5). PORTC pins have Schmitt Trigger input buffers.

When enabling peripheral functions, care should be taken in defining TRIS bits for each PORTC pin. Some peripherals override the TRIS bit to make a pin an output, while other peripherals override the TRIS bit to make a pin an input. Since the TRIS bit override is in effect while the peripheral is enabled, read-modify-write instructions (BSF, BCF, XORWF) with TRISC as destination should be avoided. The user should refer to the corresponding peripheral section for the correct TRIS bit settings.

### EXAMPLE 5-3: INITIALIZING PORTC

```
BCF    STATUS, RP0 ;
BCF    STATUS, RP1 ; PIC16C66/67 only
CLRF   PORTC       ; Initialize PORTC by
                   ; clearing output
                   ; data latches
BSF    STATUS, RP0 ; Select Bank 1
MOVLW  0xCF        ; Value used to
                   ; initialize data
                   ; direction
MOVWF  TRISC        ; Set RC<3:0> as inputs
                   ; RC<5:4> as outputs
                   ; RC<7:6> as inputs
```

FIGURE 5-6: PORTC BLOCK DIAGRAM

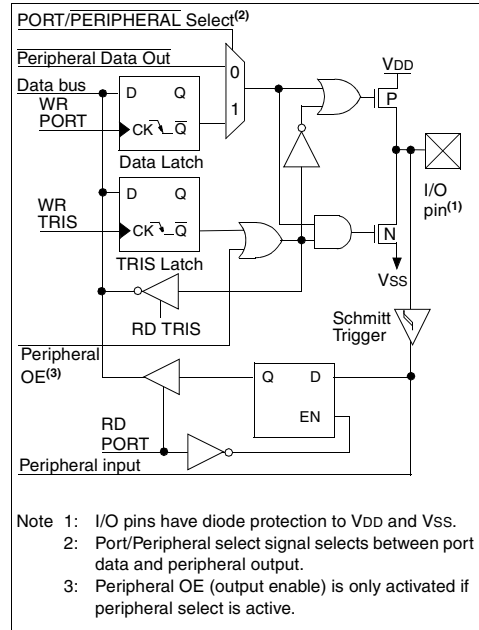


TABLE 5-5: PORTC FUNCTIONS FOR PIC16C62/64

| Name            | Bit# | Buffer Type | Function                                                                              |
|-----------------|------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC0/T1OSI/T1CKI | bit0 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Timer1 oscillator input or Timer1 clock input                |
| RC1/T1OSO       | bit1 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Timer1 oscillator output                                     |
| RC2/CCP1        | bit2 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Capture1 input/Compare1 output/PWM1 output                   |
| RC3/SCK/SCL     | bit3 | ST          | RC3 can also be the synchronous serial clock for both SPI and I <sup>2</sup> C modes. |
| RC4/SDI/SDA     | bit4 | ST          | RC4 can also be the SPI Data In (SPI mode) or data I/O (I <sup>2</sup> C mode).       |
| RC5/SDO         | bit5 | ST          | Input/output port pin or synchronous serial port data output                          |
| RC6             | bit6 | ST          | Input/output port pin                                                                 |
| RC7             | bit7 | ST          | Input/output port pin                                                                 |

Legend: ST = Schmitt Trigger input

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 5-6: PORTC FUNCTIONS FOR PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64**

| Name            | Bit# | Buffer Type | Function                                                                              |
|-----------------|------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC0/T1OSO/T1CKI | bit0 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Timer1 oscillator output or Timer1 clock input               |
| RC1/T1OSI       | bit1 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Timer1 oscillator input                                      |
| RC2/CCP1        | bit2 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Capture input/Compare output/PWM1 output                     |
| RC3/SCK/SCL     | bit3 | ST          | RC3 can also be the synchronous serial clock for both SPI and I <sup>2</sup> C modes. |
| RC4/SDI/SDA     | bit4 | ST          | RC4 can also be the SPI Data In (SPI mode) or data I/O (I <sup>2</sup> C mode).       |
| RC5/SDO         | bit5 | ST          | Input/output port pin or synchronous serial port data output                          |
| RC6             | bit6 | ST          | Input/output port pin                                                                 |
| RC7             | bit7 | ST          | Input/output port pin                                                                 |

Legend: ST = Schmitt Trigger input

**TABLE 5-7: PORTC FUNCTIONS FOR PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65/66/67**

| Name            | Bit# | Buffer Type | Function                                                                                       |
|-----------------|------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC0/T1OSO/T1CKI | bit0 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Timer1 oscillator output or Timer1 clock input                        |
| RC1/T1OSI/CCP2  | bit1 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Timer1 oscillator input or Capture2 input/Compare2 output/PWM2 output |
| RC2/CCP1        | bit2 | ST          | Input/output port pin or Capture1 input/Compare1 output/PWM1 output                            |
| RC3/SCK/SCL     | bit3 | ST          | RC3 can also be the synchronous serial clock for both SPI and I <sup>2</sup> C modes.          |
| RC4/SDI/SDA     | bit4 | ST          | RC4 can also be the SPI Data In (SPI mode) or data I/O (I <sup>2</sup> C mode).                |
| RC5/SDO         | bit5 | ST          | Input/output port pin or synchronous serial port data output                                   |
| RC6/TX/CK       | bit6 | ST          | Input/output port pin or USART Asynchronous Transmit, or USART Synchronous Clock               |
| RC7/RX/DT       | bit7 | ST          | Input/output port pin or USART Asynchronous Receive, or USART Synchronous Data                 |

Legend: ST = Schmitt Trigger input

**TABLE 5-8: SUMMARY OF REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH PORTC**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7                         | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on all<br>other resets |
|---------|-------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 07h     | PORTC | RC7                           | RC6   | RC5   | RC4   | RC3   | RC2   | RC1   | RC0   | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                    |
| 87h     | TRISC | PORTC Data Direction Register |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                    |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged.



5.4 PORTD and TRISD Register

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

PORTD is an 8-bit port with Schmitt Trigger input buffers. Each pin is individually configurable as input or output.

PORTD can be configured as an 8-bit wide microprocessor port (parallel slave port) by setting control bit PSMODE (TRISE<4>). In this mode, the input buffers are TTL.

FIGURE 5-7: PORTD BLOCK DIAGRAM (IN I/O PORT MODE)

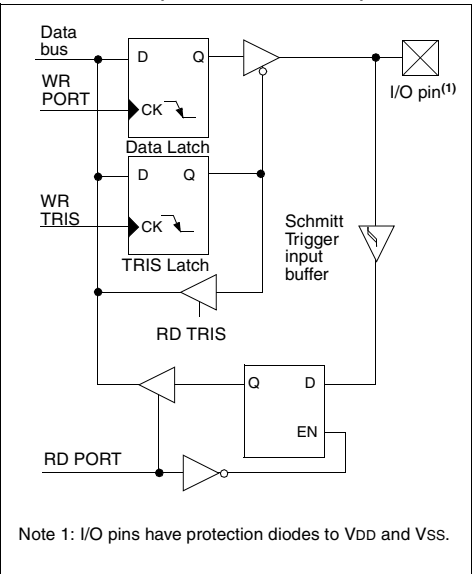


TABLE 5-9: PORTD FUNCTIONS

| Name     | Bit# | Buffer Type           | Function                                          |
|----------|------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| RD0/PSP0 | bit0 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or parallel slave port bit0 |
| RD1/PSP1 | bit1 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or parallel slave port bit1 |
| RD2/PSP2 | bit2 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or parallel slave port bit2 |
| RD3/PSP3 | bit3 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or parallel slave port bit3 |
| RD4/PSP4 | bit4 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or parallel slave port bit4 |
| RD5/PSP5 | bit5 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or parallel slave port bit5 |
| RD6/PSP6 | bit6 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or parallel slave port bit6 |
| RD7/PSP7 | bit7 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or parallel slave port bit7 |

Legend: ST = Schmitt Trigger input, TTL = TTL input

Note 1: Buffer is a Schmitt Trigger when in I/O mode, and a TTL buffer when in Parallel Slave Port mode.

TABLE 5-10: SUMMARY OF REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH PORTD

| Address | Name  | Bit 7                         | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4   | Bit 3 | Bit 2                     | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on: POR, BOR | Value on all other resets |
|---------|-------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 08h     | PORTD | RD7                           | RD6   | RD5   | RD4     | RD3   | RD2                       | RD1   | RD0   | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 88h     | TRISD | PORTD Data Direction Register |       |       |         |       |                           |       |       | 1111 1111          | 1111 1111                 |
| 89h     | TRISE | IBF                           | OBF   | IBOV  | PSPMODE | —     | PORTE Data Direction Bits |       |       | 0000 -111          | 0000 -111                 |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by PORTD.

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## 5.5 PORTE and TRISE Register

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

PORTE has three pins, RE2/ $\overline{CS}$ , RE1/ $\overline{WR}$ , and RE0/ $\overline{RD}$  which are individually configurable as inputs or outputs. These pins have Schmitt Trigger input buffers.

I/O PORTE becomes control inputs for the microprocessor port when bit PSPMODE (TRISE<4>) is set. In this mode, the user must make sure that the TRISE<2:0> bits are set (pins are configured as digital inputs). In this mode the input buffers are TTL.

Figure 5-9 shows the TRISE register, which controls the parallel slave port operation and also controls the direction of the PORTE pins.

**FIGURE 5-8: PORTE BLOCK DIAGRAM (IN I/O PORT MODE)**

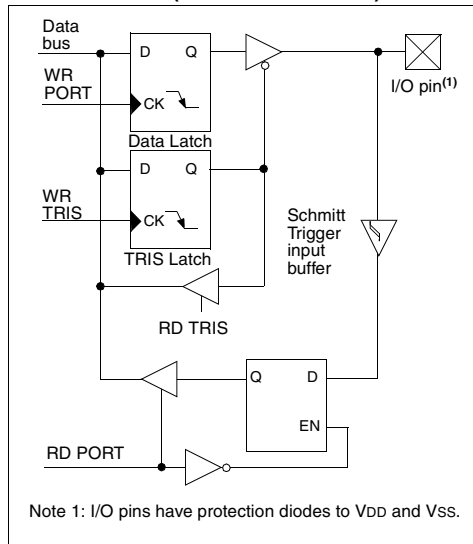


**FIGURE 5-9: TRISE REGISTER (ADDRESS 89h)**

| R-0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | R-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0   | U-0 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 | R/W-1 |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|---------|-----|-------|-------|-------|--|
| IBF                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | OBF | IBOV  | PSPMODE | —   | bit2  | bit1  | bit0  |  |
| bit7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |     |       |         |     |       |       | bit0  |  |
| <p>bit 7 : <b>IBF</b>: Input Buffer Full Status bit<br/>1 = A word has been received and is waiting to be read by the CPU<br/>0 = No word has been received</p> <p>bit 6: <b>OBF</b>: Output Buffer Full Status bit<br/>1 = The output buffer still holds a previously written word<br/>0 = The output buffer has been read</p> <p>bit 5: <b>IBOV</b>: Input Buffer Overflow Detect bit (in microprocessor mode)<br/>1 = A write occurred when a previously input word has not been read (must be cleared in software)<br/>0 = No overflow occurred</p> <p>bit 4: <b>PSPMODE</b>: Parallel Slave Port Mode Select bit<br/>1 = Parallel slave port mode<br/>0 = General purpose I/O mode</p> <p>bit 3: <b>Unimplemented</b>: Read as '0'</p> <p><b>PORTE Data Direction Bits</b></p> <p>bit 2: <b>Bit2</b>: Direction Control bit for pin RE2/<math>\overline{CS}</math><br/>1 = Input<br/>0 = Output</p> <p>bit 1: <b>Bit1</b>: Direction Control bit for pin RE1/<math>\overline{WR}</math><br/>1 = Input<br/>0 = Output</p> <p>bit 0: <b>Bit0</b>: Direction Control bit for pin RE0/<math>\overline{RD}</math><br/>1 = Input<br/>0 = Output</p> |     |       |         |     |       |       |       |  |
| <p>R = Readable bit<br/>W = Writable bit<br/>U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'<br/>- n = Value at POR reset</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |     |       |         |     |       |       |       |  |

**TABLE 5-11: PORTE FUNCTIONS**

| Name                 | Bit# | Buffer Type           | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RE0/ $\overline{RD}$ | bit0 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or Read control input in parallel slave port mode.<br>$\overline{RD}$<br>1 = Not a read operation<br>0 = Read operation. The system reads the PORTD register (if chip selected)        |
| RE1/ $\overline{WR}$ | bit1 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or Write control input in parallel slave port mode.<br>$\overline{WR}$<br>1 = Not a write operation<br>0 = Write operation. The system writes to the PORTD register (if chip selected) |
| RE2/ $\overline{CS}$ | bit2 | ST/TTL <sup>(1)</sup> | Input/output port pin or Chip select control input in parallel slave port mode.<br>$\overline{CS}$<br>1 = Device is not selected<br>0 = Device is selected                                                   |

Legend: ST = Schmitt Trigger input, TTL = TTL input

Note 1: Buffer is a Schmitt Trigger when in I/O mode, and a TTL buffer when in Parallel Slave Port (PSP) mode.

**TABLE 5-12: SUMMARY OF REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH PORTE**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4   | Bit 3 | Bit 2                     | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on all<br>other resets |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|---------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 09h     | PORTE | —     | —     | —     | —       | —     | RE2                       | RE1   | RE0   | ---- -xxx                | ---- -uuu                    |
| 89h     | TRISE | IBF   | OBF   | IBOV  | PSPMODE | —     | PORTE Data Direction Bits |       |       | 0000 -111                | 0000 -111                    |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells not used by PORTE.

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## 5.6 I/O Programming Considerations

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

### 5.6.1 BI-DIRECTIONAL I/O PORTS

Any instruction which writes, operates internally as a read followed by a write operation. The BCF and BSF instructions, for example, read the register into the CPU, execute the bit operation and write the result back to the register. Caution must be used when these instructions are applied to a port with both inputs and outputs defined. For example, a BSF operation on bit5 of PORTB will cause all eight bits of PORTB to be read into the CPU. Then the BSF operation takes place on bit5 and PORTB is written to the output latches. If another bit of PORTB is used as a bi-directional I/O pin (e.g., bit0) and it is defined as an input at this time, the input signal present on the pin itself would be read into the CPU and rewritten to the data latch of this particular pin, overwriting the previous content. As long as the pin stays in the input mode, no problem occurs. However, if bit0 is switched into output mode later on, the content of the data latch may now be unknown.

Reading the port register, reads the values of the port pins. Writing to the port register writes the value to the port latch. When using read-modify-write instructions (ex. BCF, BSF, etc.) on a port, the value of the port pins is read, the desired operation is done to this value, and this value is then written to the port latch.

Example 5-4 shows the effect of two sequential read-modify-write instructions on an I/O port.

### EXAMPLE 5-4: READ-MODIFY-WRITE INSTRUCTIONS ON AN I/O PORT

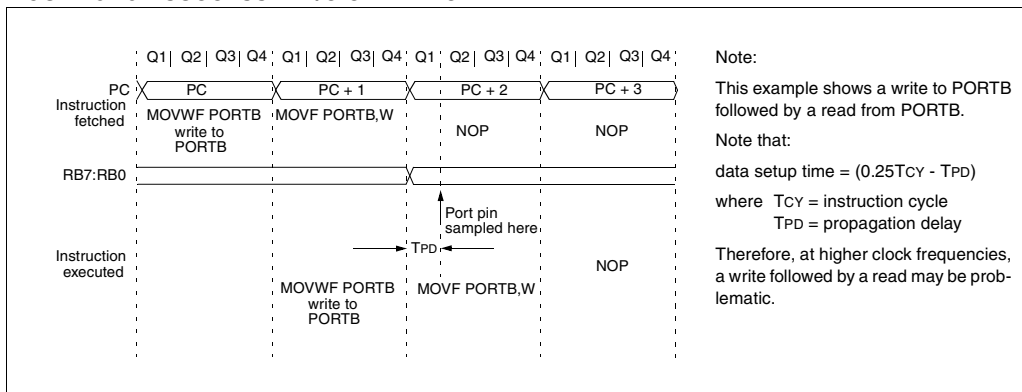
```
;Initial PORT settings: PORTB<7:4> Inputs
;                        PORTB<3:0> Outputs
;PORTB<7:6> have external pull-ups and are
;not connected to other circuitry
;
;                        PORT latch  PORT pins
;                        -----
;
BCF PORTB, 7      ; 01pp pppp   11pp pppp
BCF PORTB, 6      ; 10pp pppp   11pp pppp
BSF STATUS, RPO   ;
BCF TRISB, 7      ; 10pp pppp   11pp pppp
BCF TRISB, 6      ; 10pp pppp   10pp pppp
;
;Note that the user may have expected the
;pin values to be 00pp pppp. The 2nd BCF
;caused RB7 to be latched as the pin value
;(high).
```

A pin actively outputting a Low or High should not be driven from external devices at the same time in order to change the level on this pin ("wired-or", "wired-and"). The resulting high output currents may damage the chip.

### 5.6.2 SUCCESSIVE OPERATIONS ON I/O PORTS

The actual write to an I/O port happens at the end of an instruction cycle, whereas for reading, the data must be valid at the beginning of the instruction cycle (Figure 5-10). Therefore, care must be exercised if a write followed by a read operation is carried out on the same I/O port. The sequence of instructions should be such to allow the pin voltage to stabilize (load dependent) before the next instruction which causes that file to be read into the CPU is executed. Otherwise, the previous state of that pin may be read into the CPU rather than the new state. When in doubt, it is better to separate these instructions with a NOP or another instruction not accessing this I/O port.

FIGURE 5-10: SUCCESSIVE I/O OPERATION



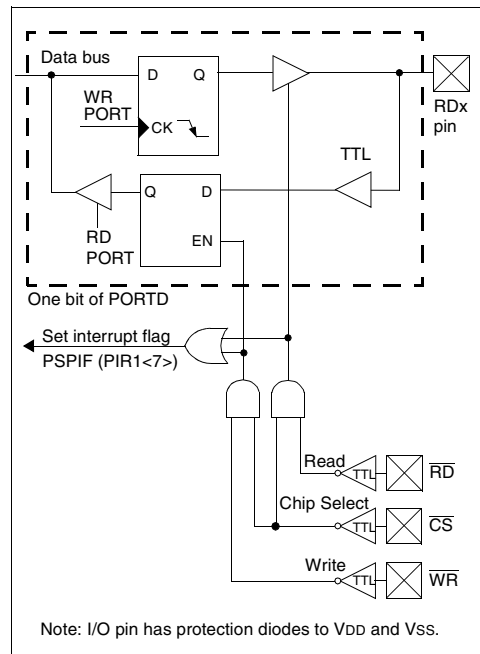
| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

It can directly interface to an 8-bit microprocessor data bus. The external microprocessor can read or write the PORTD latch as an 8-bit latch. Setting PSPMODE enables port pin RE0/ $\overline{RD}$  to be the  $\overline{RD}$  input, RE1/ $\overline{WR}$  to be the  $\overline{WR}$  input and RE2/ $\overline{CS}$  to be the  $\overline{CS}$  (chip select) input. For this functionality, the corresponding data direction bits of the TRISE register (TRISE<2:0>) must be configured as inputs (set).

A write to the PSP occurs when both the  $\overline{CS}$  and  $\overline{WR}$  lines are first detected low. When either the  $\overline{CS}$  or  $\overline{WR}$  lines become high (level triggered), then the Input Buffer Full status flag bit IBF (TRISE<7>) is set on the Q4 clock cycle, following the next Q2 cycle, to signal the write is complete (Figure 5-12). The interrupt flag bit PSPIF (PIR1<7>) is also set on the same Q4 clock cycle. IBF can only be cleared by reading the PORTD input latch. The input Buffer Overflow status flag bit IBOV (TRISE<5>) is set if a second write to the Parallel Slave Port is attempted when the previous byte has not been read out of the buffer.

When not in Parallel Slave Port mode, the IBF and OBF bits are held clear. However, if flag bit IBOV was previously set, it must be cleared in firmware.

**FIGURE 5-11: PORTD AND PORTE AS A PARALLEL SLAVE PORT**



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**FIGURE 5-12: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT WRITE WAVEFORMS**

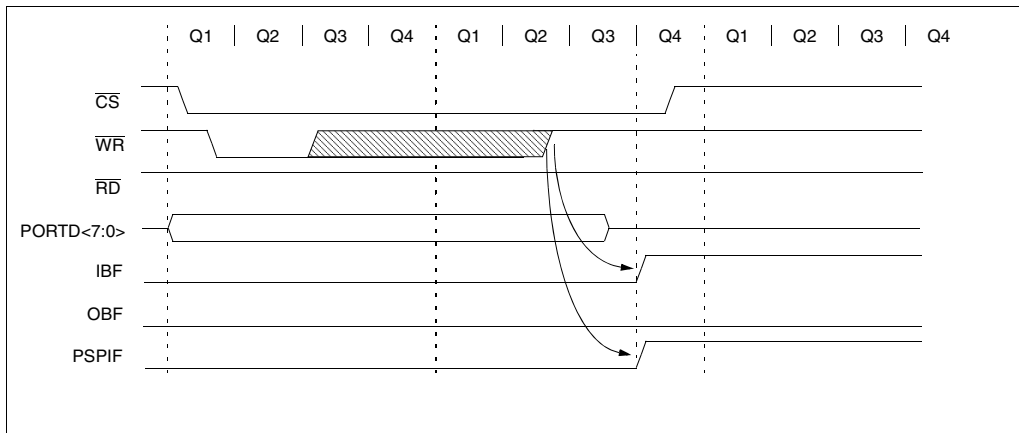


**FIGURE 5-13: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT READ WAVEFORMS**

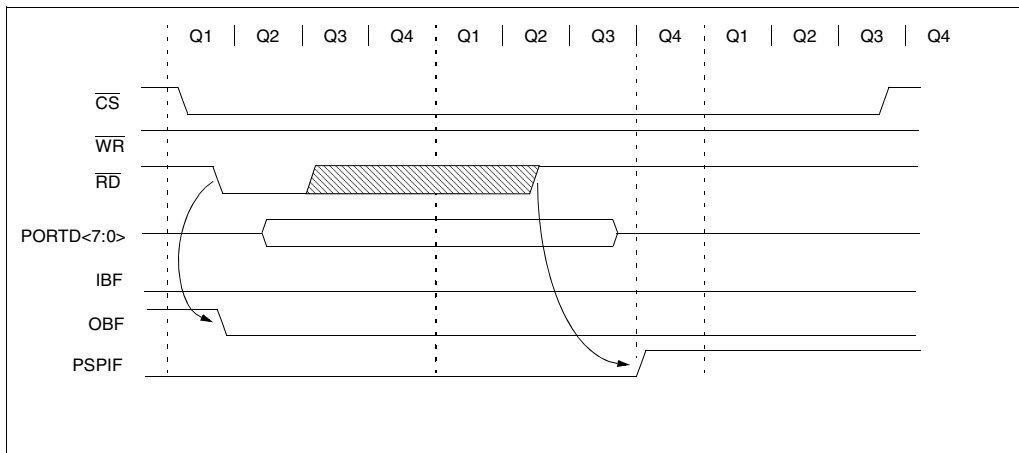


**TABLE 5-13: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH PARALLEL SLAVE PORT**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5   | Bit 4   | Bit 3 | Bit 2                     | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on all<br>other resets |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 08h     | PORTD | PSP7  | PSP6  | PSP5    | PSP4    | PSP3  | PSP2                      | PSP1   | PSP0   | xxxx xxxx                | uuuu uuuu                    |
| 09h     | PORTE | —     | —     | —       | —       | —     | RE2                       | RE1    | RE0    | ---- -xxx                | ---- -uuu                    |
| 89h     | TRISE | IBF   | OBF   | IBOV    | PSPMODE | —     | PORTE Data Direction Bits |        |        | 0000 -111                | 0000 -111                    |
| 0Ch     | PIR1  | PSPIF | (1)   | RCIF(2) | TXIF(2) | SSPIF | CCP1IF                    | TMR2IF | TRM1IF | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                    |
| 8Ch     | PIE1  | PSPIE | (1)   | RCIE(2) | TXIE(2) | SSPIE | CCP1IE                    | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                    |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by the PSP.

Note 1: These bits are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

2: These bits are implemented on the PIC16C65/65A/R65/67 only.

## 6.0 OVERVIEW OF TIMER MODULES

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

All PIC16C6X devices have three timer modules except for the PIC16C61, which has one timer module. Each module can generate an interrupt to indicate that an event has occurred (i.e., timer overflow). Each of these modules are detailed in the following sections. The timer modules are:

- Timer0 module (Section 7.0)
- Timer1 module (Section 8.0)
- Timer2 module (Section 9.0)

### 6.1 Timer0 Overview

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

The Timer0 module is a simple 8-bit overflow counter. The clock source can be either the internal system clock ( $F_{osc}/4$ ) or an external clock. When the clock source is an external clock, the Timer0 module can be selected to increment on either the rising or falling edge.

The Timer0 module also has a programmable prescaler option. This prescaler can be assigned to either the Timer0 module or the Watchdog Timer. Bit PSA (OPTION<3>) assigns the prescaler, and bits PS2:PS0 (OPTION<2:0>) determine the prescaler value. TMR0 can increment at the following rates: 1:1 when the prescaler is assigned to Watchdog Timer, 1:2, 1:4, 1:8, 1:16, 1:32, 1:64, 1:128, and 1:256.

Synchronization of the external clock occurs after the prescaler. When the prescaler is used, the external clock frequency may be higher than the device's frequency. The maximum frequency is 50 MHz, given the high and low time requirements of the clock.

### 6.2 Timer1 Overview

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

Timer1 is a 16-bit timer/counter. The clock source can be either the internal system clock ( $F_{osc}/4$ ), an external clock, or an external crystal. Timer1 can operate as either a timer or a counter. When operating as a counter (external clock source), the counter can either operate synchronized to the device or asynchronously to the device. Asynchronous operation allows Timer1 to operate during sleep, which is useful for applications that require a real-time clock as well as the power savings of SLEEP mode.

Timer1 also has a prescaler option which allows TMR1 to increment at the following rates: 1:1, 1:2, 1:4, and 1:8. TMR1 can be used in conjunction with the Capture/Compare/PWM module. When used with a CCP module, Timer1 is the time-base for 16-bit capture or 16-bit compare and must be synchronized to the device.

### 6.3 Timer2 Overview

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

Timer2 is an 8-bit timer with a programmable prescaler and a programmable postscaler, as well as an 8-bit Period Register (PR2). Timer2 can be used with the CCP module (in PWM mode) as well as the Baud Rate Generator for the Synchronous Serial Port (SSP). The prescaler option allows Timer2 to increment at the following rates: 1:1, 1:4, and 1:16.

The postscaler allows TMR2 register to match the period register (PR2) a programmable number of times before generating an interrupt. The postscaler can be programmed from 1:1 to 1:16 (inclusive).

### 6.4 CCP Overview

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

The CCP module(s) can operate in one of three modes: 16-bit capture, 16-bit compare, or up to 10-bit Pulse Width Modulation (PWM).

Capture mode captures the 16-bit value of TMR1 into the CCPRxH:CCPRxL register pair. The capture event can be programmed for either the falling edge, rising edge, fourth rising edge, or sixteenth rising edge of the CCPx pin.

Compare mode compares the TMR1H:TMR1L register pair to the CCPRxH:CCPRxL register pair. When a match occurs, an interrupt can be generated and the output pin CCPx can be forced to a given state (High or Low) and Timer1 can be reset. This depends on control bits CCPxM3:CCPxM0.

PWM mode compares the TMR2 register to a 10-bit duty cycle register (CCPRxH:CCPRxL<5:4>) as well as to an 8-bit period register (PR2). When the TMR2 register = Duty Cycle register, the CCPx pin will be forced low. When TMR2 = PR2, TMR2 is cleared to 00h, an interrupt can be generated, and the CCPx pin (if an output) will be forced high.

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NOTES:



## 7.0 TIMER0 MODULE

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

The Timer0 module has the following features:

- 8-bit timer/counter register, TMR0
  - Read and write capability
  - Interrupt on overflow from FFh to 00h
- 8-bit software programmable prescaler
- Internal or external clock select
  - Edge select for external clock

Figure 7-1 is a simplified block diagram of the Timer0 module.

Timer mode is selected by clearing bit T0CS (OPTION<5>). In timer mode, the Timer0 module will increment every instruction cycle (without prescaler). If TMR0 register is written, the increment is inhibited for the following two instruction cycles (Figure 7-2 and Figure 7-3). The user can work around this by writing an adjusted value to the TMR0 register.

Counter mode is selected by setting bit T0CS. In this mode, Timer0 will increment either on every rising or falling edge of pin RA4/T0CKI. The incrementing edge is determined by the source edge select bit T0SE

(OPTION<4>). Clearing bit T0SE selects the rising edge. Restrictions on the external clock input are discussed in detail in Section 7.2.

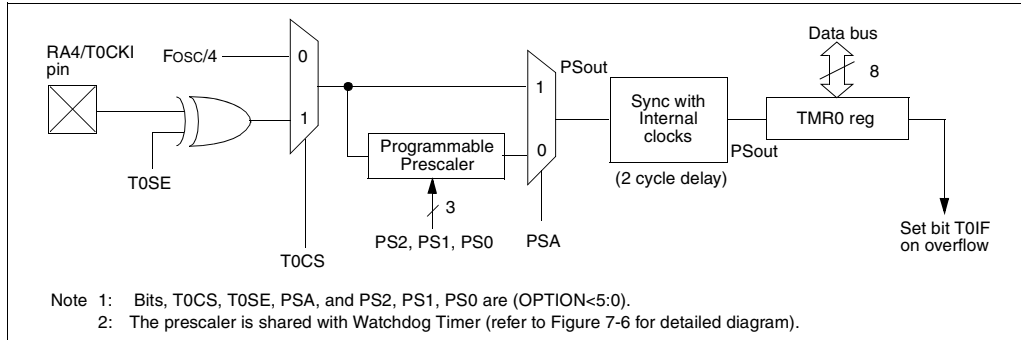
The prescaler is mutually exclusively shared between the Timer0 module and the Watchdog Timer. The prescaler assignment is controlled in software by control bit PSA (OPTION<3>). Clearing bit PSA will assign the prescaler to the Timer0 module. The prescaler is not readable or writable. When the prescaler is assigned to the Timer0 module, prescale values of 1:2, 1:4, ..., 1:256 are selectable. Section 7.3 details the operation of the prescaler.

### 7.1 TMR0 Interrupt

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

The TMR0 interrupt is generated when the register (TMR0) overflows from FFh to 00h. This overflow sets interrupt flag bit T0IF (INTCON<2>). The interrupt can be masked by clearing enable bit T0IE (INTCON<5>). Flag bit T0IF must be cleared in software by the Timer0 interrupt service routine before re-enabling this interrupt. The TMR0 interrupt cannot wake the processor from SLEEP since the timer is shut off during SLEEP. Figure 7-4 displays the Timer0 interrupt timing.

**FIGURE 7-1: TIMER0 BLOCK DIAGRAM**



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FIGURE 7-3: TIMER0 TIMING: INTERNAL CLOCK/PRESCALE 1:2

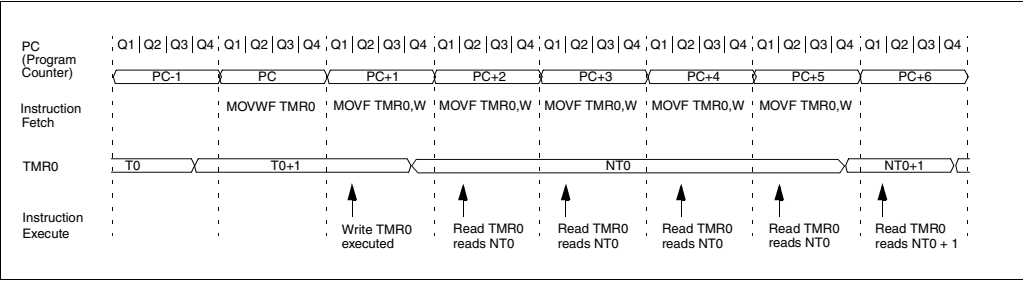
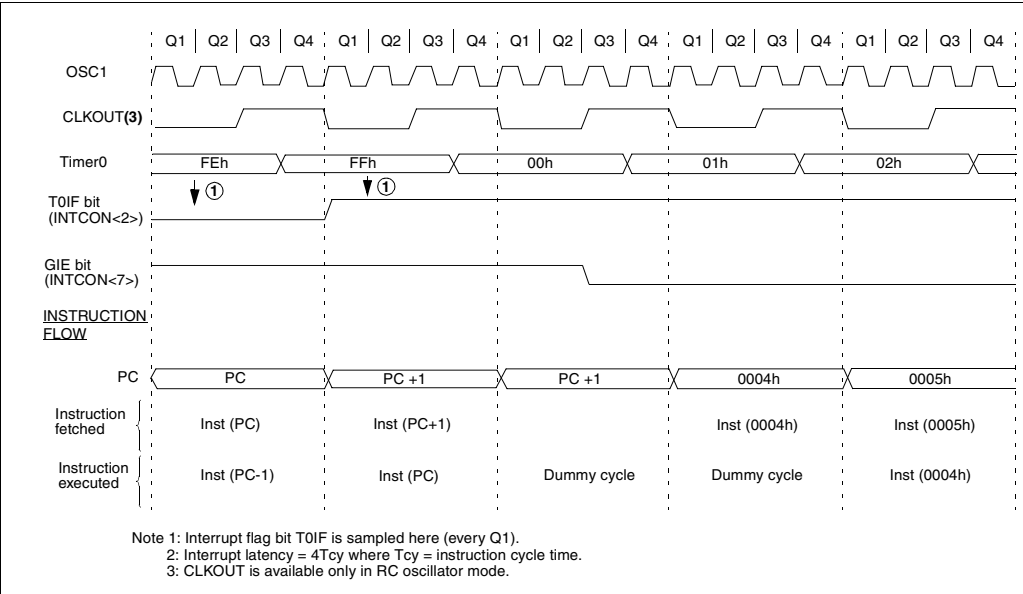


FIGURE 7-4: TMR0 INTERRUPT TIMING



## 7.2 Using Timer0 with External Clock

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

When an external clock input is used for Timer0, it must meet certain requirements. The requirements ensure the external clock can be synchronized with the internal phase clock (Tosc). Also, there is a delay in the actual incrementing of Timer0 after synchronization.

### 7.2.1 EXTERNAL CLOCK SYNCHRONIZATION

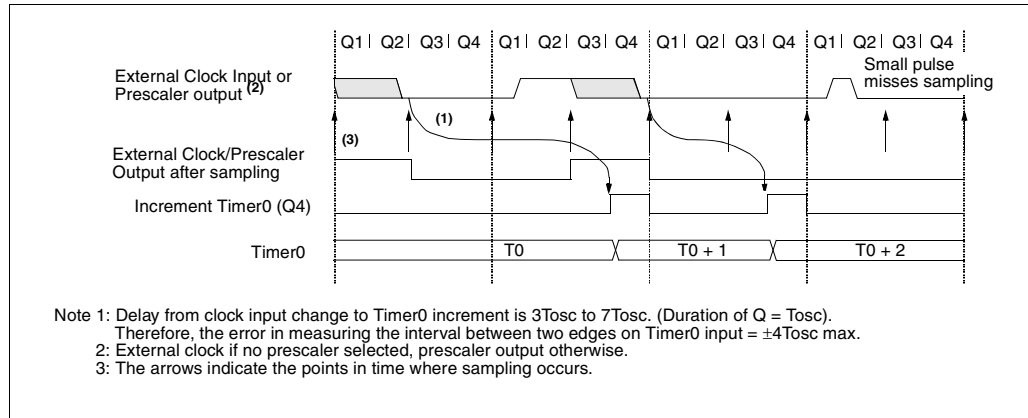
When no prescaler is used, the external clock input is the same as the prescaler output. The synchronization of T0CKI with the internal phase clocks is accomplished by sampling the prescaler output on the Q2 and Q4 cycles of the internal phase clocks (Figure 7-5). Therefore, it is necessary for T0CKI to be high for at least 2Tosc (and a small RC delay of 20 ns) and low for at least 2Tosc (and a small RC delay of 20 ns). Refer to the electrical specification of the desired device.

When a prescaler is used, the external clock input is divided by the asynchronous ripple-counter type prescaler so that the prescaler output is symmetrical. For the external clock to meet the sampling requirement, the ripple-counter must be taken into account. Therefore, it is necessary for T0CKI to have a period of at least 4Tosc (and a small RC delay of 40 ns) divided by the prescaler value. The only requirement on T0CKI high and low time is that they do not violate the minimum pulse width requirement of 10 ns. Refer to parameters 40, 41 and 42 in the electrical specification of the desired device.

### 7.2.2 TIMER0 INCREMENT DELAY

Since the prescaler output is synchronized with the internal clocks, there is a small delay from the time the external clock edge occurs to the time the Timer0 module is actually incremented. Figure 7-5 shows the delay from the external clock edge to the timer incrementing.

**FIGURE 7-5: TIMER0 TIMING WITH EXTERNAL CLOCK**



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## 7.3 Prescaler

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

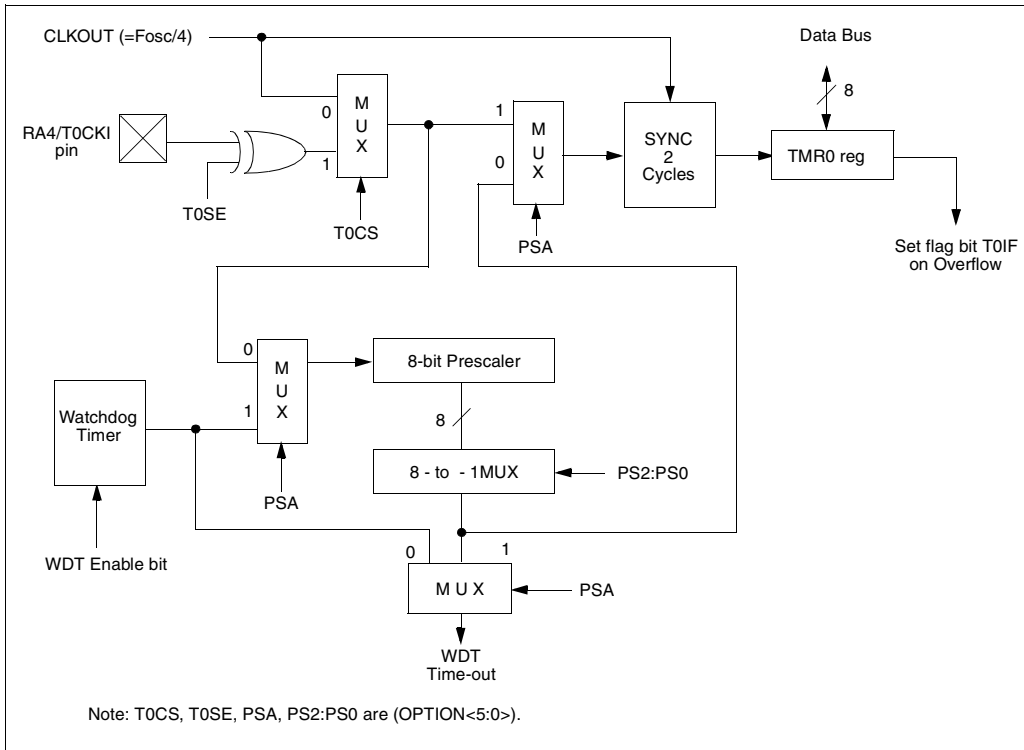
An 8-bit counter is available as a prescaler for the Timer0 module or as a postscaler for the Watchdog Timer (WDT), respectively (Figure 7-6). For simplicity, this counter is being referred to as “prescaler” throughout this data sheet. Note that the prescaler may be used by either the Timer0 module or the Watchdog Timer, but not both. Thus, a prescaler assignment for the Timer0 module means that there is no prescaler for the Watchdog Timer, and vice-versa.

The PSA and PS2:PS0 bits (OPTION<3:0>) determine the prescaler assignment and prescale ratio.

When assigned to the Timer0 module, all instructions writing to the TMR0 register (e.g. CLRF TMR0, MOVWF TMR0, BSF TMR0, bitx) will clear the prescaler count. When assigned to the Watchdog Timer, a CLRWD instruction will clear the Watchdog Timer and the prescaler count. The prescaler is not readable or writable.

**Note:** Writing to TMR0 when the prescaler is assigned to Timer0 will clear the prescaler count, but will not change the prescaler assignment.

**FIGURE 7-6: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF THE TIMER0/WDT PRESCALER**



## 7.3.1 SWITCHING PRESCALER ASSIGNMENT

The prescaler assignment is fully under software control, i.e., it can be changed “on the fly” during program execution.

**Note:** To avoid an unintended device RESET, the following instruction sequence (shown in Example 7-1) must be executed when changing the prescaler assignment from Timer0 to the WDT. This precaution must be followed even if the WDT is disabled.

### EXAMPLE 7-1: CHANGING PRESCALER (TIMER0→WDT)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Lines 2 and 3 do NOT have to be included if the final desired prescale value is other than 1:1. If 1:1 is final desired value, then a temporary prescale value is set in lines 2 and 3 and the final prescale value will be set in lines 10 and 11.</p> | <pre> 1) BSF     STATUS, RP0    ;Bank 1 2) MOVLW   b'xx0x0xxx'    ;Select clock source and prescale value of 3) MOVWF   OPTION_REG     ;other than 1:1 4) BCF     STATUS, RP0    ;Bank 0 5) CLRF    TMR0           ;Clear TMR0 and prescaler 6) BSF     STATUS, RP1    ;Bank 1 7) MOVLW   b'xxxx1xxx'    ;Select WDT, do not change prescale value 8) MOVWF   OPTION_REG     ; 9) CLRWDW          ;Clears WDT and prescaler 10) MOVLW  b'xxxx1xxx'    ;Select new prescale value and WDT 11) MOVWF  OPTION_REG     ; 12) BCF    STATUS, RP0    ;Bank 0 </pre> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

To change prescaler from the WDT to the Timer0 module, use the sequence shown in Example 7-2.

### EXAMPLE 7-2: CHANGING PRESCALER (WDT→TIMER0)

```

CLRWDW          ;Clear WDT and prescaler
BSF     STATUS, RP0 ;Bank 1
MOVLW   b'xxxx0xxx' ;Select TMR0, new prescale value and clock source
MOVWF   OPTION_REG ;
BCF     STATUS, RP0 ;Bank 0

```

**TABLE 7-1: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH TIMER0**

| Address            | Name   | Bit 7                    | Bit 6               | Bit 5                                        | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on: POR, BOR | Value on all other resets |
|--------------------|--------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 01h, 101h          | TMR0   | Timer0 module's register |                     |                                              |       |       |       |       |       | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 0Bh,8Bh, 10Bh,18Bh | INTCON | GIE                      | PEIE <sup>(1)</sup> | TOIE                                         | INTE  | RBIE  | TOIF  | INTF  | RBIF  | 0000 000x          | 0000 000u                 |
| 81h, 181h          | OPTION | RBPU                     | INTEDG              | T0CS                                         | T0SE  | PSA   | PS2   | PS1   | PS0   | 1111 1111          | 1111 1111                 |
| 85h                | TRISA  | —                        | —                   | PORTA Data Direction Register <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       | --11 1111          | --11 1111                 |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by Timer0.

Note 1: TRISA<5> and bit PEIE are not implemented on the PIC16C61, read as '0'.

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NOTES:

## 8.0 TIMER1 MODULE

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

Timer1 is a 16-bit timer/counter consisting of two 8-bit registers (TMR1H and TMR1L) which are readable and writable. Register TMR1 (TMR1H:TMR1L) increments from 0000h to FFFFh and rolls over to 0000h. The TMR1 Interrupt, if enabled, is generated on overflow which is latched in interrupt flag bit TMR1IF (PIR1<0>). This interrupt can be enabled/disabled by setting/clearing the TMR1 interrupt enable bit TMR1IE (PIE1<0>).

Timer1 can operate in one of two modes:

- As a timer
- As a counter

The operating mode is determined by clock select bit, TMR1CS (T1CON<1>) (Figure 8-2).

In timer mode, Timer1 increments every instruction cycle. In counter mode, it increments on every rising edge of the external clock input.

Timer1 can be enabled/disabled by setting/clearing control bit TMR1ON (T1CON<0>).

Timer1 also has an internal "reset input". This reset can be generated by CCP1 or CCP2 (Capture/Compare/PWM) module. See Section 10.0 for details. Figure 8-1 shows the Timer1 control register.

For the PIC16C62A/R62/63/R63/64A/R64/65A/R65/R66/67, when the Timer1 oscillator is enabled (T1OSCEN is set), the RC1 and RC0 pins become inputs. That is, the TRISC<1:0> value is ignored.

For the PIC16C62/64/65, when the Timer1 oscillator is enabled (T1OSCEN is set), RC1 pin becomes an input, however the RC0 pin will have to be configured as an input by setting the TRISC<0> bit.

The Timer1 module also has a software programmable prescaler.

**FIGURE 8-1: T1CON: TIMER1 CONTROL REGISTER (ADDRESS 10h)**

| U-0  | U-0 | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|------|-----|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| —    | —   | T1CKPS1 | T1CKPS0 | T1OSCEN | T1SYNC | TMR1CS | TMR1ON |
| bit7 |     |         |         |         |        |        | bit0   |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7-6: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-4: **T1CKPS1:T1CKPS0:** Timer1 Input Clock Prescale Select bits  
11 = 1:8 Prescale value  
10 = 1:4 Prescale value  
01 = 1:2 Prescale value  
00 = 1:1 Prescale value

bit 3: **T1OSCEN:** Timer1 Oscillator Enable Control bit  
1 = Oscillator is enabled  
0 = Oscillator is shut off  
Note: The oscillator inverter and feedback resistor are turned off to eliminate power drain.

bit 2: **T1SYNC:** Timer1 External Clock Input Synchronization Control bit  
TMR1CS = 1  
1 = Do not synchronize external clock input  
0 = Synchronize external clock input  
TMR1CS = 0  
This bit is ignored. Timer1 uses the internal clock when TMR1CS = 0.

bit 1: **TMR1CS:** Timer1 Clock Source Select bit  
1 = External clock from T1OSI (on the rising edge) (See pinouts for pin with T1OSI function)  
0 = Internal clock (Fosc/4)

bit 0: **TMR1ON:** Timer1 On bit  
1 = Enables Timer1  
0 = Stops Timer1

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## 8.1 Timer1 Operation in Timer Mode

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

Timer mode is selected by clearing bit TMR1CS (T1CON<1>). In this mode, the input clock to the timer is  $F_{osc}/4$ . The synchronize control bit T1SYNC (T1CON<2>) has no effect since the internal clock is always in sync.

## 8.2 Timer1 Operation in Synchronized Counter Mode

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

Counter mode is selected by setting bit TMR1CS. In this mode the timer increments on every rising edge of clock input on T1OSI when enable bit T1OSCEN is set or pin with T1CKI when bit T1OSCEN is cleared.

**Note:** The T1OSI function is multiplexed to different pins, depending on the device. See the pinout descriptions to see which pin has the T1OSI function.

If T1SYNC is cleared, then the external clock input is synchronized with internal phase clocks. The synchronization is done after the prescaler stage. The prescaler stage is an asynchronous ripple counter.

In this configuration, during SLEEP mode, Timer1 will not increment even if an external clock is present, since the synchronization circuit is shut off. The prescaler, however, will continue to increment.

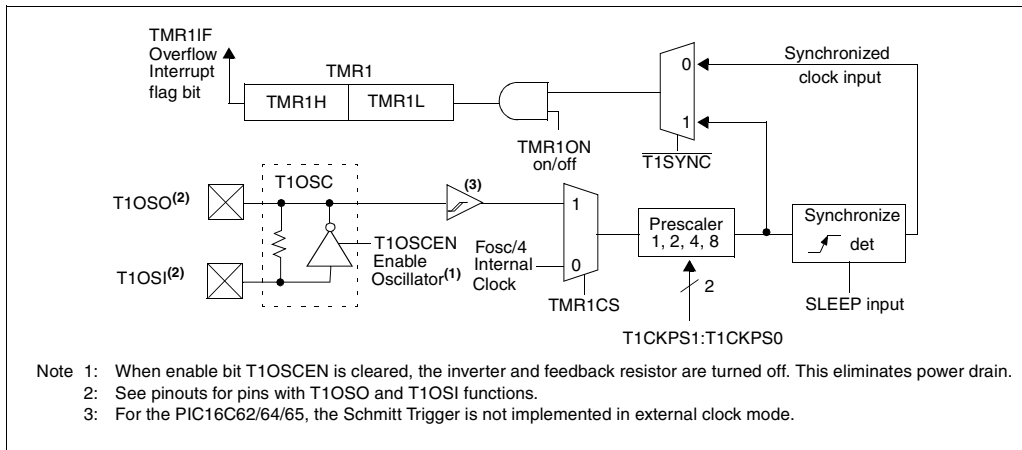
## 8.2.1 EXTERNAL CLOCK INPUT TIMING FOR SYNCHRONIZED COUNTER MODE

When an external clock input is used for Timer1 in synchronized counter mode, it must meet certain requirements. The external clock requirement is due to internal phase clock ( $T_{osc}$ ) synchronization. Also, there is a delay in the actual incrementing of TMR1 after synchronization.

When the prescaler is 1:1, the external clock input is the same as the prescaler output. The synchronization of T1CKI with the internal phase clocks is accomplished by sampling the prescaler output on the Q2 and Q4 cycles of the internal phase clocks. Therefore, it is necessary for T1CKI to be high for at least  $2T_{osc}$  (and a small RC delay of 20 ns) and low for at least  $2T_{osc}$  (and a small RC delay of 20 ns). Refer to appropriate electrical specification section, parameters 45, 46, and 47.

When a prescaler other than 1:1 is used, the external clock input is divided by the asynchronous ripple-counter type prescaler so that the prescaler output is symmetrical. In order for the external clock to meet the sampling requirement, the ripple counter must be taken into account. Therefore, it is necessary for T1CKI to have a period of at least  $4T_{osc}$  (and a small RC delay of 40 ns) divided by the prescaler value. The only requirement on T1CKI high and low time is that they do not violate the minimum pulse width requirements of 10 ns). Refer to applicable electrical specification section, parameters 40, 42, 45, 46, and 47.

FIGURE 8-2: TIMER1 BLOCK DIAGRAM





## 8.3 Timer1 Operation in Asynchronous Counter Mode

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

If control bit  $\overline{\text{T1SYNC}}$  (T1CON<2>) is set, the external clock input is not synchronized. The timer continues to increment asynchronous to the internal phase clocks. The timer will continue to run during SLEEP and generate an interrupt on overflow which will wake the processor. However, special precautions in software are needed to read-from or write-to the Timer1 register pair, TMR1L and TMR1H (Section 8.3.2).

In asynchronous counter mode, Timer1 cannot be used as a time-base for capture or compare operations.

### 8.3.1 EXTERNAL CLOCK INPUT TIMING WITH UNSYNCHRONIZED CLOCK

If control bit  $\overline{\text{T1SYNC}}$  is set, the timer will increment completely asynchronously. The input clock must meet certain minimum high time and low time requirements, as specified in timing parameters (45 - 47).

### 8.3.2 READING AND WRITING TMR1 IN ASYNCHRONOUS COUNTER MODE

Reading TMR1H or TMR1L, while the timer is running from an external asynchronous clock, will ensure a valid read (taken care of in hardware). However, the user should keep in mind that reading the 16-bit timer in two 8-bit values itself poses certain problems since the timer may overflow between the reads.

For writes, it is recommended that the user simply stop the timer and write the desired values. A write contention may occur by writing to the timer registers while the register is incrementing. This may produce an unpredictable value in the timer register.

Reading the 16-bit value requires some care. Example 8-1 is an example routine to read the 16-bit timer value. This is useful if the timer cannot be stopped.

## EXAMPLE 8-1: READING A 16-BIT FREE-RUNNING TIMER

```
; All Interrupts are disabled
MOVF  TMR1H, W      ;Read high byte
MOVWF  TMPH         ;
MOVF  TMR1L, W      ;Read low byte
MOVWF  TMPL         ;
MOVF  TMR1H, W      ;Read high byte
SUBWF  TMPH, W      ;Sub 1st read
                     ;with 2nd read

BTFSC  STATUS, Z     ;is result = 0
GOTO   CONTINUE      ;Good 16-bit read
; TMR1L may have rolled over between the read
; of the high and low bytes. Reading the high
; and low bytes now will read a good value.
MOVF  TMR1H, W      ;Read high byte
MOVWF  TMPH         ;
MOVF  TMR1L, W      ;Read low byte
MOVWF  TMPL         ;
; Re-enable Interrupt (if required)
CONTINUE                ;Continue with
                        ;your code
```

## 8.4 Timer1 Oscillator

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

A crystal oscillator circuit is built in-between pins T1OSI (input) and T1OSO (amplifier output). It is enabled by setting control bit T1OSCEN (T1CON<3>). The oscillator is a low power oscillator rated up to 200 kHz. It will continue to run during SLEEP. It is primarily intended for a 32 kHz crystal. Table 8-1 shows the capacitor selection for the Timer1 oscillator.

The Timer1 oscillator is identical to the LP oscillator. The user must allow a software time delay to ensure proper oscillator start-up.

**TABLE 8-1: CAPACITOR SELECTION FOR THE TIMER1 OSCILLATOR**

| Osc Type                                                                                                                                                               | Freq                  | C1       | C2    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|-------|
| LP                                                                                                                                                                     | 32 kHz                | 33 pF    | 33 pF |
|                                                                                                                                                                        | 100 kHz               | 15 pF    | 15 pF |
|                                                                                                                                                                        | 200 kHz               | 15 pF    | 15 pF |
| These values are for design guidance only.                                                                                                                             |                       |          |       |
| Crystals Tested:                                                                                                                                                       |                       |          |       |
| 32.768 kHz                                                                                                                                                             | Epson C-001R32.768K-A | ± 20 PPM |       |
| 100 kHz                                                                                                                                                                | Epson C-2 100.00 KC-P | ± 20 PPM |       |
| 200 kHz                                                                                                                                                                | STD XTL 200.000 kHz   | ± 20 PPM |       |
| Note 1: Higher capacitance increases the stability of oscillator but also increases the start-up time.                                                                 |                       |          |       |
| 2: Since each resonator/crystal has its own characteristics, the user should consult the resonator/crystal manufacturer for appropriate values of external components. |                       |          |       |

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## 8.5 Resetting Timer1 using a CCP Trigger Output

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

CCP2 is implemented on the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65/66/67 only.

If CCP1 or CCP2 module is configured in Compare mode to generate a "special event trigger" (CCPxM3:CCPxM0 = 1011), this signal will reset Timer1.

**Note:** The "special event trigger" from the CCP1 and CCP2 modules will not set interrupt flag bit TMR1IF (PIR1<0>).

Timer1 must be configured for either timer or synchronized counter mode to take advantage of this feature. If the Timer1 is running in asynchronous counter mode, this reset operation may not work.

In the event that a write to Timer1 coincides with a special event trigger from CCP1 or CCP2, the write will take precedence.

In this mode of operation, the CCPRxH:CCPRxL registers pair effectively becomes the period register for the Timer1 module.

## 8.6 Resetting of TMR1 Register Pair (TMR1H:TMR1L)

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

The TMR1H and TMR1L registers are not reset to 00h on a POR or any other reset except by the CCP1 or CCP2 special event trigger.

The T1CON register is reset to 00h on a Power-on Reset or a Brown-out Reset, which shuts off the timer and leaves a 1:1 prescaler. In all other resets, the register is unaffected.

## 8.7 Timer1 Prescaler

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

The prescaler counter is cleared on writes to the TMR1H or TMR1L registers.

**TABLE 8-2: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH TIMER1 AS A TIMER/COUNTER**

| Address              | Name   | Bit 7                                                                       | Bit 6          | Bit 5               | Bit 4               | Bit 3   | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on: POR, BOR | Value on all other resets |
|----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Bh,8Bh<br>10Bh,18Bh | INTCON | GIE                                                                         | PEIE           | T0IE                | INTE                | RBIE    | T0IF   | INTF   | RBIF   | 0000 000x          | 0000 000u                 |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1   | PSPIF <sup>(2)</sup>                                                        | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIF <sup>(1)</sup> | TXIF <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIF   | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1   | PSPIE <sup>(2)</sup>                                                        | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIE <sup>(1)</sup> | TXIE <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIE   | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                 |
| 0Eh                  | TMR1L  | Holding register for the Least Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register |                |                     |                     |         |        |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 0Fh                  | TMR1H  | Holding register for the Most Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register  |                |                     |                     |         |        |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 10h                  | T1CON  | —                                                                           | —              | T1CKPS1             | T1CKPS0             | T1OSCEN | T1SYNC | TMR1CS | TMR1ON | --00 0000          | --uu uuuu                 |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by the Timer1 module.

Note 1: The USART is implemented on the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65/66/67 only.

2: Bits PSPIE and PSPIF are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

3: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

## 9.0 TIMER2 MODULE

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

Timer2 is an 8-bit timer with a prescaler and a postscaler. It is especially suitable as PWM time-base for PWM mode of CCP module(s). TMR2 is a readable and writable register, and is cleared on any device reset.

The input clock (FOSC/4) has a prescale option of 1:1, 1:4 or 1:16, selected by control bits T2CKPS1:T2CKPS0 (T2CON<1:0>).

The Timer2 module has an 8-bit period register, PR2. Timer2 increments from 00h until it matches PR2 and then resets to 00h on the next increment cycle. PR2 is a readable and writable register. The PR2 register is initialized to FFh upon reset.

The match output of the TMR2 register goes through a 4-bit postscaler (which gives a 1:1 to 1:16 scaling, inclusive) to generate a TMR2 interrupt (latched in flag bit TMR2IF (PIR1<1>)).

The Timer2 module can be shut off by clearing control bit TMR2ON (T2CON<2>) to minimize power consumption.

Figure 9-2 shows the Timer2 control register. T2CON is cleared upon reset which initializes Timer2 as shut off with the prescaler and postscaler at a 1:1 value.

## 9.1 Timer2 Prescaler and Postscaler

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

The prescaler and postscaler counters are cleared when any of the following occurs:

- a write to the TMR2 register
- a write to the T2CON register
- any device reset (POR, BOR, MCLR Reset, or WDT Reset).

TMR2 is not cleared when T2CON is written.

## 9.2 Output of TMR2

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

The output of TMR2 (before the postscaler) is fed to the Synchronous Serial Port module which optionally uses it to generate shift clock.

**FIGURE 9-1: TIMER2 BLOCK DIAGRAM**

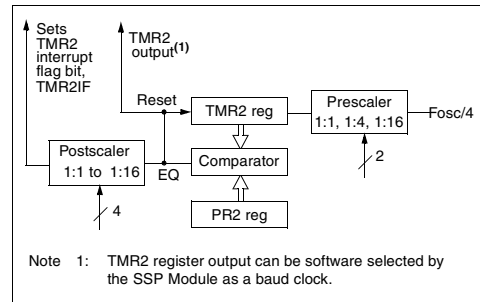


**FIGURE 9-2: T2CON: TIMER2 CONTROL REGISTER (ADDRESS 12h)**

| U-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0   | R/W-0  | R/W-0   | R/W-0   |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|
| —    | TOUTPS3 | TOUTPS2 | TOUTPS1 | TOUTPS0 | TMR2ON | T2CKPS1 | T2CKPS0 |
| bit7 |         |         |         |         |        |         | bit0    |

bit 7: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-3: **TOUTPS3:TOUTPS0:** Timer2 Output Postscale Select bits  
0000 = 1:1 postscale  
0001 = 1:2 postscale  
•  
•  
1111 = 1:16 postscale

bit 2: **TMR2ON:** Timer2 On bit  
1 = Timer2 is on  
0 = Timer2 is off

bit 1-0: **T2CKPS1:T2CKPS0:** Timer2 Clock Prescale Select bits  
00 = 1:1 prescale  
01 = 1:4 prescale  
1x = 1:16 prescale

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

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**TABLE 9-1: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH TIMER2 AS A TIMER/COUNTER**

| Address              | Name   | Bit 7                    | Bit 6          | Bit 5               | Bit 4               | Bit 3   | Bit 2  | Bit 1   | Bit 0   | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>resets |
|----------------------|--------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0Bh,8Bh<br>10Bh,18Bh | INTCON | GIE                      | PEIE           | T0IE                | INTE                | RBIE    | T0IF   | INTF    | RBIF    | 0000 000x                | 0000 000u                       |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1   | PSPIF <sup>(2)</sup>     | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIF <sup>(1)</sup> | TXIF <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIF   | CCP1IF | TMR2IF  | TMR1IF  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                       |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1   | PSPIE <sup>(2)</sup>     | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIE <sup>(1)</sup> | TXIE <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIE   | CCP1IE | TMR2IE  | TMR1IE  | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                       |
| 11h                  | TMR2   | Timer2 module's register |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | 0000 0000                | 0000 0000                       |
| 12h                  | T2CON  | —                        | TOUTPS3        | TOUTPS2             | TOUTPS1             | TOUTPS0 | TMR2ON | T2CKPS1 | T2CKPS0 | -000 0000                | -000 0000                       |
| 92h                  | PR2    | Timer2 Period register   |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | 1111 1111                | 1111 1111                       |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by Timer2.

Note 1: The USART is implemented on the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65/66/67 only.

2: Bits PSPIE and PSPIF are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

3: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

## 10.0 CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM (CCP) MODULE(s)

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |      |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|------|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | CCP1 |  |
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | CCP2 |  |

Each CCP (Capture/Compare/PWM) module contains a 16-bit register which can operate as a 16-bit capture register, as a 16-bit compare register, or as a PWM master/slave duty cycle register. Both the CCP1 and CCP2 modules are identical in operation, with the exception of the operation of the special event trigger. Table 10-1 and Table 10-2 show the resources and interactions of the CCP modules(s). In the following sections, the operation of a CCP module is described with respect to CCP1. CCP2 operates the same as CCP1, except where noted.

### CCP1 module:

Capture/Compare/PWM Register1 (CCPR1) is comprised of two 8-bit registers: CCPR1L (low byte) and CCPR1H (high byte). The CCP1CON register controls the operation of CCP1. All are readable and writable.

### CCP2 module:

Capture/Compare/PWM Register2 (CCPR2) is comprised of two 8-bit registers: CCPR2L (low byte) and CCPR2H (high byte). The CCP2CON register controls the operation of CCP2. All are readable and writable.

For use of the CCP modules, refer to the *Embedded Control Handbook*, "Using the CCP Modules" (AN594).

**TABLE 10-1: CCP MODE - TIMER RESOURCE**

| CCP Mode | Timer Resource |
|----------|----------------|
| Capture  | Timer1         |
| Compare  | Timer1         |
| PWM      | Timer2         |

**TABLE 10-2: INTERACTION OF TWO CCP MODULES**

| CCPx Mode | CCPy Mode | Interaction                                                                           |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Capture   | Capture   | Same TMR1 time-base.                                                                  |
| Capture   | Compare   | The compare should be configured for the special event trigger, which clears TMR1.    |
| Compare   | Compare   | The compare(s) should be configured for the special event trigger, which clears TMR1. |
| PWM       | PWM       | The PWMs will have the same frequency, and update rate (TMR2 interrupt).              |
| PWM       | Capture   | None                                                                                  |
| PWM       | Compare   | None                                                                                  |

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**FIGURE 10-1: CCP1CON REGISTER (ADDRESS 17h) / CCP2CON REGISTER (ADDRESS 1Dh)**

| U-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  |
|------|-----|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| —    | —   | CCPxX | CCPxY | CCPxM3 | CCPxM2 | CCPxM1 | CCPxM0 |
| bit7 |     |       |       |        |        |        | bit0   |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7-6: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-4: **CCPxX:CCPxY:** PWM Least Significant bits

Capture Mode  
 Unused  
Compare Mode  
 Unused  
PWM Mode  
 These bits are the two LSbs of the PWM duty cycle. The eight MSbs are found in CCPRxL.

bit 3-0: **CCPxM3:CCPxM0:** CCPx Mode Select bits

0000 = Capture/Compare/PWM off (resets CCPx module)  
 0100 = Capture mode, every falling edge  
 0101 = Capture mode, every rising edge  
 0110 = Capture mode, every 4th rising edge  
 0111 = Capture mode, every 16th rising edge  
 1000 = Compare mode, set output on match (bit CCPxIF is set)  
 1001 = Compare mode, clear output on match (bit CCPxIF is set)  
 1010 = Compare mode, generate software interrupt on match (bit CCPxIF is set, CCPx pin is unaffected)  
 1011 = Compare mode, trigger special event (CCPxIF bit is set; CCP1 resets TMR1; CCP2 resets TMR1)  
 11xx = PWM mode

## 10.1 Capture Mode

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

In Capture mode, CCPR1H:CCPR1L captures the 16-bit value of the TMR1 register when an event occurs on pin RC2/CCP1 (Figure 10-2). An event is defined as:

- Every falling edge
- Every rising edge
- Every 4th rising edge
- Every 16th rising edge

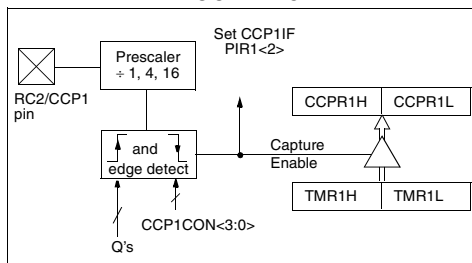
An event is selected by control bits CCP1M3:CCP1M0 (CCP1CON<3:0>). When a capture is made, the interrupt request flag bit CCP1IF (PIR1<2>) is set. It must be cleared in software. If another capture occurs before the value in register CCPR1 is read, the old captured value will be lost.

### 10.1.1 CCP PIN CONFIGURATION

In Capture mode, the RC2/CCP1 pin should be configured as an input by setting the TRISC<2> bit.

**Note:** If the RC2/CCP1 pin is configured as an output, a write to PORTC can cause a capture condition.

**FIGURE 10-2: CAPTURE MODE OPERATION BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### 10.1.2 TIMER1 MODE SELECTION

Timer1 must be running in Timer mode or Synchronized Counter mode for the CCP module to use the capture feature. In Asynchronous Counter mode, the capture operation may not work consistently.

### 10.1.3 SOFTWARE INTERRUPT

When the Capture event is changed, a false capture interrupt may be generated. The user should clear enable bit CCP1IE (PIE1<2>) to avoid false interrupts and should clear flag bit CCP1IF following any such change in operating mode.

## 10.1.4 CCP PRESCALER

There are four prescaler settings, specified by bits CCP1M3:CCP1M0. Whenever the CCP module is turned off, or the CCP module is not in Capture mode, the prescaler counter is cleared. This means that any reset will clear the prescaler counter.

Switching from one capture prescaler to another may generate an interrupt. Also, the prescaler counter will not be cleared, therefore the first capture may be from a non-zero prescaler. Example 10-1 shows the recommended method for switching between capture prescalers. This example also clears the prescaler counter and will not generate the "false" interrupt.

### EXAMPLE 10-1: CHANGING BETWEEN CAPTURE PRESCALERS

```
CLRWF  CCP1CON      ; Turn CCP module off
MOVLW  NEW_CAPT_PS  ; Load the W reg with
                    ; the new prescaler
                    ; mode value and CCP ON
MOVWF  CCP1CON      ; Load CCP1CON with
                    ; this value
```

## 10.2 Compare Mode

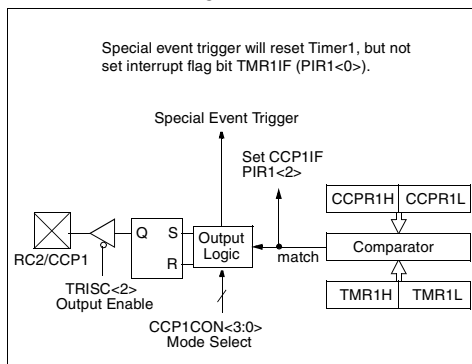
| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

In Compare mode, the 16-bit CCPR1 register value is constantly compared against the TMR1 register pair value. When a match occurs, the RC2/CCP1 pin is:

- Driven High
- Driven Low
- Remains Unchanged

The action on the pin is based on the value of control bits CCP1M3:CCP1M0 (CCP1CON<3:0>). At the same time interrupt flag bit CCP1IF is set.

**FIGURE 10-3: COMPARE MODE OPERATION BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## 10.2.1 CCP PIN CONFIGURATION

The user must configure the RC2/CCP1 pin as an output by clearing the TRISC<2> bit.

**Note:** Clearing the CCP1CON register will force the RC2/CCP1 compare output latch to the default low level. This is not the data latch.

## 10.2.1 TIMER1 MODE SELECTION

Timer1 must be running in Timer mode or Synchronized Counter mode if the CCP module is using the compare feature. In Asynchronous Counter mode, the compare operation may not work.

## 10.2.2 SOFTWARE INTERRUPT MODE

When Generate Software Interrupt is chosen, the CCP1 pin is not affected. Only a CCP interrupt is generated (if enabled).

## 10.2.3 SPECIAL EVENT TRIGGER

In this mode, an internal hardware trigger is generated which may be used to initiate an action.

The special event trigger output of CCP1 and CCP2 resets the TMR1 register pair. This allows the CCPR1H:CCPR1L and CCPR2H:CCPR2L registers to effectively be 16-bit programmable period register(s) for Timer1.

For compatibility issues, the special event trigger output of CCP1 (PIC16C72) and CCP2 (all other PIC16C7X devices) also starts an A/D conversion.

**Note:** The "special event trigger" from the CCP1 and CCP2 modules will not set interrupt flag bit TMR1IF (PIR1<0>).

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## 10.3 PWM Mode

### Applicable Devices

61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

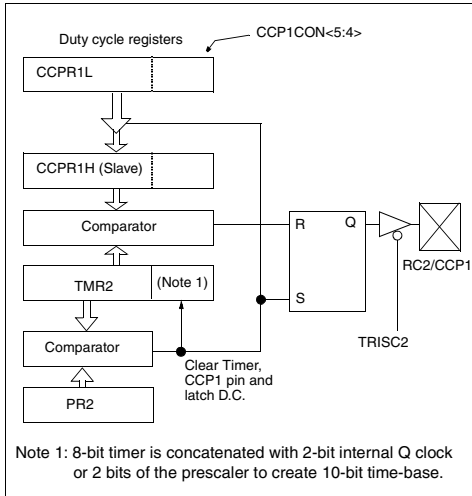
In Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) mode, the CCP1 pin produces up to a 10-bit resolution PWM output. Since the CCP1 pin is multiplexed with the PORTC data latch, the TRISC<2> bit must be cleared to make the CCP1 pin an output.

**Note:** Clearing the CCP1CON register will force the CCP1 PWM output latch to the default low level. This is not the PORTC I/O data latch.

Figure 10-4 shows a simplified block diagram of the CCP module in PWM mode.

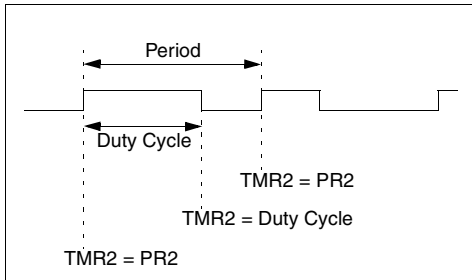
For a step by step procedure on how to set up the CCP module for PWM operation, see Section 10.3.3.

**FIGURE 10-4: SIMPLIFIED PWM BLOCK DIAGRAM**



A PWM output (Figure 10-5) has a time base (period) and a time that the output stays high (duty cycle). The frequency of the PWM is the inverse of the period (1/period).

**FIGURE 10-5: PWM OUTPUT**



### 10.3.1 PWM PERIOD

The PWM period is specified by writing to the PR2 register. The PWM period can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{PWM period} = [(PR2) + 1] \cdot 4 \cdot T_{osc} \cdot (\text{TMR2 prescale value})$$

PWM frequency is defined as  $1 / [\text{PWM period}]$ .

When TMR2 is equal to PR2, the following three events occur on the next increment cycle:

- TMR2 is cleared
- The PWM duty cycle is latched from CCPR1L into CCPR1H
- The CCP1 pin is set (exception: if PWM duty cycle = 0%, the CCP1 pin will not be set)

**Note:** The Timer2 postscaler (see Section 9.1) is not used in the determination of the PWM frequency. The postscaler could be used to have a servo update rate at a different frequency than the PWM output.

### 10.3.2 PWM DUTY CYCLE

The PWM duty cycle is specified by writing to the CCPR1L register and to the CCP1CON<5:4> bits. Up to 10-bit resolution is available: the CCPR1L contains the eight MSBs and the CCP1CON<5:4> contains the two LSBs. This 10-bit value is represented by CCPR1L:CCP1CON<5:4>. The following equation is used to calculate the PWM duty cycle in time:

$$\text{PWM duty cycle} = (\text{CCPR1L:CCP1CON<5:4>}) \cdot T_{osc} \cdot (\text{TMR2 prescale value})$$

CCPR1L and CCP1CON<5:4> can be written to at any time, but the duty cycle value is not latched into CCPR1H until after a match between PR2 and TMR2 occurs (i.e., the period is complete). In PWM mode, CCPR1H is a read-only register.

The CCPR1H register and a 2-bit internal latch are used to double buffer the PWM duty cycle. This double buffering is essential for glitchless PWM operation.

When the CCPR1H and 2-bit latch match TMR2 concatenated with an internal 2-bit Q clock or 2 bits of the TMR2 prescaler, the CCP1 pin is cleared.

Maximum PWM resolution (bits) for a given PWM frequency:

$$= \frac{\log\left(\frac{F_{osc}}{F_{PWM}}\right)}{\log(2)} \text{ bits}$$

**Note:** If the PWM duty cycle value is longer than the PWM period the CCP1 pin will not be forced to the low level.



## EXAMPLE 10-2: PWM PERIOD AND DUTY CYCLE CALCULATION

Desired PWM frequency is 78.125 kHz,

Fosc = 20 MHz

TMR2 prescale = 1

$$1/78.125 \text{ kHz} = [(PR2) + 1] \cdot 4 \cdot 1/20 \text{ MHz} \cdot 1$$

$$12.8 \mu\text{s} = [(PR2) + 1] \cdot 4 \cdot 50 \text{ ns} \cdot 1$$

$$PR2 = 63$$

Find the maximum resolution of the duty cycle that can be used with a 78.125 kHz frequency and 20 MHz oscillator:

$$1/78.125 \text{ kHz} = 2^{\text{PWM RESOLUTION}} \cdot 1/20 \text{ MHz} \cdot 1$$

$$12.8 \mu\text{s} = 2^{\text{PWM RESOLUTION}} \cdot 50 \text{ ns} \cdot 1$$

$$256 = 2^{\text{PWM RESOLUTION}}$$

$$\log(256) = (\text{PWM Resolution}) \cdot \log(2)$$

$$8.0 = \text{PWM Resolution}$$

At most, an 8-bit resolution duty cycle can be obtained from a 78.125 kHz frequency and a 20 MHz oscillator, i.e.,  $0 \leq \text{CCPR1L:CCP1CON}<5:4> \leq 255$ . Any value greater than 255 will result in a 100% duty cycle.

In order to achieve higher resolution, the PWM frequency must be decreased. In order to achieve higher PWM frequency, the resolution must be decreased.

Table 10-3 lists example PWM frequencies and resolutions for Fosc = 20 MHz. The TMR2 prescaler and PR2 values are also shown.

### 10.3.3 SET-UP FOR PWM OPERATION

The following steps should be taken when configuring the CCP module for PWM operation:

1. Set the PWM period by writing to the PR2 register.
2. Set the PWM duty cycle by writing to the CCPR1L register and CCP1CON<5:4> bits.
3. Make the CCP1 pin an output by clearing the TRISC<2> bit.
4. Set the TMR2 prescale value and enable Timer2 by writing to T2CON.
5. Configure the CCP1 module for PWM operation.

**TABLE 10-3: EXAMPLE PWM FREQUENCIES AND RESOLUTIONS AT 20 MHz**

| PWM Frequency              | 1.22 kHz | 4.88 kHz | 19.53 kHz | 78.12 kHz | 156.3 kHz | 208.3 kHz |
|----------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Timer Prescaler (1, 4, 16) | 16       | 4        | 1         | 1         | 1         | 1         |
| PR2 Value                  | 0xFF     | 0xFF     | 0xFF      | 0x3F      | 0x1F      | 0x17      |
| Maximum Resolution (bits)  | 10       | 10       | 10        | 8         | 7         | 5.5       |

**TABLE 10-4: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH TIMER1, CAPTURE AND COMPARE**

| Add                  | Name    | Bit 7                                                                       | Bit 6          | Bit 5               | Bit 4               | Bit 3   | Bit 2   | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on: POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|----------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Bh,8Bh<br>10Bh,18Bh | INTCON  | GIE                                                                         | PEIE           | T0IE                | INTE                | RBIE    | T0IF    | INTF   | RBFIF  | 0000 000x          | 0000 000u                 |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1    | PSPIF <sup>(2)</sup>                                                        | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIF <sup>(1)</sup> | TXIF <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIF   | CCP1IF  | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                 |
| 0Dh <sup>(4)</sup>   | PIR2    | —                                                                           | —              | —                   | —                   | —       | —       | —      | CCP2IF | ---- --0           | ---- --0                  |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1    | PSPIE <sup>(2)</sup>                                                        | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIE <sup>(1)</sup> | TXIE <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIE   | CCP1IE  | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Dh <sup>(4)</sup>   | PIE2    | —                                                                           | —              | —                   | —                   | —       | —       | —      | CCP2IE | ---- --0           | ---- --0                  |
| 87h                  | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction register                                               |                |                     |                     |         |         |        |        | 1111 1111          | 1111 1111                 |
| 0Eh                  | TMR1L   | Holding register for the Least Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register |                |                     |                     |         |         |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 0Fh                  | TMR1H   | Holding register for the Most Significant Byte of the 16-bit TMR1 register  |                |                     |                     |         |         |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 10h                  | T1CON   | —                                                                           | —              | T1CKPS1             | T1CKPS0             | T1OSCEN | T1SYNCR | TMR1CS | TMR1ON | --00 0000          | --uu uuuu                 |
| 15h                  | CCPR1L  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (LSB)                                                  |                |                     |                     |         |         |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 16h                  | CCPR1H  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (MSB)                                                  |                |                     |                     |         |         |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 17h                  | CCP1CON | —                                                                           | —              | CCP1X               | CCP1Y               | CCP1M3  | CCP1M2  | CCP1M1 | CCP1M0 | --00 0000          | --00 0000                 |
| 1Bh <sup>(4)</sup>   | CCPR2L  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (LSB)                                                  |                |                     |                     |         |         |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 1Ch <sup>(4)</sup>   | CCPR2H  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (MSB)                                                  |                |                     |                     |         |         |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 1Dh <sup>(4)</sup>   | CCP2CON | —                                                                           | —              | CCP2X               | CCP2Y               | CCP2M3  | CCP2M2  | CCP2M1 | CCP2M0 | --00 0000          | --00 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used in these modes.

Note 1: These bits are associated with the USART module, which is implemented on the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65/66/67 only.

2: Bits PSPIE and PSPIF are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

3: The PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> bits are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

4: These registers are associated with the CCP2 module, which is only implemented on the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65/66/67.

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**TABLE 10-5: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH PWM AND TIMER2**

| Addr                 | Name    | Bit 7                           | Bit 6          | Bit 5               | Bit 4               | Bit 3   | Bit 2  | Bit 1   | Bit 0   | Value on:<br>POR,<br>BOR | Value on<br>all other<br>Resets |
|----------------------|---------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0Bh,8Bh<br>10Bh,18Bh | INTCON  | GIE                             | PEIE           | TOIE                | INTE                | RBIE    | T0IF   | INTF    | RBIF    | 0000<br>000x             | 0000<br>000u                    |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1    | PSPIF <sup>(2)</sup>            | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIF <sup>(1)</sup> | TXIF <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIF   | CCP1IF | TMR2IF  | TMR1IF  | 0000<br>0000             | 0000<br>0000                    |
| 0Dh <sup>(4)</sup>   | PIR2    | —                               | —              | —                   | —                   | —       | —      | —       | CCP2IF  | -----<br>0               | -----<br>0                      |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1    | PSPIE <sup>(2)</sup>            | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIE <sup>(1)</sup> | TXIE <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIE   | CCP1IE | TMR2IE  | TMR1IE  | 0000<br>0000             | 0000<br>0000                    |
| 8Dh <sup>(4)</sup>   | PIE2    | —                               | —              | —                   | —                   | —       | —      | —       | CCP2IE  | -----<br>0               | -----<br>0                      |
| 87h                  | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction register   |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | 1111<br>1111             | 1111<br>1111                    |
| 11h                  | TMR2    | Timer2 module's register        |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | 0000<br>0000             | 0000<br>0000                    |
| 92h                  | PR2     | Timer2 module's Period register |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | 1111<br>1111             | 1111<br>1111                    |
| 12h                  | T2CON   | —                               | TOUTPS3        | TOUTPS2             | TOUTPS1             | TOUTPS0 | TMR2ON | T2CKPS1 | T2CKPS0 | -000<br>0000             | -000<br>0000                    |
| 15h                  | CCPR1L  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (LSB)      |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | xxxx<br>xxxx             | uuuu<br>uuuu                    |
| 16h                  | CCPR1H  | Capture/Compare/PWM1 (MSB)      |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | xxxx<br>xxxx             | uuuu<br>uuuu                    |
| 17h                  | CCP1CON | —                               | —              | CCP1X               | CCP1Y               | CCP1M3  | CCP1M2 | CCP1M1  | CCP1M0  | --00<br>0000             | --00<br>0000                    |
| 1Bh <sup>(4)</sup>   | CCPR2L  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (LSB)      |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | xxxx<br>xxxx             | uuuu<br>uuuu                    |
| 1Ch <sup>(4)</sup>   | CCPR2H  | Capture/Compare/PWM2 (MSB)      |                |                     |                     |         |        |         |         | xxxx<br>xxxx             | uuuu<br>uuuu                    |
| 1Dh <sup>(4)</sup>   | CCP2CON | —                               | —              | CCP2X               | CCP2Y               | CCP2M3  | CCP2M2 | CCP2M1  | CCP2M0  | --00<br>0000             | --00<br>0000                    |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used in this mode.

Note 1: These bits are associated with the USART module, which is implemented on the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65/66/67 only.

2: Bits PSPIE and PSPIF are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

3: The PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> bits are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

4: These registers are associated with the CCP2 module, which is only implemented on the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65/66/67.

## 11.0 SYNCHRONOUS SERIAL PORT (SSP) MODULE

### 11.1 SSP Module Overview

The Synchronous Serial Port (SSP) module is a serial interface useful for communicating with other peripheral or microcontroller devices. These peripheral devices may be Serial EEPROMs, shift registers, display drivers, A/D converters, etc. The SSP module can operate in one of two modes:

- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)
- Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C)

The SSP module in I<sup>2</sup>C mode works the same in all PIC16C6X devices that have an SSP module. However the SSP Module in SPI mode has differences between the PIC16C66/67 and the other PIC16C6X devices.

The register definitions and operational description of SPI mode has been split into two sections because of the differences between the PIC16C66/67 and the other PIC16C6X devices. The default reset values of both the SPI modules is the same regardless of the device:

|                                                                       |    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 11.2 SPI Mode for PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63/64/64A/R64/65/65A/R65 ..... | 84 |
| 11.3 SPI Mode for PIC16C66/67 .....                                   | 89 |
| 11.4 I <sup>2</sup> C™ Overview.....                                  | 95 |
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Refer to Application Note AN578, "Use of the SSP Module in the I<sup>2</sup>C Multi-Master Environment."

## 11.2 SPI Mode for PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/ R63/64/64A/R64/65/65A/R65

This section contains register definitions and operational characteristics of the SPI module for the PIC16C62, PIC16C62A, PIC16CR62, PIC16C63, PIC16CR63, PIC16C64, PIC16C64A, PIC16CR64, PIC16C65, PIC16C65A, PIC16CR65.

**FIGURE 11-1: SSPSTAT: SYNC SERIAL PORT STATUS REGISTER (ADDRESS 94h)**

| U-0  | U-0 | R-0          | R-0 | R-0 | R-0          | R-0 | R-0  |
|------|-----|--------------|-----|-----|--------------|-----|------|
| —    | —   | D/ $\bar{A}$ | P   | S   | R/ $\bar{W}$ | UA  | BF   |
| bit7 |     |              |     |     |              |     | bit0 |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7-6: **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5: **D/ $\bar{A}$ :** Data/Address bit ( $I^2C$  mode only)  
1 = Indicates that the last byte received or transmitted was data  
0 = Indicates that the last byte received or transmitted was address

bit 4: **P:** Stop bit ( $I^2C$  mode only. This bit is cleared when the SSP module is disabled, SSPEN is cleared)  
1 = Indicates that a stop bit has been detected last (this bit is '0' on RESET)  
0 = Stop bit was not detected last

bit 3: **S:** Start bit ( $I^2C$  mode only. This bit is cleared when the SSP module is disabled, SSPEN is cleared)  
1 = Indicates that a start bit has been detected last (this bit is '0' on RESET)  
0 = Start bit was not detected last

bit 2: **R/ $\bar{W}$ :** Read/Write bit information ( $I^2C$  mode only)  
This bit holds the R/W bit information following the last address match. This bit is valid from the address match to the next start bit, stop bit, or  $\bar{ACK}$  bit.  
1 = Read  
0 = Write

bit 1: **UA:** Update Address (10-bit  $I^2C$  mode only)  
1 = Indicates that the user needs to update the address in the SSPADD register  
0 = Address does not need to be updated

bit 0: **BF:** Buffer Full Status bit  
Receive (SPI and  $I^2C$  modes)  
1 = Receive complete, SSPBUF is full  
0 = Receive not complete, SSPBUF is empty  
Transmit ( $I^2C$  mode only)  
1 = Transmit in progress, SSPBUF is full  
0 = Transmit complete, SSPBUF is empty

**FIGURE 11-2: SSPCON: SYNC SERIAL PORT CONTROL REGISTER (ADDRESS 14h)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| WCOL  | SSPOV | SSPEN | CKP   | SSPM3 | SSPM2 | SSPM1 | SSPM0 |
| bit7  |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit0  |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset

bit 7: **WCOL**: Write Collision Detect bit  
1 = The SSPBUF register is written while it is still transmitting the previous word (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No collision

bit 6: **SSPOV**: Receive Overflow Detect bit  
In SPI mode  
1 = A new byte is received while the SSPBUF register is still holding the previous data. In case of overflow, the data in SSPSR register is lost. Overflow can only occur in slave mode. The user must read the SSPBUF, even if only transmitting data, to avoid setting overflow. In master mode the overflow bit is not set since each new reception (and transmission) is initiated by writing to the SSPBUF register.  
0 = No overflow  
In I<sup>2</sup>C mode  
1 = A byte is received while the SSPBUF register is still holding the previous byte. SSPOV is a "don't care" in transmit mode. SSPOV must be cleared in software in either mode.  
0 = No overflow

bit 5: **SSPEN**: Synchronous Serial Port Enable bit  
In SPI mode  
1 = Enables serial port and configures SCK, SDO, and SDI as serial port pins  
0 = Disables serial port and configures these pins as I/O port pins  
In I<sup>2</sup>C mode  
1 = Enables the serial port and configures the SDA and SCL pins as serial port pins  
0 = Disables serial port and configures these pins as I/O port pins  
In both modes, when enabled, these pins must be properly configured as input or output.

bit 4: **CKP**: Clock Polarity Select bit  
In SPI mode  
1 = Idle state for clock is a high level. Transmit happens on falling edge, receive on rising edge.  
0 = Idle state for clock is a low level. Transmit happens on rising edge, receive on falling edge.  
In I<sup>2</sup>C mode  
SCK release control  
1 = Enable clock  
0 = Holds clock low (clock stretch) (Used to ensure data setup time)

bit 3-0: **SSPM3:SSPM0**: Synchronous Serial Port Mode Select bits  
0000 = SPI master mode, clock = Fosc/4  
0001 = SPI master mode, clock = Fosc/16  
0010 = SPI master mode, clock = Fosc/64  
0011 = SPI master mode, clock = TMR2 output/2  
0100 = SPI slave mode, clock = SCK pin.  $\overline{SS}$  pin control enabled.  
0101 = SPI slave mode, clock = SCK pin.  $\overline{SS}$  pin control disabled.  $\overline{SS}$  can be used as I/O pin.  
0110 = I<sup>2</sup>C slave mode, 7-bit address  
0111 = I<sup>2</sup>C slave mode, 10-bit address  
1011 = I<sup>2</sup>C firmware controlled Master Mode (slave idle)  
1110 = I<sup>2</sup>C slave mode, 7-bit address with start and stop bit interrupts enabled  
1111 = I<sup>2</sup>C slave mode, 10-bit address with start and stop bit interrupts enabled

### 11.2.1 OPERATION OF SSP MODULE IN SPI MODE

#### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

The SPI mode allows 8-bits of data to be synchronously transmitted and received simultaneously. To accomplish communication, typically three pins are used:

- Serial Data Out (SDO)
- Serial Data In (SDI)
- Serial Clock (SCK)

Additionally a fourth pin may be used when in a slave mode of operation:

- Slave Select ( $\overline{SS}$ )

When initializing the SPI, several options need to be specified. This is done by programming the appropriate control bits in the SSPCON register (SSPCON<5:0>). These control bits allow the following to be specified:

- Master Mode (SCK is the clock output)
- Slave Mode (SCK is the clock input)
- Clock Polarity (Output/Input data on the Rising/Falling edge of SCK)
- Clock Rate (Master mode only)
- Slave Select Mode (Slave mode only)

The SSP consists of a transmit/receive Shift Register (SSPSR) and a Buffer register (SSPBUF). The SSPSR shifts the data in and out of the device, MSb first. The SSPBUF holds the data that was written to the SSPSR, until the received data is ready. Once the 8-bits of data have been received, that byte is moved to the SSPBUF register. Then the Buffer Full bit, BF (SSPSTAT<0>) and flag bit SSPIF are set. This double buffering of the received data (SSPBUF) allows the next byte to start reception before reading the data that was just received. Any write to the SSPBUF register during transmission/reception of data will be ignored, and the write collision detect bit, WCOL (SSPCON<7>) will be set. User software must clear bit WCOL so that it can be determined if the following write(s) to the SSPBUF completed successfully. When the application software is expecting to receive valid data, the SSPBUF register should be read before the next byte of data to transfer is written to the SSPBUF register. The Buffer Full bit BF (SSPSTAT<0>) indicates when the SSPBUF register has been loaded with the received data (transmission is complete). When the SSPBUF is read, bit BF is cleared. This data may be irrelevant if the SPI is only a transmitter. Generally the SSP Interrupt is used to determine when the transmission/reception has completed. The SSPBUF register must be read and/or written. If the interrupt method is not going to be used, then software polling can be done to ensure that a write collision does not occur. Example 11-1 shows the loading of the SSPBUF (SSPSR) register for data transmission. The shaded instruction is only required if the received data is meaningful.

### EXAMPLE 11-1: LOADING THE SSPBUF (SSPSR) REGISTER

```

BSF    STATUS, RP0    ;Specify Bank 1
LOOP  BTFS    SSPSTAT, BF    ;Has data been
                                ;received
                                ;(transmit
                                ;complete)?

GOTO   LOOP            ;No

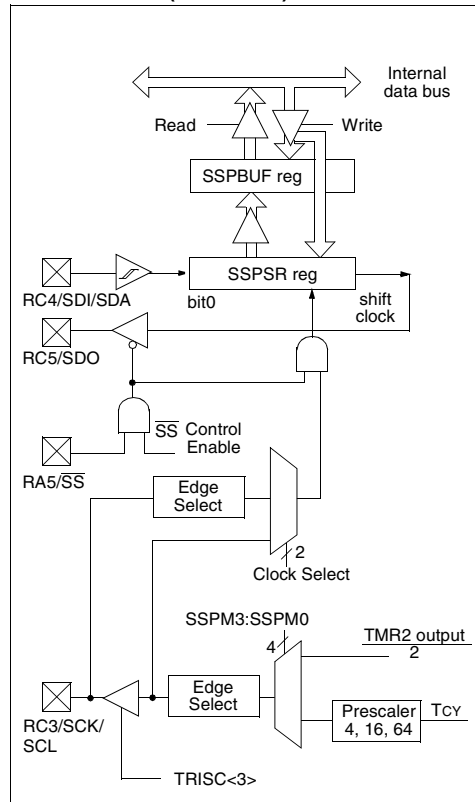
BCF    STATUS, RP0    ;Specify Bank 0
MOVF   SSPBUF, W       ;W reg = contents
                                ;of SSPBUF

MOVWF  RXDATA          ;Save in user RAM
MOVF   TXDATA, W       ;W reg = contents
                                ; of TXDATA

MOVWF  SSPBUF          ;New data to xmit
    
```

The block diagram of the SSP module, when in SPI mode (Figure 11-3), shows that the SSPSR register is not directly readable or writable, and can only be accessed from addressing the SSPBUF register. Additionally, the SSP status register (SSPSTAT) indicates the various status conditions.

**FIGURE 11-3: SSP BLOCK DIAGRAM (SPI MODE)**



To enable the serial port, SSP enable bit SSPEN (SSPCON<5>) must be set. To reset or reconfigure SPI mode, clear enable bit SSPEN, re-initialize SSPCON register, and then set enable bit SSPEN. This configures the SDI, SDO, SCK, and  $\overline{SS}$  pins as serial port pins. For the pins to behave as the serial port function, they must have their data direction bits (in the TRIS register) appropriately programmed. That is:

- SDI must have TRISC<4> set
- SDO must have TRISC<5> cleared
- SCK (Master mode) must have TRISC<3> cleared
- SCK (Slave mode) must have TRISC<3> set
- $\overline{SS}$  must have TRISA<5> set (if implemented)

Any serial port function that is not desired may be overridden by programming the corresponding data direction (TRIS) register to the opposite value. An example would be in master mode where you are only sending data (to a display driver), then both SDI and  $\overline{SS}$  could be used as general purpose outputs by clearing their corresponding TRIS register bits.

Figure 11-4 shows a typical connection between two microcontrollers. The master controller (Processor 1) initiates the data transfer by sending the SCK signal. Data is shifted out of both shift registers on their programmed clock edge, and latched on the opposite edge of the clock. Both processors should be programmed to the same Clock Polarity (CKP), then both controllers would send and receive data at the same time. Whether the data is meaningful (or dummy data) depends on the application software. This leads to three scenarios for data transmission:

- Master sends data — Slave sends dummy data
- Master sends data — Slave sends data
- Master sends dummy data — Slave sends data

The master can initiate the data transfer at any time because it controls the SCK. The master determines when the slave (Processor 2) is to broadcast data by the software protocol.

In master mode the data is transmitted/received as soon as the SSPBUF register is written to. If the SPI is only going to receive, the SCK output could be disabled (programmed as an input). The SSPSR register will continue to shift in the signal present on the SDI pin at the programmed clock rate. As each byte is received, it will be loaded into the SSPBUF register as if a normal received byte (interrupts and status bits appropriately set). This could be useful in receiver applications as a "line activity monitor" mode.

In slave mode, the data is transmitted and received as the external clock pulses appear on SCK. When the last bit is latched interrupt flag bit SSPIF (PIR1<3>) is set.

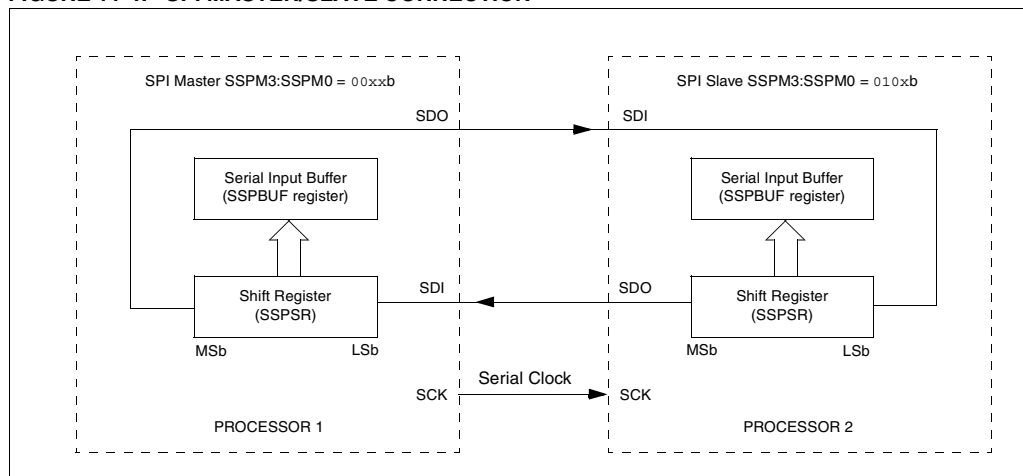
The clock polarity is selected by appropriately programming bit CKP (SSPCON<4>). This then would give waveforms for SPI communication as shown in Figure 11-5 and Figure 11-6 where the MSB is transmitted first. In master mode, the SPI clock rate (bit rate) is user programmable to be one of the following:

- $F_{osc}/4$  (or  $T_{CY}$ )
- $F_{osc}/16$  (or  $4 \cdot T_{CY}$ )
- $F_{osc}/64$  (or  $16 \cdot T_{CY}$ )
- Timer2 output/2

This allows a maximum bit clock frequency (at 20 MHz) of 5 MHz. When in slave mode the external clock must meet the minimum high and low times.

In sleep mode, the slave can transmit and receive data and wake the device from sleep.

**FIGURE 11-4: SPI MASTER/SLAVE CONNECTION**



The  $\overline{SS}$  pin allows a synchronous slave mode. The SPI must be in slave mode (SSPCON<3:0> = 04h) and the TRISA<5> bit must be set for synchronous slave mode to be enabled. When the  $\overline{SS}$  pin is low, transmission and reception are enabled and the SDO pin is driven. When the  $\overline{SS}$  pin goes high, the SDO pin is no longer driven, even if in the middle of a transmitted byte, and becomes a floating output. If the  $\overline{SS}$  pin is taken low without resetting SPI mode, the transmission will continue from the

point at which it was taken high. External pull-up/pull-down resistors may be desirable, depending on the application.

To emulate two-wire communication, the SDO pin can be connected to the SDI pin. When the SPI needs to operate as a receiver the SDO pin can be configured as an input. This disables transmissions from the SDO. The SDI can always be left as an input (SDI function) since it cannot create a bus conflict.

**FIGURE 11-5: SPI MODE TIMING, MASTER MODE OR SLAVE MODE W/O  $\overline{SS}$  CONTROL**

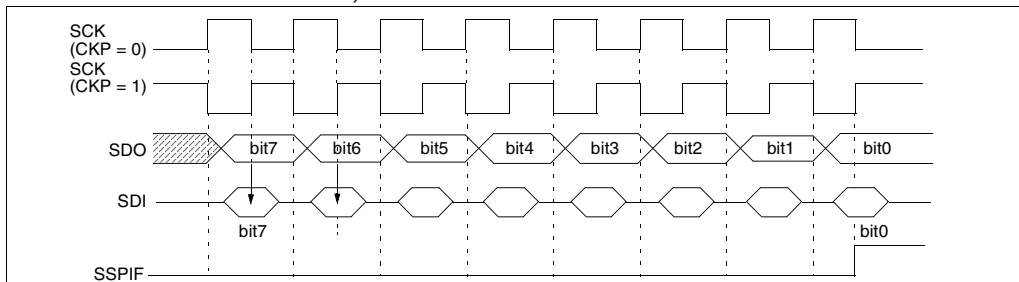


**FIGURE 11-6: SPI MODE TIMING, SLAVE MODE WITH  $\overline{SS}$  CONTROL**

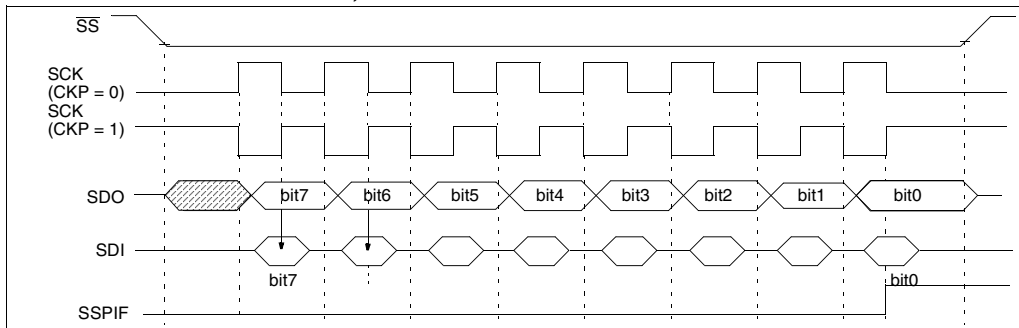


**TABLE 11-1: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH SPI OPERATION**

| Address | Name    | Bit 7                                                    | Bit 6          | Bit 5                         | Bit 4               | Bit 3 | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on: POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|---------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Bh,8Bh | INTCON  | GIE                                                      | PEIE           | TOIE                          | INTE                | RBIE  | TOIF   | INTF   | RBIF   | 0000 000x          | 0000 000u                 |
| 0Ch     | PIR1    | PSPIF <sup>(2)</sup>                                     | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIF <sup>(1)</sup>           | TXIF <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch     | PIE1    | PSPIE <sup>(2)</sup>                                     | <sup>(3)</sup> | RCIE <sup>(1)</sup>           | TXIE <sup>(1)</sup> | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                 |
| 13h     | SSPBUF  | Synchronous Serial Port Receive Buffer/Transmit Register |                |                               |                     |       |        |        |        | xxxx xxxx          | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 14h     | SSPCON  | WCOL                                                     | SSPOV          | SSPEN                         | CKP                 | SSPM3 | SSPM2  | SSPM1  | SSPM0  | 0000 0000          | 0000 0000                 |
| 85h     | TRISA   | —                                                        | —              | PORTA Data Direction Register |                     |       |        |        |        |                    | --11 1111                 |
| 87h     | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction Register                            |                |                               |                     |       |        |        |        | 1111 1111          | 1111 1111                 |
| 94h     | SSPSTAT | —                                                        | —              | D/A                           | P                   | S     | R/W    | UA     | BF     | --00 0000          | --00 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by SSP module in SPI mode.

Note 1: These bits are associated with the USART which is implemented on the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 only.

2: PSPIF and PSPIE are reserved on the PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63, always maintain these bits clear.

3: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.



## 11.3 SPI Mode for PIC16C66/67

This section contains register definitions and operational characteristics of the SPI module on the PIC16C66 and PIC16C67 only.

**FIGURE 11-7: SSPSTAT: SYNC SERIAL PORT STATUS REGISTER (ADDRESS 94h)(PIC16C66/67)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R-0               | R-0 | R-0  | R-0               | R-0 | R-0 |
|-------|-------|-------------------|-----|------|-------------------|-----|-----|
| SMP   | CKE   | D/ $\overline{A}$ | P   | S    | R/ $\overline{W}$ | UA  | BF  |
| bit7  |       |                   |     | bit0 |                   |     |     |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n =Value at POR reset

bit 7: **SMP:** SPI data input sample phase  
SPI Master Mode  
1 = Input data sampled at end of data output time  
0 = Input data sampled at middle of data output time  
SPI Slave Mode  
SMP must be cleared when SPI is used in slave mode

bit 6: **CKE:** SPI Clock Edge Select (Figure 11-11, Figure 11-12, and Figure 11-13)  
CKP = 0  
1 = Data transmitted on rising edge of SCK  
0 = Data transmitted on falling edge of SCK  
CKP = 1  
1 = Data transmitted on falling edge of SCK  
0 = Data transmitted on rising edge of SCK

bit 5: **D/ $\overline{A}$ :** Data/Address bit (I<sup>2</sup>C mode only)  
1 = Indicates that the last byte received or transmitted was data  
0 = Indicates that the last byte received or transmitted was address

bit 4: **P:** Stop bit (I<sup>2</sup>C mode only). This bit is cleared when the SSP module is disabled, or when the Start bit is detected last, SSPEN is cleared)  
1 = Indicates that a stop bit has been detected last (this bit is '0' on RESET)  
0 = Stop bit was not detected last

bit 3: **S:** Start bit (I<sup>2</sup>C mode only). This bit is cleared when the SSP module is disabled, or when the Stop bit is detected last, SSPEN is cleared)  
1 = Indicates that a start bit has been detected last (this bit is '0' on RESET)  
0 = Start bit was not detected last

bit 2: **R/ $\overline{W}$ :** Read/Write bit information (I<sup>2</sup>C mode only)  
This bit holds the R/W bit information following the last address match. This bit is only valid from the address match to the next start bit, stop bit, or  $\overline{ACK}$  bit.  
1 = Read  
0 = Write

bit 1: **UA:** Update Address (10-bit I<sup>2</sup>C mode only)  
1 = Indicates that the user needs to update the address in the SSPADD register  
0 = Address does not need to be updated

bit 0: **BF:** Buffer Full Status bit  
Receive (SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C modes)  
1 = Receive complete, SSPBUF is full  
0 = Receive not complete, SSPBUF is empty  
Transmit (I<sup>2</sup>C mode only)  
1 = Transmit in progress, SSPBUF is full  
0 = Transmit complete, SSPBUF is empty

**FIGURE 11-8: SSPCON: SYNC SERIAL PORT CONTROL REGISTER (ADDRESS 14h)(PIC16C66/67)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| WCOL  | SSPOV | SSPEN | CKP   | SSPM3 | SSPM2 | SSPM1 | SSPM0 |
| bit7  |       |       |       | bit0  |       |       |       |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
- n =Value at POR reset

bit 7: **WCOL**: Write Collision Detect bit  
1 = The SSPBUF register is written while it is still transmitting the previous word (must be cleared in software)  
0 = No collision

bit 6: **SSPOV**: Receive Overflow Indicator bit  
In SPI mode  
1 = A new byte is received while the SSPBUF register is still holding the previous data. In case of overflow, the data in SSPSR is lost. Overflow can only occur in slave mode. The user must read the SSPBUF, even if only transmitting data, to avoid setting overflow. In master mode the overflow bit is not set since each new reception (and transmission) is initiated by writing to the SSPBUF register.  
0 = No overflow  
In I<sup>2</sup>C mode  
1 = A byte is received while the SSPBUF register is still holding the previous byte. SSPOV is a "don't care" in transmit mode. SSPOV must be cleared in software in either mode.  
0 = No overflow

bit 5: **SSPEN**: Synchronous Serial Port Enable bit  
In SPI mode  
1 = Enables serial port and configures SCK, SDO, and SDI as serial port pins  
0 = Disables serial port and configures these pins as I/O port pins  
In I<sup>2</sup>C mode  
1 = Enables the serial port and configures the SDA and SCL pins as serial port pins  
0 = Disables serial port and configures these pins as I/O port pins  
In both modes, when enabled, these pins must be properly configured as input or output.

bit 4: **CKP**: Clock Polarity Select bit  
In SPI mode  
1 = Idle state for clock is a high level  
0 = Idle state for clock is a low level  
In I<sup>2</sup>C mode  
SCK release control  
1 = Enable clock  
0 = Holds clock low (clock stretch) (Used to ensure data setup time)

bit 3-0: **SSPM3:SSPM0**: Synchronous Serial Port Mode Select bits  
0000 = SPI master mode, clock = Fosc/4  
0001 = SPI master mode, clock = Fosc/16  
0010 = SPI master mode, clock = Fosc/64  
0011 = SPI master mode, clock = TMR2 output/2  
0100 = SPI slave mode, clock = SCK pin.  $\overline{SS}$  pin control enabled.  
0101 = SPI slave mode, clock = SCK pin.  $\overline{SS}$  pin control disabled.  $\overline{SS}$  can be used as I/O pin  
0110 = I<sup>2</sup>C slave mode, 7-bit address  
0111 = I<sup>2</sup>C slave mode, 10-bit address  
1011 = I<sup>2</sup>C firmware controlled master mode (slave idle)  
1110 = I<sup>2</sup>C slave mode, 7-bit address with start and stop bit interrupts enabled  
1111 = I<sup>2</sup>C slave mode, 10-bit address with start and stop bit interrupts enabled

### 11.3.1 SSP MODULE IN SPI MODE FOR PIC16C66/67

The SPI mode allows 8-bits of data to be synchronously transmitted and received simultaneously. To accomplish communication, typically three pins are used:

- Serial Data Out (SDO) RC5/SDO
- Serial Data In (SDI) RC4/SDI/SDA
- Serial Clock (SCK) RC3/SCK/SCL

Additionally a fourth pin may be used when in a slave mode of operation:

- Slave Select ( $\overline{SS}$ ) RA5/ $\overline{SS}$

When initializing the SPI, several options need to be specified. This is done by programming the appropriate control bits in the SSPCON register (SSPCON<5:0>) and SSPSTAT<7:6>. These control bits allow the following to be specified:

- Master Mode (SCK is the clock output)
- Slave Mode (SCK is the clock input)
- Clock Polarity (Idle state of SCK)
- Clock edge (output data on rising/falling edge of SCK)
- Clock Rate (Master mode only)
- Slave Select Mode (Slave mode only)

The SSP consists of a transmit/receive Shift Register (SSPSR) and a buffer register (SSPBUF). The SSPSR shifts the data in and out of the device, MSb first. The SSPBUF holds the data that was written to the SSPSR until the received data is ready. Once the 8-bits of data have been received, that byte is moved to the SSPBUF register. Then the buffer full detect bit BF (SSPSTAT<0>) and interrupt flag bit SSPIF (PIR1<3>) are set. This double buffering of the received data (SSPBUF) allows the next byte to start reception before reading the data that was just received. Any write to the SSPBUF register during transmission/reception of data will be ignored, and the write collision detect bit WCOL (SSPCON<7>) will be set. User software must clear the WCOL bit so that it can be determined if the following write(s) to the SSPBUF register completed successfully. When the application software is expecting to receive valid data, the SSPBUF should be read before the next byte of data to transfer is written to the SSPBUF. Buffer full bit BF (SSPSTAT<0>) indicates when SSPBUF has been loaded with the received data (transmission is complete). When the SSPBUF is read, bit BF is cleared. This data may be irrelevant if the SPI is only a transmitter. Generally the SSP Interrupt is used to determine when the transmission/reception has completed. The SSPBUF must be read and/or written. If the interrupt method is not going to be used, then software polling can be done to ensure that a write collision does not occur. Example 11-2 shows the loading of the SSPBUF (SSPSR) for data transmission. The shaded instruction is only required if the received data is meaningful.

### EXAMPLE 11-2: LOADING THE SSPBUF (SSPSR) REGISTER (PIC16C66/67)

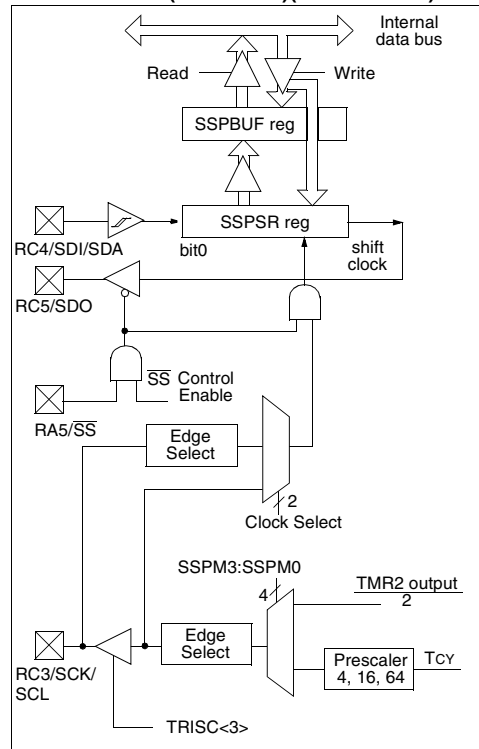
```

BCF    STATUS, RP1    ;Specify Bank 1
BSF    STATUS, RP0    ;
LOOP   BTFS    SSPSTAT, BF    ;Has data been
                                ;received
                                ;(transmit
                                ;complete)?
GOTO    LOOP          ;No
BCF    STATUS, RP0    ;Specify Bank 0
MOVWF  SSPBUF, W      ;W reg = contents
                                ; of SSPBUF
MOVWF  RXDATA        ;Save in user RAM
MOVWF  TXDATA, W      ;W reg = contents
                                ; of TXDATA
MOVWF  SSPBUF        ;New data to xmit

```

The block diagram of the SSP module, when in SPI mode (Figure 11-9), shows that the SSPSR is not directly readable or writable, and can only be accessed from addressing the SSPBUF register. Additionally, the SSP status register (SSPSTAT) indicates the various status conditions.

**FIGURE 11-9: SSP BLOCK DIAGRAM (SPI MODE)(PIC16C66/67)**



To enable the serial port, SSP Enable bit, SSPEN (SSPCON<5>) must be set. To reset or reconfigure SPI mode, clear bit SSPEN, re-initialize the SSPCON register, and then set bit SSPEN. This configures the SDI, SDO, SCK, and  $\overline{SS}$  pins as serial port pins. For the pins to behave as the serial port function, they must have their data direction bits (in the TRISC register) appropriately programmed. That is:

- SDI must have TRISC<4> set
- SDO must have TRISC<5> cleared
- SCK (Master mode) must have TRISC<3> cleared
- SCK (Slave mode) must have TRISC<3> set
- $\overline{SS}$  must have TRISA<5> set

Any serial port function that is not desired may be overridden by programming the corresponding data direction (TRIS) register to the opposite value. An example would be in master mode where you are only sending data (to a display driver), then both SDI and  $\overline{SS}$  could be used as general purpose outputs by clearing their corresponding TRIS register bits.

Figure 11-10 shows a typical connection between two microcontrollers. The master controller (Processor 1) initiates the data transfer by sending the SCK signal. Data is shifted out of both shift registers on their programmed clock edge, and latched on the opposite edge of the clock. Both processors should be programmed to same Clock Polarity (CKP), then both controllers would send and receive data at the same time. Whether the data is meaningful (or dummy data) depends on the application firmware. This leads to three scenarios for data transmission:

- Master sends data — Slave sends dummy data
- Master sends data — Slave sends data
- Master sends dummy data — Slave sends data

The master can initiate the data transfer at any time because it controls the SCK. The master determines when the slave (Processor 2) is to broadcast data by the firmware protocol.

In master mode the data is transmitted/received as soon as the SSPBUF register is written to. If the SPI is only going to receive, the SCK output could be disabled (programmed as an input). The SSPSR register will continue to shift in the signal present on the SDI pin at the programmed clock rate. As each byte is received, it will be loaded into the SSPBUF register as if a normal received byte (interrupts and status bits appropriately set). This could be useful in receiver applications as a "line activity monitor" mode.

In slave mode, the data is transmitted and received as the external clock pulses appear on SCK. When the last bit is latched the interrupt flag bit SSPIF (PIR1<3>) is set.

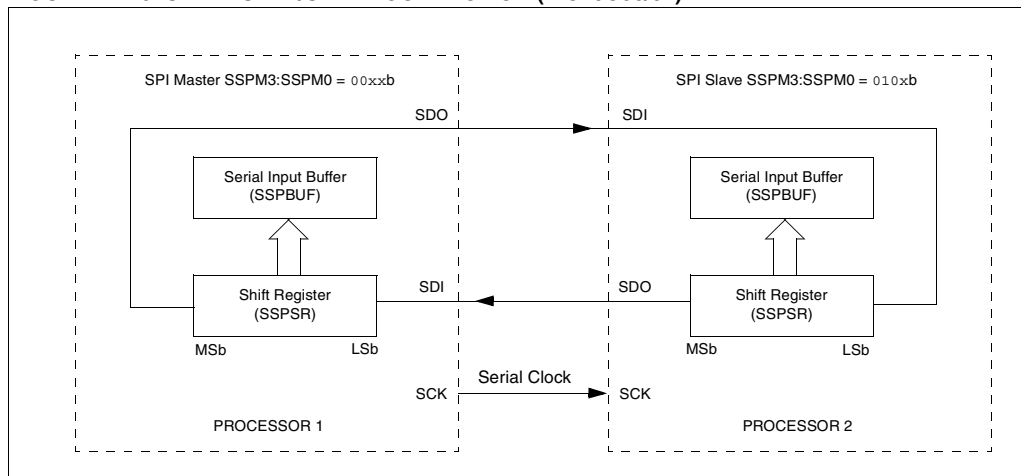
The clock polarity is selected by appropriately programming bit CKP (SSPCON<4>). This then would give waveforms for SPI communication as shown in Figure 11-11, Figure 11-12, and Figure 11-13 where the MSB is transmitted first. In master mode, the SPI clock rate (bit rate) is user programmable to be one of the following:

- FOSC/4 (or Tcy)
- FOSC/16 (or 4 • Tcy)
- FOSC/64 (or 16 • Tcy)
- Timer2 output/2

This allows a maximum bit clock frequency (at 20 MHz) of 5 MHz. When in slave mode the external clock must meet the minimum high and low times.

In sleep mode, the slave can transmit and receive data and wake the device from sleep.

**FIGURE 11-10: SPI MASTER/SLAVE CONNECTION (PIC16C66/67)**



The  $\overline{SS}$  pin allows a synchronous slave mode. The SPI must be in slave mode ( $SSPCON<3:0> = 04h$ ) and the  $TRISA<5>$  bit must be set for the synchronous slave mode to be enabled. When the  $\overline{SS}$  pin is low, transmission and reception are enabled and the SDO pin is driven. When the  $\overline{SS}$  pin goes high, the SDO pin is no longer driven, even if in the middle of a transmitted byte, and becomes a floating output. If the  $\overline{SS}$  pin is taken low without resetting SPI mode, the transmission will continue from the point at which it was taken high. External pull-up/pull-down resistors may be desirable, depending on the application.

**Note:** When the SPI is in Slave Mode with  $\overline{SS}$  pin control enabled, ( $SSPCON<3:0> = 0100$ ) the SPI module will reset if the  $\overline{SS}$  pin is set to VDD.

**Note:** If the SPI is used in Slave Mode with  $CKE = '1'$ , then the  $\overline{SS}$  pin control must be enabled.

To emulate two-wire communication, the SDO pin can be connected to the SDI pin. When the SPI needs to operate as a receiver the SDO pin can be configured as an input. This disables transmissions from the SDO. The SDI can always be left as an input (SDI function) since it cannot create a bus conflict.

**FIGURE 11-11: SPI MODE TIMING, MASTER MODE (PIC16C66/67)**

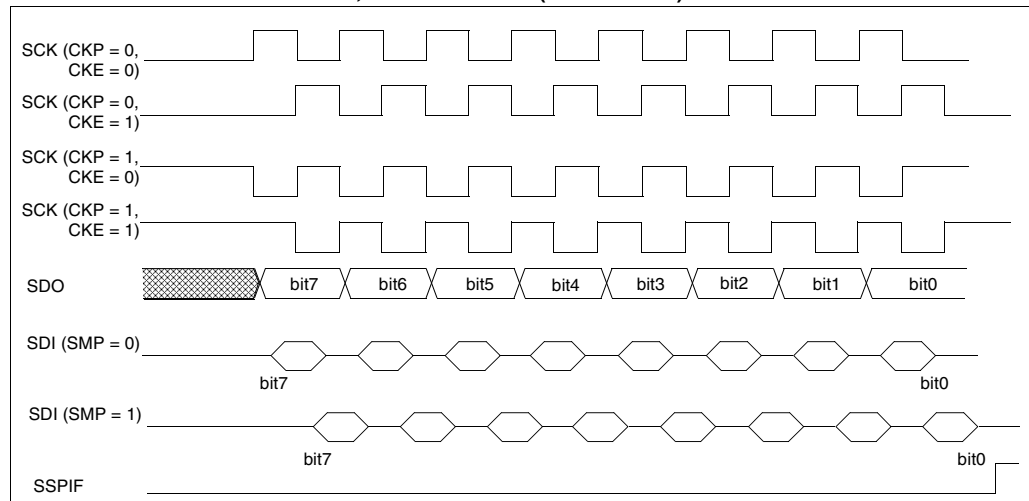


**FIGURE 11-12: SPI MODE TIMING (SLAVE MODE WITH  $CKE = 0$ ) (PIC16C66/67)**

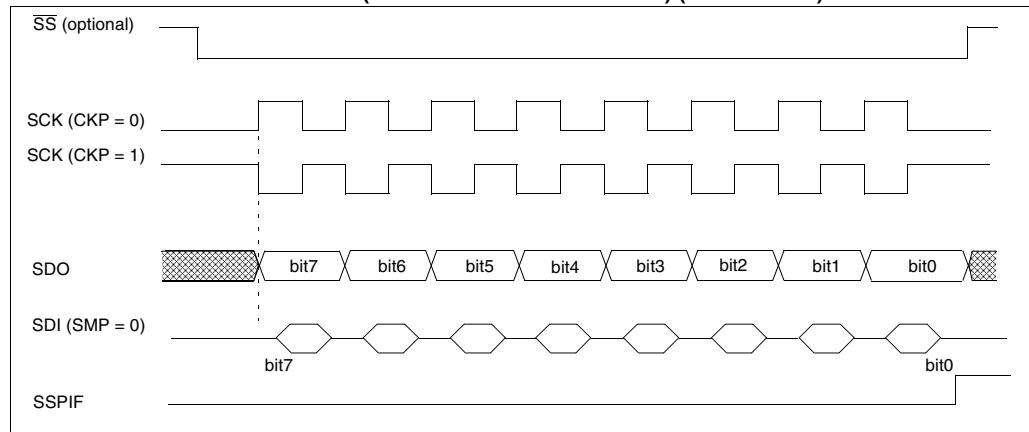


**FIGURE 11-13: SPI MODE TIMING (SLAVE MODE WITH CKE = 1) (PIC16C66/67)**

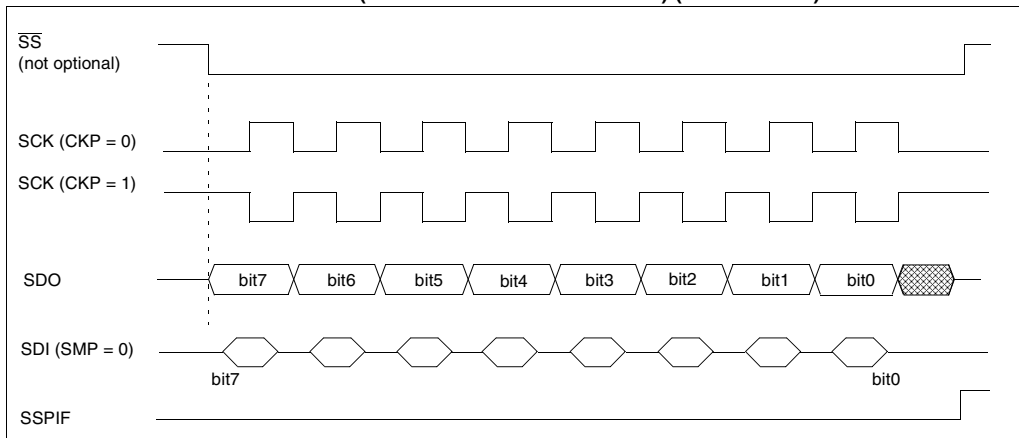


**TABLE 11-2: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH SPI OPERATION (PIC16C66/67)**

| Address           | Name    | Bit 7                                                    | Bit 6          | Bit 5                         | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2             | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on Power-on Reset | Value on all other resets |
|-------------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Bh,8Bh,10Bh,18Bh | INTCON  | GIE                                                      | PEIE           | T0IE                          | INTE  | RBIE  | T0IF              | INTF   | RBIF   | 0000 000x               | 0000 000u                 |
| 0Ch               | PIR1    | PSPIF <sup>(1)</sup>                                     | <sup>(2)</sup> | RCIF                          | TXIF  | SSPIF | CCP1IF            | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000               | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch               | PIE1    | PSPIE <sup>(1)</sup>                                     | <sup>(2)</sup> | RCIE                          | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE            | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000               | 0000 0000                 |
| 13h               | SSPBUF  | Synchronous Serial Port Receive Buffer/Transmit Register |                |                               |       |       |                   |        |        | xxxx xxxx               | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 14h               | SSPCON  | WCOL                                                     | SSPOV          | SSPEN                         | CKP   | SSPM3 | SSPM2             | SSPM1  | SSPM0  | 0000 0000               | 0000 0000                 |
| 85h               | TRISA   | —                                                        | —              | PORTA Data Direction register |       |       |                   |        |        | --11 1111               | --11 1111                 |
| 87h               | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction register                            |                |                               |       |       |                   |        |        | 1111 1111               | 1111 1111                 |
| 94h               | SSPSTAT | SMP                                                      | CKE            | D/ $\overline{A}$             | P     | S     | R/ $\overline{W}$ | UA     | BF     | 0000 0000               | 0000 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'.

Shaded cells are not used by SSP module in SPI mode.

Note 1: PSPIF and PSPIE are reserved on the PIC16C66, always maintain these bits clear.

Note 2: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

## 11.4 I<sup>2</sup>C™ Overview

This section provides an overview of the Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) bus, with Section 11.5 discussing the operation of the SSP module in I<sup>2</sup>C mode.

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus is a two-wire serial interface developed by the Philips® Corporation. The original specification, or standard mode, was for data transfers of up to 100 Kbps. The enhanced specification (fast mode) is also supported. This device will communicate with both standard and fast mode devices if attached to the same bus. The clock will determine the data rate.

The I<sup>2</sup>C interface employs a comprehensive protocol to ensure reliable transmission and reception of data. When transmitting data, one device is the “master” which initiates transfer on the bus and generates the clock signals to permit that transfer, while the other device(s) acts as the “slave.” All portions of the slave protocol are implemented in the SSP module’s hardware, except general call support, while portions of the master protocol need to be addressed in the PIC16CXX software. Table 11-3 defines some of the I<sup>2</sup>C bus terminology. For additional information on the I<sup>2</sup>C interface specification, refer to the Philips document “The I<sup>2</sup>C bus and how to use it.” #939839340011, which can be obtained from the Philips Corporation.

In the I<sup>2</sup>C interface protocol each device has an address. When a master wishes to initiate a data transfer, it first transmits the address of the device that it wishes to “talk” to. All devices “listen” to see if this is their address. Within this address, a bit specifies if the master wishes to read-from/write-to the slave device. The master and slave are always in opposite modes (transmitter/receiver) of operation during a data transfer. That is they can be thought of as operating in either of these two relations:

- Master-transmitter and Slave-receiver
- Slave-transmitter and Master-receiver

In both cases the master generates the clock signal.

The output stages of the clock (SCL) and data (SDA) lines must have an open-drain or open-collector in order to perform the wired-AND function of the bus. External pull-up resistors are used to ensure a high level when no device is pulling the line down. The number of devices that may be attached to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus is limited only by the maximum bus loading specification of 400 pF.

### 11.4.1 INITIATING AND TERMINATING DATA TRANSFER

During times of no data transfer (idle time), both the clock line (SCL) and the data line (SDA) are pulled high through the external pull-up resistors. The START and STOP conditions determine the start and stop of data transmission. The START condition is defined as a high to low transition of the SDA when the SCL is high. The STOP condition is defined as a low to high transition of the SDA when the SCL is high. Figure 11-14 shows the START and STOP conditions. The master generates these conditions for starting and terminating data transfer. Due to the definition of the START and STOP conditions, when data is being transmitted, the SDA line can only change state when the SCL line is low.

**FIGURE 11-14: START AND STOP CONDITIONS**

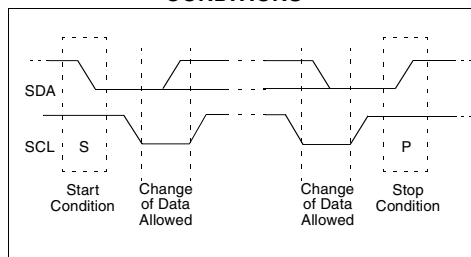


**TABLE 11-3: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS TERMINOLOGY**

| Term            | Description                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Transmitter     | The device that sends the data to the bus.                                                                                                  |
| Receiver        | The device that receives the data from the bus.                                                                                             |
| Master          | The device which initiates the transfer, generates the clock and terminates the transfer.                                                   |
| Slave           | The device addressed by a master.                                                                                                           |
| Multi-master    | More than one master device in a system. These masters can attempt to control the bus at the same time without corrupting the message.      |
| Arbitration     | Procedure that ensures that only one of the master devices will control the bus. This ensure that the transfer data does not get corrupted. |
| Synchronization | Procedure where the clock signals of two or more devices are synchronized.                                                                  |

### 11.4.2 ADDRESSING I<sup>2</sup>C DEVICES

There are two address formats. The simplest is the 7-bit address format with a  $R/\overline{W}$  bit (Figure 11-15). The more complex is the 10-bit address with a  $R/\overline{W}$  bit (Figure 11-16). For 10-bit address format, two bytes must be transmitted with the first five bits specifying this to be a 10-bit address.

**FIGURE 11-15: 7-BIT ADDRESS FORMAT**

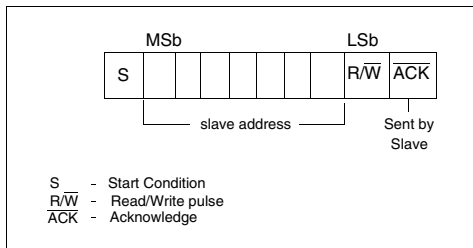
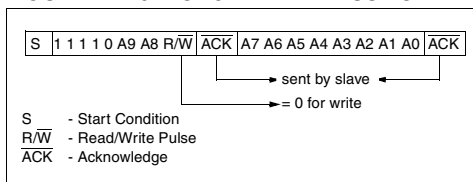


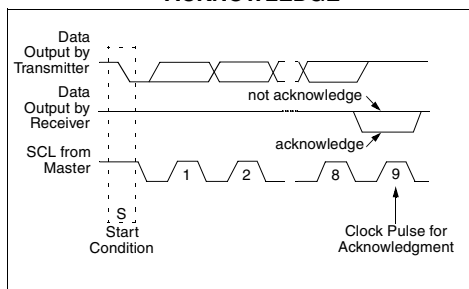
**FIGURE 11-16: I<sup>2</sup>C 10-BIT ADDRESS FORMAT**



### 11.4.3 TRANSFER ACKNOWLEDGE

All data must be transmitted per byte, with no limit to the number of bytes transmitted per data transfer. After each byte, the slave-receiver generates an acknowledge bit (ACK) (Figure 11-17). When a slave-receiver doesn't acknowledge the slave address or received data, the master must abort the transfer. The slave must leave SDA high so that the master can generate the STOP condition (Figure 11-14).

**FIGURE 11-17: SLAVE-RECEIVER  
ACKNOWLEDGE**



If the master is receiving the data (master-receiver), it generates an acknowledge signal for each received byte of data, except for the last byte. To signal the end of data to the slave-transmitter, the master does not generate an acknowledge (not acknowledge). The slave then releases the SDA line so the master can generate the STOP condition. The master can also generate the STOP condition during the acknowledge pulse for valid termination of data transfer.

If the slave needs to delay the transmission of the next byte, holding the SCL line low will force the master into a wait state. Data transfer continues when the slave releases the SCL line. This allows the slave to move the received data or fetch the data it needs to transfer before allowing the clock to start. This wait state technique can also be implemented at the bit level, Figure 11-18. The slave will inherently stretch the clock, when it is a transmitter, but will not when it is a receiver. The slave will have to clear the SSPCON<4> bit to enable clock stretching when it is a receiver.

### FIGURE 11-18: DATA TRANSFER WAIT STATE

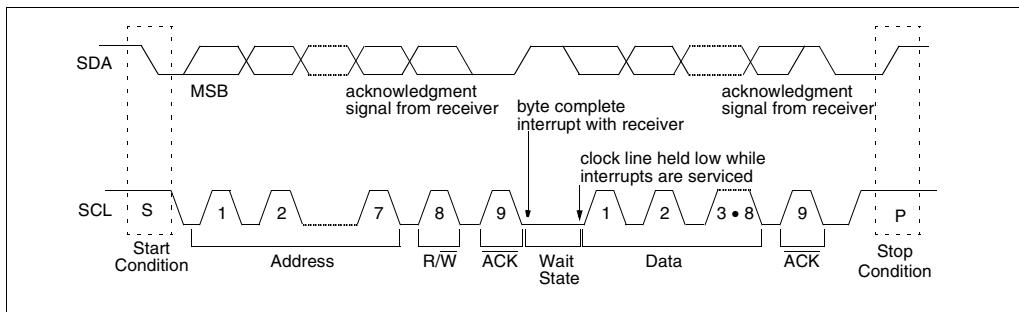




Figure 11-19 and Figure 11-20 show Master-transmitter and Master-receiver data transfer sequences.

When a master does not wish to relinquish the bus (by generating a STOP condition), a repeated START condition (Sr) must be generated. This condition is identical to the start condition (SDA goes high-to-low while

SCL is high), but occurs after a data transfer acknowledge pulse (not the bus-free state). This allows a master to send "commands" to the slave and then receive the requested information or to address a different slave device. This sequence is shown in Figure 11-21.

**FIGURE 11-19: MASTER-TRANSMITTER SEQUENCE**

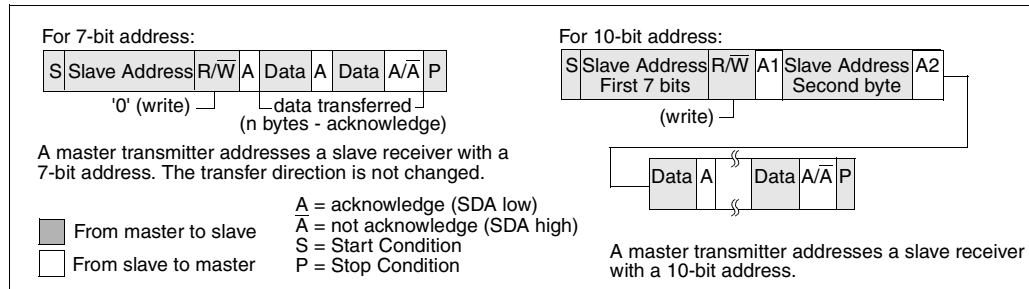


**FIGURE 11-20: MASTER-RECEIVER SEQUENCE**

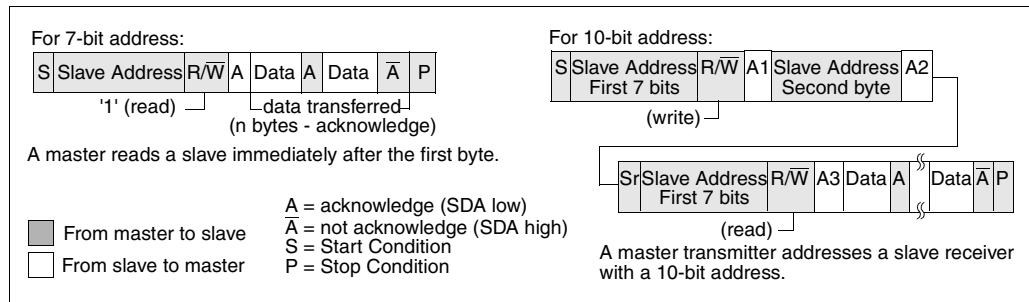
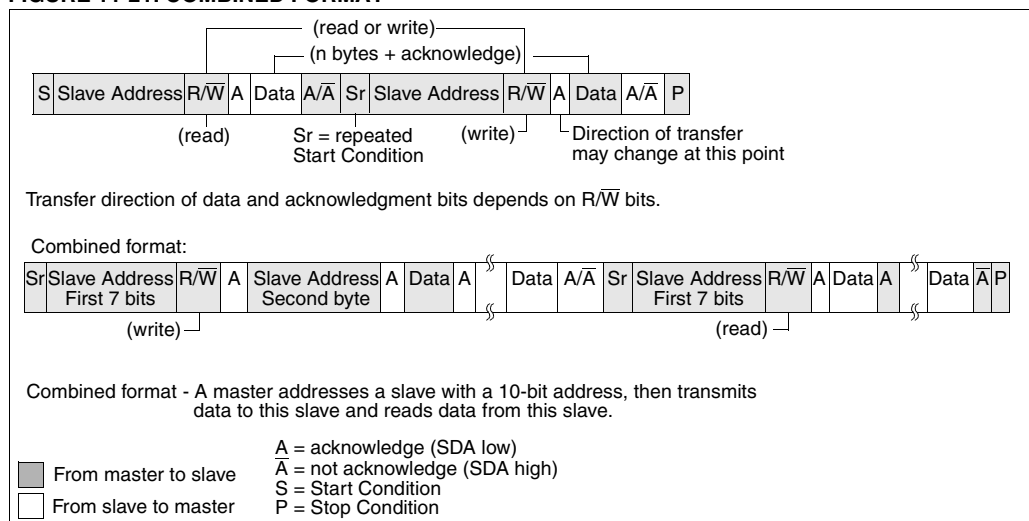


**FIGURE 11-21: COMBINED FORMAT**



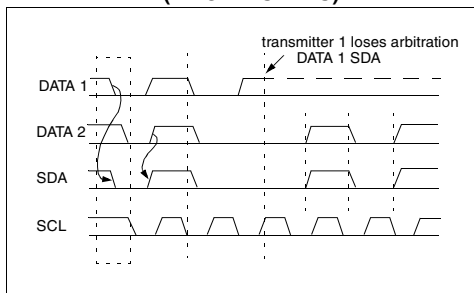
## 11.4.4 MULTI-MASTER

The I<sup>2</sup>C protocol allows a system to have more than one master. This is called multi-master. When two or more masters try to transfer data at the same time, arbitration and synchronization occur.

### 11.4.4.1 ARBITRATION

Arbitration takes place on the SDA line, while the SCL line is high. The master which transmits a high when the other master transmits a low loses arbitration (Figure 11-22), and turns off its data output stage. A master which lost arbitration can generate clock pulses until the end of the data byte where it lost arbitration. When the master devices are addressing the same device, arbitration continues into the data.

**FIGURE 11-22: MULTI-MASTER ARBITRATION (TWO MASTERS)**



Masters that also incorporate the slave function, and have lost arbitration must immediately switch over to slave-receiver mode. This is because the winning master-transmitter may be addressing it.

Arbitration is not allowed between:

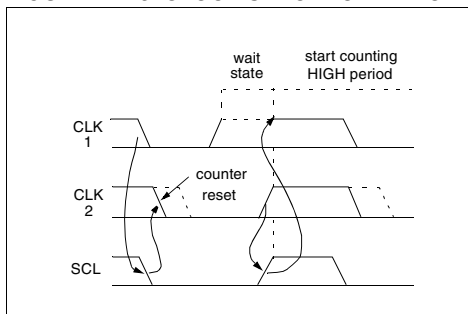
- A repeated START condition
- A STOP condition and a data bit
- A repeated START condition and a STOP condition

Care needs to be taken to ensure that these conditions do not occur.

## 11.2.4.2 Clock Synchronization

Clock synchronization occurs after the devices have started arbitration. This is performed using a wired-AND connection to the SCL line. A high to low transition on the SCL line causes the concerned devices to start counting off their low period. Once a device clock has gone low, it will hold the SCL line low until its SCL high state is reached. The low to high transition of this clock may not change the state of the SCL line, if another device clock is still within its low period. The SCL line is held low by the device with the longest low period. Devices with shorter low periods enter a high wait-state, until the SCL line comes high. When the SCL line comes high, all devices start counting off their high periods. The first device to complete its high period will pull the SCL line low. The SCL line high time is determined by the device with the shortest high period, Figure 11-23.

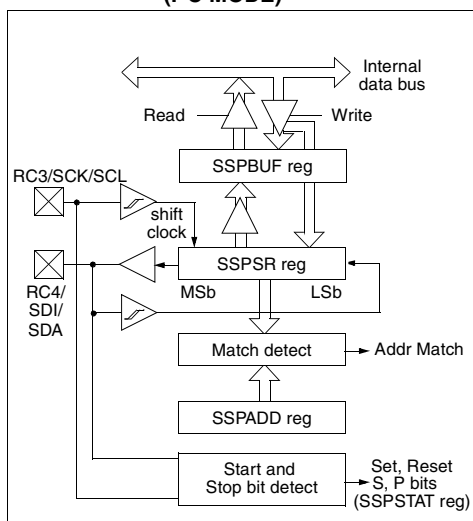
**FIGURE 11-23: CLOCK SYNCHRONIZATION**



## 11.5 SSP I<sup>2</sup>C Operation

The SSP module in I<sup>2</sup>C mode fully implements all slave functions, except general call support, and provides interrupts on start and stop bits in hardware to facilitate firmware implementations of the master functions. The SSP module implements the standard mode specifications as well as 7-bit and 10-bit addressing. Two pins are used for data transfer. These are the RC3/SCK/SCL pin, which is the clock (SCL), and the RC4/SDI/SDA pin, which is the data (SDA). The user must configure these pins as inputs or outputs through the TRISC<4:3> bits. The SSP module functions are enabled by setting SSP Enable bit SSPEN (SSP-CON<5>).

**FIGURE 11-24: SSP BLOCK DIAGRAM (I<sup>2</sup>C MODE)**



The SSP module has five registers for I<sup>2</sup>C operation. These are the:

- SSP Control Register (SSPCON)
- SSP Status Register (SSPSTAT)
- Serial Receive/Transmit Buffer (SSPBUF)
- SSP Shift Register (SSPSR) - Not directly accessible
- SSP Address Register (SSPADD)

The SSPCON register allows control of the I<sup>2</sup>C operation. Four mode selection bits (SSPCON<3:0>) allow one of the following I<sup>2</sup>C modes to be selected:

- I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode (7-bit address)
- I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode (10-bit address)
- I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode (7-bit address), with start and stop bit interrupts enabled
- I<sup>2</sup>C Slave mode (10-bit address), with start and stop bit interrupts enabled
- I<sup>2</sup>C Firmware controlled Master Mode, slave is idle

Selection of any I<sup>2</sup>C mode, with the SSPEN bit set, forces the SCL and SDA pins to be open drain, provided these pins are programmed to inputs by setting the appropriate TRISC bits.

The SSPSTAT register gives the status of the data transfer. This information includes detection of a START or STOP bit, specifies if the received byte was data or address if the next byte is the completion of 10-bit address, and if this will be a read or write data transfer. The SSPSTAT register is read only.

The SSPBUF is the register to which transfer data is written to or read from. The SSPSR register shifts the data in or out of the device. In receive operations, the SSPBUF and SSPSR create a doubled buffered receiver. This allows reception of the next byte to begin before reading the last byte of received data. When the complete byte is received, it is transferred to the SSPBUF register and flag bit SSPIF is set. If another complete byte is received before the SSPBUF register is read, a receiver overflow has occurred and bit SSPOV (SSPCON<6>) is set and the byte in the SSPSR is lost.

The SSPADD register holds the slave address. In 10-bit mode, the user first needs to write the high byte of the address (1111 0 A9 A8 0). Following the high byte address match, the low byte of the address needs to be loaded (A7:A0).

### 11.5.1 SLAVE MODE

In slave mode, the SCL and SDA pins must be configured as inputs (TRISC<4:3> set). The SSP module will override the input state with the output data when required (slave-transmitter).

When an address is matched or the data transfer after an address match is received, the hardware automatically will generate the acknowledge (ACK) pulse, and then load the SSPBUF register with the received value currently in the SSPSR register.

There are certain conditions that will cause the SSP module not to give this ACK pulse. These are if either (or both):

- The buffer full bit BF (SSPSTAT<0>) was set before the transfer was received.
- The overflow bit SSPOV (SSPCON<6>) was set before the transfer was received.

In this case, the SSPSR register value is not loaded into the SSPBUF, but bit SSPIF (PIR1<3>) is set. Table 11-4 shows what happens when a data transfer byte is received, given the status of bits BF and SSPOV. The shaded cells show the condition where user software did not properly clear the overflow condition. Flag bit BF is cleared by reading the SSPBUF register while bit SSPOV is cleared through software.

The SCL clock input must have a minimum high and low for proper operation. The high and low times of the I<sup>2</sup>C specification as well as the requirement of the SSP module is shown in timing parameter #100 and parameter #101.

#### 11.5.1.1 ADDRESSING

Once the SSP module has been enabled, it waits for a START condition to occur. Following the START condition, the 8-bits are shifted into the SSPSR register. All incoming bits are sampled with the rising edge of the clock (SCL) line. The value of register SSPSR<7:1> is compared to the value of the SSPADD register. The

address is compared on the falling edge of the eighth clock (SCL) pulse. If the addresses match, and the BF and SSPOV bits are clear, the following events occur:

- The SSPSR register value is loaded into the SSPBUF register.
- The buffer full bit, BF is set.
- An ACK pulse is generated.
- SSP interrupt flag bit, SSPIF (PIR1<3>) is set (interrupt is generated if enabled) - on the falling edge of the ninth SCL pulse.

In 10-bit address mode, two address bytes need to be received by the slave (Figure 11-16). The five Most Significant bits (MSBs) of the first address byte specify if this is a 10-bit address. Bit R/W (SSPSTAT<2>) must specify a write so the slave device will receive the second address byte. For a 10-bit address the first byte would equal '1111 0 A9 A8 0', where A9 and A8 are the two MSBs of the address. The sequence of events for 10-bit address is as follows, with steps 7- 9 for slave-transmitter:

- Receive first (high) byte of Address (bits SSPIF, BF, and bit UA (SSPSTAT<1>) are set).
- Update the SSPADD register with second (low) byte of Address (clears bit UA and releases the SCL line).
- Read the SSPBUF register (clears bit BF) and clear flag bit SSPIF.
- Receive second (low) byte of Address (bits SSPIF, BF, and UA are set).
- Update the SSPADD register with the first (high) byte of Address, if match releases SCL line, this will clear bit UA.
- Read the SSPBUF register (clears bit BF) and clear flag bit SSPIF.
- Receive repeated START condition.
- Receive first (high) byte of Address (bits SSPIF and BF are set).
- Read the SSPBUF register (clears bit BF) and clear flag bit SSPIF.

**TABLE 11-4: DATA TRANSFER RECEIVED BYTE ACTIONS**

| Status Bits as Data Transfer is Received |       | SSPSR → SSPBUF | Generate ACK Pulse | Set bit SSPIF (SSP Interrupt occurs if enabled) |
|------------------------------------------|-------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| BF                                       | SSPOV |                |                    |                                                 |
| 0                                        | 0     | Yes            | Yes                | Yes                                             |
| 1                                        | 0     | No             | No                 | Yes                                             |
| 1                                        | 1     | No             | No                 | Yes                                             |
| 0                                        | 1     | No             | No                 | Yes                                             |

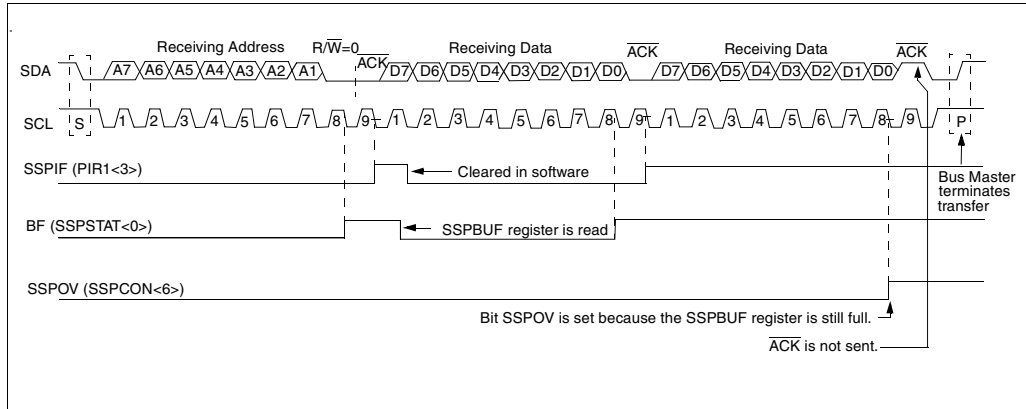
## 11.5.1.2 RECEPTION

When the  $\overline{R/\overline{W}}$  bit of the address byte is clear and an address match occurs, the  $\overline{R/\overline{W}}$  bit of the SSPSTAT register is cleared. The received address is loaded into the SSPBUF register.

When the address byte overflow condition exists, then no acknowledge ( $\overline{ACK}$ ) pulse is given. An overflow condition is defined as either bit BF (SSPSTAT<0>) is set or bit SSPOV (SSPCON<6>) is set.

An SSP interrupt is generated for each data transfer byte. Flag bit SSPIF (PIR1<3>) must be cleared in software. The SSPSTAT register is used to determine the status of the byte.

**FIGURE 11-25: I<sup>2</sup>C WAVEFORMS FOR RECEPTION (7-BIT ADDRESS)**



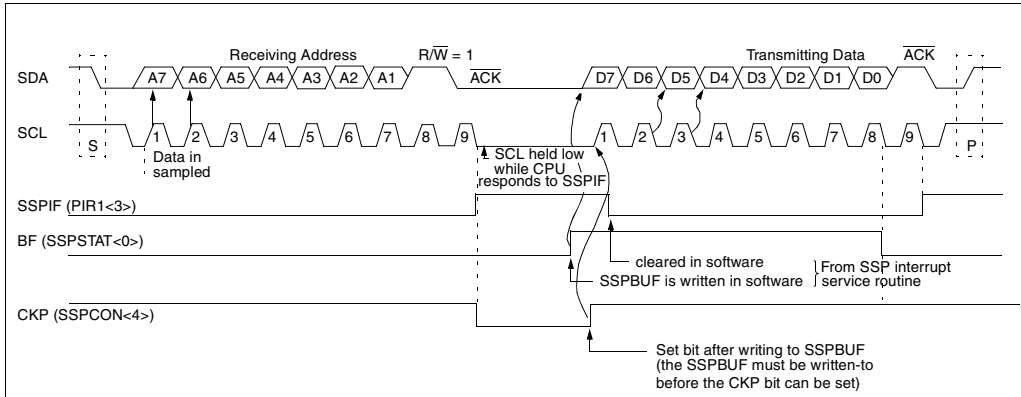
### 11.5.1.3 TRANSMISSION

When the R/W bit of the incoming address byte is set and an address match occurs, the R/W bit of the SSPSTAT register is set. The received address is loaded into the SSPBUF register. The  $\overline{\text{ACK}}$  pulse will be sent on the ninth bit, and pin RC3/SCK/SCL is held low. The transmit data must be loaded into the SSPBUF register, which also loads the SSPSR register. Then pin RC3/SCK/SCL should be enabled by setting bit CKP (SSPCON<4>). The master must monitor the SCL pin prior to asserting another clock pulse. The slave devices may be holding off the master by stretching the clock. The eight data bits are shifted out on the falling edge of the SCL input. This ensures that the SDA signal is valid during the SCL high time (Figure 11-26).

An SSP interrupt is generated for each data transfer byte. Flag bit SSPIF must be cleared in software, and the SSPSTAT register is used to determine the status of the byte. Flag bit SSPIF is set on the falling edge of the ninth clock pulse.

As a slave-transmitter, the  $\overline{\text{ACK}}$  pulse from the master-receiver is latched on the rising edge of the ninth SCL input pulse. If the SDA line was high (not  $\overline{\text{ACK}}$ ), then the data transfer is complete. When the  $\overline{\text{ACK}}$  is latched by the slave, the slave logic is reset (resets SSPSTAT register) and the slave then monitors for another occurrence of the START bit. If the SDA line was low ( $\overline{\text{ACK}}$ ), the transmit data must be loaded into the SSPBUF register, which also loads the SSPSR register. Then pin RC3/SCK/SCL should be enabled by setting bit CKP.

**FIGURE 11-26: I<sup>2</sup>C WAVEFORMS FOR TRANSMISSION (7-BIT ADDRESS)**



## 11.5.2 MASTER MODE

Master mode of operation is supported in firmware using interrupt generation on the detection of the START and STOP conditions. The STOP (P) and START (S) bits are cleared from a reset or when the SSP module is disabled. The STOP (P) and START (S) bits will toggle based on the START and STOP conditions. Control of the I<sup>2</sup>C bus may be taken when the P bit is set, or the bus is idle and both the S and P bits are clear.

In master mode the SCL and SDA lines are manipulated by clearing the corresponding TRISC<4:3> bit(s). The output level is always low, irrespective of the value(s) in PORTC<4:3>. So when transmitting data, a '1' data bit must have the TRISC<4> bit set (input) and a '0' data bit must have the TRISC<4> bit cleared (output). The same scenario is true for the SCL line with the TRISC<3> bit.

The following events will cause SSP Interrupt Flag bit, SSPIF, to be set (SSP Interrupt if enabled):

- START condition
- STOP condition
- Data transfer byte transmitted/received

Master mode of operation can be done with either the slave mode idle (SSPM3:SSPM0 = 1011) or with the slave active. When both master and slave modes are enabled, the software needs to differentiate the source(s) of the interrupt.

## 11.5.3 MULTI-MASTER MODE

In multi-master mode, the interrupt generation on the detection of the START and STOP conditions allows the determination of when the bus is free. The STOP (P) and START (S) bits are cleared from a reset or when the SSP module is disabled. The STOP (P) and START (S) bits will toggle based on the START and STOP conditions. Control of the I<sup>2</sup>C bus may be taken when bit P (SSPSTAT<4>) is set, or the bus is idle and both the S and P bits clear. When the bus is busy, enabling the SSP Interrupt will generate the interrupt when the STOP condition occurs.

In multi-master operation, the SDA line must be monitored to see if the signal level is the expected output level. This check only needs to be done when a high level is output. If a high level is expected and a low level is present, the device needs to release the SDA and SCL lines (set TRISC<4:3>). There are two stages where this arbitration can be lost, these are:

- Address Transfer
- Data Transfer

When the slave logic is enabled, the slave continues to receive. If arbitration was lost during the address transfer stage, communication to the device may be in progress. If addressed an  $\overline{\text{ACK}}$  pulse will be generated. If arbitration was lost during the data transfer stage, the device will need to re-transfer the data at a later time.

TABLE 11-5: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH I<sup>2</sup>C OPERATION

| Address              | Name    | Bit 7                                                            | Bit 6              | Bit 5                    | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2                    | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on POR, BOR | Value on all other resets |
|----------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Bh, 8Bh, 10Bh, 18Bh | INTCON  | GIE                                                              | PEIE               | TOIE                     | INTE  | RBIE  | TOIF                     | INTF   | RBF    | 0000 000x         | 0000 000u                 |
| 0Ch                  | PIR1    | PSPIF <sup>(1)</sup>                                             | (2)                | RCIF                     | TXIF  | SSPIF | CCP1IF                   | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch                  | PIE1    | PSPIE <sup>(1)</sup>                                             | (2)                | RCIE                     | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE                   | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 13h                  | SSPBUF  | Synchronous Serial Port Receive Buffer/Transmit Register         |                    |                          |       |       |                          |        |        | xxxx xxxx         | uuuu uuuu                 |
| 93h                  | SSPADD  | Synchronous Serial Port (I <sup>2</sup> C mode) Address Register |                    |                          |       |       |                          |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 14h                  | SSPCON  | WCOL                                                             | SSPOV              | SSPEN                    | CKP   | SSPM3 | SSPM2                    | SSPM1  | SSPM0  | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 94h                  | SSPSTAT | SMP <sup>(3)</sup>                                               | CKE <sup>(3)</sup> | D/ $\overline{\text{A}}$ | P     | S     | R/ $\overline{\text{W}}$ | UA     | BF     | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 87h                  | TRISC   | PORTC Data Direction register                                    |                    |                          |       |       |                          |        |        | 1111 1111         | 1111 1111                 |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'.

Shaded cells are not used by SSP module in SPI mode.

Note 1: PSPIF and PSPIE are reserved on the PIC16C66, always maintain these bits clear.

2: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

3: The SMP and CKE bits are implemented on the PIC16C66/67 only. All other PIC16C6X devices have these two bits unimplemented, read as '0'.

**FIGURE 11-27: OPERATION OF THE I<sup>2</sup>C MODULE IN IDLE\_MODE, RCV\_MODE OR XMIT\_MODE**

|                                                                |                   |                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <b>IDLE_MODE (7-bit):</b>                                      |                   |                                          |
| if (Addr_match)                                                | {                 | Set interrupt;                           |
|                                                                | if (R/W = 1)      | {                                        |
|                                                                |                   | Send $\overline{ACK}$ = 0;               |
|                                                                |                   | set XMIT_MODE;                           |
|                                                                |                   | }                                        |
|                                                                | else if (R/W = 0) | set RCV_MODE;                            |
|                                                                | }                 |                                          |
| <b>RCV_MODE:</b>                                               |                   |                                          |
| if ((SSPBUF=Full) OR (SSPOV = 1))                              | {                 | Set SSPOV;                               |
|                                                                |                   | Do not acknowledge;                      |
|                                                                | }                 |                                          |
| else                                                           | {                 | transfer SSPSR → SSPBUF;                 |
|                                                                |                   | send $\overline{ACK}$ = 0;               |
|                                                                | }                 |                                          |
| Receive 8-bits in SSPSR;                                       |                   |                                          |
| Set interrupt;                                                 |                   |                                          |
| <b>XMIT_MODE:</b>                                              |                   |                                          |
| While ((SSPBUF = Empty) AND (CKP=0)) Hold SCL Low;             |                   |                                          |
| Send byte;                                                     |                   |                                          |
| Set interrupt;                                                 |                   |                                          |
| if ( $\overline{ACK}$ Received = 1)                            | {                 | End of transmission;                     |
|                                                                |                   | Go back to IDLE_MODE;                    |
|                                                                | }                 |                                          |
| else if ( $\overline{ACK}$ Received = 0) Go back to XMIT_MODE; |                   |                                          |
| <b>IDLE_MODE (10-Bit):</b>                                     |                   |                                          |
| If (High_byte_addr_match AND (R/W = 0))                        |                   |                                          |
|                                                                | {                 | PRIOR_ADDR_MATCH = FALSE;                |
|                                                                |                   | Set interrupt;                           |
|                                                                |                   | if ((SSPBUF = Full) OR ((SSPOV = 1))     |
|                                                                |                   | {                                        |
|                                                                |                   | Set SSPOV;                               |
|                                                                |                   | Do not acknowledge;                      |
|                                                                |                   | }                                        |
|                                                                | else              | {                                        |
|                                                                |                   | Set UA = 1;                              |
|                                                                |                   | Send $\overline{ACK}$ = 0;               |
|                                                                |                   | While (SSPADD not updated) Hold SCL low; |
|                                                                |                   | Clear UA = 0;                            |
|                                                                |                   | Receive Low_addr_byte;                   |
|                                                                |                   | Set interrupt;                           |
|                                                                |                   | Set UA = 1;                              |
|                                                                |                   | If (Low_byte_addr_match)                 |
|                                                                |                   | {                                        |
|                                                                |                   | PRIOR_ADDR_MATCH = TRUE;                 |
|                                                                |                   | Send $\overline{ACK}$ = 0;               |
|                                                                |                   | while (SSPADD not updated) Hold SCL low; |
|                                                                |                   | Clear UA = 0;                            |
|                                                                |                   | Set RCV_MODE;                            |
|                                                                |                   | }                                        |
|                                                                |                   | }                                        |
|                                                                | }                 |                                          |
|                                                                | }                 |                                          |
| else if (High_byte_addr_match AND (R/W = 1))                   |                   |                                          |
|                                                                | {                 | if (PRIOR_ADDR_MATCH)                    |
|                                                                |                   | {                                        |
|                                                                |                   | send $\overline{ACK}$ = 0;               |
|                                                                |                   | set XMIT_MODE;                           |
|                                                                |                   | }                                        |
|                                                                |                   | else PRIOR_ADDR_MATCH = FALSE;           |
|                                                                | }                 |                                          |
|                                                                | }                 |                                          |



## 12.0 UNIVERSAL SYNCHRONOUS ASYNCHRONOUS RECEIVER TRANSMITTER (USART) MODULE

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

The Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (USART) module is one of the two serial I/O modules. (USART is also known as a Serial Communications Interface or SCI) The USART can be configured as a full duplex asynchronous system that can communicate with peripheral devices such as CRT ter-

minals and personal computers, or it can be configured as a half duplex synchronous system that can communicate with peripheral devices such as A/D or D/A integrated circuits, Serial EEPROMs etc.

The USART can be configured in the following modes:

- Asynchronous (full duplex)
- Synchronous - Master (half duplex)
- Synchronous - Slave (half duplex)

Bit SPEN (RCSTA<7>) and bits TRISC<7:6> have to be set in order to configure pins RC6/TX/CK and RC7/RX/DT as the Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter.

**FIGURE 12-1: TXSTA: TRANSMIT STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER (ADDRESS 98h)**

| R/W-0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R-1  | R/W-0 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|
| CSRC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | TX9   | TXEN  | SYNC  | —   | BRGH  | TRMT | TX9D  |
| bit7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |       |       |       |     |       |      | bit0  |
| <div> <p>bit 7: <b>CSRC:</b> Clock Source Select bit</p> <p><u>Asynchronous mode</u><br/>Don't care</p> <p><u>Synchronous mode</u><br/>1 = Master mode (Clock generated internally from BRG)<br/>0 = Slave mode (Clock from external source)</p> <p>bit 6: <b>TX9:</b> 9-bit Transmit Enable bit<br/>1 = Selects 9-bit transmission<br/>0 = Selects 8-bit transmission</p> <p>bit 5: <b>TXEN:</b> Transmit Enable bit<br/>1 = Transmit enabled<br/>0 = Transmit disabled<br/>Note: SREN/CREN overrides TXEN in SYNC mode.</p> <p>bit 4: <b>SYNC:</b> USART Mode Select bit<br/>1 = Synchronous mode<br/>0 = Asynchronous mode</p> <p>bit 3: <b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'</p> <p>bit 2: <b>BRGH:</b> High Baud Rate Select bit</p> <p><u>Asynchronous mode</u><br/>1 = High speed</p> <div> <p><b>Note:</b> For the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 the asynchronous high speed mode (BRGH = 1) may experience a high rate of receive errors. It is recommended that BRGH = 0. If you desire a higher baud rate than BRGH = 0 can support, refer to the device errata for additional information or use the PIC16C66/67.</p> </div> <p>0 = Low speed</p> <p><u>Synchronous mode</u><br/>Unused in this mode</p> <p>bit 1: <b>TRMT:</b> Transmit Shift Register Status bit<br/>1 = TSR empty<br/>0 = TSR full</p> <p>bit 0: <b>TX9D:</b> 9th bit of transmit data. Can be parity bit.</p> </div> <div> <p>R = Readable bit<br/>W = Writable bit<br/>U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'<br/>- n =Value at POR reset</p> </div> |       |       |       |     |       |      |       |

# PIC16C6X

**FIGURE 12-2: RCSTA: RECEIVE STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER (ADDRESS 18h)**

| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | R-0  | R-0  | R-x  |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|------|------|------|
| SPEN  | RX9   | SREN  | CREN  | —   | FERR | OERR | RX9D |
| bit7  |       |       |       |     |      |      | bit0 |

R = Readable bit  
W = Writable bit  
U = Unimplemented  
bit, read as '0'  
- n = Value at POR reset  
x = unknown

bit 7: **SPEN**: Serial Port Enable bit  
(Configures RC7/RX/DT and RC6/TX/CK pins as serial port pins when bits TRISC<7:6> are set)  
1 = Serial port enabled  
0 = Serial port disabled

bit 6: **RX9**: 9-bit Receive Enable bit  
1 = Selects 9-bit reception  
0 = Selects 8-bit reception

bit 5: **SREN**: Single Receive Enable bit  
Asynchronous mode  
Don't care  
Synchronous mode - master  
1 = Enables single receive  
0 = Disables single receive  
This bit is cleared after reception is complete.  
Synchronous mode - slave  
Unused in this mode

bit 4: **CREN**: Continuous Receive Enable bit  
Asynchronous mode  
1 = Enables continuous receive  
0 = Disables continuous receive  
Synchronous mode  
1 = Enables continuous receive until enable bit CREN is cleared (CREN overrides SREN)  
0 = Disables continuous receive

bit 3: **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 2: **FERR**: Framing Error bit  
1 = Framing error (Can be updated by reading RCREG register and receive next valid byte)  
0 = No framing error

bit 1: **OERR**: Overrun Error bit  
1 = Overrun error (Can be cleared by clearing bit CREN)  
0 = No overrun error

bit 0: **RX9D**: 9th bit of received data (Can be parity bit)

## 12.1 USART Baud Rate Generator (BRG)

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

The BRG supports both the Asynchronous and Synchronous modes of the USART. It is a dedicated 8-bit baud rate generator. The SPBRG register controls the period of a free running 8-bit timer. In asynchronous mode bit BRGH (TXSTA<2>) also controls the baud rate. In synchronous mode bit BRGH is ignored. Table 12-1 shows the formula for computation of the baud rate for different USART modes which only apply in master mode (internal clock).

Given the desired baud rate and  $F_{osc}$ , the nearest integer value for the SPBRG register can be calculated using the formula in Table 12-1. From this, the error in baud rate can be determined.

Example 12-1 shows the calculation of the baud rate error for the following conditions:

$F_{osc} = 16 \text{ MHz}$   
 Desired Baud Rate = 9600  
 BRGH = 0  
 SYNC = 0

## EXAMPLE 12-1: CALCULATING BAUD RATE ERROR

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Desired Baud rate} &= F_{osc} / (64 (X + 1)) \\
 9600 &= 16000000 / (64 (X + 1)) \\
 X &= \lfloor 25.042 \rfloor = 25 \\
 \text{Calculated Baud Rate} &= 16000000 / (64 (25 + 1)) \\
 &= 9615 \\
 \text{Error} &= \frac{(\text{Calculated Baud Rate} - \text{Desired Baud Rate})}{\text{Desired Baud Rate}} \\
 &= (9615 - 9600) / 9600 \\
 &= 0.16\%
 \end{aligned}$$

It may be advantageous to use the high baud rate (BRGH = 1) even for slower baud clocks. This is because the  $F_{osc}/(16(X + 1))$  equation can reduce the baud rate error in some cases.

**Note:** For the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 the asynchronous high speed mode (BRGH = 1) may experience a high rate of receive errors. It is recommended that BRGH = 0. If you desire a higher baud rate than BRGH = 0 can support, refer to the device errata for additional information or use the PIC16C66/67.

Writing a new value to the SPBRG register, causes the BRG timer to be reset (or cleared), this ensures that the BRG does not wait for a timer overflow before outputting the new baud rate.

**TABLE 12-1: BAUD RATE FORMULA**

| SYNC | BRGH = 0 (Low Speed)                           | BRGH = 1 (High Speed)           |
|------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0    | (Asynchronous) Baud Rate = $F_{osc}/(64(X+1))$ | Baud Rate = $F_{osc}/(16(X+1))$ |
| 1    | (Synchronous) Baud Rate = $F_{osc}/(4(X+1))$   | N/A                             |

X = value in SPBRG (0 to 255)

**TABLE 12-2: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH BAUD RATE GENERATOR**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7                        | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Value on POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|---------|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 98h     | TXSTA | CSRC                         | TX9   | TXEN  | SYNC  | —     | BRGH  | TRMT  | TX9D  | 0000 - 010        | 0000 - 010                |
| 18h     | RCSTA | SPEN                         | RX9   | SREN  | CREN  | —     | FERR  | OERR  | RX9D  | 0000 - 00x        | 0000 - 00x                |
| 99h     | SPBRG | Baud Rate Generator Register |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, - = unimplemented read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used by the BRG.

# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 12-3: BAUD RATES FOR SYNCHRONOUS MODE**

| BAUD RATE (K) | FOSC = 20 MHz |         |                       | 16 MHz |         |                       | 10 MHz |         |                       | 7.15909 MHz |         |                       |
|---------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|
|               | KBAUD         | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD       | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) |
| 0.3           | NA            | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| 1.2           | NA            | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| 2.4           | NA            | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| 9.6           | NA            | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | 9.766  | +1.73   | 255                   | 9.622       | +0.23   | 185                   |
| 19.2          | 19.53         | +1.73   | 255                   | 19.23  | +0.16   | 207                   | 19.23  | +0.16   | 129                   | 19.24       | +0.23   | 92                    |
| 76.8          | 76.92         | +0.16   | 64                    | 76.92  | +0.16   | 51                    | 75.76  | -1.36   | 32                    | 77.82       | +1.32   | 22                    |
| 96            | 96.15         | +0.16   | 51                    | 95.24  | -0.79   | 41                    | 96.15  | +0.16   | 25                    | 94.20       | -1.88   | 18                    |
| 300           | 294.1         | -1.96   | 16                    | 307.69 | +2.56   | 12                    | 312.5  | +4.17   | 7                     | 298.3       | -0.57   | 5                     |
| 500           | 500           | 0       | 9                     | 500    | 0       | 7                     | 500    | 0       | 4                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| HIGH          | 5000          | -       | 0                     | 4000   | -       | 0                     | 2500   | -       | 0                     | 1789.8      | -       | 0                     |
| LOW           | 19.53         | -       | 255                   | 15.625 | -       | 255                   | 9.766  | -       | 255                   | 6.991       | -       | 255                   |

| BAUD RATE (K) | FOSC = 5.0688 MHz |         |                       | 4 MHz  |         |                       | 3.579545 MHz |         |                       | 1 MHz  |         |                       | 32.768 kHz |         |                       |
|---------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|------------|---------|-----------------------|
|               | KBAUD             | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD        | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD      | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) |
| 0.3           | NA                | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA           | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | 0.303      | +1.14   | 26                    |
| 1.2           | NA                | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA           | -       | -                     | 1.202  | +0.16   | 207                   | 1.170      | -2.48   | 6                     |
| 2.4           | NA                | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA           | -       | -                     | 2.404  | +0.16   | 103                   | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 9.6           | 9.6               | 0       | 131                   | 9.615  | +0.16   | 103                   | 9.622        | +0.23   | 92                    | 9.615  | +0.16   | 25                    | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 19.2          | 19.2              | 0       | 65                    | 19.231 | +0.16   | 51                    | 19.04        | -0.83   | 46                    | 19.24  | +0.16   | 12                    | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 76.8          | 79.2              | +3.13   | 15                    | 76.923 | +0.16   | 12                    | 74.57        | -2.90   | 11                    | 83.34  | +8.51   | 2                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 96            | 97.48             | +1.54   | 12                    | 1000   | +4.17   | 9                     | 99.43        | +3.57   | 8                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 300           | 316.8             | +5.60   | 3                     | NA     | -       | -                     | 298.3        | -0.57   | 2                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 500           | NA                | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA           | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| HIGH          | 1267              | -       | 0                     | 100    | -       | 0                     | 894.9        | -       | 0                     | 250    | -       | 0                     | 8.192      | -       | 0                     |
| LOW           | 4.950             | -       | 255                   | 3.906  | -       | 255                   | 3.496        | -       | 255                   | 0.9766 | -       | 255                   | 0.032      | -       | 255                   |

**TABLE 12-4: BAUD RATES FOR ASYNCHRONOUS MODE (BRGH = 0)**

| BAUD RATE (K) | FOSC = 20 MHz |         |                       | 16 MHz |         |                       | 10 MHz |         |                       | 7.15909 MHz |         |                       |
|---------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------|
|               | KBAUD         | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD       | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) |
| 0.3           | NA            | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| 1.2           | 1.221         | +1.73   | 255                   | 1.202  | +0.16   | 207                   | 1.202  | +0.16   | 129                   | 1.203       | +0.23   | 92                    |
| 2.4           | 2.404         | +0.16   | 129                   | 2.404  | +0.16   | 103                   | 2.404  | +0.16   | 64                    | 2.380       | -0.83   | 46                    |
| 9.6           | 9.469         | -1.36   | 32                    | 9.615  | +0.16   | 25                    | 9.766  | +1.73   | 15                    | 9.322       | -2.90   | 11                    |
| 19.2          | 19.53         | +1.73   | 15                    | 19.23  | +0.16   | 12                    | 19.53  | +1.73   | 7                     | 18.64       | -2.90   | 5                     |
| 76.8          | 78.13         | +1.73   | 3                     | 83.33  | +8.51   | 2                     | 78.13  | +1.73   | 1                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| 96            | 104.2         | +8.51   | 2                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| 300           | 312.5         | +4.17   | 0                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| 500           | NA            | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA          | -       | -                     |
| HIGH          | 312.5         | -       | 0                     | 250    | -       | 0                     | 156.3  | -       | 0                     | 111.9       | -       | 0                     |
| LOW           | 1.221         | -       | 255                   | 0.977  | -       | 255                   | 0.6104 | -       | 255                   | 0.437       | -       | 255                   |

| BAUD RATE (K) | FOSC = 5.0688 MHz |         |                       | 4 MHz  |         |                       | 3.579545 MHz |         |                       | 1 MHz  |         |                       | 32.768 kHz |         |                       |
|---------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|--------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|------------|---------|-----------------------|
|               | KBAUD             | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD        | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD      | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) |
| 0.3           | 0.31              | +3.13   | 255                   | 0.3005 | -0.17   | 207                   | 0.301        | +0.23   | 185                   | 0.300  | +0.16   | 51                    | 0.256      | -14.67  | 1                     |
| 1.2           | 1.2               | 0       | 65                    | 1.202  | +1.67   | 51                    | 1.190        | -0.83   | 46                    | 1.202  | +0.16   | 12                    | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 2.4           | 2.4               | 0       | 32                    | 2.404  | +1.67   | 25                    | 2.432        | +1.32   | 22                    | 2.232  | -6.99   | 6                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 9.6           | 9.9               | +3.13   | 7                     | NA     | -       | -                     | 9.322        | -2.90   | 5                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 19.2          | 19.8              | +3.13   | 3                     | NA     | -       | -                     | 18.64        | -2.90   | 2                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 76.8          | 79.2              | +3.13   | 0                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA           | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 96            | NA                | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA           | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 300           | NA                | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA           | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 500           | NA                | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA           | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| HIGH          | 79.2              | -       | 0                     | 62.500 | -       | 0                     | 55.93        | -       | 0                     | 15.63  | -       | 0                     | 0.512      | -       | 0                     |
| LOW           | 0.3094            | -       | 255                   | 3.906  | -       | 255                   | 0.2185       | -       | 255                   | 0.0610 | -       | 255                   | 0.0020     | -       | 255                   |

**TABLE 12-5: BAUD RATES FOR ASYNCHRONOUS MODE (BRGH = 1)**

| BAUD RATE (K) | FOSC = 20 MHz |         |                       | 16 MHz  |         |                       | 10 MHz |         |                       | 7.16 MHz |         |                       |
|---------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------------------|
|               | KBAUD         | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD   | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD    | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) |
| 9.6           | 9.615         | +0.16   | 129                   | 9.615   | +0.16   | 103                   | 9.615  | +0.16   | 64                    | 9.520    | -0.83   | 46                    |
| 19.2          | 19.230        | +0.16   | 64                    | 19.230  | +0.16   | 51                    | 18.939 | -1.36   | 32                    | 19.454   | +1.32   | 22                    |
| 38.4          | 37.878        | -1.36   | 32                    | 38.461  | +0.16   | 25                    | 39.062 | +1.7    | 15                    | 37.286   | -2.90   | 11                    |
| 57.6          | 56.818        | -1.36   | 21                    | 58.823  | +2.12   | 16                    | 56.818 | -1.36   | 10                    | 55.930   | -2.90   | 7                     |
| 115.2         | 113.636       | -1.36   | 10                    | 111.111 | -3.55   | 8                     | 125    | +8.51   | 4                     | 111.860  | -2.90   | 3                     |
| 250           | 250           | 0       | 4                     | 250     | 0       | 3                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA       | -       | -                     |
| 625           | 625           | 0       | 1                     | NA      | -       | -                     | 625    | 0       | 0                     | NA       | -       | -                     |
| 1250          | 1250          | 0       | 0                     | NA      | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA       | -       | -                     |

| BAUD RATE (K) | FOSC = 5.068 MHz |         |                       | 4 MHz  |         |                       | 3.579 MHz |         |                       | 1 MHz  |         |                       | 32.768 kHz |         |                       |
|---------------|------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|-----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------|------------|---------|-----------------------|
|               | KBAUD            | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD     | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD  | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) | KBAUD      | % ERROR | SPBRG value (decimal) |
| 9.6           | 9.6              | 0       | 32                    | NA     | -       | -                     | 9.727     | +1.32   | 22                    | 8.928  | -6.99   | 6                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 19.2          | 18.645           | -2.94   | 16                    | 1.202  | +0.17   | 207                   | 18.643    | -2.90   | 11                    | 20.833 | +8.51   | 2                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 38.4          | 39.6             | +3.12   | 7                     | 2.403  | +0.13   | 103                   | 37.286    | -2.90   | 5                     | 31.25  | -18.61  | 1                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 57.6          | 52.8             | -8.33   | 5                     | 9.615  | +0.16   | 25                    | 55.930    | -2.90   | 3                     | 62.5   | +8.51   | 0                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 115.2         | 105.6            | -8.33   | 2                     | 19.231 | +0.16   | 12                    | 111.860   | -2.90   | 1                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 250           | NA               | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | 223.721   | -10.51  | 0                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 625           | NA               | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA        | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |
| 1250          | NA               | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA        | -       | -                     | NA     | -       | -                     | NA         | -       | -                     |

**Note:** For the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 the asynchronous high speed mode (BRGH = 1) may experience a high rate of receive errors. It is recommended that BRGH = 0. If you desire a higher baud rate than BRGH = 0 can support, refer to the device errata for additional information or use the PIC16C66/67.

# PIC16C6X

## 12.1.1 SAMPLING

The data on the RC7/RX/DT pin is sampled three times by a majority detect circuit to determine if a high or a low level is present at the RX pin. If bit BRGH (TXSTA<2>) is clear (i.e., at the low baud rates), the sampling is done on the seventh, eighth and ninth falling edges of a x16 clock (Figure 12-3). If bit BRGH is

set (i.e., at the high baud rates), the sampling is done on the 3 clock edges preceding the second rising edge after the first falling edge of a x4 clock (Figure 12-4 and Figure 12-5).

**FIGURE 12-3: RX PIN SAMPLING SCHEME (BRGH = 0) PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65)**

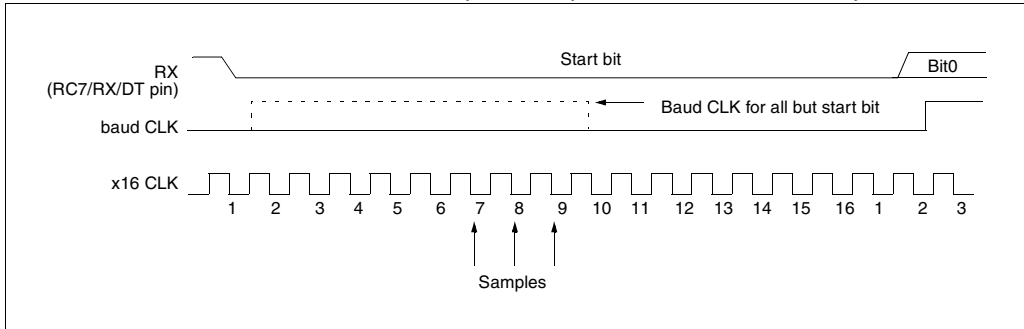


**FIGURE 12-4: RX PIN SAMPLING SCHEME (BRGH = 1) (PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65)**

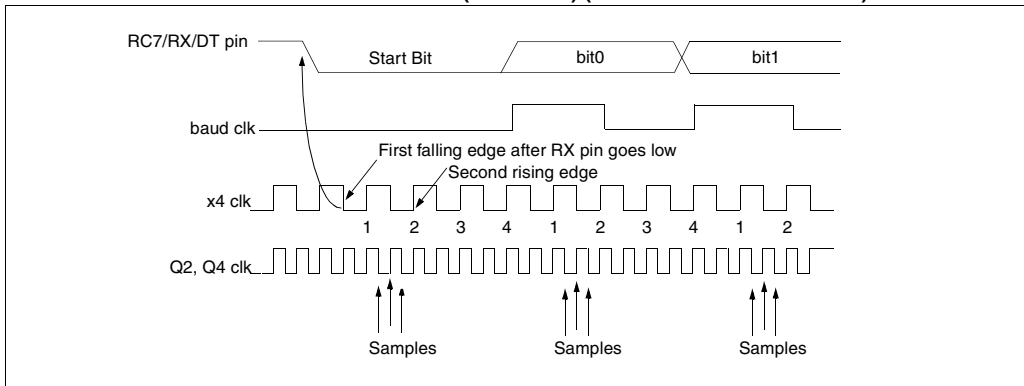


**FIGURE 12-5: RX PIN SAMPLING SCHEME (BRGH = 1) (PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65)**

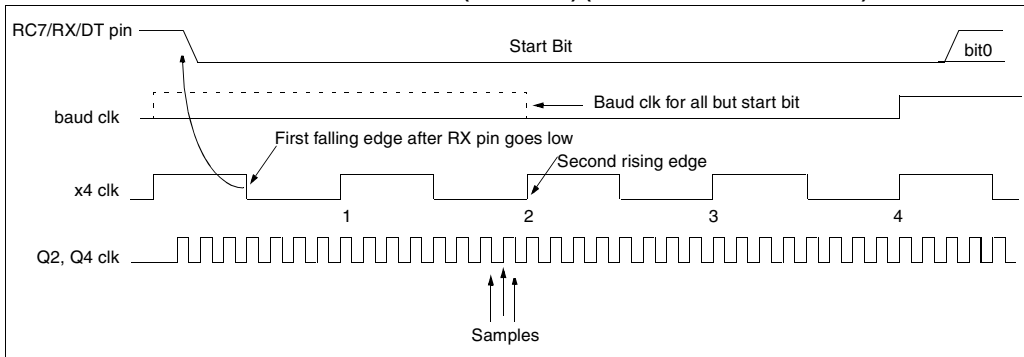
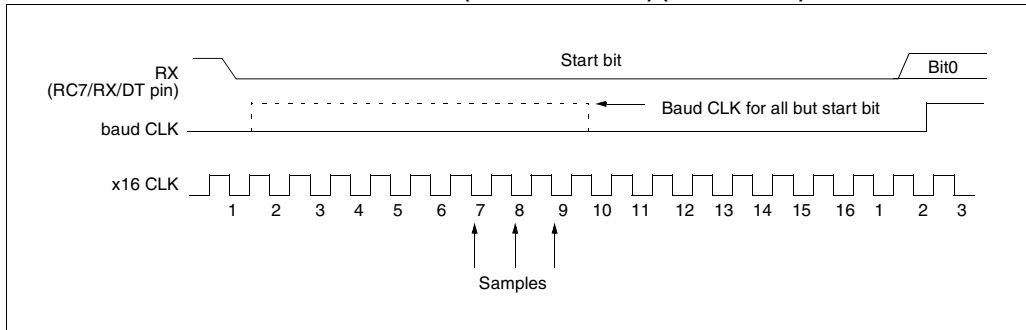


**FIGURE 12-6: RX PIN SAMPLING SCHEME (BRGH = 0 OR = 1) (PIC16C66/67)**



---

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

- Baud Rate Generator
- Sampling Circuit
- Asynchronous Transmitter
- Asynchronous Receiver

The USART transmitter block diagram is shown in Figure 12-7. The heart of the transmitter is the transmit (serial) shift register (TSR). The shift register obtains its data from the read/write transmit buffer, TXREG. The TXREG register is loaded with data in software. The TSR register is not loaded until the STOP bit has been transmitted from the previous load. As soon as the STOP bit is transmitted, the TSR is loaded with new data from the TXREG (if available). Once the TXREG register transfers the data to the TSR register (occurs in one Tcy) the TXREG register is empty and flag bit TXIF (PIR1<4>) is set. This interrupt is enabled/dis-

In order to select 9-bit transmission, transmit bit TX9 (TXSTA<6>) should be set and the ninth bit should be written to bit TX9D (TXSTA<0>). The ninth bit must be written before writing the 8-bit data to the TXREG register. This is because a data write to the TXREG register can result in an immediate transfer of the data to the TSR register (if the TSR is empty). In such a case, an incorrect ninth data bit maybe loaded in the TSR register.

```

graph LR
    DB[Data Bus] <--> TXREG[TXREG register]
    TXREG -- 8 --> TSR[TSR register]
    TXREG --> TXIF[TXIF]
    TXIF --> TXIE[TXIE]
    TXIF --> AND1[AND]
    TXIE --> AND1
    AND1 --> Interrupt[Interrupt]
    TXIF --> PinBC[Pin Buffer and Control]
    PinBC --> Pin[RC6/TX/CK pin]
    PinBC --> TRMT[TRMT]
    PinBC --> SPEN[SPEN]
    SPBRG[SPBRG] --> BCLK[Baud Rate CLK]
    BCLK --> AND2[AND]
    TXEN[TXEN] --> AND2
    AND2 --> TX9[TX9]
    TX9 --> TX9D[TX9D]
    TX9D --> TXREG
    
```



Steps to follow when setting up an Asynchronous Transmission:

1. Initialize the SPBRG register for the appropriate baud rate. If a high speed baud rate is desired, then set bit BRGH. (Section 12.1).
2. Enable the asynchronous serial port by clearing bit SYNC and setting bit SPEN.
3. If interrupts are desired, then set enable bit TXIE.
4. If 9-bit transmission is desired, then set transmit bit TX9.
5. Enable the transmission by setting bit TXEN, which will also set bit TXIF.
6. If 9-bit transmission is selected, the ninth bit should be loaded in bit TX9D.
7. Load data to the TXREG register (starts transmission).

**FIGURE 12-8: ASYNCHRONOUS MASTER TRANSMISSION**

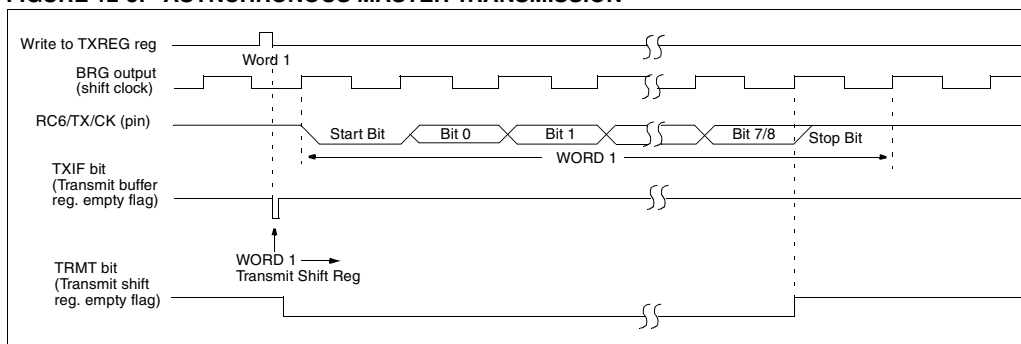


**FIGURE 12-9: ASYNCHRONOUS MASTER TRANSMISSION (BACK TO BACK)**

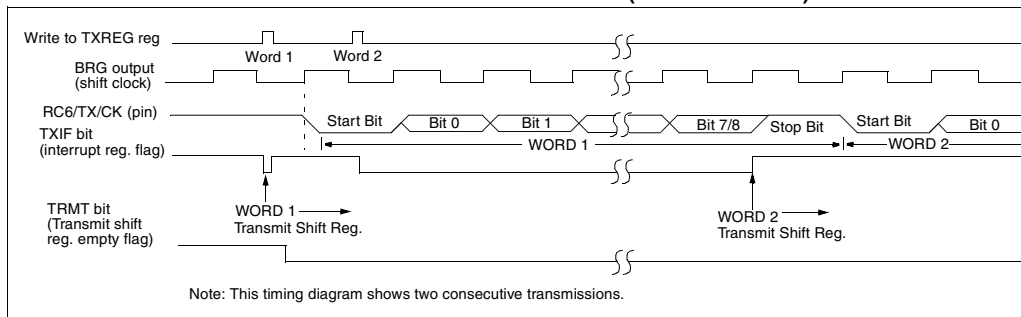


**TABLE 12-6: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH ASYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7                        | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|---------|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Ch     | PIR1  | PSPIF <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIF  | TXIF  | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 18h     | RCSTA | SPEN                         | RX9   | SREN  | CREN  | —     | FERR   | OERR   | RX9D   | 0000 -00x         | 0000 -00x                 |
| 19h     | TXREG | USART Transmit Register      |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch     | PIE1  | PSPIE <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIE  | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 98h     | TXSTA | CSRC                         | TX9   | TXEN  | SYNC  | —     | BRGH   | TRMT   | TX9D   | 0000 -010         | 0000 -010                 |
| 99h     | SPBRG | Baud Rate Generator Register |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used for Asynchronous Transmission.

Note 1: PSPIF and PSPIE are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

2: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

# PIC16C6X

## 12.2.2 USART ASYNCHRONOUS RECEIVER

The receiver block diagram is shown in Figure 12-10. The data comes in the RC7/RX/DT pin and drives the data recovery block. The data recovery block is actually a high speed shifter operating at x16 times the baud rate, whereas the main receive serial shifter operates at the bit rate or at Fosc.

Once Asynchronous mode is selected, reception is enabled by setting bit CREN (RCSTA<4>).

The heart of the receiver is the receive (serial) shift register (RSR). After sampling the STOP bit, the received data in the RSR is transferred to the RCREG register (if it is empty). If the transfer is complete, flag bit RCIF (PIR1<5>) is set. The actual interrupt can be enabled/disabled by setting/clearing enable bit RCIE (PIE1<5>). Flag bit RCIF is a read only bit which is cleared by the hardware. It is cleared when the RCREG register has been read and is empty. The RCREG is double buffered register, i.e., it is a two deep FIFO. It is

possible for two bytes of data to be received and transferred to the RCREG FIFO and a third byte begin shifting to the RSR register. On the detection of the STOP bit of the third byte, if the RCREG is still full, then the overrun error bit, OERR (RCSTA<1>) will be set. The word in the RSR register will be lost. The RCREG register can be read twice to retrieve the two bytes in the FIFO. Overrun bit OERR has to be cleared in software. This is done by resetting the receive logic (CREN is cleared and then set). If bit OERR is set, transfers from the RSR register to the RCREG register are inhibited, so it is essential to clear overrun bit OERR if it is set. Framing error bit FERR (RCSTA<2>) is set if a stop bit is detected as clear. Error bit FERR and the 9th receive bit are buffered the same way as the receive data. Reading the RCREG register will load bits RX9D and FERR with new values. Therefore it is essential for the user to read the RCSTA register before reading RCREG in order not to lose the old FERR and RX9D information.

**FIGURE 12-10: USART RECEIVE BLOCK DIAGRAM**

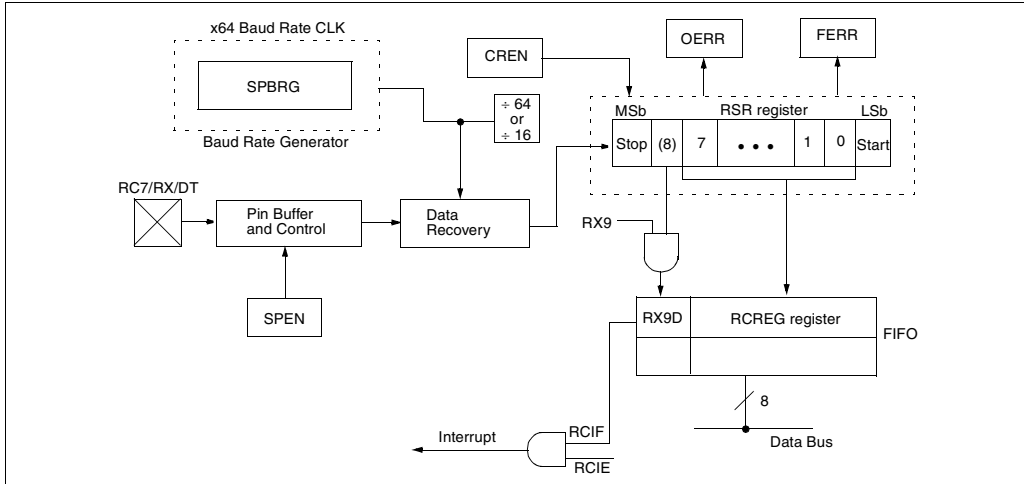
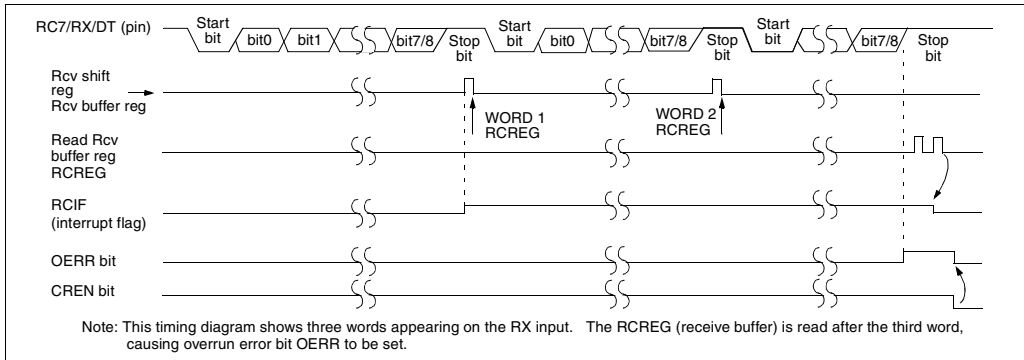


**FIGURE 12-11: ASYNCHRONOUS RECEPTION**



Steps to follow when setting up an Asynchronous Reception:

1. Initialize the SPBRG register for the appropriate baud rate. If a high speed baud rate is desired, set bit BRGH (Section 12.1).
2. Enable the asynchronous serial port by clearing bit SYNC and setting bit SPEN.
3. If interrupts are desired, then set enable bit RCIE.
4. If 9-bit reception is desired, then set bit RX9.
5. Enable the reception by setting enable bit CREN.
6. Flag bit RCIF will be set when reception is complete, and an interrupt will be generated if enable bit RCIE was set.
7. Read the RCSTA register to get the ninth bit (if enabled) and determine if any error occurred during reception.
8. Read the 8-bit received data by reading the RCREG register.
9. If any error occurred, clear the error by clearing enable bit CREN.

**TABLE 12-7: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH ASYNCHRONOUS RECEPTION**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7                        | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|---------|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Ch     | PIR1  | PSPIF <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIF  | TXIF  | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 18h     | RCSTA | SPEN                         | RX9   | SREN  | CREN  | —     | FERR   | OERR   | RX9D   | 0000 -00x         | 0000 -00x                 |
| 1Ah     | RCREG | USART Receive Register       |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch     | PIE1  | PSPIE <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIE  | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 98h     | TXSTA | CSRC                         | TX9   | TXEN  | SYNC  | —     | BRGH   | TRMT   | TX9D   | 0000 -010         | 0000 -010                 |
| 99h     | SPBRG | Baud Rate Generator Register |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used for Asynchronous Reception.

Note 1: PSPIE and PSPIF are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

2: PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

## 12.3 USART Synchronous Master Mode

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

In Synchronous Master mode the data is transmitted in a half-duplex manner i.e., transmission and reception do not occur at the same time. When transmitting data the reception is inhibited and vice versa. Synchronous mode is entered by setting bit SYNC (TXSTA<4>). In addition enable bit SPEN (RCSTA<7>) is set in order to configure the RC6 and RC7 I/O pins to CK (clock) and DT (data) lines respectively. The Master mode indicates that the processor transmits the master clock on the CK line. The Master mode is entered by setting bit CSRC (TXSTA<7>).

### 12.3.1 USART SYNCHRONOUS MASTER TRANSMISSION

The USART transmitter block diagram is shown in Figure 12-7. The heart of the transmitter is the transmit (serial) shift register (TSR). The shift register obtains its data from the read/write transmit buffer register, TXREG. The TXREG register is loaded with data in software. The TSR register is not loaded until the last bit has been transmitted from the previous load. As soon as the last bit is transmitted, the TSR register is loaded with new data from the TXREG register (if available). Once the TXREG register transfers the data to the TSR register (occurs in one Tcycle), the TXREG register is empty and interrupt flag bit TXIF (PIR1<4>) is set. This interrupt can be enabled/disabled by setting/clearing enable bit TXIE (PIE1<4>). Flag bit TXIF will be set regardless of the status of enable bit TXIE and cannot be cleared in software. It will clear only when new data is loaded into the TXREG register. While flag bit TXIF indicates the status of the TXREG register, another bit, TRMT (TXSTA<1>), shows the status of the TSR register. Status bit TRMT is a read only bit which is set when the TSR register is empty. No interrupt logic is tied to this bit, so the user has to poll this bit in order to determine if the TSR register is empty. The TSR register is not mapped in data memory so it is not available to the user.

Transmission is enabled by setting enable bit TXEN (TXSTA<5>). The actual transmission will not occur until the TXREG register has been loaded with data. The first data bit will be shifted out on the next available rising edge of the clock on the CK line. Data out is stable around the falling edge of the synchronous clock (Figure 12-12). The transmission can also be started by first loading the TXREG register and then setting enable bit TXEN (Figure 12-13). This is advantageous when slow baud rates are selected, since the BRG is kept in reset when bits TXEN, CREN, and SREN are clear. Setting enable bit TXEN will start the BRG, creating a shift clock immediately. Normally when transmission is first started, the TSR register is empty, so a transfer to the TXREG register will result in an immediate transfer to TSR resulting in an empty TXREG register. Back-to-back transfers are possible.

Clearing enable bit TXEN, during a transmission, will cause the transmission to be aborted and will reset the transmitter. The DT and CK pins will revert to hi-impedance. If, during a transmission, either bit CREN or bit SREN is set the transmission is aborted and the DT pin reverts to a hi-impedance state (for a reception). The CK pin will remain an output if bit CSRC is set (internal clock). The transmitter logic however, is not reset although it is disconnected from the pins. In order to reset the transmitter, the user has to clear enable bit TXEN. If enable bit SREN is set (to interrupt an on going transmission and receive a single word), then after the single word is received, enable bit SREN will be cleared, and the serial port will revert back to transmitting since enable bit TXEN is still set. The DT line will immediately switch from hi-impedance receive mode to transmit and start driving. To avoid this, enable bit TXEN should be cleared.

In order to select 9-bit transmission, bit TX9 (TXSTA<6>) should be set and the ninth bit should be written to bit TX9D (TXSTA<0>). The ninth bit must be written before writing the 8-bit data to the TXREG register. This is because a data write to the TXREG register can result in an immediate transfer of the data to the TSR register (if the TSR is empty). If the TSR register was empty and the TXREG register was written before writing the "new" TX9D, the "present" value of bit TX9D is loaded.

Steps to follow when setting up a Synchronous Master Transmission:

1. Initialize the SPBRG register for the appropriate baud rate (Section 12.1).
2. Enable the synchronous master serial port by setting bits SYNC, SPEN, and CSRC.
3. If interrupts are desired, then set enable bit TXIE.
4. If 9-bit transmission is desired, then set bit TX9.
5. Enable the transmission by setting enable bit TXEN.
6. If 9-bit transmission is selected, the ninth bit should be loaded in bit TX9D.
7. Start transmission by loading data to the TXREG register.

**TABLE 12-8: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH SYNCHRONOUS MASTER TRANSMISSION**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7                        | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|---------|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Ch     | PIR1  | PSPIF <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIF  | TXIF  | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 18h     | RCSTA | SPEN                         | RX9   | SREN  | CREN  | —     | FERR   | OERR   | RX9D   | 0000 -00x         | 0000 -00x                 |
| 19h     | TXREG | USART Transmit Register      |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch     | PIE1  | PSPIE <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIE  | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 98h     | TXSTA | CSRC                         | TX9   | TXEN  | SYNC  | —     | BRGH   | TRMT   | TX9D   | 0000 -010         | 0000 -010                 |
| 99h     | SPBRG | Baud Rate Generator Register |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used for Synchronous Master Transmission.

Note 1: PSPIE and PSPIF are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

2: PIE1<6> and PIR1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

**FIGURE 12-12: SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION**

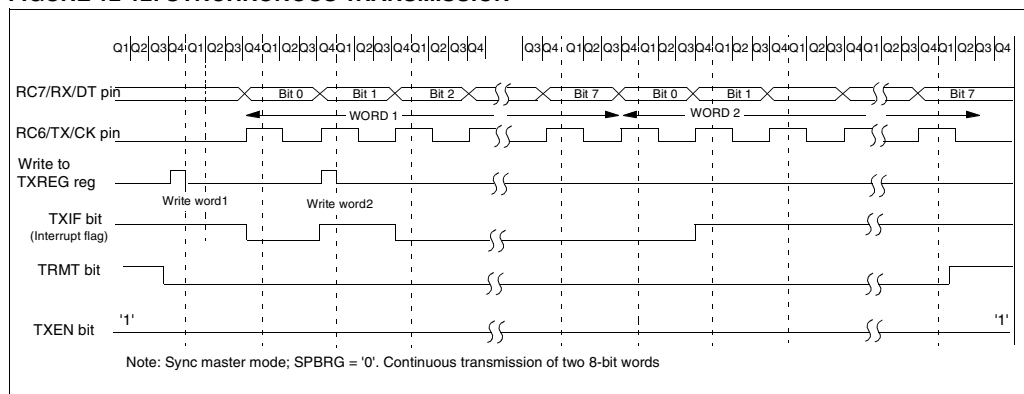
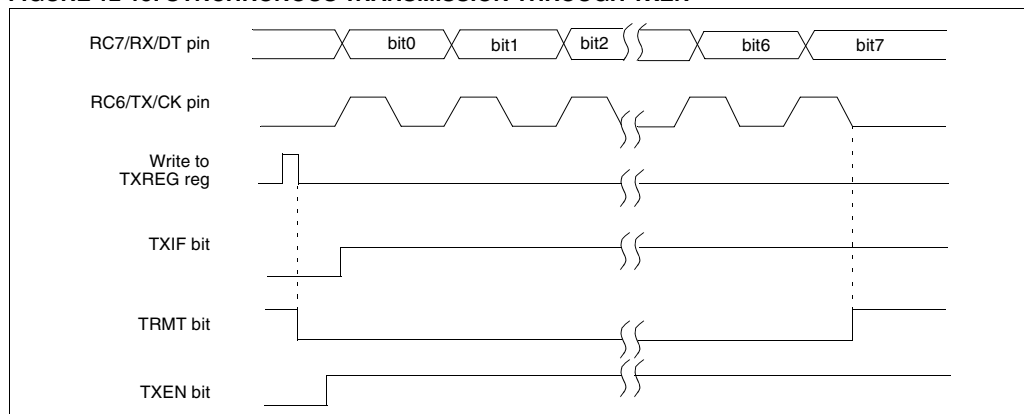


**FIGURE 12-13: SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION THROUGH TXEN**



# PIC16C6X

## 12.3.2 USART SYNCHRONOUS MASTER RECEPTION

Once Synchronous Mode is selected, reception is enabled by setting either enable bit SREN (RCSTA<5>) bit or enable bit CREN (RCSTA<4>). Data is sampled on the DT pin on the falling edge of the clock. If enable bit SREN is set, then only a single word is received. If enable bit CREN is set, the reception is continuous until bit CREN is cleared. If both the bits are set then bit CREN takes precedence. After clocking the last bit, the received data in the Receive Shift Register (RSR) is transferred to the RCREG register (if it is empty). When the transfer is complete, interrupt bit RCIF (PIR1<5>) is set. The actual interrupt can be enabled/disabled by setting/clearing enable bit RCIE (PIE1<5>). Flag bit RCIF is a read only bit which is reset by the hardware. In this case, it is reset when the RCREG register has been read and is empty. The RCREG is a double buffered register, i.e., it is a two deep FIFO. It is possible for two bytes of data to be received and transferred to the RCREG FIFO and a third byte to begin shifting into the RSR register. On the clocking of the last bit of the third byte, if the RCREG register is still full, then overrun error bit OERR (RCSTA<1>) is set. The word in the RSR register will be lost. The RCREG register can be read twice to retrieve the two bytes in the FIFO. Overrun error bit OERR has to be cleared in software (by clearing bit CREN). If bit OERR is set, transfers from the RSR to the RCREG are inhibited, so it is essential to clear bit OERR if it is set. The 9th receive bit is buffered the same way as the receive data. Reading the RCREG register will load bit RX9D with a new value. Therefore it is essential for the user to read the RCSTA register before reading the RCREG register in order not to lose the old RX9D bit information.

Steps to follow when setting up Synchronous Master Reception:

1. Initialize the SPBRG register for the appropriate baud rate (Section 12.1).
2. Enable the synchronous master serial port by setting bits SYNC, SPEN, and CSRC.
3. Ensure bits CREN and SREN are clear.
4. If interrupts are desired, then set enable bit RCIE.
5. If 9-bit reception is desired, then set bit RX9.
6. If a single reception is required, set enable bit SREN. For continuous reception set enable bit CREN.
7. Flag bit RCIF will be set when reception is complete and an interrupt will be generated if enable bit RCIE was set.
8. Read the RCSTA register to get the ninth bit (if enabled) and determine if any error occurred during reception.
9. Read the 8-bit received data by reading the RCREG register.
10. If any error occurred, clear the error by clearing enable bit CREN.

**TABLE 12-9: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH SYNCHRONOUS MASTER RECEPTION**

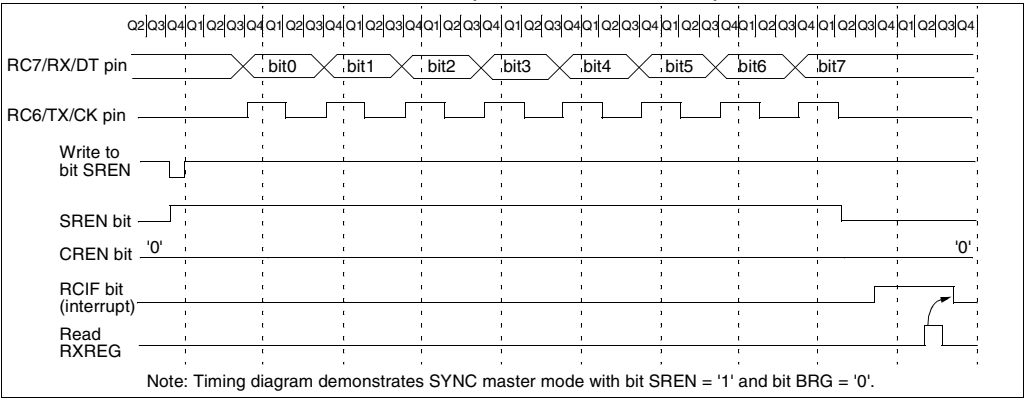
| Address | Name  | Bit 7                        | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|---------|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Ch     | PIR1  | PSPIF <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIF  | TXIF  | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 18h     | RCSTA | SPEN                         | RX9   | SREN  | CREN  | —     | FERR   | OERR   | RX9D   | 0000 -00x         | 0000 -00x                 |
| 1Ah     | RCREG | USART Receive Register       |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch     | PIE1  | PSPIE <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIE  | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 98h     | TXSTA | CSRC                         | TX9   | TXEN  | SYNC  | —     | BRGH   | TRMT   | TX9D   | 0000 -010         | 0000 -010                 |
| 99h     | SPBRG | Baud Rate Generator Register |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used for Synchronous Master Reception.

Note 1: PSPIF and PSPIE are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

Note 2: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

FIGURE 12-14: SYNCHRONOUS RECEPTION (MASTER MODE, SREN)



## 12.4 USART Synchronous Slave Mode

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

Synchronous Slave Mode differs from Master Mode in the fact that the shift clock is supplied externally at the CK pin (instead of being supplied internally in master mode). This allows the device to transfer or receive data while in SLEEP mode. Slave mode is entered by clearing bit CSRC (TXSTA<7>).

### 12.4.1 USART SYNCHRONOUS SLAVE TRANSMIT

The operation of the synchronous master and slave modes are identical except in the case of the SLEEP mode.

If two words are written to the TXREG and then the SLEEP instruction is executed, the following will occur:

- The first word will immediately transfer to the TSR register and transmit.
- The second word will remain in TXREG register.
- Flag bit TXIF will not be set.
- When the first word has been shifted out of TSR, the TXREG register will transfer the second word to the TSR and flag bit TXIF will now be set.
- If enable bit TXIE is set, the interrupt will wake the chip from SLEEP and if the global interrupt is enabled, the program will branch to the interrupt vector (0004h).

Steps to follow when setting up Synchronous Slave Transmission:

- Enable the synchronous slave serial port by setting bits SYNC and SPEN, and clearing bit CSRC.
- Clear bits CREN and SREN.
- If interrupts are desired, then set enable bit TXIE.
- If 9-bit transmission is desired, then set bit TX9.
- Enable the transmission by setting bit TXEN.
- If 9-bit transmission is selected, the ninth bit should be loaded in bit TX9D.
- Start transmission by loading data to the TXREG register.

### 12.4.2 USART SYNCHRONOUS SLAVE RECEPTION

The operation of the synchronous master and slave modes is identical except in the case of the SLEEP mode. Also, enable bit SREN is a don't care in slave mode.

If receive is enabled by setting bit CREN prior to the SLEEP instruction, then a word may be received during SLEEP. On completely receiving the word, the RSR register will transfer the data to the RCREG register and if enable bit RCIE is set, the interrupt generated will wake the chip from SLEEP. If the global interrupt is enabled, the program will branch to the interrupt vector (0004h).

Steps to follow when setting up a Synchronous Slave Reception:

- Enable the synchronous master serial port by setting bits SYNC and SPEN, and clearing bit CSRC.
- If interrupts are desired, then set enable bit RCIE.
- If 9-bit reception is desired, then set bit RX9.
- To enable reception, set enable bit CREN.
- Flag bit RCIF will be set when reception is complete, and an interrupt will be generated if enable bit RCIE was set.
- Read the RCSTA register to get the ninth bit (if enabled) and determine if any error occurred during reception.
- Read the 8-bit received data by reading the RCREG register.
- If any error occurred, clear the error by clearing enable bit CREN.



**TABLE 12-10: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH SYNCHRONOUS SLAVE TRANSMISSION**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7                        | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|---------|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Ch     | PIR1  | PSPIF <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIF  | TXIF  | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 18h     | RCSTA | SPEN                         | RX9   | SREN  | CREN  | —     | FERR   | OERR   | RX9D   | 0000 -00x         | 0000 -00x                 |
| 19h     | TXREG | USART Transmit Register      |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch     | PIE1  | PSPIE <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIE  | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 98h     | TXSTA | CSRC                         | TX9   | TXEN  | SYNC  | —     | BRGH   | TRMT   | TX9D   | 0000 -010         | 0000 -010                 |
| 99h     | SPBRG | Baud Rate Generator Register |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used for Synchronous Slave Transmission.

Note 1: PSPIF and PSPIE are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

2: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

**TABLE 12-11: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH SYNCHRONOUS SLAVE RECEPTION**

| Address | Name  | Bit 7                        | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2  | Bit 1  | Bit 0  | Value on POR, BOR | Value on all other Resets |
|---------|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 0Ch     | PIR1  | PSPIF <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIF  | TXIF  | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 18h     | RCSTA | SPEN                         | RX9   | SREN  | CREN  | —     | FERR   | OERR   | RX9D   | 0000 -00x         | 0000 -00x                 |
| 1Ah     | RCREG | USART Receive Register       |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 8Ch     | PIE1  | PSPIE <sup>(1)</sup>         | (2)   | RCIE  | TXIE  | SSPIE | CCP1IE | TMR2IE | TMR1IE | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |
| 98h     | TXSTA | CSRC                         | TX9   | TXEN  | SYNC  | —     | BRGH   | TRMT   | TX9D   | 0000 -010         | 0000 -010                 |
| 99h     | SPBRG | Baud Rate Generator Register |       |       |       |       |        |        |        | 0000 0000         | 0000 0000                 |

Legend: x = unknown, - = unimplemented locations read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used for Synchronous Slave Reception.

Note 1: PSPIF and PSPIE are reserved on the PIC16C63/R63/66, always maintain these bits clear.

2: PIR1<6> and PIE1<6> are reserved, always maintain these bits clear.

# PIC16C6X

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NOTES:

## 13.0 SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE CPU

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

What sets a microcontroller apart from other processors are special circuits to deal with the needs of real-time applications. The PIC16CXX family has a host of such features intended to maximize system reliability, minimize cost through elimination of external components, provide power saving operating modes and offer code protection. These are:

- Oscillator selection
- Reset
  - Power-on Reset (POR)
  - Power-up Timer (PWRT)
  - Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST)
  - Brown-out Reset (BOR)
- Interrupts
- Watchdog Timer (WDT)
- SLEEP mode
- Code protection
- ID locations
- In-circuit serial programming

The PIC16CXX has a Watchdog Timer which can be shut off only through configuration bits. It runs off its own RC oscillator for added reliability. There are two

timers that offer necessary delays on power-up. One is the Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST), intended to keep the chip in RESET until the crystal oscillator is stable. The other is the Power-up Timer (PWRT), which provides a fixed delay of 72 ms (nominal) on power-up only, designed to keep the part in reset while the power supply stabilizes. With these two timers on-chip, most applications need no external reset circuitry.

SLEEP mode is designed to offer a very low current power-down mode. The user can wake from SLEEP through external reset, Watchdog Timer Wake-up or through an interrupt. Several oscillator options are also made available to allow the part to fit the application. The RC oscillator option saves system cost while the LP crystal option saves power. A set of configuration bits are used to select various options.

### 13.1 Configuration Bits

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  |

The configuration bits can be programmed (read as '0') or left unprogrammed (read as '1') to select various device configurations. These bits are mapped in program memory location 2007h.

The user will note that address 2007h is beyond the user program memory space. In fact, it belongs to the special test/configuration memory space (2000h - 3FFFh), which can be accessed only during programming.

**FIGURE 13-1: CONFIGURATION WORD FOR PIC16C61**

| —                                                           | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CP0  | PWRT | WDTE | FOSC1 | FOSC0 | Register: CONFIG<br>Address: 2007h |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|-------|-------|------------------------------------|--|
| bit13                                                       |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | bit0 |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| bit 13-5: <b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '1'                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| bit 4: <b>CP0:</b> Code protection bit                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 1 = Code protection off                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 0 = All memory is code protected, but 00h - 3Fh is writable |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| bit 3: <b>PWRT:</b> Power-up Timer Enable bit               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 1 = Power-up Timer enabled                                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 0 = Power-up Timer disabled                                 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| bit 2: <b>WDTE:</b> Watchdog Timer Enable bit               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 1 = WDT enabled                                             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 0 = WDT disabled                                            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| bit 1-0: <b>FOSC1:FOSC0:</b> Oscillator Selection bits      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 11 = RC oscillator                                          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 10 = HS oscillator                                          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 01 = XT oscillator                                          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |
| 00 = LP oscillator                                          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |      |      |       |       |                                    |  |

# PIC16C6X

**FIGURE 13-2: CONFIGURATION WORD FOR PIC16C62/64/65**

|                                                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| —                                                      | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CP1  | CP0 | PWRTE | WDTE | FOSC1 | FOSC0 | Register: CONFIG<br>Address 2007h |
| bit13                                                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | bit0 |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 13-6: <b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '1'            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 5-4: <b>CP1:CP0:</b> Code Protection bits          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 11 = Code protection off                               |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 10 = Upper half of program memory code protected       |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 01 = Upper 3/4th of program memory code protected      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 00 = All memory is code protected                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 3: <b>PWRTE:</b> Power-up Timer Enable bit         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 1 = Power-up Timer enabled                             |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 0 = Power-up Timer disabled                            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 2: <b>WDTE:</b> Watchdog Timer Enable bit          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 1 = WDT enabled                                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 0 = WDT disabled                                       |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 1-0: <b>FOSC1:FOSC0:</b> Oscillator Selection bits |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 11 = RC oscillator                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 10 = HS oscillator                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 01 = XT oscillator                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 00 = LP oscillator                                     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |

**FIGURE 13-3: CONFIGURATION WORD FOR PIC16C62A/R62/63/R63/64A/R64/65A/R65/66/67**

|                                                                                                                                                                                             |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|-------|-----|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| CP1                                                                                                                                                                                         | CP0 | CP1 | CP0 | CP1 | CP0 | — | BODEN | CP1 | CP0 | PWRTE | WDTE | FOSC1 | FOSC0 | Register: CONFIG<br>Address 2007h |
| bit13                                                                                                                                                                                       |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     | bit0  |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 13-8: <b>CP1:CP0:</b> Code Protection bits <sup>(2)</sup>                                                                                                                               |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 5:4 11 = Code protection off                                                                                                                                                            |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 10 = Upper half of program memory code protected                                                                                                                                            |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 01 = Upper 3/4th of program memory code protected                                                                                                                                           |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 00 = All memory is code protected                                                                                                                                                           |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 7: <b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '1'                                                                                                                                                    |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 6: <b>BODEN:</b> Brown-out Reset Enable bit <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                                                              |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 1 = Brown-out Reset enabled                                                                                                                                                                 |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 0 = Brown-out Reset disabled                                                                                                                                                                |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 3: <b>PWRTE:</b> Power-up Timer Enable bit <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                                                               |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 1 = Power-up Timer disabled                                                                                                                                                                 |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 0 = Power-up Timer enabled                                                                                                                                                                  |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 2: <b>WDTE:</b> Watchdog Timer Enable bit                                                                                                                                               |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 1 = WDT enabled                                                                                                                                                                             |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 0 = WDT disabled                                                                                                                                                                            |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| bit 1-0: <b>FOSC1:FOSC0:</b> Oscillator Selection bits                                                                                                                                      |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 11 = RC oscillator                                                                                                                                                                          |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 10 = HS oscillator                                                                                                                                                                          |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 01 = XT oscillator                                                                                                                                                                          |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 00 = LP oscillator                                                                                                                                                                          |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| Note 1: Enabling Brown-out Reset automatically enables Power-up Timer (PWRT) regardless of the value of bit PWRTE. Ensure the Power-up Timer is enabled anytime Brown-out Reset is enabled. |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |
| 2: All of the CP1:CP0 pairs have to be given the same value to implement the code protection scheme listed.                                                                                 |     |     |     |     |     |   |       |     |     |       |      |       |       |                                   |

## 13.2 Oscillator Configurations

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

### 13.2.1 OSCILLATOR TYPES

The PIC16CXX can be operated in four different oscillator modes. The user can program two configuration bits (FOSC1 and FOSC0) to select one of these four modes:

- LP Low Power Crystal
- XT Crystal/Resonator
- HS High Speed Crystal/Resonator
- RC Resistor/Capacitor

### 13.2.2 CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR/CERAMIC RESONATORS

In LP, XT, or HS modes a crystal or ceramic resonator is connected to the OSC1/CLKIN and OSC2/CLKOUT pins to establish oscillation (Figure 13-4). The PIC16CXX oscillator design requires the use of a parallel cut crystal. Use of a series cut crystal may give a frequency out of the crystal manufacturers specifications. When in LP, XT, or HS modes, the device can have an external clock source to drive the OSC1/CLKIN pin (Figure 13-5).

**FIGURE 13-4: CRYSTAL/CERAMIC RESONATOR OPERATION (HS, XT OR LP OSC CONFIGURATION)**

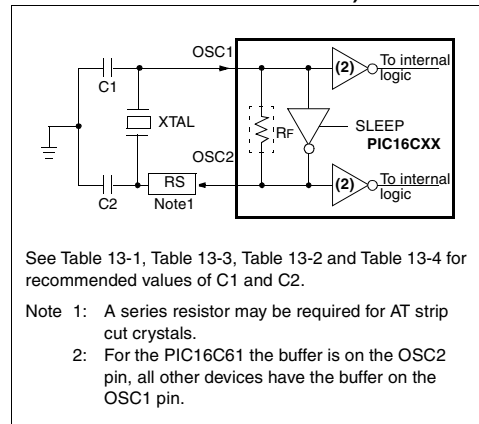
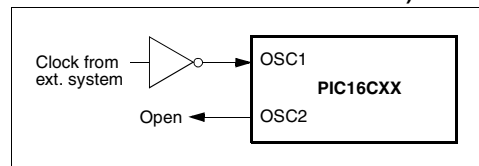


**FIGURE 13-5: EXTERNAL CLOCK INPUT OPERATION (HS, XT OR LP OSC CONFIGURATION)**



# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 13-1: CERAMIC RESONATORS  
PIC16C61**

| Ranges Tested:                                                          |                        |             |             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Mode                                                                    | Freq                   | OSC1        | OSC2        |
| XT                                                                      | 455 kHz                | 47 - 100 pF | 47 - 100 pF |
|                                                                         | 2.0 MHz                | 15 - 68 pF  | 15 - 68 pF  |
|                                                                         | 4.0 MHz                | 15 - 68 pF  | 15 - 68 pF  |
| HS                                                                      | 8.0 MHz                | 15 - 68 pF  | 15 - 68 pF  |
|                                                                         | 16.0 MHz               | 10 - 47 pF  | 10 - 47 pF  |
| These values are for design guidance only. See notes at bottom of page. |                        |             |             |
| Resonators Used:                                                        |                        |             |             |
| 455 kHz                                                                 | Panasonic EFO-A455K04B | ± 0.3%      |             |
| 2.0 MHz                                                                 | Murata Erie CSA2.00MG  | ± 0.5%      |             |
| 4.0 MHz                                                                 | Murata Erie CSA4.00MG  | ± 0.5%      |             |
| 8.0 MHz                                                                 | Murata Erie CSA8.00MT  | ± 0.5%      |             |
| 16.0 MHz                                                                | Murata Erie CSA16.00MX | ± 0.5%      |             |
| All resonators used did not have built-in capacitors.                   |                        |             |             |

**TABLE 13-2: CERAMIC RESONATORS  
PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63/64/  
64A/R64/65/65A/R65/66/67**

| Ranges Tested:                                                          |                        |             |             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Mode                                                                    | Freq                   | OSC1        | OSC2        |
| XT                                                                      | 455 kHz                | 68 - 100 pF | 68 - 100 pF |
|                                                                         | 2.0 MHz                | 15 - 68 pF  | 15 - 68 pF  |
|                                                                         | 4.0 MHz                | 15 - 68 pF  | 15 - 68 pF  |
| HS                                                                      | 8.0 MHz                | 10 - 68 pF  | 10 - 68 pF  |
|                                                                         | 16.0 MHz               | 10 - 22 pF  | 10 - 22 pF  |
| These values are for design guidance only. See notes at bottom of page. |                        |             |             |
| Resonators Used:                                                        |                        |             |             |
| 455 kHz                                                                 | Panasonic EFO-A455K04B | ± 0.3%      |             |
| 2.0 MHz                                                                 | Murata Erie CSA2.00MG  | ± 0.5%      |             |
| 4.0 MHz                                                                 | Murata Erie CSA4.00MG  | ± 0.5%      |             |
| 8.0 MHz                                                                 | Murata Erie CSA8.00MT  | ± 0.5%      |             |
| 16.0 MHz                                                                | Murata Erie CSA16.00MX | ± 0.5%      |             |
| All resonators used did not have built-in capacitors.                   |                        |             |             |

**TABLE 13-3: CAPACITOR SELECTION FOR  
CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR FOR  
PIC16C61**

| Mode                                                                    | Freq    | OSC1        | OSC2        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| LP                                                                      | 32 kHz  | 33 - 68 pF  | 33 - 68 pF  |
|                                                                         | 200 kHz | 15 - 47 pF  | 15 - 47 pF  |
| XT                                                                      | 100 kHz | 47 - 100 pF | 47 - 100 pF |
|                                                                         | 500 kHz | 20 - 68 pF  | 20 - 68 pF  |
|                                                                         | 1 MHz   | 15 - 68 pF  | 15 - 68 pF  |
|                                                                         | 2 MHz   | 15 - 47 pF  | 15 - 47 pF  |
| HS                                                                      | 4 MHz   | 15 - 33 pF  | 15 - 33 pF  |
|                                                                         | 8 MHz   | 15 - 47 pF  | 15 - 47 pF  |
|                                                                         | 20 MHz  | 15 - 47 pF  | 15 - 47 pF  |
| These values are for design guidance only. See notes at bottom of page. |         |             |             |

**TABLE 13-4: CAPACITOR SELECTION FOR  
CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR FOR  
PIC16C62/62A/R62/63/R63/64/  
64A/R64/65/65A/R65/66/67**

| Osc Type                                                                | Crystal Freq           | Cap. Range C1 | Cap. Range C2 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| LP                                                                      | 32 kHz                 | 33 pF         | 33 pF         |
|                                                                         | 200 kHz                | 15 pF         | 15 pF         |
| XT                                                                      | 200 kHz                | 47-68 pF      | 47-68 pF      |
|                                                                         | 1 MHz                  | 15 pF         | 15 pF         |
|                                                                         | 4 MHz                  | 15 pF         | 15 pF         |
| HS                                                                      | 4 MHz                  | 15 pF         | 15 pF         |
|                                                                         | 8 MHz                  | 15-33 pF      | 15-33 pF      |
|                                                                         | 20 MHz                 | 15-33 pF      | 15-33 pF      |
| These values are for design guidance only. See notes at bottom of page. |                        |               |               |
| Crystals Used                                                           |                        |               |               |
| 32 kHz                                                                  | Epson C-001R32.768K-A  | ± 20 PPM      |               |
| 200 kHz                                                                 | STD XTL 200.000KHz     | ± 20 PPM      |               |
| 1 MHz                                                                   | ECS ECS-10-13-1        | ± 50 PPM      |               |
| 4 MHz                                                                   | ECS ECS-40-20-1        | ± 50 PPM      |               |
| 8 MHz                                                                   | EPSON CA-301 8.000M-C  | ± 30 PPM      |               |
| 20 MHz                                                                  | EPSON CA-301 20.000M-C | ± 30 PPM      |               |

- Note 1: Recommended values of C1 and C2 are identical to the ranges tested Table 13-1 and Table 13-2.
- 2: Higher capacitance increases the stability of oscillator but also increases the start-up time.
- 3: Since each resonator/crystal has its own characteristics, the user should consult the resonator/crystal manufacturer for appropriate values of external components.
- 4: Rs may be required in HS mode as well as XT mode to avoid overdriving crystals with low drive level specification.

## 13.2.3 EXTERNAL CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT

Either a prepackaged oscillator can be used or a simple oscillator circuit with TTL gates can be built. Prepackaged oscillators provide a wide operating range and better stability. A well-designed crystal oscillator will provide good performance with TTL gates. Two types of crystal oscillator circuits can be used; one with series resonance, or one with parallel resonance.

Figure 13-6 shows implementation of a parallel resonant oscillator circuit. The circuit is designed to use the fundamental frequency of the crystal. The 74AS04 inverter performs the 180-degree phase shift that a parallel oscillator requires. The 4.7 k $\Omega$  resistor provides the negative feedback for stability. The 10 k $\Omega$  potentiometer biases the 74AS04 in the linear region. This could be used for external oscillator designs.

**FIGURE 13-6: EXTERNAL PARALLEL RESONANT CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT**

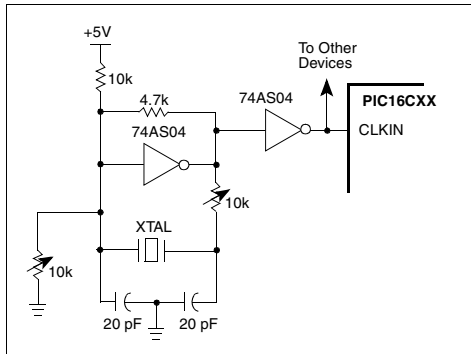
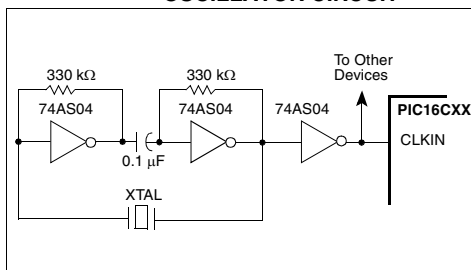


Figure 13-7 shows a series resonant oscillator circuit. This circuit is also designed to use the fundamental frequency of the crystal. The inverter performs a 180-degree phase shift in a series resonant oscillator circuit. The 330 k $\Omega$  resistors provide the negative feedback to bias the inverters in their linear region.

**FIGURE 13-7: EXTERNAL SERIES RESONANT CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT**



## 13.2.4 RC OSCILLATOR

For timing insensitive applications the RC device option offers additional cost savings. The RC oscillator frequency is a function of the supply voltage, the resistor (R<sub>ext</sub>) and capacitor (C<sub>ext</sub>) values, and the operating temperature. In addition to this, the oscillator frequency will vary from unit to unit due to normal process parameter variation. Furthermore, the difference in lead frame capacitance between package types will also affect the oscillation frequency, especially for low C<sub>ext</sub> values. The user also needs to take into account variation due to tolerance of external R and C components used. Figure 13-8 shows how the RC combination is connected to the PIC16CXX. For R<sub>ext</sub> values below 2.2 k $\Omega$ , the oscillator operation may become unstable or stop completely. For very high R<sub>ext</sub> values (e.g. 1 M $\Omega$ ), the oscillator becomes sensitive to noise, humidity and leakage. Thus, we recommend keeping R<sub>ext</sub> between 3 k $\Omega$  and 100 k $\Omega$ .

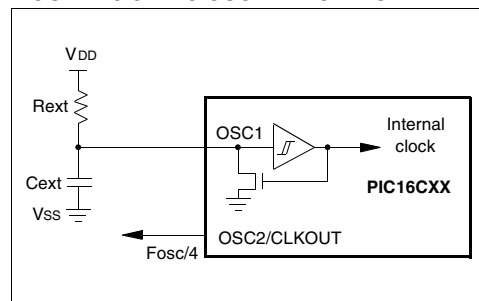
Although the oscillator will operate with no external capacitor (C<sub>ext</sub> = 0 pF), we recommend using values above 20 pF for noise and stability reasons. With no or small external capacitance, the oscillation frequency can vary dramatically due to changes in external capacitances, such as PCB trace capacitance or package lead frame capacitance.

See characterization data for desired device for RC frequency variation from part to part due to normal process variation. The variation is larger for larger R (since leakage current variation will affect RC frequency more for large R) and for smaller C (since variation of input capacitance will affect RC frequency more).

See characterization data for desired device for variation of oscillator frequency due to V<sub>DD</sub> for given R<sub>ext</sub>/C<sub>ext</sub> values as well as frequency variation due to operating temperature for given R, C, and V<sub>DD</sub> values.

The oscillator frequency, divided by 4, is available on the OSC2/CLKOUT pin, and can be used for test purposes or to synchronize other logic (see Figure 3-5 for waveform).

**FIGURE 13-8: RC OSCILLATOR MODE**



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## 13.3 Reset

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

The PIC16CXX differentiates between various kinds of reset:

- Power-on Reset (POR)
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  reset during normal operation
- $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  reset during SLEEP
- WDT Reset (normal operation)
- Brown-out Reset (BOR) - Not on PIC16C61/62/64/65

Some registers are not affected in any reset condition, their status is unknown on POR and unchanged in any other reset. Most other registers are reset to a “reset state” on Power-on Reset (POR), on  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  or WDT Reset, on  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  reset during SLEEP, and on Brown-out Reset (BOR). They are not affected by a WDT Wake-up, which is viewed as the resumption of normal operation.

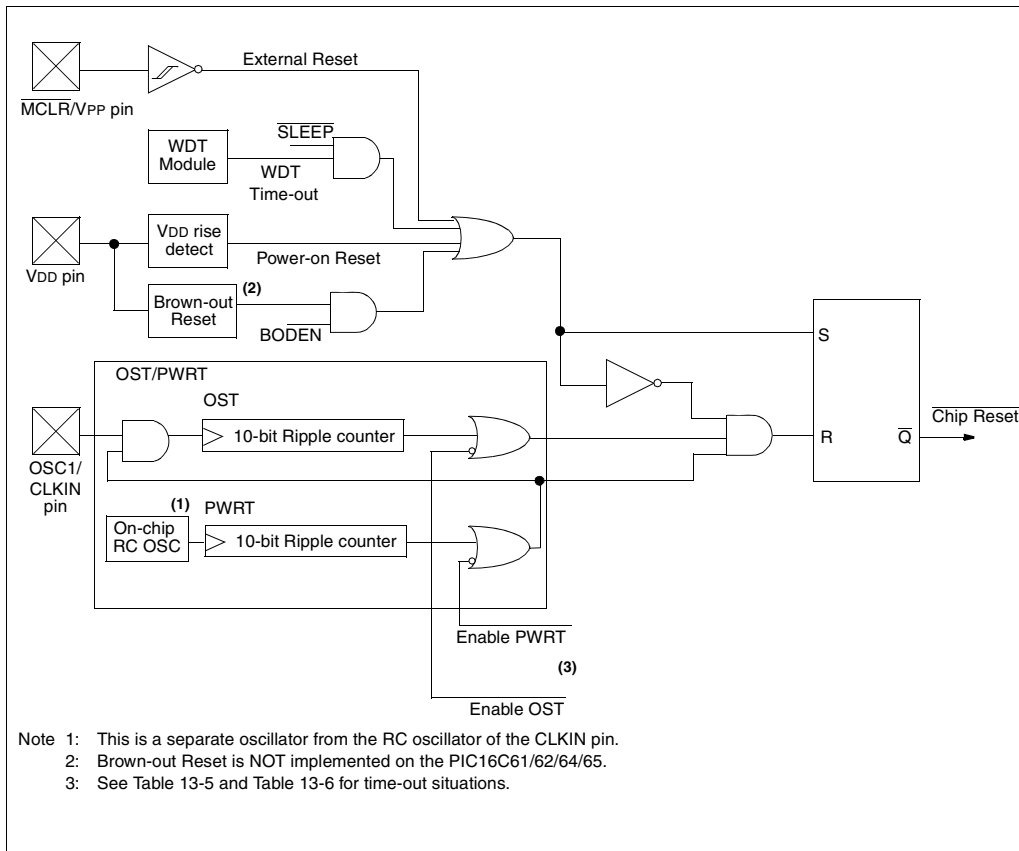
The  $\overline{\text{TO}}$  and  $\overline{\text{PD}}$  bits are set or cleared differently in different reset situations as indicated in Table 13-7, Table 13-8, and Table 13-9. These bits are used in software to determine the nature of the reset. See Table 13-12 for a full description of reset states of all registers.

A simplified block diagram of the on-chip reset circuit is shown in Figure 13-9.

On the PIC16C62A/R62/63/R63/64A/R64/65A/R65/66/67, the  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  reset path has a noise filter to detect and ignore small pulses. See parameter #34 for pulse width specifications.

It should be noted that a WDT Reset does not drive the  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  pin low.

**FIGURE 13-9: SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ON-CHIP RESET CIRCUIT**





## 13.4 Power-on Reset (POR), Power-up Timer (PWRT), Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST) and Brown-out Reset (BOR)

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

### 13.4.1 POWER-ON RESET (POR)

A Power-on Reset pulse is generated on-chip when VDD rise is detected (in the range of 1.5V - 2.1V). To take advantage of the POR, just tie the MCLR/VPP pin directly (or through a resistor) to VDD. This will eliminate external RC components usually needed to create a Power-on Reset. A maximum rise time for VDD is required. See Electrical Specifications for details.

When the device starts normal operation (exits the reset condition), device operating parameters (voltage, frequency, temperature, ...) must be met to ensure operation. If these conditions are not met, the device must be held in reset until the operating conditions are met. Brown-out Reset may be used to meet the startup conditions.

For additional information, refer to Application Note AN607, "Power-up Trouble Shooting."

### 13.4.2 POWER-UP TIMER (PWRT)

The Power-up Timer provides a fixed 72 ms nominal time-out on power-up only, from POR. The Power-up Timer operates on an internal RC oscillator. The chip is kept in reset as long as PWRT is active. The PWRT's time delay allows VDD to rise to an acceptable level. A configuration bit is provided to enable/disable the PWRT.

The power-up time delay will vary from chip to chip due to VDD, temperature, and process variation. See DC parameters for details.

### 13.4.3 OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER (OST)

The Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST) provides 1024 oscillator cycle (from OSC1 input) delay after the PWRT delay is over. This ensures the crystal oscillator or resonator has started and stabilized.

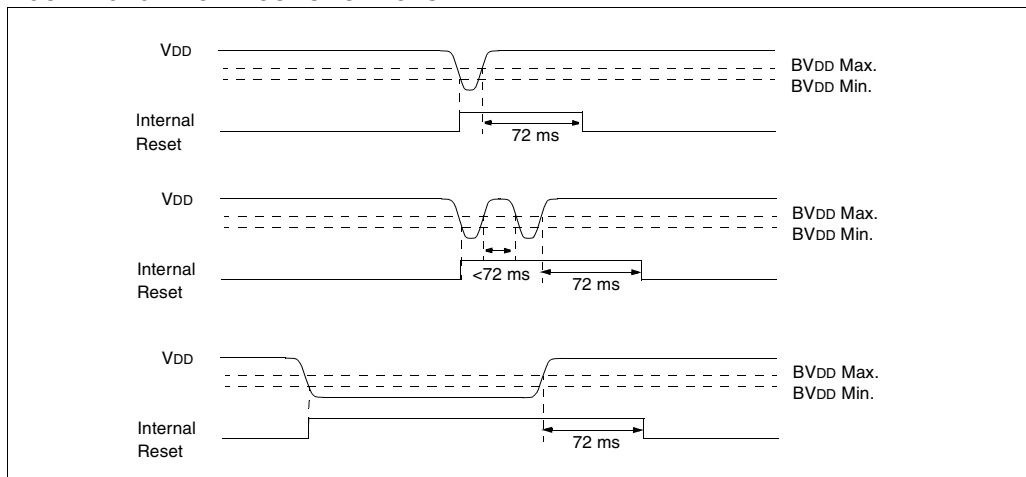
The OST time-out is invoked only for XT, LP and HS modes and only on Power-on Reset or wake-up from SLEEP.

### 13.4.4 BROWN-OUT RESET (BOR)

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

A configuration bit, BODEN, can disable (if clear/programmed) or enable (if set) the Brown-out Reset circuitry. If VDD falls below 4.0V (parameter D005 in Electrical Specification section) for greater than parameter #34 (see Electrical Specification section), the brown-out situation will reset the chip. A reset may not occur if VDD falls below 4.0V for less than parameter #34. The chip will remain in Brown-out Reset until VDD rises above BVDD. The Power-up Timer will now be invoked and will keep the chip in RESET an additional 72 ms. If VDD drops below BVDD while the Power-up Timer is running, the chip will go back into a Brown-out Reset and the Power-up Timer will be initialized. Once VDD rises above BVDD, the Power-up Timer will execute a 72 ms time delay. The Power-up Timer should always be enabled when Brown-out Reset is enabled. Figure 13-10 shows typical brown-out situations.

**FIGURE 13-10: BROWN-OUT SITUATIONS**



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## 13.4.5 TIME-OUT SEQUENCE

On power-up the time-out sequence is as follows: First a PWRT time-out is invoked after the POR time delay has expired. Then OST is activated. The total time-out will vary based on oscillator configuration and the status of the PWRT. For example, in RC mode, with the PWRT disabled, there will be no time-out at all. Figure 13-11, Figure 13-12, and Figure 13-13 depict time-out sequences on power-up.

Since the time-outs occur from the POR pulse, if the MCLR/VPP pin is kept low long enough, the time-outs will expire. Then bringing the MCLR/VPP pin high will begin execution immediately (Figure 13-14). This is useful for testing purposes or to synchronize more than one PIC16CXX device operating in parallel.

Table 13-10 and Table 13-11 show the reset conditions for some special function registers, while Table 13-12 shows the reset conditions for all the registers.

## 13.4.6 POWER CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER (PCON)

### Applicable Devices

61|62|62A|R62|63|R63|64|64A|R64|65|65A|R65|66|67

The Power Control/Status Register, PCON has up to two bits, depending upon the device. Bit0 is not implemented on the PIC16C62/64/65.

Bit0 is  $\overline{\text{BOR}}$  (Brown-out Reset Status bit).  $\overline{\text{BOR}}$  is unknown on Power-on Reset. It must then be set by the user and checked on subsequent resets to see if  $\overline{\text{BOR}}$  cleared, indicating that a brown-out has occurred. The  $\overline{\text{BOR}}$  status bit is a “Don't Care” and is not necessarily predictable if the Brown-out Reset circuitry is disabled (by clearing bit BODEN in the Configuration Word).

Bit1 is  $\overline{\text{POR}}$  (Power-on Reset Status bit). It is cleared on a Power-on Reset and unaffected otherwise. The user must set this bit following a Power-on Reset.

**TABLE 13-5: TIME-OUT IN VARIOUS SITUATIONS, PIC16C61/62/64/65**

| Oscillator Configuration | Power-up                     |                      | Wake-up from SLEEP    |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
|                          | PWRT = 1                     | PWRT = 0             |                       |
| XT, HS, LP               | 72 ms + 1024T <sub>OSC</sub> | 1024T <sub>OSC</sub> | 1024 T <sub>OSC</sub> |
| RC                       | 72 ms                        | —                    | —                     |

**TABLE 13-6: TIME-OUT IN VARIOUS SITUATIONS, PIC16C62A/R62/63/R63/64A/R64/65A/R65/66/67**

| Oscillator Configuration | Power-up                     |                      | Brown-out                    | Wake up from SLEEP    |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                          | PWRT = 0                     | PWRT = 1             |                              |                       |
| XT, HS, LP               | 72 ms + 1024T <sub>OSC</sub> | 1024T <sub>OSC</sub> | 72 ms + 1024T <sub>OSC</sub> | 1024 T <sub>OSC</sub> |
| RC                       | 72 ms                        | —                    | 72 ms                        | —                     |

**TABLE 13-7: STATUS BITS AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE, PIC16C61**

| $\overline{\text{TO}}$ | $\overline{\text{PD}}$ |                                                         |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                      | 1                      | Power-on Reset or MCLR reset during normal operation    |
| 0                      | 1                      | WDT Reset                                               |
| 0                      | 0                      | WDT Wake-up                                             |
| 1                      | 0                      | MCLR reset during SLEEP or interrupt wake-up from SLEEP |

**TABLE 13-8: STATUS BITS AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE, PIC16C62/64/65**

| $\overline{\text{POR}}$ | $\overline{\text{TO}}$ | $\overline{\text{PD}}$ |                                                            |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0                       | 1                      | 1                      | Power-on Reset                                             |
| 0                       | 0                      | x                      | Illegal, $\overline{\text{TO}}$ is set on a Power-on Reset |
| 0                       | x                      | 0                      | Illegal, $\overline{\text{PD}}$ is set on a Power-on Reset |
| 1                       | 0                      | 1                      | WDT Reset                                                  |
| 1                       | 0                      | 0                      | WDT Wake-up                                                |
| 1                       | u                      | u                      | MCLR reset during normal operation                         |
| 1                       | 1                      | 0                      | MCLR reset during SLEEP or interrupt wake-up from SLEEP    |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged

**TABLE 13-9: STATUS BITS AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE FOR PIC16C62A/R62/63/R63/64A/R64/65A/R65/66/67**

| POR | BOR | TO | PD |                                                         |
|-----|-----|----|----|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 0   | x   | 1  | 1  | Power-on Reset                                          |
| 0   | x   | 0  | x  | Illegal, TO is set on a Power-on Reset                  |
| 0   | x   | x  | 0  | Illegal, PD is set on a Power-on Reset                  |
| 1   | 0   | x  | x  | Brown-out Reset                                         |
| 1   | 1   | 0  | 1  | WDT Reset                                               |
| 1   | 1   | 0  | 0  | WDT Wake-up                                             |
| 1   | 1   | u  | u  | MCLR reset during normal operation                      |
| 1   | 1   | 1  | 0  | MCLR reset during SLEEP or interrupt wake-up from SLEEP |

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged

**TABLE 13-10: RESET CONDITION FOR SPECIAL REGISTERS ON PIC16C61/62/64/65**

|                                    | Program Counter       | STATUS    | PCON <sup>(2)</sup> |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Power-on Reset                     | 000h                  | 0001 1xxx | ---- --0-           |
| MCLR reset during normal operation | 000h                  | 000u uuuu | ---- --u-           |
| MCLR reset during SLEEP            | 000h                  | 0001 0uuu | ---- --u-           |
| WDT Reset                          | 000h                  | 0000 1uuu | ---- --u-           |
| WDT Wake-up                        | PC + 1                | uuu0 0uuu | ---- --u-           |
| Interrupt wake-up from SLEEP       | PC + 1 <sup>(1)</sup> | uuu1 0uuu | ---- --u-           |

Legend: u = unchanged, x = unknown, - = unimplemented bit read as '0'.

Note 1: When the wake-up is due to an interrupt and the global enable bit, GIE is set, the PC is loaded with the interrupt vector (0004h) after execution of PC+1.

2: The PCON register is not implemented on the PIC16C61.

**TABLE 13-11: RESET CONDITION FOR SPECIAL REGISTERS ON PIC16C62A/R62/63/R63/64A/R64/65A/R65/66/67**

|                                    | Program Counter       | STATUS    | PCON      |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Power-on Reset                     | 000h                  | 0001 1xxx | ---- --0x |
| MCLR reset during normal operation | 000h                  | 000u uuuu | ---- --uu |
| MCLR reset during SLEEP            | 000h                  | 0001 0uuu | ---- --uu |
| WDT Reset                          | 000h                  | 0000 1uuu | ---- --uu |
| Brown-out Reset                    | 000h                  | 0001 1uuu | ---- --u0 |
| WDT Wake-up                        | PC + 1                | uuu0 0uuu | ---- --uu |
| Interrupt wake-up from SLEEP       | PC + 1 <sup>(1)</sup> | uuu1 0uuu | ---- --uu |

Legend: u = unchanged, x = unknown, - = unimplemented bit read as '0'.

Note 1: When the wake-up is due to an interrupt and global enable bit, GIE is set, the PC is loaded with the interrupt vector (0004h) after execution of PC+1.

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**TABLE 13-12: INITIALIZATION CONDITIONS FOR ALL REGISTERS**

| Register | Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    | Power-on Reset<br>Brown-out<br>Reset | MCLR Reset during:<br>– normal operation<br>– SLEEP<br>WDT Reset | Wake-up via<br>interrupt or<br>WDT Wake-up |
|----------|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| W        | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| INDF     | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | N/A                                  | N/A                                                              | N/A                                        |
| TMR0     | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| PCL      | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000h                                | 0000h                                                            | PC + 1 <sup>(2)</sup>                      |
| STATUS   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0001 1xxx                            | 000q quuu <sup>(3)</sup>                                         | uuuq quuu <sup>(3)</sup>                   |
| FSR      | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| PORTA    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | --x xxxx                             | ---u uuuu                                                        | ---u uuuu                                  |
|          | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | --xx xxxx                            | --uu uuuu                                                        | --uu uuuu                                  |
| PORTB    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| PORTC    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| PORTD    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| PORTE    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | ---- -xxx                            | ---- -uuu                                                        | ---- -uuu                                  |
| PCLATH   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | ---0 0000                            | ---0 0000                                                        | ---u uuuu                                  |
| INTCON   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000 000x                            | 0000 000u                                                        | uuuu uuuu <sup>(1)</sup>                   |
| PIR1     | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 00-- 0000                            | 00-- 0000                                                        | uu-- uuuu <sup>(1)</sup>                   |
|          | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu <sup>(1)</sup>                   |
| PIR2     | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | ---- --0                             | ---- --0                                                         | ---- --u <sup>(2)</sup>                    |
| TMR1L    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| TMR1H    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| T1CON    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | --00 0000                            | --uu uuuu                                                        | --uu uuuu                                  |
| TMR2     | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| T2CON    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | -000 0000                            | -000 0000                                                        | -uuu uuuu                                  |
| SSPBUF   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| SSPCON   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| CCPR1L   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| CCPR1H   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| CCP1CON  | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | --00 0000                            | --00 0000                                                        | --uu uuuu                                  |
| RCSTA    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000 -00x                            | 0000 -00x                                                        | uuuu -uuu                                  |
| TXREG    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| RCREG    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| CCPR2L   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| CCPR2H   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | xxxx xxxx                            | uuuu uuuu                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| CCP2CON  | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| OPTION   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 1111 1111                            | 1111 1111                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| TRISA    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | --1 1111                             | --1 1111                                                         | --u uuuu                                   |
|          | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | --11 1111                            | --11 1111                                                        | --uu uuuu                                  |
| TRISB    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 1111 1111                            | 1111 1111                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| TRISC    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 | 1111 1111                            | 1111 1111                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |

Legend: u = unchanged, x = unknown, - = unimplemented bit read as '0', q = value depends on condition.

Note 1: One or more bits in INTCON, PIR1 and/or PIR2 will be affected (to cause wake-up).

2: When the wake-up is due to an interrupt and the global enable bit, GIE is set, the PC is loaded with the interrupt vector (0004h) after execution of PC + 1.

3: See Table 13-10 and Table 13-11 for reset value for specific conditions.

**TABLE 13-12: INITIALIZATION CONDITIONS FOR ALL REGISTERS (Cont'd)**

| Register | Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |  |  | Power-on Reset<br>Brown-out<br>Reset | MCLR Reset during:<br>– normal operation<br>– SLEEP<br>WDT Reset | Wake-up via<br>interrupt or<br>WDT Wake-up |
|----------|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| TRISD    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | 1111 1111                            | 1111 1111                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| TRISE    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | 0000 -111                            | 0000 -111                                                        | uuuu -uuu                                  |
| PIE1     | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | 00-- 0000                            | 00-- 0000                                                        | uu-- uuuu                                  |
|          | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| PIE2     | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | ---- --0                             | ---- --0                                                         | ---- --u                                   |
| PCON     | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | ---- --0u                            | ---- --uu                                                        | ---- --uu                                  |
|          | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | ---- --0-                            | ---- --u-                                                        | ---- --u-                                  |
| PR2      | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | 1111 1111                            | 1111 1111                                                        | 1111 1111                                  |
| SSPADD   | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |
| SSPSTAT  | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | --00 0000                            | --00 0000                                                        | --uu uuuu                                  |
| TXSTA    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | 0000 -010                            | 0000 -010                                                        | uuuu -uuu                                  |
| SPBRG    | 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |  |  | 0000 0000                            | 0000 0000                                                        | uuuu uuuu                                  |

Legend: u = unchanged, x = unknown, - = unimplemented bit read as '0', q = value depends on condition.

Note 1: One or more bits in INTCON, PIR1 and/or PIR2 will be affected (to cause wake-up).

2: When the wake-up is due to an interrupt and the global enable bit, GIE is set, the PC is loaded with the interrupt vector (0004h) after execution of PC + 1.

3: See Table 13-10 and Table 13-11 for reset value for specific conditions.

# PIC16C6X

FIGURE 13-11: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  NOT TIED TO  $\text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ ): CASE 1

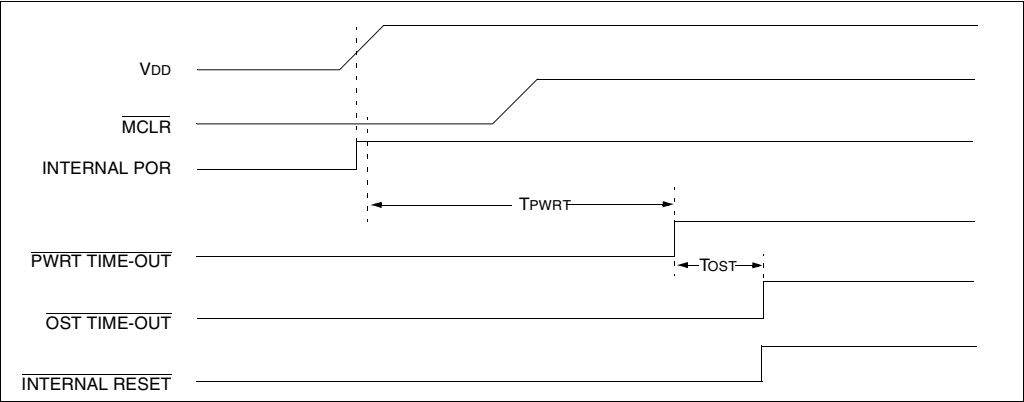


FIGURE 13-12: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  NOT TIED TO  $\text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ ): CASE 2

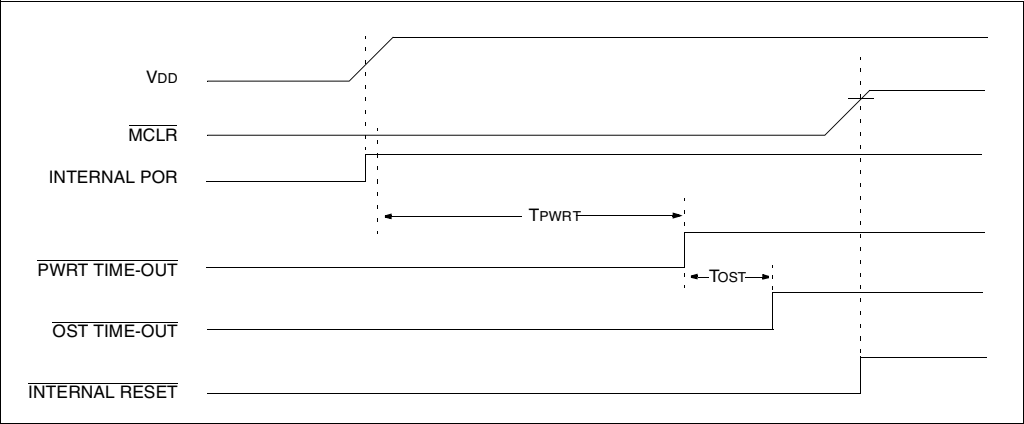


FIGURE 13-13: TIME-OUT SEQUENCE ON POWER-UP ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  TIED TO  $\text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ )

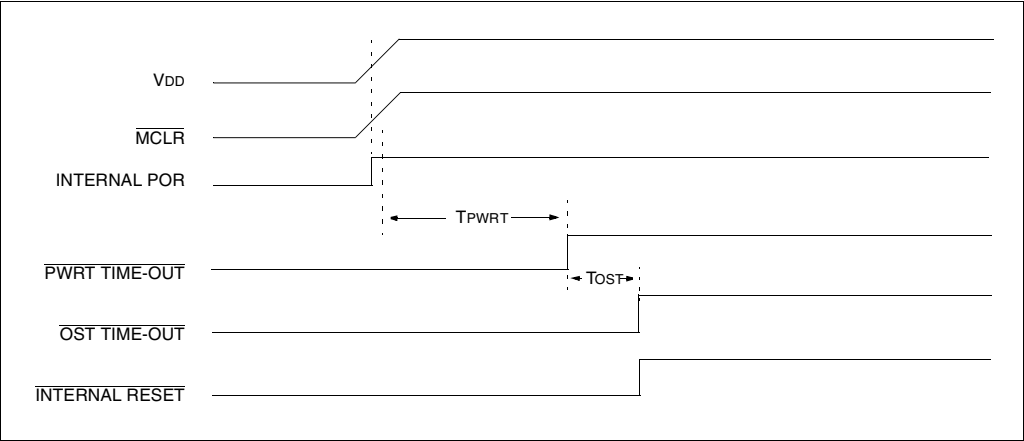


**FIGURE 13-14: EXTERNAL POWER-ON RESET CIRCUIT (FOR SLOW VDD POWER-UP)**

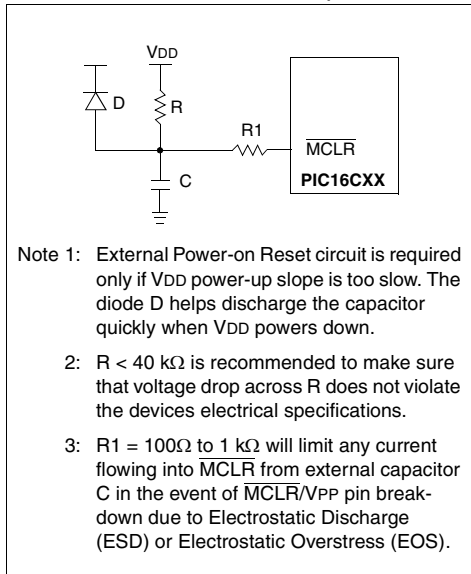


**FIGURE 13-15: EXTERNAL BROWN-OUT PROTECTION CIRCUIT 1**

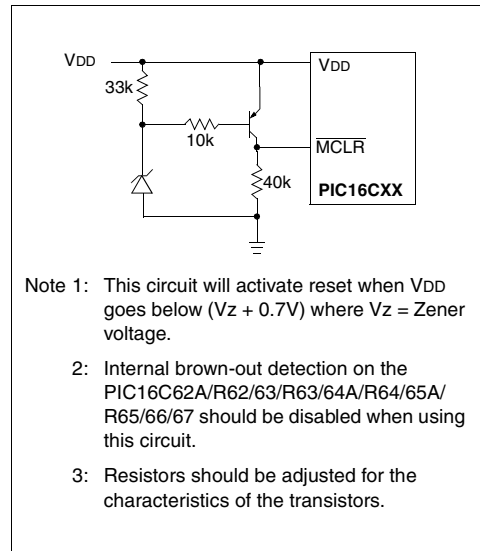
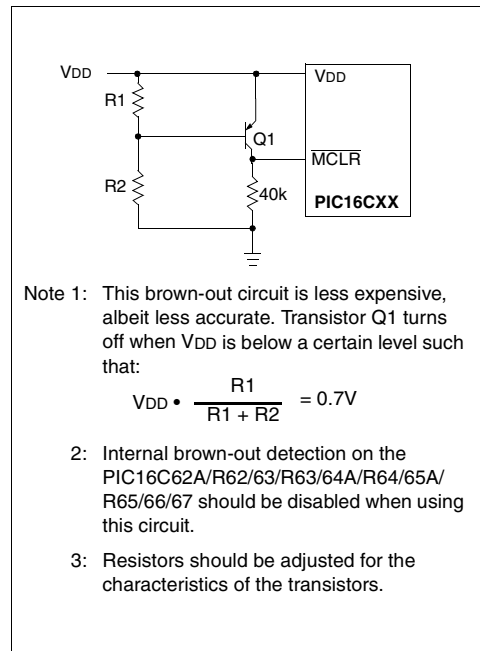


**FIGURE 13-16: EXTERNAL BROWN-OUT PROTECTION CIRCUIT 2**



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## 13.5 Interrupts

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

The PIC16C6X family has up to 11 sources of interrupt. The interrupt control register (INTCON) records individual interrupt requests in flag bits. It also has individual and global interrupt enable bits.

**Note:** Individual interrupt flag bits are set regardless of the status of their corresponding mask bit or global enable bit, GIE.

Global interrupt enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>) enables (if set) all un-masked interrupts or disables (if cleared) all interrupts. When bit GIE is enabled, and an interrupt flag bit and mask bit are set, the interrupt will vector immediately. Individual interrupts can be disabled through their corresponding enable bits in the INTCON register. GIE is cleared on reset.

The “return from interrupt” instruction, RETFIE, exits the interrupt routine as well as sets the GIE bit, which re-enable interrupts.

The RB0/INT pin interrupt, the RB port change interrupt and the TMR0 overflow interrupt flag bits are contained in the INTCON register.

The peripheral interrupt flag bits are contained in special function registers PIR1 and PIR2. The corresponding interrupt enable bits are contained in special function registers PIE1 and PIE2 and the peripheral interrupt enable bit is contained in special function register INTCON.

When an interrupt is responded to, bit GIE is cleared to disable any further interrupts, the return address is pushed onto the stack and the PC is loaded with 0004h. Once in the interrupt service routine the source(s) of the interrupt can be determined by polling the interrupt flag bits. The interrupt flag bit(s) must be cleared in software before re-enabling interrupts to avoid recursive interrupts.

For external interrupt events, such as the RB0/INT pin or RB port change interrupt, the interrupt latency will be three or four instruction cycles. The exact latency depends when the interrupt event occurs (Figure 13-19). The latency is the same for one or two cycle instructions. Once in the interrupt service routine the source(s) of the interrupt can be determined by polling the interrupt flag bits. The interrupt flag bit(s) must be cleared in software before re-enabling interrupts to

avoid infinite interrupt requests. Individual interrupt flag bits are set regardless of the status of their corresponding mask bit or the GIE bit.

**Note:** For the PIC16C61/62/64/65, if an interrupt occurs while the Global Interrupt Enable bit, GIE is being cleared, bit GIE may unintentionally be re-enabled by the user's Interrupt Service Routine (the RETFIE instruction). The events that would cause this to occur are:

1. An instruction clears the GIE bit while an interrupt is acknowledged
2. The program branches to the Interrupt vector and executes the Interrupt Service Routine.
3. The Interrupt Service Routine completes with the execution of the RETFIE instruction. This causes the GIE bit to be set (enables interrupts), and the program returns to the instruction after the one which was meant to disable interrupts.
4. Perform the following to ensure that interrupts are globally disabled.

```
LOOP BCF INTCON,GIE      ;Disable Global
                               ;Interrupt bit
      BTFSC INTCON,GIE    ;Global Interrupt
                               ;Disabled?
      GOTO LOOP           ;NO, try again
      :                   ;Yes, continue
                               ;with program flow
```



FIGURE 13-17: INTERRUPT LOGIC FOR PIC16C61

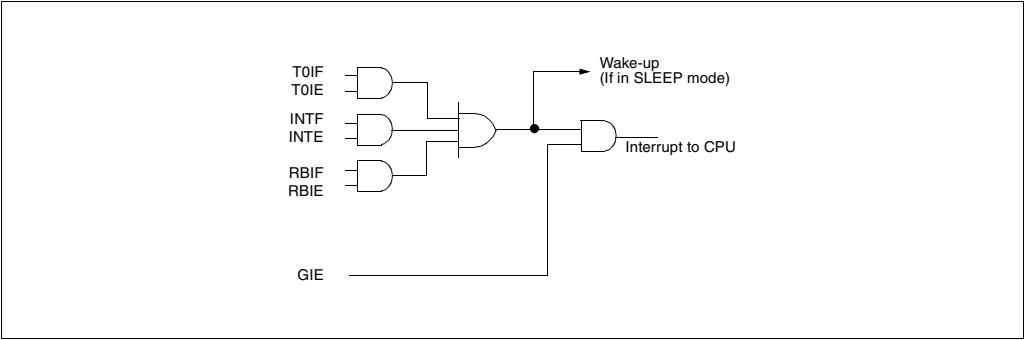
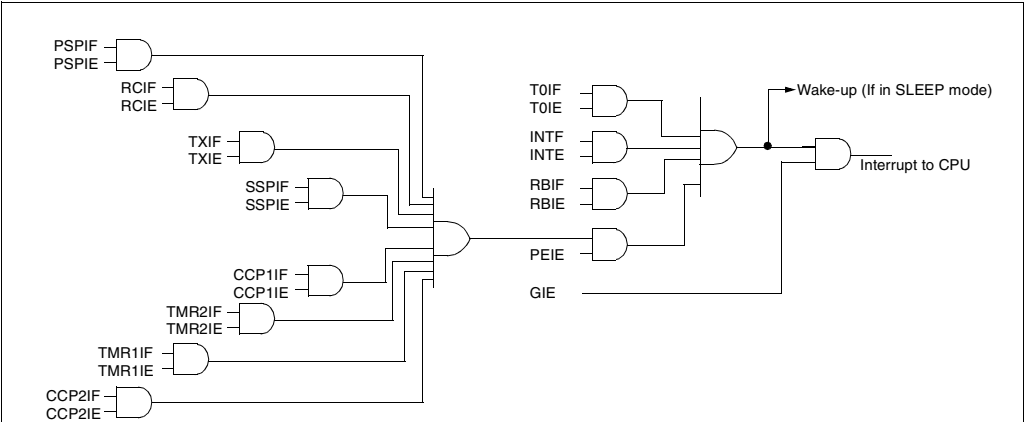


FIGURE 13-18: INTERRUPT LOGIC FOR PIC16C6X



The following table shows which devices have which interrupts.

| Device    | T0IF | INTF | RBIF | PSPIF | RCIF | TXIF | SSPIF | CCP1IF | TMR2IF | TMR1IF | CCP2IF |
|-----------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| PIC16C62  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | -     | -    | -    | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | -      |
| PIC16C62A | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | -     | -    | -    | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | -      |
| PIC16CR62 | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | -     | -    | -    | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | -      |
| PIC16C63  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | -     | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    |
| PIC16CR63 | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | -     | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    |
| PIC16C64  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | -    | -    | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | -      |
| PIC16C64A | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | -    | -    | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | -      |
| PIC16C64  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | -    | -    | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | -      |
| PIC16C65  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    |
| PIC16C65A | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    |
| PIC16CR65 | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    |
| PIC16C66  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | -     | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    |
| PIC16C67  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes  | Yes  | Yes   | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    | Yes    |

# PIC16C6X

## 13.5.1 INT INTERRUPT

External interrupt on RB0/INT pin is edge triggered: either rising if edge select bit INTEDG (OPTION<6>) is set, or falling, if bit INTEDG is clear. When a valid edge appears on the RB0/INT pin, flag bit INTF (INTCON<1>) is set. This interrupt can be disabled by clearing enable bit INTE (INTCON<4>). The INTF bit must be cleared in software in the interrupt service routine before re-enabling this interrupt. The INT interrupt can wake the processor from SLEEP, if enable bit INTE was set prior to going into SLEEP. The status of global enable bit GIE decides whether or not the processor branches to the interrupt vector following wake-up. See Section 13.8 for details on SLEEP mode.

## 13.5.2 TMR0 INTERRUPT

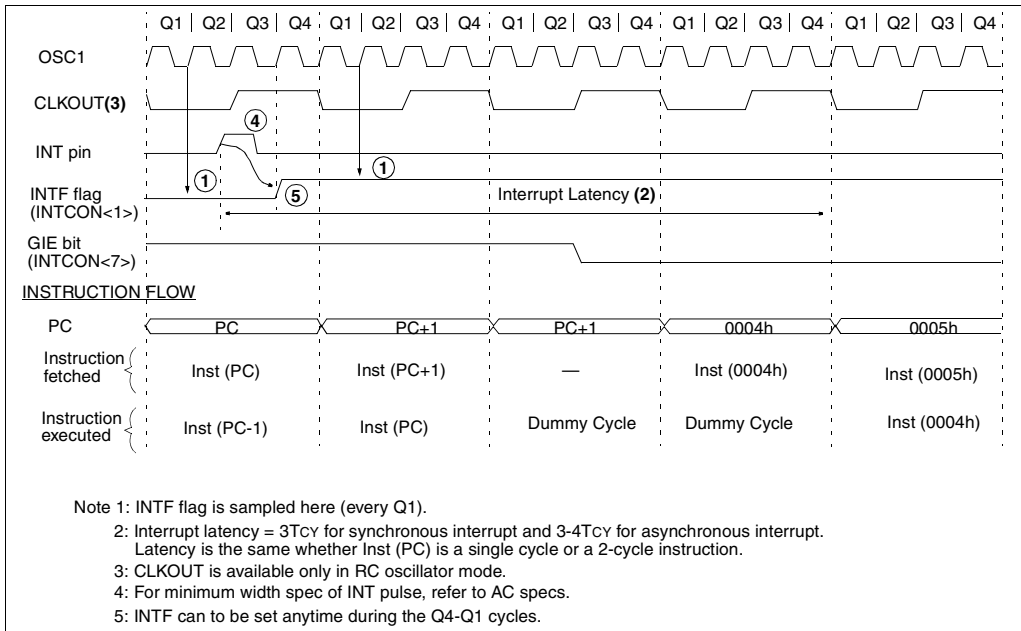
An overflow (FFh → 00h) in the TMR0 register will set flag bit T0IF (INTCON<2>). The interrupt can be enabled/disabled by setting/clearing enable bit T0IE (INTCON<5>) (Section 7.0).

## 13.5.3 PORTB INTERRUPT ON CHANGE

An input change on PORTB<7:4> sets flag bit RBIF (INTCON<0>). The interrupt can be enabled/disabled by setting/clearing enable bit RBIE (INTCON<4>) (Section 5.2).

**Note:** For the PIC16C61/62/64/65, if a change on the I/O pin should occur when the read operation is being executed (start of the Q2 cycle), then flag bit RBIF may not get set.

**FIGURE 13-19: INT PIN INTERRUPT TIMING**



## 13.6 Context Saving During Interrupts

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

During an interrupt, only the return PC value is saved on the stack. Typically, users may wish to save key registers during an interrupt i.e., W register and STATUS register. This will have to be implemented in software.

Example 13-1 stores and restores the STATUS and W registers. Example 13-2 stores and restores the STATUS, W, and PCLATH registers (Devices with paged program memory). For all PIC16C6X devices with greater than 1K of program memory (all devices except PIC16C61), the register, W\_TEMP, must be

defined in **all** banks and must be defined at the same offset from the bank base address (i.e., if W\_TEMP is defined at 0x20 in bank 0, it must also be defined at 0xA0 in bank 1, 0x120 in bank 2, and 0x1A0 in bank 3).

The examples:

- Stores the W register
- Stores the STATUS register in bank 0
- Stores PCLATH
- Executes ISR code
- Restores PCLATH
- Restores STATUS register (and bank select bit)
- Restores W register

### EXAMPLE 13-1: SAVING STATUS AND W REGISTERS IN RAM (PIC16C61)

```

MOVWF    W_TEMP           ;Copy W to TEMP register, could be bank one or zero
SWAPF    STATUS,W         ;Swap status to be saved into W
MOVWF    STATUS_TEMP      ;Save status to bank zero STATUS_TEMP register
:
: (ISR)
:
SWAPF    STATUS_TEMP,W    ;Swap STATUS_TEMP register into W
                        ;(sets bank to original state)
MOVWF    STATUS           ;Move W into STATUS register
SWAPF    W_TEMP,F         ;Swap W_TEMP
SWAPF    W_TEMP,W         ;Swap W_TEMP into W

```

### EXAMPLE 13-2: SAVING STATUS, W, AND PCLATH REGISTERS IN RAM (ALL OTHER PIC16C6X DEVICES)

```

MOVWF    W_TEMP           ;Copy W to TEMP register, could be bank one or zero
SWAPF    STATUS,W         ;Swap status to be saved into W
CLRF     STATUS           ;bank 0, regardless of current bank, Clears IRP,RP1,RP0
MOVWF    STATUS_TEMP      ;Save status to bank zero STATUS_TEMP register
MOVF     PCLATH, W        ;Only required if using pages 1, 2 and/or 3
MOVWF    PCLATH_TEMP      ;Save PCLATH into W
CLRF     PCLATH           ;Page zero, regardless of current page
BCF      STATUS, IRP      ;Return to Bank 0
MOVF     FSR, W           ;Copy FSR to W
MOVWF    FSR_TEMP         ;Copy FSR from W to FSR_TEMP
: (ISR)
:
MOVF     PCLATH_TEMP, W   ;Restore PCLATH
MOVWF    PCLATH           ;Move W into PCLATH
SWAPF    STATUS_TEMP,W    ;Swap STATUS_TEMP register into W
                        ;(sets bank to original state)
MOVWF    STATUS           ;Move W into STATUS register
SWAPF    W_TEMP,F         ;Swap W_TEMP
SWAPF    W_TEMP,W         ;Swap W_TEMP into W

```

# PIC16C6X

## 13.7 Watchdog Timer (WDT)

### Applicable Devices

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

The Watchdog Timer is a free running on-chip RC oscillator which does not require any external components. This RC oscillator is separate from the RC oscillator of the OSC1/CLKIN pin. That means that the WDT will run, even if the clock on the OSC1/CLKIN and OSC2/CLKOUT pins of the device has been stopped, for example, by execution of a *SLEEP* instruction. During normal operation, a WDT time-out generates a device reset. If the device is in *SLEEP* mode, a WDT time-out causes the device to wake-up and continue with normal operation (WDT Wake-up). The WDT can be permanently disabled by clearing configuration bit *WDTE* (Section 13.1).

### 13.7.1 WDT PERIOD

The WDT has a nominal time-out period of 18 ms, (with no prescaler). The time-out periods vary with temperature, *VDD* and process variations from part to part (see DC specs). If longer time-out periods are desired, a prescaler with a division ratio of up to 1:128 can be

assigned to the WDT under software control by writing to the *OPTION* register. Thus, time-out periods up to 2.3 seconds can be realized.

The *CLRWDT* and *SLEEP* instructions clear the WDT and the postscaler, if assigned to the WDT, and prevent it from timing out and generating a device *RESET* condition.

The  $\overline{\text{TO}}$  bit in the *STATUS* register will be cleared upon a WDT time-out.

### 13.7.2 WDT PROGRAMMING CONSIDERATIONS

It should also be taken in account that under worst case conditions (*VDD* = Min., Temperature = Max., max. WDT prescaler) it may take several seconds before a WDT time-out occurs.

**Note:** When a *CLRWDT* instruction is executed and the prescaler is assigned to the WDT, the prescaler count will be cleared, but the prescaler assignment is not changed.

**FIGURE 13-20: WATCHDOG TIMER BLOCK DIAGRAM**

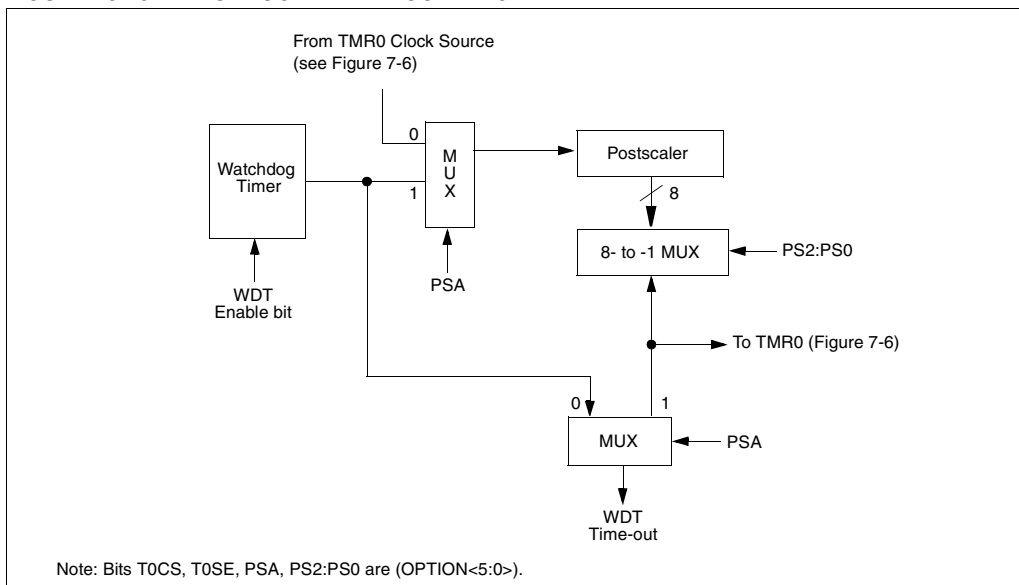


**FIGURE 13-21: SUMMARY OF WATCHDOG TIMER REGISTERS**

| Address  | Name          | Bit 7       | Bit 6            | Bit 5       | Bit 4       | Bit 3            | Bit 2       | Bit 1        | Bit 0        |
|----------|---------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 2007h    | Config. bits  | (1)         | <i>BODEN</i> (1) | <i>CP1</i>  | <i>CP0</i>  | <i>PWRTE</i> (1) | <i>WDTE</i> | <i>FOSC1</i> | <i>FOSC0</i> |
| 81h,181h | <i>OPTION</i> | <i>RBPU</i> | <i>INTEDG</i>    | <i>T0CS</i> | <i>T0SE</i> | <i>PSA</i>       | <i>PS2</i>  | <i>PS1</i>   | <i>PS0</i>   |

Legend: Shaded cells are not used by the Watchdog Timer.

Note 1: See Figure 13-1, Figure 13-2, and Figure 13-3 for details of these bits for the specific device.

## 13.8 Power-down Mode (SLEEP)

| Applicable Devices |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61                 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |

Power-down mode is entered by executing a `SLEEP` instruction.

If enabled, the Watchdog Timer will be cleared but keeps running, status bit `PD` (`STATUS<3>`) is cleared, status bit `TO` (`STATUS<4>`) is set, and the oscillator driver is turned off. The I/O ports maintain the status they had before the `SLEEP` instruction was executed (driving high, low, or hi-impedance).

For lowest current consumption in this mode, place all I/O pins at either `VDD`, or `VSS`, ensure no external circuitry is drawing current from the I/O pin, and disable external clocks. Pull all I/O pins, that are hi-impedance inputs, high or low externally to avoid switching currents caused by floating inputs. The `T0CKI` input should also be at `VDD` or `VSS` for lowest current consumption. The contribution from on-chip pull-ups on `PORTB` should be considered.

The `MCLR/VPP` pin must be at a logic high level (`VIHMC`).

### 13.8.1 WAKE-UP FROM SLEEP

The device can wake from `SLEEP` through one of the following events:

1. External reset input on `MCLR/VPP` pin.
2. Watchdog Timer Wake-up (if `WDT` was enabled).
3. Interrupt from `RB0/INT` pin, `RB` port change, or some peripheral interrupts.

External `MCLR` Reset will cause a device reset. All other events are considered a continuation of program execution and cause a "wake-up". The `TO` and `PD` bits in the `STATUS` register can be used to determine the cause of device reset. The `PD` bit, which is set on power-up is cleared when `SLEEP` is invoked. The `TO` bit is cleared if `WDT` time-out occurred (and caused wake-up).

The following peripheral interrupts can wake the device from `SLEEP`:

1. `TMR1` interrupt. `Timer1` must be operating as an asynchronous counter.
2. `SSP` (Start/Stop) bit detect interrupt.
3. `SSP` transmit or receive in slave mode (`SPI/I2C`).
4. `CCP` capture mode interrupt.
5. Parallel Slave Port read or write.
6. `USART TX` or `RX` (synchronous slave mode).

Other peripherals can not generate interrupts since during `SLEEP`, no on-chip `Q` clocks are present.

When the `SLEEP` instruction is being executed, the next instruction (`PC + 1`) is pre-fetched. For the device to wake-up through an interrupt event, the corresponding interrupt enable bit must be set (enabled). Wake-up is regardless of the state of the `GIE` bit. If the `GIE` bit is clear (disabled), the device continues execution at the instruction after the `SLEEP` instruction. If the `GIE` bit is set (enabled), the device executes the instruction after the `SLEEP` instruction and then branches to the interrupt address (0004h). In cases where the execution of the instruction following `SLEEP` is not desirable, the user should have a `NOP` after the `SLEEP` instruction.

### 13.8.2 WAKE-UP USING INTERRUPTS

When global interrupts are disabled (`GIE` cleared) and any interrupt source has both its interrupt enable bit and interrupt flag bit set, one of the following will occur:

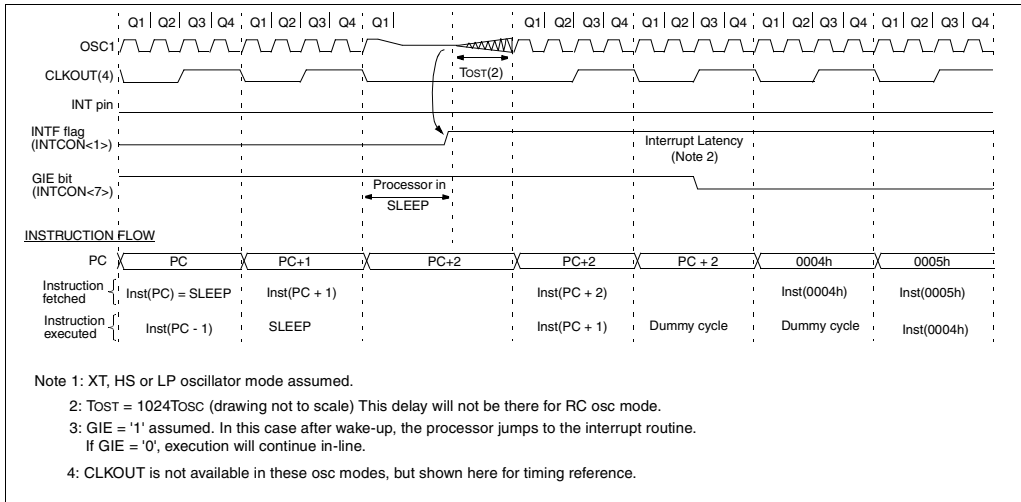
- If the interrupt occurs **before** the execution of a `SLEEP` instruction, the `SLEEP` instruction will complete as a `NOP`. Therefore, the `WDT` and `WDT` postscaler will not be cleared, the `TO` bit will not be set and `PD` bits will not be cleared.
- If the interrupt occurs **during or after** the execution of a `SLEEP` instruction, the device will immediately wake up from sleep. The `SLEEP` instruction will be completely executed before the wake-up. Therefore, the `WDT` and `WDT` postscaler will be cleared, the `TO` bit will be set and the `PD` bit will be cleared.

Even if the flag bits were checked before executing a `SLEEP` instruction, it may be possible for flag bits to become set before the `SLEEP` instruction completes. To determine whether a `SLEEP` instruction executed, test the `PD` bit. If the `PD` bit is set, the `SLEEP` instruction was executed as a `NOP`.

To ensure that the `WDT` is cleared, a `CLRWD` instruction should be executed before a `SLEEP` instruction.

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**FIGURE 13-22: WAKE-UP FROM SLEEP THROUGH INTERRUPT**



## 13.9 Program Verification/Code Protection

### Applicable Devices

61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

If the code protection bit(s) have not been programmed, the on-chip program memory can be read out for verification purposes.

**Note:** Microchip does not recommend code protecting windowed devices.

## 13.10 ID Locations

### Applicable Devices

61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

Four memory locations (2000h - 2003h) are designated as ID locations where the user can store checksum or other code-identification numbers. These locations are not accessible during normal execution but are readable and writable during program/verify. It is recommended that only the 4 least significant bits of the ID location are used.

For ROM devices, these values are submitted along with the ROM code.

## 13.11 In-Circuit Serial Programming

### Applicable Devices

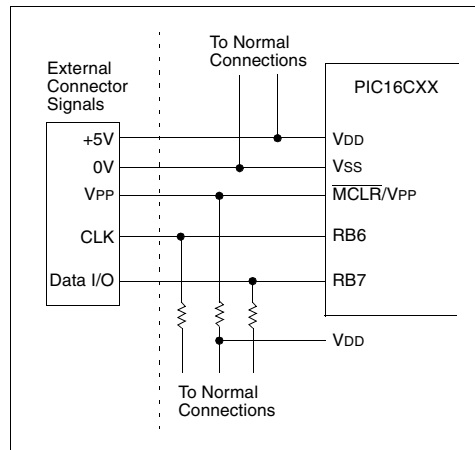
61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

The PIC16CXX microcontrollers can be serially programmed while in the end application circuit. This is simply done with two lines for clock and data, and three other lines for power, ground, and the programming voltage. This allows customers to manufacture boards with unprogrammed devices, and then program the microcontroller just before shipping the product. This also allows the most recent firmware or a custom firmware to be programmed.

The device is placed into a program/verify mode by holding pins RB6 and RB7 low while raising the MCLR (VPP) pin from VIL to VIH (see programming specification). RB6 becomes the programming clock and RB7 becomes the programming data. Both RB6 and RB7 are Schmitt Trigger inputs in this mode.

After reset, to place the device in program/verify mode, the program counter (PC) is at location 00h. A 6-bit command is then supplied to the device. Depending on the command, 14-bits of program data are then supplied to or from the device, depending if the command was a load or a read. For complete details of serial programming, please refer to the PIC16C6X/7X Programming Specifications (Literature #DS30228).

**FIGURE 13-23: TYPICAL IN-CIRCUIT SERIAL PROGRAMMING CONNECTION**



## 14.0 INSTRUCTION SET SUMMARY

Each PIC16CXX instruction is a 14-bit word divided into an OPCODE which specifies the instruction type and one or more operands which further specify the operation of the instruction. The PIC16CXX instruction set summary in Table 14-2 lists **byte-oriented**, **bit-oriented**, and **literal and control** operations. Table 14-1 shows the opcode field descriptions.

For **byte-oriented** instructions, 'f' represents a file register designator and 'd' represents a destination designator. The file register designator specifies which file register is to be used by the instruction.

The destination designator specifies where the result of the operation is to be placed. If 'd' is zero, the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is one, the result is placed in the file register specified in the instruction.

For **bit-oriented** instructions, 'b' represents a bit field designator which selects the number of the bit affected by the operation, while 'f' represents the number of the file in which the bit is located.

For **literal and control** operations, 'k' represents an eight or eleven bit constant or literal value.

**TABLE 14-1: OPCODE FIELD DESCRIPTIONS**

| Field          | Description                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| f              | Register file address (0x00 to 0x7F)                                                                                                                                  |
| W              | Working register (accumulator)                                                                                                                                        |
| b              | Bit address within an 8-bit file register                                                                                                                             |
| k              | Literal field, constant data or label                                                                                                                                 |
| x              | Don't care location (= 0 or 1)<br>The assembler will generate code with x = 0. It is the recommended form of use for compatibility with all Microchip software tools. |
| d              | Destination select; d = 0: store result in W,<br>d = 1: store result in file register f.<br>Default is d = 1                                                          |
| label          | Label name                                                                                                                                                            |
| TOS            | Top of Stack                                                                                                                                                          |
| PC             | Program Counter                                                                                                                                                       |
| PCLATH         | Program Counter High Latch                                                                                                                                            |
| GIE            | Global Interrupt Enable bit                                                                                                                                           |
| WDT            | Watchdog Timer/Counter                                                                                                                                                |
| TO             | Time-out bit                                                                                                                                                          |
| PD             | Power-down bit                                                                                                                                                        |
| dest           | Destination either the W register or the specified register file location                                                                                             |
| [ ]            | Options                                                                                                                                                               |
| ( )            | Contents                                                                                                                                                              |
| →              | Assigned to                                                                                                                                                           |
| < >            | Register bit field                                                                                                                                                    |
| ∈              | In the set of                                                                                                                                                         |
| <i>italics</i> | User defined term (font is courier)                                                                                                                                   |

The instruction set is highly orthogonal and is grouped into three basic categories:

- **Byte-oriented** operations
- **Bit-oriented** operations
- **Literal and control** operations

All instructions are executed within one single instruction cycle, unless a conditional test is true or the program counter is changed as a result of an instruction. In this case, the execution takes two instruction cycles with the second cycle executed as a NOP. One instruction cycle consists of four oscillator periods. Thus, for an oscillator frequency of 4 MHz, the normal instruction execution time is 1 μs. If a conditional test is true or the program counter is changed as a result of an instruction, the instruction execution time is 2 μs.

Table 14-2 lists the instructions recognized by the MPASM assembler.

Figure 14-1 shows the general formats that the instructions can have.

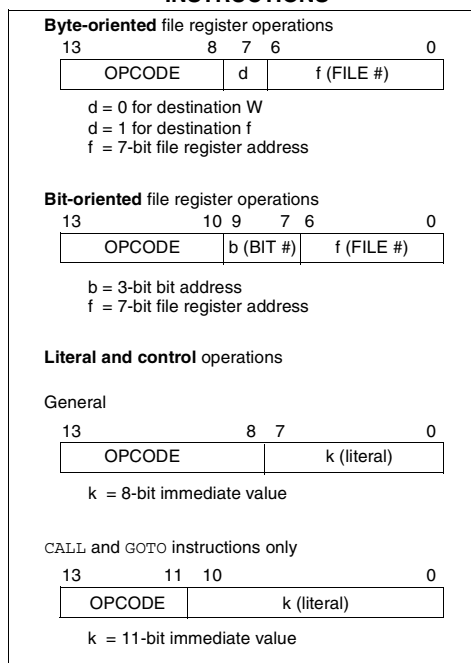
**Note:** To maintain upward compatibility with future PIC16CXX products, do not use the `OPTION` and `TRIS` instructions.

All examples use the following format to represent a hexadecimal number:

0xhh

where h signifies a hexadecimal digit.

**FIGURE 14-1: GENERAL FORMAT FOR INSTRUCTIONS**



# PIC16C6X

**TABLE 14-2: PIC16CXX INSTRUCTION SET**

| Mnemonic,<br>Operands                  | Description | Cycles                       | 14-Bit Opcode |    |      |      | Status<br>Affected | Notes                          |       |
|----------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------|----|------|------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
|                                        |             |                              | MSb           |    | LSb  |      |                    |                                |       |
| BYTE-ORIENTED FILE REGISTER OPERATIONS |             |                              |               |    |      |      |                    |                                |       |
| ADDWF                                  | f, d        | Add W and f                  | 1             | 00 | 0111 | dfff | ffff               | C,DC,Z                         | 1,2   |
| ANDWF                                  | f, d        | AND W with f                 | 1             | 00 | 0101 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| CLRF                                   | f           | Clear f                      | 1             | 00 | 0001 | 1fff | ffff               | Z                              | 2     |
| CLRW                                   | -           | Clear W                      | 1             | 00 | 0001 | 0xxx | xxxx               | Z                              |       |
| COMF                                   | f, d        | Complement f                 | 1             | 00 | 1001 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| DECf                                   | f, d        | Decrement f                  | 1             | 00 | 0011 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| DECFSZ                                 | f, d        | Decrement f, Skip if 0       | 1(2)          | 00 | 1011 | dfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2,3 |
| INCF                                   | f, d        | Increment f                  | 1             | 00 | 1010 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| INCFSZ                                 | f, d        | Increment f, Skip if 0       | 1(2)          | 00 | 1111 | dfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2,3 |
| IORWF                                  | f, d        | Inclusive OR W with f        | 1             | 00 | 0100 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| MOVF                                   | f, d        | Move f                       | 1             | 00 | 1000 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| MOVWF                                  | f           | Move W to f                  | 1             | 00 | 0000 | 1fff | ffff               |                                |       |
| NOP                                    | -           | No Operation                 | 1             | 00 | 0000 | 0xx0 | 0000               |                                |       |
| RLF                                    | f, d        | Rotate Left f through Carry  | 1             | 00 | 1101 | dfff | ffff               | C                              | 1,2   |
| RRF                                    | f, d        | Rotate Right f through Carry | 1             | 00 | 1100 | dfff | ffff               | C                              | 1,2   |
| SUBWF                                  | f, d        | Subtract W from f            | 1             | 00 | 0010 | dfff | ffff               | C,DC,Z                         | 1,2   |
| SWAPF                                  | f, d        | Swap nibbles in f            | 1             | 00 | 1110 | dfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2   |
| XORWF                                  | f, d        | Exclusive OR W with f        | 1             | 00 | 0110 | dfff | ffff               | Z                              | 1,2   |
| BIT-ORIENTED FILE REGISTER OPERATIONS  |             |                              |               |    |      |      |                    |                                |       |
| BCF                                    | f, b        | Bit Clear f                  | 1             | 01 | 00bb | bfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2   |
| BSF                                    | f, b        | Bit Set f                    | 1             | 01 | 01bb | bfff | ffff               |                                | 1,2   |
| BTFSC                                  | f, b        | Bit Test f, Skip if Clear    | 1 (2)         | 01 | 10bb | bfff | ffff               |                                | 3     |
| BTFSS                                  | f, b        | Bit Test f, Skip if Set      | 1 (2)         | 01 | 11bb | bfff | ffff               |                                | 3     |
| LITERAL AND CONTROL OPERATIONS         |             |                              |               |    |      |      |                    |                                |       |
| ADDLW                                  | k           | Add literal and W            | 1             | 11 | 111x | kkkk | kkkk               | C,DC,Z                         |       |
| ANDLW                                  | k           | AND literal with W           | 1             | 11 | 1001 | kkkk | kkkk               | Z                              |       |
| CALL                                   | k           | Call subroutine              | 2             | 10 | 0kkk | kkkk | kkkk               |                                |       |
| CLRWDt                                 | -           | Clear Watchdog Timer         | 1             | 00 | 0000 | 0110 | 0100               | $\overline{TO}, \overline{PD}$ |       |
| GOTO                                   | k           | Go to address                | 2             | 10 | 1kkk | kkkk | kkkk               |                                |       |
| IORLW                                  | k           | Inclusive OR literal with W  | 1             | 11 | 1000 | kkkk | kkkk               | Z                              |       |
| MOVLW                                  | k           | Move literal to W            | 1             | 11 | 00xx | kkkk | kkkk               |                                |       |
| RETFIE                                 | -           | Return from interrupt        | 2             | 00 | 0000 | 0000 | 1001               |                                |       |
| RETLW                                  | k           | Return with literal in W     | 2             | 11 | 01xx | kkkk | kkkk               |                                |       |
| RETURN                                 | -           | Return from Subroutine       | 2             | 00 | 0000 | 0000 | 1000               |                                |       |
| SLEEP                                  | -           | Go into standby mode         | 1             | 00 | 0000 | 0110 | 0011               | $\overline{TO}, \overline{PD}$ |       |
| SUBLW                                  | k           | Subtract W from literal      | 1             | 11 | 110x | kkkk | kkkk               | C,DC,Z                         |       |
| XORLW                                  | k           | Exclusive OR literal with W  | 1             | 11 | 1010 | kkkk | kkkk               | Z                              |       |

Note 1: When an I/O register is modified as a function of itself ( e.g., `MOVF PORTB, 1`), the value used will be that value present on the pins themselves. For example, if the data latch is '1' for a pin configured as input and is driven low by an external device, the data will be written back with a '0'.

2: If this instruction is executed on the TMR0 register (and, where applicable, d = 1), the prescaler will be cleared if assigned to the Timer0 Module.

3: If Program Counter (PC) is modified or a conditional test is true, the instruction requires two cycles. The second cycle is executed as a NOP.



## 14.1 Instruction Descriptions

### ADDLW Add Literal and W

|                   |                                                                                                                   |                  |              |            |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] ADDLW k                                                                                          |                  |              |            |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq k \leq 255$                                                                                               |                  |              |            |
| Operation:        | $(W) + k \rightarrow (W)$                                                                                         |                  |              |            |
| Status Affected:  | C, DC, Z                                                                                                          |                  |              |            |
| Encoding:         | 11                                                                                                                | 111x             | kkkk         | kkkk       |
| Description:      | The contents of the W register are added to the eight bit literal 'k' and the result is placed in the W register. |                  |              |            |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                                                 |                  |              |            |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                                                 |                  |              |            |
| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1                                                                                                                | Q2               | Q3           | Q4         |
|                   | Decode                                                                                                            | Read literal 'k' | Process data | Write to W |

Example

```
ADDLW    0x15
Before Instruction
W = 0x10
After Instruction
W = 0x25
```

### ADDWF Add W and f

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                  |                   |              |                      |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] ADDWF f,d                                                                                                                                       |                   |              |                      |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq f \leq 127$<br>$d \in [0,1]$                                                                                                                             |                   |              |                      |
| Operation:        | $(W) + (f) \rightarrow (\text{destination})$                                                                                                                     |                   |              |                      |
| Status Affected:  | C, DC, Z                                                                                                                                                         |                   |              |                      |
| Encoding:         | 00                                                                                                                                                               | 0111              | dfff         | ffff                 |
| Description:      | Add the contents of the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'. |                   |              |                      |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                                                                                                |                   |              |                      |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                                                                                                |                   |              |                      |
| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1                                                                                                                                                               | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|                   | Decode                                                                                                                                                           | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example

```
ADDWF    FSR, 0
Before Instruction
W = 0x17
FSR = 0xC2
After Instruction
W = 0xD9
FSR = 0xC2
```

### ANDLW AND Literal with W

|                   |                                                                                                               |                  |              |            |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] ANDLW k                                                                                      |                  |              |            |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq k \leq 255$                                                                                           |                  |              |            |
| Operation:        | $(W) .\text{AND}. (k) \rightarrow (W)$                                                                        |                  |              |            |
| Status Affected:  | Z                                                                                                             |                  |              |            |
| Encoding:         | 11                                                                                                            | 1001             | kkkk         | kkkk       |
| Description:      | The contents of W register are AND'ed with the eight bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register. |                  |              |            |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                                             |                  |              |            |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                                             |                  |              |            |
| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1                                                                                                            | Q2               | Q3           | Q4         |
|                   | Decode                                                                                                        | Read literal "k" | Process data | Write to W |

Example

```
ANDLW    0x5F
Before Instruction
W = 0xA3
After Instruction
W = 0x03
```

### ANDWF AND W with f

|                   |                                                                                                                                                  |                   |              |                      |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] ANDWF f,d                                                                                                                       |                   |              |                      |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq f \leq 127$<br>$d \in [0,1]$                                                                                                             |                   |              |                      |
| Operation:        | $(W) .\text{AND}. (f) \rightarrow (\text{destination})$                                                                                          |                   |              |                      |
| Status Affected:  | Z                                                                                                                                                |                   |              |                      |
| Encoding:         | 00                                                                                                                                               | 0101              | dfff         | ffff                 |
| Description:      | AND the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'. |                   |              |                      |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                                                                                |                   |              |                      |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                                                                                |                   |              |                      |
| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1                                                                                                                                               | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|                   | Decode                                                                                                                                           | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example

```
ANDWF    FSR, 1
Before Instruction
W = 0x17
FSR = 0xC2
After Instruction
W = 0x17
FSR = 0x02
```

# PIC16C6X

## BCF Bit Clear f

Syntax: `[label] BCF f,b`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $0 \leq b \leq 7$

Operation:  $0 \rightarrow (f<b>)$

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 01 | 00bb | bfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: Bit 'b' in register 'f' is cleared.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity:

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                 |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write register 'f' |

Example `BCF FLAG_REG, 7`

Before Instruction

`FLAG_REG = 0x07`

After Instruction

`FLAG_REG = 0x47`

## BTFSC Bit Test, Skip if Clear

Syntax: `[label] BTFSC f,b`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $0 \leq b \leq 7$

Operation: skip if  $(f<b>) = 0$

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 01 | 10bb | bfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: If bit 'b' in register 'f' is '1' then the next instruction is executed.  
 If bit 'b', in register 'f', is '0' then the next instruction is discarded, and a NOP is executed instead, making this a 2TCY instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1(2)

Q Cycle Activity:

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4           |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | No-Operation |

If Skip: (2nd Cycle)

| Q1           | Q2           | Q3           | Q4           |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation |

Example

```

HERE    BTFSC  FLAG,1
FALSE   GOTO   PROCESS_CODE
TRUE    •
        •
        •
    
```

Before Instruction

`PC = address HERE`

After Instruction

```

if FLAG<1> = 0,
PC = address TRUE
if FLAG<1> = 1,
PC = address FALSE
    
```

## BSF Bit Set f

Syntax: `[label] BSF f,b`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $0 \leq b \leq 7$

Operation:  $1 \rightarrow (f<b>)$

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 01 | 01bb | bfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: Bit 'b' in register 'f' is set.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity:

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                 |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write register 'f' |

Example `BSF FLAG_REG, 7`

Before Instruction

`FLAG_REG = 0x0A`

After Instruction

`FLAG_REG = 0x8A`

## BTFSS Bit Test f, Skip if Set

Syntax: `[label] BTFSS f,b`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $0 \leq b < 7$

Operation: skip if  $(f < b) = 1$

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 01 | 11bb | bfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: If bit 'b' in register 'f' is '0' then the next instruction is executed.  
 If bit 'b' is '1', then the next instruction is discarded and a NOP is executed instead, making this a 2Tcy instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1(2)

Q Cycle Activity: 

|        |                   |              |              |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4           |
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | No-Operation |

If Skip: (2nd Cycle)

|              |              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Q1           | Q2           | Q3           | Q4           |
| No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation |

### Example

```

HERE    BTFSC  FLAG, 1
FALSE   GOTO   PROCESS_CODE
TRUE    •
        •
        •
  
```

Before Instruction

PC = address HERE

After Instruction

```

if FLAG<1> = 0,
PC = address FALSE
if FLAG<1> = 1,
PC = address TRUE
  
```

## CALL Call Subroutine

Syntax: `[label] CALL k`

Operands:  $0 \leq k \leq 2047$

Operation:  $(PC) + 1 \rightarrow TOS$ ,  
 $k \rightarrow PC < 10:0 >$ ,  
 $(PCLATH < 4:3 >) \rightarrow PC < 12:11 >$

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 10 | 0kkk | kkkk | kkkk |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: Call Subroutine. First, return address  $(PC+1)$  is pushed onto the stack. The eleven bit immediate address is loaded into PC bits  $<10:0>$ . The upper bits of the PC are loaded from PCLATH. CALL is a two cycle instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 2

Q Cycle Activity: 

|              |                                    |              |              |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Q1           | Q2                                 | Q3           | Q4           |
| Decode       | Read literal 'k', Push PC to Stack | Process data | Write to PC  |
| No-Operation | No-Operation                       | No-Operation | No-Operation |

1st Cycle

2nd Cycle

### Example

```

HERE    CALL   THERE
  
```

Before Instruction

PC = Address HERE

After Instruction

PC = Address THERE

TOS = Address HERE+1

# PIC16C6X

## CLRF Clear f

Syntax: `[label] CLRF f`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$

Operation:  $00h \rightarrow (f)$   
 $1 \rightarrow Z$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0001 | 1fff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The contents of register 'f' are cleared and the Z bit is set.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity:

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                 |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write register 'f' |

Example

```

CLRF    FLAG_REG
Before Instruction
    FLAG_REG = 0x5A
After Instruction
    FLAG_REG = 0x00
    Z       = 1
    
```

## CLRW Clear W

Syntax: `[label] CLRW`

Operands: None

Operation:  $00h \rightarrow (W)$   
 $1 \rightarrow Z$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0001 | 0xxx | xxxx |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: W register is cleared. Zero bit (Z) is set.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity:

| Q1     | Q2           | Q3           | Q4         |
|--------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Decode | No-Operation | Process data | Write to W |

Example

```

CLRW
Before Instruction
    W = 0x5A
After Instruction
    W = 0x00
    Z = 1
    
```

## CLRWDTClear Watchdog Timer

Syntax: `[label] CLRWDTClear Watchdog Timer`

Operands: None

Operation:  $00h \rightarrow WDT$   
 $0 \rightarrow WDT$  prescaler,  
 $1 \rightarrow \overline{TO}$   
 $1 \rightarrow \overline{PD}$

Status Affected:  $\overline{TO}$ ,  $\overline{PD}$

Encoding:

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0000 | 0110 | 0100 |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: CLRWDTClear Watchdog Timer. It also resets the prescaler of the WDT. Status bits  $\overline{TO}$  and  $\overline{PD}$  are set.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity:

| Q1     | Q2           | Q3           | Q4                |
|--------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Decode | No-Operation | Process data | Clear WDT Counter |

Example

```

CLRWDTClear Watchdog Timer
Before Instruction
    WDT counter = ?
After Instruction
    WDT counter = 0x00
    WDT prescaler = 0
     $\overline{TO}$  = 1
     $\overline{PD}$  = 1
    
```

## COMF Complement f

Syntax: `[label] COMF f,d`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation:  $(\bar{f}) \rightarrow (\text{destination})$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 1001 | dfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The contents of register 'f' are complemented. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in W. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example `COMF REG1, 0`

Before Instruction

REG1 = 0x13

After Instruction

REG1 = 0x13

W = 0xEC

## DECf Decrement f

Syntax: `[label] DECf f,d`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation:  $(f) - 1 \rightarrow (\text{destination})$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0011 | dfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: Decrement register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example `DECf CNT, 1`

Before Instruction

CNT = 0x01

Z = 0

After Instruction

CNT = 0x00

Z = 1

## DECFSZ Decrement f, Skip if 0

Syntax: `[label] DECFSZ f,d`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation:  $(f) - 1 \rightarrow (\text{destination})$ ;  
skip if result = 0

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 1011 | dfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The contents of register 'f' are decremented. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed back in register 'f'. If the result is 1, the next instruction, is executed. If the result is 0, then a NOP is executed instead making it a 2Tcy instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1(2)

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

If Skip: (2nd Cycle)

| Q1           | Q2           | Q3           | Q4           |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation |

Example

```
HERE      DECFSZ  CNT, 1
          GOTO    LOOP
CONTINUE  :
          :
```

Before Instruction

PC = address HERE

After Instruction

CNT = CNT - 1

if CNT = 0,

PC = address CONTINUE

if CNT  $\neq$  0,

PC = address HERE+1

# PIC16C6X

**GOTO**

**Unconditional Branch**

Syntax: [label] GOTO k

Operands: 0 ≤ k ≤ 2047

Operation: k → PC<10:0>  
PCLATH<4:3> → PC<12:11>

Status Affected: None

Encoding:

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 10 | 1kkk | kkkk | kkkk |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: GOTO is an unconditional branch. The eleven bit immediate value is loaded into PC bits <10:0>. The upper bits of PC are loaded from PCLATH<4:3>. GOTO is a two cycle instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 2

Q Cycle Activity:

|           | Q1           | Q2               | Q3           | Q4           |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1st Cycle | Decode       | Read literal 'k' | Process data | Write to PC  |
| 2nd Cycle | No-Operation | No-Operation     | No-Operation | No-Operation |

Example

GOTO THERE

After Instruction  
PC = Address THERE

**INCF**

**Increment f**

Syntax: [label] INCF f,d

Operands: 0 ≤ f ≤ 127  
d ∈ [0,1]

Operation: (f) + 1 → (destination)

Status Affected: Z

Encoding:

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 1010 | dfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The contents of register 'f' are incremented. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity:

|  | Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|--|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
|  | Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example

INCF CNT, 1

Before Instruction  
CNT = 0xFF  
Z = 0

After Instruction  
CNT = 0x00  
Z = 1

## INCFSZ Increment f, Skip if 0

Syntax: [ *label* ] INCFSZ f,d

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation:  $(f) + 1 \rightarrow (\text{destination})$ ,  
skip if result = 0

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 1111 | dfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The contents of register 'f' are incremented. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed back in register 'f'. If the result is 1, the next instruction is executed. If the result is 0, a NOP is executed instead making it a 2TCY instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1(2)

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

If Skip: (2nd Cycle)

| Q1           | Q2           | Q3           | Q4           |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation |

Example

```

HERE      INCFSZ    CNT, 1
          GOTO      LOOP
CONTINUE  •
          •
          •
    
```

Before Instruction

PC = address HERE

After Instruction

CNT = CNT + 1

if CNT= 0,

PC = address CONTINUE

if CNT≠ 0,

PC = address HERE +1

## IORLW Inclusive OR Literal with W

Syntax: [ *label* ] IORLW k

Operands:  $0 \leq k \leq 255$

Operation:  $(W) .OR. k \rightarrow (W)$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 11 | 1000 | kkkk | kkkk |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The contents of the W register is OR'ed with the eight bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2               | Q3           | Q4         |
|--------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| Decode | Read literal 'k' | Process data | Write to W |

Example

IORLW 0x35

Before Instruction

W = 0x9A

After Instruction

W = 0xBF

Z = 1

# PIC16C6X

## IORWF Inclusive OR W with f

|                   |                                                                                                                                                           |                   |              |                      |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] IORWF f,d                                                                                                                                |                   |              |                      |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq f \leq 127$<br>$d \in [0,1]$                                                                                                                      |                   |              |                      |
| Operation:        | (W) .OR. (f) $\rightarrow$ (destination)                                                                                                                  |                   |              |                      |
| Status Affected:  | Z                                                                                                                                                         |                   |              |                      |
| Encoding:         | 00                                                                                                                                                        | 0100              | dfff         | ffff                 |
| Description:      | Inclusive OR the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed back in register 'f'. |                   |              |                      |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                                                                                         |                   |              |                      |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                                                                                         |                   |              |                      |
| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1                                                                                                                                                        | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|                   | Decode                                                                                                                                                    | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example IORWF RESULT, 0

Before Instruction

RESULT = 0x13  
W = 0x91

After Instruction

RESULT = 0x13  
W = 0x93  
Z = 1

## MOVF Move f

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                   |              |                      |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] MOVF f,d                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                   |              |                      |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq f \leq 127$<br>$d \in [0,1]$                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                   |              |                      |
| Operation:        | (f) $\rightarrow$ (destination)                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                   |              |                      |
| Status Affected:  | Z                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                   |              |                      |
| Encoding:         | 00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1000              | dfff         | ffff                 |
| Description:      | The contents of register f is moved to a destination dependant upon the status of d. If d = 0, destination is W register. If d = 1, the destination is file register f itself. d = 1 is useful to test a file register since status flag Z is affected. |                   |              |                      |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                   |              |                      |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                   |              |                      |
| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|                   | Decode                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example MOVF FSR, 0

After Instruction

W = value in FSR register  
Z = 1

## MOVLW Move Literal to W

|                   |                                                                                            |                  |              |            |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] MOVLW k                                                                   |                  |              |            |
| Operands:         | 0 ≤ k ≤ 255                                                                                |                  |              |            |
| Operation:        | k → (W)                                                                                    |                  |              |            |
| Status Affected:  | None                                                                                       |                  |              |            |
| Encoding:         | 11                                                                                         | 00xx             | kkkk         | kkkk       |
| Description:      | The eight bit literal 'k' is loaded into W register. The don't cares will assemble as 0's. |                  |              |            |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                          |                  |              |            |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                          |                  |              |            |
| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1                                                                                         | Q2               | Q3           | Q4         |
|                   | Decode                                                                                     | Read literal 'k' | Process data | Write to W |

Example

MOVLW 0x5A

After Instruction

W = 0x5A

## MOVWF Move W to f

|                   |                                            |                   |              |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] MOVWF f                   |                   |              |                    |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq f \leq 127$                        |                   |              |                    |
| Operation:        | (W) $\rightarrow$ (f)                      |                   |              |                    |
| Status Affected:  | None                                       |                   |              |                    |
| Encoding:         | 00                                         | 0000              | 1fff         | ffff               |
| Description:      | Move data from W register to register 'f'. |                   |              |                    |
| Words:            | 1                                          |                   |              |                    |
| Cycles:           | 1                                          |                   |              |                    |
| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1                                         | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                 |
|                   | Decode                                     | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write register 'f' |

Example

MOVWF OPTION\_REG

Before Instruction

OPTION = 0xFF  
W = 0x4F

After Instruction

OPTION = 0x4F  
W = 0x4F



## NOP No Operation

Syntax: [ *label* ] NOP

Operands: None

Operation: No operation

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0000 | 0xx0 | 0000 |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: No operation.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity:

| Q1     | Q2           | Q3           | Q4           |
|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Decode | No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation |

Example NOP

## RETFIE Return from Interrupt

Syntax: [ *label* ] RETFIE

Operands: None

Operation: TOS → PC,  
1 → GIE

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0000 | 0000 | 1001 |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: Return from Interrupt. Stack is POPed and Top of Stack (TOS) is loaded in the PC. Interrupts are enabled by setting Global Interrupt Enable bit, GIE (INTCON<7>). This is a two cycle instruction.

Words: 1

Cycles: 2

Q Cycle Activity:

|           | Q1           | Q2           | Q3              | Q4                 |
|-----------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1st Cycle | Decode       | No-Operation | Set the GIE bit | Pop from the Stack |
| 2nd Cycle | No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation    | No-Operation       |

Example RETFIE

After Interrupt

PC = TOS

GIE = 1

## OPTION Load Option Register

Syntax: [ *label* ] OPTION

Operands: None

Operation: (W) → OPTION

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0000 | 0110 | 0010 |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The contents of the W register are loaded in the OPTION register. This instruction is supported for code compatibility with PIC16C5X products. Since OPTION is a readable/writable register, the user can directly address it.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example

**To maintain upward compatibility with future PIC16CXX products, do not use this instruction.**

# PIC16C6X

## RETLW            Return with Literal in W

Syntax:            [ *label* ]   RETLW   *k*

Operands:           $0 \leq k \leq 255$

Operation:           $k \rightarrow (W)$ ;  
                      TOS  $\rightarrow$  PC

Status Affected:   None

Encoding:           

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 11 | 01xx | kkkk | kkkk |
|----|------|------|------|

Description:        The W register is loaded with the eight bit literal 'k'. The program counter is loaded from the top of the stack (the return address). This is a two cycle instruction.

Words:              1

Cycles:              2

| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1           | Q2               | Q3           | Q4                             |
|-------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st Cycle         | Decode       | Read literal 'k' | No-Operation | Write to W, Pop from the Stack |
| 2nd Cycle         | No-Operation | No-Operation     | No-Operation | No-Operation                   |

### Example

```
CALL TABLE ;W contains table
              ;offset value
              ;W now has table value
•
•
•
TABLE ADDWF PC ;W = offset
      RETLW k1 ;Begin table
      RETLW k2 ;
      •
      •
      RETLW kn ; End of table

Before Instruction
      W = 0x07
After Instruction
      W = value of k8
```

## RETURN            Return from Subroutine

Syntax:            [ *label* ]   RETURN

Operands:          None

Operation:          TOS  $\rightarrow$  PC

Status Affected:   None

Encoding:           

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0000 | 0000 | 1000 |
|----|------|------|------|

Description:        Return from subroutine. The stack is POPed and the top of the stack (TOS) is loaded into the program counter. This is a two cycle instruction.

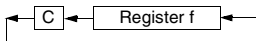
Words:              1

Cycles:              2

| Q Cycle Activity: | Q1           | Q2           | Q3           | Q4                 |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| 1st Cycle         | Decode       | No-Operation | No-Operation | Pop from the Stack |
| 2nd Cycle         | No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation | No-Operation       |

### Example

```
RETURN
After Interrupt
      PC = TOS
```

| RLF               | Rotate Left f through Carry                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|------|------|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] RLF f,d                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq f \leq 127$<br>$d \in [0,1]$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Operation:        | See description below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Status Affected:  | C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Encoding:         | <table><tr><td>00</td><td>1101</td><td>dfff</td><td>ffff</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 00           | 1101                 | dfff | ffff |        |                   |              |                      |
| 00                | 1101                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | dfff         | ffff                 |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Description:      | <p>The contents of register 'f' are rotated one bit to the left through the Carry Flag. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.</p>  |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Q Cycle Activity: | <table><tr><th>Q1</th><th>Q2</th><th>Q3</th><th>Q4</th></tr><tr><td>Decode</td><td>Read register 'f'</td><td>Process data</td><td>Write to destination</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                 | Q1           | Q2                   | Q3   | Q4   | Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |
| Q1                | Q2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Q3           | Q4                   |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Decode            | Read register 'f'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Process data | Write to destination |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |

**Example**

RLF REG1, 0

Before Instruction

REG1 = 1110 0110

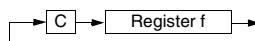
C = 0

After Instruction

REG1 = 1110 0110

W = 1100 1100

C = 1

| RRF               | Rotate Right f through Carry                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|------|------|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Syntax:           | [ <i>label</i> ] RRF f,d                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Operands:         | $0 \leq f \leq 127$<br>$d \in [0,1]$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Operation:        | See description below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Status Affected:  | C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Encoding:         | <table><tr><td>00</td><td>1100</td><td>dfff</td><td>ffff</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 00           | 1100                 | dfff | ffff |        |                   |              |                      |
| 00                | 1100                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | dfff         | ffff                 |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Description:      | <p>The contents of register 'f' are rotated one bit to the right through the Carry Flag. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed back in register 'f'.</p>  |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Words:            | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Cycles:           | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |              |                      |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Q Cycle Activity: | <table><tr><th>Q1</th><th>Q2</th><th>Q3</th><th>Q4</th></tr><tr><td>Decode</td><td>Read register 'f'</td><td>Process data</td><td>Write to destination</td></tr></table>                                                                                                                   | Q1           | Q2                   | Q3   | Q4   | Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |
| Q1                | Q2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Q3           | Q4                   |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |
| Decode            | Read register 'f'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Process data | Write to destination |      |      |        |                   |              |                      |

**Example**

RRF REG1, 0

Before Instruction

REG1 = 1110 0110

C = 0

After Instruction

REG1 = 1110 0110

W = 0111 0011

C = 0

# PIC16C6X

## SLEEP

Syntax: [ *label* ] SLEEP

Operands: None

Operation: 00h → WDT,  
0 → WDT prescaler,  
1 →  $\overline{TO}$ ,  
0 →  $\overline{PD}$

Status Affected:  $\overline{TO}$ ,  $\overline{PD}$

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0000 | 0110 | 0011 |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The power-down status bit,  $\overline{PD}$  is cleared. Time-out status bit,  $\overline{TO}$  is set. Watchdog Timer and its prescaler are cleared.  
The processor is put into SLEEP mode with the oscillator stopped. See Section 13.8 for more details.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

|        | Q1 | Q2           | Q3           | Q4          |
|--------|----|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Decode |    | No-Operation | No-Operation | Go to Sleep |

Example: SLEEP

## SUBLW

### Subtract W from Literal

Syntax: [ *label* ] SUBLW k

Operands:  $0 \leq k \leq 255$

Operation:  $k - (W) \rightarrow (W)$

Status Affected: C, DC, Z

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 11 | 110x | kkkk | kkkk |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The W register is subtracted (2's complement method) from the eight bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

|        | Q1 | Q2               | Q3           | Q4         |
|--------|----|------------------|--------------|------------|
| Decode |    | Read literal 'k' | Process data | Write to W |

Example 1: SUBLW 0x02

Before Instruction

W = 1  
C = ?  
Z = ?

After Instruction

W = 1  
C = 1; result is positive  
Z = 0

Example 2: Before Instruction

W = 2  
C = ?  
Z = ?

After Instruction

W = 0  
C = 1; result is zero  
Z = 1

Example 3: Before Instruction

W = 3  
C = ?  
Z = ?

After Instruction

W = 0xFF  
C = 0; result is negative  
Z = 0

## SUBWF Subtract W from f

Syntax: [ *label*] SUBWF f,d

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation:  $(f) - (W) \rightarrow (\text{destination})$

Status Affected: C, DC, Z

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0010 | dfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: Subtract (2's complement method) W register from register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example 1: SUBWF REG1, 1

Before Instruction

REG1 = 3  
W = 2  
C = ?  
Z = ?

After Instruction

REG1 = 1  
W = 2  
C = 1; result is positive  
Z = 0

Example 2: Before Instruction

REG1 = 2  
W = 2  
C = ?  
Z = ?

After Instruction

REG1 = 0  
W = 2  
C = 1; result is zero  
Z = 1

Example 3: Before Instruction

REG1 = 1  
W = 2  
C = ?  
Z = ?

After Instruction

REG1 = 0xFF  
W = 2  
C = 0; result is negative  
Z = 0

## SWAPF Swap Nibbles in f

Syntax: [ *label*] SWAPF f,d

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation:  $(f<3:0>) \rightarrow (\text{destination}<7:4>)$ ,  
 $(f<7:4>) \rightarrow (\text{destination}<3:0>)$

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 1110 | dfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The upper and lower nibbles of register 'f' are exchanged. If 'd' is 0 the result is placed in W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is placed in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example SWAPF REG, 0

Before Instruction

REG1 = 0xA5

After Instruction

REG1 = 0xA5  
W = 0x5A

## TRIS Load TRIS Register

Syntax: [ *label*] TRIS f

Operands:  $5 \leq f \leq 7$

Operation:  $(W) \rightarrow \text{TRIS register } f$ ;

Status Affected: None

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0000 | 0110 | 0fff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The instruction is supported for code compatibility with the PIC16C5X products. Since TRIS registers are readable and writable, the user can directly address them.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Example

**To maintain upward compatibility with future PIC16CXX products, do not use this instruction.**

# PIC16C6X

## XORLW Exclusive OR Literal with W

Syntax: `[label] XORLW k`

Operands:  $0 \leq k \leq 255$

Operation:  $(W) \text{ .XOR. } k \rightarrow (W)$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 11 | 1010 | kkkk | kkkk |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: The contents of the W register are XOR'ed with the eight bit literal 'k'. The result is placed in the W register.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2               | Q3           | Q4         |
|--------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| Decode | Read literal 'k' | Process data | Write to W |

Example:

`XORLW 0xAF`

Before Instruction

W = 0xB5

After Instruction

W = 0x1A

## XORWF Exclusive OR W with f

Syntax: `[label] XORWF f,d`

Operands:  $0 \leq f \leq 127$   
 $d \in [0,1]$

Operation:  $(W) \text{ .XOR. } (f) \rightarrow (\text{destination})$

Status Affected: Z

Encoding: 

|    |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| 00 | 0110 | dfff | ffff |
|----|------|------|------|

Description: Exclusive OR the contents of the W register with register 'f'. If 'd' is 0 the result is stored in the W register. If 'd' is 1 the result is stored back in register 'f'.

Words: 1

Cycles: 1

Q Cycle Activity: 

| Q1     | Q2                | Q3           | Q4                   |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Decode | Read register 'f' | Process data | Write to destination |

Example

`XORWF REG 1`

Before Instruction

REG = 0xAF  
W = 0xB5

After Instruction

REG = 0x1A  
W = 0xB5

## 15.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PIC16C61

### Absolute Maximum Ratings †

|                                                                                                       |                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ambient temperature under bias.....                                                                   | -55°C to +125°C       |
| Storage temperature .....                                                                             | -65°C to +150°C       |
| Voltage on any pin with respect to VSS (except VDD, MCLR, and RA4).....                               | -0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V) |
| Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS .....                                                              | -0.3V to +7.5V        |
| Voltage on MCLR with respect to VSS (Note 2).....                                                     | 0V to +14V            |
| Voltage on RA4 pin with respect to Vss .....                                                          | 0V to +14V            |
| Total power dissipation (Note 1).....                                                                 | 800 mW                |
| Maximum current out of Vss pin .....                                                                  | 150 mA                |
| Maximum current into VDD pin .....                                                                    | 100 mA                |
| Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0 or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>DD</sub> ).....   | ± 20 mA               |
| Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0 or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>DD</sub> ) ..... | ± 20 mA               |
| Maximum output current sunk by any I/O pin.....                                                       | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin .....                                                   | 20 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTA .....                                                                   | 80 mA                 |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTA.....                                                                 | 50 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTB.....                                                                    | 150 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTB.....                                                                 | 100 mA                |

**Note 1:** Power dissipation is calculated as follows:  $P_{dis} = V_{DD} \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

**Note 2:** Voltage spikes below VSS at the MCLR pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA, may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50-100Ω should be used when applying a “low” level to the MCLR pin rather than pulling this pin directly to VSS.

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**TABLE 15-1: CROSS REFERENCE OF DEVICE SPECS FOR OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATIONS AND FREQUENCIES OF OPERATION (COMMERCIAL DEVICES)**

| OSC | PIC16C61-04                                                                                            | PIC16C61-20                                                                                   | PIC16LC61-04                                                                                         | JW Devices                                                                                           |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.3 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 14 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 1.8 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.0 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 1.4 mA typ. at 3.0V<br>IPD: 0.6 µA typ. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.          | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.3 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 14 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.           |
| XT  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.3 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 14 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 1.8 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.0 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 1.4 mA typ. at 3.0V<br>IPD: 0.6 µA typ. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.          | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.3 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 14 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.           |
| HS  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 13.5 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.0 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.         | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 30 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.0 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max. | Not recommended for use in HS mode                                                                   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 30 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.0 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max.        |
| LP  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 15 µA typ. at 32 kHz, 4.0V<br>IPD: 0.6 µA typ. at 4.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 32 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 9 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 32 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 9 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. |

The shaded sections indicate oscillator selections which are tested for functionality, but not for MIN/MAX specifications. It is recommended that the user select the device type that ensures the specifications required.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 15.1 DC Characteristics: PIC16C61-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C61-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS             |                                                            | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated) |                  |                        |                      |                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                |                                                            | Operating temperature                                   |                  |                        |                      |                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                                |                                                            |                                                         |                  |                        |                      |                                                                  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for extended,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial and<br>$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial                                                                                |
| Param No.                      | Characteristic                                             | Sym                                                     | Min              | Typ†                   | Max                  | Units                                                            | Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| D001<br>D001A                  | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD                                                     | 4.0<br>4.5       | -<br>-                 | 6.0<br>5.5           | V<br>V                                                           | XT, RC and LP osc configuration<br>HS osc configuration                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| D002*                          | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR                                                     | -                | 1.5                    | -                    | V                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| D003                           | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR                                                    | -                | VSS                    | -                    | V                                                                | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| D004*                          | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD                                                    | 0.05             | -                      | -                    | V/ms                                                             | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| D010<br>D013                   | Supply Current (Note 2)                                    | IDD                                                     | -<br>-           | 1.8<br>13.5            | 3.3<br>30            | mA<br>mA                                                         | FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 5.5V (Note 4)<br>HS osc configuration<br>FOSC = 20 MHz, VDD = 5.5V                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| D020<br>D021<br>D021A<br>D021B | Power-down Current (Note 3)                                | IPD                                                     | -<br>-<br>-<br>- | 7<br>1.0<br>1.0<br>1.0 | 28<br>14<br>16<br>20 | $\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$<br>$\mu\text{A}$ | VDD = 4.0V, WDT enabled, $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, $-0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V,  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = V_{DD}/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.



## 15.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16LC61-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                            |      |      |      |     |       | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                     |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-----|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                            |      |      |      |     |       | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                             | Sym  | Min  | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                                                                                  |
| D001               | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD  | 3.0  | -    | 6.0 | V     | XT, RC, and LP osc configuration                                                            |
| D002*              | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR  | -    | 1.5  | -   | V     |                                                                                             |
| D003               | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR | -    | VSS  | -   | V     | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                   |
| D004*              | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD | 0.05 | -    | -   | V/ms  | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                   |
| D010               | Supply Current (Note 2)                                    | IDD  | -    | 1.4  | 2.5 | mA    | FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 3.0V (Note 4)                                                           |
| D010A              |                                                            |      | -    | 15   | 32  | μA    | FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, LP osc configuration                               |
| D020               | Power-down Current (Note 3)                                | IPD  | -    | 5    | 20  | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C                                                     |
| D021               |                                                            |      | -    | 0.6  | 9   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, 0°C to +70°C                                                      |
| D021A              |                                                            |      | -    | 0.6  | 12  | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C                                                    |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = VDD/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 15.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16C61-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C61-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16LC61-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| <b>Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)</b><br>Operating temperature    -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended,<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial<br>Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 15.1 and<br>Section 15.2. |                             |       |                   |      |         |       |                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|------|---------|-------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Param No.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Characteristic              | Sym   | Min               | Typ† | Max     | Units | Conditions                                        |
| <b>DC CHARACTERISTICS</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                             |       |                   |      |         |       |                                                   |
| <b>Input Low Voltage</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                             |       |                   |      |         |       |                                                   |
| D030<br>D030A<br>D031<br>D032<br>D033                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | I/O ports                   | VIL   |                   |      |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | with TTL buffer             |       | VSS               | -    | 0.15VDD | V     | For entire VDD range                              |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                             |       | VSS               | -    | 0.8V    | V     | 4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | with Schmitt Trigger buffer |       | VSS               | -    | 0.2VDD  | V     |                                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | MCLR, OSC1 (in RC mode)     |       | VSS               | -    | 0.2VDD  | V     |                                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | OSC1 (in XT, HS and LP)     |       | VSS               | -    | 0.3VDD  | V     | Note1                                             |
| <b>Input High Voltage</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                             |       |                   |      |         |       |                                                   |
| D040<br>D040A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | I/O ports                   | VIH   |                   | -    |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | with TTL buffer             |       | 2.0               | -    | VDD     | V     | 4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                             |       | 0.25VDD<br>+ 0.8V | -    | VDD     | V     | For entire VDD range                              |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | with Schmitt Trigger buffer |       | 0.85VDD           | -    | VDD     | V     | For entire VDD range                              |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | MCLR                        |       | 0.85VDD           | -    | VDD     | V     |                                                   |
| D041<br>D042<br>D042A<br>D043                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | OSC1 (XT, HS and LP)        |       | 0.7VDD            | -    | VDD     | V     | Note1                                             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | OSC1 (in RC mode)           |       | 0.9VDD            | -    | VDD     | V     |                                                   |
| D070                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | PORTB weak pull-up current  | IPURB | 50                | 250  | † 400   | μA    | VDD = 5V, VPIN = VSS                              |
| <b>Input Leakage Current (Notes 2, 3)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                             |       |                   |      |         |       |                                                   |
| D060<br>D061<br>D063                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | I/O ports                   | IIL   | -                 | -    | ±1      | μA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, Pin at hi-impedance             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | MCLR, RA4/T0CKI             |       | -                 | -    | ±5      | μA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD                                  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | OSC1                        |       | -                 | -    | ±5      | μA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, XT, HS and LP osc configuration |
| <b>Output Low Voltage</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                             |       |                   |      |         |       |                                                   |
| D080<br>D080A<br>D083<br>D083A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | I/O ports                   | VOL   | -                 | -    | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 8.5 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                             |       | -                 | -    | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 7.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config) |       | -                 | -    | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                             |       | -                 | -    | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 1.2 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C         |

\* The parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                  | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                                       |         |      |     |       |                                                                   |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|------|-----|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                  | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended, -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |         |      |     |       |                                                                   |
|                    |                                                  | Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 15.1 and Section 15.2.                                            |         |      |     |       |                                                                   |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                   | Sym                                                                                                                           | Min     | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                                                        |
| D090               | <b>Output High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports (Note 3) | VOH                                                                                                                           | VDD-0.7 | -    | -   | V     | IOH = -3.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C                         |
| D090A              |                                                  |                                                                                                                               | VDD-0.7 | -    | -   | V     | IOH = -2.5 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C                        |
| D092               | OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                      |                                                                                                                               | VDD-0.7 | -    | -   | V     | IOH = -1.3 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C                         |
| D092A              |                                                  |                                                                                                                               | VDD-0.7 | -    | -   | V     | IOH = -1.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C                        |
| D150*              | <b>Open-Drain High Voltage</b>                   | VOD                                                                                                                           | -       | -    | 14  | V     | RA4 pin                                                           |
|                    | <b>Capacitive Loading Specs on Output Pins</b>   |                                                                                                                               |         |      |     |       |                                                                   |
| D100               | OSC2 pin                                         | COSC2                                                                                                                         |         |      | 15  | pF    | In XT, HS and LP modes when external clock is used to drive OSC1. |
| D101               | All I/O pins and OSC2 (in RC mode)               | CIO                                                                                                                           |         |      | 50  | pF    |                                                                   |

\* The parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

# PIC16C6X

|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

## 15.4 Timing Parameter Symbolology

The timing parameter symbols have been created following one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS
3. TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)
4. Ts (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

| T |           | T |      |
|---|-----------|---|------|
| F | Frequency | T | Time |

Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

|           |                   |     |                                    |
|-----------|-------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| <b>pp</b> |                   | osc | OSC1                               |
| cc        | CCP1              | rd  | $\overline{RD}$                    |
| ck        | CLKOUT            | rw  | $\overline{RD}$ or $\overline{WR}$ |
| cs        | $\overline{CS}$   | sc  | SCK                                |
| di        | SDI               | ss  | $\overline{SS}$                    |
| do        | SDO               | t0  | T0CKI                              |
| dt        | Data in           | t1  | T1CKI                              |
| io        | I/O port          | wr  | $\overline{WR}$                    |
| mc        | $\overline{MCLR}$ |     |                                    |

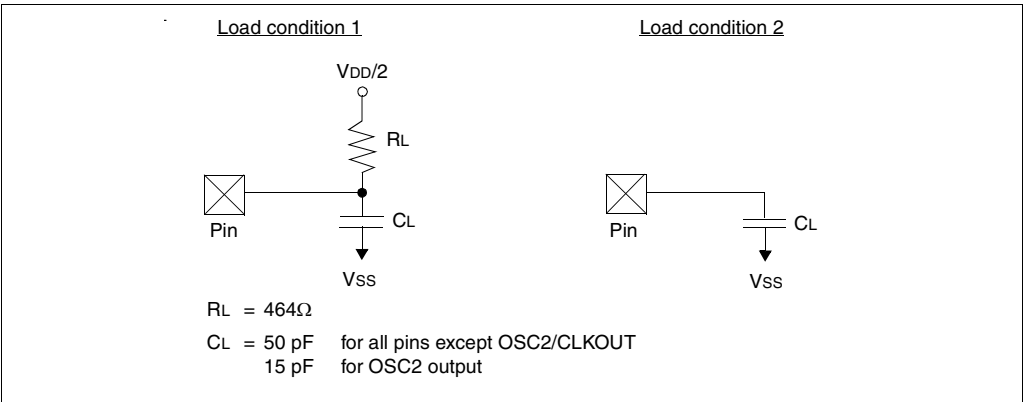
Uppercase letters and their meanings:

|                            |                        |      |              |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------|--------------|
| <b>S</b>                   |                        | P    | Period       |
| F                          | Fall                   | R    | Rise         |
| H                          | High                   | V    | Valid        |
| I                          | Invalid (Hi-impedance) | Z    | Hi-impedance |
| L                          | Low                    |      |              |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C only</b> |                        | High | High         |
| AA                         | output access          | Low  | Low          |
| BUF                        | Bus free               |      |              |

TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

|           |                 |     |                |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| <b>CC</b> |                 | SU  | Setup          |
| HD        | Hold            |     |                |
| <b>ST</b> |                 | STO | STOP condition |
| DAT       | DATA input hold |     |                |
| STA       | START condition |     |                |

FIGURE 15-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS



## 15.5 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

**FIGURE 15-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING**

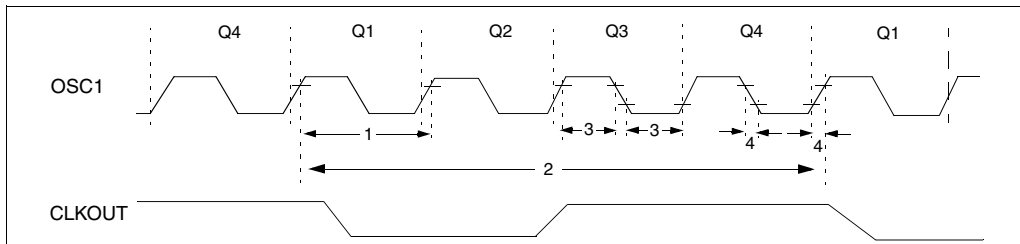


**TABLE 15-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym        | Characteristic                                    | Min | Typ† | Max    | Units | Conditions         |
|---------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|--------------------|
|               | Fosc       | <b>External CLKIN Frequency (Note 1)</b>          | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT and RC osc mode |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|               |            | <b>Oscillator Frequency (Note 1)</b>              | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | RC osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 0.1 | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 1   | —    | 4      | MHz   | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 1   | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-20)  |
| 1             | Tosc       | <b>External CLKIN Period (Note 1)</b>             | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | XT and RC osc mode |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
|               |            | <b>Oscillator Period (Note 1)</b>                 | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | RC osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 10,000 | ns    | XT osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 1,000  | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | 1,000  | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
| 2             | Tcy        | <b>Instruction Cycle Time (Note 1)</b>            | 1.0 | Tcy  | DC     | μs    | Tcy = 4/Fosc       |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 2.5 | —    | —      | μs    | LP oscillator      |
| 3             | TosL, TosH | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time</b>  | 10  | —    | —      | ns    | HS oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 25  | —    | —      | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | LP oscillator      |
| 4             | TosR, TosF | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time</b> | 15  | —    | —      | ns    | HS oscillator      |

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals four times the input oscillator time-base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKIN pin. When an external clock input is used, the "Max." cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

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**FIGURE 15-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING**

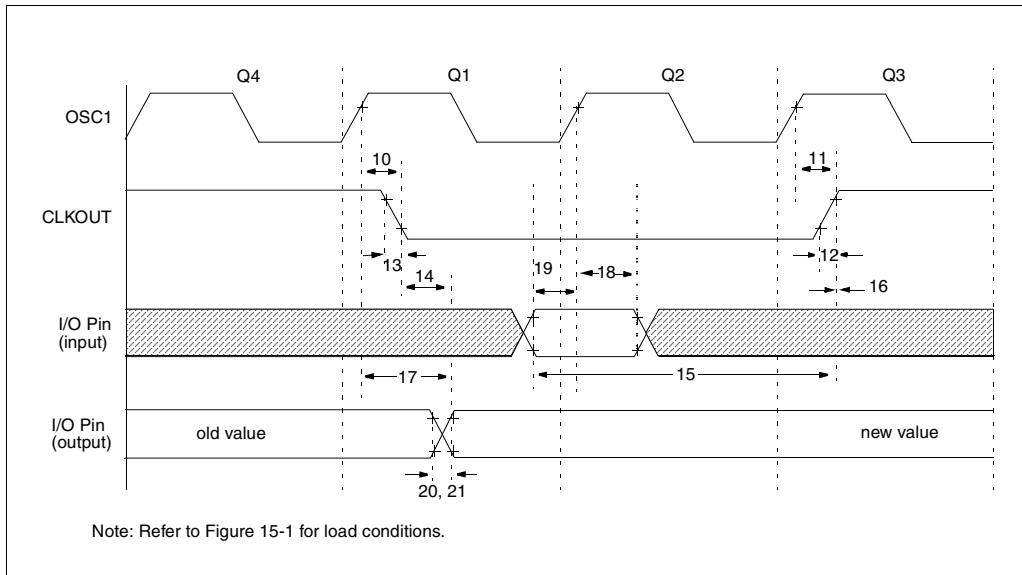


**TABLE 15-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                            | Min          | Typ† | Max         | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|-------------|-------|------------|
| 10*           | TosH2ckL | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓                                          | —            | 15   | 30          | ns    | Note 1     |
| 11*           | TosH2ckH | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑                                          | —            | 15   | 30          | ns    | Note 1     |
| 12*           | TckR     | CLKOUT rise time                                          | —            | 5    | 15          | ns    | Note 1     |
| 13*           | TckF     | CLKOUT fall time                                          | —            | 5    | 15          | ns    | Note 1     |
| 14*           | TckL2ioV | CLKOUT ↓ to Port out valid                                | —            | —    | 0.5Tcy + 20 | ns    | Note 1     |
| 15*           | TioV2ckH | Port in valid before CLKOUT ↑                             | 0.25Tcy + 25 | —    | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 16*           | TckH2ioL | Port in hold after CLKOUT ↑                               | 0            | —    | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 17*           | TosH2ioV | OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid                        | —            | —    | 80 - 100    | ns    |            |
| 18*           | TosH2ioL | OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time) | TBD          | —    | —           | ns    |            |
| 19*           | TioV2osH | Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)             | TBD          | —    | —           | ns    |            |
| 20*           | TioR     | Port output rise time                                     | PIC16C61     | —    | 10          | 25    | ns         |
|               |          |                                                           | PIC16LC61    | —    | —           | 60    | ns         |
| 21*           | TioF     | Port output fall time                                     | PIC16C61     | —    | 10          | 25    | ns         |
|               |          |                                                           | PIC16LC61    | —    | —           | 60    | ns         |
| 22††*         | Tinp     | RB0/INT pin high or low time                              | 20           | —    | —           | ns    |            |
| 23††*         | Trbp     | RB7:RB4 change int high or low time                       | 20           | —    | —           | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

†† These parameters are asynchronous events not related to any internal clock edges.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x Tosc.

**FIGURE 15-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP TIMER TIMING**

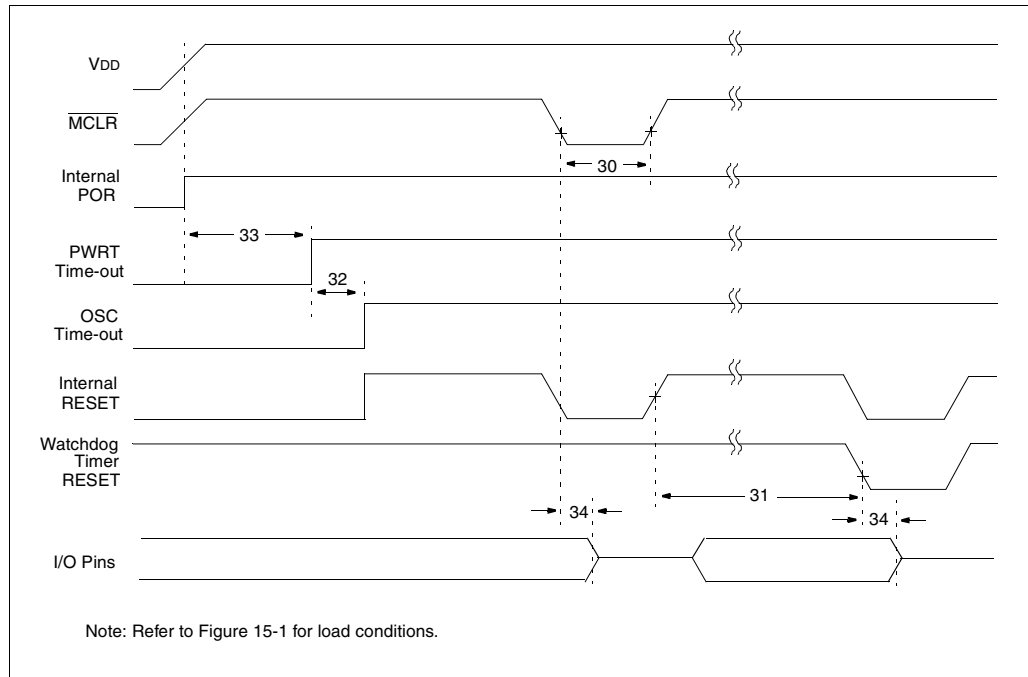


**TABLE 15-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP TIMER REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym   | Characteristic                                | Min | Typ†     | Max | Units | Conditions                |
|---------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|-------|---------------------------|
| 30*           | Tmcl  | MCLR Pulse Width (low)                        | 200 | —        | —   | ns    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 31*           | Twdt  | Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler) | 7   | 18       | 33  | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 32            | Tost  | Oscillation Start-up Timer Period             | —   | 1024Tosc | —   |       | TOSC = OSC1 period        |
| 33*           | Tpwrt | Power-up Timer Period                         | 28  | 72       | 132 | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 34*           | Tioz  | I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low                | —   | —        | 100 | ns    |                           |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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**FIGURE 15-5: TIMER0 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMINGS**

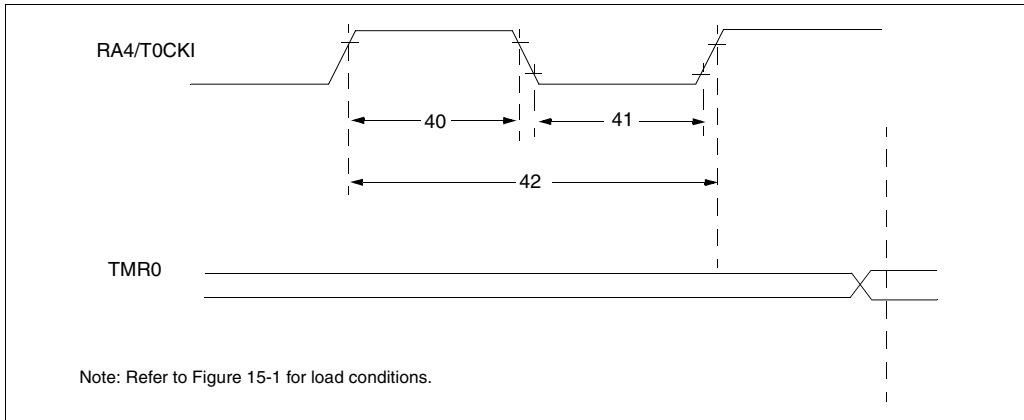


**TABLE 15-5: TIMER0 EXTERNAL CLOCK REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym  | Characteristic         |                | Min                                                | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                          |
|---------------|------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|------|-----|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 40*           | Tt0H | T0CKI High Pulse Width | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                                   | —    | —   | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|               |      |                        | With Prescaler | 10                                                 | —    | —   | ns    |                                     |
| 41*           | Tt0L | T0CKI Low Pulse Width  | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                                   | —    | —   | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|               |      |                        | With Prescaler | 10                                                 | —    | —   | ns    |                                     |
| 42*           | Tt0P | T0CKI Period           | No Prescaler   | $T_{CY} + 40$                                      | —    | —   | ns    | N = prescale value (2, 4, ..., 256) |
|               |      |                        | With Prescaler | Greater of:<br>20 ns or<br>$\frac{T_{CY} + 40}{N}$ | —    | —   | ns    |                                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.



16.0 DC AND AC CHARACTERISTICS GRAPHS AND TABLES FOR PIC16C61

The graphs and tables provided in this section are for design guidance and are not tested or guaranteed.

In some graphs or tables the data presented are outside specified operating range (i.e., outside specified VDD range). This is for information only and devices are guaranteed to operate properly only within the specified range.

**Note:** The data presented in this section is a statistical summary of data collected on units from different lots over a period of time and matrix samples. 'Typical' represents the mean of the distribution while 'max' or 'min' represents (mean +3σ) and (mean -3σ) respectively where σ is standard deviation.

FIGURE 16-1: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY vs. TEMPERATURE

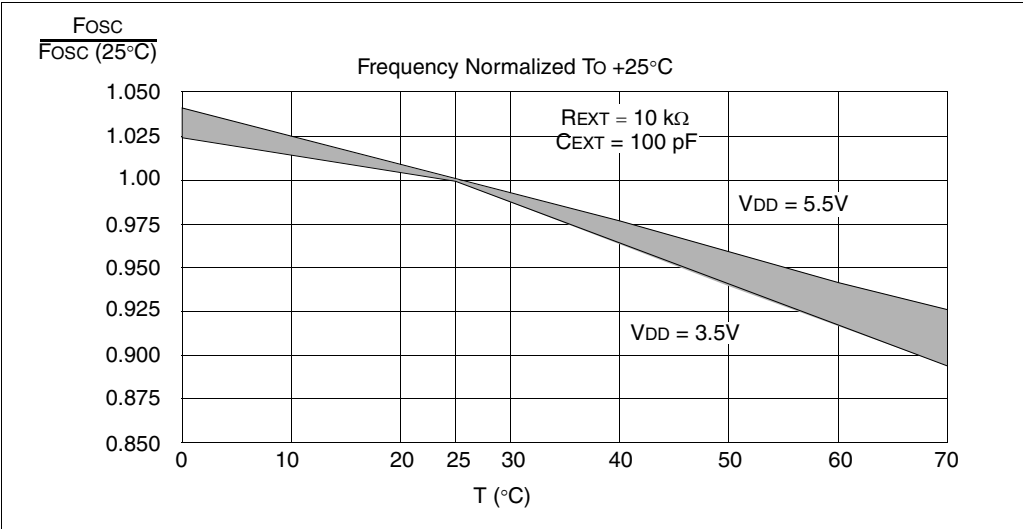


TABLE 16-1: RC OSCILLATOR FREQUENCIES

| Cext   | Rext | Average<br>Fosc @ 5V, 25°C |          |
|--------|------|----------------------------|----------|
| 20 pF  | 4.7k | 4.52 MHz                   | ± 17.35% |
|        | 10k  | 2.47 MHz                   | ± 10.10% |
|        | 100k | 290.86 kHz                 | ± 11.90% |
| 100 pF | 3.3k | 1.92 MHz                   | ± 9.43%  |
|        | 4.7k | 1.48 MHz                   | ± 9.83%  |
|        | 10k  | 788.77 kHz                 | ± 10.92% |
|        | 100k | 88.11 kHz                  | ± 16.03% |
| 300 pF | 3.3k | 726.89 kHz                 | ± 10.97% |
|        | 4.7k | 573.95 kHz                 | ± 10.14% |
|        | 10k  | 307.31 kHz                 | ± 10.43% |
|        | 100k | 33.82 kHz                  | ± 11.24% |

The percentage variation indicated here is part to part variation due to normal process distribution. The variation indicated is ±3 standard deviation from average value for VDD = 5V.

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FIGURE 16-2: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR  
FREQUENCY vs. VDD

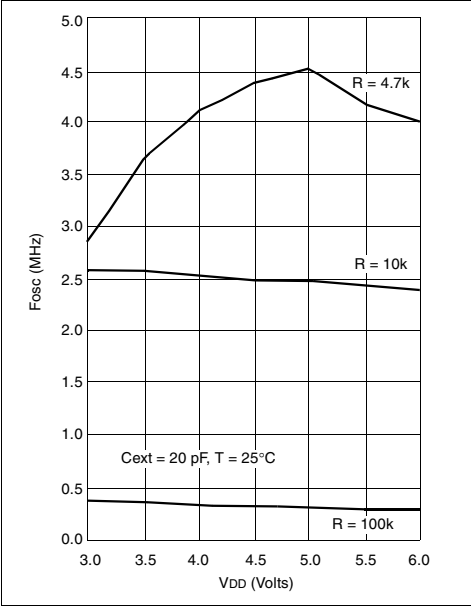


FIGURE 16-3: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR  
FREQUENCY vs. VDD

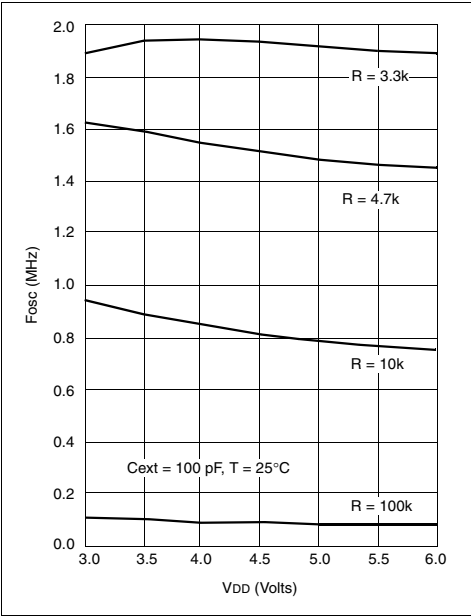


FIGURE 16-4: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR  
FREQUENCY vs. VDD

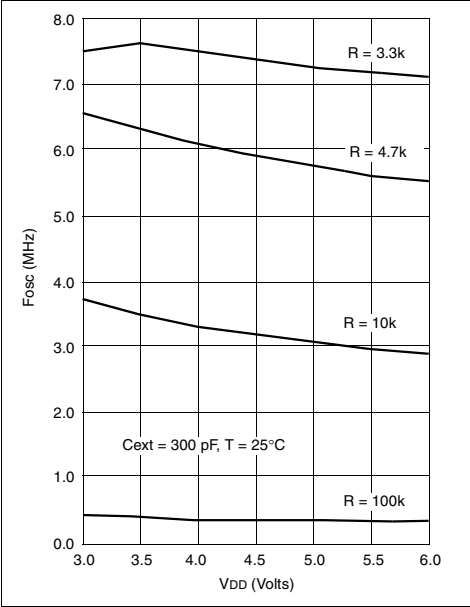
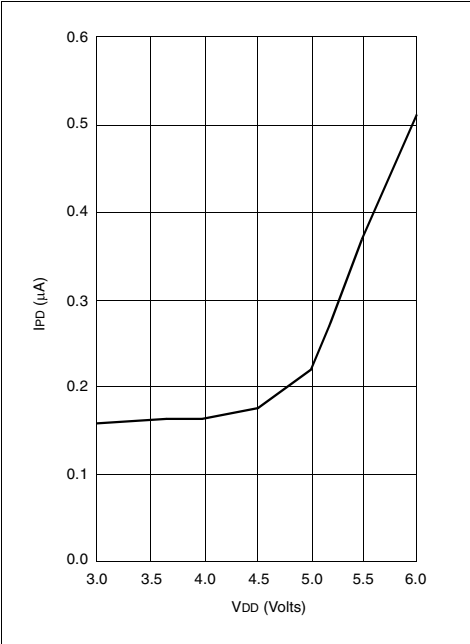


FIGURE 16-5: TYPICAL IPD vs. VDD  
WATCHDOG TIMER  
DISABLED 25°C



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

FIGURE 16-6: TYPICAL I<sub>PD</sub> vs. V<sub>DD</sub>  
WATCHDOG TIMER ENABLED  
25°C

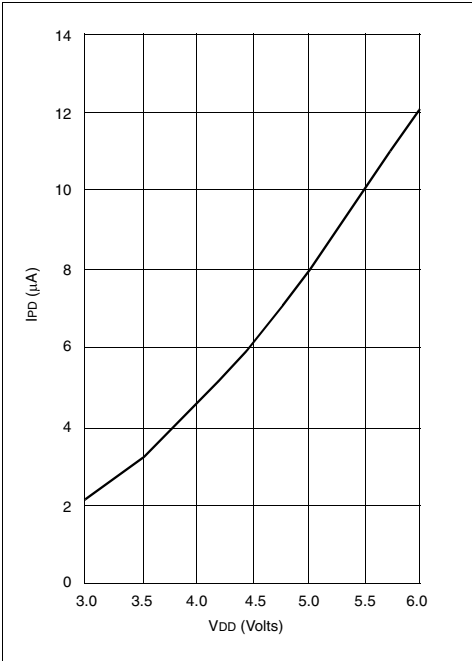
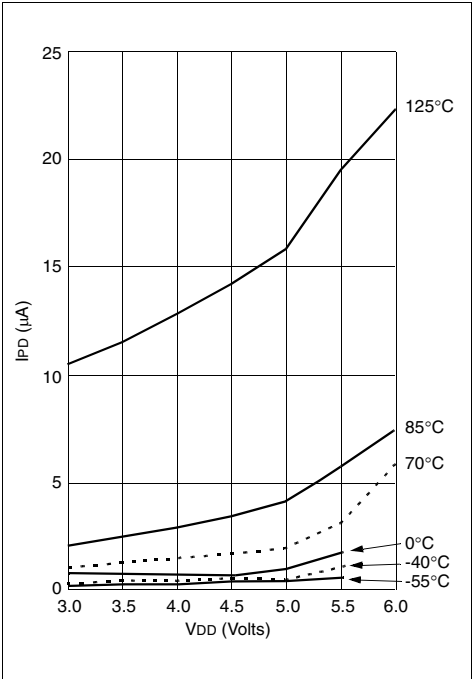


FIGURE 16-7: MAXIMUM I<sub>PD</sub> vs. V<sub>DD</sub>  
WATCHDOG DISABLED

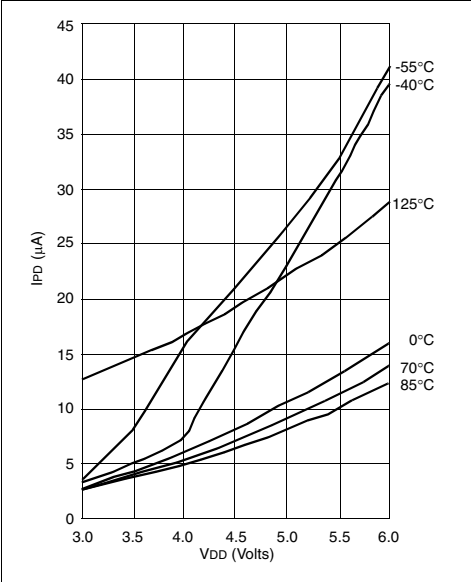


Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

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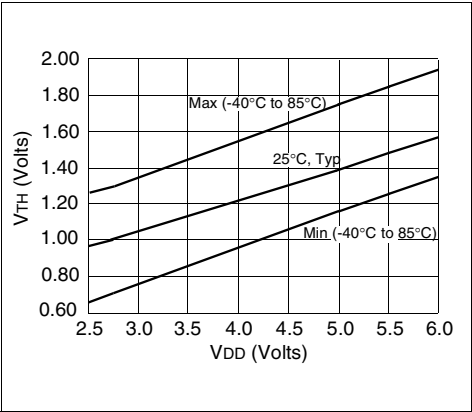
Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

FIGURE 16-8: MAXIMUM IPD vs. VDD  
WATCHDOG ENABLED\*



\*IPD, with Watchdog Timer enabled, has two components: The leakage current which increases with higher temperature and the operating current of the Watchdog Timer logic which increases with lower temperature. At -40°C, the latter dominates explaining the apparently anomalous behavior.

FIGURE 16-9: VTH (INPUT THRESHOLD  
VOLTAGE) OF I/O PINS vs.  
VDD



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

**FIGURE 16-10:  $V_{IH}$ ,  $V_{IL}$  OF  $\overline{MCLR}$ ,  $T0CKI$  AND  $OSC1$  (IN RC MODE) vs.  $V_{DD}$**

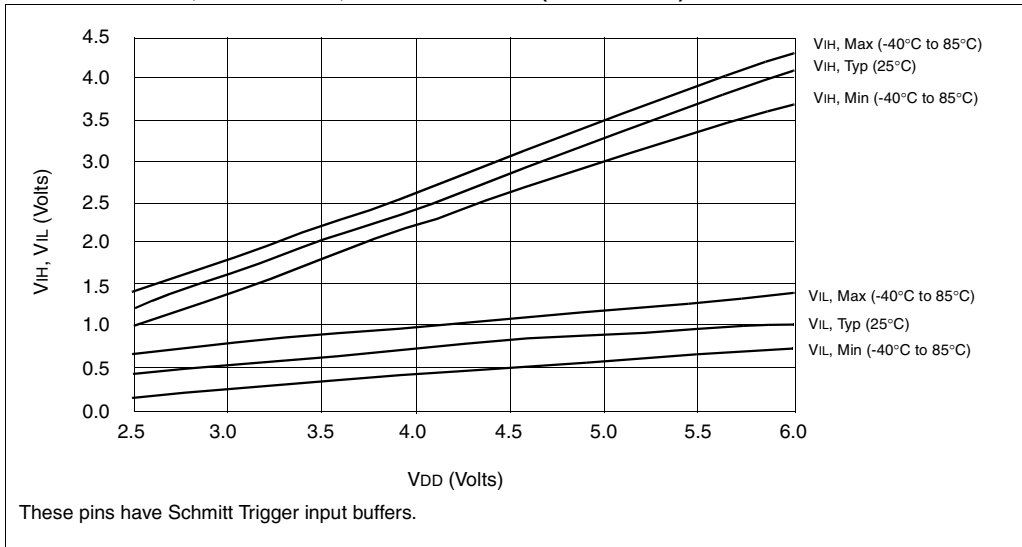
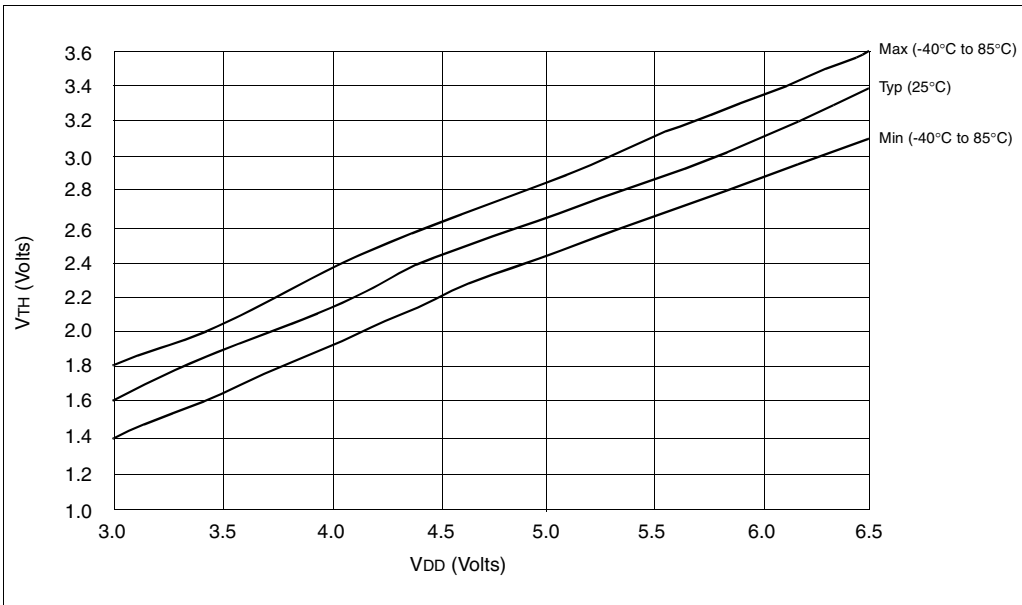


**FIGURE 16-11:  $V_{TH}$  (INPUT THRESHOLD VOLTAGE) OF  $OSC1$  INPUT (IN XT, HS, AND LP MODES) vs.  $V_{DD}$**



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

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FIGURE 16-12: TYPICAL  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY (EXTERNAL CLOCK, 25°C)

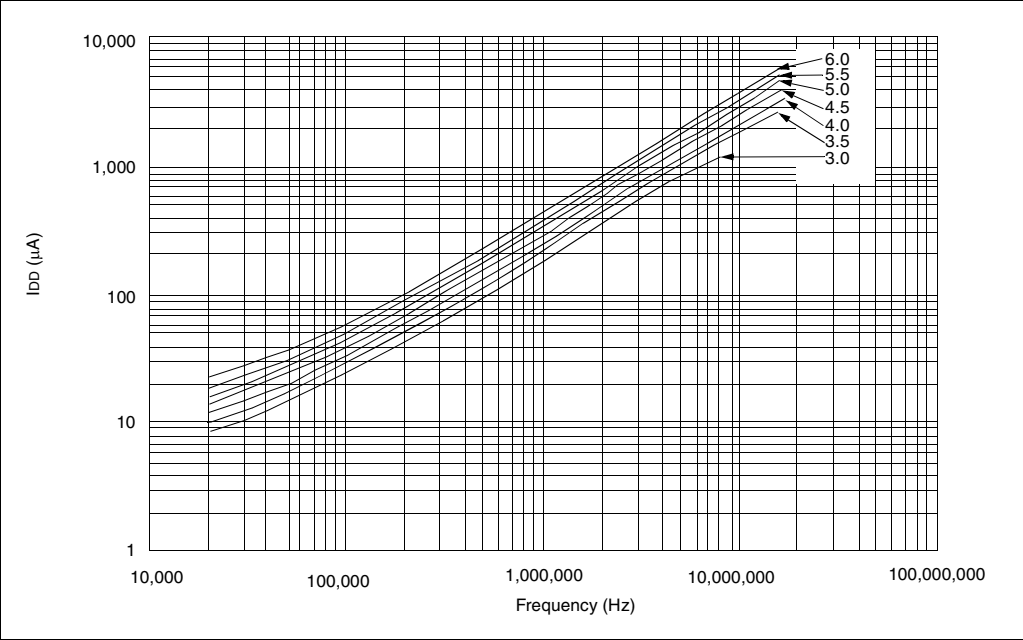
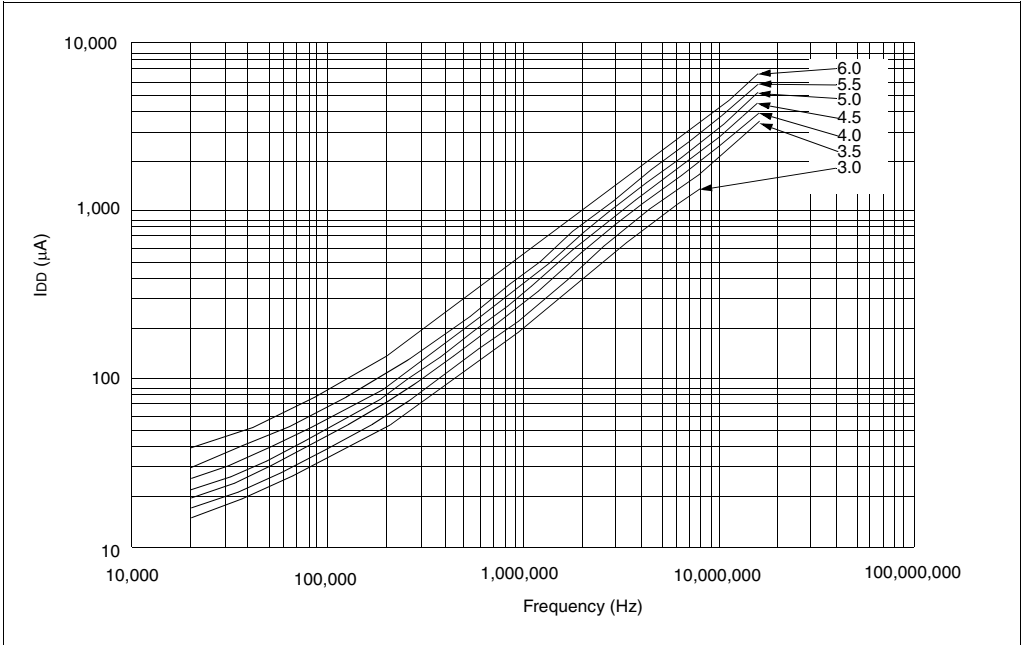


FIGURE 16-13: MAXIMUM  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY (EXTERNAL CLOCK, -40° TO +85°C)



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

FIGURE 16-14: MAXIMUM  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY (EXTERNAL CLOCK, -55° TO +125°C)

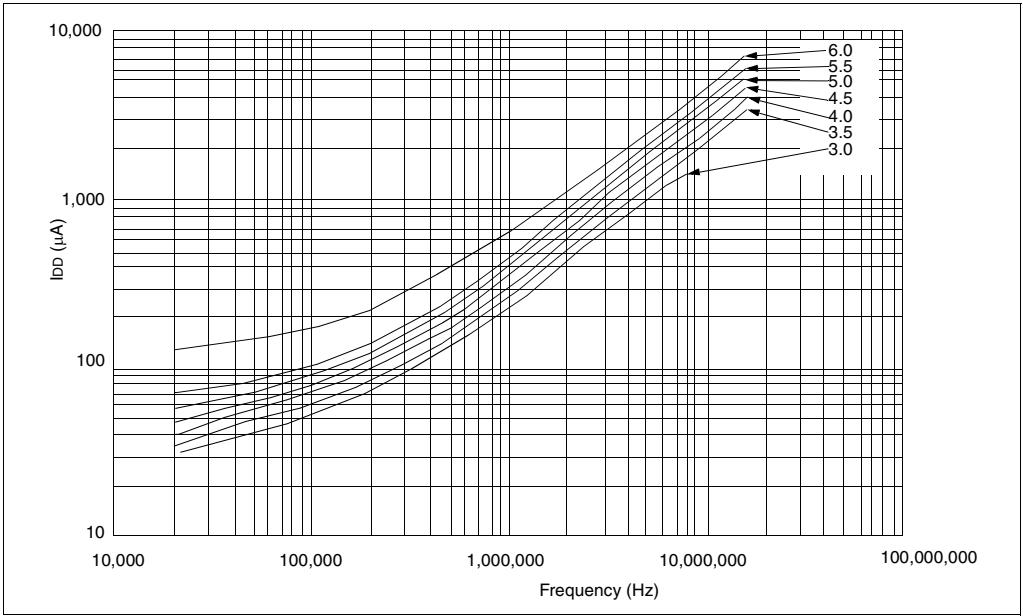


FIGURE 16-15: WDT TIMER TIME-OUT PERIOD vs.  $V_{DD}$

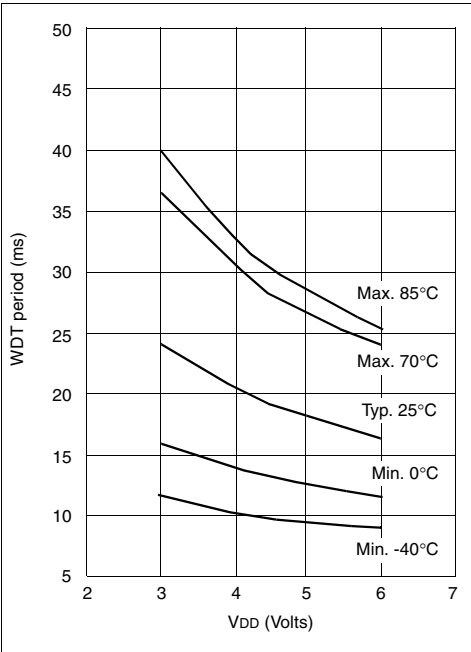
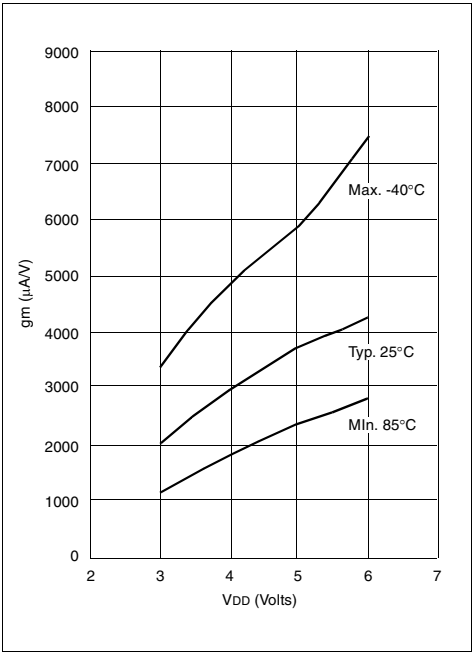


FIGURE 16-16: TRANSCONDUCTANCE ( $g_m$ ) OF HS OSCILLATOR vs.  $V_{DD}$



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

FIGURE 16-17: TRANSCONDUCTANCE (gm) OF LP OSCILLATOR vs. VDD

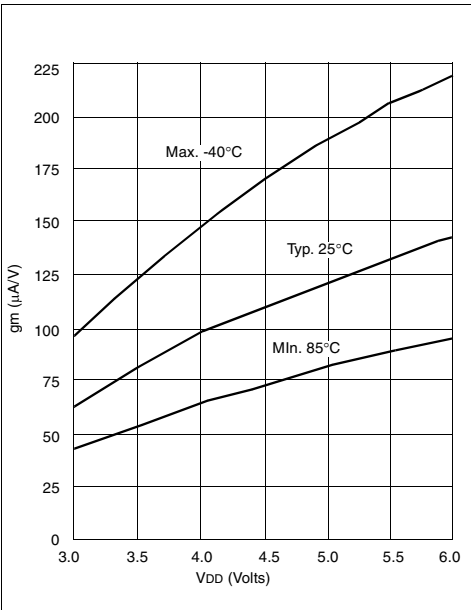


FIGURE 16-18: TRANSCONDUCTANCE (gm) OF XT OSCILLATOR vs. VDD

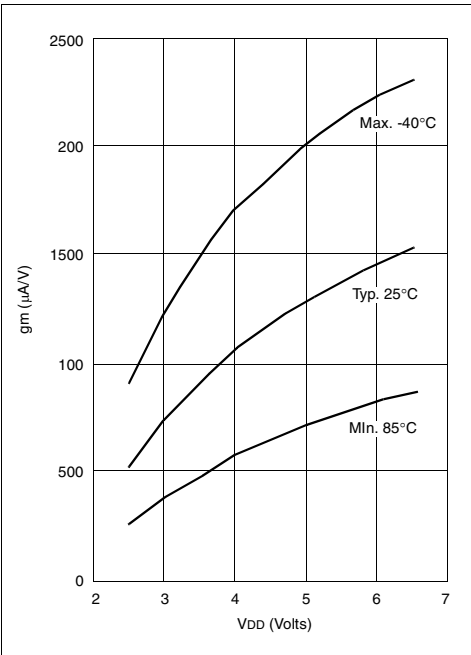


FIGURE 16-19: IOH vs. VOH, VDD = 3V

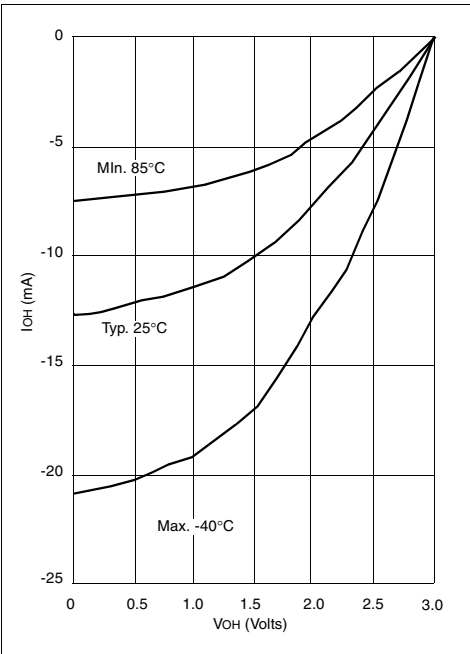
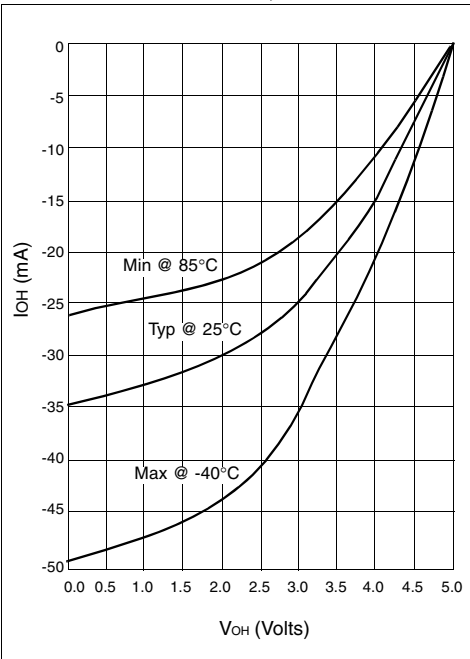


FIGURE 16-20: IOH vs. VOH, VDD = 5V



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.



FIGURE 16-21: IOL vs. VOL, VDD = 3V

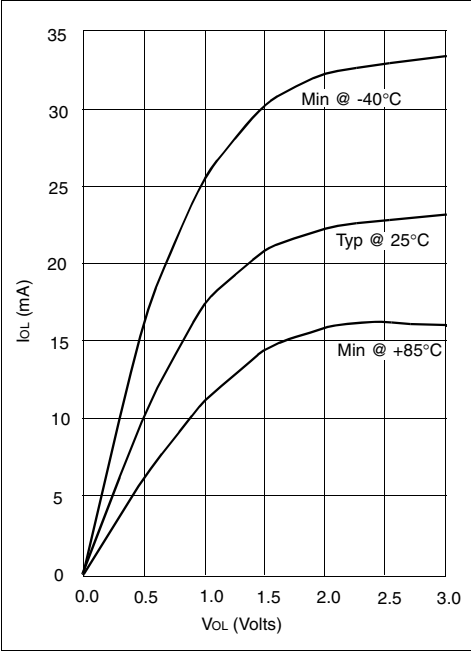


FIGURE 16-22: IOL vs. VOL, VDD = 5V

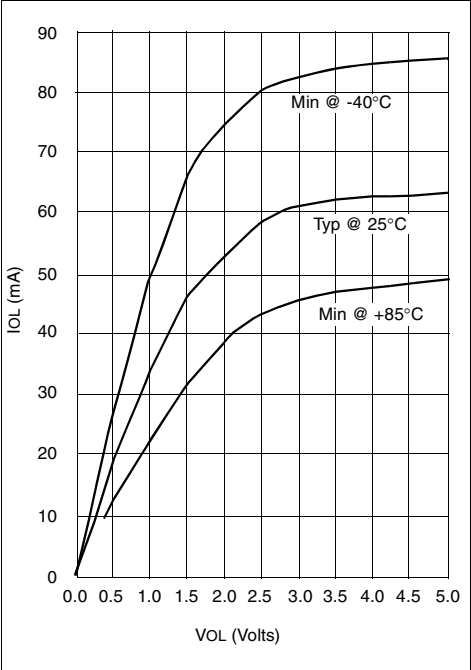


TABLE 16-2: INPUT CAPACITANCE\*

| Pin Name    | Typical Capacitance (pF) |          |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------|
|             | 18L PDIP                 | 18L SOIC |
| RA port     | 5.0                      | 4.3      |
| RB port     | 5.0                      | 4.3      |
| MCLR        | 17.0                     | 17.0     |
| OSC1/CLKIN  | 4.0                      | 3.5      |
| OSC2/CLKOUT | 4.3                      | 3.5      |
| T0CKI       | 3.2                      | 2.8      |

\*All capacitance values are typical at 25°C. A part to part variation of ±25% (three standard deviations) should be taken into account.

Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

# PIC16C6X

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|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

NOTES:

## 17.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PIC16C62/64

### Absolute Maximum Ratings †

|                                                                                    |                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Ambient temperature under bias                                                     | .....-55°C to +85°C         |
| Storage temperature                                                                | ..... -65°C to +150°C       |
| Voltage on any pin with respect to VSS (except VDD, MCLR, and RA4)                 | ..... -0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V) |
| Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS                                                 | ..... -0.3V to +7.5V        |
| Voltage on MCLR with respect to VSS (Note 2)                                       | ..... 0V to +14V            |
| Voltage on RA4 with respect to VSS                                                 | ..... 0V to +14V            |
| Total power dissipation (Note 1)                                                   | ..... 1.0W                  |
| Maximum current out of VSS pin                                                     | ..... 300 mA                |
| Maximum current into VDD pin                                                       | ..... 250 mA                |
| Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0 or V <sub>I</sub> > VDD)  | ..... ±20 mA                |
| Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0 or V <sub>O</sub> > VDD) | ..... ±20 mA                |
| Maximum output current sunk by any I/O pin                                         | ..... 25 mA                 |
| Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin                                      | ..... 25 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE* (combined)                        | ..... 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE* (combined)                     | ..... 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTC and PORTD* (combined)                                | ..... 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTC and PORTD* (combined)                             | ..... 200 mA                |

\* PORTD and PORTE not available on the PIC16C62.

**Note 1:** Power dissipation is calculated as follows:  $P_{dis} = VDD \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(VDD - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

**Note 2:** Voltage spikes below VSS at the MCLR pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA, may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50-100Ω should be used when applying a “low” level to the MCLR pin rather than pulling this pin directly to VSS.

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**TABLE 17-1: CROSS REFERENCE OF DEVICE SPECS FOR OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATIONS AND FREQUENCIES OF OPERATION (COMMERCIAL DEVICES)**

| OSC | PIC16C62-04<br>PIC16C64-04                                                                                 | PIC16C62-10<br>PIC16C64-10                                                                    | PIC16C62-20<br>PIC16C64-20                                                                    | PIC16LC62-04<br>PIC16LC64-04                                                                              | JW Devices                                                                                               |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 21 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.                  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.0 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.    | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.0 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.    | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3.0V<br>IPD: 13.5 µA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.              | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 21 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.                |
| XT  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 21 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.                  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.0 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.    | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.0 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.    | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3.0V<br>IPD: 13.5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.            | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 21 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.                |
| HS  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 13.5 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq:4 MHz max.              | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 15 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 10 MHz max. | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 30 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max. | Not recommended for<br>use in HS mode                                                                     | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 30 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max.            |
| LP  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 52.5 µA typ.<br>at 32 kHz, 4.0V<br>IPD: 0.9 µA typ. at 4.0V<br>Freq:200 kHz max. | Not recommended for<br>use in LP mode                                                         | Not recommended for<br>use in LP mode                                                         | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 48 µA max.<br>at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 13.5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq:200 kHz max. | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 48 µA max.<br>at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD:13.5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq:200 kHz max. |

The shaded sections indicate oscillator selections which are tested for functionality, but not for MIN/MAX specifications. It is recommended that the user select the device type that ensures the specifications required.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 17.1 DC Characteristics: PIC16C62/64-04 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16C62/64-10 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16C62/64-20 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS    |                                                            | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |             |                    |                |                |                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Param No.             | Characteristic                                             | Sym                                                                                                                                                       | Min         | Typ†               | Max            | Units          | Conditions                                                                                                                     |
| D001<br>D001A         | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD                                                                                                                                                       | 4.0<br>4.5  | -                  | 6.0<br>5.5     | V<br>V         | XT, RC and LP osc configuration<br>HS osc configuration                                                                        |
| D002*                 | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR                                                                                                                                                       | -           | 1.5                | -              | V              |                                                                                                                                |
| D003                  | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR                                                                                                                                                      | -           | VSS                | -              | V              | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                                                      |
| D004*                 | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD                                                                                                                                                      | 0.05        | -                  | -              | V/ms           | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                                                      |
| D010<br><br>D013      | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD                                                                                                                                                       | -<br>-      | 2.7<br>13.5        | 5.0<br>30      | mA<br>mA       | XT, RC, osc configuration<br>FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 5.5V (Note 4)<br><br>HS osc configuration<br>FOSC = 20 MHz, VDD = 5.5V        |
| D020<br>D021<br>D021A | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD                                                                                                                                                       | -<br>-<br>- | 10.5<br>1.5<br>1.5 | 42<br>21<br>24 | μA<br>μA<br>μA | VDD = 4.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, -0°C to +70°C<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = VDD/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated) |                                                            |                                                                                             |      |      |      |       |                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                      |                                                            | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |      |      |      |       |                                                                 |
| Param No.                                               | Characteristic                                             | Sym                                                                                         | Min  | Typ† | Max  | Units | Conditions                                                      |
| D001                                                    | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD                                                                                         | 3.0  | -    | 6.0  | V     | LP, XT, RC osc configuration (DC - 4 MHz)                       |
| D002*                                                   | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR                                                                                         | -    | 1.5  | -    | V     |                                                                 |
| D003                                                    | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR                                                                                        | -    | VSS  | -    | V     | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D004*                                                   | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD                                                                                        | 0.05 | -    | -    | V/ms  | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D010                                                    | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD                                                                                         | -    | 2.0  | 3.8  | mA    | XT, RC osc configuration<br>FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 3.0V (Note 4)   |
| D010A                                                   |                                                            |                                                                                             | -    | 22.5 | 48   | μA    | LP osc configuration<br>FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled |
| D020                                                    | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD                                                                                         | -    | 7.5  | 30   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C                         |
| D021                                                    |                                                            |                                                                                             | -    | 0.9  | 13.5 | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, 0°C to +70°C                          |
| D021A                                                   |                                                            |                                                                                             | -    | 0.9  | 18   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C                        |

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

- 2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD  
MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = V_{DD}/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20  $\mu$ A to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

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## 17.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16C62/64-04 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16C62/64-10 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16C62/64-20 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16LC62/64-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                 |                                                        | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                           |                |                                       |         |       |                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------|-------|---------------------------------------------------|
|                                                    |                                                        | Operating temperature                                                             |                | -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                    |                                                        |                                                                                   |                | 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                    |                                                        | Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 17.1 and Section 17.2 |                |                                       |         |       |                                                   |
| Param No.                                          | Characteristic                                         | Sym                                                                               | Min            | Typ †                                 | Max     | Units | Conditions                                        |
| D030<br>D030A<br>D031<br>D032<br>D033              | <b>Input Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports                  | VIL                                                                               |                |                                       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                    | with TTL buffer                                        |                                                                                   | VSS            | -                                     | 0.15VDD | V     | For entire VDD range<br>4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V         |
|                                                    |                                                        |                                                                                   | VSS            | -                                     | 0.8V    | V     |                                                   |
|                                                    | with Schmitt Trigger buffer                            |                                                                                   | VSS            | -                                     | 0.2VDD  | V     |                                                   |
|                                                    | MCLR, OSC1 (in RC mode)                                |                                                                                   | VSS            | -                                     | 0.2VDD  | V     |                                                   |
| D033                                               | OSC1 (in XT, HS and LP)                                | VSS                                                                               | -              | 0.3VDD                                | V       | Note1 |                                                   |
| D040<br>D040A<br><br>D041<br>D042<br>D042A<br>D043 | <b>Input High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports                 | VIH                                                                               |                |                                       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                    | with TTL buffer                                        |                                                                                   | 2.0            | -                                     | VDD     | V     | 4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V                                 |
|                                                    |                                                        |                                                                                   | 0.25VDD + 0.8V | -                                     | VDD     | V     | For entire VDD range                              |
|                                                    | with Schmitt Trigger buffer                            |                                                                                   | 0.8VDD         | -                                     | VDD     |       | For entire VDD range                              |
|                                                    | MCLR                                                   |                                                                                   | 0.8VDD         | -                                     | VDD     | V     |                                                   |
|                                                    | OSC1 (XT, HS and LP)                                   |                                                                                   | 0.7VDD         | -                                     | VDD     | V     | Note1                                             |
|                                                    | OSC1 (in RC mode)                                      |                                                                                   | 0.9VDD         | -                                     | VDD     | V     |                                                   |
| D070                                               | PORTB weak pull-up current                             | IPURB                                                                             | 50             | 200                                   | 400     | μA    | VDD = 5V, VPIN = VSS                              |
| D060<br>D061<br>D063                               | <b>Input Leakage Current</b> (Notes 2, 3)<br>I/O ports | IIL                                                                               | -              | -                                     | ±1      | μA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, Pin at hi-impedance             |
|                                                    | MCLR, RA4/T0CKI                                        |                                                                                   | -              | -                                     | ±5      | μA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD                                  |
|                                                    | OSC1                                                   |                                                                                   | -              | -                                     | ±5      | μA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, XT, HS and LP osc configuration |
| D080<br>D083                                       | <b>Output Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports                 | VOL                                                                               | -              | -                                     | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 8.5 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C          |
|                                                    | OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                            |                                                                                   | -              | -                                     | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C          |
| D090<br>D092                                       | <b>Output High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports (Note 3)       | VOH                                                                               | VDD-0.7        | -                                     | -       | V     | IOH = -3.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C         |
|                                                    | OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                            |                                                                                   | VDD-0.7        | -                                     | -       | V     | IOH = -1.3 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C         |
| D150*                                              | <b>Open-Drain High Voltage</b>                         | VOD                                                                               | -              | -                                     | 14      | V     | RA4 pin                                           |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

|                           |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|---------------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| <b>Applicable Devices</b> | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|---------------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                           |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                | Operating temperature    -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
|                    |                                                | Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 17.1 and Section 17.2                 |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                 | Sym                                                                                               | Min | Typ † | Max | Units | Conditions                                                        |
| D100               | <b>Capacitive Loading Specs on Output Pins</b> |                                                                                                   |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
|                    | OSC2 pin                                       | COSC2                                                                                             | -   | -     | 15  | pF    | In XT, HS and LP modes when external clock is used to drive OSC1. |
| D101               | All I/O pins and OSC2 (in RC mode)             | CIO                                                                                               | -   | -     | 50  | pF    |                                                                   |
| D102               | SCL, SDA in I <sup>2</sup> C mode              | Cb                                                                                                | -   | -     | 400 | pF    |                                                                   |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

- Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.
- 2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.
- 3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

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## 17.4 Timing Parameter Symbology

The timing parameter symbols have been created following one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS
3. TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)
4. Ts (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

| T |           | T |      |
|---|-----------|---|------|
| F | Frequency | T | Time |

Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

|           |                   |     |                                    |
|-----------|-------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| <b>pp</b> |                   | osc | OSC1                               |
| cc        | CCP1              | rd  | $\overline{RD}$                    |
| ck        | CLKOUT            | rw  | $\overline{RD}$ or $\overline{WR}$ |
| cs        | $\overline{CS}$   | sc  | SCK                                |
| di        | SDI               | ss  | $\overline{SS}$                    |
| do        | SDO               | t0  | T0CKI                              |
| dt        | Data in           | t1  | T1CKI                              |
| io        | I/O port          | wr  | $\overline{WR}$                    |
| mc        | $\overline{MCLR}$ |     |                                    |

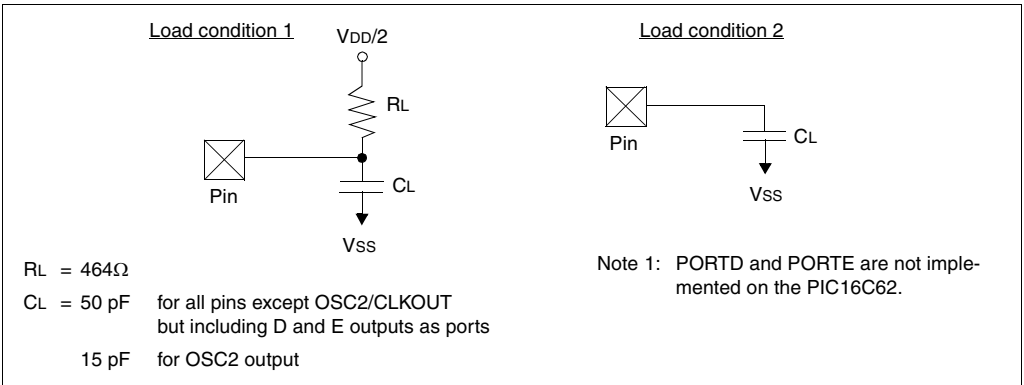
Uppercase letters and their meanings:

|                            |                        |      |              |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------|--------------|
| <b>S</b>                   |                        | P    | Period       |
| F                          | Fall                   | R    | Rise         |
| H                          | High                   | V    | Valid        |
| I                          | Invalid (Hi-impedance) | Z    | Hi-impedance |
| L                          | Low                    |      |              |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C only</b> |                        | High | High         |
| AA                         | output access          | Low  | Low          |
| BUF                        | Bus free               |      |              |

TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

|           |                 |     |                |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| <b>CC</b> |                 | SU  | Setup          |
| HD        | Hold            |     |                |
| <b>ST</b> |                 | STO | STOP condition |
| DAT       | DATA input hold |     |                |
| STA       | START condition |     |                |

FIGURE 17-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS





## 17.5 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

**FIGURE 17-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING**

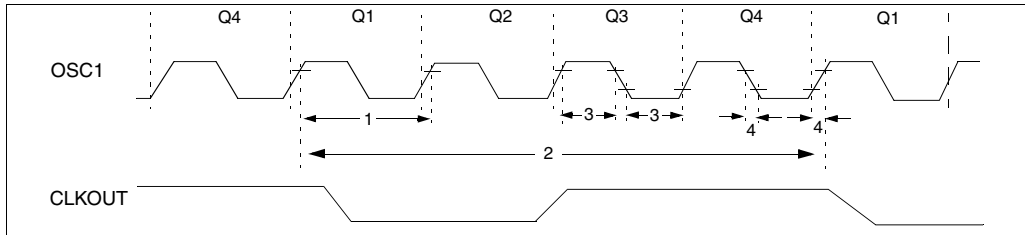


**TABLE 17-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym        | Characteristic                                    | Min | Typ† | Max    | Units | Conditions         |
|---------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|--------------------|
|               | Fosc       | <b>External CLKIN Frequency (Note 1)</b>          | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT and RC osc mode |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 10     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|               |            | <b>Oscillator Frequency (Note 1)</b>              | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | RC osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 0.1 | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 4   | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
| 1             | Tosc       | <b>External CLKIN Period (Note 1)</b>             | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | XT and RC osc mode |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
|               |            | <b>Oscillator Period (Note 1)</b>                 | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | RC osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 10,000 | ns    | XT osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | 1,000  | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
| 2             | Tcy        | <b>Instruction Cycle Time (Note 1)</b>            | 200 | Tcy  | DC     | ns    | Tcy = 4/Fosc       |
|               |            |                                                   | 200 | Tcy  | DC     | ns    | Tcy = 4/Fosc       |
| 3             | TosL, TosH | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time</b>  | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 2.5 | —    | —      | μs    | LP oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 15  | —    | —      | ns    | HS oscillator      |
| 4             | TosR, TosF | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time</b> | —   | —    | 25     | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 50     | ns    | LP oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 15     | ns    | HS oscillator      |

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals four times the input oscillator time-base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKIN pin. When an external clock input is used, the "Max." cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

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**FIGURE 17-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING**

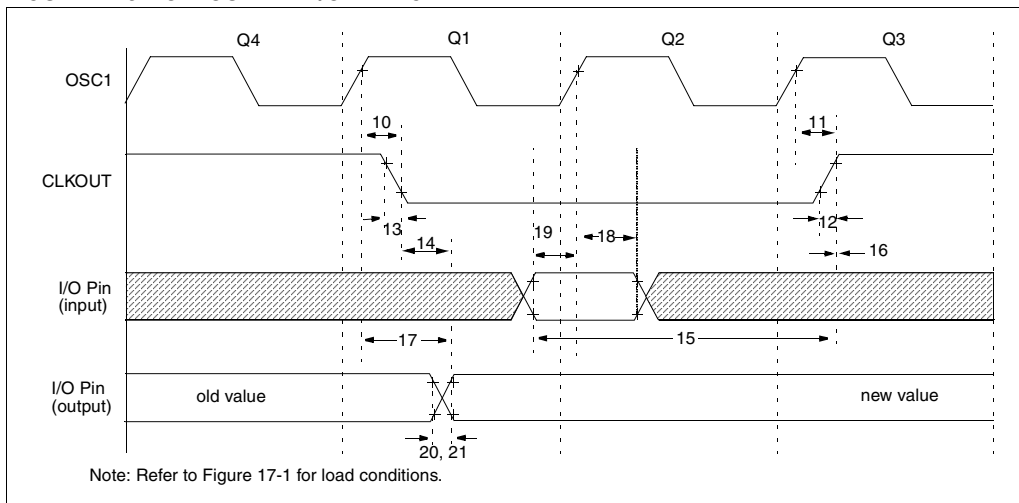


**TABLE 17-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameters | Sym      | Characteristic                                            | Min          | Typ† | Max         | Units | Conditions |
|------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|-------------|-------|------------|
| 10*        | TosH2ckL | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓                                          | —            | 75   | 200         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 11*        | TosH2ckH | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑                                          | —            | 75   | 200         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 12*        | TckR     | CLKOUT rise time                                          | —            | 35   | 100         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 13*        | TckF     | CLKOUT fall time                                          | —            | 35   | 100         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 14*        | TckL2ioV | CLKOUT ↓ to Port out valid                                | —            | —    | 0.5Tcy + 20 | ns    | Note 1     |
| 15*        | TioV2ckH | Port in valid before CLKOUT ↑                             | Tosc + 200   | —    | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 16*        | TckH2ioI | Port in hold after CLKOUT ↑                               | 0            | —    | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 17*        | TosH2ioV | OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid                        | —            | 50   | 150         | ns    |            |
| 18*        | TosH2ioI | OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time) |              |      |             |       |            |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16C62/64  | 100  | —           | ns    |            |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16LC62/64 | 200  | —           | ns    |            |
| 19*        | TioV2osH | Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)             | 0            | —    | —           | ns    |            |
| 20*        | TioR     | Port output rise time                                     |              |      |             |       |            |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16C62/64  | —    | 10          | 40    | ns         |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16LC62/64 | —    | —           | 80    | ns         |
| 21*        | TioF     | Port output fall time                                     |              |      |             |       |            |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16C62/64  | —    | 10          | 40    | ns         |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16LC62/64 | —    | —           | 80    | ns         |
| 22††*      | Tinp     | INT pin high or low time                                  | Tcy          | —    | —           | ns    |            |
| 23††*      | Trbp     | RB7:RB4 change INT high or low time                       | Tcy          | —    | —           | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

†† These parameters are asynchronous events not related to any internal clock edge.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x Tosc.

**FIGURE 17-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP TIMER TIMING**

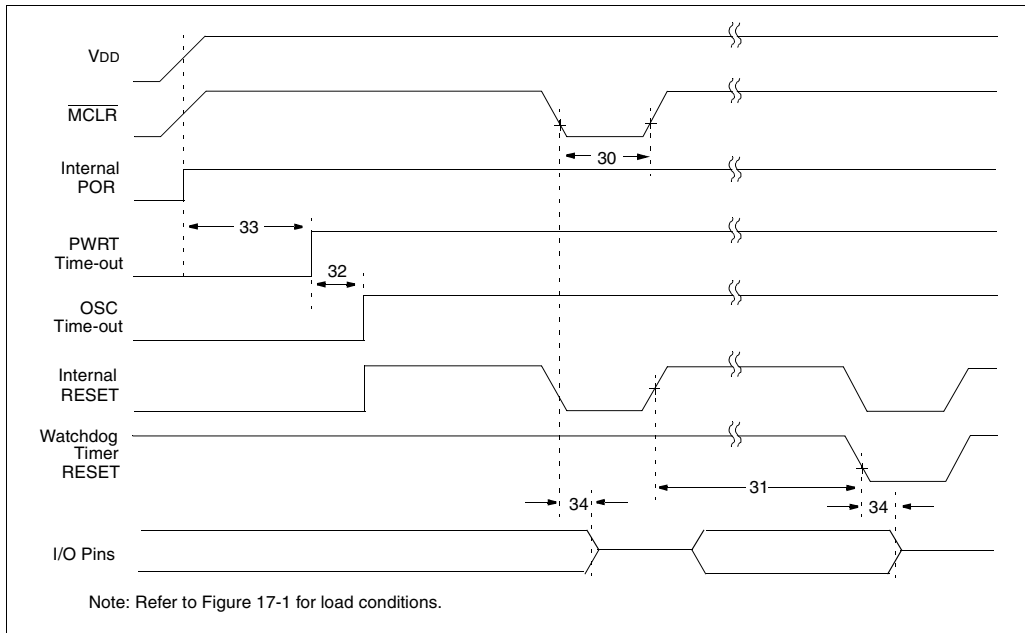


**TABLE 17-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP TIMER REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym   | Characteristic                                | Min | Typ†     | Max | Units | Conditions               |
|---------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|-------|--------------------------|
| 30*           | Tmcl  | MCLR Pulse Width (low)                        | 100 | —        | —   | ns    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +85°C |
| 31*           | Twdt  | Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler) | 7   | 18       | 33  | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +85°C |
| 32            | Tost  | Oscillation Start-up Timer Period             | —   | 1024Tosc | —   | —     | Tosc = OSC1 period       |
| 33*           | Tpwrt | Power-up Timer Period                         | 28  | 72       | 132 | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +85°C |
| 34*           | Tioz  | I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low                | —   | —        | 100 | ns    |                          |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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**FIGURE 17-5: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMINGS**

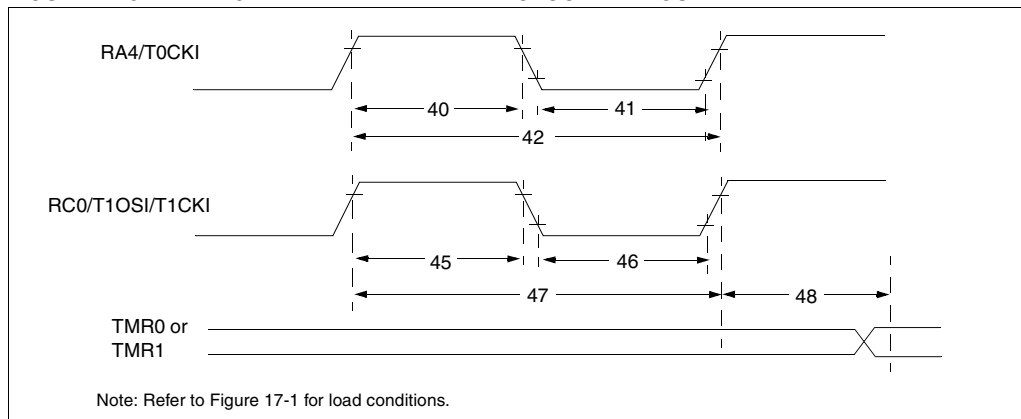


**TABLE 17-5: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym       | Characteristic                                                                      |                            | Min                                       | Typ† | Max        | Units | Conditions                          |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------|------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 40*       | Tt0H      | T0CKI High Pulse Width                                                              | No Prescaler               | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 41*       | Tt0L      | T0CKI Low Pulse Width                                                               | No Prescaler               | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 42*       | Tt0P      | T0CKI Period                                                                        | No Prescaler               | $T_{CY} + 40$                             | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | Greater of:<br>$20$ or $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (2, 4, ..., 256) |
| 45*       | Tt1H      | T1CKI High Time                                                                     | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2, 4, 8                                                    | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 46*       | Tt1L      | T1CKI Low Time                                                                      | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2, 4, 8                                                    | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 47*       | Tt1P      | T1CKI input period                                                                  | Synchronous                | Greater of:<br>30 OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N   | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | Greater of:<br>50 OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N   | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 60                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 100                                       | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           | Ft1       | Timer1 oscillator input frequency range (oscillator enabled by setting bit T1OSCEN) |                            | DC                                        | —    | 200        | kHz   |                                     |
| 48        | TCKEZtmr1 | Delay from external clock edge to timer increment                                   |                            | $2T_{osc}$                                | —    | $7T_{osc}$ | —     |                                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 17-6: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM TIMINGS (CCP1)**

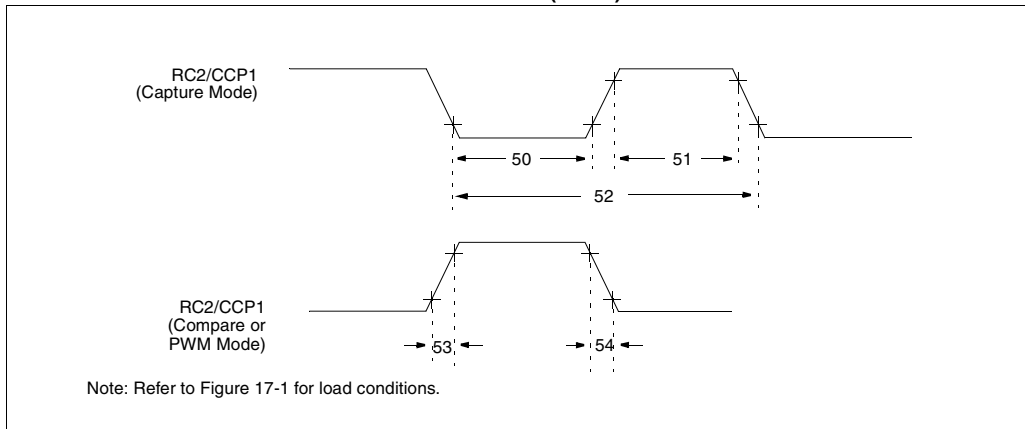


**TABLE 17-6: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM REQUIREMENTS (CCP1)**

| Parameter No. | Sym  | Characteristic        |                | Min                      | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                      |
|---------------|------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------|-----|-------|---------------------------------|
| 50*           | TccL | CCP1 input low time   | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$         | —    | —   | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                       | With Prescaler | PIC16C62/64              | 10   | —   | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                       |                | PIC16LC62/64             | 20   | —   | ns    |                                 |
| 51*           | TccH | CCP1 input high time  | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$         | —    | —   | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                       | With Prescaler | PIC16C62/64              | 10   | —   | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                       |                | PIC16LC62/64             | 20   | —   | ns    |                                 |
| 52*           | TccP | CCP1 input period     |                | $\frac{3T_{CY} + 40}{N}$ | —    | —   | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 4 or 16) |
| 53            | TccR | CCP1 output rise time | PIC16C62/64    | —                        | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                       | PIC16LC62/64   | —                        | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                 |
| 54            | TccF | CCP1 output fall time | PIC16C62/64    | —                        | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                       | PIC16LC62/64   | —                        | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                 |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 17-7: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING (PIC16C64)**

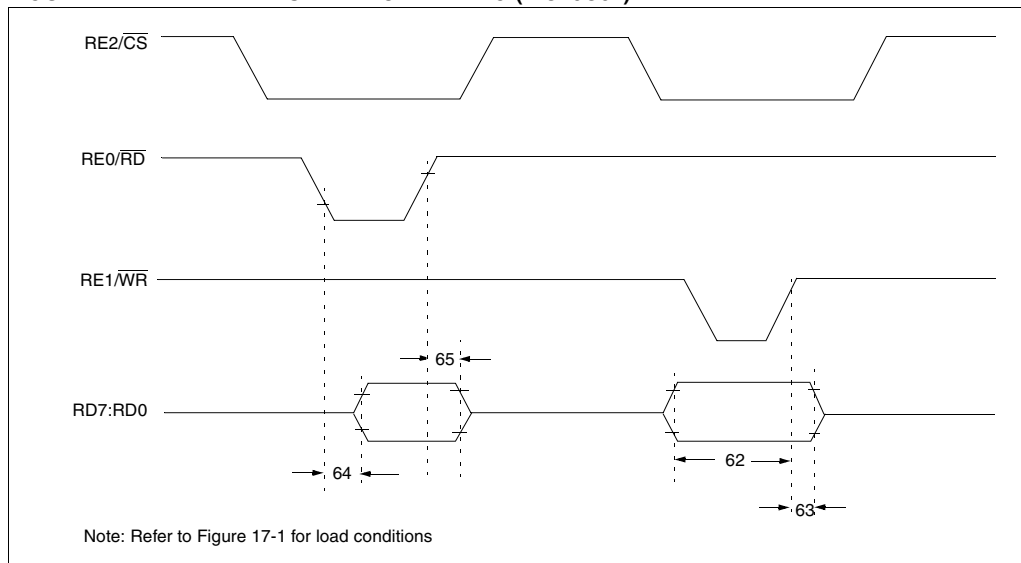


**TABLE 17-7: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT REQUIREMENTS (PIC16C64)**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                                       | Min       | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 62            | TdtV2wrH | Data in valid before $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ (setup time) | 20        | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 63*           | TwrH2dtI | $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-in invalid (hold time)    | PIC16C64  | 20   | —   | —     | ns         |
|               |          |                                                                                      | PIC16LC64 | 35   | —   | —     | ns         |
| 64            | TrdL2dtV | $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ and $\overline{CS}\downarrow$ to data-out valid            | —         | —    | 80  | ns    |            |
| 65            | TrdH2dtI | $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-out invalid               | 10        | —    | 30  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 17-8: SPI MODE TIMING**

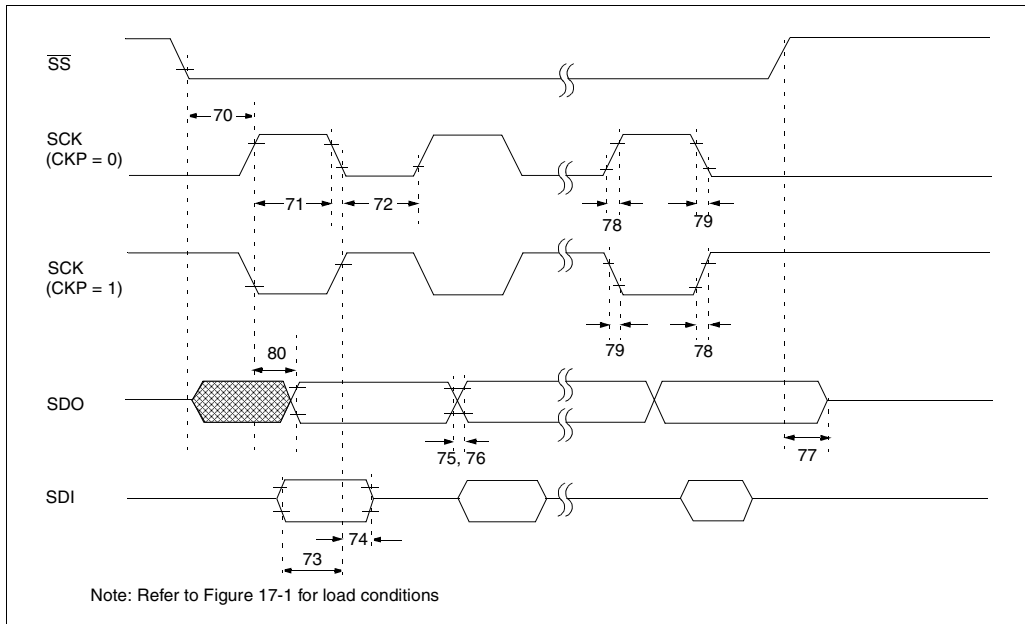


**TABLE 17-8: SPI MODE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym                | Characteristic                               | Min      | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 70            | TssL2scH, TssL2scL | $\overline{SS}$ ↓ to SCK↓ or SCK↑ input      | Tcy      | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 71            | TscH               | SCK input high time (slave mode)             | Tcy + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 72            | TscL               | SCK input low time (slave mode)              | Tcy + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 73            | TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL | Setup time of SDI data input to SCK edge     | 50       | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 74            | Tsch2diL, TscL2diL | Hold time of SDI data input to SCK edge      | 50       | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 75            | TdoR               | SDO data output rise time                    | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 76            | TdoF               | SDO data output fall time                    | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 77            | TssH2doZ           | $\overline{SS}$ ↑ to SDO output hi-impedance | 10       | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 78            | TscR               | SCK output rise time (master mode)           | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 79            | TscF               | SCK output fall time (master mode)           | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 80            | Tsch2doV, TscL2doV | SDO data output valid after SCK edge         | —        | —    | 50  | ns    |            |

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

FIGURE 17-9: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING

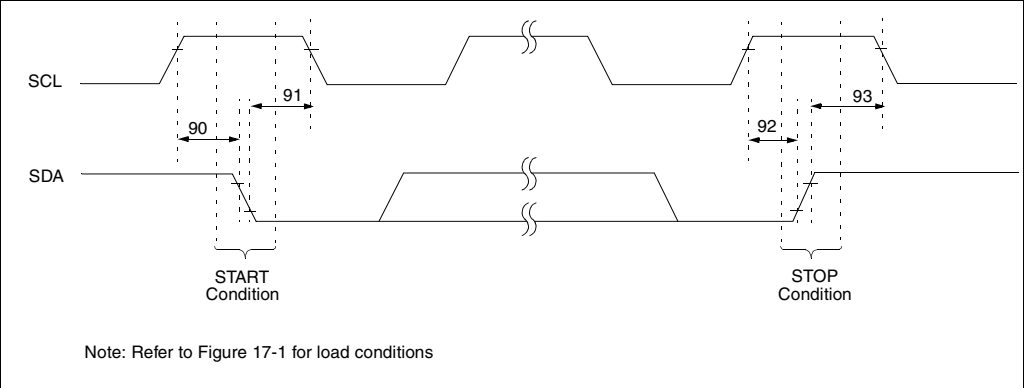


TABLE 17-9: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS REQUIREMENTS

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic  |              | Min  | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions                                           |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|------|-----|-----|-------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 90            | TSU:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    | Only relevant for repeated START condition           |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 91            | THD:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 92            | TSU:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 93            | THD:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |



Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 17-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA TIMING**

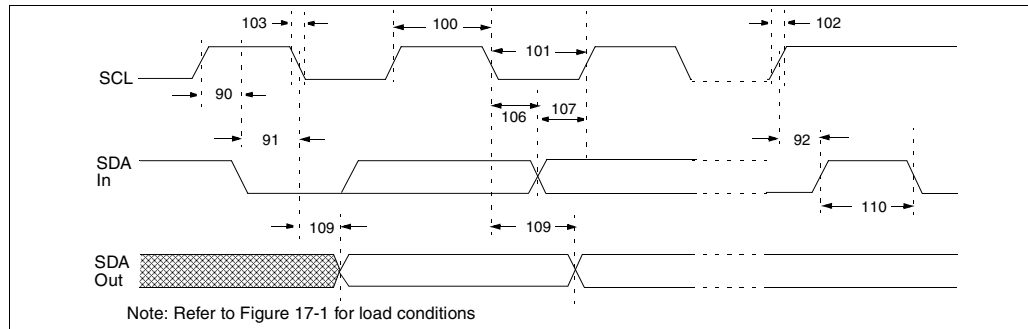


**TABLE 17-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic             |              | Min        | Max  | Units | Conditions                                                    |
|---------------|---------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 100           | THIGH   | Clock high time            | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz                   |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz                    |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5Tcy     | —    |       |                                                               |
| 101           | TLOW    | Clock low time             | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz                   |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz                    |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5Tcy     | —    |       |                                                               |
| 102           | Tr      | SDA and SCL rise time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 1000 | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300  | ns    | Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF                       |
| 103           | TF      | SDA and SCL fall time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 300  | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300  | ns    | Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF                       |
| 90            | TSU:STA | START condition setup time | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Only relevant for repeated START condition                    |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 91            | THD:STA | START condition hold time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —    | μs    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated          |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 106           | THD:DAT | Data input hold time       | 100 kHz mode | 0          | —    | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0          | 0.9  | μs    |                                                               |
| 107           | TSU:DAT | Data input setup time      | 100 kHz mode | 250        | —    | ns    | Note 2                                                        |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 100        | —    | ns    |                                                               |
| 92            | TSU:STO | STOP condition setup time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 109           | TAA     | Output valid from clock    | 100 kHz mode | —          | 3500 | ns    | Note 1                                                        |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | —          | —    | ns    |                                                               |
| 110           | TBUF    | Bus free time              | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
|               | Cb      | Bus capacitive loading     |              | —          | 400  | pF    |                                                               |

- Note 1: As a transmitter, the device must provide this internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (min. 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of START or STOP conditions.
- Note 2: A fast-mode (400 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus device can be used in a standard-mode (100 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus system, but the requirement tsu:DAT ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This will automatically be the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line Tr max. + tsu:DAT = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the standard-mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

# PIC16C6X

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|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

NOTES:

## 18.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64

### Absolute Maximum Ratings †

|                                                                                    |                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Ambient temperature under bias                                                     | .....-55°C to +125°C        |
| Storage temperature                                                                | ..... -65°C to +150°C       |
| Voltage on any pin with respect to VSS (except VDD, MCLR, and RA4)                 | ..... -0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V) |
| Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS                                                 | ..... -0.3V to +7.5V        |
| Voltage on MCLR with respect to VSS (Note 2)                                       | ..... 0V to +14V            |
| Voltage on RA4 with respect to VSS                                                 | ..... 0V to +14V            |
| Total power dissipation (Note 1)                                                   | ..... 1.0W                  |
| Maximum current out of VSS pin                                                     | ..... 300 mA                |
| Maximum current into VDD pin                                                       | ..... 250 mA                |
| Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0 or V <sub>I</sub> > VDD)  | ..... ±20 mA                |
| Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0 or V <sub>O</sub> > VDD) | ..... ±20 mA                |
| Maximum output current sunk by any I/O pin                                         | ..... 25 mA                 |
| Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin                                      | ..... 25 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (combined)                         | ..... 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (combined)                      | ..... 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTC and PORTD (combined)                                 | ..... 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTC and PORTD (combined)                              | ..... 200 mA                |

**Note 1:** Power dissipation is calculated as follows:  $P_{dis} = VDD \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(VDD - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

**Note 2:** Voltage spikes below VSS at the MCLR pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA, may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50-100Ω should be used when applying a "low" level to the MCLR pin rather than pulling this pin directly to VSS.

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**TABLE 18-1: CROSS REFERENCE OF DEVICE SPECS FOR OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATIONS AND FREQUENCIES OF OPERATION (COMMERCIAL DEVICES)**

| OSC | PIC16C62A-04<br>PIC16CR62-04<br>PIC16C64A-04<br>PIC16CR64-04                                             | PIC16C62A-10<br>PIC16CR62-10<br>PIC16C64A-10<br>PIC16CR64-10                                  | PIC16C62A-20<br>PIC16CR62-20<br>PIC16C64A-20<br>PIC16CR64-20                                  | PIC16LC62A-04<br>PIC16LCR62-04<br>PIC16LC64A-04<br>PIC16LCR64-04                                     | JW Devices                                                                                           |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.0 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.0 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.            | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             |
| XT  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.0 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.0 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.          | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             |
| HS  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 13.5 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.           | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 10 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 10 MHz max. | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 20 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max. | Not recommended for use in HS mode                                                                   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 20 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max.        |
| LP  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 52.5 µA typ. at 32 kHz, 4.0V<br>IPD: 0.9 µA typ. at 4.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 48 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 48 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. |

The shaded sections indicate oscillator selections which are tested for functionality, but not for MIN/MAX specifications. It is recommended that the user select the device type that ensures the specifications required.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 18.1 DC Characteristics: PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64-10 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended)

| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                                                             |                                                            |        |                  |                           |                      |                      |                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Operating temperature    -40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended,<br>-40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C        ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                                                            |        |                  |                           |                      |                      |                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Param No.                                                                                                                                           | Characteristic                                             | Sym    | Min              | Typ†                      | Max                  | Units                | Conditions                                                                                                                                                                  |
| D001<br>D001A                                                                                                                                       | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD    | 4.0<br>4.5       | -<br>-                    | 6.0<br>5.5           | V<br>V               | XT, RC and LP osc configuration<br>HS osc configuration                                                                                                                     |
| D002*                                                                                                                                               | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR    | -                | 1.5                       | -                    | V                    |                                                                                                                                                                             |
| D003                                                                                                                                                | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR   | -                | VSS                       | -                    | V                    | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                                                                                                   |
| D004*                                                                                                                                               | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD   | 0.05             | -                         | -                    | V/ms                 | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                                                                                                   |
| D005                                                                                                                                                | Brown-out Reset Voltage                                    | BVDD   | 3.7<br>3.7       | 4.0<br>4.0                | 4.3<br>4.4           | V<br>V               | BODEN bit in configuration word enabled<br>Extended Range Only                                                                                                              |
| D010<br>D013                                                                                                                                        | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD    | -<br>-           | 2.7<br>10                 | 5<br>20              | mA<br>mA             | XT, RC, osc configuration    FOSC = 4 MHz,<br>VDD = 5.5V (Note 4)<br>HS osc configuration    FOSC = 20 MHz,<br>VDD = 5.5V                                                   |
| D015*                                                                                                                                               | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | Δ IBOR | -                | 350                       | 425                  | μA                   | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                                                                                                                                     |
| D020<br>D021<br>D021A<br>D021B                                                                                                                      | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD    | -<br>-<br>-<br>- | 10.5<br>1.5<br>1.5<br>2.5 | 42<br>16<br>19<br>19 | μA<br>μA<br>μA<br>μA | VDD = 4.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, -0°C to +70°C<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +125°C |
| D023*                                                                                                                                               | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | Δ IBOR | -                | 350                       | 425                  | μA                   | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                                                                                                                                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = VDD/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

6: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

## 18.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16LC62A/R62/64A/R64-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                            | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial and<br>$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial |      |      |     |       |                                                                          |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                             | Sym                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Min  | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                                                               |
| D001               | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 2.5  | -    | 6.0 | V     | LP, XT, RC osc configuration (DC - 4 MHz)                                |
| D002*              | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -    | 1.5  | -   | V     |                                                                          |
| D003               | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | -    | VSS  | -   | V     | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                |
| D004*              | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 0.05 | -    | -   | V/ms  | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                |
| D005               | Brown-out Reset Voltage                                    | BVDD                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 3.7  | 4.0  | 4.3 | V     | BODEN bit in configuration word enabled                                  |
| D010               | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -    | 2.0  | 3.8 | mA    | XT, RC osc configuration<br>FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 3.0V (Note 4)            |
| D010A              |                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -    | 22.5 | 48  | μA    | LP osc configuration<br>FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled          |
| D015*              |                                                            | ΔIBOR                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | -    | 350  | 425 | μA    | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                                  |
| D020               | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | -    | 7.5  | 30  | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled, $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |
| D021               |                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -    | 0.9  | 5   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$   |
| D021A              |                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -    | 0.9  | 5   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| D023*              | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | -    | 350  | 425 | μA    | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                                  |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V,  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = V_{DD}/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

6: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

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**18.3 DC Characteristics:** **PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended)**  
**PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64-10 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended)**  
**PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended)**  
**PIC16LC62A/R62/64A/R64-04 (Commercial, Industrial)**

| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated) |                                                        |                                                                                   |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|---------|-------|---------------------------------------------------|
| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                      |                                                        | Operating temperature                                                             |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                         |                                                        | -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended,                                                 |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                         |                                                        | -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and                                             |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                         |                                                        | 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial                                                   |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                         |                                                        | Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 18.1 and Section 18.2 |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
| Param No.                                               | Characteristic                                         | Sym                                                                               | Min            | Typ † | Max     | Units | Conditions                                        |
| D030<br>D030A<br>D031<br>D032<br>D033                   | <b>Input Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports                  | VIL                                                                               |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                         | with TTL buffer                                        |                                                                                   | VSS            | -     | 0.15VDD | V     | For entire VDD range                              |
|                                                         |                                                        |                                                                                   | VSS            | -     | 0.8V    | V     | 4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V                                 |
|                                                         | with Schmitt Trigger buffer                            |                                                                                   | VSS            | -     | 0.2VDD  | V     |                                                   |
|                                                         | MCLR, OSC1 (in RC mode)                                |                                                                                   | VSS            | -     | 0.2VDD  | V     |                                                   |
| D040<br>D040A<br>D041<br>D042<br>D042A<br>D043          | OSC1 (in XT, HS and LP)                                | VIH                                                                               | VSS            | -     | 0.3VDD  | V     | Note1                                             |
|                                                         | <b>Input High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports                 |                                                                                   |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
|                                                         | with TTL buffer                                        |                                                                                   | 2.0            | -     | VDD     | V     | 4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V                                 |
|                                                         |                                                        |                                                                                   | 0.25VDD + 0.8V | -     | VDD     | V     | For entire VDD range                              |
|                                                         | with Schmitt Trigger buffer                            |                                                                                   | 0.8VDD         | -     | VDD     | V     | For entire VDD range                              |
| D070                                                    | MCLR                                                   | IPURB                                                                             | 0.8VDD         | -     | VDD     | V     |                                                   |
|                                                         | OSC1 (XT, HS and LP)                                   |                                                                                   | 0.7VDD         | -     | VDD     | V     | Note1                                             |
|                                                         | OSC1 (in RC mode)                                      |                                                                                   | 0.9VDD         | -     | VDD     | V     |                                                   |
|                                                         | PORTB weak pull-up current                             |                                                                                   | 50             | 250   | 400     | µA    | VDD = 5V, VPIN = VSS                              |
|                                                         |                                                        |                                                                                   |                |       |         |       |                                                   |
| D060<br>D061<br>D063                                    | <b>Input Leakage Current</b> (Notes 2, 3)<br>I/O ports | IIL                                                                               | -              | -     | ±1      | µA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, Pin at hi-impedance             |
|                                                         | MCLR, RA4/T0CKI                                        |                                                                                   | -              | -     | ±5      | µA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD                                  |
|                                                         | OSC1                                                   |                                                                                   | -              | -     | ±5      | µA    | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, XT, HS and LP osc configuration |
| D080<br>D080A<br>D083<br>D083A                          | <b>Output Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports                 | VOL                                                                               | -              | -     | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 8.5 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C          |
|                                                         |                                                        |                                                                                   | -              | -     | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 7.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C         |
|                                                         | OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                            |                                                                                   | -              | -     | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C          |
|                                                         |                                                        |                                                                                   | -              | -     | 0.6     | V     | IOL = 1.2 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                     | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                                                                                                                                          |         |       |     |       |                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------|-----|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                     | Operating temperature      -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended,<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial<br>Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 18.1 and<br>Section 18.2 |         |       |     |       |                                                                   |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                      | Sym                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Min     | Typ † | Max | Units | Conditions                                                        |
| D090               | Output High Voltage<br>I/O ports (Note 3)           | VOH                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | VDD-0.7 | -     | -   | V     | IOH = -3.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V,<br>-40°C to +85°C                      |
| D090A              |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | VDD-0.7 | -     | -   | V     |                                                                   |
| D092               | OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | VDD-0.7 | -     | -   | V     | IOH = -1.3 mA, VDD = 4.5V,<br>-40°C to +85°C                      |
| D092A              |                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | VDD-0.7 | -     | -   | V     |                                                                   |
| D150*              | Open-Drain High Voltage                             | VOD                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | -       | -     | 14  | V     | RA4 pin                                                           |
| D100               | Capacitive Loading Specs on Output Pins<br>OSC2 pin | COSC2                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | -       | -     | 15  | pF    | In XT, HS and LP modes when external clock is used to drive OSC1. |
| D101               | All I/O pins and OSC2 (in RC mode)                  | CIO                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | -       | -     | 50  | pF    |                                                                   |
| D102               | SCL, SDA in I <sup>2</sup> C mode                   | Cb                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | -       | -     | 400 | pF    |                                                                   |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

- The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.
- Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

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## 18.4 Timing Parameter Symbolology

The timing parameter symbols have been created following one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS
3. TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)
4. Ts (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

| T |           | T |      |
|---|-----------|---|------|
| F | Frequency | T | Time |

Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

|           |                   |     |                                    |
|-----------|-------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| <b>pp</b> |                   | osc | OSC1                               |
| cc        | CCP1              | rd  | $\overline{RD}$                    |
| ck        | CLKOUT            | rw  | $\overline{RD}$ or $\overline{WR}$ |
| cs        | $\overline{CS}$   | sc  | SCK                                |
| di        | SDI               | ss  | $\overline{SS}$                    |
| do        | SDO               | t0  | T0CKI                              |
| dt        | Data in           | t1  | T1CKI                              |
| io        | I/O port          | wr  | $\overline{WR}$                    |
| mc        | $\overline{MCLR}$ |     |                                    |

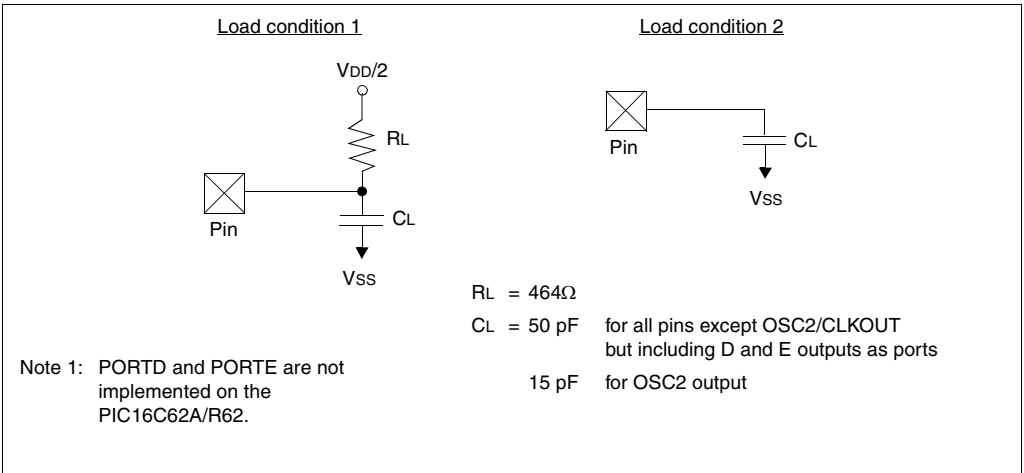
Uppercase letters and their meanings:

|                            |                        |      |              |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------|--------------|
| <b>S</b>                   |                        | P    | Period       |
| F                          | Fall                   | R    | Rise         |
| H                          | High                   | V    | Valid        |
| I                          | Invalid (Hi-impedance) | Z    | Hi-impedance |
| L                          | Low                    |      |              |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C only</b> |                        | High | High         |
| AA                         | output access          | Low  | Low          |
| BUF                        | Bus free               |      |              |

TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

|           |                 |     |                |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| <b>CC</b> |                 | SU  | Setup          |
| HD        | Hold            |     |                |
| <b>ST</b> |                 | STO | STOP condition |
| DAT       | DATA input hold |     |                |
| STA       | START condition |     |                |

FIGURE 18-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS





## 18.5 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

**FIGURE 18-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING**

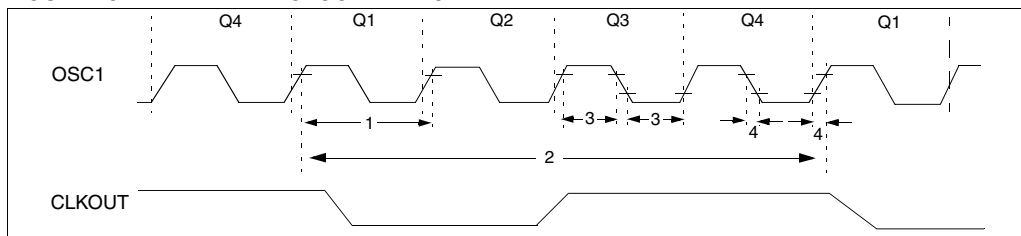


**TABLE 18-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym        | Characteristic                                    | Min | Typ† | Max    | Units | Conditions         |
|---------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|--------------------|
|               | Fosc       | <b>External CLKIN Frequency (Note 1)</b>          | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT and RC osc mode |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 10     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|               |            | <b>Oscillator Frequency (Note 1)</b>              | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | RC osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 0.1 | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 4   | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
| 1             | Tosc       | <b>External CLKIN Period (Note 1)</b>             | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | XT and RC osc mode |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
|               |            | <b>Oscillator Period (Note 1)</b>                 | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | RC osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 10,000 | ns    | XT osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
| 2             | Tcy        | <b>Instruction Cycle Time (Note 1)</b>            | 200 | Tcy  | DC     | ns    | Tcy = 4/Fosc       |
| 3             | TosL, TosH | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time</b>  | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 2.5 | —    | —      | μs    | LP oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 15  | —    | —      | ns    | HS oscillator      |
| 4             | TosR, TosF | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time</b> | —   | —    | 25     | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 50     | ns    | LP oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 15     | ns    | HS oscillator      |

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals four times the input oscillator time-base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKIN pin. When an external clock input is used, the "Max." cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

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**FIGURE 18-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING**

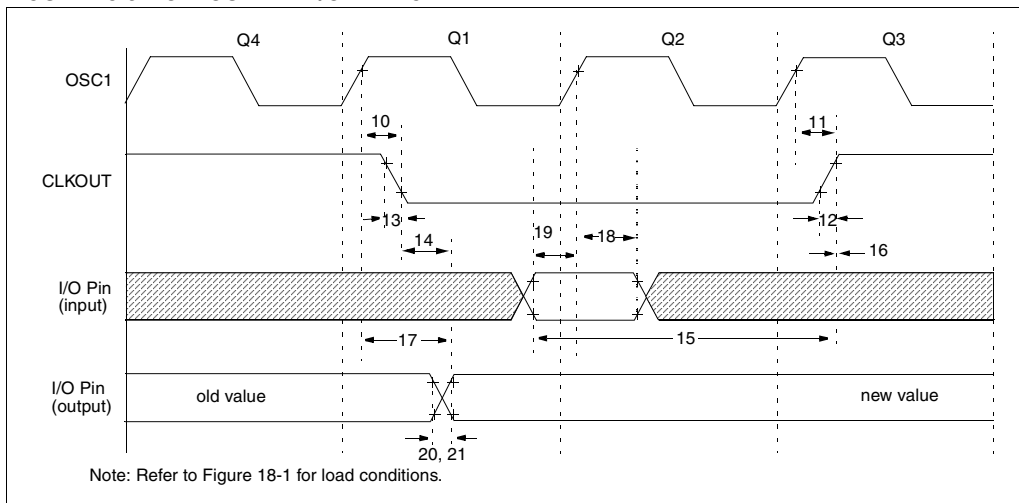


**TABLE 18-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameters | Sym      | Characteristic                                            | Min                        | Typ† | Max                     | Units | Conditions |
|------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-------------------------|-------|------------|
| 10*        | TosH2ckL | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓                                          | —                          | 75   | 200                     | ns    | Note 1     |
| 11*        | TosH2ckH | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑                                          | —                          | 75   | 200                     | ns    | Note 1     |
| 12*        | TckR     | CLKOUT rise time                                          | —                          | 35   | 100                     | ns    | Note 1     |
| 13*        | TckF     | CLKOUT fall time                                          | —                          | 35   | 100                     | ns    | Note 1     |
| 14*        | TckL2ioV | CLKOUT ↓ to Port out valid                                | —                          | —    | 0.5T <sub>CY</sub> + 20 | ns    | Note 1     |
| 15*        | TioV2ckH | Port in valid before CLKOUT ↑                             | T <sub>osc</sub> + 200     | —    | —                       | ns    | Note 1     |
| 16*        | TckH2ioL | Port in hold after CLKOUT ↑                               | 0                          | —    | —                       | ns    | Note 1     |
| 17*        | TosH2ioV | OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid                        | —                          | 50   | 150                     | ns    |            |
| 18*        | TosH2ioL | OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time) | PIC16C62A/<br>R62/64A/R64  | 100  | —                       | —     | ns         |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16LC62A/<br>R62/64A/R64 | 200  | —                       | —     | ns         |
| 19*        | TioV2osH | Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)             | 0                          | —    | —                       | ns    |            |
| 20*        | TioR     | Port output rise time                                     | PIC16C62A/<br>R62/64A/R64  | —    | 10                      | 40    | ns         |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16LC62A/<br>R62/64A/R64 | —    | —                       | 80    | ns         |
| 21*        | TioF     | Port output fall time                                     | PIC16C62A/<br>R62/64A/R64  | —    | 10                      | 40    | ns         |
|            |          |                                                           | PIC16LC62A/<br>R62/64A/R64 | —    | —                       | 80    | ns         |
| 22††*      | Tinp     | RB0/INT pin high or low time                              | T <sub>CY</sub>            | —    | —                       | ns    |            |
| 23††*      | Trbp     | RB7:RB4 change int high or low time                       | T <sub>CY</sub>            | —    | —                       | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

†† These parameters are asynchronous events not related to any internal clock edge.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x T<sub>OSC</sub>.

**FIGURE 18-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP TIMER TIMING**

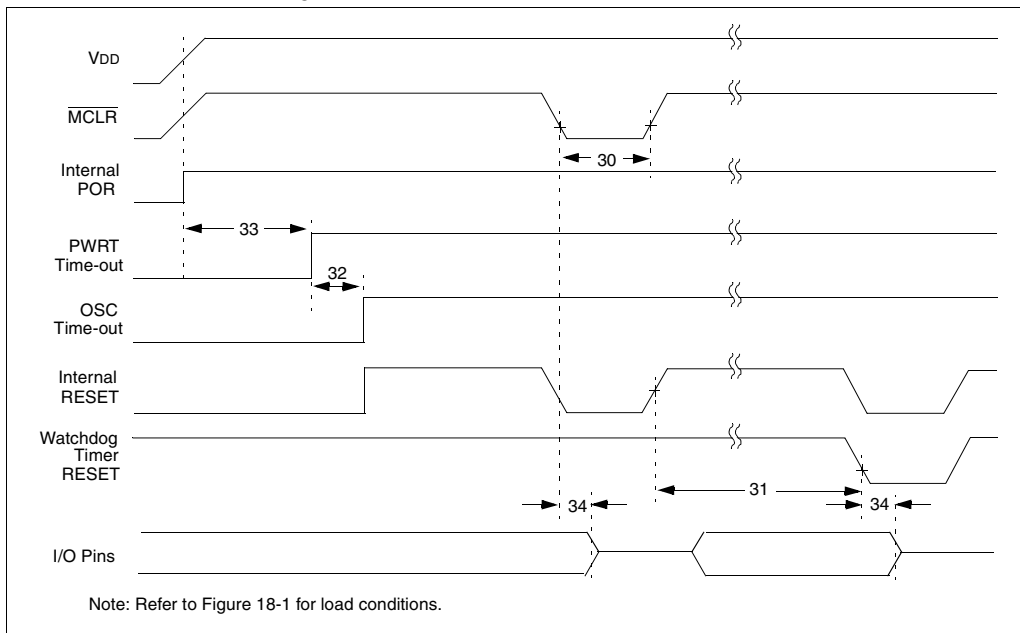


**FIGURE 18-5: BROWN-OUT RESET TIMING**

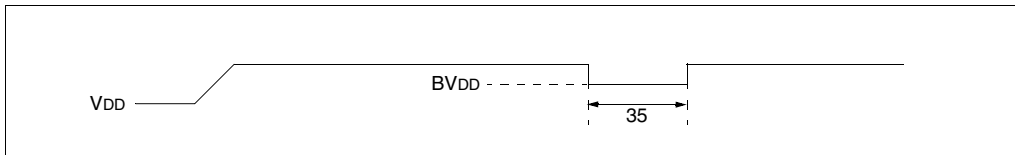


**TABLE 18-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER, POWER-UP TIMER, AND BROWN-OUT RESET REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym   | Characteristic                                | Min | Typ†     | Max | Units | Conditions                |
|---------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|-------|---------------------------|
| 30            | Tmcl  | MCLR Pulse Width (low)                        | 2   | —        | —   | μs    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 31*           | Twdt  | Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler) | 7   | 18       | 33  | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 32            | Tost  | Oscillation Start-up Timer Period             | —   | 1024Tosc | —   | —     | Tosc = OSC1 period        |
| 33*           | Tpwrt | Power-up Timer Period                         | 28  | 72       | 132 | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 34            | Tioz  | I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low or WDT Reset   | —   | —        | 2.1 | μs    |                           |
| 35            | TBOR  | Brown-out Reset Pulse Width                   | 100 | —        | —   | μs    | VDD ≤ BVDD (param. D005)  |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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**FIGURE 18-6: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMINGS**

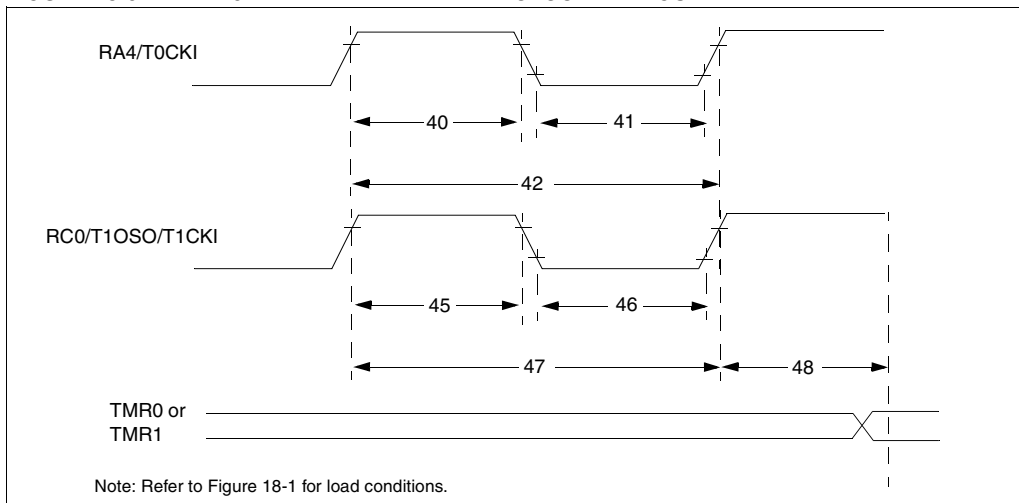


**TABLE 18-5: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym       | Characteristic                                                                      |                                | Min                                                                                                                 | Typ† | Max        | Units | Conditions                            |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 40*       | Tt0H      | T0CKI High Pulse Width                                                              | No Prescaler                   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                                                                                                    | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42           |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler                 | 10                                                                                                                  | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
| 41*       | Tt0L      | T0CKI Low Pulse Width                                                               | No Prescaler                   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                                                                                                    | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42           |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler                 | 10                                                                                                                  | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
| 42*       | Tt0P      | T0CKI Period                                                                        | No Prescaler                   | $T_{CY} + 40$                                                                                                       | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler                 | Greater of:<br>$20$ or $T_{CY} + 40$<br>$N$                                                                         | —    | —          | ns    | $N$ = prescale value (2, 4, ..., 256) |
| 45*       | Tt1H      | T1CKI High Time                                                                     | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1     | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                                                                                                    | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47           |
|           |           |                                                                                     | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2,4,8 | PIC16C6X<br>15<br>PIC16LC6X<br>25                                                                                   | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
|           |           |                                                                                     | Asynchronous                   | PIC16C6X<br>30<br>PIC16LC6X<br>50                                                                                   | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
|           |           |                                                                                     |                                |                                                                                                                     | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
| 46*       | Tt1L      | T1CKI Low Time                                                                      | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1     | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                                                                                                    | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47           |
|           |           |                                                                                     | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2,4,8 | PIC16C6X<br>15<br>PIC16LC6X<br>25                                                                                   | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
|           |           |                                                                                     | Asynchronous                   | PIC16C6X<br>30<br>PIC16LC6X<br>50                                                                                   | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
|           |           |                                                                                     |                                |                                                                                                                     | —    | —          | ns    |                                       |
| 47*       | Tt1P      | T1CKI input period                                                                  | Synchronous                    | PIC16C6X<br>Greater of:<br>$30$ OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>$N$<br>PIC16LC6X<br>Greater of:<br>$50$ OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>$N$ | —    | —          | ns    | $N$ = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | Asynchronous                   | PIC16C6X<br>60<br>PIC16LC6X<br>100                                                                                  | —    | —          | ns    | $N$ = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           | Ft1       | Timer1 oscillator input frequency range (oscillator enabled by setting bit T1OSCEN) |                                | DC                                                                                                                  | —    | 200        | kHz   |                                       |
| 48        | TCKEZtmr1 | Delay from external clock edge to timer increment                                   |                                | $2T_{osc}$                                                                                                          | —    | $7T_{osc}$ | —     |                                       |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 18-7: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM TIMINGS (CCP1)**

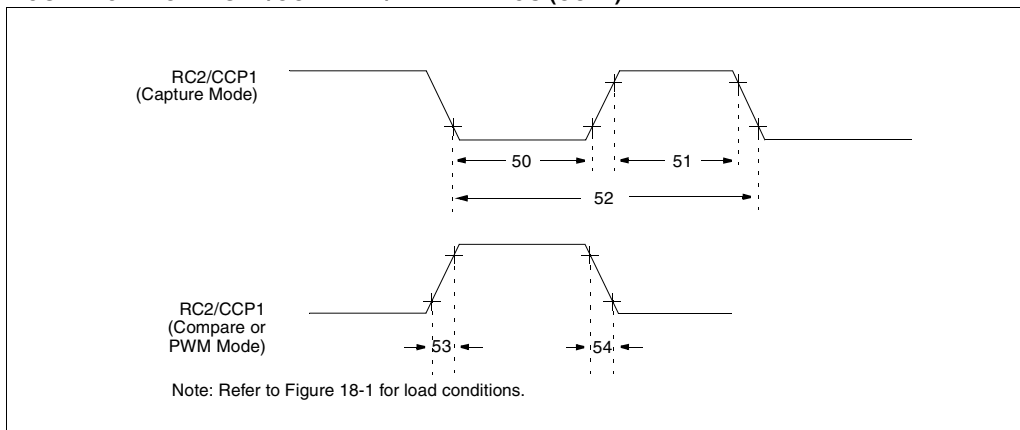


**TABLE 18-6: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM REQUIREMENTS (CCP1)**

| Parameter No. | Sym  | Characteristic        |                |                        | Min                   | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                     |
|---------------|------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----|-------|--------------------------------|
| 50*           | TccL | CCP1 input low time   | No Prescaler   |                        | 0.5TCY + 20           | —    | —   | ns    |                                |
|               |      |                       | With Prescaler | PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64  | 10                    | —    | —   | ns    |                                |
|               |      |                       |                | PIC16LC62A/R62/64A/R64 | 20                    | —    | —   | ns    |                                |
| 51*           | TccH | CCP1 input high time  | No Prescaler   |                        | 0.5TCY + 20           | —    | —   | ns    |                                |
|               |      |                       | With Prescaler | PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64  | 10                    | —    | —   | ns    |                                |
|               |      |                       |                | PIC16LC62A/R62/64A/R64 | 20                    | —    | —   | ns    |                                |
| 52*           | TccP | CCP1 input period     |                |                        | $\frac{3TCY + 40}{N}$ | —    | —   | ns    | N = prescale value (1,4 or 16) |
| 53*           | TccR | CCP1 output rise time |                | PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64  | —                     | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                |
|               |      |                       |                | PIC16LC62A/R62/64A/R64 | —                     | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                |
| 54*           | TccF | CCP1 output fall time |                | PIC16C62A/R62/64A/R64  | —                     | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                |
|               |      |                       |                | PIC16LC62A/R62/64A/R64 | —                     | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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**FIGURE 18-8: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING (PIC16C64A/R64)**

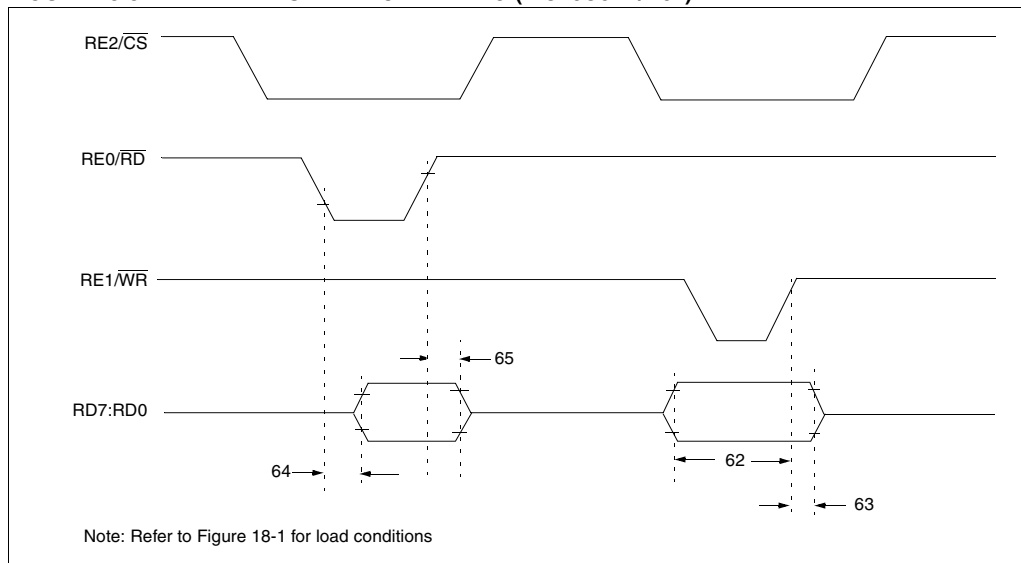


**TABLE 18-7: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT REQUIREMENTS (PIC16C64A/R64)**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                                       |                | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions          |
|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----|------|-----|-------|---------------------|
| 62            | TdtV2wrH | Data in valid before $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ (setup time) |                | 20  | —    | —   | ns    | Extended Range Only |
|               |          |                                                                                      |                | 25  | —    | —   | ns    |                     |
| 63*           | TwrH2dtl | $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-in invalid (hold time)    | PIC16C64A/R64  | 20  | —    | —   | ns    |                     |
|               |          |                                                                                      | PIC16LC64A.R64 | 35  | —    | —   | ns    |                     |
| 64            | TrdL2dtV | $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ and $\overline{CS}\downarrow$ to data-out valid            |                | —   | —    | 80  | ns    | Extended Range Only |
|               |          |                                                                                      |                | —   | —    | 90  | ns    |                     |
| 65*           | TrdH2dtl | $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-out invalid               |                | 10  | —    | 30  | ns    |                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 18-9: SPI MODE TIMING**

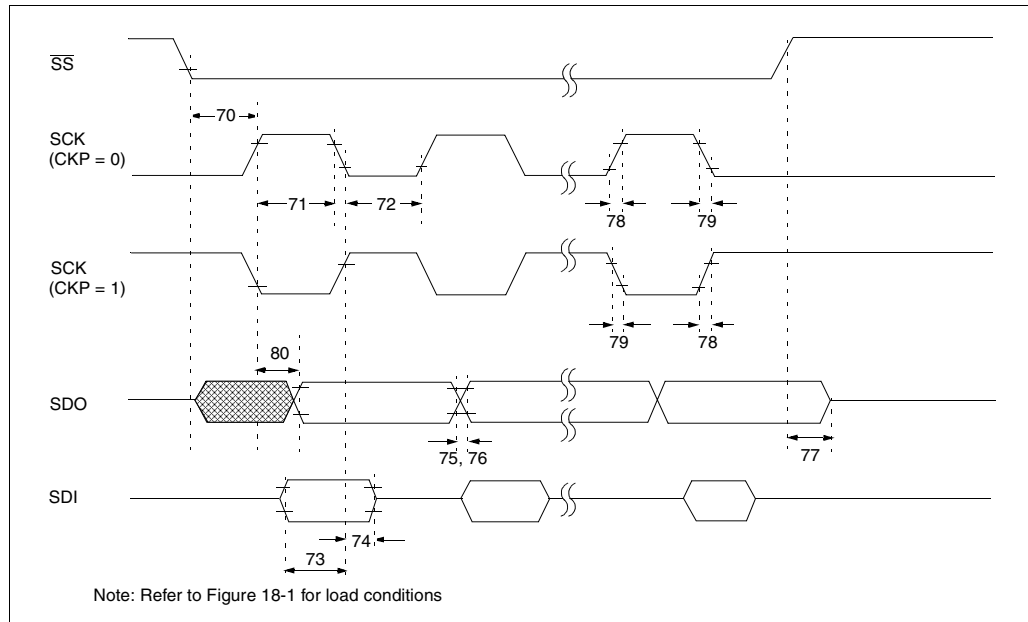


**TABLE 18-8: SPI MODE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym                | Characteristic                                                        | Min      | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 70*           | TssL2scH, TssL2scL | $\overline{SS}\downarrow$ to SCK $\downarrow$ or SCK $\uparrow$ input | Tcy      | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 71*           | TscH               | SCK input high time (slave mode)                                      | Tcy + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 72*           | TscL               | SCK input low time (slave mode)                                       | Tcy + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 73*           | TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL | Setup time of SDI data input to SCK edge                              | 50       | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 74*           | Tsch2diL, TscL2diL | Hold time of SDI data input to SCK edge                               | 50       | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 75*           | TdoR               | SDO data output rise time                                             | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 76*           | TdoF               | SDO data output fall time                                             | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 77*           | TssH2doZ           | $\overline{SS}\uparrow$ to SDO output hi-impedance                    | 10       | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 78*           | TscR               | SCK output rise time (master mode)                                    | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 79*           | TscF               | SCK output fall time (master mode)                                    | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 80*           | Tsch2doV, TscL2doV | SDO data output valid after SCK edge                                  | —        | —    | 50  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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FIGURE 18-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING

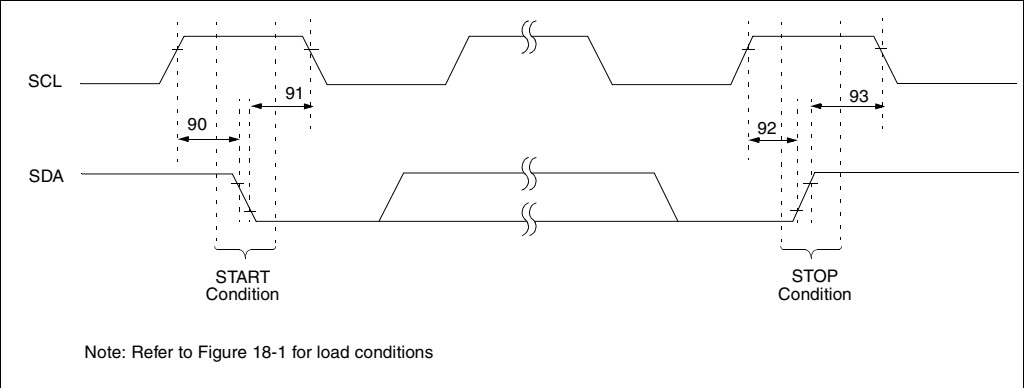


TABLE 18-9: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS REQUIREMENTS

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic  |              | Min  | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions                                           |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|------|-----|-----|-------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 90*           | TSU:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    | Only relevant for repeated START condition           |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 91*           | THD:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 92*           | TSU:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 93*           | THD:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |

\*These parameters are characterized but not tested.



Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 18-11: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA TIMING**

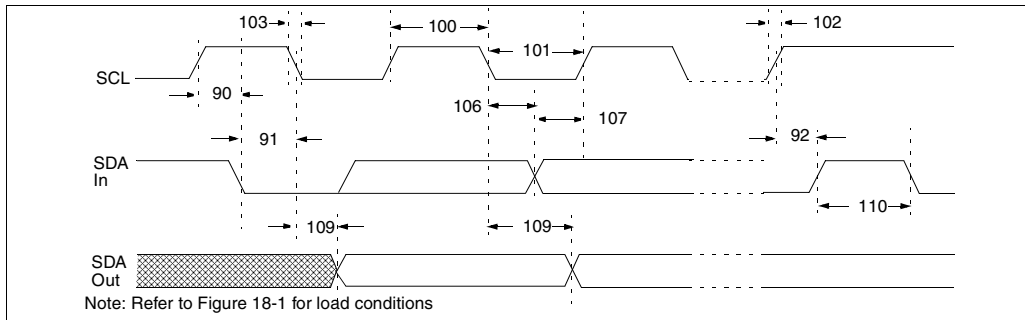


**TABLE 18-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic             |              | Min        | Max  | Units | Conditions                                                    |
|---------------|---------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 100*          | THIGH   | Clock high time            | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz                   |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz                    |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5TCY     | —    |       |                                                               |
| 101*          | TLOW    | Clock low time             | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz                   |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz                    |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5TCY     | —    |       |                                                               |
| 102*          | Tr      | SDA and SCL rise time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 1000 | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300  | ns    | Cb is specified to be from 10-400 pF                          |
| 103*          | TF      | SDA and SCL fall time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 300  | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300  | ns    | Cb is specified to be from 10-400 pF                          |
| 90*           | TSU:STA | START condition setup time | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Only relevant for repeated START condition                    |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 91*           | THD:STA | START condition hold time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —    | μs    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated          |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 106*          | THD:DAT | Data input hold time       | 100 kHz mode | 0          | —    | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0          | 0.9  | μs    |                                                               |
| 107*          | TSU:DAT | Data input setup time      | 100 kHz mode | 250        | —    | ns    | Note 2                                                        |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 100        | —    | ns    |                                                               |
| 92*           | TSU:STO | STOP condition setup time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 109*          | TAA     | Output valid from clock    | 100 kHz mode | —          | 3500 | ns    | Note 1                                                        |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | —          | —    | ns    |                                                               |
| 110*          | TBUF    | Bus free time              | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
|               | Cb      | Bus capacitive loading     |              | —          | 400  | pF    |                                                               |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

- Note 1: As a transmitter, the device must provide this internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (min. 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of START or STOP conditions.
- Note 2: A fast-mode (400 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus device can be used in a standard-mode (100 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus system, but the requirement tsu;DAT ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This will automatically be the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line Tr max.+tsu;DAT = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the standard-mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

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|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

NOTES:

## 19.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PIC16C65

### Absolute Maximum Ratings †

|                                                                         |                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ambient temperature under bias.....                                     | -55°C to +85°C        |
| Storage temperature .....                                               | -65°C to +150°C       |
| Voltage on any pin with respect to VSS (except VDD, MCLR, and RA4)..... | -0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V) |
| Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS .....                                | -0.3V to +7.5V        |
| Voltage on MCLR with respect to VSS (Note 2).....                       | 0V to +14V            |
| Voltage on RA4 with respect to Vss.....                                 | 0V to +14V            |
| Total power dissipation (Note 1).....                                   | 1.0W                  |
| Maximum current out of VSS pin .....                                    | 300 mA                |
| Maximum current into VDD pin .....                                      | 250 mA                |
| Input clamp current, Iik (VI < 0 or VI > VDD).....                      | ±20 mA                |
| Output clamp current, Iok (VO < 0 or VO > VDD) .....                    | ±20 mA                |
| Maximum output current sunk by any I/O pin.....                         | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin .....                     | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (combined).....         | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (combined) .....     | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTC and PORTD (combined) .....                | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTC and PORTD (combined) .....             | 200 mA                |

**Note 1:** Power dissipation is calculated as follows:  $P_{dis} = VDD \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(VDD - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

**Note 2:** Voltage spikes below VSS at the MCLR pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA, may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50-100Ω should be used when applying a “low” level to the MCLR pin rather than pulling this pin directly to VSS.

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**TABLE 19-1: CROSS REFERENCE OF DEVICE SPECS FOR OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATIONS AND FREQUENCIES OF OPERATION (COMMERCIAL DEVICES)**

| OSC | PIC16C65-04                                                                                              | PIC16C65-10                                                                                   | PIC16C65-20                                                                                   | PIC16LC65-04                                                                                            | JW Devices                                                                                              |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 21 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3V<br>IPD: 800 µA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.               | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 21 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                |
| XT  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 21 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3V<br>IPD: 800 µA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.               | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 21 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                |
| HS  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 13.5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.           | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 15 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.0 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 10 MHz max. | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 30 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max. | Not recommended for use in HS mode                                                                      | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 30 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max.           |
| LP  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 52.5 µA typ. at 32 kHz, 4.0V<br>IPD: 0.9 µA typ. at 4.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 105 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 800 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | VDD: 3.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 105 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 800 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. |

The shaded sections indicate oscillator selections which are tested for functionality, but not for MIN/MAX specifications. It is recommended that the user select the device type that ensures the specifications required.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 19.1 DC Characteristics: PIC16C65-04 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16C65-10 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16C65-20 (Commercial, Industrial)

| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                        |                                                            |      |             |                    |                   |                |                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                                                             |                                                            |      |             |                    |                   |                |                                                                                                                                |
| Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                                                            |      |             |                    |                   |                |                                                                                                                                |
| Param No.                                                                                      | Characteristic                                             | Sym  | Min         | Typ†               | Max               | Units          | Conditions                                                                                                                     |
| D001<br>D001A                                                                                  | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD  | 4.0<br>4.5  | -                  | 6.0<br>5.5        | V<br>V         | XT, RC and LP osc configuration<br>HS osc configuration                                                                        |
| D002*                                                                                          | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR  | -           | 1.5                | -                 | V              |                                                                                                                                |
| D003                                                                                           | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR | -           | VSS                | -                 | V              | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                                                      |
| D004*                                                                                          | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD | 0.05        | -                  | -                 | V/ms           | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                                                                      |
| D010<br><br>D013                                                                               | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD  | -<br>-      | 2.7<br>13.5        | 5<br>30           | mA<br>mA       | XT, RC osc configuration<br>FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 5.5V (Note 4)<br><br>HS osc configuration<br>FOSC = 20 MHz, VDD = 5.5V         |
| D020<br>D021<br>D021A                                                                          | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD  | -<br>-<br>- | 10.5<br>1.5<br>1.5 | 800<br>800<br>800 | μA<br>μA<br>μA | VDD = 4.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, -0°C to +70°C<br>VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = VDD/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

## 19.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16LC65-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                            | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                 |      |      |     |       |                                                                 |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                            | Operating temperature    -40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C    ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |      |      |     |       |                                                                 |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                             | Sym                                                                                                     | Min  | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                                                      |
| D001               | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD                                                                                                     | 3.0  | -    | 6.0 | V     | LP, XT, RC osc configuration (DC - 4 MHz)                       |
| D002*              | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR                                                                                                     | -    | 1.5  | -   | V     |                                                                 |
| D003               | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR                                                                                                    | -    | VSS  | -   | V     | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D004*              | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD                                                                                                    | 0.05 | -    | -   | V/ms  | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D010               | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD                                                                                                     | -    | 2.0  | 3.8 | mA    | XT, RC osc configuration<br>FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 3.0V (Note 4)   |
| D010A              |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 22.5 | 105 | μA    | LP osc configuration<br>FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled |
| D020               | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD                                                                                                     | -    | 7.5  | 800 | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C                         |
| D021               |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 0.9  | 800 | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, 0°C to +70°C                          |
| D021A              |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 0.9  | 800 | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C                        |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = V_{DD}/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

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**19.3 DC Characteristics:** **PIC16C65-04 (Commercial, Industrial)**  
**PIC16C65-10 (Commercial, Industrial)**  
**PIC16C65-20 (Commercial, Industrial)**  
**PIC16LC65-04 (Commercial, Industrial)**

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                             |                                                                                                                                               | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                     |                                                                |                            |                                               |                            |                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                |                                                                                                                                               | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                                                                |                            |                                               |                            |                                                                                                                 |
|                                                |                                                                                                                                               | Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 19.1 and Section 19.2           |                                                                |                            |                                               |                            |                                                                                                                 |
| Param No.                                      | Characteristic                                                                                                                                | Sym                                                                                         | Min                                                            | Typ †                      | Max                                           | Units                      | Conditions                                                                                                      |
| D030<br>D030A<br>D031<br>D032<br>D033          | <b>Input Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>with TTL buffer<br>with Schmitt Trigger buffer<br>MCLR, OSC1 (in RC mode)<br>OSC1 (in XT, HS and LP) | VIL                                                                                         | VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS                                | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-      | 0.15VDD<br>0.8V<br>0.2VDD<br>0.2VDD<br>0.3VDD | V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V      | For entire VDD range<br>4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V<br>Note1                                                              |
| D040<br>D040A<br>D041<br>D042<br>D042A<br>D043 | <b>Input High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>with TTL buffer<br>with Schmitt Trigger buffer<br>MCLR<br>OSC1 (XT, HS and LP)<br>OSC1 (in RC mode) | VIH                                                                                         | 2.0<br>0.25VDD + 0.8V<br>0.8VDD<br>0.8VDD<br>0.7 VDD<br>0.9VDD | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD        | V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V | 4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V<br>For entire VDD range<br>For entire VDD range<br>Note1                                      |
| D070                                           | PORTB weak pull-up current                                                                                                                    | IPURB                                                                                       | 50                                                             | 250                        | 400                                           | μA                         | VDD = 5V, VPIN = VSS                                                                                            |
| D060<br>D061<br>D063                           | <b>Input Leakage Current</b><br>(Notes 2, 3)<br>I/O ports<br>MCLR, RA4/T0CKI<br>OSC1                                                          | IIL                                                                                         | -<br>-<br>-                                                    | -<br>-<br>-                | ±1<br>±5<br>±5                                | μA<br>μA<br>μA             | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, Pin at hi-impedance<br>VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD<br>VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, XT, HS, and LP osc configuration |
| D080<br>D083                                   | <b>Output Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                                                                         | VOL                                                                                         | -<br>-                                                         | -<br>-                     | 0.6<br>0.6                                    | V<br>V                     | IOL = 8.5 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C<br>IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C                            |
| D090<br>D092                                   | <b>Output High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports (Note 3)<br>OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                                                               | VOH                                                                                         | VDD-0.7<br>VDD-0.7                                             | -<br>-                     | -<br>-                                        | V<br>V                     | IOH = -3.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C<br>IOH = -1.3 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C                          |
| D150*                                          | <b>Open-Drain High Voltage</b>                                                                                                                | VOD                                                                                         | -                                                              | -                          | 14                                            | V                          | RA4 pin                                                                                                         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

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| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                          |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                | Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial and |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
|                    |                                                | $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial                             |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
|                    |                                                | Operating voltage $V_{DD}$ range as described in DC spec Section 19.1 and Section 19.2           |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                 | Sym                                                                                              | Min | Typ † | Max | Units | Conditions                                                        |
| D100               | <b>Capacitive Loading Specs on Output Pins</b> |                                                                                                  |     |       |     |       |                                                                   |
|                    | OSC2 pin                                       | COSC2                                                                                            | -   | -     | 15  | pF    | In XT, HS and LP modes when external clock is used to drive OSC1. |
| D101               | All I/O pins and OSC2 (in RC mode)             | Cio                                                                                              | -   | -     | 50  | pF    |                                                                   |
| D102               | SCL, SDA in I <sup>2</sup> C mode              | Cb                                                                                               | -   | -     | 400 | pF    |                                                                   |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

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## 19.4 Timing Parameter Symbology

The timing parameter symbols have been created following one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS
3. TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)
4. Ts (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

| T |           | T |      |
|---|-----------|---|------|
| F | Frequency | T | Time |

Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

|           |                   |     |                                    |
|-----------|-------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| <b>pp</b> |                   | osc | OSC1                               |
| cc        | CCP1              | rd  | $\overline{RD}$                    |
| ck        | CLKOUT            | rw  | $\overline{RD}$ or $\overline{WR}$ |
| cs        | $\overline{CS}$   | sc  | SCK                                |
| di        | SDI               | ss  | $\overline{SS}$                    |
| do        | SDO               | t0  | T0CKI                              |
| dt        | Data in           | t1  | T1CKI                              |
| io        | I/O port          | wr  | $\overline{WR}$                    |
| mc        | $\overline{MCLR}$ |     |                                    |

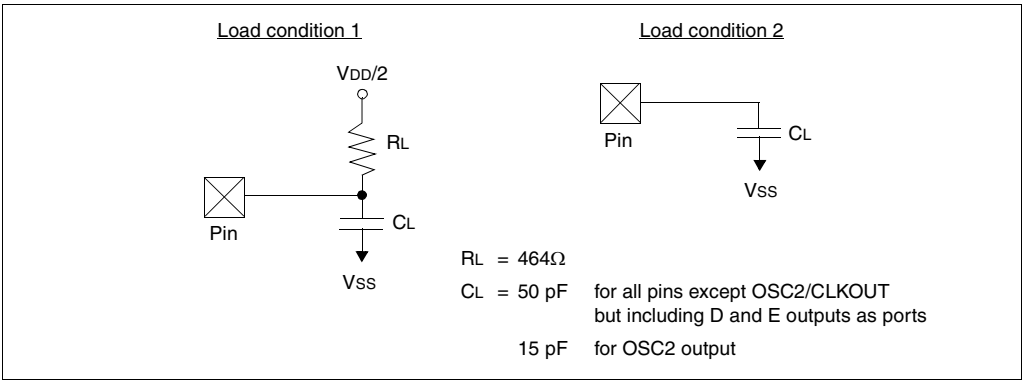
Uppercase letters and their meanings:

|                            |                        |      |              |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------|--------------|
| <b>S</b>                   |                        | P    | Period       |
| F                          | Fall                   | R    | Rise         |
| H                          | High                   | V    | Valid        |
| I                          | Invalid (Hi-impedance) | Z    | Hi-impedance |
| L                          | Low                    |      |              |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C only</b> |                        | High | High         |
| AA                         | output access          | Low  | Low          |
| BUF                        | Bus free               |      |              |

TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

|           |                 |     |                |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| <b>CC</b> |                 | SU  | Setup          |
| HD        | Hold            |     |                |
| <b>ST</b> |                 | STO | STOP condition |
| DAT       | DATA input hold |     |                |
| STA       | START condition |     |                |

FIGURE 19-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS





## 19.5 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

**FIGURE 19-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING**

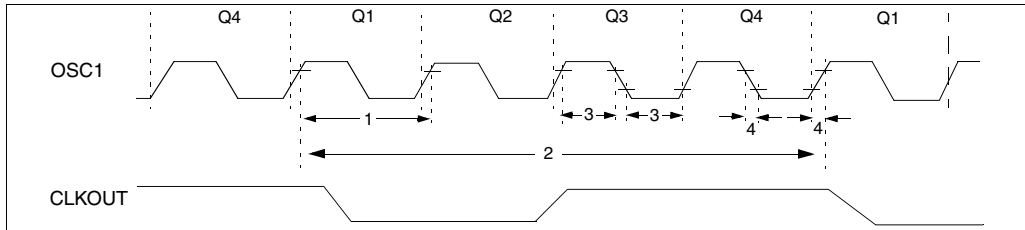


**TABLE 19-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym        | Characteristic                                    | Min | Typ† | Max    | Units | Conditions         |
|---------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|--------------------|
|               | Fosc       | <b>External CLKIN Frequency (Note 1)</b>          | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT and RC osc mode |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 10     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|               |            | <b>Oscillator Frequency (Note 1)</b>              | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | RC osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 0.1 | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 4   | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
| 1             | Tosc       | <b>External CLKIN Period (Note 1)</b>             | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | XT and RC osc mode |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
|               |            | <b>Oscillator Period (Note 1)</b>                 | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | RC osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 10,000 | ns    | XT osc mode        |
|               |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|               |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
| 2             | TCY        | <b>Instruction Cycle Time (Note 1)</b>            | 200 | TCY  | DC     | ns    | TCY = 4/Fosc       |
|               |            |                                                   | 200 | TCY  | DC     | ns    | TCY = 4/Fosc       |
| 3             | TosL, TosH | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time</b>  | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 2.5 | —    | —      | μs    | LP oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | 15  | —    | —      | ns    | HS oscillator      |
| 4             | TosR, TosF | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time</b> | —   | —    | 25     | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 50     | ns    | LP oscillator      |
|               |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 15     | ns    | HS oscillator      |

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Instruction cycle period (TCY) equals four times the input oscillator time-base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKIN pin. When an external clock input is used, the "Max." cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

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**FIGURE 19-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING**

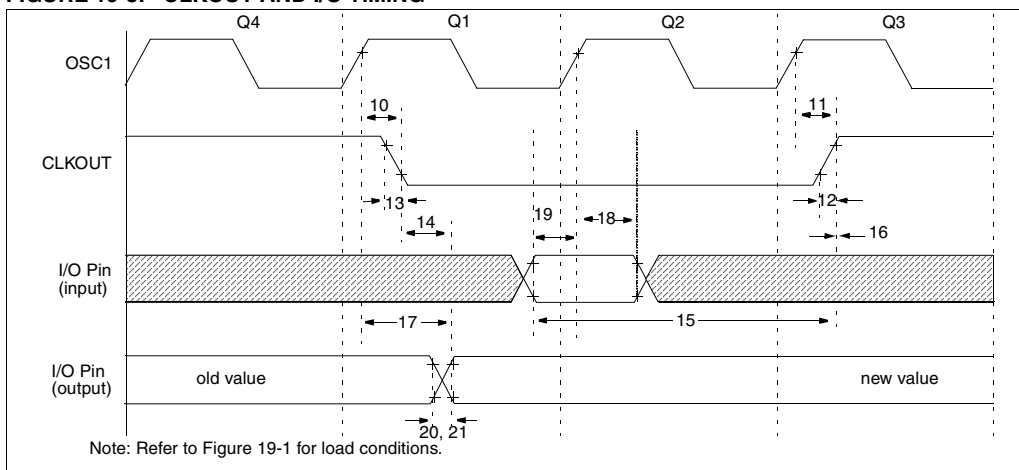


**TABLE 19-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                            | Min                      | Typ† | Max                     | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------|-------------------------|-------|------------|
| 10*           | TosH2ckL | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓                                          | —                        | 75   | 200                     | ns    | Note 1     |
| 11*           | TosH2ckH | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑                                          | —                        | 75   | 200                     | ns    | Note 1     |
| 12*           | TckR     | CLKOUT rise time                                          | —                        | 35   | 100                     | ns    | Note 1     |
| 13*           | TckF     | CLKOUT fall time                                          | —                        | 35   | 100                     | ns    | Note 1     |
| 14*           | TckL2ioV | CLKOUT ↓ to Port out valid                                | —                        | —    | 0.5T <sub>CY</sub> + 20 | ns    | Note 1     |
| 15*           | TioV2ckH | Port in valid before CLKOUT ↑                             | 0.25T <sub>CY</sub> + 25 | —    | —                       | ns    | Note 1     |
| 16*           | TckH2ioI | Port in hold after CLKOUT ↑                               | 0                        | —    | —                       | ns    | Note 1     |
| 17*           | TosH2ioV | OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid                        | —                        | 50   | 150                     | ns    |            |
| 18*           | TosH2ioI | OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time) | PIC16C65                 | 100  | —                       | —     | ns         |
|               |          |                                                           | PIC16LC65                | 200  | —                       | —     | ns         |
| 19*           | TioV2osH | Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)             | 0                        | —    | —                       | ns    |            |
| 20*           | TioR     | Port output rise time                                     | PIC16C65                 | —    | 10                      | 25    | ns         |
|               |          |                                                           | PIC16LC65                | —    | —                       | 60    | ns         |
| 21*           | TioF     | Port output fall time                                     | PIC16C65                 | —    | 10                      | 25    | ns         |
|               |          |                                                           | PIC16LC65                | —    | —                       | 60    | ns         |
| 22††*         | Tinp     | RB0/INT pin high or low time                              | T <sub>CY</sub>          | —    | —                       | ns    |            |
| 23††*         | Trbp     | RB7:RB4 change int high or low time                       | T <sub>CY</sub>          | —    | —                       | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

†† These parameters are asynchronous events not related to any internal clock edge.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x T<sub>OSC</sub>.

FIGURE 19-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP  
TIMER TIMING

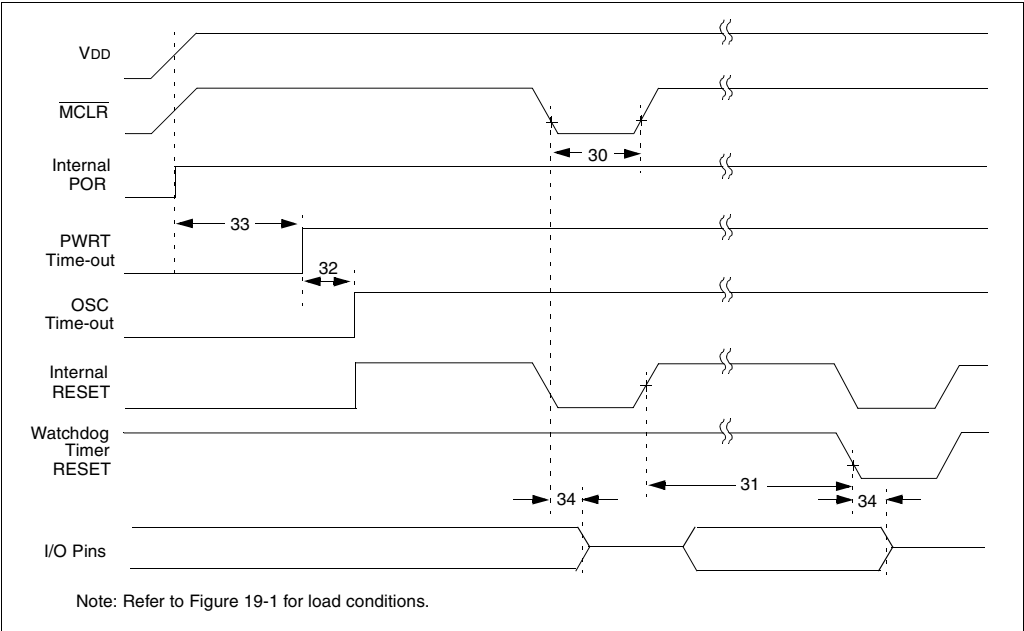


TABLE 19-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP  
TIMER REQUIREMENTS

| Parameter No. | Sym   | Characteristic                                | Min | Typ†     | Max | Units | Conditions               |
|---------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|-------|--------------------------|
| 30*           | Tmcl  | MCLR Pulse Width (low)                        | 100 | —        | —   | ns    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +85°C |
| 31*           | Twtd  | Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler) | 7   | 18       | 33  | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +85°C |
| 32            | Tost  | Oscillation Start-up Timer Period             | —   | 1024Tosc | —   | —     | Tosc = OSC1 period       |
| 33*           | Tpwrt | Power-up Timer Period or WDT reset            | 28  | 72       | 132 | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +85°C |
| 34            | Tioz  | I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low                | —   | —        | 100 | ns    |                          |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.  
† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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**FIGURE 19-5: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMINGS**

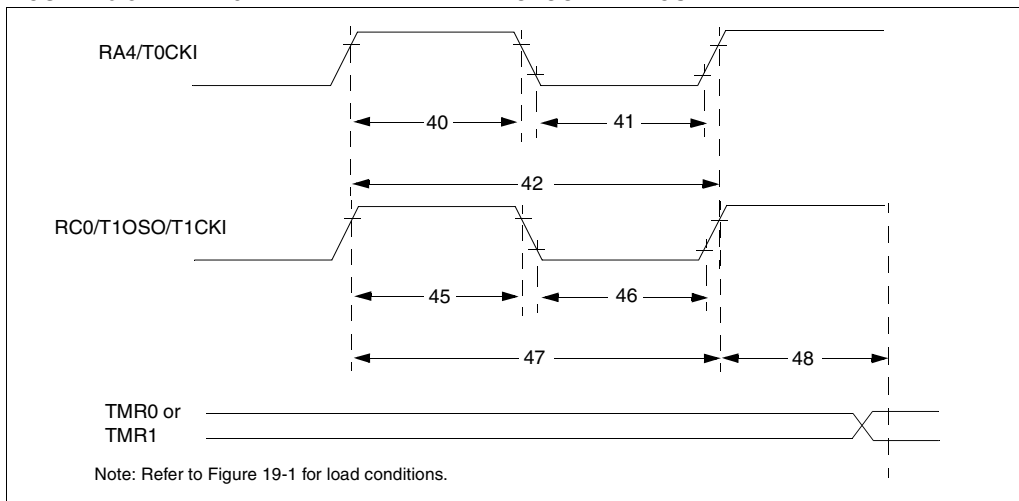


**TABLE 19-5: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym       | Characteristic                                                                      |                            | Min                                       | Typ† | Max        | Units | Conditions                          |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------|------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 40*       | Tt0H      | T0CKI High Pulse Width                                                              | No Prescaler               | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 41*       | Tt0L      | T0CKI Low Pulse Width                                                               | No Prescaler               | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 42*       | Tt0P      | T0CKI Period                                                                        | No Prescaler               | $T_{CY} + 40$                             | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | Greater of:<br>$20$ or $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (2, 4, ..., 256) |
| 45*       | Tt1H      | T1CKI High Time                                                                     | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2,4,8                                                      | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 46*       | Tt1L      | T1CKI Low Time                                                                      | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2,4,8                                                      | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 47*       | Tt1P      | T1CKI input period                                                                  | Synchronous                | Greater of:<br>$30$ OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | Greater of:<br>$50$ OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N |      |            |       | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 60                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 100                                       | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           | Ft1       | Timer1 oscillator input frequency range (oscillator enabled by setting bit T1OSCEN) |                            | DC                                        | —    | 200        | kHz   |                                     |
| 48        | TCKEZtmr1 | Delay from external clock edge to timer increment                                   |                            | $2T_{osc}$                                | —    | $7T_{osc}$ | —     |                                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 19-6: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM TIMINGS (CCP1 AND CCP2)**

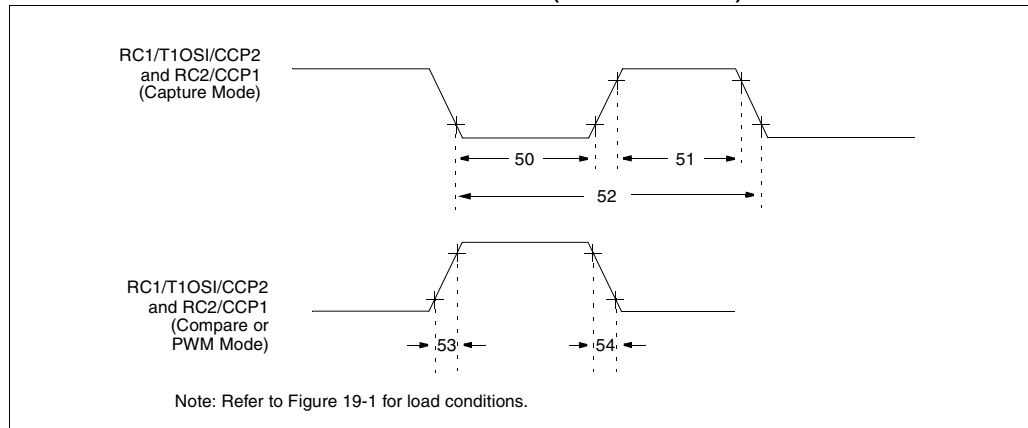


**TABLE 19-6: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM REQUIREMENTS (CCP1 AND CCP2)**

| Parameter No. | Sym  | Characteristic                 |                |           | Min                   | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                      |
|---------------|------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------|------|-----|-------|---------------------------------|
| 50*           | TccL | CCP1 and CCP2 input low time   | No Prescaler   |           | 0.5Tcy + 20           | —    | —   | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                                | With Prescaler | PIC16C65  | 10                    | —    | —   | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                                |                | PIC16LC65 | 20                    | —    | —   | ns    |                                 |
| 51*           | TccH | CCP1 and CCP2 input high time  | No Prescaler   |           | 0.5Tcy + 20           | —    | —   | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                                | With Prescaler | PIC16C65  | 10                    | —    | —   | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                                |                | PIC16LC65 | 20                    | —    | —   | ns    |                                 |
| 52*           | TccP | CCP1 and CCP2 input period     |                |           | $\frac{3Tcy + 40}{N}$ | —    | —   | ns    | N = prescale value (1,4, or 16) |
| 53            | TccR | CCP1 and CCP2 output rise time |                | PIC16C65  | —                     | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                                |                | PIC16LC65 | —                     | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                 |
| 54            | TccF | CCP1 and CCP2 output fall time |                | PIC16C65  | —                     | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                 |
|               |      |                                |                | PIC16LC65 | —                     | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                 |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 19-7: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING**

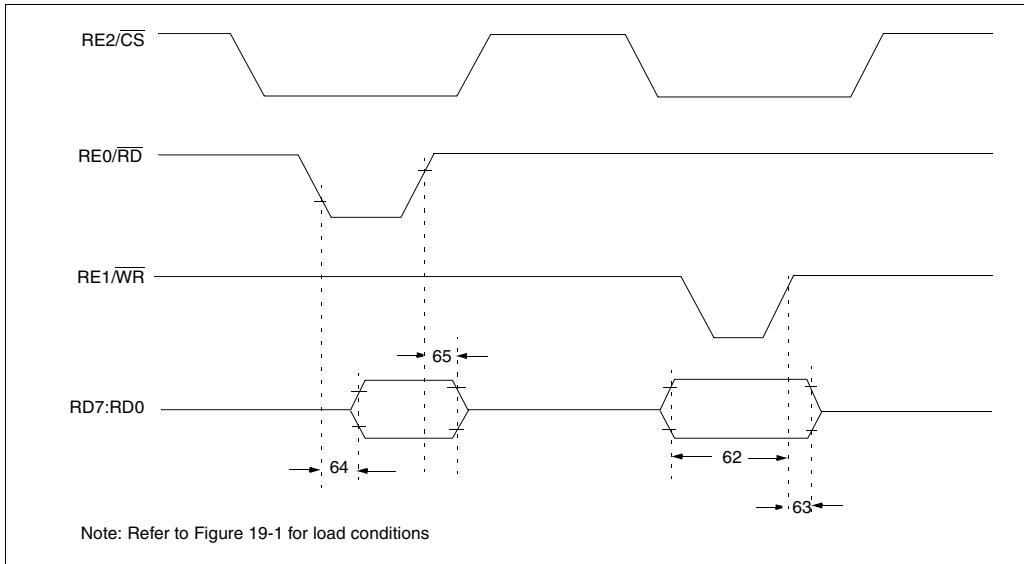


**TABLE 19-7: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                                       | Min             | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 62            | TdtV2wrH | Data in valid before $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ (setup time) | 20              | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 63*           | TwrH2dtl | $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-in invalid (hold time)    | PIC16C65<br>20  | —    | —   | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                                                      | PIC16LC65<br>35 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 64            | TrdL2dtV | $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ and $\overline{CS}\downarrow$ to data-out valid            | —               | —    | 80  | ns    |            |
| 65            | TrdH2dtl | $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-out invalid               | 10              | —    | 30  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 19-8: SPI MODE TIMING**

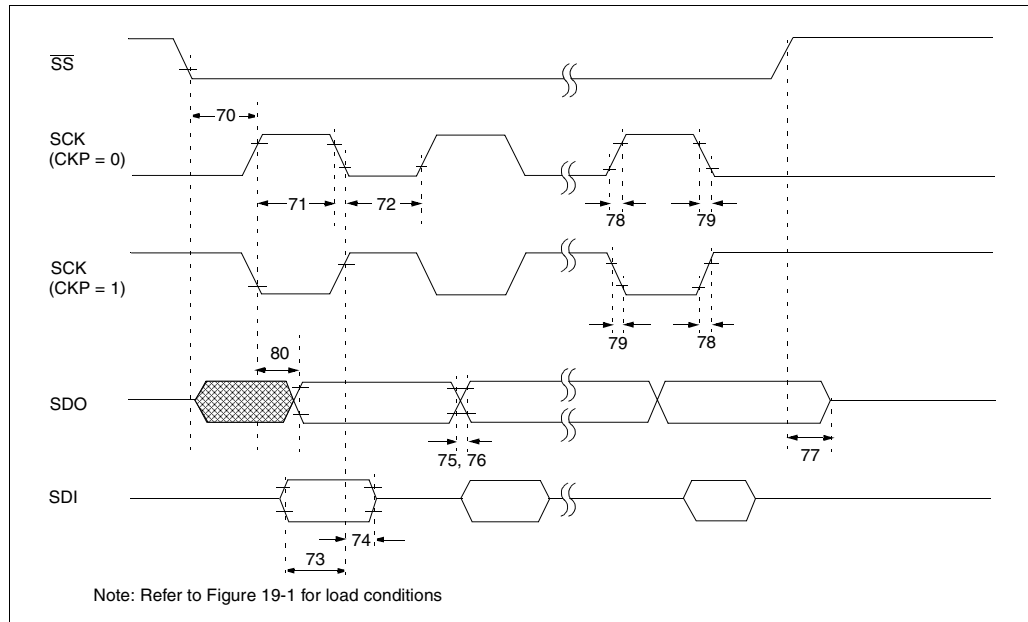


**TABLE 19-8: SPI MODE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym                | Characteristic                               | Min                  | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 70            | TssL2scH, TssL2scL | $\overline{SS}$ ↓ to SCK↓ or SCK↑ input      | T <sub>cy</sub>      | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 71            | TscH               | SCK input high time (slave mode)             | T <sub>cy</sub> + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 72            | TscL               | SCK input low time (slave mode)              | T <sub>cy</sub> + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 73            | TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL | Setup time of SDI data input to SCK edge     | 50                   | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 74            | Tsch2diL, TscL2diL | Hold time of SDI data input to SCK edge      | 50                   | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 75            | TdoR               | SDO data output rise time                    | —                    | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 76            | TdoF               | SDO data output fall time                    | —                    | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 77            | TssH2doZ           | $\overline{SS}$ ↑ to SDO output hi-impedance | 10                   | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 78            | TscR               | SCK output rise time (master mode)           | —                    | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 79            | TscF               | SCK output fall time (master mode)           | —                    | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 80            | Tsch2doV, TscL2doV | SDO data output valid after SCK edge         | —                    | —    | 50  | ns    |            |

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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FIGURE 19-9: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING

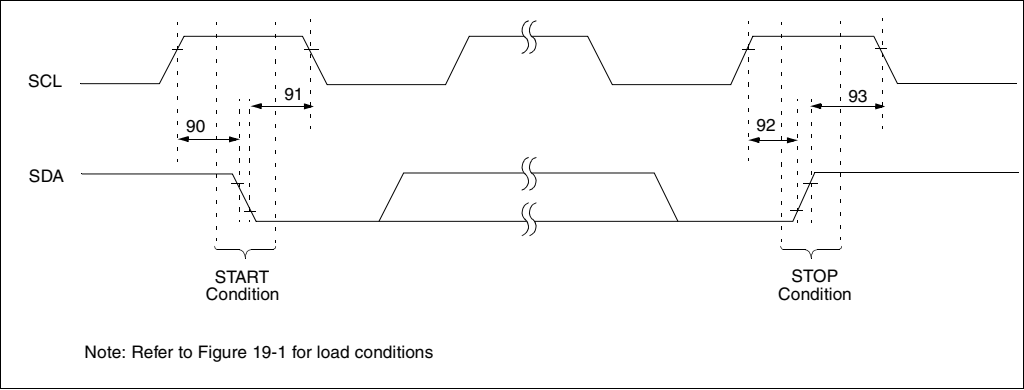


TABLE 19-9: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS REQUIREMENTS

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic  |              | Min  | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions                                           |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|------|-----|-----|-------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 90            | TSU:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    | Only relevant for repeated START condition           |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 91            | THD:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 92            | TSU:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 93            | THD:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |



| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

**FIGURE 19-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA TIMING**

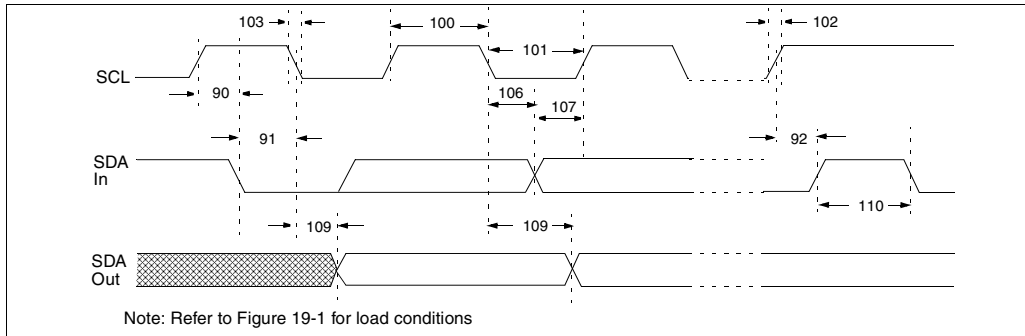


**TABLE 19-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic             |              | Min        | Max  | Units | Conditions                                                    |
|---------------|---------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| 100           | THIGH   | Clock high time            | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz                   |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz                    |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5TCY     | —    |       |                                                               |
| 101           | TLOW    | Clock low time             | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz                   |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —    | μs    | Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz                    |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5TCY     | —    |       |                                                               |
| 102           | Tr      | SDA and SCL rise time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 1000 | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300  | ns    | Cb is specified to be from 10-400 pF                          |
| 103           | TF      | SDA and SCL fall time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 300  | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300  | ns    | Cb is specified to be from 10-400 pF                          |
| 90            | TSU:STA | START condition setup time | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Only relevant for repeated START condition                    |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 91            | THD:STA | START condition hold time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —    | μs    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated          |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 106           | THD:DAT | Data input hold time       | 100 kHz mode | 0          | —    | ns    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0          | 0.9  | μs    |                                                               |
| 107           | TSU:DAT | Data input setup time      | 100 kHz mode | 250        | —    | ns    | Note 2                                                        |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 100        | —    | ns    |                                                               |
| 92            | TSU:STO | STOP condition setup time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
| 109           | TAA     | Output valid from clock    | 100 kHz mode | —          | 3500 | ns    | Note 1                                                        |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | —          | —    | ns    |                                                               |
| 110           | TBUF    | Bus free time              | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —    | μs    | Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —    | μs    |                                                               |
|               | Cb      | Bus capacitive loading     |              | —          | 400  | pF    |                                                               |

Note 1: As a transmitter, the device must provide this internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (min. 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of START or STOP conditions.

- 2: A fast-mode (400 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus device can be used in a standard-mode (100 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus system, but the requirement tsu:DAT ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This will automatically be the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line Tr max.+tsu:DAT = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the standard-mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

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**FIGURE 19-11: USART SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION (MASTER/SLAVE) TIMING**

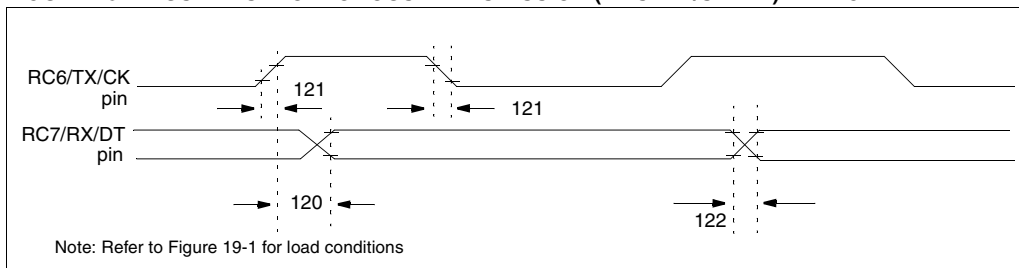


**TABLE 19-11: USART SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic                                             | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 120           | TckH2dV | SYNC XMIT (MASTER & SLAVE)<br>Clock high to data out valid |     |      | 80  | ns    |            |
|               |         |                                                            |     |      | 100 | ns    |            |
| 121           | Tckrf   | Clock out rise time and fall time<br>(Master Mode)         |     |      | 45  | ns    |            |
|               |         |                                                            |     |      | 50  | ns    |            |
| 122           | Tdtrf   | Data out rise time and fall time                           |     |      | 45  | ns    |            |
|               |         |                                                            |     |      | 50  | ns    |            |

†: Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 19-12: USART SYNCHRONOUS RECEIVE (MASTER/SLAVE) TIMING**

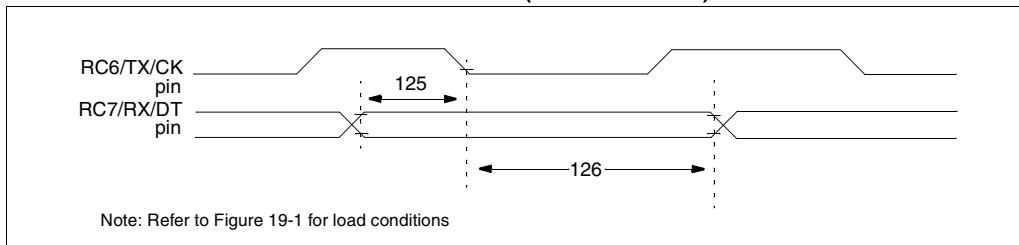


**TABLE 19-12: USART SYNCHRONOUS RECEIVE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                      | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 125           | TdtV2ckL | SYNC RCV (MASTER & SLAVE)<br>Data setup before CK ↓ (DT setup time) | 15  |      |     | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                                     |     |      |     |       |            |
| 126           | TckL2dtH | Data hold after CK ↓ (DT hold time)                                 | 15  |      |     | ns    |            |

†: Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

## 20.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PIC16C63/65A

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (†)

|                                                                              |                       |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ambient temperature under bias.....                                          | -55°C to +125°C       |
| Storage temperature .....                                                    | -65°C to +150°C       |
| Voltage on any pin with respect to VSS (except VDD, MCLR, and RA4).....      | -0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V) |
| Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS .....                                     | -0.3V to +7.5V        |
| Voltage on MCLR with respect to VSS (Note 2).....                            | 0V to +14V            |
| Voltage on RA4 with respect to Vss.....                                      | 0V to +14V            |
| Total power dissipation (Note 1).....                                        | 1.0W                  |
| Maximum current out of VSS pin .....                                         | 300 mA                |
| Maximum current into VDD pin .....                                           | 250 mA                |
| Input clamp current, Iik (VI < 0 or VI > VDD).....                           | ±20 mA                |
| Output clamp current, Iok (VO < 0 or VO > VDD) .....                         | ±20 mA                |
| Maximum output current sunk by any I/O pin.....                              | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin .....                          | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (Note 3) (combined).....     | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (Note 3) (combined) ..... | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTC and PORTD (Note 3) (combined) .....            | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTC and PORTD (Note 3) (combined) .....         | 200 mA                |

**Note 1:** Power dissipation is calculated as follows:  $P_{dis} = V_{DD} \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

**Note 2:** Voltage spikes below VSS at the MCLR/VPP pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA, may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50-100Ω should be used when applying a “low” level to the MCLR/VPP pin rather than pulling this pin directly to VSS.

**Note 3:** PORTD and PORTE not available on the PIC16C63.

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**TABLE 20-1: CROSS REFERENCE OF DEVICE SPECS FOR OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATIONS AND FREQUENCIES OF OPERATION (COMMERCIAL DEVICES)**

| OSC | PIC16C63-04<br>PIC16C65A-04                                                                              | PIC16C63-10<br>PIC16C65A-10                                                                   | PIC16C63-20<br>PIC16C65A-20                                                                   | PIC16LC63-04<br>PIC16LC65A-04                                                                        | JW Devices                                                                                           |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.              | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             |
| XT  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.              | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             |
| HS  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 13.5 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.           | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 10 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 10 MHz max. | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 20 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max. | Not recommended for use in HS mode                                                                   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 20 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max.        |
| LP  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 52.5 µA typ. at 32 kHz, 4.0V<br>IPD: 0.9 µA typ. at 4.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 48 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 48 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. |

The shaded sections indicate oscillator selections which are tested for functionality, but not for MIN/MAX specifications. It is recommended that the user select the device type that ensures the specifications required.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 20.1 DC Characteristics: PIC16C63/65A-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C63/65A-10 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C63/65A-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended)

| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                                             |                                                            |       |                  |                           |                      |                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended,<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                                                            |       |                  |                           |                      |                      |
| Param No.                                                                                                                           | Characteristic                                             | Sym   | Min              | Typ†                      | Max                  | Units                |
| D001<br>D001A                                                                                                                       | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD   | 4.0<br>4.5       | -<br>-                    | 6.0<br>5.5           | V<br>V               |
| D002*                                                                                                                               | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR   | -                | 1.5                       | -                    | V                    |
| D003                                                                                                                                | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR  | -                | VSS                       | -                    | V                    |
| D004*                                                                                                                               | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD  | 0.05             | -                         | -                    | V/ms                 |
| D005                                                                                                                                | Brown-out Reset Voltage                                    | BVDD  | 3.7<br>3.7       | 4.0<br>4.0                | 4.3<br>4.4           | V<br>V               |
| D010                                                                                                                                | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD   | -                | 2.7                       | 5                    | mA                   |
| D013                                                                                                                                |                                                            |       | -                | 10                        | 20                   | mA                   |
| D015*                                                                                                                               | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR | -                | 350                       | 425                  | μA                   |
| D020<br>D021<br>D021A<br>D021B                                                                                                      | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD   | -<br>-<br>-<br>- | 10.5<br>1.5<br>1.5<br>2.5 | 42<br>16<br>19<br>19 | μA<br>μA<br>μA<br>μA |
| D023*                                                                                                                               | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR | -                | 350                       | 425                  | μA                   |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = V_{DD}/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

6: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

## 20.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16LC63/65A-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                            | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                 |      |      |     |       |                                                                 |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                            | Operating temperature    -40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C    ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |      |      |     |       |                                                                 |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                             | Sym                                                                                                     | Min  | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                                                      |
| D001               | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD                                                                                                     | 2.5  | -    | 6.0 | V     | LP, XT, RC osc configuration (DC - 4 MHz)                       |
| D002*              | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR                                                                                                     | -    | 1.5  | -   | V     |                                                                 |
| D003               | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR                                                                                                    | -    | VSS  | -   | V     | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D004*              | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD                                                                                                    | 0.05 | -    | -   | V/ms  | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D005               | Brown-out Reset Voltage                                    | BVDD                                                                                                    | 3.7  | 4.0  | 4.3 | V     | BODEN configuration bit is enabled                              |
| D010               | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD                                                                                                     | -    | 2.0  | 3.8 | mA    | XT, RC osc configuration<br>FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 3.0V (Note 4)   |
| D010A              |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 22.5 | 48  | μA    | LP osc configuration<br>FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled |
| D015*              | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR                                                                                                   | -    | 350  | 425 | μA    | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                         |
| D020               | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD                                                                                                     | -    | 7.5  | 30  | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C                         |
| D021               |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 0.9  | 5   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, 0°C to +70°C                          |
| D021A              |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 0.9  | 5   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C                        |
| D023*              | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR                                                                                                   | -    | 350  | 425 | μA    | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = VDD/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

6: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

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## 20.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16C63/65A-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C63/65A-10 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C63/65A-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16LC63/65A-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                 |                                                                                                                                                   | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                                       |                                                                      |                                 |                                               |                                |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                    |                                                                                                                                                   | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended, -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and 0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                                                                      |                                 |                                               |                                |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                                    |                                                                                                                                                   | Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 20.1 and Section 20.2                                             |                                                                      |                                 |                                               |                                |                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Param No.                                          | Characteristic                                                                                                                                    | Sym                                                                                                                           | Min                                                                  | Typ †                           | Max                                           | Units                          | Conditions                                                                                                                                                                     |
| D030<br>D030A<br>D031<br>D032<br>D033              | <b>Input Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>with TTL buffer<br>with Schmitt Trigger buffer<br>MCLR, OSC1 (in RC mode)<br>OSC1 (in XT, HS and LP)     | VIL                                                                                                                           | VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS                                      | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-           | 0.15VDD<br>0.8V<br>0.2VDD<br>0.2VDD<br>0.3VDD | V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V          | For entire VDD range<br>4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V<br><br><br><br>Note1                                                                                                                 |
| D040<br>D040A<br><br>D041<br>D042<br>D042A<br>D043 | <b>Input High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>with TTL buffer<br><br>with Schmitt Trigger buffer<br>MCLR<br>OSC1 (XT, HS and LP)<br>OSC1 (in RC mode) | VIH                                                                                                                           | 2.0<br>0.25VDD<br>+ 0.8V<br><br>0.8VDD<br>0.8VDD<br>0.7VDD<br>0.9VDD | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | VDD<br>VDD<br><br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD    | V<br>V<br><br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V | 4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V<br>For entire VDD range<br><br>For entire VDD range<br><br><br>Note1                                                                                         |
| D070                                               | PORTB weak pull-up current                                                                                                                        | IPURB                                                                                                                         | 50                                                                   | 250                             | 400                                           | μA                             | VDD = 5V, VPIN = VSS                                                                                                                                                           |
| D060<br>D061<br>D063                               | <b>Input Leakage Current</b> (Notes 2, 3)<br>I/O ports<br>MCLR, RA4/T0CKI<br>OSC1                                                                 | IIL                                                                                                                           | -<br>-<br>-                                                          | -<br>-<br>-                     | ±1<br>±5<br>±5                                | μA<br>μA<br>μA                 | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, Pin at hi-impedance<br>VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD<br>VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, XT, HS and LP osc configuration                                                                 |
| D080<br>D080A<br>D083<br>D083A                     | <b>Output Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br><br>OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                                                                         | VOL                                                                                                                           | -<br>-<br>-<br>-                                                     | -<br>-<br>-<br>-                | 0.6<br>0.6<br>0.6<br>0.6                      | V<br>V<br>V<br>V               | IOI = 8.5 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C<br>IOI = 7.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C<br>IOI = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C<br>IOI = 1.2 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

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| DC CHARACTERISTICS                                                                                                                                  |                                                  |       |         |       |     |       |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-----|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                                                             |                                                  |       |         |       |     |       |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Operating temperature    -40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended,<br>-40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C        ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                                                  |       |         |       |     |       |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 20.1 and Section 20.2                                                                   |                                                  |       |         |       |     |       |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Param No.                                                                                                                                           | Characteristic                                   | Sym   | Min     | Typ † | Max | Units | Conditions                                                                                                                                                                         |
| D090                                                                                                                                                | <b>Output High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports (Note 3) | VOH   | VDD-0.7 | -     | -   | V     | IOH = -3.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C<br>IOH = -2.5 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C<br>IOH = -1.3 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C<br>IOH = -1.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| D090A                                                                                                                                               |                                                  |       | VDD-0.7 | -     | -   | V     |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| D092                                                                                                                                                | OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                      |       | VDD-0.7 | -     | -   | V     |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| D092A                                                                                                                                               |                                                  |       | VDD-0.7 | -     | -   | V     |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| D150*                                                                                                                                               | <b>Open-Drain High Voltage</b>                   | VOD   | -       | -     | 14  | V     | RA4 pin                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Capacitive Loading Specs on Output Pins</b>                                                                                                      |                                                  |       |         |       |     |       |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| D100                                                                                                                                                | OSC2 pin                                         | COSC2 | -       | -     | 15  | pF    | In XT, HS and LP modes when external clock is used to drive OSC1.                                                                                                                  |
| D101                                                                                                                                                | All I/O pins and OSC2 (in RC mode)               | CIO   | -       | -     | 50  | pF    |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| D102                                                                                                                                                | SCL, SDA in I <sup>2</sup> C mode                | Cb    | -       | -     | 400 | pF    |                                                                                                                                                                                    |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

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## 20.4 Timing Parameter Symbology

The timing parameter symbols have been created following one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS
3. TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)
4. Ts (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

| T |           | T |      |
|---|-----------|---|------|
| F | Frequency | T | Time |

Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

|           |                   |     |                                    |
|-----------|-------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| <b>pp</b> |                   | osc | OSC1                               |
| cc        | CCP1              | rd  | $\overline{RD}$                    |
| ck        | CLKOUT            | rw  | $\overline{RD}$ or $\overline{WR}$ |
| cs        | $\overline{CS}$   | sc  | SCK                                |
| di        | SDI               | ss  | $\overline{SS}$                    |
| do        | SDO               | t0  | T0CKI                              |
| dt        | Data in           | t1  | T1CKI                              |
| io        | I/O port          | wr  | $\overline{WR}$                    |
| mc        | $\overline{MCLR}$ |     |                                    |

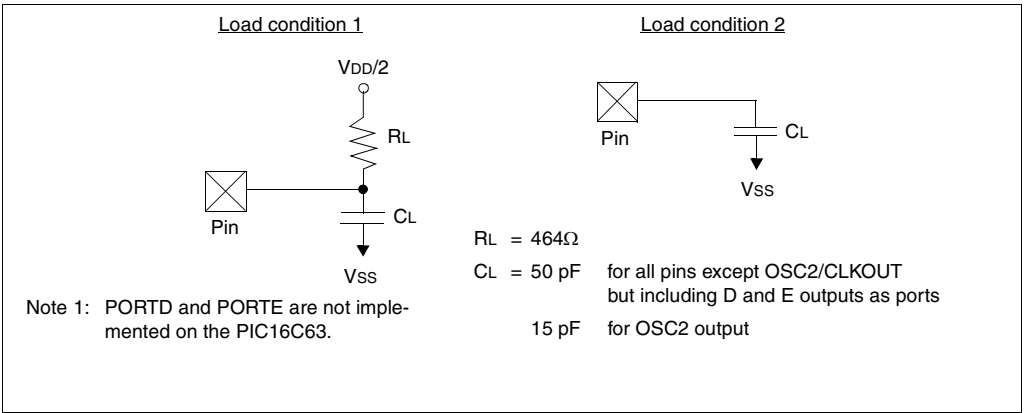
Uppercase letters and their meanings:

|                            |                        |      |              |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------|--------------|
| <b>S</b>                   |                        | P    | Period       |
| F                          | Fall                   | R    | Rise         |
| H                          | High                   | V    | Valid        |
| I                          | Invalid (Hi-impedance) | Z    | Hi-impedance |
| L                          | Low                    |      |              |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C only</b> |                        | High | High         |
| AA                         | output access          | Low  | Low          |
| BUF                        | Bus free               |      |              |

TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

|           |                 |     |                |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| <b>CC</b> |                 | SU  | Setup          |
| HD        | Hold            |     |                |
| <b>ST</b> |                 | STO | STOP condition |
| DAT       | DATA input hold |     |                |
| STA       | START condition |     |                |

FIGURE 20-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS





## 20.5 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

FIGURE 20-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING

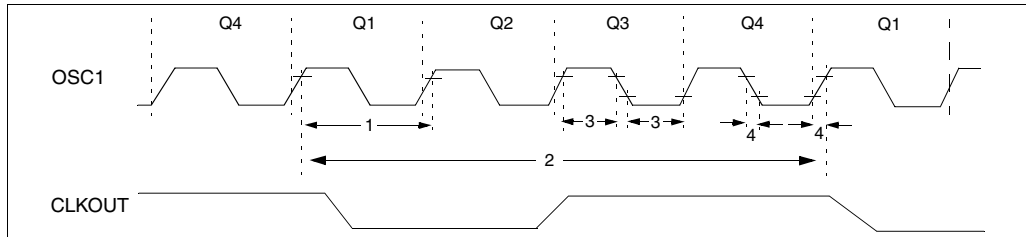


TABLE 20-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

| Param No. | Sym        | Characteristic                                    | Min | Typ† | Max    | Units | Conditions         |
|-----------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|--------------------|
|           | Fosc       | <b>External CLKIN Frequency (Note 1)</b>          | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT and RC osc mode |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 10     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|           |            | <b>Oscillator Frequency (Note 1)</b>              | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | RC osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 0.1 | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 4   | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode        |
| 1         | Tosc       | <b>External CLKIN Period (Note 1)</b>             | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | XT and RC osc mode |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
|           |            | <b>Oscillator Period (Note 1)</b>                 | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | RC osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 10,000 | ns    | XT osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
| 2         | Tcy        | <b>Instruction Cycle Time (Note 1)</b>            | 200 | Tcy  | DC     | ns    | Tcy = 4/Fosc       |
|           |            |                                                   | —   | —    | —      | —     | —                  |
| 3*        | TosL, TosH | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time</b>  | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | 2.5 | —    | —      | μs    | LP oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | 15  | —    | —      | ns    | HS oscillator      |
| 4*        | TosR, TosF | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time</b> | —   | —    | 25     | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 50     | ns    | LP oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 15     | ns    | HS oscillator      |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals four times the input oscillator time-base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKIN pin. When an external clock input is used, the "Max." cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

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**FIGURE 20-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING**

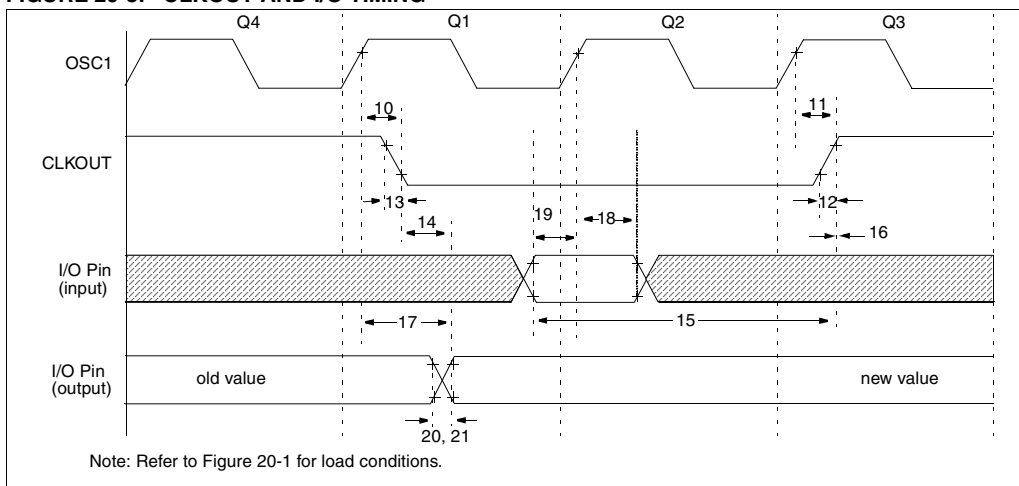


**TABLE 20-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                            | Min                                         | Typ†    | Max         | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------|------------|
| 10*           | TosH2ckL | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓                                          | —                                           | 75      | 200         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 11*           | TosH2ckH | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑                                          | —                                           | 75      | 200         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 12*           | TckR     | CLKOUT rise time                                          | —                                           | 35      | 100         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 13*           | TckF     | CLKOUT fall time                                          | —                                           | 35      | 100         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 14*           | TckL2ioV | CLKOUT ↓ to Port out valid                                | —                                           | —       | 0.5TCY + 20 | ns    | Note 1     |
| 15*           | TioV2ckH | Port in valid before CLKOUT ↑                             | Tosc + 200                                  | —       | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 16*           | TckH2ioI | Port in hold after CLKOUT ↑                               | 0                                           | —       | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 17*           | TosH2ioV | OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid                        | —                                           | 50      | 150         | ns    |            |
| 18*           | TosH2ioI | OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time) | PIC16C63/65A<br>100<br>PIC16LC63/65A<br>200 | —       | —           | ns    |            |
| 19*           | TioV2osH | Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)             | 0                                           | —       | —           | ns    |            |
| 20*           | TioR     | Port output rise time                                     | PIC16C63/65A<br>—<br>PIC16LC63/65A<br>—     | 10<br>— | 40<br>80    | ns    |            |
| 21*           | TioF     | Port output fall time                                     | PIC16C63/65A<br>—<br>PIC16LC63/65A<br>—     | 10<br>— | 40<br>80    | ns    |            |
| 22††          | Tinp     | INT pin high or low time                                  | TCY                                         | —       | —           | ns    |            |
| 23††          | Trbp     | RB7:RB4 change INT high or low time                       | TCY                                         | —       | —           | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

†† These parameters are asynchronous events not related to any internal clock edge.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x TOSC.

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**FIGURE 20-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP TIMER TIMING**

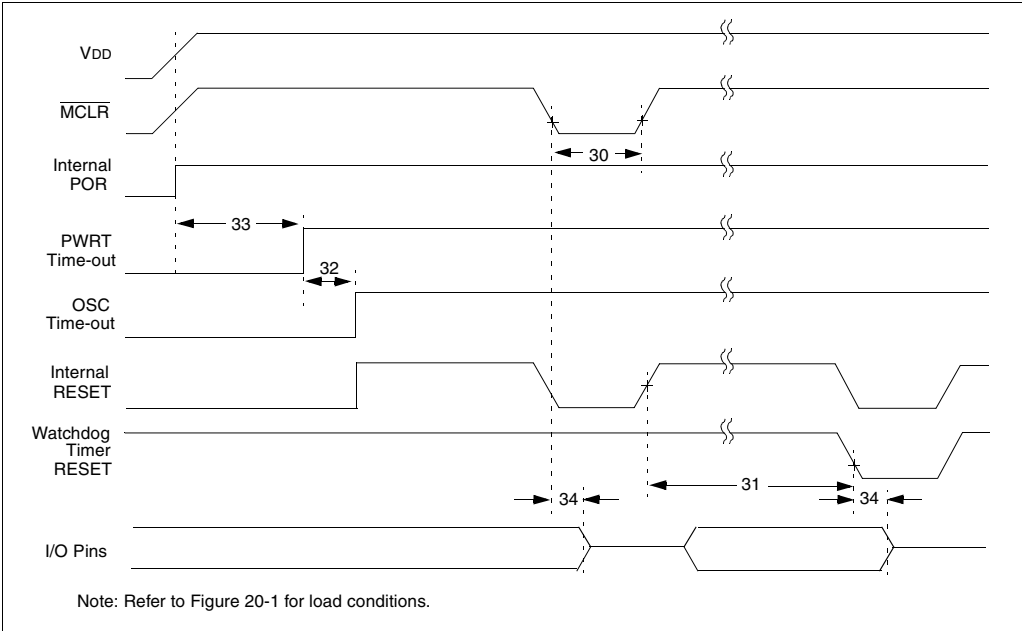


**FIGURE 20-5: BROWN-OUT RESET TIMING**

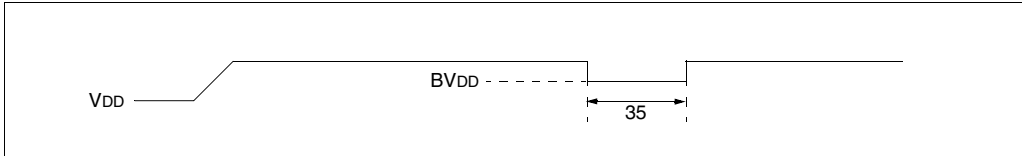


**TABLE 20-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER, POWER-UP TIMER, AND BROWN-OUT RESET REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym   | Characteristic                                | Min | Typ†      | Max | Units | Conditions                |
|---------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|-------|---------------------------|
| 30            | Tmcl  | MCLR Pulse Width (low)                        | 2   | —         | —   | μs    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 31*           | Twdt  | Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler) | 7   | 18        | 33  | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 32            | Tost  | Oscillation Start-up Timer Period             | —   | 1024 Tosc | —   | —     | Tosc = OSC1 period        |
| 33*           | Tpwrt | Power-up Timer Period                         | 28  | 72        | 132 | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 34            | Tioz  | I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low or WDT reset   | —   | —         | 2.1 | μs    |                           |
| 35            | TBOR  | Brown-out Reset Pulse Width                   | 100 | —         | —   | μs    | VDD ≤ BVDD (D005)         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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**FIGURE 20-6: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMINGS**

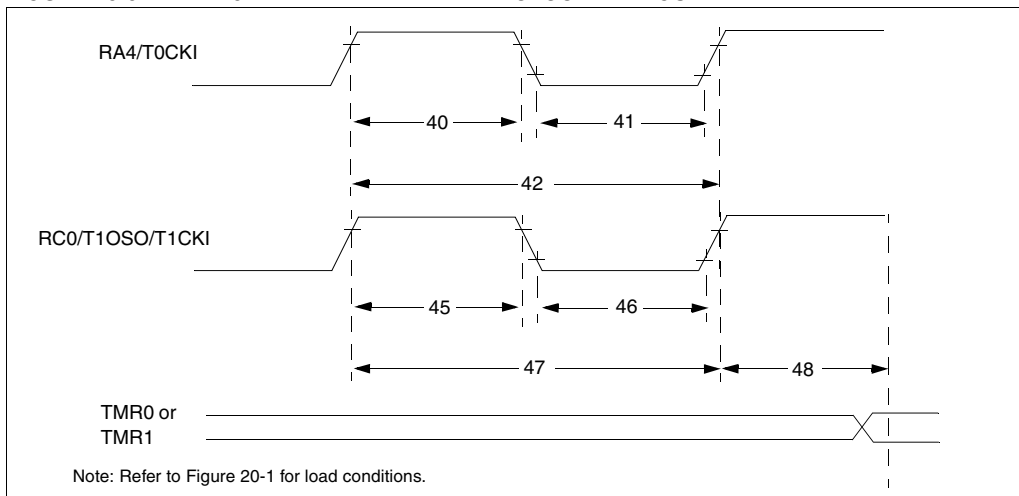


**TABLE 20-5: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym       | Characteristic                                                                      |                            | Min                                       | Typ† | Max        | Units | Conditions                          |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------|------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 40*       | Tt0H      | T0CKI High Pulse Width                                                              | No Prescaler               | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 41*       | Tt0L      | T0CKI Low Pulse Width                                                               | No Prescaler               | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 42*       | Tt0P      | T0CKI Period                                                                        | No Prescaler               | $T_{CY} + 40$                             | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | Greater of:<br>$20$ or $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (2, 4, ..., 256) |
| 45*       | Tt1H      | T1CKI High Time                                                                     | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2, 4, 8                                                    | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 46*       | Tt1L      | T1CKI Low Time                                                                      | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2, 4, 8                                                    | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 47*       | Tt1P      | T1CKI input period                                                                  | Synchronous                | Greater of:<br>$30$ OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | Greater of:<br>$50$ OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N |      |            |       | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 60                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 100                                       | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           | Ft1       | Timer1 oscillator input frequency range (oscillator enabled by setting bit T1OSCEN) |                            | DC                                        | —    | 200        | kHz   |                                     |
| 48        | TCKEZtmr1 | Delay from external clock edge to timer increment                                   |                            | $2T_{osc}$                                | —    | $7T_{osc}$ | —     |                                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 20-7: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM TIMINGS (CCP1 AND CCP2)**

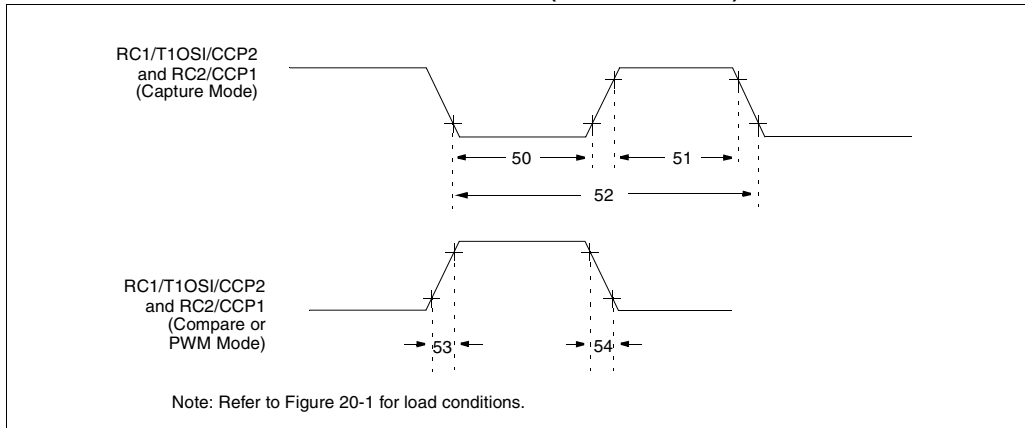


**TABLE 20-6: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM REQUIREMENTS (CCP1 AND CCP2)**

| Parameter No. | Sym  | Characteristic                 |                | Min                      | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                       |
|---------------|------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------|-----|-------|----------------------------------|
| 50*           | TccL | CCP1 and CCP2 input low time   | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$         | —    | —   | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                | With Prescaler | PIC16C63/65A             | 10   | —   | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                |                | PIC16LC63/65A            | 20   | —   | ns    |                                  |
| 51*           | TccH | CCP1 and CCP2 input high time  | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$         | —    | —   | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                | With Prescaler | PIC16C63/65A             | 10   | —   | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                |                | PIC16LC63/65A            | 20   | —   | ns    |                                  |
| 52*           | TccP | CCP1 and CCP2 input period     |                | $\frac{3T_{CY} + 40}{N}$ | —    | —   | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 4, or 16) |
| 53*           | TccR | CCP1 and CCP2 output rise time | PIC16C63/65A   | —                        | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                | PIC16LC63/65A  | —                        | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                  |
| 54*           | TccF | CCP1 and CCP2 output fall time | PIC16C63/65A   | —                        | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                | PIC16LC63/65A  | —                        | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                  |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# PIC16C6X

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**FIGURE 20-8: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING (PIC16C65A)**

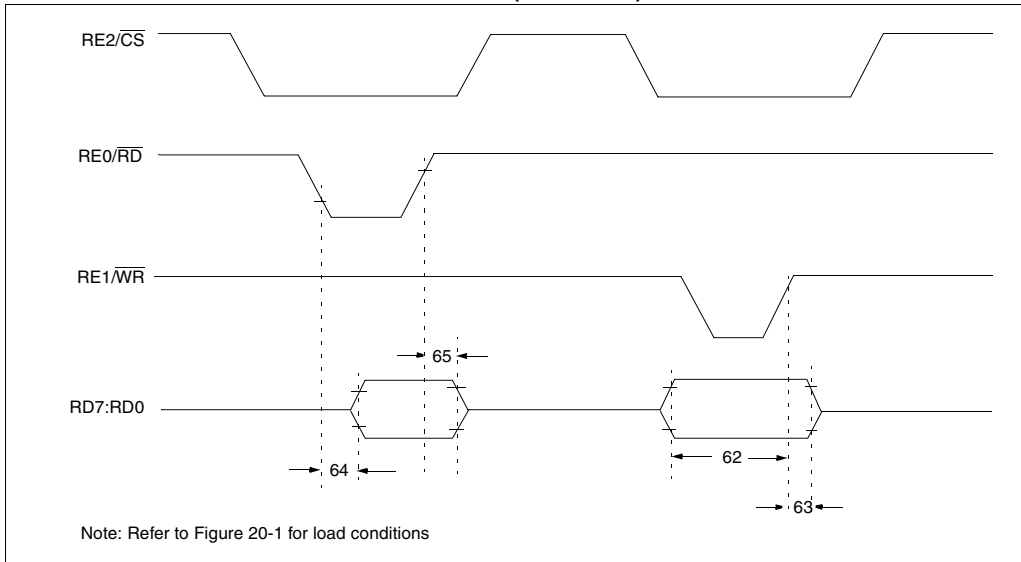


**TABLE 20-7: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT REQUIREMENTS (PIC16C65A)**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                                       | Min                             | Typ†   | Max      | Units    | Conditions          |
|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|---------------------|
| 62*           | TdtV2wrH | Data in valid before $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ (setup time) | 20<br>25                        | —<br>— | —<br>—   | ns<br>ns | Extended Range Only |
| 63*           | TwrH2dtI | $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-in invalid (hold time)    | PIC16C65A: 20<br>PIC16LC65A: 35 | —<br>— | —<br>—   | ns<br>ns |                     |
| 64            | TrdL2dtV | $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ and $\overline{CS}\downarrow$ to data-out valid            | —<br>—                          | —<br>— | 80<br>90 | ns<br>ns | Extended Range Only |
| 65*           | TrdH2dtI | $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-out invalid               | 10                              | —      | 30       | ns       |                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 20-9: SPI MODE TIMING**

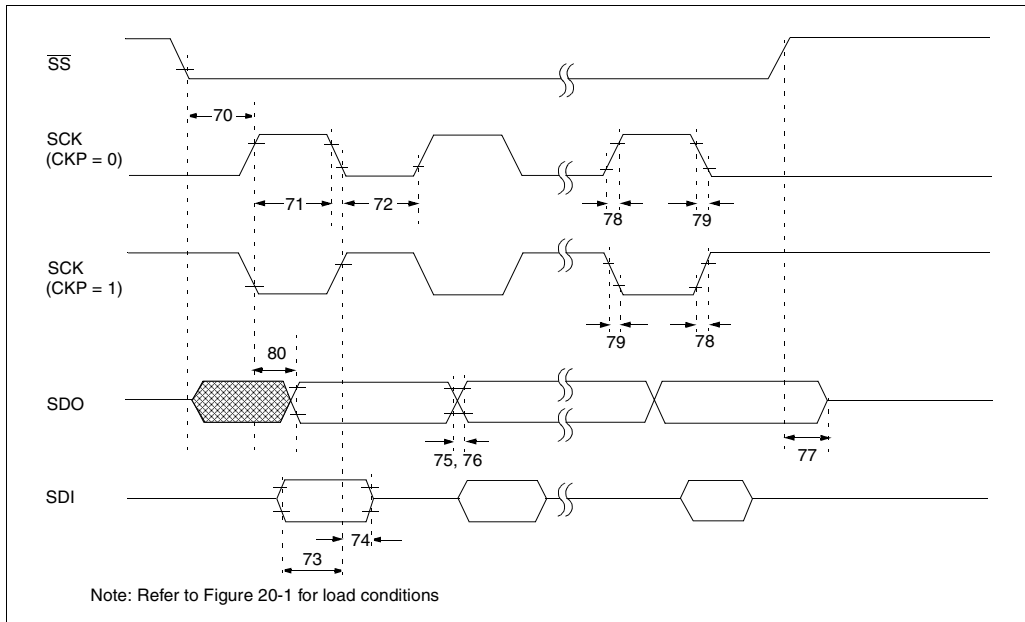


**TABLE 20-8: SPI MODE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym                | Characteristic                                                        | Min      | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 70*           | TssL2scH, TssL2scL | $\overline{SS}\downarrow$ to SCK $\downarrow$ or SCK $\uparrow$ input | Tcy      | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 71*           | TscH               | SCK input high time (slave mode)                                      | Tcy + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 72*           | TscL               | SCK input low time (slave mode)                                       | Tcy + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 73*           | TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL | Setup time of SDI data input to SCK edge                              | 50       | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 74*           | Tsch2diL, TscL2diL | Hold time of SDI data input to SCK edge                               | 50       | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 75*           | TdoR               | SDO data output rise time                                             | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 76*           | TdoF               | SDO data output fall time                                             | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 77*           | TssH2doZ           | $\overline{SS}\uparrow$ to SDO output hi-impedance                    | 10       | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 78*           | TscR               | SCK output rise time (master mode)                                    | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 79*           | TscF               | SCK output fall time (master mode)                                    | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 80*           | Tsch2doV, TscL2doV | SDO data output valid after SCK edge                                  | —        | —    | 50  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# PIC16C6X

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FIGURE 20-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING

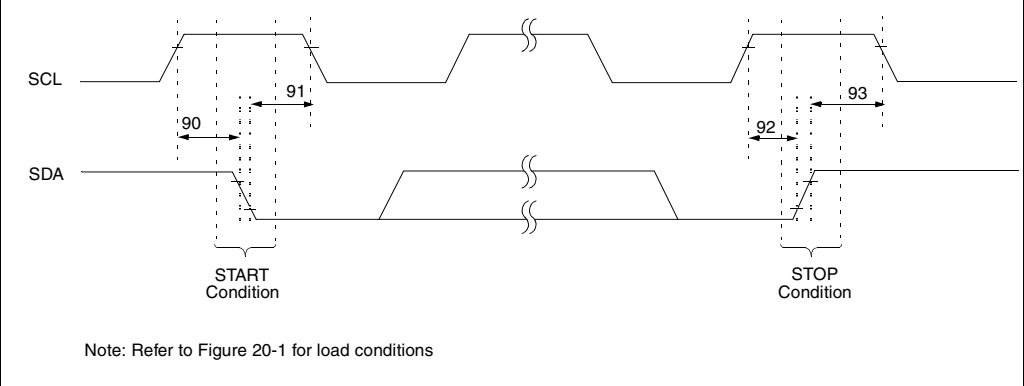


TABLE 20-9: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS REQUIREMENTS

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic  |              | Min  | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions                                           |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|------|-----|-----|-------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 90*           | TSU:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    | Only relevant for repeated START condition           |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 91*           | THD:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 92*           | TSU:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 93            | THD:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.



**FIGURE 20-11: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA TIMING**

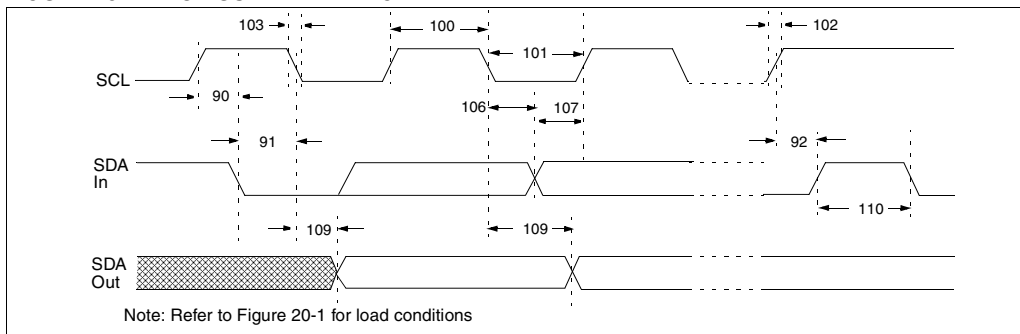


**TABLE 20-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic             | Min          | Max        | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|---------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|-------|------------|
| 100*          | THIGH   | Clock high time            | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5Tcy     | —     | μs         |
| 101*          | TLOW    | Clock low time             | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5Tcy     | —     | μs         |
| 102*          | TR      | SDA and SCL rise time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 1000  | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300   | ns         |
| 103*          | TF      | SDA and SCL fall time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 300   | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300   | ns         |
| 90*           | TSU:STA | START condition setup time | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
| 91*           | THD:STA | START condition hold time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
| 106*          | THD:DAT | Data input hold time       | 100 kHz mode | 0          | —     | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0          | 0.9   | μs         |
| 107*          | TSU:DAT | Data input setup time      | 100 kHz mode | 250        | —     | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 100        | —     | ns         |
| 92*           | TSU:STO | STOP condition setup time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
| 109*          | TAA     | Output valid from clock    | 100 kHz mode | —          | 3500  | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | —          | —     | ns         |
| 110*          | TBUF    | Bus free time              | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —     | μs         |
|               | Cb      | Bus capacitive loading     | —            | 400        | pF    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

- Note 1: As a transmitter, the device must provide this internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (min. 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of START or STOP conditions.
- Note 2: A fast-mode (400 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus device can be used in a standard-mode (100 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus system, but the requirement Tsu:DAT ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This will automatically be the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line TR max. + tsu; DAT = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the standard-mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

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**FIGURE 20-12: USART SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION (MASTER/SLAVE) TIMING**

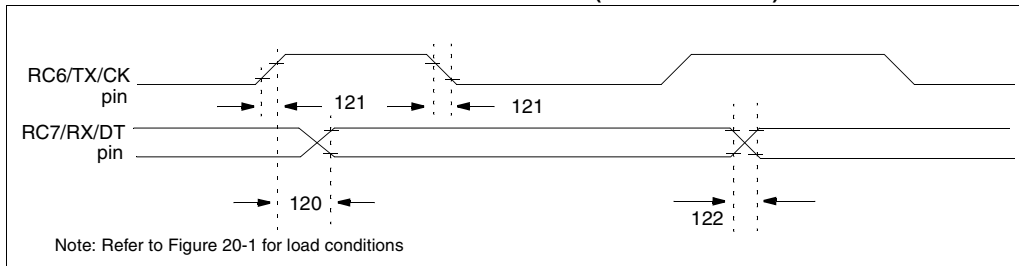


**TABLE 20-11: USART SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                             | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 120*          | TckH2dtV | SYNC XMIT (MASTER & SLAVE)<br>Clock high to data out valid | —   | —    | 80  | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                            |     |      | 100 | ns    |            |
| 121*          | Tckrf    | Clock out rise time and fall time (Master Mode)            | —   | —    | 45  | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                            | —   | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 122*          | Tdtrf    | Data out rise time and fall time                           | —   | —    | 45  | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                            | —   | —    | 50  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

†: Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 20-13: USART SYNCHRONOUS RECEIVE (MASTER/SLAVE) TIMING**

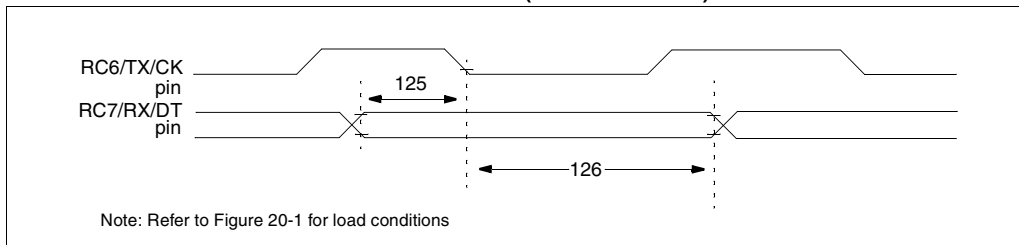


**TABLE 20-12: USART SYNCHRONOUS RECEIVE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                      | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 125*          | TdtV2ckL | SYNC RCV (MASTER & SLAVE)<br>Data setup before CK ↓ (DT setup time) | 15  | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 126*          | TckL2dtL | Data hold after CK ↓ (DT hold time)                                 | 15  | —    | —   | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

†: Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

## 21.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PIC16CR63/R65

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (†)

|                                                                             |                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ambient temperature under bias.....                                         | -55°C to +125°C       |
| Storage temperature.....                                                    | -65°C to +150°C       |
| Voltage on any pin with respect to Vss (except VDD, MCLR, and RA4).....     | -0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V) |
| Voltage on VDD with respect to Vss.....                                     | -0.3V to +7.5V        |
| Voltage on MCLR with respect to Vss (Note 2).....                           | 0V to +14V            |
| Voltage on RA4 with respect to Vss.....                                     | 0V to +14V            |
| Total power dissipation (Note 1).....                                       | 1.0W                  |
| Maximum current out of Vss pin.....                                         | 300 mA                |
| Maximum current into VDD pin.....                                           | 250 mA                |
| Input clamp current, Iik (VI < 0 or VI > VDD).....                          | ±20 mA                |
| Output clamp current, Iok (VO < 0 or VO > VDD).....                         | ±20 mA                |
| Maximum output current sunk by any I/O pin.....                             | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin.....                          | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (Note 3) (combined).....    | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (Note 3) (combined)..... | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTC and PORTD (Note 3) (combined).....            | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTC and PORTD (Note 3) (combined).....         | 200 mA                |

**Note 1:** Power dissipation is calculated as follows:  $P_{dis} = V_{DD} \times (I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}) + \sum \{ (V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH} \} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

**Note 2:** Voltage spikes below Vss at the MCLR/VPP pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA, may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50-100Ω should be used when applying a “low” level to the MCLR/VPP pin rather than pulling this pin directly to Vss.

**Note 3:** PORTD and PORTE not available on the PIC16CR63.

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**TABLE 21-1: CROSS REFERENCE OF DEVICE SPECS FOR OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATIONS AND FREQUENCIES OF OPERATION (COMMERCIAL DEVICES)**

| OSC | PIC16CR63-04<br>PIC16CR65-04                                                                             | PIC16CR63-10<br>PIC16CR65-10                                                                  | PIC16CR63-20<br>PIC16CR65-20                                                                  | PIC16LCR63-04<br>PIC16LCR65-04                                                                       | JW Devices                                                                                           |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC  | VDD: 4.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 3.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.              | VDD: 4.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             |
| XT  | VDD: 4.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 3.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.              | VDD: 4.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 µA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             |
| HS  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 13.5 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.           | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 10 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 10 MHz max. | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 20 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max. | Not recommended for use in HS mode                                                                   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 20 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 µA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max.        |
| LP  | VDD: 4.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 52.5 µA max. at 32 kHz, 4.0V<br>IPD: 0.9 µA typ. at 4.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | VDD: 3.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 48 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | VDD: 3.0V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 48 µA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 µA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. |

The shaded sections indicate oscillator selections which are tested for functionality, but not for MIN/MAX specifications. It is recommended that the user select the device type that ensures the specifications required.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 21.1 DC Characteristics: PIC16CR63/R65-04 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16CR63/R65-10 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16CR63/R65-20 (Commercial, Industrial)

| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for industrial and<br>$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for commercial |                                                            |       |            |      |            |        |                                                                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------|------|------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Param No.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Characteristic                                             | Sym   | Min        | Typ† | Max        | Units  | Conditions                                                               |
| D001<br>D001A                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD   | 4.0<br>4.5 | -    | 5.5<br>5.5 | V<br>V | XT, RC and LP osc configuration<br>HS osc configuration                  |
| D002*                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR   | -          | 1.5  | -          | V      |                                                                          |
| D003                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR  | -          | VSS  | -          | V      | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                |
| D004*                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD  | 0.05       | -    | -          | V/ms   | See section on Power-on Reset for details                                |
| D005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Brown-out Reset Voltage                                    | BVDD  | 3.7        | 4.0  | 4.3        | V      | BODEN configuration bit is enabled                                       |
| D010                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD   | -          | 2.7  | 5          | mA     | XT, RC, osc config FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 5.5V (Note 4)                     |
| D013                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                            |       |            | 10   | 20         | mA     | HS osc config FOSC = 20 MHz, VDD = 5.5V                                  |
| D015*                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR | -          | 350  | 425        | μA     | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                                  |
| D020<br>D021<br>D021A                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD   | -          | 10.5 | 42         | μA     | VDD = 4.0V, WDT enabled, $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                            |       | -          | 1.5  | 16         | μA     | VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, $-0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                            |       | -          | 1.5  | 19         | μA     | VDD = 4.0V, WDT disabled, $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| D023*                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR | -          | 350  | 425        | μA     | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                                  |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V,  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD, MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = V_{DD}/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

6: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

## 21.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16LCR63/R65-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                            | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                 |       |      |     |       |                                                                 |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|-----|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                            | Operating temperature    -40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C    ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |       |      |     |       |                                                                 |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                             | Sym                                                                                                     | Min   | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                                                      |
| D001               | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD                                                                                                     | 3.0   | -    | 5.5 | V     | LP, XT, RC osc configuration (DC - 4 MHz)                       |
| D002*              | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR                                                                                                     | -     | 1.5  | -   | V     |                                                                 |
| D003               | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR                                                                                                    | -     | VSS  | -   | V     | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D004*              | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD                                                                                                    | 0.05  | -    | -   | V/ms  | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D005               | Brown-out Reset Voltage                                    | BVDD                                                                                                    | 3.7   | 4.0  | 4.3 | V     | BODEN configuration bit is enabled                              |
| D010               | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD                                                                                                     | -     | 2.0  | 3.8 | mA    | XT, RC osc configuration<br>FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 3.0V (Note 4)   |
| D010A              |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -     | 22.5 | 48  | μA    | LP osc configuration<br>FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled |
| D015*              |                                                            | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                                                                        | ΔIBOR | -    | 350 | 425   | μA                                                              |
| D020               | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD                                                                                                     | -     | 7.5  | 30  | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C                         |
| D021               |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -     | 0.9  | 5   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, 0°C to +70°C                          |
| D021A              |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -     | 0.9  | 5   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C                        |
| D023*              | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR                                                                                                   | -     | 350  | 425 | μA    | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = V_{DD}/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

6: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 21.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16CR63/R65-04 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16CR63/R65-10 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16CR63/R65-20 (Commercial, Industrial) PIC16LCR63/R65-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS                             |                                                                                                                                               | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                        |                                                                  |                                 |                                               |                                 |                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                |                                                                                                                                               | Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                                                                  |                                 |                                               |                                 |                                                                                                                |
|                                                |                                                                                                                                               | Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 21.1 and Section 21.2              |                                                                  |                                 |                                               |                                 |                                                                                                                |
| Param No.                                      | Characteristic                                                                                                                                | Sym                                                                                            | Min                                                              | Typ †                           | Max                                           | Units                           | Conditions                                                                                                     |
| D030<br>D030A<br>D031<br>D032<br>D033          | <b>Input Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>with TTL buffer<br>with Schmitt Trigger buffer<br>MCLR, OSC1 (in RC mode)<br>OSC1 (in XT, HS and LP) | VIL                                                                                            | VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS<br>VSS                                  | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-           | 0.15VDD<br>0.8V<br>0.2VDD<br>0.2VDD<br>0.3VDD | V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V           | For entire VDD range<br>4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V<br>Note1                                                             |
| D040<br>D040A<br>D041<br>D042<br>D042A<br>D043 | <b>Input High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>with TTL buffer<br>with Schmitt Trigger buffer<br>MCLR<br>OSC1 (XT, HS and LP)<br>OSC1 (in RC mode) | VIH                                                                                            | 2.0<br>0.25VDD<br>+ 0.8V<br>0.8VDD<br>0.8VDD<br>0.7VDD<br>0.9VDD | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD<br>VDD | V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V<br>V | 4.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.5V<br>For entire VDD range<br>For entire VDD range<br>Note1                                     |
| D070                                           | PORTB weak pull-up current                                                                                                                    | IPURB                                                                                          | 50                                                               | 250                             | 400                                           | μA                              | VDD = 5V, VPIN = VSS                                                                                           |
| D060<br>D061<br>D063                           | <b>Input Leakage Current</b> (Notes 2, 3)<br>I/O ports<br>MCLR, RA4/T0CKI<br>OSC1                                                             | IIL                                                                                            | -<br>-<br>-                                                      | -<br>-<br>-                     | ±1<br>±5<br>±5                                | μA<br>μA<br>μA                  | VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, Pin at hi-impedance<br>VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD<br>VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, XT, HS and LP osc configuration |
| D080<br>D083                                   | <b>Output Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                                                                         | VOL                                                                                            | -<br>-                                                           | -<br>-                          | 0.6<br>0.6                                    | V<br>V                          | IOL = 8.5 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C<br>IOL = 1.6 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C                           |
| D090<br>D092                                   | <b>Output High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports (Note 3)<br>OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                                                               | VOH                                                                                            | VDD-0.7<br>VDD-0.7                                               | -<br>-                          | -<br>-                                        | V<br>V                          | IOH = -3.0 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C<br>IOH = -1.3 mA, VDD = 4.5V, -40°C to +85°C                         |
| D150*                                          | <b>Open-Drain High Voltage</b>                                                                                                                | VOD                                                                                            | -                                                                | -                               | 14                                            | V                               | RA4 pin                                                                                                        |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

# PIC16C6X

|                           |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|---------------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| <b>Applicable Devices</b> | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|---------------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                          | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                 |                |     |     |          |                                                                         |       |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----|-----|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
|                    |                                                          | Operating temperature    -40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C    ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                |     |     |          |                                                                         |       |
|                    |                                                          | Operating voltage VDD range as described in DC spec Section 21.1 and<br>Section 21.2                    |                |     |     |          |                                                                         |       |
|                    |                                                          | Param<br>No.                                                                                            | Characteristic | Sym | Min | Typ<br>† | Max                                                                     | Units |
| D100               | Capacitive Loading Specs on Out-<br>put Pins<br>OSC2 pin | COSC2                                                                                                   | -              | -   | 15  | pF       | In XT, HS and LP modes when<br>external clock is used to drive<br>OSC1. |       |
| D101               | All I/O pins and OSC2 (in RC mode)                       | CIO                                                                                                     | -              | -   | 50  | pF       |                                                                         |       |
| D102               | SCL, SDA in I <sup>2</sup> C mode                        | Cb                                                                                                      | -              | -   | 400 | pF       |                                                                         |       |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

# PIC16C6X

|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

## 21.4 Timing Parameter Symbology

The timing parameter symbols have been created following one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS
3. TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)
4. Ts (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

| T |           | T |      |
|---|-----------|---|------|
| F | Frequency | T | Time |

Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

|           |                   |     |                                    |
|-----------|-------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| <b>pp</b> |                   | osc | OSC1                               |
| cc        | CCP1              | rd  | $\overline{RD}$                    |
| ck        | CLKOUT            | rw  | $\overline{RD}$ or $\overline{WR}$ |
| cs        | $\overline{CS}$   | sc  | SCK                                |
| di        | SDI               | ss  | $\overline{SS}$                    |
| do        | SDO               | t0  | T0CKI                              |
| dt        | Data in           | t1  | T1CKI                              |
| io        | I/O port          | wr  | $\overline{WR}$                    |
| mc        | $\overline{MCLR}$ |     |                                    |

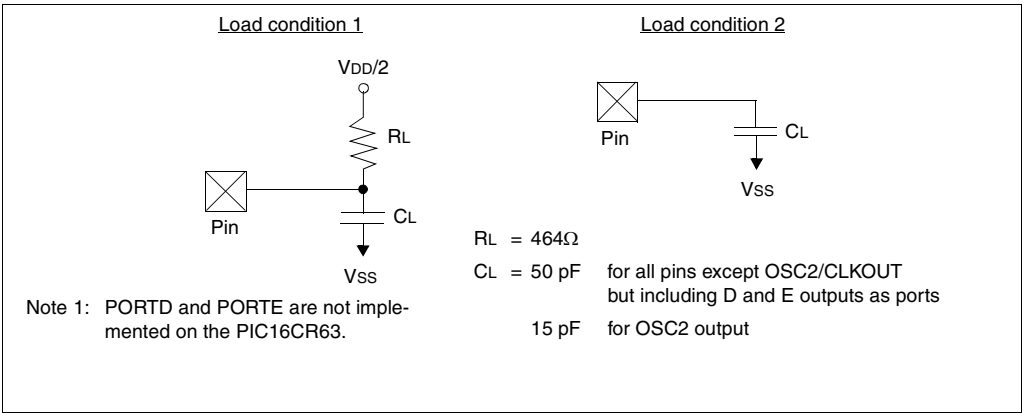
Uppercase letters and their meanings:

|                            |                        |      |              |
|----------------------------|------------------------|------|--------------|
| <b>S</b>                   |                        | P    | Period       |
| F                          | Fall                   | R    | Rise         |
| H                          | High                   | V    | Valid        |
| I                          | Invalid (Hi-impedance) | Z    | Hi-impedance |
| L                          | Low                    |      |              |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C only</b> |                        | High | High         |
| AA                         | output access          | Low  | Low          |
| BUF                        | Bus free               |      |              |

TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

|           |                 |     |                |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| <b>CC</b> |                 | SU  | Setup          |
| HD        | Hold            |     |                |
| <b>ST</b> |                 | STO | STOP condition |
| DAT       | DATA input hold |     |                |
| STA       | START condition |     |                |

FIGURE 21-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS





## 21.5 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

FIGURE 21-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING

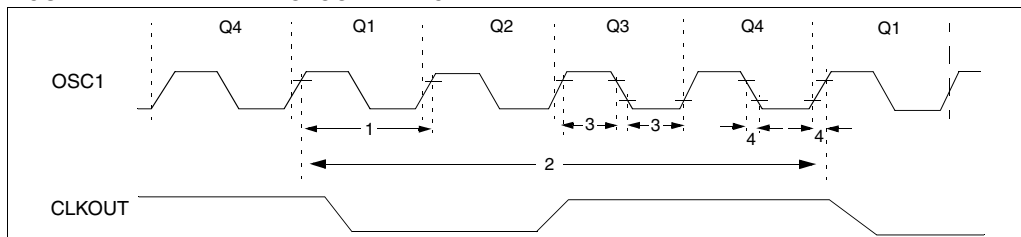


TABLE 21-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

| Param No. | Sym        | Characteristic                                    | Min | Typ† | Max    | Units | Conditions         |
|-----------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|--------------------|
|           | Fosc       | <b>External CLKIN Frequency (Note 1)</b>          | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT and RC osc mode |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 10     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|           |            | <b>Oscillator Frequency (Note 1)</b>              | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | RC osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 0.1 | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 4   | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
| 1         | Tosc       | <b>External CLKIN Period (Note 1)</b>             | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | XT and RC osc mode |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
|           |            | <b>Oscillator Period (Note 1)</b>                 | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | RC osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 10,000 | ns    | XT osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
| 2         | Tcy        | <b>Instruction Cycle Time (Note 1)</b>            | 200 | Tcy  | DC     | ns    | Tcy = 4/Fosc       |
|           |            |                                                   | —   | —    | —      | —     | —                  |
| 3*        | TosL, TosH | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time</b>  | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | 2.5 | —    | —      | μs    | LP oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | 15  | —    | —      | ns    | HS oscillator      |
| 4*        | TosR, TosF | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time</b> | —   | —    | 25     | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 50     | ns    | LP oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 15     | ns    | HS oscillator      |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals four times the input oscillator time-base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKIN pin. When an external clock input is used, the "Max." cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 21-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING**

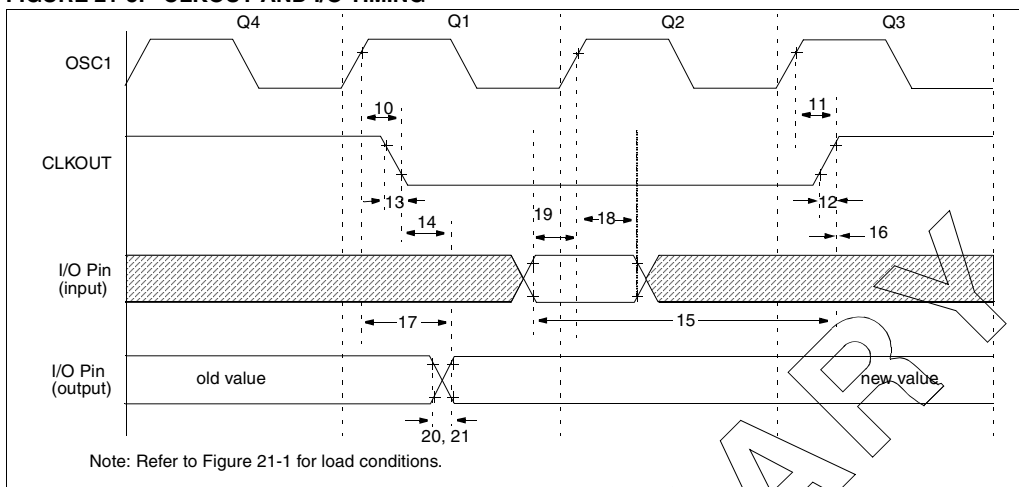


**TABLE 21-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                            | Min                                           | Typ†    | Max         | Units | Conditions |
|-----------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------|------------|
| 10*       | TosH2ckL | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓                                          | —                                             | 75      | 200         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 11*       | TosH2ckH | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑                                          | —                                             | 75      | 200         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 12*       | TckR     | CLKOUT rise time                                          | —                                             | 35      | 100         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 13*       | TckF     | CLKOUT fall time                                          | —                                             | 35      | 100         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 14*       | TckL2ioV | CLKOUT ↓ to Port out valid                                | —                                             | —       | 0.5TCY + 20 | ns    | Note 1     |
| 15*       | TioV2ckH | Port in valid before CLKOUT ↑                             | Tosc + 200                                    | —       | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 16*       | TckH2ioI | Port in hold after CLKOUT ↑                               | 0                                             | —       | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 17*       | TosH2ioV | OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid                        | —                                             | 50      | 150         | ns    |            |
| 18*       | TosH2ioI | OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time) | PIC16CR63/R65<br>100<br>PIC16LCR63/R65<br>200 | —       | —           | ns    |            |
| 19*       | TioV2osH | Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)             | 0                                             | —       | —           | ns    |            |
| 20*       | TioR     | Port output rise time                                     | PIC16CR63/R65<br>—<br>PIC16LCR63/R65<br>—     | 10<br>— | 40<br>80    | ns    |            |
| 21*       | TioF     | Port output fall time                                     | PIC16CR63/R65<br>—<br>PIC16LCR63/R65<br>—     | 10<br>— | 40<br>80    | ns    |            |
| 22††*     | Tinp     | INT pin high or low time                                  | TCY                                           | —       | —           | ns    |            |
| 23††*     | Trbp     | RB7:RB4 change INT high or low time                       | TCY                                           | —       | —           | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

†† These parameters are asynchronous events not related to any internal clock edge.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x TOSC.

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 21-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP TIMER TIMING**

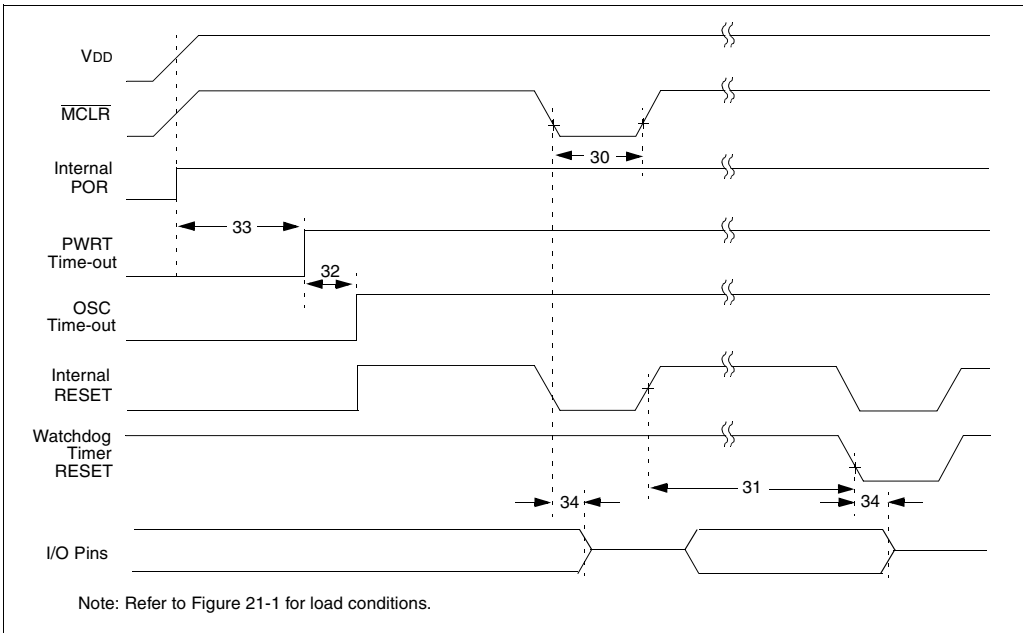


**FIGURE 21-5: BROWN-OUT RESET TIMING**

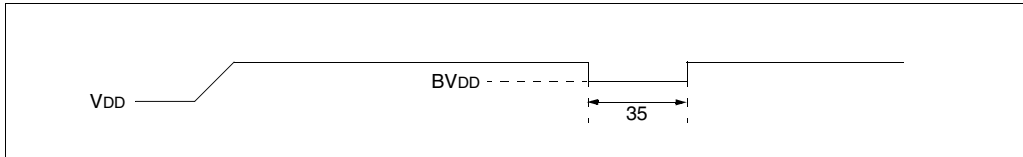


**TABLE 21-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER, POWER-UP TIMER, AND BROWN-OUT RESET REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym   | Characteristic                                | Min | Typ†      | Max | Units | Conditions                |
|---------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|-------|---------------------------|
| 30            | Tmcl  | MCLR Pulse Width (low)                        | 2   | —         | —   | μs    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 31*           | Twdt  | Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler) | 7   | 18        | 33  | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 32            | Tost  | Oscillation Start-up Timer Period             | —   | 1024 TOSC | —   | —     | TOSC = OSC1 period        |
| 33*           | Tpwrt | Power-up Timer Period                         | 28  | 72        | 132 | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 34            | Tioz  | I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low or WDT reset   | —   | —         | 2.1 | μs    |                           |
| 35            | TBOR  | Brown-out Reset Pulse Width                   | 100 | —         | —   | μs    | VDD ≤ BVDD (D005)         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 21-6: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMINGS**

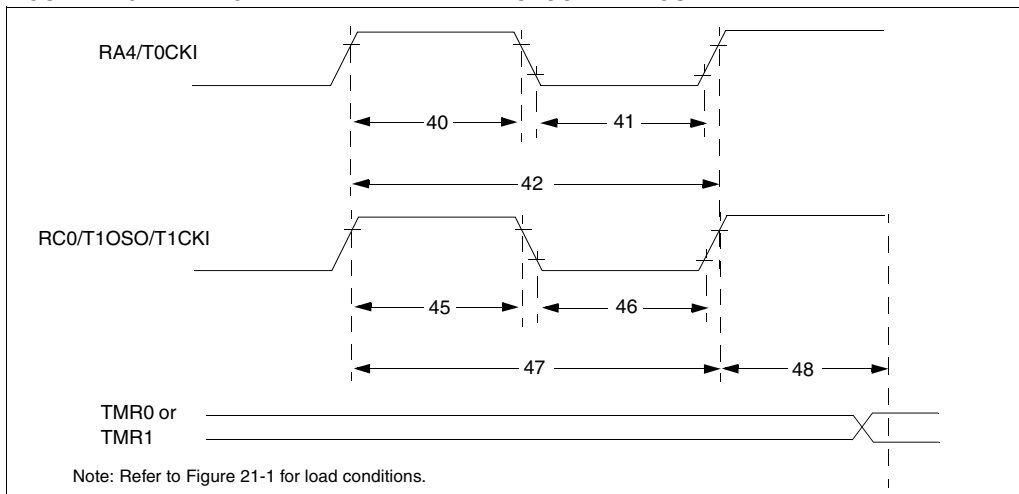


**TABLE 21-5: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym       | Characteristic                                                                      |                            | Min                                | Typ†                               | Max   | Units | Conditions                          |                                 |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 40*       | Tt0H      | T0CKI High Pulse Width                                                              | No Prescaler               | 0.5Tcy + 20                        | —                                  | —     | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |                                 |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
| 41*       | Tt0L      | T0CKI Low Pulse Width                                                               | No Prescaler               | 0.5Tcy + 20                        | —                                  | —     | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |                                 |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
| 42*       | Tt0P      | T0CKI Period                                                                        | No Prescaler               | Tcy + 40                           | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | Greater of:<br>20 or Tcy + 40<br>N | —                                  | —     | ns    | N = prescale value (2, 4, ..., 256) |                                 |
| 45*       | Tt1H      | T1CKI High Time                                                                     | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | 0.5Tcy + 20                        | —                                  | —     | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |                                 |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2,4,8                                                      | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
| 46*       | Tt1L      | T1CKI Low Time                                                                      | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | 0.5Tcy + 20                        | —                                  | —     | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |                                 |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2,4,8                                                      | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
| 47*       | Tt1P      | T1CKI input period                                                                  | Synchronous                | PIC16C6X                           | Greater of:<br>30 OR Tcy + 40<br>N | —     | —     | ns                                  | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8) |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | Greater of:<br>50 OR Tcy + 40<br>N |                                    |       |       | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |                                 |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 60                                 | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 100                                | —                                  | —     | ns    |                                     |                                 |
|           | Ft1       | Timer1 oscillator input frequency range (oscillator enabled by setting bit T1OSCEN) |                            | DC                                 | —                                  | 200   | kHz   |                                     |                                 |
| 48        | TCKEZtmr1 | Delay from external clock edge to timer increment                                   |                            | 2Tosc                              | —                                  | 7Tosc | —     |                                     |                                 |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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**FIGURE 21-7: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM TIMINGS (CCP1 AND CCP2)**

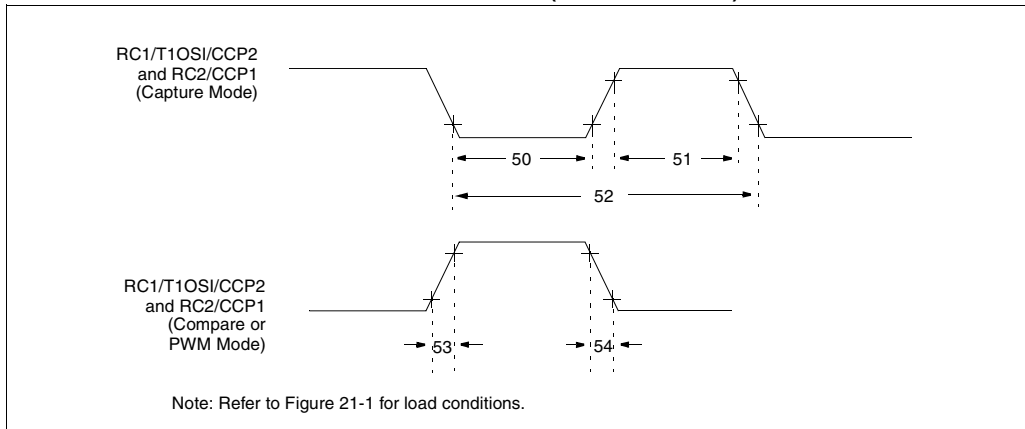


**TABLE 21-6: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM REQUIREMENTS (CCP1 AND CCP2)**

| Param No. | Sym  | Characteristic                 |                | Min                      | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                       |
|-----------|------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------|-----|-------|----------------------------------|
| 50*       | TccL | CCP1 and CCP2 input low time   | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$         | —    | —   | ns    |                                  |
|           |      |                                | With Prescaler | PIC16CR63/R65            | 10   | —   | ns    |                                  |
|           |      |                                |                | PIC16LCR63/R65           | 20   | —   | ns    |                                  |
| 51*       | TccH | CCP1 and CCP2 input high time  | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$         | —    | —   | ns    |                                  |
|           |      |                                | With Prescaler | PIC16CR63/R65            | 10   | —   | ns    |                                  |
|           |      |                                |                | PIC16LCR63/R65           | 20   | —   | ns    |                                  |
| 52*       | TccP | CCP1 and CCP2 input period     |                | $\frac{3T_{CY} + 40}{N}$ | —    | —   | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 4, or 16) |
| 53*       | TccR | CCP1 and CCP2 output rise time |                | PIC16CR63/R65            | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                  |
|           |      |                                |                | PIC16LCR63/R65           | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                  |
| 54*       | TccF | CCP1 and CCP2 output fall time |                | PIC16CR63/R65            | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                  |
|           |      |                                |                | PIC16LCR63/R65           | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                  |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

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**FIGURE 21-8: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING (PIC16CR65)**

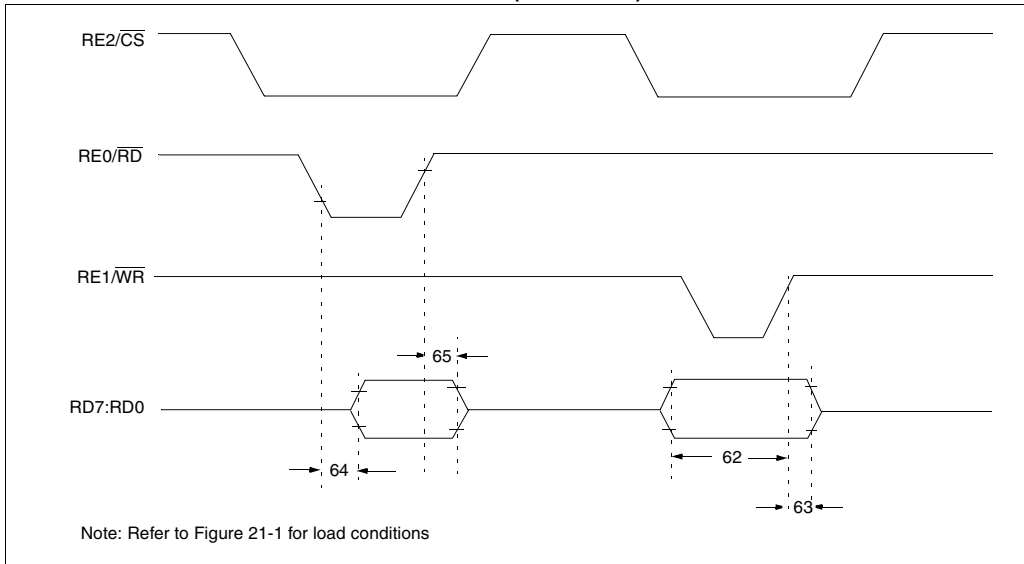


**TABLE 21-7: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT REQUIREMENTS (PIC16CR65)**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                                       | Min        | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 62*           | TdtV2wrH | Data in valid before $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ (setup time) | 20         | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 63*           | TwrH2dtI | $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-in invalid (hold time)    | PIC16CR65  | 20   | —   | —     | ns         |
|               |          |                                                                                      | PIC16LCR65 | 35   | —   | —     | ns         |
| 64            | TrdL2dtV | $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ and $\overline{CS}\downarrow$ to data-out valid            | —          | —    | 80  | ns    |            |
| 65*           | TrdH2dtI | $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-out invalid               | 10         | —    | 30  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 21-9: SPI MODE TIMING**

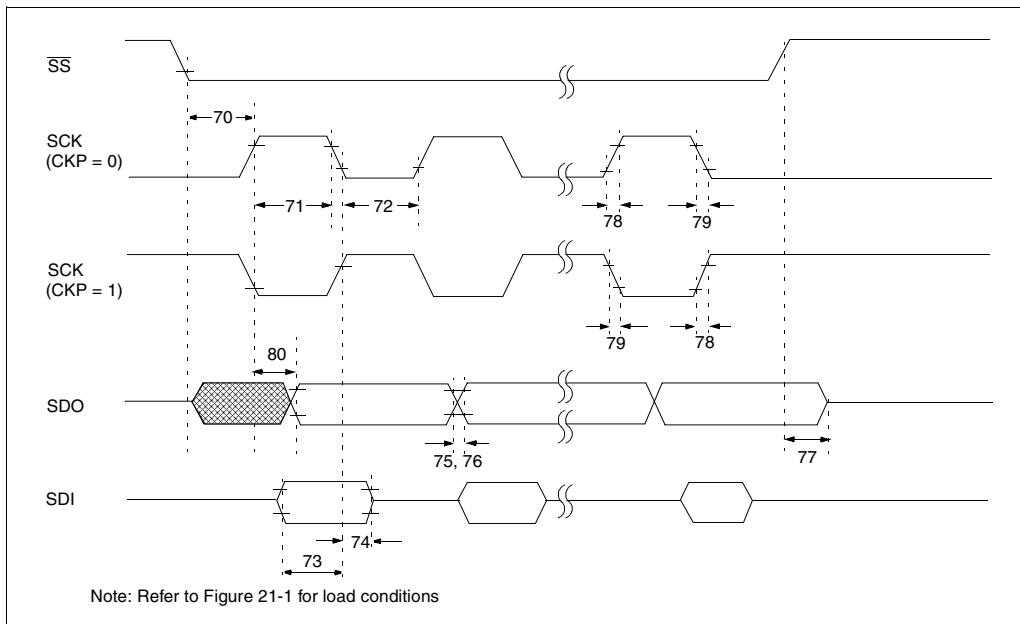


**TABLE 21-8: SPI MODE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym                | Characteristic                                                        | Min      | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 70*           | Tssl2scH, Tssl2scL | $\overline{SS}\downarrow$ to SCK $\downarrow$ or SCK $\uparrow$ input | Tcy      | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 71*           | TscH               | SCK input high time (slave mode)                                      | Tcy + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 72*           | TscL               | SCK input low time (slave mode)                                       | Tcy + 20 | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 73*           | TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL | Setup time of SDI data input to SCK edge                              | 50       | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 74*           | Tsch2diL, TscL2diL | Hold time of SDI data input to SCK edge                               | 50       | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 75*           | TdoR               | SDO data output rise time                                             | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 76*           | TdoF               | SDO data output fall time                                             | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 77*           | TssH2doZ           | $\overline{SS}\uparrow$ to SDO output hi-impedance                    | 10       | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 78*           | TscR               | SCK output rise time (master mode)                                    | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 79*           | TscF               | SCK output fall time (master mode)                                    | —        | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 80*           | Tsch2doV, TscL2doV | SDO data output valid after SCK edge                                  | —        | —    | 50  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# PIC16C6X

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FIGURE 21-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING

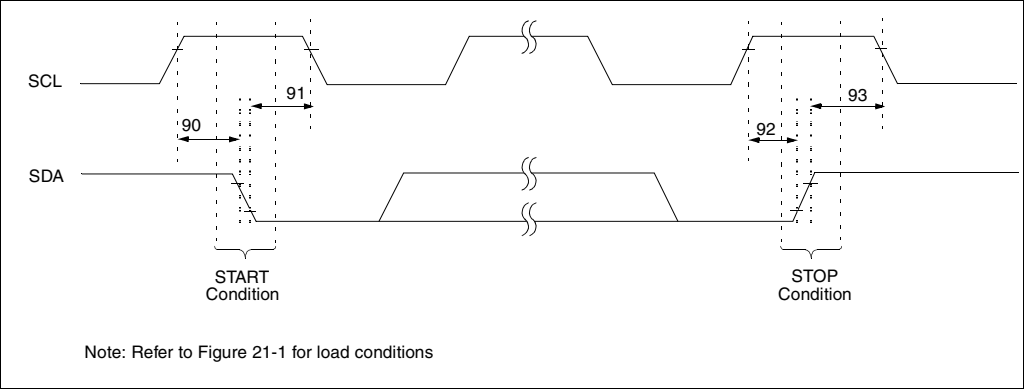


TABLE 21-9: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS REQUIREMENTS

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic  |              | Min  | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions                                           |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|------|-----|-----|-------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 90*           | TSU:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    | Only relevant for repeated START condition           |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 91*           | THD:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 92*           | TSU:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 93            | THD:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.



**FIGURE 21-11: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA TIMING**

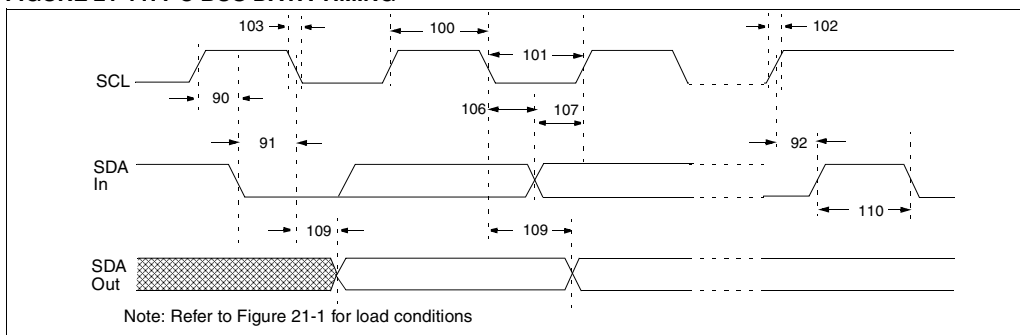


**TABLE 21-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic             | Min          | Max        | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|---------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|-------|------------|
| 100*          | THIGH   | Clock high time            | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5Tcy     | —     |            |
| 101*          | TLOW    | Clock low time             | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5Tcy     | —     |            |
| 102*          | TR      | SDA and SCL rise time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 1000  | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300   | ns         |
| 103*          | TF      | SDA and SCL fall time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 300   | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300   | ns         |
| 90*           | TSU:STA | START condition setup time | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
| 91*           | THD:STA | START condition hold time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
| 106*          | THD:DAT | Data input hold time       | 100 kHz mode | 0          | —     | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0          | 0.9   | μs         |
| 107*          | TSU:DAT | Data input setup time      | 100 kHz mode | 250        | —     | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 100        | —     | ns         |
| 92*           | TSU:STO | STOP condition setup time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
| 109*          | TAA     | Output valid from clock    | 100 kHz mode | —          | 3500  | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | —          | —     | ns         |
| 110*          | TBUF    | Bus free time              | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —     | μs         |
|               | Cb      | Bus capacitive loading     | —            | 400        | pF    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

- Note 1: As a transmitter, the device must provide this internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (min. 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of START or STOP conditions.
- Note 2: A fast-mode (400 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus device can be used in a standard-mode (100 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus system, but the requirement Tsu:DAT ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This will automatically be the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line TR max.+tsu:DAT = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the standard-mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

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**FIGURE 21-12: USART SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION (MASTER/SLAVE) TIMING**

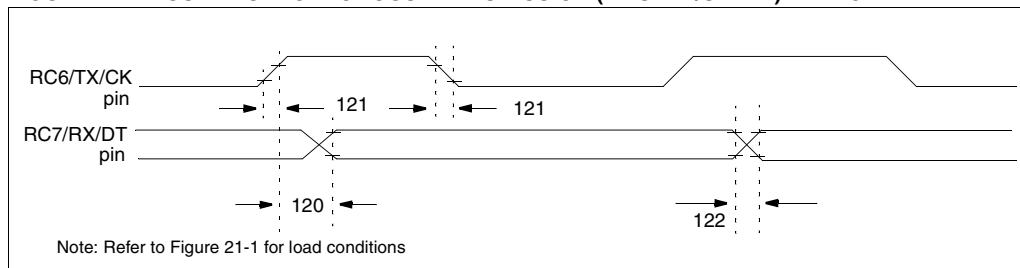


**TABLE 21-11: USART SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                             | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|-----------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 120*      | TckH2dtV | SYNC XMIT (MASTER & SLAVE)<br>Clock high to data out valid | —   | —    | 80  | ns    |            |
|           |          |                                                            | —   | —    | 100 | ns    |            |
| 121*      | Tckrf    | Clock out rise time and fall time<br>(Master Mode)         | —   | —    | 45  | ns    |            |
|           |          |                                                            | —   | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 122*      | Tdtrf    | Data out rise time and fall time                           | —   | —    | 45  | ns    |            |
|           |          |                                                            | —   | —    | 50  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

†: Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 21-13: USART SYNCHRONOUS RECEIVE (MASTER/SLAVE) TIMING**

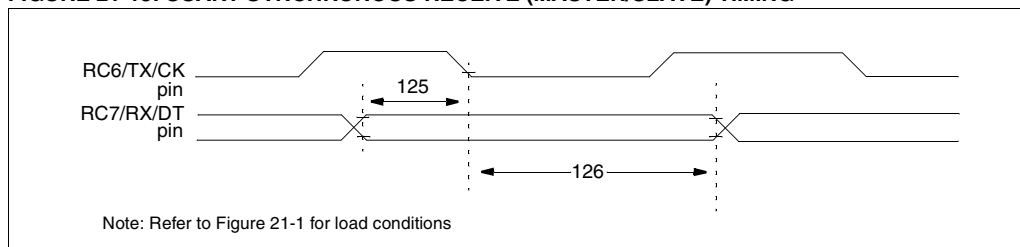


**TABLE 21-12: USART SYNCHRONOUS RECEIVE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                      | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 125*          | TdtV2ckL | SYNC RCV (MASTER & SLAVE)<br>Data setup before CK ↓ (DT setup time) | 15  | —    | —   | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                                     | 15  | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 126*          | TckL2dtl | Data hold after CK ↓ (DT hold time)                                 | 15  | —    | —   | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

†: Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

## 22.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PIC16C66/67

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (†)

|                                                                                                       |                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ambient temperature under bias.....                                                                   | -55°C to +125°C       |
| Storage temperature .....                                                                             | -65°C to +150°C       |
| Voltage on any pin with respect to VSS (except VDD, MCLR, and RA4).....                               | -0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V) |
| Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS .....                                                              | -0.3V to +7.5V        |
| Voltage on MCLR with respect to VSS (Note 2).....                                                     | 0V to +14V            |
| Voltage on RA4 with respect to Vss.....                                                               | 0V to +14V            |
| Total power dissipation (Note 1).....                                                                 | 1.0W                  |
| Maximum current out of VSS pin .....                                                                  | 300 mA                |
| Maximum current into VDD pin .....                                                                    | 250 mA                |
| Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0 or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>DD</sub> ).....   | ±20 mA                |
| Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0 or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>DD</sub> ) ..... | ±20 mA                |
| Maximum output current sunk by any I/O pin.....                                                       | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin .....                                                   | 25 mA                 |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (Note 3) (combined).....                              | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTA, PORTB, and PORTE (Note 3) (combined) .....                          | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sunk by PORTC and PORTD (Note 3) (combined) .....                                     | 200 mA                |
| Maximum current sourced by PORTC and PORTD (Note 3) (combined) .....                                  | 200 mA                |

**Note 1:** Power dissipation is calculated as follows:  $P_{dis} = V_{DD} \times \{I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH}\} + \sum \{(V_{DD} - V_{OH}) \times I_{OH}\} + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$

**Note 2:** Voltage spikes below VSS at the MCLR/VPP pin, inducing currents greater than 80 mA, may cause latch-up. Thus, a series resistor of 50-100Ω should be used when applying a “low” level to the MCLR/VPP pin rather than pulling this pin directly to VSS.

**Note 3:** PORTD and PORTE not available on the PIC16C66.

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**TABLE 22-1: CROSS REFERENCE OF DEVICE SPECS FOR OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATIONS AND FREQUENCIES OF OPERATION (COMMERCIAL DEVICES)**

| OSC | PIC16C66-04<br>PIC16C67-04                                                                               | PIC16C66-10<br>PIC16C67-10                                                                    | PIC16C66-20<br>PIC16C67-20                                                                    | PIC16LC66-04<br>PIC16LC67-04                                                                         | JW Devices                                                                                           |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RC  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 μA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 μA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 μA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3V<br>IPD: 5 μA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.              | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 μA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             |
| XT  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 μA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.                 | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 μA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 2.7 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 μA typ. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.   | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 3.8 mA max. at 3V<br>IPD: 5 μA max. at 3V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.              | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 5 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 16 μA max. at 4V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.             |
| HS  | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 13.5 mA typ. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 μA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 4 MHz max.           | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 10 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 μA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 10 MHz max. | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 20 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 μA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max. | Not recommended for use in HS mode                                                                   | VDD: 4.5V to 5.5V<br>IDD: 20 mA max. at 5.5V<br>IPD: 1.5 μA typ. at 4.5V<br>Freq: 20 MHz max.        |
| LP  | VDD: 4.0V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 52.5 μA typ. at 32 kHz, 4.0V<br>IPD: 0.9 μA typ. at 4.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | Not recommended for use in LP mode                                                            | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 48 μA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 μA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. | VDD: 2.5V to 6.0V<br>IDD: 48 μA max. at 32 kHz, 3.0V<br>IPD: 5 μA max. at 3.0V<br>Freq: 200 kHz max. |

The shaded sections indicate oscillator selections which are tested for functionality, but not for MIN/MAX specifications. It is recommended that the user select the device type that ensures the specifications required.

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## 22.1 DC Characteristics: PIC16C66/67-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C66/67-10 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C66/67-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended)

| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                                                                   |                                                            |       |                  |                           |                      |                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| DC CHARACTERISTICS<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for extended,<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |                                                            |       |                  |                           |                      |                      |
| Param No.                                                                                                                                                 | Characteristic                                             | Sym   | Min              | Typ†                      | Max                  | Units                |
| D001<br>D001A                                                                                                                                             | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD   | 4.0<br>4.5       | -<br>-                    | 6.0<br>5.5           | V<br>V               |
| D002*                                                                                                                                                     | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR   | -                | 1.5                       | -                    | V                    |
| D003                                                                                                                                                      | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR  | -                | VSS                       | -                    | V                    |
| D004*                                                                                                                                                     | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD  | 0.05             | -                         | -                    | V/ms                 |
| D005                                                                                                                                                      | Brown-out Reset Voltage                                    | BVDD  | 3.7<br>3.7       | 4.0<br>4.0                | 4.3<br>4.4           | V<br>V               |
| D010                                                                                                                                                      | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD   | -                | 2.7                       | 5                    | mA                   |
| D013                                                                                                                                                      |                                                            |       |                  | 10                        | 20                   | mA                   |
| D015*                                                                                                                                                     |                                                            |       |                  | 350                       | 425                  | μA                   |
| D020<br>D021<br>D021A<br>D021B                                                                                                                            | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD   | -<br>-<br>-<br>- | 10.5<br>1.5<br>1.5<br>2.5 | 42<br>16<br>19<br>19 | μA<br>μA<br>μA<br>μA |
| D023*                                                                                                                                                     | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR | -                | 350                       | 425                  | μA                   |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = VDD/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

6: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

## 22.2 DC Characteristics: PIC16LC66/67-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| DC CHARACTERISTICS |                                                            | Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)                                                 |      |      |     |       |                                                                 |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-----|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                                                            | Operating temperature    -40°C    ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for industrial and<br>0°C    ≤ TA ≤ +70°C for commercial |      |      |     |       |                                                                 |
| Param No.          | Characteristic                                             | Sym                                                                                                     | Min  | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                                                      |
| D001               | Supply Voltage                                             | VDD                                                                                                     | 2.5  | -    | 6.0 | V     | LP, XT, RC osc configuration (DC - 4 MHz)                       |
| D002*              | RAM Data Retention Voltage (Note 1)                        | VDR                                                                                                     | -    | 1.5  | -   | V     |                                                                 |
| D003               | VDD start voltage to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal | VPOR                                                                                                    | -    | VSS  | -   | V     | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D004*              | VDD rise rate to ensure internal Power-on Reset signal     | SVDD                                                                                                    | 0.05 | -    | -   | V/ms  | See section on Power-on Reset for details                       |
| D005               | Brown-out Reset Voltage                                    | BVDD                                                                                                    | 3.7  | 4.0  | 4.3 | V     | BODEN configuration bit is enabled                              |
| D010               | Supply Current (Note 2, 5)                                 | IDD                                                                                                     | -    | 2.0  | 3.8 | mA    | XT, RC osc configuration<br>FOSC = 4 MHz, VDD = 3.0V (Note 4)   |
| D010A              |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 22.5 | 48  | μA    | LP osc configuration<br>FOSC = 32 kHz, VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled |
| D015*              | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR                                                                                                   | -    | 350  | 425 | μA    | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                         |
| D020               | Power-down Current (Note 3, 5)                             | IPD                                                                                                     | -    | 7.5  | 30  | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT enabled, -40°C to +85°C                         |
| D021               |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 0.9  | 5   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, 0°C to +70°C                          |
| D021A              |                                                            |                                                                                                         | -    | 0.9  | 5   | μA    | VDD = 3.0V, WDT disabled, -40°C to +85°C                        |
| D023*              | Brown-out Reset Current (Note 6)                           | ΔIBOR                                                                                                   | -    | 350  | 425 | μA    | BOR enabled, VDD = 5.0V                                         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data.

2: The supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern, and temperature also have an impact on the current consumption.

The test conditions for all IDD measurements in active operation mode are:

OSC1 = external square wave, from rail to rail; all I/O pins tristated, pulled to VDD,

MCLR = VDD; WDT enabled/disabled as specified.

3: The power-down current in SLEEP mode does not depend on the oscillator type. Power-down current is measured with the part in SLEEP mode, with all I/O pins in hi-impedance state and tied to VDD and VSS.

4: For RC osc configuration, current through Rext is not included. The current through the resistor can be estimated by the formula  $I_r = VDD/2R_{ext}$  (mA) with Rext in kOhm.

5: Timer1 oscillator (when enabled) adds approximately 20 μA to the specification. This value is from characterization and is for design guidance only. This is not tested.

6: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when this peripheral is enabled. This current should be added to the base IDD or IPD measurement.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

## 22.3 DC Characteristics: PIC16C66/67-04 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C66/67-10 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16C66/67-20 (Commercial, Industrial, Extended) PIC16LC66/67-04 (Commercial, Industrial)

| <b>DC CHARACTERISTICS</b> <div> <b>Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)</b><br/>           Operating temperature    <math>-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for extended,<br/> <math>-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for industrial and<br/> <math>0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for commercial<br/>           Operating voltage <math>V_{DD}</math> range as described in DC spec Section 22.1<br/>           and Section 22.2         </div> |                                                                                                                                               |          |                                                                                              |                            |                                                                          |                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Param No.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Characteristic                                                                                                                                | Sym      | Min                                                                                          | Typ †                      | Max                                                                      | Units                                      | Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| D030<br>D030A<br>D031<br>D032<br>D033                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>Input Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>with TTL buffer<br>with Schmitt Trigger buffer<br>MCLR, OSC1 (in RC mode)<br>OSC1 (in XT, HS and LP) | $V_{IL}$ | $V_{SS}$<br>$V_{SS}$<br>$V_{SS}$<br>$V_{SS}$<br>$V_{SS}$                                     | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-      | $0.15V_{DD}$<br>$0.8V$<br>$0.2V_{DD}$<br>$0.2V_{DD}$<br>$0.3V_{DD}$      | $V$<br>$V$<br>$V$<br>$V$<br>$V$            | For entire $V_{DD}$ range<br>$4.5V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$<br><br>Note1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| D040<br>D040A<br><br>D041<br>D042<br>D042A<br>D043                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>Input High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br>with TTL buffer<br>with Schmitt Trigger buffer<br>MCLR<br>OSC1 (XT, HS and LP)<br>OSC1 (in RC mode) | $V_{IH}$ | $2.0$<br>$0.25V_{DD} + 0.8V$<br><br>$0.8V_{DD}$<br>$0.8V_{DD}$<br>$0.7V_{DD}$<br>$0.9V_{DD}$ | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | $V_{DD}$<br>$V_{DD}$<br><br>$V_{DD}$<br>$V_{DD}$<br>$V_{DD}$<br>$V_{DD}$ | $V$<br>$V$<br><br>$V$<br>$V$<br>$V$<br>$V$ | $4.5V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$<br>For entire $V_{DD}$ range<br><br>For entire $V_{DD}$ range<br>Note1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| D070                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | PORTB weak pull-up current                                                                                                                    | IPURB    | 50                                                                                           | 250                        | 400                                                                      | $\mu A$                                    | $V_{DD} = 5V, V_{PIN} = V_{SS}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| D060<br><br>D061<br>D063                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>Input Leakage Current (Notes 2, 3)</b><br>I/O ports<br><br>MCLR, RA4/T0CKI<br>OSC1                                                         | $I_{IL}$ | -                                                                                            | -                          | $\pm 1$                                                                  | $\mu A$                                    | $V_{SS} \leq V_{PIN} \leq V_{DD}$ , Pin at hi-impedance<br>$V_{SS} \leq V_{PIN} \leq V_{DD}$<br>$V_{SS} \leq V_{PIN} \leq V_{DD}$ , XT, HS and LP osc configuration                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| D080<br><br>D080A<br><br>D083<br><br>D083A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>Output Low Voltage</b><br>I/O ports<br><br><br>OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                                                                 | $V_{OL}$ | -                                                                                            | -                          | 0.6                                                                      | $V$                                        | $I_{OL} = 8.5\text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5V$ ,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>$I_{OL} = 7.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5V$ ,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>$I_{OL} = 1.6\text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5V$ ,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>$I_{OL} = 1.2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5V$ ,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the MCLR/VPP pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

| <b>DC CHARACTERISTICS</b> <div> <b>Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated)</b><br/>           Operating temperature    <math>-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for extended,<br/>                                                    <math>-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for industrial and<br/>                                                    <math>0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for commercial<br/>           Operating voltage <math>V_{DD}</math> range as described in DC spec Section 22.1<br/>           and Section 22.2         </div> |                                                  |            |              |       |     |       |                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|-------|-----|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Param No.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Characteristic                                   | Sym        | Min          | Typ † | Max | Units | Conditions                                                                                              |
| D090                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Output High Voltage</b><br>I/O ports (Note 3) | $V_{OH}$   | $V_{DD}-0.7$ | -     | -   | V     | $I_{OH} = -3.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{V}$ ,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |
| D090A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                  |            | $V_{DD}-0.7$ | -     | -   | V     | $I_{OH} = -2.5\text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{V}$ ,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| D092                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | OSC2/CLKOUT (RC osc config)                      |            | $V_{DD}-0.7$ | -     | -   | V     | $I_{OH} = -1.3\text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{V}$ ,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  |
| D092A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                  |            | $V_{DD}-0.7$ | -     | -   | V     | $I_{OH} = -1.0\text{ mA}$ , $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{V}$ ,<br>$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| D150*                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>Open-Drain High Voltage</b>                   | $V_{OD}$   | -            | -     | 14  | V     | RA4 pin                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>Capacitive Loading Specs on Output Pins</b>   |            |              |       |     |       |                                                                                                         |
| D100                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | OSC2 pin                                         | $C_{OSC2}$ | -            | -     | 15  | pF    | In XT, HS and LP modes when<br>external clock is used to drive<br>OSC1.                                 |
| D101                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | All I/O pins and OSC2 (in RC mode)               | $C_{IO}$   | -            | -     | 50  | pF    |                                                                                                         |
| D102                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | SCL, SDA in $I^2C$ mode                          | $C_b$      | -            | -     | 400 | pF    |                                                                                                         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: In RC oscillator configuration, the OSC1/CLKIN pin is a Schmitt Trigger input. It is not recommended that the PIC16C6X be driven with external clock in RC mode.

2: The leakage current on the  $\overline{MCLR}/V_{PP}$  pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.

3: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

# PIC16C6X

|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

## 22.4 Timing Parameter Symbology

The timing parameter symbols have been created following one of the following formats:

1. TppS2ppS
2. TppS
3. TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)
4. Ts (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

| T |           | T |      |
|---|-----------|---|------|
| F | Frequency | T | Time |

Lowercase letters (pp) and their meanings:

| pp |                   |     |                                    |
|----|-------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| cc | CCP1              | osc | OSC1                               |
| ck | CLKOUT            | rd  | $\overline{RD}$                    |
| cs | $\overline{CS}$   | rw  | $\overline{RD}$ or $\overline{WR}$ |
| di | SDI               | sc  | SCK                                |
| do | SDO               | ss  | $\overline{SS}$                    |
| dt | Data in           | t0  | T0CKI                              |
| io | I/O port          | t1  | T1CKI                              |
| mc | $\overline{MCLR}$ | wr  | $\overline{WR}$                    |

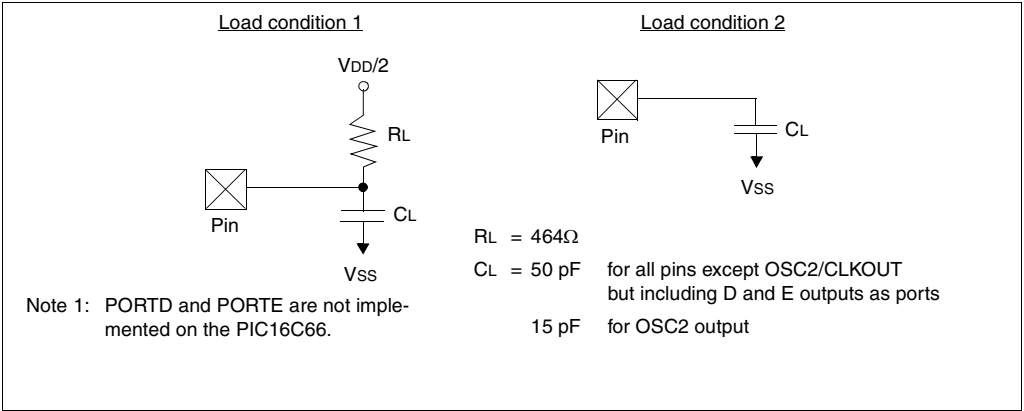
Uppercase letters and their meanings:

| S                     |                        |      |              |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------|--------------|
| F                     | Fall                   | P    | Period       |
| H                     | High                   | R    | Rise         |
| I                     | Invalid (Hi-impedance) | V    | Valid        |
| L                     | Low                    | Z    | Hi-impedance |
| I <sup>2</sup> C only |                        |      |              |
| AA                    | output access          | High | High         |
| BUF                   | Bus free               | Low  | Low          |

TCC:ST (I<sup>2</sup>C specifications only)

| CC  |                 |     |                |
|-----|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| HD  | Hold            | SU  | Setup          |
| ST  |                 |     |                |
| DAT | DATA input hold | STO | STOP condition |
| STA | START condition |     |                |

FIGURE 22-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS





## 22.5 Timing Diagrams and Specifications

**FIGURE 22-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING**

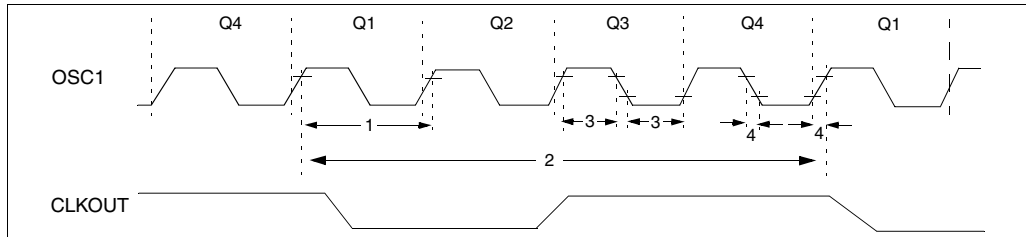


**TABLE 22-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym        | Characteristic                                    | Min | Typ† | Max    | Units | Conditions         |
|-----------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|--------------------|
|           | Fosc       | <b>External CLKIN Frequency (Note 1)</b>          | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT and RC osc mode |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 10     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|           |            |                                                   | DC  | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|           |            | <b>Oscillator Frequency (Note 1)</b>              | DC  | —    | 4      | MHz   | RC osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 0.1 | —    | 4      | MHz   | XT osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 4   | —    | 20     | MHz   | HS osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | 200    | kHz   | LP osc mode        |
| 1         | Tosc       | <b>External CLKIN Period (Note 1)</b>             | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | XT and RC osc mode |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | —      | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 5   | —    | —      | μs    | LP osc mode        |
|           |            | <b>Oscillator Period (Note 1)</b>                 | 250 | —    | —      | ns    | RC osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 10,000 | ns    | XT osc mode        |
|           |            |                                                   | 250 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-04)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 100 | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-10)  |
|           |            |                                                   | 50  | —    | 250    | ns    | HS osc mode (-20)  |
| 2         | Tcy        | <b>Instruction Cycle Time (Note 1)</b>            | 200 | Tcy  | DC     | ns    | Tcy = 4/Fosc       |
|           |            |                                                   | 200 | Tcy  | DC     | ns    | Tcy = 4/Fosc       |
| 3*        | TosL, TosH | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time</b>  | 100 | —    | —      | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | 2.5 | —    | —      | μs    | LP oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | 15  | —    | —      | ns    | HS oscillator      |
| 4*        | TosR, TosF | <b>External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time</b> | —   | —    | 25     | ns    | XT oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 50     | ns    | LP oscillator      |
|           |            |                                                   | —   | —    | 15     | ns    | HS oscillator      |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 1: Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals four times the input oscillator time-base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKIN pin. When an external clock input is used, the "Max." cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 22-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING**

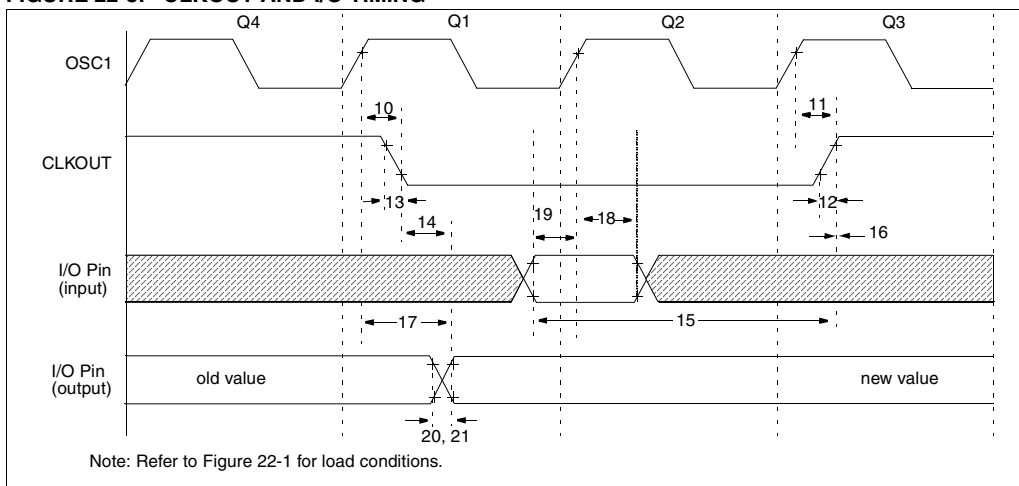


**TABLE 22-3: CLKOUT AND I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                            | Min          | Typ† | Max         | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|-------------|-------|------------|
| 10*           | TosH2ckL | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↓                                          | —            | 75   | 200         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 11*           | TosH2ckH | OSC1↑ to CLKOUT↑                                          | —            | 75   | 200         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 12*           | TckR     | CLKOUT rise time                                          | —            | 35   | 100         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 13*           | TckF     | CLKOUT fall time                                          | —            | 35   | 100         | ns    | Note 1     |
| 14*           | TckL2ioV | CLKOUT ↓ to Port out valid                                | —            | —    | 0.5TCY + 20 | ns    | Note 1     |
| 15*           | TioV2ckH | Port in valid before CLKOUT ↑                             | Tosc + 200   | —    | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 16*           | TckH2ioI | Port in hold after CLKOUT ↑                               | 0            | —    | —           | ns    | Note 1     |
| 17*           | TosH2ioV | OSC1↑ (Q1 cycle) to Port out valid                        | —            | 50   | 150         | ns    |            |
| 18*           | TosH2ioI | OSC1↑ (Q2 cycle) to Port input invalid (I/O in hold time) | PIC16C66/67  | 100  | —           | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                           | PIC16LC66/67 | 200  | —           | ns    |            |
| 19*           | TioV2osH | Port input valid to OSC1↑ (I/O in setup time)             | 0            | —    | —           | ns    |            |
| 20*           | TioR     | Port output rise time                                     | PIC16C66/67  | —    | 10          | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                           | PIC16LC66/67 | —    | 80          | ns    |            |
| 21*           | TioF     | Port output fall time                                     | PIC16C66/67  | —    | 10          | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                           | PIC16LC66/67 | —    | 80          | ns    |            |
| 22††          | Tinp     | INT pin high or low time                                  | TCY          | —    | —           | ns    |            |
| 23††          | Trbp     | RB7:RB4 change INT high or low time                       | TCY          | —    | —           | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

†† These parameters are asynchronous events not related to any internal clock edge.

Note 1: Measurements are taken in RC Mode where CLKOUT output is 4 x TOSC.

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 22-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER AND POWER-UP TIMER TIMING**

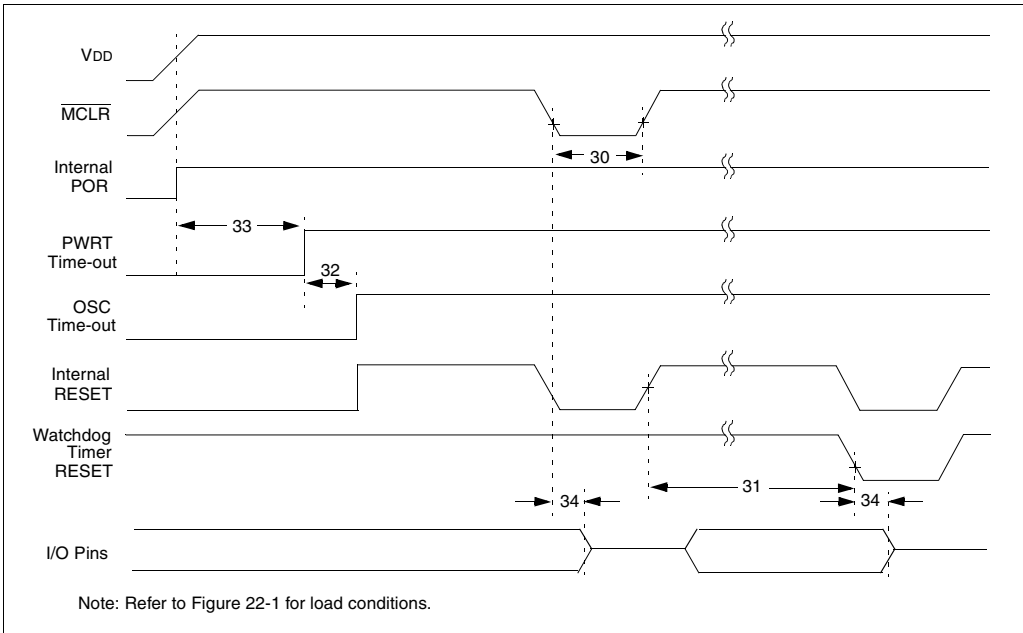


**FIGURE 22-5: BROWN-OUT RESET TIMING**

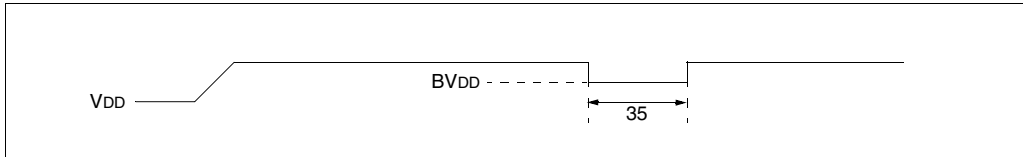


**TABLE 22-4: RESET, WATCHDOG TIMER, OSCILLATOR START-UP TIMER, POWER-UP TIMER, AND BROWN-OUT RESET REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym   | Characteristic                                | Min | Typ†      | Max | Units | Conditions                |
|---------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|-------|---------------------------|
| 30            | Tmcl  | MCLR Pulse Width (low)                        | 2   | —         | —   | μs    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 31*           | Twdt  | Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (No Prescaler) | 7   | 18        | 33  | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 32            | Tost  | Oscillation Start-up Timer Period             | —   | 1024 TOSC | —   | —     | TOSC = OSC1 period        |
| 33*           | Tpwrt | Power-up Timer Period                         | 28  | 72        | 132 | ms    | VDD = 5V, -40°C to +125°C |
| 34            | Tioz  | I/O Hi-impedance from MCLR Low or WDT reset   | —   | —         | 2.1 | μs    |                           |
| 35            | TBOR  | Brown-out Reset Pulse Width                   | 100 | —         | —   | μs    | VDD ≤ BVDD (D005)         |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 22-6: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMINGS**

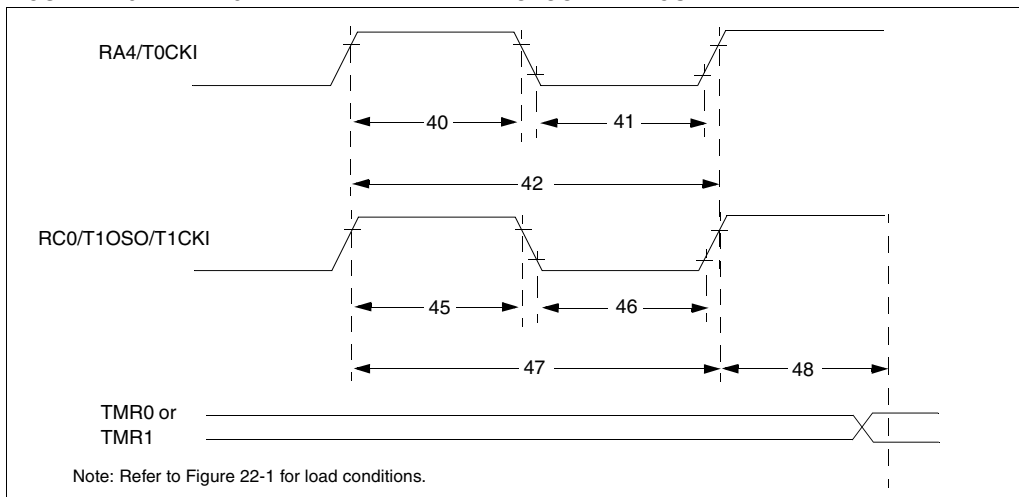


**TABLE 22-5: TIMER0 AND TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK REQUIREMENTS**

| Param No. | Sym       | Characteristic                                                                      |                            | Min                                       | Typ† | Max        | Units | Conditions                          |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------|------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 40*       | Tt0H      | T0CKI High Pulse Width                                                              | No Prescaler               | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 41*       | Tt0L      | T0CKI Low Pulse Width                                                               | No Prescaler               | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 42         |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | 10                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 42*       | Tt0P      | T0CKI Period                                                                        | No Prescaler               | $T_{CY} + 40$                             | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | With Prescaler             | Greater of:<br>$20$ or $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (2, 4, ..., 256) |
| 45*       | Tt1H      | T1CKI High Time                                                                     | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2,4,8                                                      | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 46*       | Tt1L      | T1CKI Low Time                                                                      | Synchronous, Prescaler = 1 | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$                          | —    | —          | ns    | Must also meet parameter 47         |
|           |           | Synchronous, Prescaler = 2,4,8                                                      | PIC16C6X                   | 15                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 25                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 30                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 50                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
| 47*       | Tt1P      | T1CKI input period                                                                  | Synchronous                | Greater of:<br>$30$ OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N | —    | —          | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | Greater of:<br>$50$ OR $T_{CY} + 40$<br>N |      |            |       | N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8)     |
|           |           | Asynchronous                                                                        | PIC16C6X                   | 60                                        | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           |           |                                                                                     | PIC16LC6X                  | 100                                       | —    | —          | ns    |                                     |
|           | Ft1       | Timer1 oscillator input frequency range (oscillator enabled by setting bit T1OSCEN) |                            | DC                                        | —    | 200        | kHz   |                                     |
| 48        | TCKEZtmr1 | Delay from external clock edge to timer increment                                   |                            | $2T_{osc}$                                | —    | $7T_{osc}$ | —     |                                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 22-7: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM TIMINGS (CCP1 AND CCP2)**

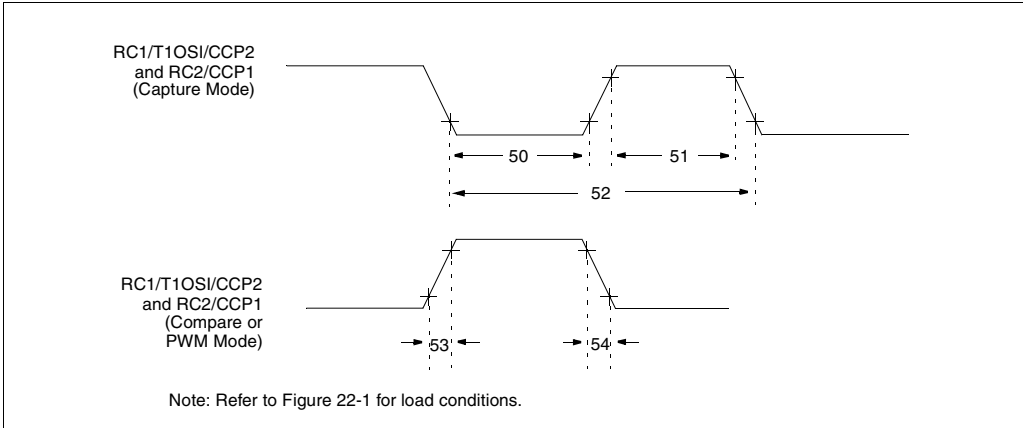


**TABLE 22-6: CAPTURE/COMPARE/PWM REQUIREMENTS (CCP1 AND CCP2)**

| Parameter No. | Sym  | Characteristic                 |                | Min                      | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions                       |
|---------------|------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|------|-----|-------|----------------------------------|
| 50*           | TccL | CCP1 and CCP2 input low time   | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$         | —    | —   | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                | With Prescaler | PIC16C66/67              | 10   | —   | —     |                                  |
|               |      |                                |                | PIC16LC66/67             | 20   | —   | —     |                                  |
| 51*           | TccH | CCP1 and CCP2 input high time  | No Prescaler   | $0.5T_{CY} + 20$         | —    | —   | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                | With Prescaler | PIC16C66/67              | 10   | —   | —     |                                  |
|               |      |                                |                | PIC16LC66/67             | 20   | —   | —     |                                  |
| 52*           | TccP | CCP1 and CCP2 input period     |                | $\frac{3T_{CY} + 40}{N}$ | —    | —   | ns    | N = prescale value (1, 4, or 16) |
| 53*           | TccR | CCP1 and CCP2 output rise time | PIC16C66/67    | —                        | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                | PIC16LC66/67   | —                        | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                  |
| 54*           | TccF | CCP1 and CCP2 output fall time | PIC16C66/67    | —                        | 10   | 25  | ns    |                                  |
|               |      |                                | PIC16LC66/67   | —                        | 25   | 45  | ns    |                                  |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 22-8: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING (PIC16C67)**

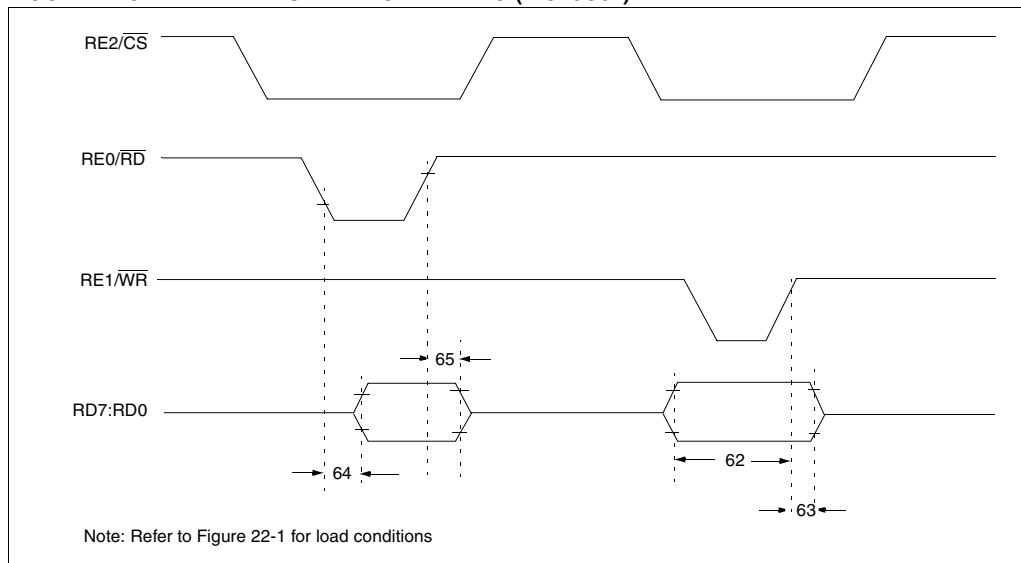


**TABLE 22-7: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT REQUIREMENTS (PIC16C67)**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                                       | Min                           | Typ†   | Max      | Units    | Conditions          |
|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|---------------------|
| 62*           | TdtV2wrH | Data in valid before $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ (setup time) | 20<br>25                      | —<br>— | —<br>—   | ns<br>ns | Extended Range Only |
| 63*           | TwrH2dtI | $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-in invalid (hold time)    | PIC16C67: 20<br>PIC16LC67: 35 | —<br>— | —<br>—   | ns<br>ns |                     |
| 64            | TrdL2dtV | $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ and $\overline{CS}\downarrow$ to data-out valid            | —<br>—                        | —<br>— | 80<br>90 | ns<br>ns | Extended Range Only |
| 65*           | TrdH2dtI | $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ or $\overline{CS}\uparrow$ to data-out invalid               | 10                            | —      | 30       | ns       |                     |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 22-9: SPI MASTER MODE TIMING (CKE = 0)**

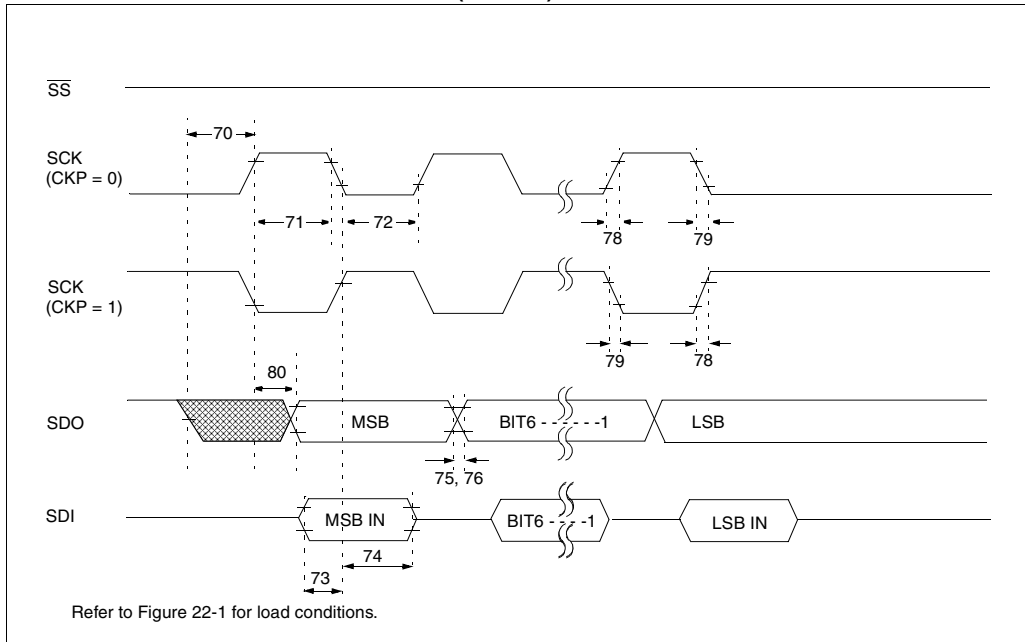
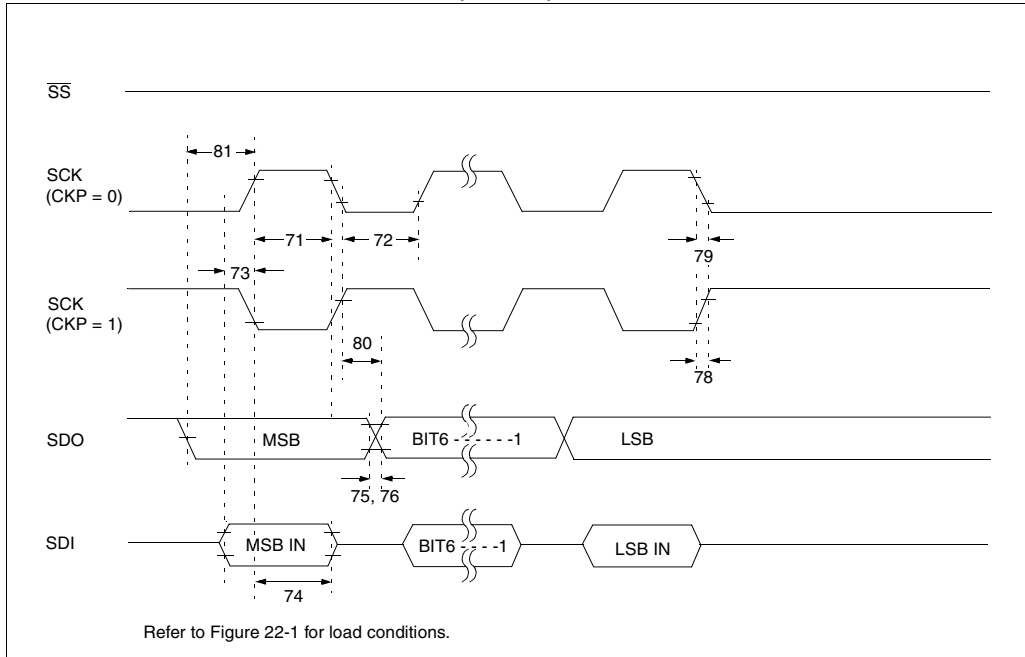


**FIGURE 22-10: SPI MASTER MODE TIMING (CKE = 1)**



# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 22-11: SPI SLAVE MODE TIMING (CKE = 0)**

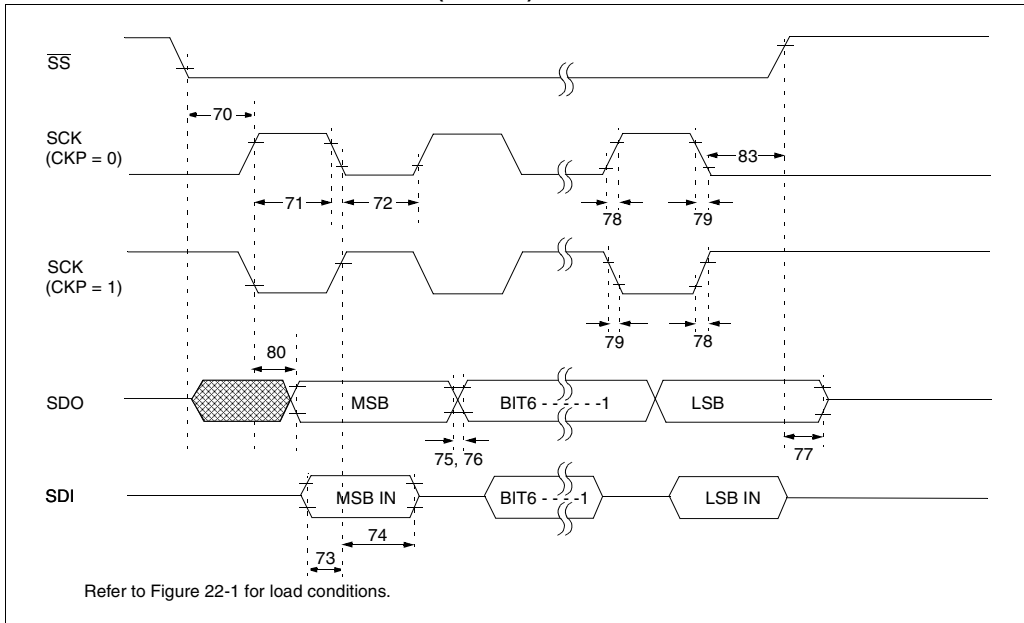
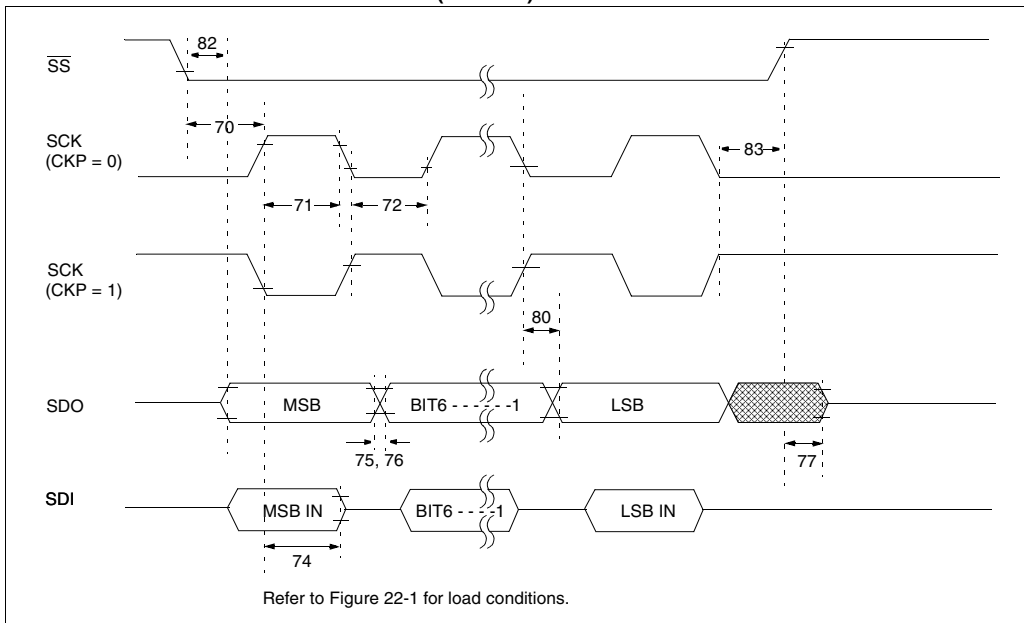


**FIGURE 22-12: SPI SLAVE MODE TIMING (CKE = 1)**





|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

**TABLE 22-8: SPI MODE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym                | Characteristic                                                        | Min                     | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 70*           | TssL2scH, TssL2scL | $\overline{SS}\downarrow$ to SCK $\downarrow$ or SCK $\uparrow$ input | T <sub>CY</sub>         | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 71*           | TscH               | SCK input high time (slave mode)                                      | T <sub>CY</sub> + 20    | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 72*           | TscL               | SCK input low time (slave mode)                                       | T <sub>CY</sub> + 20    | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 73*           | TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL | Setup time of SDI data input to SCK edge                              | 100                     | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 74*           | Tsch2diL, TscL2diL | Hold time of SDI data input to SCK edge                               | 100                     | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 75*           | TdoR               | SDO data output rise time                                             | —                       | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 76*           | TdoF               | SDO data output fall time                                             | —                       | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 77*           | TssH2doZ           | $\overline{SS}\uparrow$ to SDO output hi-impedance                    | 10                      | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 78*           | TscR               | SCK output rise time (master mode)                                    | —                       | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 79*           | TscF               | SCK output fall time (master mode)                                    | —                       | 10   | 25  | ns    |            |
| 80*           | Tsch2doV, TscL2doV | SDO data output valid after SCK edge                                  | —                       | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 81*           | TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL | SDO data output setup to SCK edge                                     | T <sub>CY</sub>         | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 82*           | TssL2doV           | SDO data output valid after $\overline{SS}\downarrow$ edge            | —                       | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 83*           | Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH | $\overline{SS}\uparrow$ after SCK edge                                | 1.5T <sub>CY</sub> + 40 | —    | —   | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

† Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

FIGURE 22-13: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING

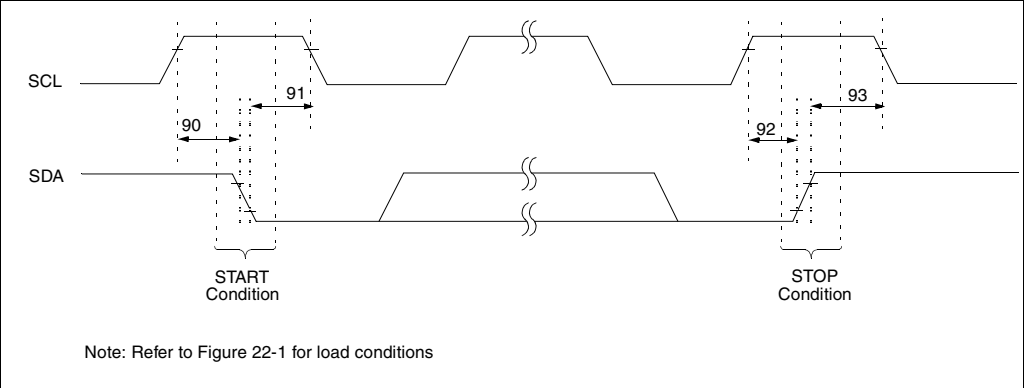


TABLE 22-9: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS START/STOP BITS REQUIREMENTS

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic  |              | Min  | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions                                           |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|------|-----|-----|-------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 90*           | TSU:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    | Only relevant for repeated START condition           |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 91*           | THD:STA | START condition | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    | After this period the first clock pulse is generated |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 92*           | TSU:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4700 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Setup time      | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |
| 93            | THD:STO | STOP condition  | 100 kHz mode | 4000 | —   | —   | ns    |                                                      |
|               |         | Hold time       | 400 kHz mode | 600  | —   | —   |       |                                                      |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

**FIGURE 22-14: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA TIMING**

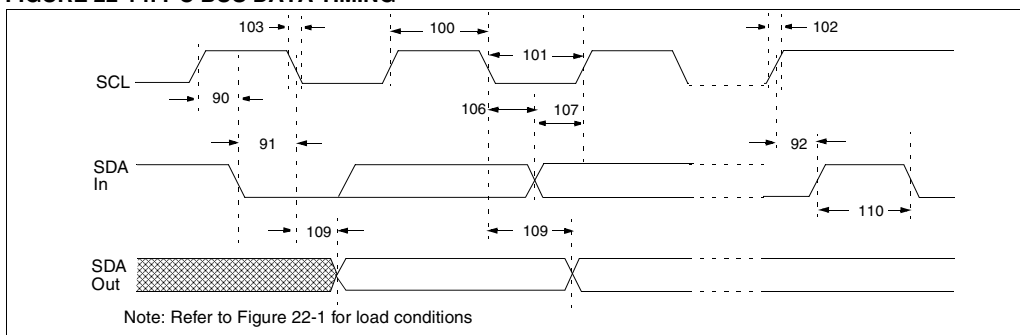


**TABLE 22-10: I<sup>2</sup>C BUS DATA REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym     | Characteristic             | Min          | Max        | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|---------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|-------|------------|
| 100*          | THIGH   | Clock high time            | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5Tcy     | —     | —          |
| 101*          | TLOW    | Clock low time             | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | SSP Module   | 1.5Tcy     | —     | —          |
| 102*          | TR      | SDA and SCL rise time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 1000  | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300   | ns         |
| 103*          | TF      | SDA and SCL fall time      | 100 kHz mode | —          | 300   | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 20 + 0.1Cb | 300   | ns         |
| 90*           | TSU:STA | START condition setup time | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
| 91*           | THD:STA | START condition hold time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.0        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
| 106*          | THD:DAT | Data input hold time       | 100 kHz mode | 0          | —     | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0          | 0.9   | μs         |
| 107*          | TSU:DAT | Data input setup time      | 100 kHz mode | 250        | —     | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 100        | —     | ns         |
| 92*           | TSU:STO | STOP condition setup time  | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 0.6        | —     | μs         |
| 109*          | TAA     | Output valid from clock    | 100 kHz mode | —          | 3500  | ns         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | —          | —     | ns         |
| 110*          | TBUF    | Bus free time              | 100 kHz mode | 4.7        | —     | μs         |
|               |         |                            | 400 kHz mode | 1.3        | —     | μs         |
|               | Cb      | Bus capacitive loading     | —            | 400        | pF    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

- Note 1: As a transmitter, the device must provide this internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (min. 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of START or STOP conditions.
- Note 2: A fast-mode (400 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus device can be used in a standard-mode (100 kHz) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus system, but the requirement TSU:DAT ≥ 250 ns must then be met. This will automatically be the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line TR max. + tsu; DAT = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns (according to the standard-mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

**FIGURE 22-15: USART SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION (MASTER/SLAVE) TIMING**

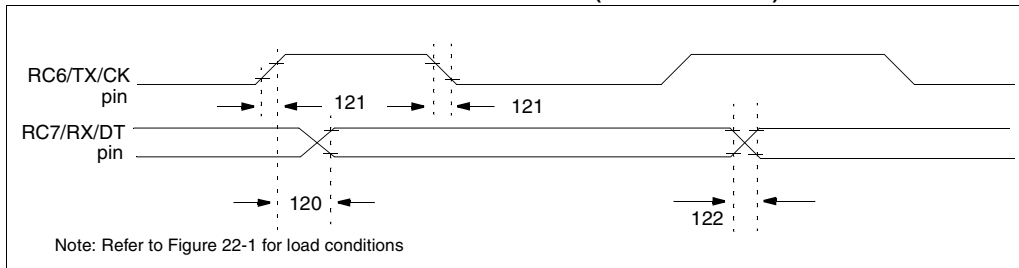


**TABLE 22-11: USART SYNCHRONOUS TRANSMISSION REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                             | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 120*          | TckH2dtV | SYNC XMIT (MASTER & SLAVE)<br>Clock high to data out valid | —   | —    | 80  | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                            | —   | —    | 100 | ns    |            |
| 121*          | Tckrf    | Clock out rise time and fall time (Master Mode)            | —   | —    | 45  | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                            | —   | —    | 50  | ns    |            |
| 122*          | TdtV     | Data out rise time and fall time                           | —   | —    | 45  | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                            | —   | —    | 50  | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

†: Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**FIGURE 22-16: USART SYNCHRONOUS RECEIVE (MASTER/SLAVE) TIMING**

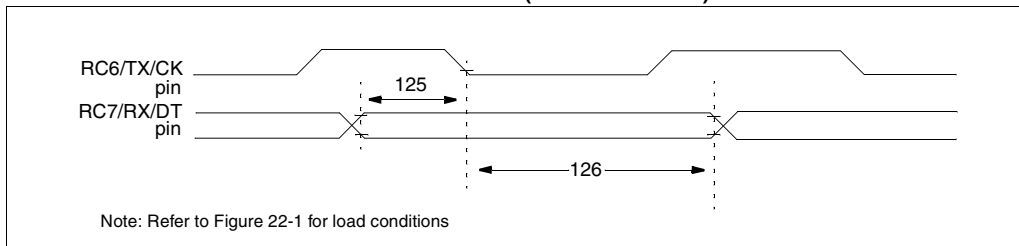


**TABLE 22-12: USART SYNCHRONOUS RECEIVE REQUIREMENTS**

| Parameter No. | Sym      | Characteristic                                                      | Min | Typ† | Max | Units | Conditions |
|---------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|------------|
| 125*          | TdtV2ckL | SYNC RCV (MASTER & SLAVE)<br>Data setup before CK ↓ (DT setup time) | 15  | —    | —   | ns    |            |
|               |          |                                                                     | 15  | —    | —   | ns    |            |
| 126*          | TckL2dtI | Data hold after CK ↓ (DT hold time)                                 | 15  | —    | —   | ns    |            |

\* These parameters are characterized but not tested.

†: Data in "Typ" column is at 5V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. These parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

## 23.0 DC AND AC CHARACTERISTICS GRAPHS AND TABLES FOR: PIC16C62, PIC16C62A, PIC16CR62, PIC16C63, PIC16C64, PIC16C64A, PIC16CR64, PIC16C65A, PIC16C66, PIC16C67

The graphs and tables provided in this section are for design guidance and are not tested or guaranteed.

**In some graphs or tables the data presented are outside specified operating range (i.e., outside specified  $V_{DD}$  range). This is for information only and devices are guaranteed to operate properly only within the specified range.**

**Note:** The data presented in this section is a statistical summary of data collected on units from different lots over a period of time and matrix samples. 'Typical' represents the mean of the distribution at, 25°C, while 'max' or 'min' represents (mean +3 $\sigma$ ) and (mean -3 $\sigma$ ) respectively where  $\sigma$  is standard deviation.

**FIGURE 23-1: TYPICAL  $I_{PD}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE)**

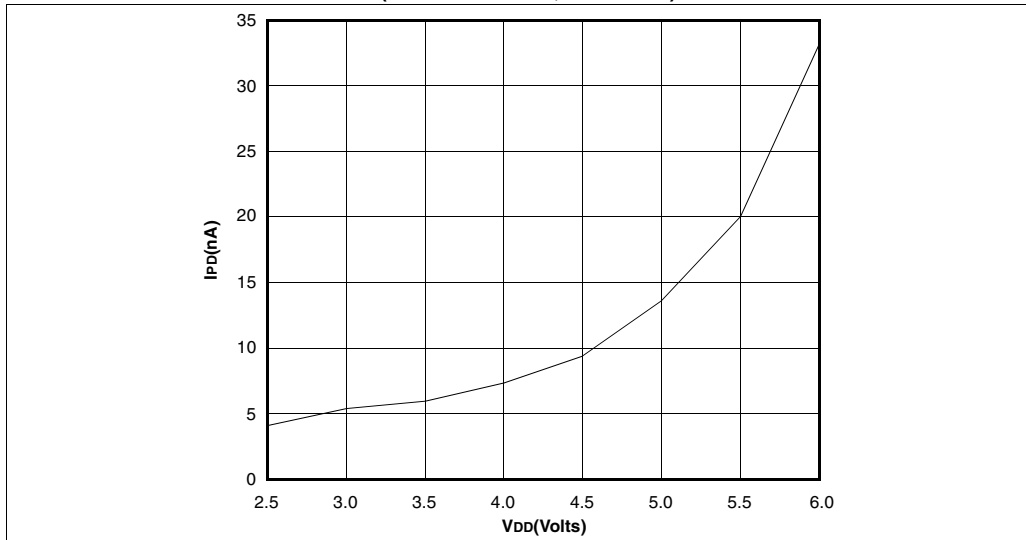
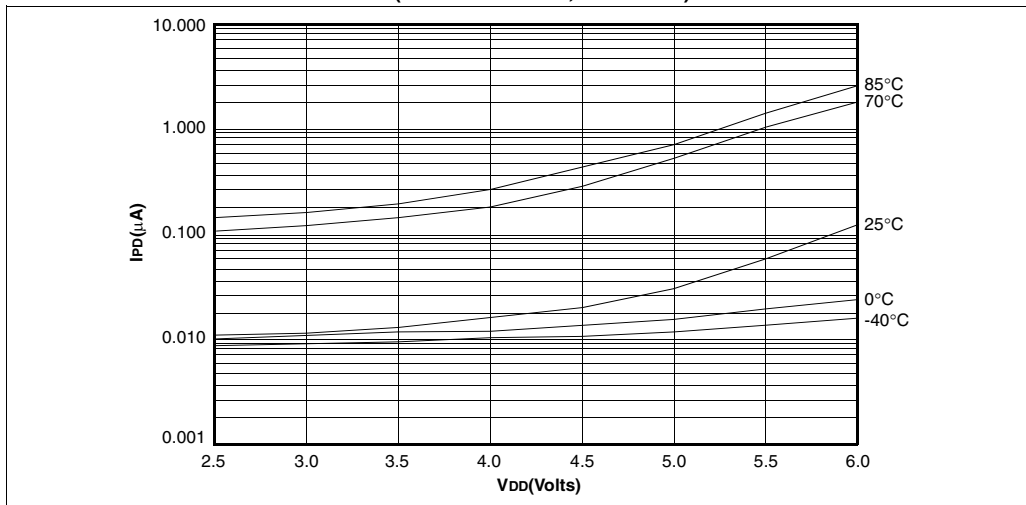


**FIGURE 23-2: MAXIMUM  $I_{PD}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  (WDT DISABLED, RC MODE)**



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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

FIGURE 23-3: TYPICAL  $I_{PD}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  @ 25°C  
(WDT ENABLED, RC MODE)

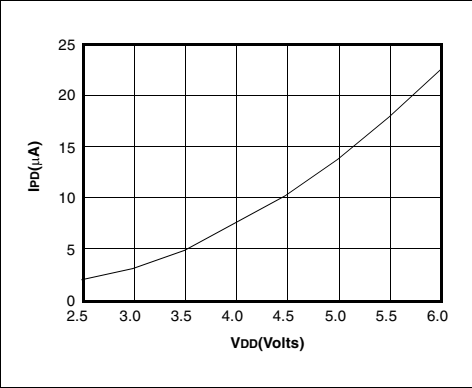


FIGURE 23-4: MAXIMUM  $I_{PD}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  (WDT ENABLED, RC MODE)

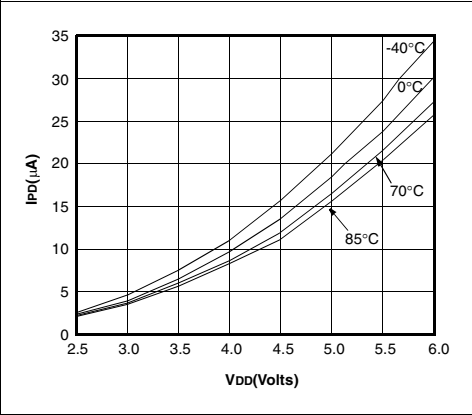


FIGURE 23-5: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR  
FREQUENCY vs.  $V_{DD}$

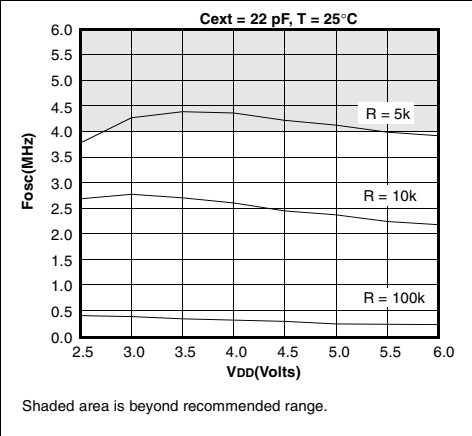


FIGURE 23-6: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR  
FREQUENCY vs.  $V_{DD}$

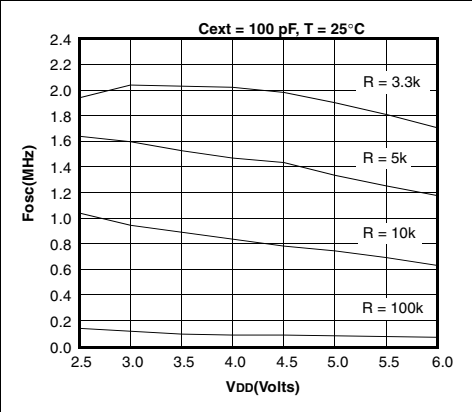
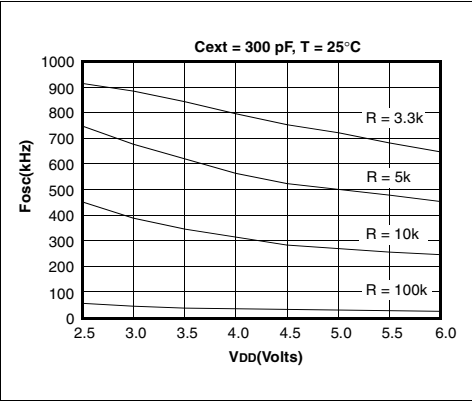


FIGURE 23-7: TYPICAL RC OSCILLATOR  
FREQUENCY vs.  $V_{DD}$



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

**FIGURE 23-8: TYPICAL  $I_{PD}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  BROWN-OUT DETECT ENABLED (RC MODE)**

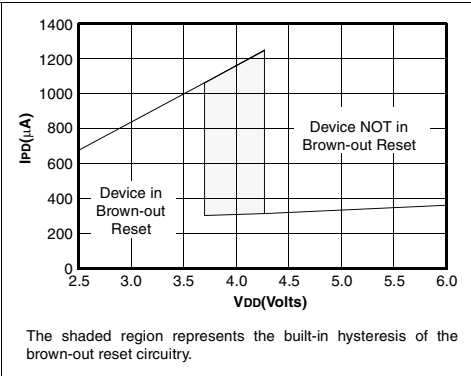


**FIGURE 23-9: MAXIMUM  $I_{PD}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$  BROWN-OUT DETECT ENABLED (85°C TO -40°C, RC MODE)**

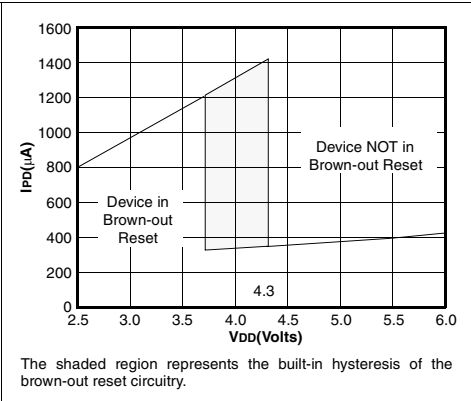


**FIGURE 23-10: TYPICAL  $I_{PD}$  vs. TIMER1 ENABLED (32 kHz, RC0/RC1 = 33 pF/33 pF, RC MODE)**

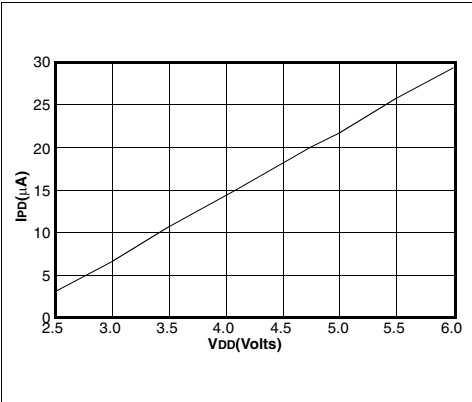
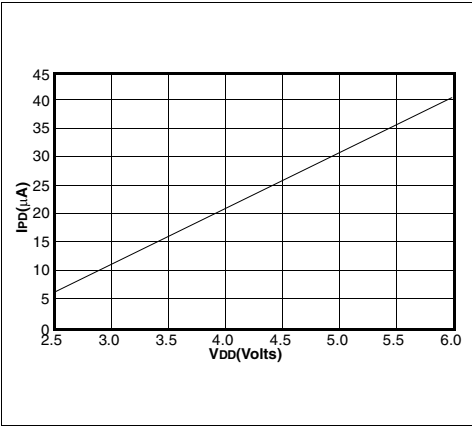


**FIGURE 23-11: MAXIMUM  $I_{PD}$  vs. TIMER1 ENABLED (32 kHz, RC0/RC1 = 33 pF/33 pF, 85°C TO -40°C, RC MODE)**



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

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Applicable Devices 

|    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

FIGURE 23-12: TYPICAL I<sub>DD</sub> vs. FREQUENCY (RC MODE @ 22 pF, 25°C)

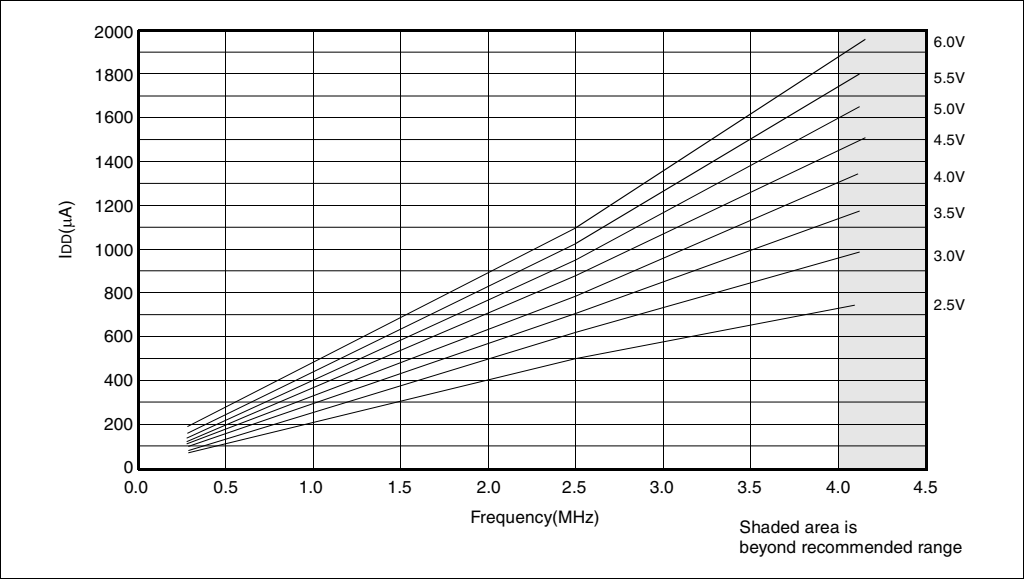
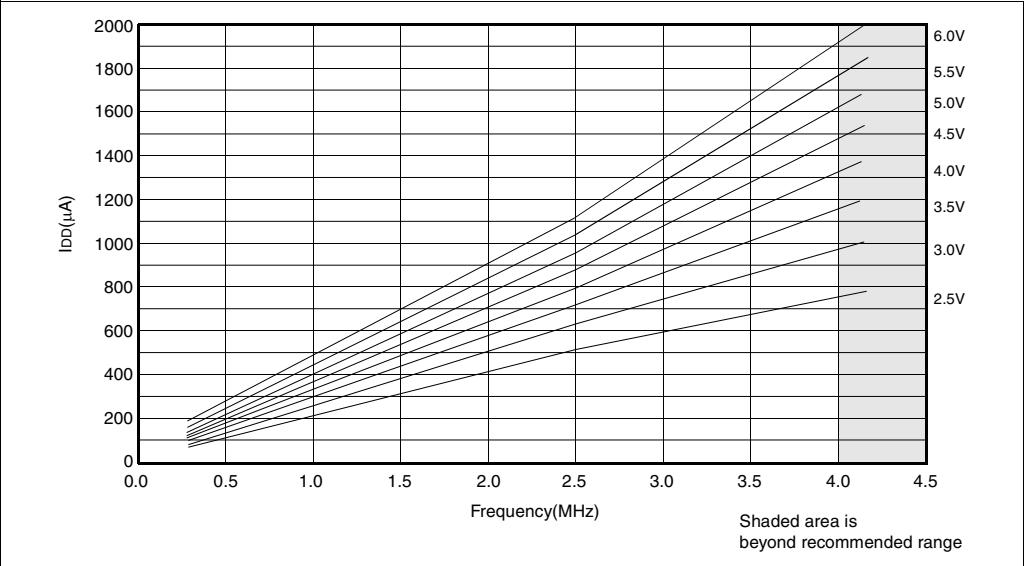


FIGURE 23-13: MAXIMUM I<sub>DD</sub> vs. FREQUENCY (RC MODE @ 22 pF, -40°C TO 85°C)



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.



|                    |    |    |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |    |     |     |    |    |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Applicable Devices | 61 | 62 | 62A | R62 | 63 | R63 | 64 | 64A | R64 | 65 | 65A | R65 | 66 | 67 |
|--------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|

FIGURE 23-14: TYPICAL I<sub>DD</sub> vs. FREQUENCY (RC MODE @ 100 pF, 25°C)

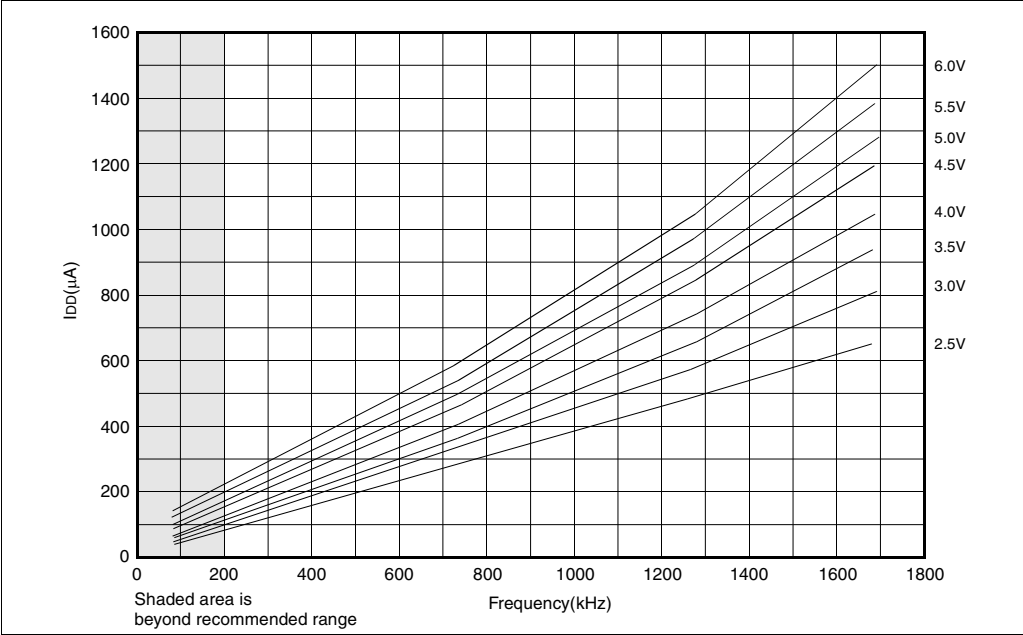
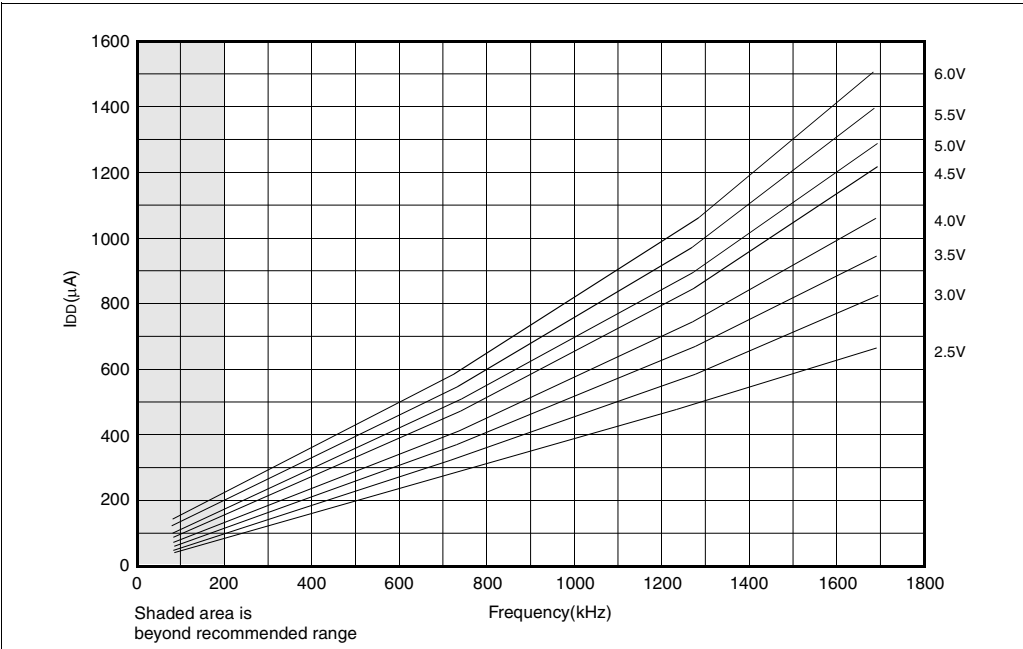


FIGURE 23-15: MAXIMUM I<sub>DD</sub> vs. FREQUENCY (RC MODE @ 100 pF, -40°C TO 85°C)



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

FIGURE 23-16: TYPICAL  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY (RC MODE @ 300 pF, 25°C)

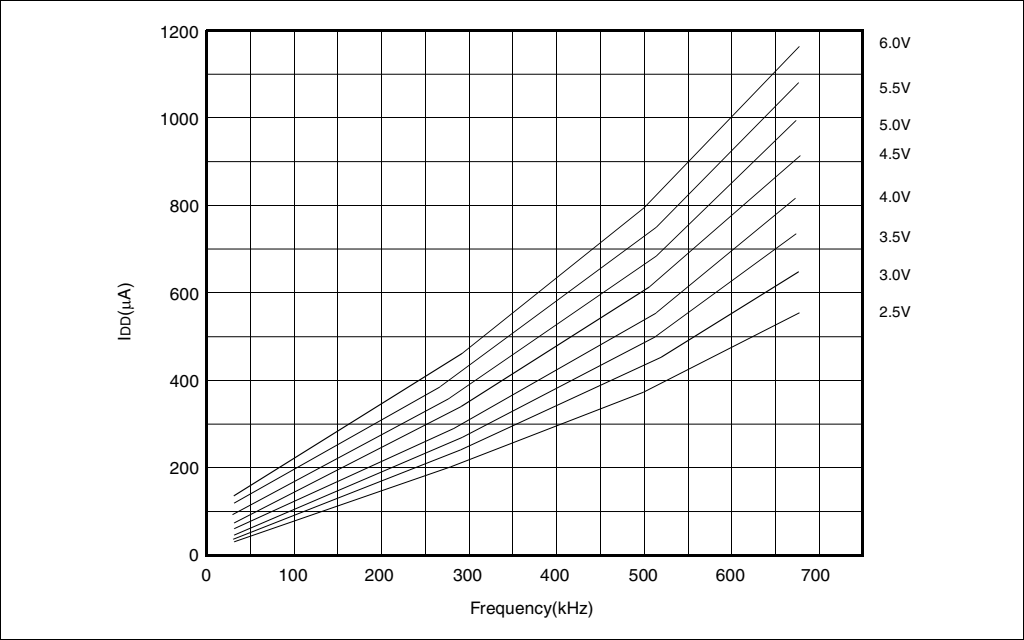
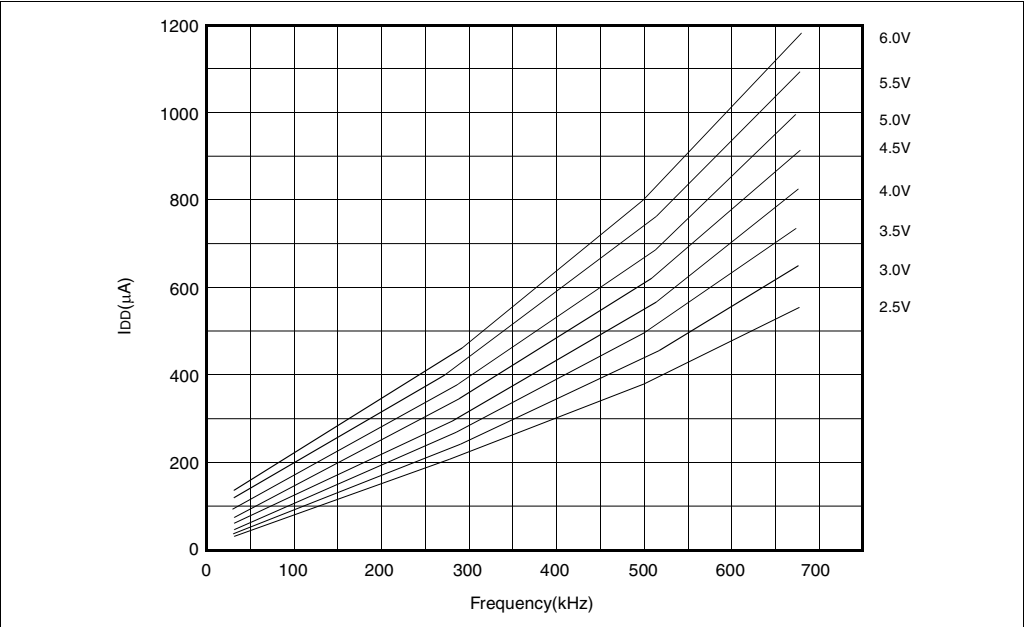


FIGURE 23-17: MAXIMUM  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY (RC MODE @ 300 pF, -40°C TO 85°C)



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

FIGURE 23-18: TYPICAL I<sub>DD</sub> vs.  
CAPACITANCE @ 500 kHz  
(RC MODE)

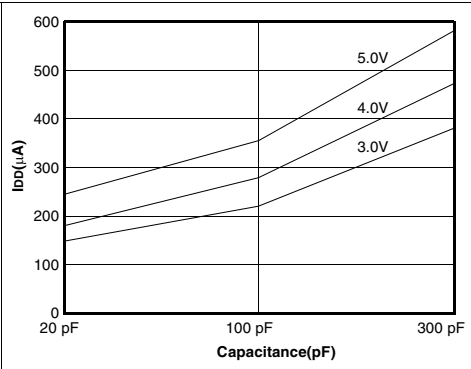


TABLE 23-1: RC OSCILLATOR  
FREQUENCIES

| Cext   | Rext | Average         |        |
|--------|------|-----------------|--------|
|        |      | Fosc @ 5V, 25°C |        |
| 22 pF  | 5k   | 4.12 MHz        | ± 1.4% |
|        | 10k  | 2.35 MHz        | ± 1.4% |
|        | 100k | 268 kHz         | ± 1.1% |
| 100 pF | 3.3k | 1.80 MHz        | ± 1.0% |
|        | 5k   | 1.27 MHz        | ± 1.0% |
|        | 10k  | 688 kHz         | ± 1.2% |
|        | 100k | 77.2 kHz        | ± 1.0% |
| 300 pF | 3.3k | 707 kHz         | ± 1.4% |
|        | 5k   | 501 kHz         | ± 1.2% |
|        | 10k  | 269 kHz         | ± 1.6% |
|        | 100k | 28.3 kHz        | ± 1.1% |

The percentage variation indicated here is part to part variation due to normal process distribution. The variation indicated is  $\pm 3$  standard deviation from average value for V<sub>DD</sub> = 5V.

FIGURE 23-19: TRANSCONDUCTANCE(g<sub>m</sub>)  
OF HS OSCILLATOR vs. V<sub>DD</sub>

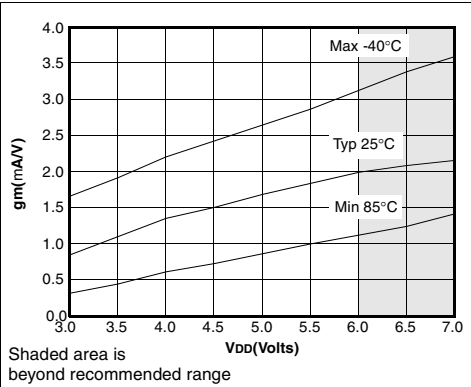


FIGURE 23-20: TRANSCONDUCTANCE(g<sub>m</sub>)  
OF LP OSCILLATOR vs. V<sub>DD</sub>

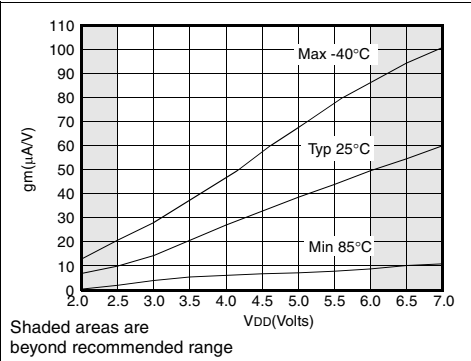
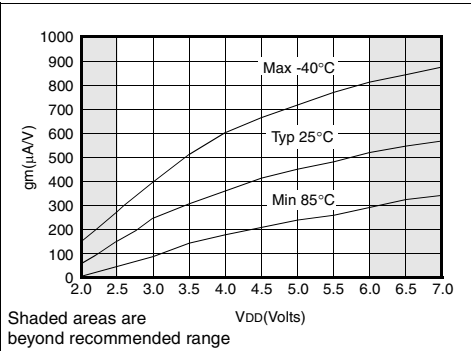


FIGURE 23-21: TRANSCONDUCTANCE(g<sub>m</sub>)  
OF XT OSCILLATOR vs. V<sub>DD</sub>



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

# PIC16C6X

Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

FIGURE 23-22: TYPICAL XTAL STARTUP TIME vs. VDD (LP MODE, 25°C)

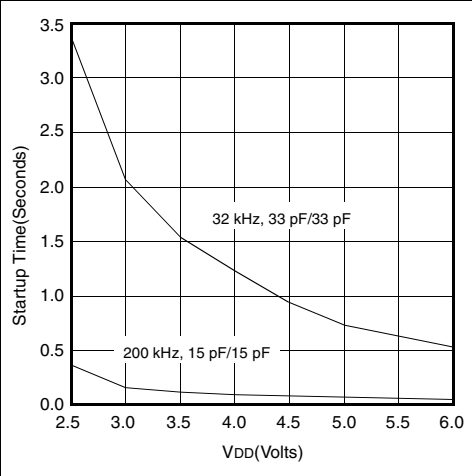


FIGURE 23-23: TYPICAL XTAL STARTUP TIME vs. VDD (HS MODE, 25°C)

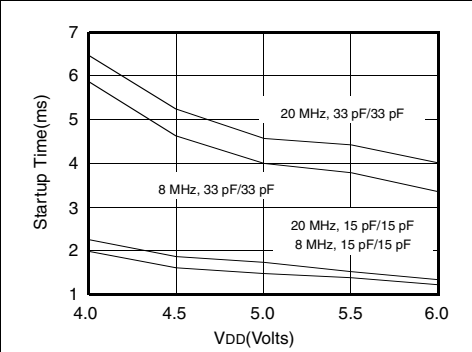


FIGURE 23-24: TYPICAL XTAL STARTUP TIME vs. VDD (XT MODE, 25°C)

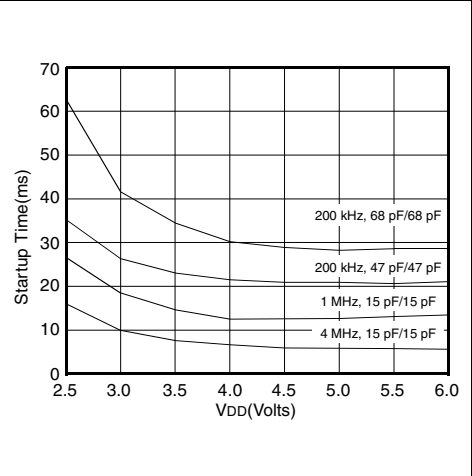


TABLE 23-2: CAPACITOR SELECTION FOR CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS

| Osc Type      | Crystal Freq           | Cap. Range C1 | Cap. Range C2 |
|---------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| LP            | 32 kHz                 | 33 pF         | 33 pF         |
|               | 200 kHz                | 15 pF         | 15 pF         |
| XT            | 200 kHz                | 47-68 pF      | 47-68 pF      |
|               | 1 MHz                  | 15 pF         | 15 pF         |
|               | 4 MHz                  | 15 pF         | 15 pF         |
| HS            | 4 MHz                  | 15 pF         | 15 pF         |
|               | 8 MHz                  | 15-33 pF      | 15-33 pF      |
|               | 20 MHz                 | 15-33 pF      | 15-33 pF      |
| Crystals Used |                        |               |               |
| 32 kHz        | Epson C-001R32.768K-A  | ± 20 PPM      |               |
| 200 kHz       | STD XTL 200.000KHz     | ± 20 PPM      |               |
| 1 MHz         | ECS ECS-10-13-1        | ± 50 PPM      |               |
| 4 MHz         | ECS ECS-40-20-1        | ± 50 PPM      |               |
| 8 MHz         | EPSON CA-301 8.000M-C  | ± 30 PPM      |               |
| 20 MHz        | EPSON CA-301 20.000M-C | ± 30 PPM      |               |

Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

**FIGURE 23-25: TYPICAL  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY  
(LP MODE, 25°C)**

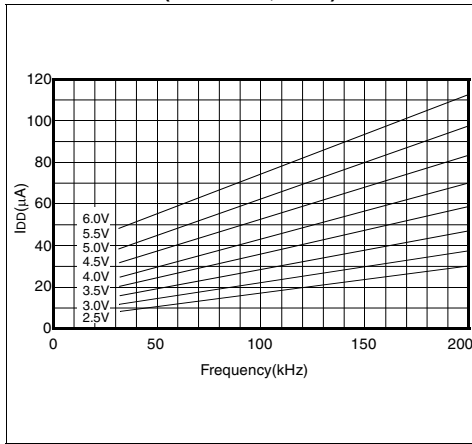


**FIGURE 23-26: MAXIMUM  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY  
(LP MODE, 85°C TO -40°C)**

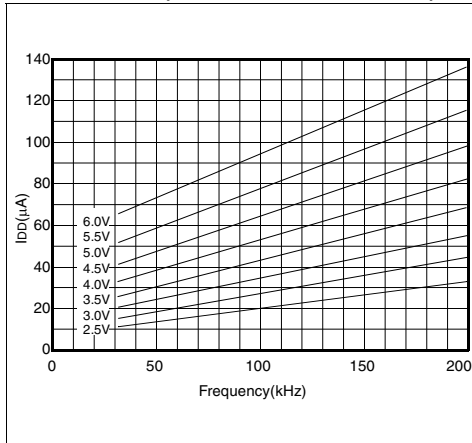


**FIGURE 23-27: TYPICAL  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY  
(XT MODE, 25°C)**

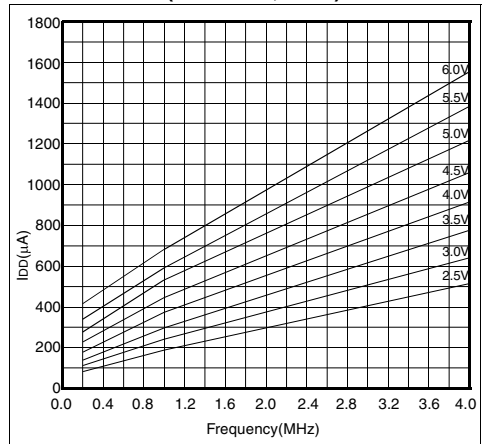
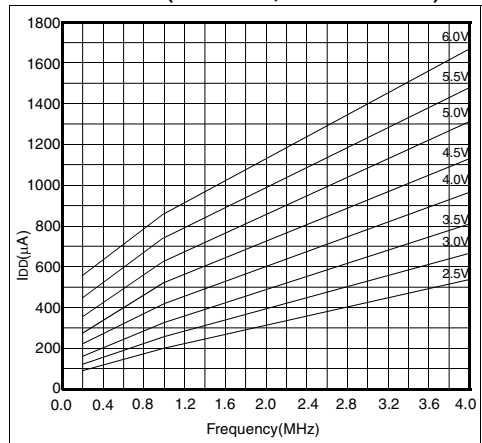


**FIGURE 23-28: MAXIMUM  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY  
(XT MODE, -40°C TO 85°C)**



Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

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Applicable Devices 61 62 62A R62 63 R63 64 64A R64 65 65A R65 66 67

FIGURE 23-29: TYPICAL  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY  
(HS MODE, 25°C)

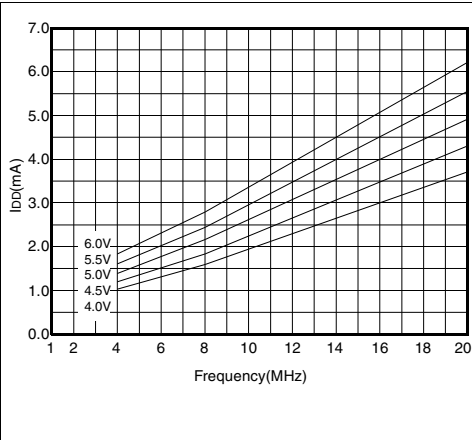
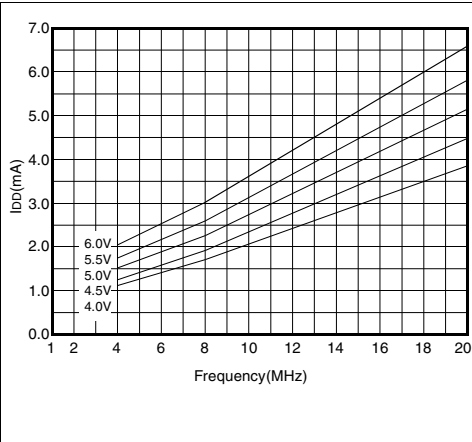


FIGURE 23-30: MAXIMUM  $I_{DD}$  vs. FREQUENCY  
(HS MODE, -40°C TO 85°C)

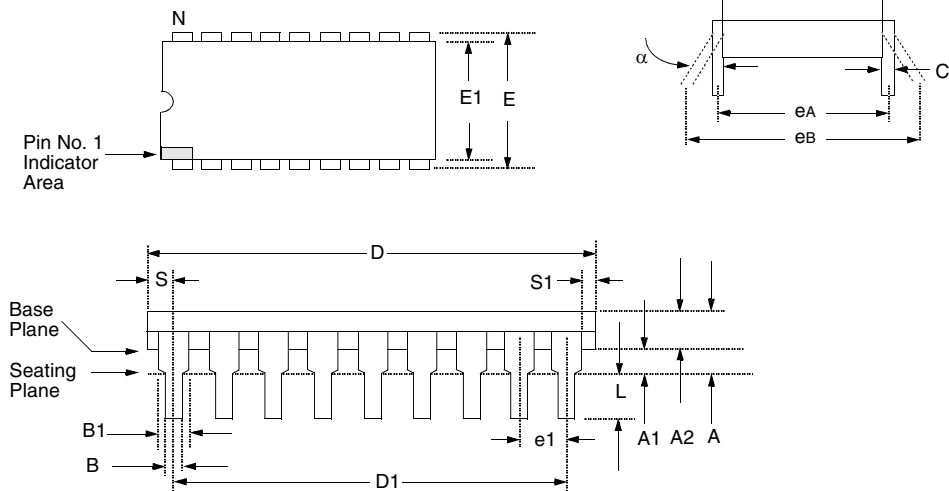


Data based on matrix samples. See first page of this section for details.

## 24.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

### 24.1 18-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (300 mil) (P)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

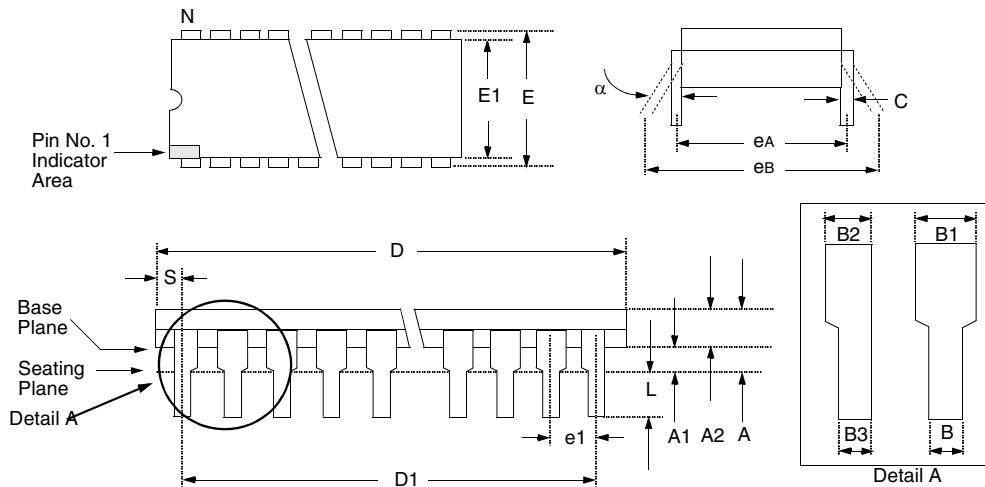


| Package Group: Plastic Dual In-Line (PLA) |             |        |           |        |       |           |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                                    | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|                                           | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| $\alpha$                                  | 0°          | 10°    |           | 0°     | 10°   |           |
| A                                         | —           | 4.064  |           | —      | 0.160 |           |
| A1                                        | 0.381       | —      |           | 0.015  | —     |           |
| A2                                        | 3.048       | 3.810  |           | 0.120  | 0.150 |           |
| B                                         | 0.355       | 0.559  |           | 0.014  | 0.022 |           |
| B1                                        | 1.524       | 1.524  | Reference | 0.060  | 0.060 | Reference |
| C                                         | 0.203       | 0.381  | Typical   | 0.008  | 0.015 | Typical   |
| D                                         | 22.479      | 23.495 |           | 0.885  | 0.925 |           |
| D1                                        | 20.320      | 20.320 | Reference | 0.800  | 0.800 | Reference |
| E                                         | 7.620       | 8.255  |           | 0.300  | 0.325 |           |
| E1                                        | 6.096       | 7.112  |           | 0.240  | 0.280 |           |
| e1                                        | 2.489       | 2.591  | Typical   | 0.098  | 0.102 | Typical   |
| eA                                        | 7.620       | 7.620  | Reference | 0.300  | 0.300 | Reference |
| eB                                        | 7.874       | 9.906  |           | 0.310  | 0.390 |           |
| L                                         | 3.048       | 3.556  |           | 0.120  | 0.140 |           |
| N                                         | 18          | 18     |           | 18     | 18    |           |
| S                                         | 0.889       | —      |           | 0.035  | —     |           |
| S1                                        | 0.127       | —      |           | 0.005  | —     |           |

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## 24.2 28-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (300 mil) (SP)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

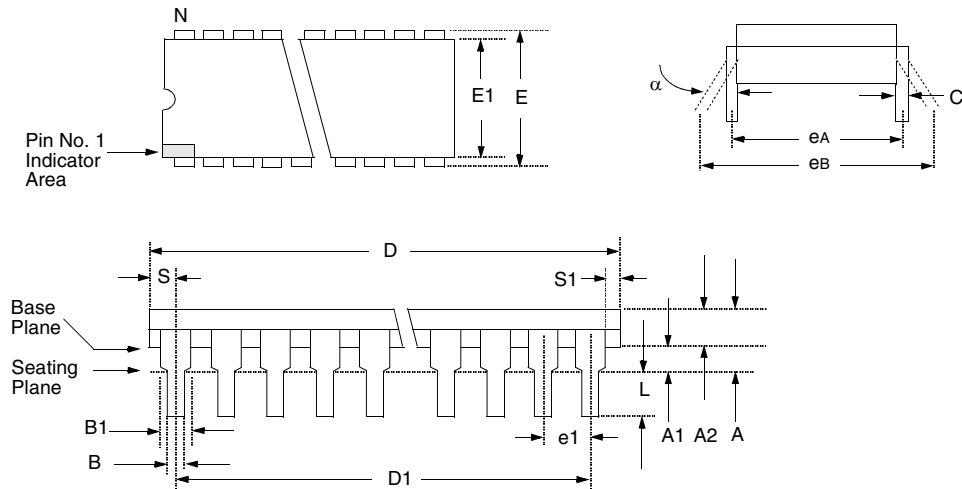


| Package Group: Plastic Dual In-Line (PLA) |             |        |           |        |       |           |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                                    | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|                                           | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| $\alpha$                                  | 0°          | 10°    |           | 0°     | 10°   |           |
| A                                         | 3.632       | 4.572  |           | 0.143  | 0.180 |           |
| A1                                        | 0.381       | —      |           | 0.015  | —     |           |
| A2                                        | 3.175       | 3.556  |           | 0.125  | 0.140 |           |
| B                                         | 0.406       | 0.559  |           | 0.016  | 0.022 |           |
| B1                                        | 1.016       | 1.651  | Typical   | 0.040  | 0.065 | Typical   |
| B2                                        | 0.762       | 1.016  | 4 places  | 0.030  | 0.040 | 4 places  |
| B3                                        | 0.203       | 0.508  | 4 places  | 0.008  | 0.020 | 4 places  |
| C                                         | 0.203       | 0.331  | Typical   | 0.008  | 0.013 | Typical   |
| D                                         | 34.163      | 35.179 |           | 1.385  | 1.395 |           |
| D1                                        | 33.020      | 33.020 | Reference | 1.300  | 1.300 | Reference |
| E                                         | 7.874       | 8.382  |           | 0.310  | 0.330 |           |
| E1                                        | 7.112       | 7.493  |           | 0.280  | 0.295 |           |
| e1                                        | 2.540       | 2.540  | Typical   | 0.100  | 0.100 | Typical   |
| eA                                        | 7.874       | 7.874  | Reference | 0.310  | 0.310 | Reference |
| eB                                        | 8.128       | 9.652  |           | 0.320  | 0.380 |           |
| L                                         | 3.175       | 3.683  |           | 0.125  | 0.145 |           |
| N                                         | 28          | 28     |           | 28     | 28    |           |
| S                                         | 0.584       | 1.220  |           | 0.023  | 0.048 |           |



## 24.3 40-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (600 mil) (P)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

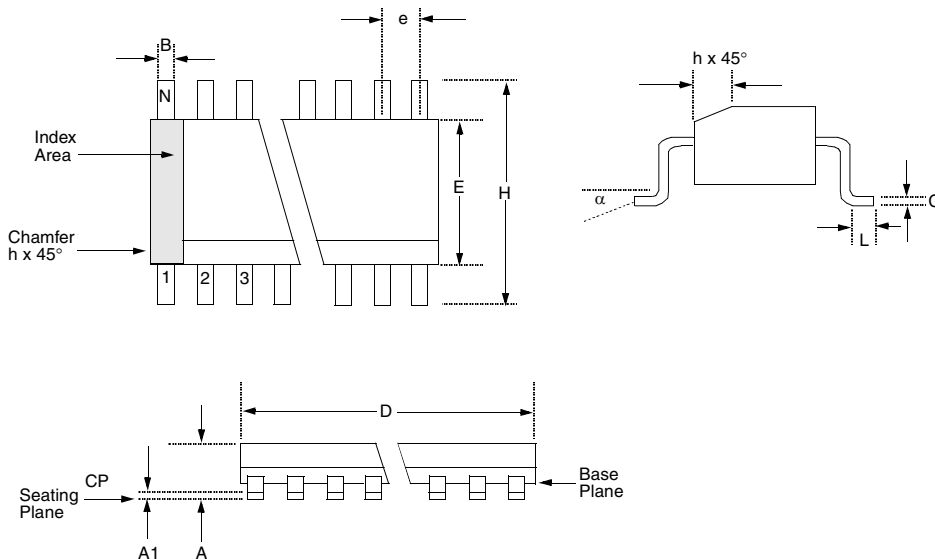


| Package Group: Plastic Dual In-Line (PLA) |             |        |           |        |       |           |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                                    | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|                                           | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| $\alpha$                                  | 0°          | 10°    |           | 0°     | 10°   |           |
| A                                         | —           | 5.080  |           | —      | 0.200 |           |
| A1                                        | 0.381       | —      |           | 0.015  | —     |           |
| A2                                        | 3.175       | 4.064  |           | 0.125  | 0.160 |           |
| B                                         | 0.355       | 0.559  |           | 0.014  | 0.022 |           |
| B1                                        | 1.270       | 1.778  | Typical   | 0.050  | 0.070 | Typical   |
| C                                         | 0.203       | 0.381  | Typical   | 0.008  | 0.015 | Typical   |
| D                                         | 51.181      | 52.197 |           | 2.015  | 2.055 |           |
| D1                                        | 48.260      | 48.260 | Reference | 1.900  | 1.900 | Reference |
| E                                         | 15.240      | 15.875 |           | 0.600  | 0.625 |           |
| E1                                        | 13.462      | 13.970 |           | 0.530  | 0.550 |           |
| e1                                        | 2.489       | 2.591  | Typical   | 0.098  | 0.102 | Typical   |
| eA                                        | 15.240      | 15.240 | Reference | 0.600  | 0.600 | Reference |
| eB                                        | 15.240      | 17.272 |           | 0.600  | 0.680 |           |
| L                                         | 2.921       | 3.683  |           | 0.115  | 0.145 |           |
| N                                         | 40          | 40     |           | 40     | 40    |           |
| S                                         | 1.270       | —      |           | 0.050  | —     |           |
| S1                                        | 0.508       | —      |           | 0.020  | —     |           |

# PIC16C6X

## 24.4 18-Lead Plastic Surface Mount (SOIC - Wide, 300 mil Body) (SO)

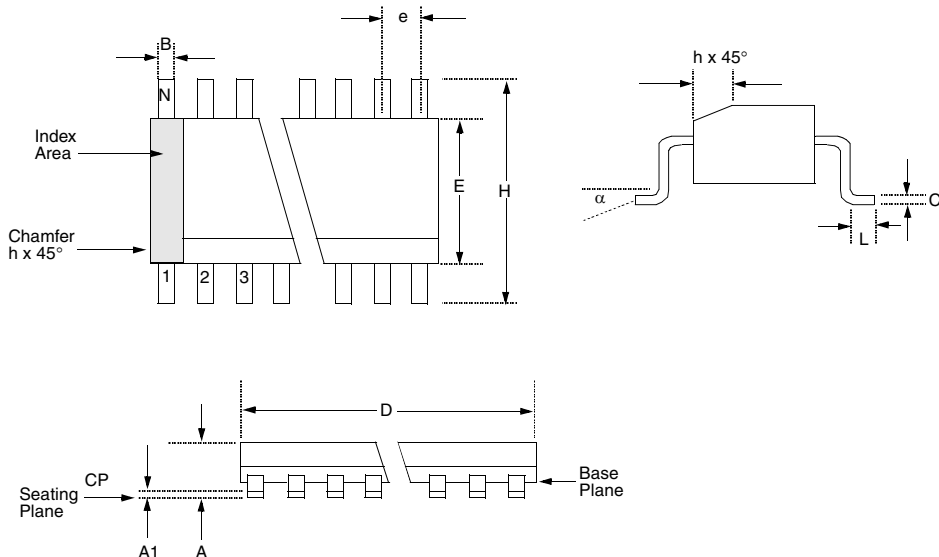
**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Package Group: Plastic SOIC (SO) |             |        |           |        |       |           |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                           | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|                                  | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| α                                | 0°          | 8°     |           | 0°     | 8°    |           |
| A                                | 2.362       | 2.642  |           | 0.093  | 0.104 |           |
| A1                               | 0.101       | 0.300  |           | 0.004  | 0.012 |           |
| B                                | 0.355       | 0.483  |           | 0.014  | 0.019 |           |
| C                                | 0.241       | 0.318  |           | 0.009  | 0.013 |           |
| D                                | 11.353      | 11.735 |           | 0.447  | 0.462 |           |
| E                                | 7.416       | 7.595  |           | 0.292  | 0.299 |           |
| e                                | 1.270       | 1.270  | Reference | 0.050  | 0.050 | Reference |
| H                                | 10.007      | 10.643 |           | 0.394  | 0.419 |           |
| h                                | 0.381       | 0.762  |           | 0.015  | 0.030 |           |
| L                                | 0.406       | 1.143  |           | 0.016  | 0.045 |           |
| N                                | 18          | 18     |           | 18     | 18    |           |
| CP                               | —           | 0.102  |           | —      | 0.004 |           |

## 24.5 28-Lead Plastic Surface Mount (SOIC - Wide, 300 mil Body) (SO)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

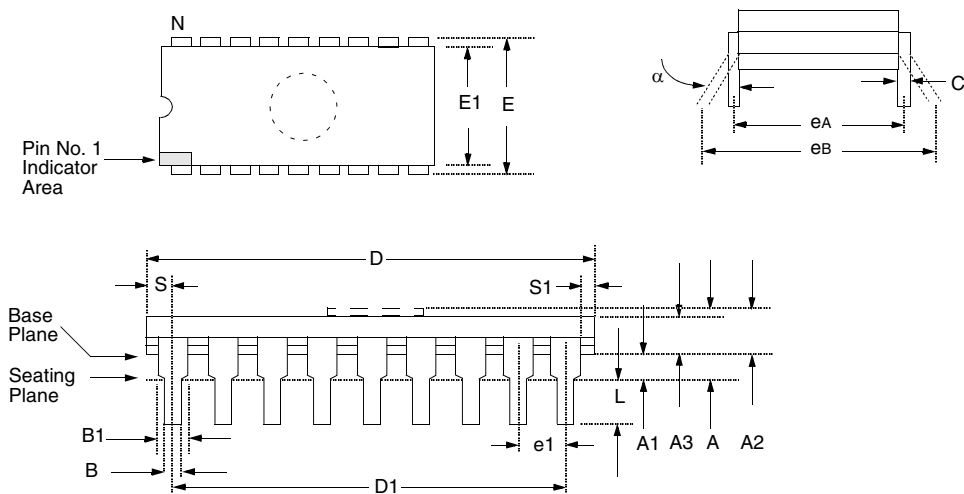


| Package Group: Plastic SOIC (SO) |             |        |         |        |       |         |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| Symbol                           | Millimeters |        |         | Inches |       |         |
|                                  | Min         | Max    | Notes   | Min    | Max   | Notes   |
| $\alpha$                         | 0°          | 8°     |         | 0°     | 8°    |         |
| A                                | 2.362       | 2.642  |         | 0.093  | 0.104 |         |
| A1                               | 0.101       | 0.300  |         | 0.004  | 0.012 |         |
| B                                | 0.355       | 0.483  |         | 0.014  | 0.019 |         |
| C                                | 0.241       | 0.318  |         | 0.009  | 0.013 |         |
| D                                | 17.703      | 18.085 |         | 0.697  | 0.712 |         |
| E                                | 7.416       | 7.595  |         | 0.292  | 0.299 |         |
| e                                | 1.270       | 1.270  | Typical | 0.050  | 0.050 | Typical |
| H                                | 10.007      | 10.643 |         | 0.394  | 0.419 |         |
| h                                | 0.381       | 0.762  |         | 0.015  | 0.030 |         |
| L                                | 0.406       | 1.143  |         | 0.016  | 0.045 |         |
| N                                | 28          | 28     |         | 28     | 28    |         |
| CP                               | —           | 0.102  |         | —      | 0.004 |         |

# PIC16C6X

## 24.6 18-Lead Ceramic Cerdip Dual In-line with Window (300 mil) (JW)

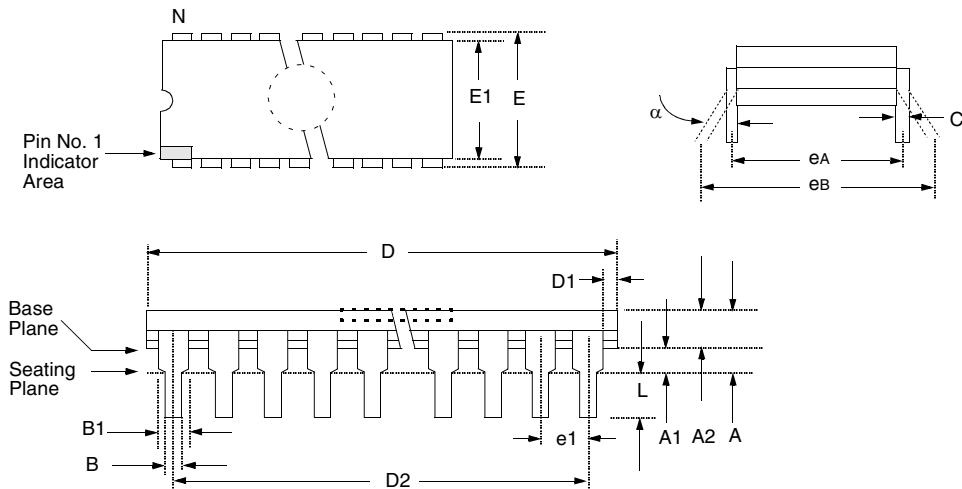
**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Package Group: Ceramic Cerdip Dual In-Line (CDP) |             |        |           |        |       |           |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                                           | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|                                                  | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| $\alpha$                                         | 0°          | 10°    |           | 0°     | 10°   |           |
| A                                                | —           | 5.080  |           | —      | 0.200 |           |
| A1                                               | 0.381       | 1.778  |           | 0.015  | 0.070 |           |
| A2                                               | 3.810       | 4.699  |           | 0.150  | 0.185 |           |
| A3                                               | 3.810       | 4.445  |           | 0.150  | 0.175 |           |
| B                                                | 0.355       | 0.585  |           | 0.014  | 0.023 |           |
| B1                                               | 1.270       | 1.651  | Typical   | 0.050  | 0.065 | Typical   |
| C                                                | 0.203       | 0.381  | Typical   | 0.008  | 0.015 | Typical   |
| D                                                | 22.352      | 23.622 |           | 0.880  | 0.930 |           |
| D1                                               | 20.320      | 20.320 | Reference | 0.800  | 0.800 | Reference |
| E                                                | 7.620       | 8.382  |           | 0.300  | 0.330 |           |
| E1                                               | 5.588       | 7.874  |           | 0.220  | 0.310 |           |
| e1                                               | 2.540       | 2.540  | Reference | 0.100  | 0.100 | Reference |
| eA                                               | 7.366       | 8.128  | Typical   | 0.290  | 0.320 | Typical   |
| eB                                               | 7.620       | 10.160 |           | 0.300  | 0.400 |           |
| L                                                | 3.175       | 3.810  |           | 0.125  | 0.150 |           |
| N                                                | 18          | 18     |           | 18     | 18    |           |
| S                                                | 0.508       | 1.397  |           | 0.020  | 0.055 |           |
| S1                                               | 0.381       | 1.270  |           | 0.015  | 0.050 |           |

## 24.7 28-Lead Ceramic Cerdip Dual In-line with Window (300 mil) (JW)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

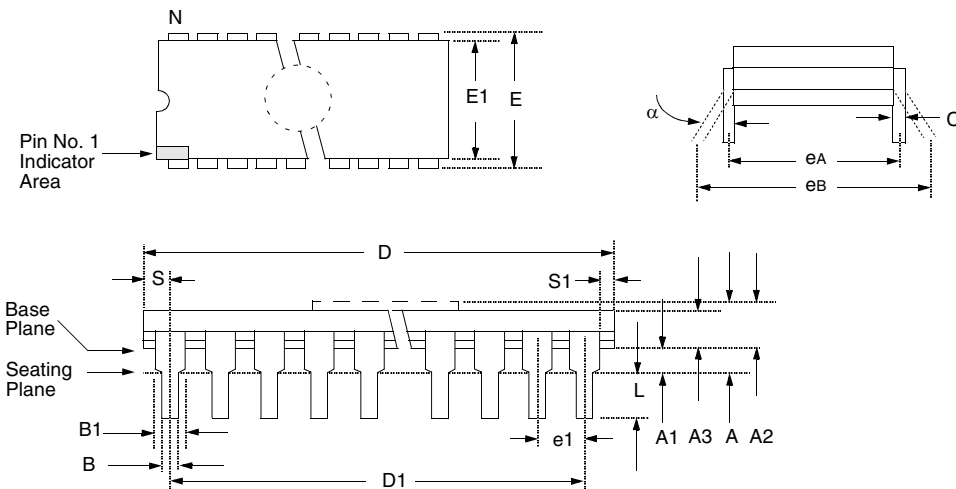


| Package Group: Ceramic Cerdip Dual In-Line (CDP) |             |       |           |        |       |           |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                                           | Millimeters |       |           | Inches |       |           |
|                                                  | Min         | Max   | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| $\alpha$                                         | 0°          | 10°   |           | 0°     | 10°   |           |
| A                                                | 3.30        | 5.84  |           | .130   | 0.230 |           |
| A1                                               | 0.38        | —     |           | 0.015  | —     |           |
| A2                                               | 2.92        | 4.95  |           | 0.115  | 0.195 |           |
| B                                                | 0.35        | 0.58  |           | 0.014  | 0.023 |           |
| B1                                               | 1.14        | 1.78  | Typical   | 0.045  | 0.070 | Typical   |
| C                                                | 0.20        | 0.38  | Typical   | 0.008  | 0.015 | Typical   |
| D                                                | 34.54       | 37.72 |           | 1.360  | 1.485 |           |
| D2                                               | 32.97       | 33.07 | Reference | 1.298  | 1.302 | Reference |
| E                                                | 7.62        | 8.25  |           | 0.300  | 0.325 |           |
| E1                                               | 6.10        | 7.87  |           | 0.240  | 0.310 |           |
| e                                                | 2.54        | 2.54  | Typical   | 0.100  | 0.100 | Typical   |
| eA                                               | 7.62        | 7.62  | Reference | 0.300  | 0.300 | Reference |
| eB                                               | —           | 11.43 |           | —      | 0.450 |           |
| L                                                | 2.92        | 5.08  |           | 0.115  | 0.200 |           |
| N                                                | 28          | 28    |           | 28     | 28    |           |
| D1                                               | 0.13        | —     |           | 0.005  | —     |           |

# PIC16C6X

## 24.8 40-Lead Ceramic Cerdip Dual In-line with Window (600 mil) (JW)

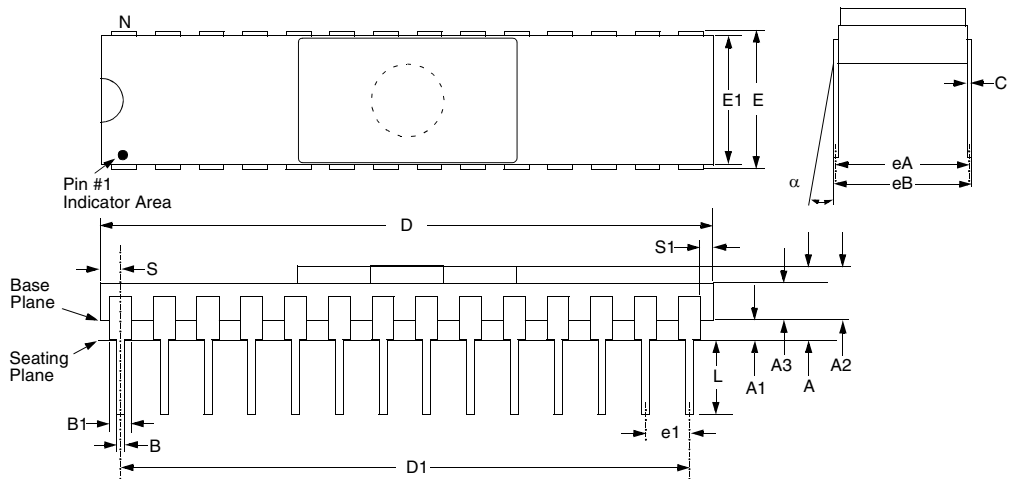
**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Package Group: Ceramic Cerdip Dual In-Line (CDP) |             |        |           |        |       |           |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                                           | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|                                                  | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| $\alpha$                                         | 0°          | 10°    |           | 0°     | 10°   |           |
| A                                                | 4.318       | 5.715  |           | 0.170  | 0.225 |           |
| A1                                               | 0.381       | 1.778  |           | 0.015  | 0.070 |           |
| A2                                               | 3.810       | 4.699  |           | 0.150  | 0.185 |           |
| A3                                               | 3.810       | 4.445  |           | 0.150  | 0.175 |           |
| B                                                | 0.355       | 0.585  |           | 0.014  | 0.023 |           |
| B1                                               | 1.270       | 1.651  | Typical   | 0.050  | 0.065 | Typical   |
| C                                                | 0.203       | 0.381  | Typical   | 0.008  | 0.015 | Typical   |
| D                                                | 51.435      | 52.705 |           | 2.025  | 2.075 |           |
| D1                                               | 48.260      | 48.260 | Reference | 1.900  | 1.900 | Reference |
| E                                                | 15.240      | 15.875 |           | 0.600  | 0.625 |           |
| E1                                               | 12.954      | 15.240 |           | 0.510  | 0.600 |           |
| e1                                               | 2.540       | 2.540  | Reference | 0.100  | 0.100 | Reference |
| eA                                               | 14.986      | 16.002 | Typical   | 0.590  | 0.630 | Typical   |
| eB                                               | 15.240      | 18.034 |           | 0.600  | 0.710 |           |
| L                                                | 3.175       | 3.810  |           | 0.125  | 0.150 |           |
| N                                                | 40          | 40     |           | 40     | 40    |           |
| S                                                | 1.016       | 2.286  |           | 0.040  | 0.090 |           |
| S1                                               | 0.381       | 1.778  |           | 0.015  | 0.070 |           |

## 24.9 28-Lead Ceramic Side Brazed Dual In-Line with Window (300 mil) (JW)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

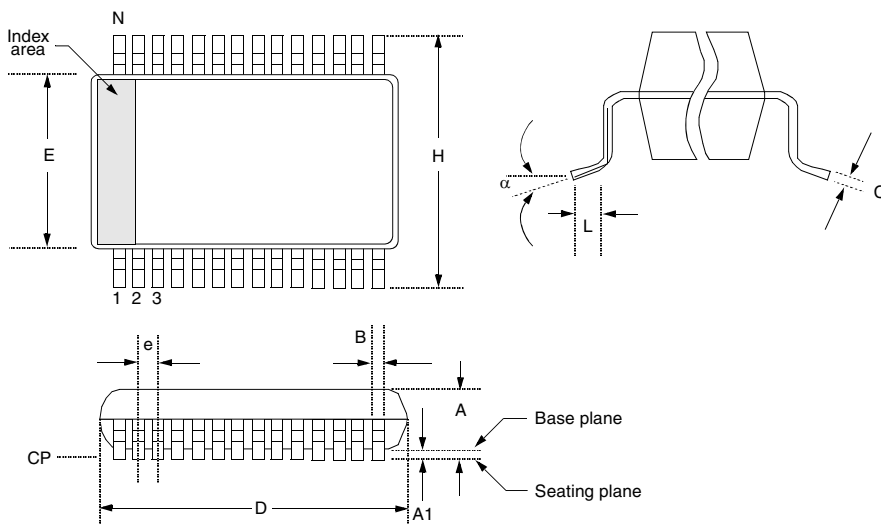


| Package Group: Ceramic Side Brazed Dual In-Line (CER) |             |        |           |        |       |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-------|
| Symbol                                                | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |       |
|                                                       | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes |
| $\alpha$                                              | 0°          | 10°    |           | 0°     | 10°   |       |
| A                                                     | 3.937       | 5.030  |           | 0.155  | 0.198 |       |
| A1                                                    | 1.016       | 1.524  |           | 0.040  | 0.060 |       |
| A2                                                    | 2.921       | 3.506  |           | 0.115  | 0.138 |       |
| A3                                                    | 1.930       | 2.388  |           | 0.076  | 0.094 |       |
| B                                                     | 0.406       | 0.508  |           | 0.016  | 0.020 |       |
| B1                                                    | 1.219       | 1.321  | Typical   | 0.048  | 0.052 |       |
| C                                                     | 0.228       | 0.305  | Typical   | 0.009  | 0.012 |       |
| D                                                     | 35.204      | 35.916 |           | 1.386  | 1.414 |       |
| D1                                                    | 32.893      | 33.147 | Reference | 1.295  | 1.305 |       |
| E                                                     | 7.620       | 8.128  |           | 0.300  | 0.320 |       |
| E1                                                    | 7.366       | 7.620  |           | 0.290  | 0.300 |       |
| e1                                                    | 2.413       | 2.667  | Typical   | 0.095  | 0.105 |       |
| eA                                                    | 7.366       | 7.874  | Reference | 0.290  | 0.310 |       |
| eB                                                    | 7.594       | 8.179  |           | 0.299  | 0.322 |       |
| L                                                     | 3.302       | 4.064  |           | 0.130  | 0.160 |       |
| N                                                     | 28          | 28     |           | 28     | 28    |       |
| S                                                     | 1.143       | 1.397  |           | 0.045  | 0.055 |       |
| S1                                                    | 0.533       | 0.737  |           | 0.021  | 0.029 |       |

# PIC16C6X

## 24.10 28-Lead Plastic Surface Mount (SSOP - 209 mil Body 5.30 mm) (SS)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

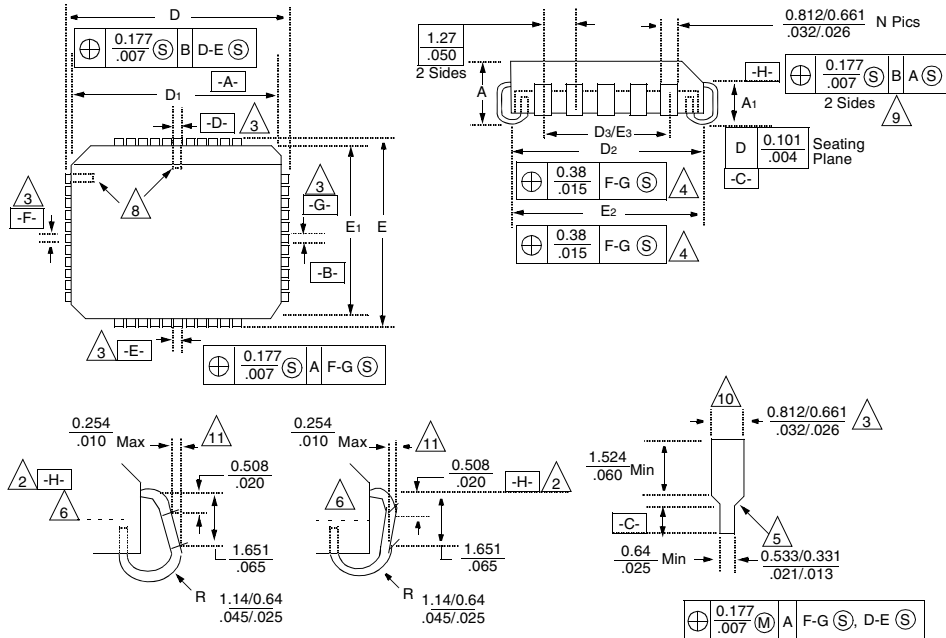


| Package Group: Plastic SSOP |             |        |           |        |       |           |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                      | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|                             | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| $\alpha$                    | 0°          | 8°     |           | 0°     | 8°    |           |
| A                           | 1.730       | 1.990  |           | 0.068  | 0.078 |           |
| A1                          | 0.050       | 0.210  |           | 0.002  | 0.008 |           |
| B                           | 0.250       | 0.380  |           | 0.010  | 0.015 |           |
| C                           | 0.130       | 0.220  |           | 0.005  | 0.009 |           |
| D                           | 10.070      | 10.330 |           | 0.396  | 0.407 |           |
| E                           | 5.200       | 5.380  |           | 0.205  | 0.212 |           |
| e                           | 0.650       | 0.650  | Reference | 0.026  | 0.026 | Reference |
| H                           | 7.650       | 7.900  |           | 0.301  | 0.311 |           |
| L                           | 0.550       | 0.950  |           | 0.022  | 0.037 |           |
| N                           | 28          | 28     |           | 28     | 28    |           |
| CP                          | -           | 0.102  |           | -      | 0.004 |           |



## 24.11 44-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (Square) (PLCC)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



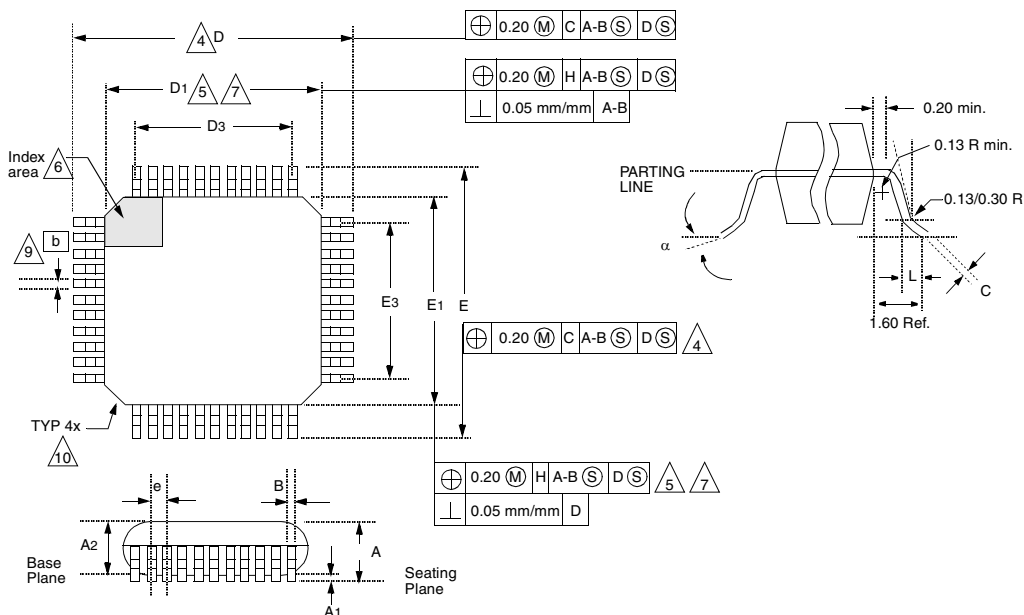
Package Group: Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)

| Symbol | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|--------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
|        | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| A      | 4.191       | 4.572  |           | 0.165  | 0.180 |           |
| A1     | 2.413       | 2.921  |           | 0.095  | 0.115 |           |
| D      | 17.399      | 17.653 |           | 0.685  | 0.695 |           |
| D1     | 16.510      | 16.663 |           | 0.650  | 0.656 |           |
| D2     | 15.494      | 16.002 |           | 0.610  | 0.630 |           |
| D3     | 12.700      | 12.700 | Reference | 0.500  | 0.500 | Reference |
| E      | 17.399      | 17.653 |           | 0.685  | 0.695 |           |
| E1     | 16.510      | 16.663 |           | 0.650  | 0.656 |           |
| E2     | 15.494      | 16.002 |           | 0.610  | 0.630 |           |
| E3     | 12.700      | 12.700 | Reference | 0.500  | 0.500 | Reference |
| N      | 44          | 44     |           | 44     | 44    |           |
| CP     | —           | 0.102  |           | —      | 0.004 |           |
| LT     | 0.203       | 0.381  |           | 0.008  | 0.015 |           |

# PIC16C6X

## 24.12 44-Lead Plastic Surface Mount (MQFP 10x10 mm Body 1.6/0.15 mm Lead Form) (PQ)

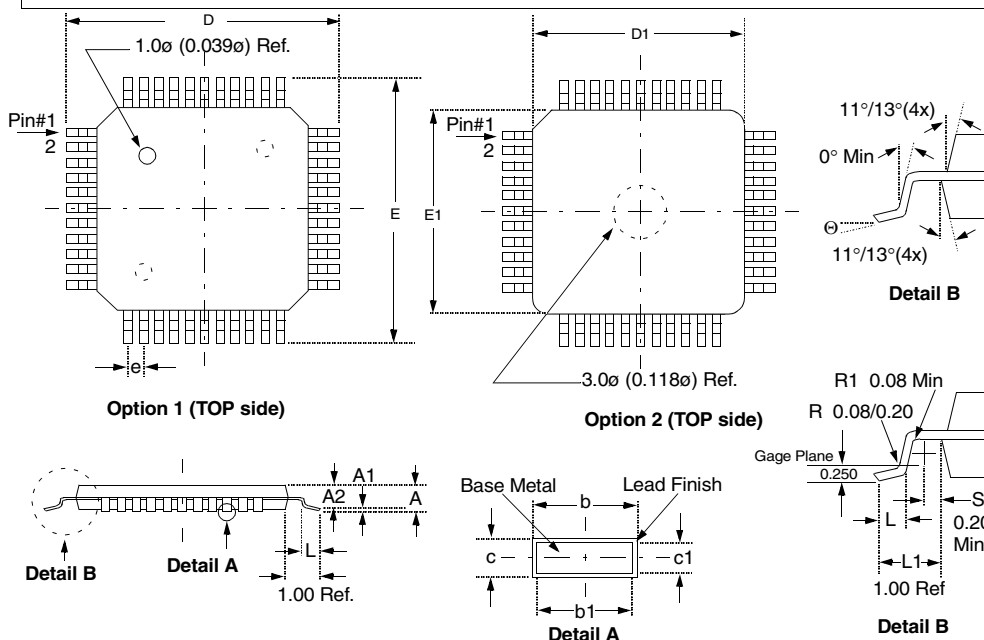
**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Package Group: Plastic MQFP |             |        |           |        |       |           |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|-----------|
| Symbol                      | Millimeters |        |           | Inches |       |           |
|                             | Min         | Max    | Notes     | Min    | Max   | Notes     |
| $\alpha$                    | 0°          | 7°     |           | 0°     | 7°    |           |
| A                           | 2.000       | 2.350  |           | 0.078  | 0.093 |           |
| A1                          | 0.050       | 0.250  |           | 0.002  | 0.010 |           |
| A2                          | 1.950       | 2.100  |           | 0.768  | 0.083 |           |
| b                           | 0.300       | 0.450  | Typical   | 0.011  | 0.018 | Typical   |
| C                           | 0.150       | 0.180  |           | 0.006  | 0.007 |           |
| D                           | 12.950      | 13.450 |           | 0.510  | 0.530 |           |
| D1                          | 9.900       | 10.100 |           | 0.390  | 0.398 |           |
| D3                          | 8.000       | 8.000  | Reference | 0.315  | 0.315 | Reference |
| E                           | 12.950      | 13.450 |           | 0.510  | 0.530 |           |
| E1                          | 9.900       | 10.100 |           | 0.390  | 0.398 |           |
| E3                          | 8.000       | 8.000  | Reference | 0.315  | 0.315 | Reference |
| e                           | 0.800       | 0.800  |           | 0.031  | 0.032 |           |
| L                           | 0.730       | 1.030  |           | 0.028  | 0.041 |           |
| N                           | 44          | 44     |           | 44     | 44    |           |
| CP                          | 0.102       | —      |           | 0.004  | —     |           |

## 24.13 44-Lead Plastic Surface Mount (TQFP 10x10 mm Body 1.0/0.10 mm Lead Form) (TQ)

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Package Group: Plastic TQFP |             |       |       |           |       |       |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|
| Symbol                      | Millimeters |       |       | Inches    |       |       |
|                             | Min         | Max   | Notes | Min       | Max   | Notes |
| A                           | 1.00        | 1.20  |       | 0.039     | 0.047 |       |
| A1                          | 0.05        | 0.15  |       | 0.002     | 0.006 |       |
| A2                          | 0.95        | 1.05  |       | 0.037     | 0.041 |       |
| D                           | 11.75       | 12.25 |       | 0.463     | 0.482 |       |
| D1                          | 9.90        | 10.10 |       | 0.390     | 0.398 |       |
| E                           | 11.75       | 12.25 |       | 0.463     | 0.482 |       |
| E1                          | 9.90        | 10.10 |       | 0.390     | 0.398 |       |
| L                           | 0.45        | 0.75  |       | 0.018     | 0.030 |       |
| e                           | 0.80 BSC    |       |       | 0.031 BSC |       |       |
| b                           | 0.30        | 0.45  |       | 0.012     | 0.018 |       |
| b1                          | 0.30        | 0.40  |       | 0.012     | 0.016 |       |
| c                           | 0.09        | 0.20  |       | 0.004     | 0.008 |       |
| c1                          | 0.09        | 0.16  |       | 0.004     | 0.006 |       |
| N                           | 44          | 44    |       | 44        | 44    |       |
| Θ                           | 0°          | 7°    |       | 0°        | 7°    |       |

Note 1: Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable mold protrusion is 0.25mm (0.010") per side. D1 and E1 dimensions including mold mismatch.

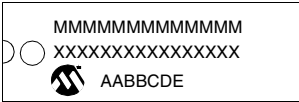
2: Dimension "b" does not include Dambar protrusion, allowable Dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm (0.003")max.

3: This outline conforms to JEDEC MS-026.

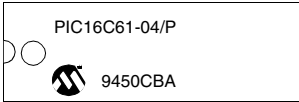
# PIC16C6X

## 24.14 Package Marking Information

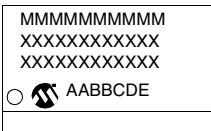
18-Lead PDIP



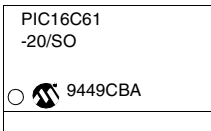
Example



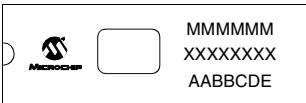
18-Lead SOIC



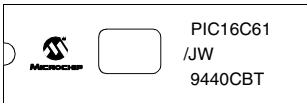
Example



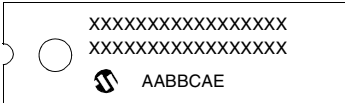
18-Lead CERDIP Windowed



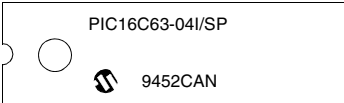
Example



28-Lead PDIP (.300 MIL)



Example

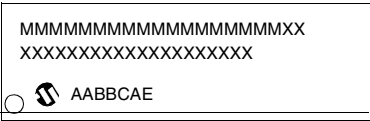


|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                           |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Legend: | MM...M                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Microchip part number information                                                                                         |
|         | XX...X                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Customer specific information*                                                                                            |
|         | AA                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)                                                                                |
|         | BB                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')                                                                                |
|         | C                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Facility code of the plant at which wafer is manufactured.<br>C = Chandler, Arizona, U.S.A.<br>S = Tempe, Arizona, U.S.A. |
|         | D <sub>1</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                         | Mask revision number for microcontroller                                                                                  |
|         | D <sub>2</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                         | Mask revision number for EEPROM                                                                                           |
|         | E                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Assembly code of the plant or country of origin in which part was assembled.                                              |
| Note:   | In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line thus limiting the number of available characters for customer specific information. |                                                                                                                           |

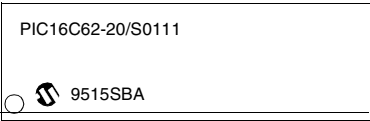
\* Standard OTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, facility code, mask revision number, and assembly code. For OTP marking beyond this, certain price adders apply. Please check with your Microchip Sales Office. For QTP devices, any special marking adders are included in QTP price.

Package Marking Information (Cont'd)

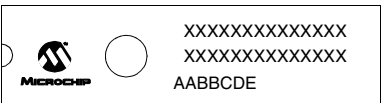
28-Lead SOIC



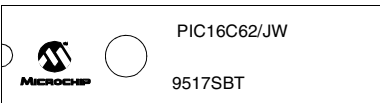
Example



28-Lead CERDIP Skinny Windowed



Example



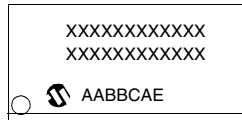
28-Lead Side Brazed Skinny Windowed



Example



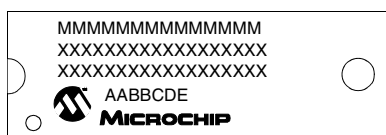
28-Lead SSOP



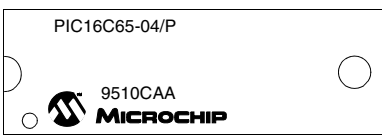
Example



40-Lead PDIP



Example



|                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                |                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Legend:                                                                                                                                                                                                      | MM...M         | Microchip part number information                                                                                         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | XX...X         | Customer specific information*                                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | AA             | Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)                                                                                |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | BB             | Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')                                                                                |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | C              | Facility code of the plant at which wafer is manufactured.<br>C = Chandler, Arizona, U.S.A.<br>S = Tempe, Arizona, U.S.A. |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | D <sub>1</sub> | Mask revision number for microcontroller                                                                                  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | E              | Assembly code of the plant or country of origin in which part was assembled.                                              |
| Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line thus limiting the number of available characters for customer specific information. |                |                                                                                                                           |

\* Standard OTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, facility code, mask revision number, and assembly code. For OTP marking beyond this, certain price adders apply. Please check with your Microchip Sales Office. For QTP devices, any special marking adders are included in QTP price.

# PIC16C6X

## Package Marking Information (Cont'd)

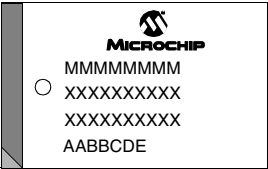
40-Lead Cerdip Windowed



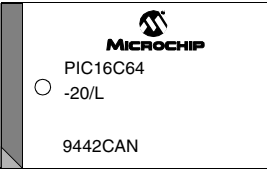
Example



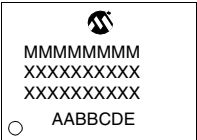
44-Lead PLCC



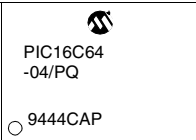
Example



44-Lead MQFP



Example



44-Lead TQFP



Example



|                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                |                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Legend:                                                                                                                                                                                                      | MM...M         | Microchip part number information                                                                                         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | XX...X         | Customer specific information*                                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | AA             | Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)                                                                                |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | BB             | Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')                                                                                |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | C              | Facility code of the plant at which wafer is manufactured.<br>C = Chandler, Arizona, U.S.A.<br>S = Tempe, Arizona, U.S.A. |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | D <sub>1</sub> | Mask revision number for microcontroller                                                                                  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                              | E              | Assembly code of the plant or country of origin in which part was assembled.                                              |
| Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line thus limiting the number of available characters for customer specific information. |                |                                                                                                                           |

\* Standard OTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, facility code, mask revision number, and assembly code. For OTP marking beyond this, certain price adders apply. Please check with your Microchip Sales Office. For QTP devices, any special marking adders are included in QTP price.

## APPENDIX A: MODIFICATIONS

The following are the list of modifications over the PIC16C5X microcontroller family:

1. Instruction word length is increased to 14-bits. This allows larger page sizes both in program memory (2K now as opposed to 512 before) and register file (128 bytes now versus 32 bytes before).
2. A PC high latch register (PCLATH) is added to handle program memory paging. PA2, PA1, PA0 bits are removed from STATUS register.
3. Data memory paging is redefined slightly. STATUS register is modified.
4. Four new instructions have been added: RETURN, RETFIE, ADDLW, and SUBLW. Two instructions TRIS and OPTION are being phased out although they are kept for compatibility with PIC16C5X.
5. OPTION and TRIS registers are made addressable.
6. Interrupt capability is added. Interrupt vector is at 0004h.
7. Stack size is increased to 8 deep.
8. Reset vector is changed to 0000h.
9. Reset of all registers is revisited. Five different reset (and wake-up) types are recognized. Registers are reset differently.
10. Wake-up from SLEEP through interrupt is added.
11. Two separate timers, Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST) and Power-up Timer (PWRT), are included for more reliable power-up. These timers are invoked selectively to avoid unnecessary delays on power-up and wake-up.
12. PORTB has weak pull-ups and interrupt on change feature.
13. Timer0 pin is also a port pin (RA4/T0CKI) now.
14. FSR is made a full 8-bit register.
15. "In-circuit programming" is made possible. The user can program PIC16CXX devices using only five pins: VDD, VSS, VPP, RB6 (clock) and RB7 (data in/out).
16. Power Control register (PCON) is added with a Power-on Reset status bit ( $\overline{\text{POR}}$ ). (Not on the PIC16C61).
17. Brown-out Reset has been added to the following devices:  
PIC16C62A/R62/63/R63/64A/R64/65A/R65/66/67.

## APPENDIX B: COMPATIBILITY

To convert code written for PIC16C5X to PIC16CXX, the user should take the following steps:

1. Remove any program memory page select operations (PA2, PA1, PA0 bits) for CALL, GOTO.
2. Revisit any computed jump operations (write to PC or add to PC, etc.) to make sure page bits are set properly under the new scheme.
3. Eliminate any data memory page switching. Redefine data variables to reallocate them.
4. Verify all writes to STATUS, OPTION, and FSR registers since these have changed.
5. Change reset vector to 0000h.

## APPENDIX C: WHAT'S NEW

Added PIC16CR63 and PIC16CR65 devices.

Added PIC16C66 and PIC16C67 devices. The PIC16C66/67 devices have 368 bytes of data memory distributed in 4 banks and 8K of program memory in 4 pages. These two devices have an enhanced SPI that supports both clock phase and polarity. The USART has been enhanced.

When upgrading to the PIC16C66/67 please note that the upper 16 bytes of data memory in banks 1,2, and 3 are mapped into bank 0. This may require relocation of data memory usage in the user application code.

Q-cycles for instruction execution were added to Section 14.0 Instruction Set Summary.

## APPENDIX D: WHAT'S CHANGED

Minor changes, spelling and grammatical changes.

Divided SPI section into SPI for the PIC16C66/67 (Section 11.3) and SPI for all other devices (Section 11.2).

Added the following note for the USART. This applies to all devices except the PIC16C66 and PIC16C67.

For the PIC16C63/R63/65/65A/R65 the asynchronous high speed mode (BRGH = 1) may experience a high rate of receive errors. It is recommended that BRGH = 0. If you desire a higher baud rate than BRGH = 0 can support, refer to the device errata for additional information or use the PIC16C66/67.

## APPENDIX E: REVISION E

January 2013 - Added a note to each package drawing.



## APPENDIX F: PIC16/17 MICROCONTROLLERS

### F.1 PIC12CXXX Family of Devices

|                    |                                      | PIC12C508       | PIC12C509       | PIC12C671       | PIC12C672       |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 4               | 4               | 4               | 4               |
|                    |                                      |                 |                 |                 |                 |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory                 | 512 x 12        | 1024 x 12       | 1024 x 14       | 2048 x 14       |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                  | 25              | 41              | 128             | 128             |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0            | TMR0            | TMR0            | TMR0            |
|                    | A/D Converter (8-bit) Channels       | —               | —               | 4               | 4               |
| <b>Features</b>    | Wake-up from SLEEP on pin change     | Yes             | Yes             | Yes             | Yes             |
|                    | I/O Pins                             | 5               | 5               | 5               | 5               |
|                    | Input Pins                           | 1               | 1               | 1               | 1               |
|                    | Internal Pull-ups                    | Yes             | Yes             | Yes             | Yes             |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 2.5-5.5         | 2.5-5.5         | 2.5-5.5         | 2.5-5.5         |
|                    | In-Circuit Serial Programming        | Yes             | Yes             | Yes             | Yes             |
|                    | Number of Instructions               | 33              | 33              | 35              | 35              |
|                    | Packages                             | 8-pin DIP, SOIC | 8-pin DIP, SOIC | 8-pin DIP, SOIC | 8-pin DIP, SOIC |

All PIC12C5XX devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability. All PIC12C5XX devices use serial programming with data pin GP1 and clock pin GP0.

### F.2 PIC14C000 Family of Devices

|                    |                                                 | PIC14C000                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz)            | 20                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x14 words)                | 4K                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                             | 192                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                    | Timer Module(s)                                 | TMR0<br>ADTMR                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Serial Port(s)<br>(SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART) | I <sup>2</sup> C with SMBus<br>Support                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Features</b>    | Slope A/D Converter Channels                    | 8 External; 6 Internal                                                                                                                                                           |
|                    | Interrupt Sources                               | 11                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                    | I/O Pins                                        | 22                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                           | 2.7-6.0                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                    | In-Circuit Serial Programming                   | Yes                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                    | Additional On-chip Features                     | Internal 4MHz Oscillator, Bandgap Reference, Temperature Sensor,<br>Calibration Factors, Low Voltage Detector, SLEEP, HIBERNATE,<br>Comparators with Programmable References (2) |
|                    | Packages                                        | 28-pin DIP (.300 mil), SOIC, SSOP                                                                                                                                                |

# PIC16C6X

## F.3 PIC16C15X Family of Devices

|                    |                                      | PIC16C154                     | PIC16CR154                    | PIC16C156                     | PIC16CR156                    | PIC16C158                     | PIC16CR158                    |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 20                            | 20                            | 20                            | 20                            | 20                            | 20                            |
|                    |                                      |                               |                               |                               |                               |                               |                               |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x12 words)     | 512                           | —                             | 1K                            | —                             | 2K                            | —                             |
|                    | ROM Program Memory (x12 words)       | —                             | 512                           | —                             | 1K                            | —                             | 2K                            |
|                    | RAM Data Memory (bytes)              | 25                            | 25                            | 25                            | 25                            | 73                            | 73                            |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0                          | TMR0                          | TMR0                          | TMR0                          | TMR0                          | TMR0                          |
| <b>Features</b>    | I/O Pins                             | 12                            | 12                            | 12                            | 12                            | 12                            | 12                            |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 3.0-5.5                       | 2.5-5.5                       | 3.0-5.5                       | 2.5-5.5                       | 3.0-5.5                       | 2.5-5.5                       |
|                    | Number of Instructions               | 33                            | 33                            | 33                            | 33                            | 33                            | 33                            |
|                    | Packages                             | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability.

## F.4 PIC16C5X Family of Devices

|                    |                                      | PIC16C52         | PIC16C54                      | PIC16C54A                     | PIC16CR54A                    | PIC16C55               | PIC16C56                      |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 4                | 20                            | 20                            | 20                            | 20                     | 20                            |
|                    |                                      |                  |                               |                               |                               |                        |                               |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x12 words)     | 384              | 512                           | 512                           | —                             | 512                    | 1K                            |
|                    | ROM Program Memory (x12 words)       | —                | —                             | —                             | 512                           | —                      | —                             |
|                    | RAM Data Memory (bytes)              | 25               | 25                            | 25                            | 25                            | 24                     | 25                            |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0             | TMR0                          | TMR0                          | TMR0                          | TMR0                   | TMR0                          |
| <b>Features</b>    | I/O Pins                             | 12               | 12                            | 12                            | 12                            | 20                     | 12                            |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 2.5-6.25         | 2.5-6.25                      | 2.0-6.25                      | 2.0-6.25                      | 2.5-6.25               | 2.5-6.25                      |
|                    | Number of Instructions               | 33               | 33                            | 33                            | 33                            | 33                     | 33                            |
|                    | Packages                             | 18-pin DIP, SOIC | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 28-pin DIP, SOIC, SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP |

|                    |                                      | PIC16C57               | PIC16CR57B             | PIC16C58A                     | PIC16CR58A                    |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 20                     | 20                     | 20                            | 20                            |
|                    |                                      |                        |                        |                               |                               |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x12 words)     | 2K                     | —                      | 2K                            | —                             |
|                    | ROM Program Memory (x12 words)       | —                      | 2K                     | —                             | 2K                            |
|                    | RAM Data Memory (bytes)              | 72                     | 72                     | 73                            | 73                            |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0                   | TMR0                   | TMR0                          | TMR0                          |
| <b>Features</b>    | I/O Pins                             | 20                     | 20                     | 12                            | 12                            |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 2.5-6.25               | 2.5-6.25               | 2.0-6.25                      | 2.5-6.25                      |
|                    | Number of Instructions               | 33                     | 33                     | 33                            | 33                            |
|                    | Packages                             | 28-pin DIP, SOIC, SSOP | 28-pin DIP, SOIC, SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC; 20-pin SSOP |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer (except PIC16C52), selectable code protect and high I/O current capability.

## F.5 PIC16C55X Family of Devices

|                    |                                      | PIC16C554                           | PIC16C556 <sup>(1)</sup>            | PIC16C558                           |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 20                                  | 20                                  | 20                                  |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x14 words)     | 512                                 | 1K                                  | 2K                                  |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                  | 80                                  | 80                                  | 128                                 |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0                                | TMR0                                | TMR0                                |
|                    | Comparators(s)                       | —                                   | —                                   | —                                   |
|                    | Internal Reference Voltage           | —                                   | —                                   | —                                   |
| <b>Features</b>    | Interrupt Sources                    | 3                                   | 3                                   | 3                                   |
|                    | I/O Pins                             | 13                                  | 13                                  | 13                                  |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             |
|                    | Brown-out Reset                      | —                                   | —                                   | —                                   |
|                    | Packages                             | 18-pin DIP,<br>SOIC;<br>20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP,<br>SOIC;<br>20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP,<br>SOIC;<br>20-pin SSOP |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability. All PIC16C5XX Family devices use serial programming with clock pin RB6 and data pin RB7.

Note 1: Please contact your local Microchip sales office for availability of these devices.

## F.6 PIC16C62X and PIC16C64X Family of Devices

|                    |                                      | PIC16C620                           | PIC16C621                           | PIC16C622                           | PIC16C642                              | PIC16C662                                              |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 20                                  | 20                                  | 20                                  | 20                                     | 20                                                     |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x14 words)     | 512                                 | 1K                                  | 2K                                  | 4K                                     | 4K                                                     |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                  | 80                                  | 80                                  | 128                                 | 176                                    | 176                                                    |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0                                | TMR0                                | TMR0                                | TMR0                                   | TMR0                                                   |
|                    | Comparators(s)                       | 2                                   | 2                                   | 2                                   | 2                                      | 2                                                      |
|                    | Internal Reference Voltage           | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                    | Yes                                                    |
| <b>Features</b>    | Interrupt Sources                    | 4                                   | 4                                   | 4                                   | 4                                      | 5                                                      |
|                    | I/O Pins                             | 13                                  | 13                                  | 13                                  | 22                                     | 33                                                     |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 3.0-6.0                                | 3.0-6.0                                                |
|                    | Brown-out Reset                      | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                    | Yes                                                    |
|                    | Packages                             | 18-pin DIP,<br>SOIC;<br>20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP,<br>SOIC;<br>20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP,<br>SOIC;<br>20-pin SSOP | 28-pin PDIP,<br>SOIC,<br>Windowed CDIP | 40-pin PDIP,<br>Windowed CDIP;<br>44-pin PLCC,<br>MQFP |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability. All PIC16C62X and PIC16C64X Family devices use serial programming with clock pin RB6 and data pin RB7.

# PIC16C6X

## F.7 PIC16C7XX Family of Devices

|                    |                                              | PIC16C710                     | PIC16C71         | PIC16C711                     | PIC16C715                     | PIC16C72                | PIC16CR72 <sup>(1)</sup> |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz)         | 20                            | 20               | 20                            | 20                            | 20                      | 20                       |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x14 words)             | 512                           | 1K               | 1K                            | 2K                            | 2K                      | —                        |
|                    | ROM Program Memory (14K words)               | —                             | —                | —                             | —                             | —                       | 2K                       |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                          | 36                            | 36               | 68                            | 128                           | 128                     | 128                      |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                              | TMR0                          | TMR0             | TMR0                          | TMR0                          | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2        | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2         |
|                    | Capture/Compare/PWM Module(s)                | —                             | —                | —                             | —                             | 1                       | 1                        |
|                    | Serial Port(s) (SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART) | —                             | —                | —                             | —                             | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C    | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C     |
|                    | Parallel Slave Port                          | —                             | —                | —                             | —                             | —                       | —                        |
|                    | A/D Converter (8-bit) Channels               | 4                             | 4                | 4                             | 4                             | 5                       | 5                        |
| <b>Features</b>    | Interrupt Sources                            | 4                             | 4                | 4                             | 4                             | 8                       | 8                        |
|                    | I/O Pins                                     | 13                            | 13               | 13                            | 13                            | 22                      | 22                       |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                        | 3.0-6.0                       | 3.0-6.0          | 3.0-6.0                       | 3.0-5.5                       | 2.5-6.0                 | 3.0-5.5                  |
|                    | In-Circuit Serial Programming                | Yes                           | Yes              | Yes                           | Yes                           | Yes                     | Yes                      |
|                    | Brown-out Reset                              | Yes                           | —                | Yes                           | Yes                           | Yes                     | Yes                      |
|                    | Packages                                     | 18-pin DIP, SOIC, 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC | 18-pin DIP, SOIC, 20-pin SSOP | 18-pin DIP, SOIC, 20-pin SSOP | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC, SSOP | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC, SSOP  |

|                    |                                              | PIC16C73A                   | PIC16C74A                           | PIC16C76                    | PIC16C77                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz)         | 20                          | 20                                  | 20                          | 20                                  |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory (x14 words)             | 4K                          | 4K                                  | 8K                          | 8K                                  |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                          | 192                         | 192                                 | 368                         | 368                                 |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                              | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2            | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                    | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2            | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                    |
|                    | Capture/Compare/PWM Module(s)                | 2                           | 2                                   | 2                           | 2                                   |
|                    | Serial Port(s) (SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART) | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART         | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART         |
|                    | Parallel Slave Port                          | —                           | Yes                                 | —                           | Yes                                 |
|                    | A/D Converter (8-bit) Channels               | 5                           | 8                                   | 5                           | 8                                   |
| <b>Features</b>    | Interrupt Sources                            | 11                          | 12                                  | 11                          | 12                                  |
|                    | I/O Pins                                     | 22                          | 33                                  | 22                          | 33                                  |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                        | 2.5-6.0                     | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                     | 2.5-6.0                             |
|                    | In-Circuit Serial Programming                | Yes                         | Yes                                 | Yes                         | Yes                                 |
|                    | Brown-out Reset                              | Yes                         | Yes                                 | Yes                         | Yes                                 |
|                    | Packages                                     | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC           | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 28-pin SDIP, SOIC           | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability. All PIC16C7XX Family devices use serial programming with clock pin RB6 and data pin RB7.

Note 1: Please contact your local Microchip sales office for availability of these devices.

## F.8 PIC16C8X Family of Devices

|                    |                                      | PIC16F83         | PIC16CR83        | PIC16F84         | PIC16CR84        |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 10               | 10               | 10               | 10               |
|                    | Flash Program Memory                 | 512              | —                | 1K               | —                |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EEPROM Program Memory                | —                | —                | —                | —                |
|                    | ROM Program Memory                   | —                | 512              | —                | 1K               |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                  | 36               | 36               | 68               | 68               |
|                    | Data EEPROM (bytes)                  | 64               | 64               | 64               | 64               |
|                    | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0             | TMR0             | TMR0             | TMR0             |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Interrupt Sources                    | 4                | 4                | 4                | 4                |
|                    | I/O Pins                             | 13               | 13               | 13               | 13               |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 2.0-6.0          | 2.0-6.0          | 2.0-6.0          | 2.0-6.0          |
|                    | Packages                             | 18-pin DIP, SOIC | 18-pin DIP, SOIC | 18-pin DIP, SOIC | 18-pin DIP, SOIC |
|                    |                                      |                  |                  |                  |                  |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability. All PIC16C8X Family devices use serial programming with clock pin RB6 and data pin RB7.

## F.9 PIC16C9XX Family Of Devices

|                    |                                              | PIC16C923                                           | PIC16C924                                           |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Clock</b>       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz)         | 8                                                   | 8                                                   |
| <b>Memory</b>      | EPROM Program Memory                         | 4K                                                  | 4K                                                  |
|                    | Data Memory (bytes)                          | 176                                                 | 176                                                 |
| <b>Peripherals</b> | Timer Module(s)                              | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                                    | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2                                    |
|                    | Capture/Compare/PWM Module(s)                | 1                                                   | 1                                                   |
|                    | Serial Port(s) (SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C, USART) | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C                                | SPI/I <sup>2</sup> C                                |
|                    | Parallel Slave Port                          | —                                                   | —                                                   |
|                    | A/D Converter (8-bit) Channels               | —                                                   | 5                                                   |
|                    | LCD Module                                   | 4 Com, 32 Seg                                       | 4 Com, 32 Seg                                       |
|                    |                                              |                                                     |                                                     |
| <b>Features</b>    | Interrupt Sources                            | 8                                                   | 9                                                   |
|                    | I/O Pins                                     | 25                                                  | 25                                                  |
|                    | Input Pins                                   | 27                                                  | 27                                                  |
|                    | Voltage Range (Volts)                        | 3.0-6.0                                             | 3.0-6.0                                             |
|                    | In-Circuit Serial Programming                | Yes                                                 | Yes                                                 |
|                    | Brown-out Reset                              | —                                                   | —                                                   |
|                    | Packages                                     | 64-pin SDIP <sup>(1)</sup> , TQFP; 68-pin PLCC, Die | 64-pin SDIP <sup>(1)</sup> , TQFP; 68-pin PLCC, Die |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability. All PIC16C9XX Family devices use serial programming with clock pin RB6 and data pin RB7.

# PIC16C6X

## F.10 PIC17CXXX Family of Devices

|             |                                      | PIC17C42A                           | PIC17CR42                           | PIC17C43                            | PIC17CR43                           | PIC17C44                            |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clock       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 33                                  | 33                                  | 33                                  | 33                                  | 33                                  |
|             | EPROM Program Memory (words)         | 2K                                  | —                                   | 4K                                  | —                                   | 8K                                  |
| Memory      | ROM Program Memory (words)           | —                                   | 2K                                  | —                                   | 4K                                  | —                                   |
|             | RAM Data Memory (bytes)              | 232                                 | 232                                 | 454                                 | 454                                 | 454                                 |
| Peripherals | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2, TMR3              | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2, TMR3              | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2, TMR3              | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2, TMR3              | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2, TMR3              |
|             | Captures/PWM Module(s)               | 2                                   | 2                                   | 2                                   | 2                                   | 2                                   |
|             | Serial Port(s) (USART)               | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 |
| Features    | Hardware Multiply                    | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 |
|             | External Interrupts                  | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 | Yes                                 |
|             | Interrupt Sources                    | 11                                  | 11                                  | 11                                  | 11                                  | 11                                  |
|             | I/O Pins                             | 33                                  | 33                                  | 33                                  | 33                                  | 33                                  |
|             | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             | 2.5-6.0                             |
|             | Number of Instructions               | 58                                  | 58                                  | 58                                  | 58                                  | 58                                  |
|             | Packages                             | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP | 40-pin DIP; 44-pin PLCC, MQFP, TQFP |

|             |                                      | PIC17C752                           | PIC17C756                           |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clock       | Maximum Frequency of Operation (MHz) | 33                                  | 33                                  |
|             | EPROM Program Memory (words)         | 8K                                  | 16K                                 |
| Memory      | ROM Program Memory (words)           | —                                   | —                                   |
|             | RAM Data Memory (bytes)              | 454                                 | 902                                 |
| Peripherals | Timer Module(s)                      | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2, TMR3              | TMR0, TMR1, TMR2, TMR3              |
|             | Captures/PWM Module(s)               | 4/3                                 | 4/3                                 |
|             | Serial Port(s) (USART)               | 2                                   | 2                                   |
| Features    | Hardware Multiply                    | Yes                                 | Yes                                 |
|             | External Interrupts                  | Yes                                 | Yes                                 |
|             | Interrupt Sources                    | 18                                  | 18                                  |
|             | I/O Pins                             | 50                                  | 50                                  |
|             | Voltage Range (Volts)                | 3.0-6.0                             | 3.0-6.0                             |
|             | Number of Instructions               | 58                                  | 58                                  |
|             | Packages                             | 64-pin DIP; 68-pin LCC, 68-pin TQFP | 64-pin DIP; 68-pin LCC, 68-pin TQFP |

All PIC16/17 Family devices have Power-on Reset, selectable Watchdog Timer, selectable code protect and high I/O current capability.

## PIN COMPATIBILITY

Devices that have the same package type and VDD, VSS and MCLR pin locations are said to be pin compatible. This allows these different devices to operate in the same socket. Compatible devices may only requires minor software modification to allow proper operation in the application socket (ex., PIC16C56 and PIC16C61 devices). Not all devices in the same package size are pin compatible; for example, the PIC16C62 is compatible with the PIC16C63, but not the PIC16C55.

Pin compatibility does not mean that the devices offer the same features. As an example, the PIC16C54 is pin compatible with the PIC16C71, but does not have an A/D converter, weak pull-ups on PORTB, or interrupts.

**TABLE F-1: PIN COMPATIBLE DEVICES**

| Pin Compatible Devices                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Package           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| PIC12C508, PIC12C509, PIC12C671, PIC12C672                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 8-pin             |
| PIC16C154, PIC16CR154, PIC16C156,<br>PIC16CR156, PIC16C158, PIC16CR158,<br>PIC16C52, PIC16C54, PIC16C54A,<br>PIC16CR54A,<br>PIC16C56,<br>PIC16C58A, PIC16CR58A,<br>PIC16C61,<br>PIC16C554, PIC16C556, PIC16C558<br>PIC16C620, PIC16C621, PIC16C622<br>PIC16C641, PIC16C642, PIC16C661, PIC16C662<br>PIC16C710, PIC16C711, PIC16C715<br>PIC16F83, PIC16CR83,<br>PIC16F84A, PIC16CR84 | 18-pin,<br>20-pin |
| PIC16C55, PIC16C57, PIC16CR57B                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 28-pin            |
| PIC16CR62, PIC16C62A, PIC16C63, PIC16CR63,<br>PIC16C66, PIC16C72, PIC16C73A, PIC16C76                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 28-pin            |
| PIC16CR64, PIC16C64A, PIC16C65A,<br>PIC16CR65, PIC16C67, PIC16C74A, PIC16C77                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 40-pin            |
| PIC17CR42, PIC17C42A,<br>PIC17C43, PIC17CR43, PIC17C44                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 40-pin            |
| PIC16C923, PIC16C924                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 64/68-pin         |
| PIC17C756, PIC17C752                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 64/68-pin         |

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