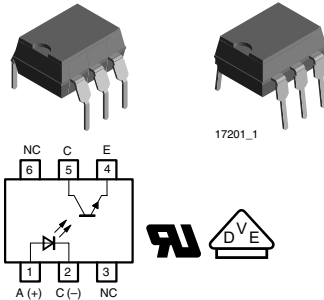


Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output



DESCRIPTION

The TCDT1110/TCDT1110G consists of a phototransistor optically coupled to a gallium arsenide infrared-emitting diode in a 6 pin plastic dual inline package. The elements provide a fixed distance between input and output for highest safety requirements.

VDE STANDARDS

These couplers perform safety functions according to the following equipment standards:

- **DIN EN 60747-5-5**
Optocoupler for electrical safety requirements
- **IEC 60950/EN 60950**
Office machines (applied for reinforced isolation for mains voltage $\leq 400 V_{RMS}$)
- **VDE 0804**
Telecommunication apparatus and data processing
- **IEC 60065**
Safety for mains-operated electronic and related household apparatus

FEATURES

- Extra low coupling capacity - typical 0.2 pF
- High Common Mode Rejection
- Low temperature coefficient of CTR
- Base not connected
- Lead (Pb)-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC



APPLICATIONS

- Switch-mode power supplies
- Line receiver
- Computer peripheral interface
- Microprocessor system interface
- Circuits for safe protective separation against electrical shock according to safety class II (reinforced isolation):
 - For appl. class I - IV at mains voltage $\leq 300 V$
 - For appl. class I - III at mains voltage $\leq 600 V$ according DIN EN 60747-5-5.

AGENCY APPROVALS

- UL1577, File No. E76222 System Code A, Double Protection
- BSI IEC 60950; IEC 60065
- DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending
- FIMKO

ORDER INFORMATION

PART	REMARKS
TCDT1110	CTR > 100 %, DIP-6
TCDT1110G	CTR > 100 %, DIP-6

Note

G = Leadform 10.16 mm; G is not marked on the body.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
INPUT				
Reverse voltage		V_R	6	V
Forward current		I_F	60	mA
Forward surge current	$t_p/T \leq 10 \mu s$	I_{FSM}	3	A
Power dissipation		P_{diss}	100	mW
Junction temperature		T_j	125	°C

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)				
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
OUTPUT				
Collector emitter voltage		V_{CEO}	70	V
Emitter collector voltage		V_{ECO}	7	V
Collector current		I_C	50	mA
Collector peak current	$t_p/T = 0.5, t_p \leq 10 \text{ ms}$	I_{CM}	100	mA
Power dissipation		P_{diss}	150	mW
Junction temperature		T_j	125	°C
COUPLER				
Isolation test voltage (RMS)	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	V_{ISO}	5300	V_{RMS}
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	250	mw
Ambient temperature range		T_{amb}	- 55 to + 100	°C
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	- 55 to + 125	°C
Soldering temperature (2)	2 mm from case $t \leq 10 \text{ s}$	T_{slid}	260	°C

Notes

(1) $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified. Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

(2) Refer to wave profile for soldering conditions for through hole devices.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
INPUT						
Forward voltage	$I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$	V_F		1.2	1.5	V
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	C_j		50		pF
OUTPUT						
Collector emitter voltage	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	V_{CEO}	70			V
Emitter collector voltage	$I_E = 100 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$	V_{ECO}	7			V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}, I_F = 0$	I_{CEO}			150	nA
COUPLER						
Collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}			0.3	V
Cut-off frequency	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, R_L = 1 \text{ }\Omega$	f_c		110		kHz
Coupling capacitance	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	C_k		0.3		pF

Note

$T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
I_C/I_F	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CTR	100			%

MAXIMUM SAFETY RATINGS						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
INPUT						
Forward current		I_F			130	mA
OUTPUT						
Power dissipation		P_{diss}			265	mW
COUPLER						
Rated impulse voltage		V_{IOTM}			6	kV
Safety temperature		T_{si}			150	°C

Note

According to DIN EN 60747-5-5 see figure 1. This optocoupler is suitable for safe electrical isolation only within the safety ratings. Compliance with the safety ratings shall be ensured by means of suitable protective circuits.

INSULATION RATED PARAMETERS						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Partial discharge test voltage - routine test	100 %, $t_{test} = 1$ s	V_{pd}	1.6			kV
Partial discharge test voltage - lot test (sample test)	$t_{Tr} = 60$ s, $t_{test} = 10$ s, (see figure 2)	V_{IOTM}	6			kV
		V_{pd}	1.3			kV
Insulation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500$ V	R_{IO}	10^{12}			Ω
	$V_{IO} = 500$ V, $T_{amb} = 100$ °C	R_{IO}	10^{11}			Ω
	$V_{IO} = 500$ V, $T_{amb} = 200$ °C (construction test only)	R_{IO}	10^9			Ω

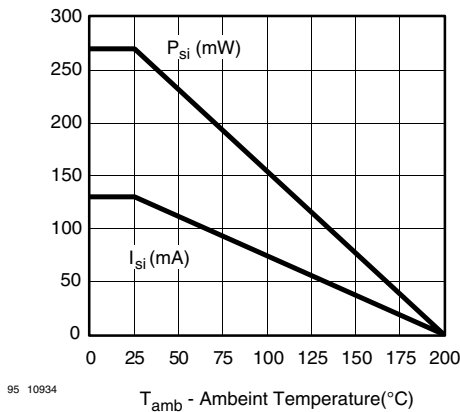


Fig. 3 - Derating diagram

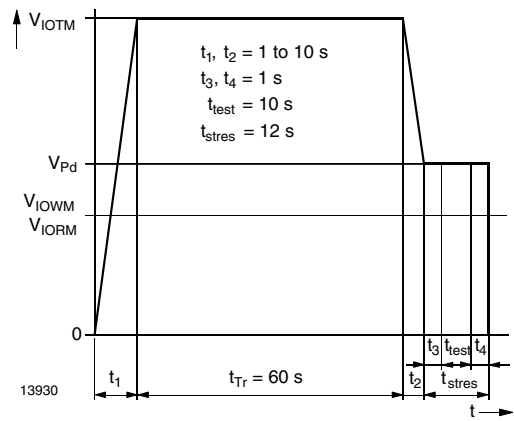


Fig. 4 - Test Pulse Diagram for Sample Test According to DIN EN 60747-5-5/DIN EN 60747-; IEC 60747

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Turn-off time	$V_S = 10$ V, $I_C = 2$ mA, $R_L = 100$ Ω (see figure 3)	t_{off}		15.0		μ s
Turn-on time	$V_S = 10$ V, $I_C = 2$ mA, $R_L = 100$ Ω (see figure 3)	t_{on}		15.0		μ s
Turn-off time	$V_S = 10$ V, $I_F = 10$ mA, $R_L = 1$ k Ω (see figure 4)	t_{off}		18.0		μ s
Turn-on time	$V_S = 10$ V, $I_F = 10$ mA, $R_L = 1$ k Ω (see figure 4)	t_{on}		9.0		μ s

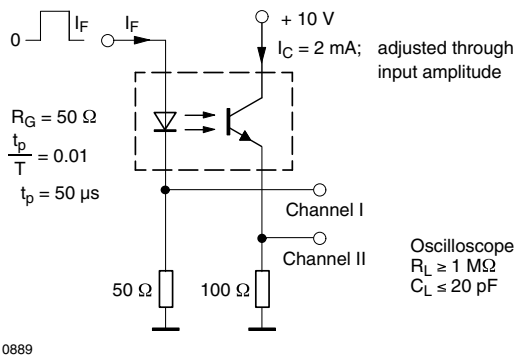


Fig. 5 - Test Circuit, Non-Saturated Operation

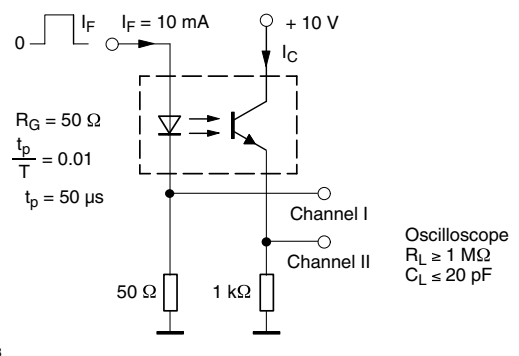
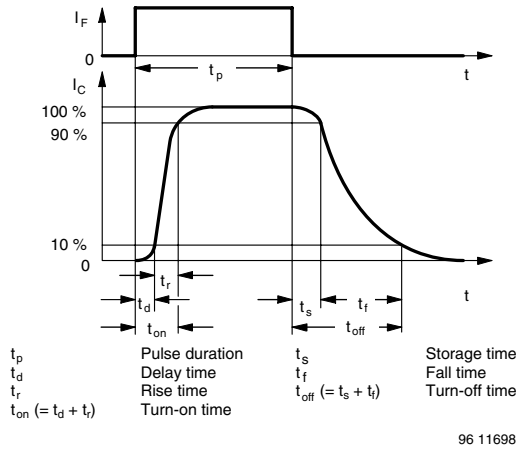


Fig. 6 - Test Circuit, Saturated Operation

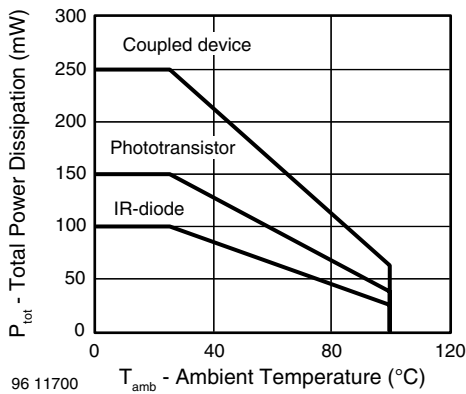


96 11698

Fig. 7 - Switching Times

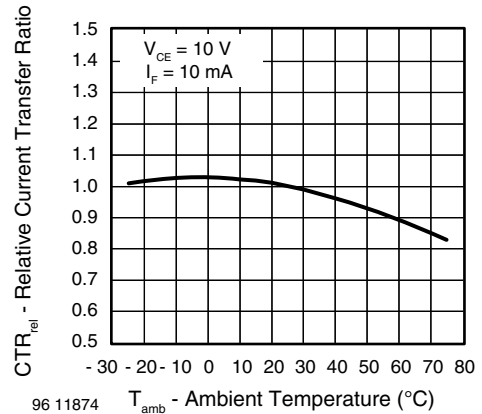
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified



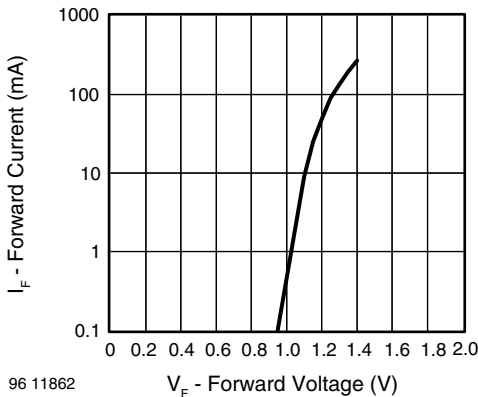
96 11700

Fig. 8 - Total Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



96 11874

Fig. 10 - Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature



96 11862

Fig. 9 - Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

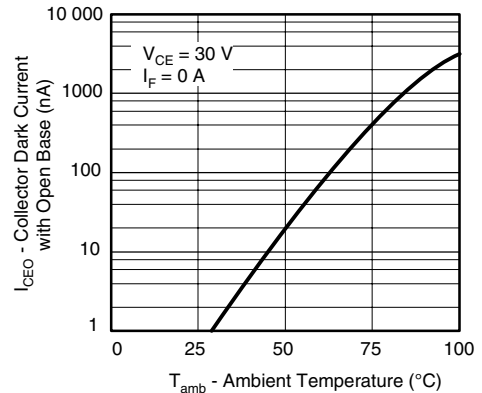


Fig. 11 - Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

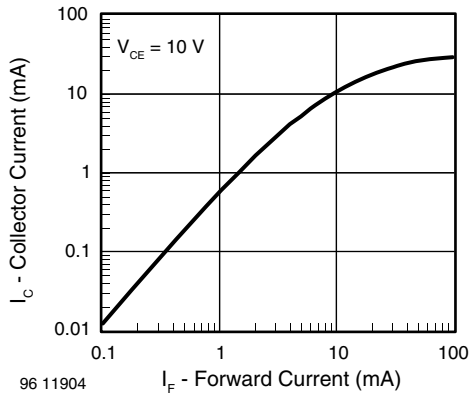


Fig. 12 - Collector Current vs. Forward Current

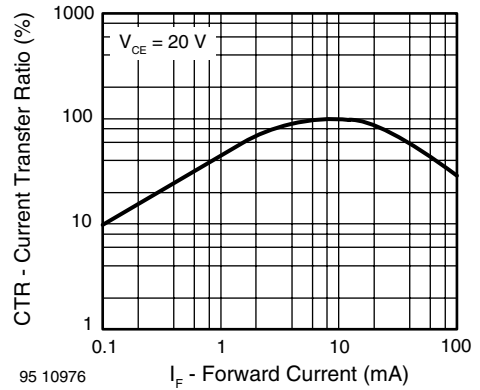


Fig. 15 - Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

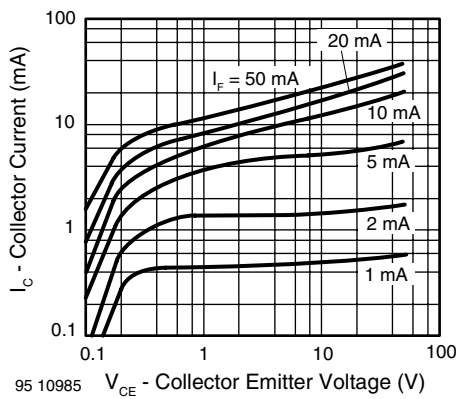


Fig. 13 - Collector Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

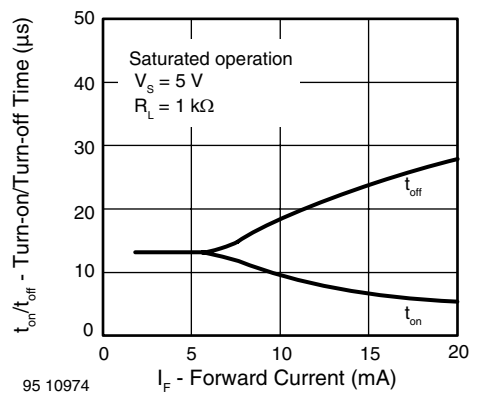


Fig. 16 - Turn-on/Turn-off Time vs. Forward Current

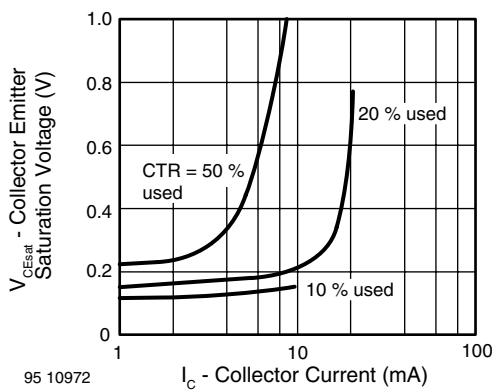


Fig. 14 - Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current

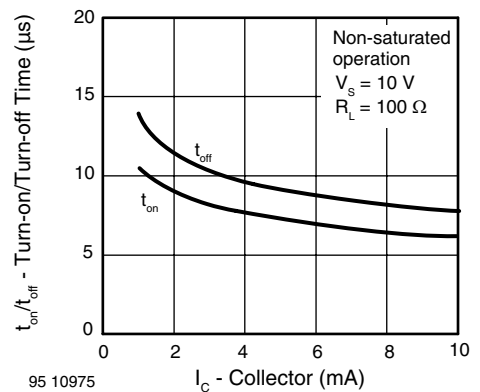


Fig. 17 - Turn-on/Turn-off Time vs. Collector Current

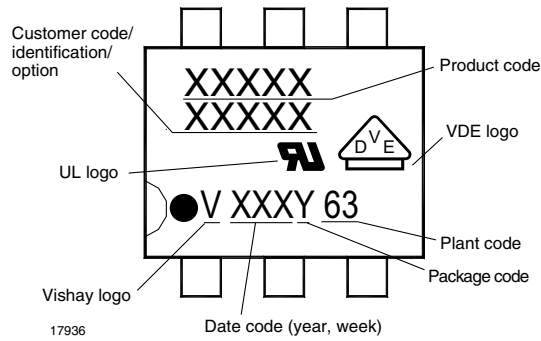
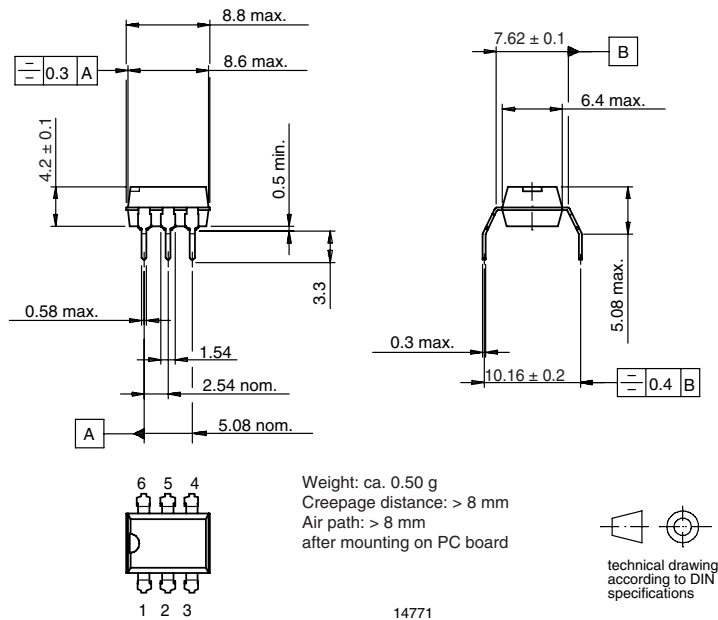
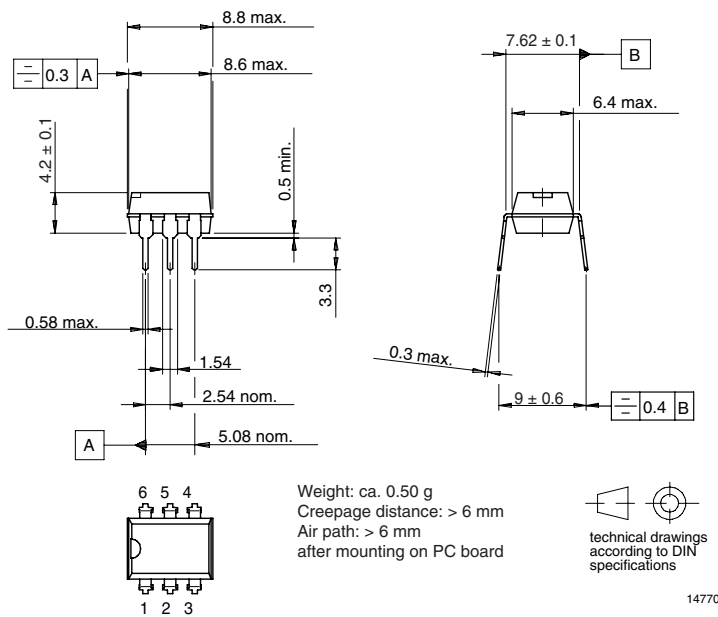


Fig. 18 - Marking example

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



**OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES POLICY STATEMENT**

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively.
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA.
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design
and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.



Notice

Specifications of the products displayed herein are subject to change without notice. Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., or anyone on its behalf, assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies.

Information contained herein is intended to provide a product description only. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document. Except as provided in Vishay's terms and conditions of sale for such products, Vishay assumes no liability whatsoever, and disclaims any express or implied warranty, relating to sale and/or use of Vishay products including liability or warranties relating to fitness for a particular purpose, merchantability, or infringement of any patent, copyright, or other intellectual property right.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications. Customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



Тел: +7 (812) 336 43 04 (многоканальный)

Email: org@lifeelectronics.ru