

ACPL-570xL, ACPL-573xL, ACPL-177xL, ACPL-675xL, 5962-08227¹



Hermetically Sealed 3.3V, Low I_F , Wide V_{CC} ,
High Gain Optocouplers

Data Sheet

Description

These devices are single, dual, and quad channel, hermetically sealed optocouplers. The products are capable of operation and storage over the full military temperature range and can be purchased as either commercial product or with full MIL-PRF-38534 Class Level H or K testing or from DLA Standard Microcircuit Drawing (SMD) 5962-08227. All devices are manufactured and tested on a MIL-PRF-38534 certified line and Class H and K devices are included in the DLA Qualified Products Database Supplemental Information Sheets QML-38534 as Hybrid Microcircuits.

Each channel contains a GaAsP light emitting diode that is optically coupled to an integrated high gain photon detector. The high gain output stage features an open collector output, providing both lower saturation voltage and higher signaling speed than possible with conventional photo-Darlington optocouplers.

The supply voltage can be operated as low as 3.0V without adversely affecting the parametric performance.

These devices have a 300% minimum CTR at an input current of only 0.5 mA, making them ideal for use in low input current applications such as MOS, CMOS, low-power logic interfaces, or line receivers.

CAUTION It is advised that normal static precautions be taken in handling and assembly of this component to prevent damage and/or degradation which may be induced by ESD.

1. See [Selection Guide — Package Styles and Lead Configuration Options](#) for available extensions.

Features

- Low power consumption
- 3.3V supply voltages
- Dual marked with device part number and DLA Standard Microcircuit Drawing (SMD)
- Manufactured and tested on a MIL-PRF-38534 Certified Line
- QML-38534, Class H and K
- Three hermetically sealed package configurations
- Performance guaranteed over full military temperature range: -55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Low input current requirement: 0.5 mA
- High current transfer ratio: 1500% typical at $I_F = 0.5$ mA
- Low output saturation voltage: 0.11V typical
- 1500 Vdc withstand test voltage
- HCPL-4701/31, -070A/31 function compatibility

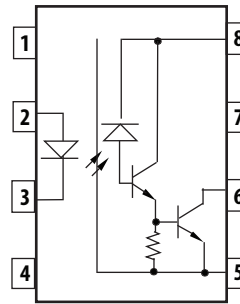
Applications

- Military and aerospace
- High reliability systems
- Telephone ring detection
- Microprocessor system interface
- Transportation, medical, and life critical systems
- Isolated input line receiver
- EIA RS-232-C line receiver
- Voltage level shifting
- Isolated input line receiver
- Isolated output line driver
- Logic ground isolation
- Harsh industrial environments
- Current loop receiver
- System test equipment isolation
- Process control input/output isolation

Package styles for these parts are 8- and 16-pin DIP through hole (case outlines P and E respectively), and 16-pin surface mount DIP flat pack (case outline F). Devices can be purchased with a variety of lead bend and plating options. See the [Selection Guide — Package Styles and Lead Configuration Options](#) table for details. Standard Military Drawing (SMD) parts are available for some package and lead styles.

Because the same electrical die (emitters and detectors) are used for each channel of each device listed in this data sheet, absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, electrical specifications, and performance characteristics shown in the figures are similar for all parts except as noted. Additionally, the same package assembly processes and materials are used in all devices. These similarities justify the use of a common data base for die related reliability.

Functional Diagram



Truth Table

(Positive Logic)

Input	Output
On (H)	L
Off (L)	H

NOTE The connection of a 0.1- μ F bypass capacitor between V_{CC} and GND is recommended.

Selection Guide — Package Styles and Lead Configuration Options

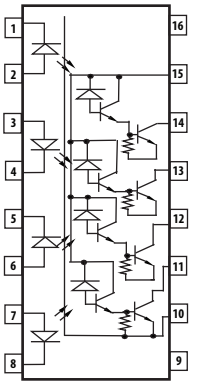
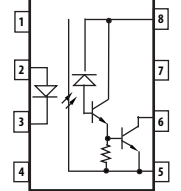
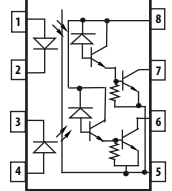
Package	16-Pin DIP	8-Pin DIP	8-Pin DIP	16-Pin Flat Pack
Lead Style	Through Hole	Through Hole	Through Hole	Unformed leads
Channels	4	1	2	4
Common Channel Wiring	V_{CC} , GND	None	V_{CC} , GND	V_{CC} , GND
Withstand Test Voltage	1500 Vdc	1500 Vdc	1500 Vdc	1500 Vdc
Part Number and Options				
Commercial	ACPL-1770L	ACPL-5700L	ACPL-5730L	ACPL-6750L
MIL-PRF-38534, Class H	ACPL-1772L	ACPL-5701L	ACPL-5731L	ACPL-6751L
MIL-PRF-38534, Class K	ACPL-177KL	ACPL-570KL	ACPL-573KL	ACPL-675KL
Standard Lead Finish ^a	Gold Plate	Gold Plate	Gold Plate	Gold Plate
Solder Dipped ^b	Option -200	Option -200	Option -200	
Butt Cut/Gold Plate ^a	Option -100	Option -100	Option -100	
Gull Wing/Soldered ^b	Option -300	Option -300	Option -300	
Class H SMD Part Number				
Prescript for all below	5962-	5962-	5962-	5962-
Gold Plate ^a	0822703HEC	0822701HPC	0822702HPC	0822704HZC
Solder Dipped ^b	0822703HEA	0822701HPA	0822702HPA	
Butt Cut/Gold Plate ^a	0822703HUC	0822701HYC	0822702HYC	
Butt Cut/Soldered ^b	0822703HUA	0822701HYA	0822702HYA	
Gull Wing/Soldered ^b	0822703HTA	0822701HXA	0822702HXA	

Package	16-Pin DIP	8-Pin DIP	8-Pin DIP	16-Pin Flat Pack
Class K SMD Part Number				
Prescript for all below	5962-	5962-	5962-	5962-
Gold Plate ^a	0822703KEC	0822701KPC	0822702KPC	0822704KZC
Solder Dipped*	0822703KEA	0822701KPA	0822702KPA	
Butt Cut/Gold Plate ^a	0822703KUC	0822701KYC	0822702KYC	
Butt Cut/Soldered ^b	0822703KUA	0822701KYA	0822702KYA	
Gull Wing/Soldered ^b	0822703KTA	0822701KXA	0822702KXA	

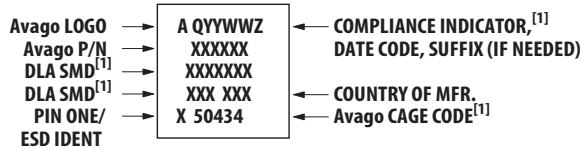
a. Gold Plate lead finish: Maximum gold thickness of leads is <100 micro inches. Typical is 60 to 90 micro inches.

b. Solder lead finish: Sn63/Pb37.

Functional Diagrams

16-Pin DIP	8-Pin DIP	8-Pin DIP
Through Hole and Flat Pack	Through Hole	Through Hole
4 Channels	1 Channel	2 Channels
		

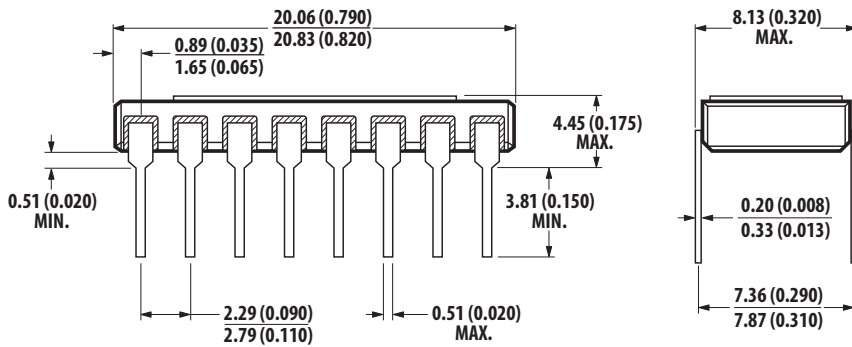
Device Marking



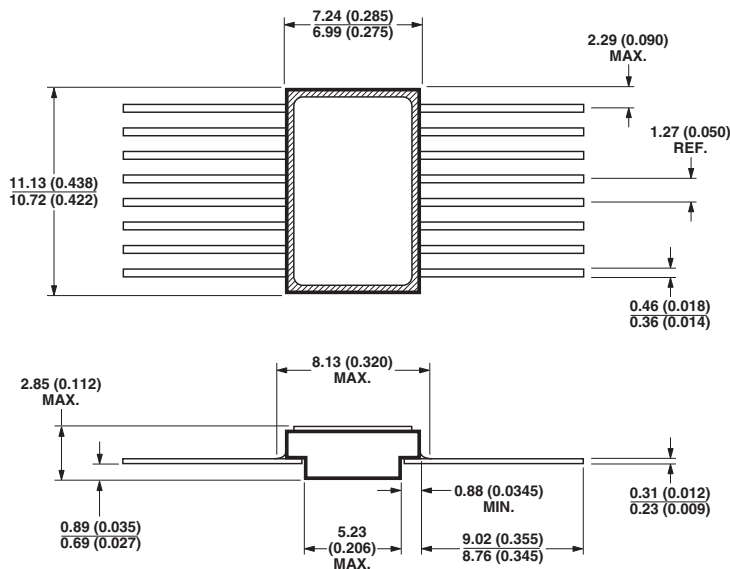
[1] QML PARTS ONLY

Outline Drawings

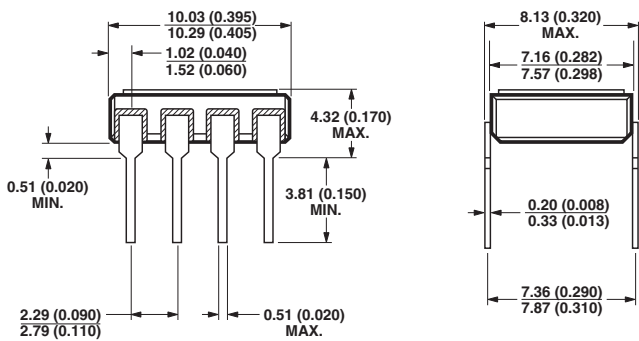
16-Pin DIP Through Hole, 4 Channels



16-Pin Flat Pack, 4 Channels

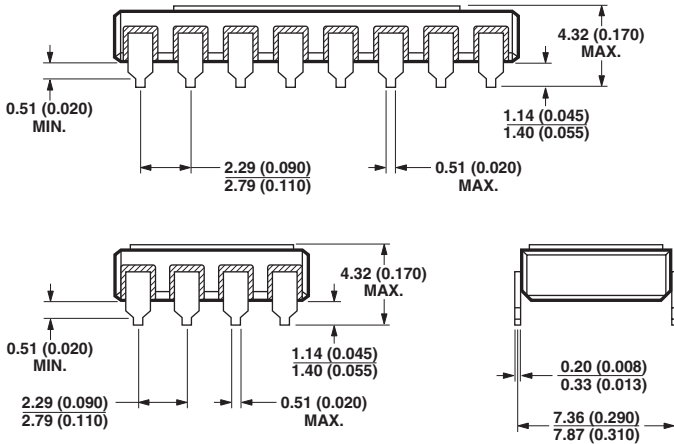
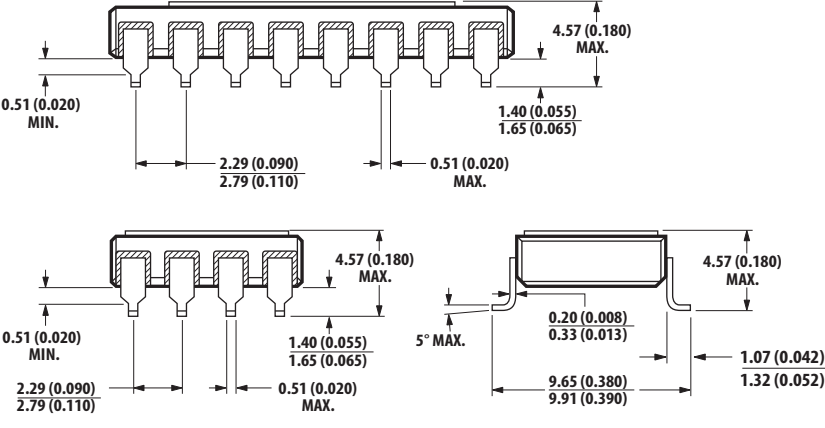


8-Pin DIP Through Hole, 1 and 2 Channel



Note: Dimensions in Millimeters (Inches).

Hermetic Optocoupler Options

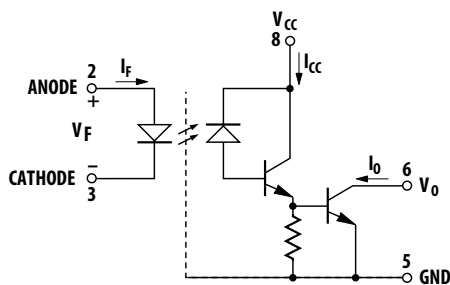
Option	Description
100	<p>Surface-mountable hermetic optocoupler with leads trimmed for butt joint assembly. This option is available on Commercial, Class H and Class K product in 8-pin and 16-pin DIP.</p>  <p>Technical drawings for Option 100 showing top, side, and end views of a surface-mountable hermetic optocoupler with leads trimmed for butt joint assembly. Dimensions include lead height (0.51 MIN), lead pitch (2.29/2.79), lead width (1.14/1.40), and package width (7.36/7.87).</p>
200	<p>Lead finish is solder dipped rather than gold plated. This option is available on Commercial, Class H and Class K product in 8-pin and 16-pin DIP. DLA Drawing (SMD) part numbers contain provisions for lead finish.</p>
300	<p>Surface-mountable hermetic optocoupler with leads cut and bent for gull wing assembly. This option is available on Commercial, Class H and Class K product in 8-pin and 16-pin DIP. This option has solder-dipped leads.</p>  <p>Technical drawings for Option 300 showing top, side, and end views of a surface-mountable hermetic optocoupler with leads cut and bent for gull wing assembly. Dimensions include lead height (0.51 MIN), lead pitch (2.29/2.79), lead width (1.40/1.65), and package width (9.65/9.91).</p>

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	T_S	-65	+150	°C	
Operating Temperature	T_A	-55	+125	°C	
Case Temperature	T_C	—	+170	°C	
Junction Temperature	T_J	—	+175	°C	
Lead Solder Temperature		—	260 for 10 sec	°C	
Output Current (Each Channel)	I_O	—	40	mA	
Output Voltage (Each Channel)	V_O	-0.5	20	V	a
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5	20	V	a
Output Power Dissipation (Each Channel)		—	50	mW	b
Peak Input Current (Each Channel, <1 ms Duration)		—	20	mA	
Average Input Current (Each Channel)	I_F	—	10	mA	c
Reverse Input Voltage (Each Channel)	V_R	—	5	V	
Package Power Dissipation (Each Channel)	P_D	—	200	mW	

- GND pin should be the most negative voltage at the detector side. Keeping V_{CC} as low as possible, but greater than 2.0V, will provide lowest total I_{OH} over temperature.
- Output power is collector output power plus total supply power for the single-channel device. For the dual-channel device, output power is collector output power plus one half the total supply power. For the quad-channel device, output power is collector output power plus one fourth of total supply power. Derate at 1.66 mW/°C above 110°C.
- Derate I_F at 0.33 mA/°C above 110°C.

8-Pin Ceramic DIP Single-Channel Schematic



ESD Classification

(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

ACPL-5700L/01L/0KL, 5962-0822701	▲▲, Class 2
ACPL-5730L/31L/3KL, 5962-0822702	▲▲▲ A, Class 3A
ACPL-1770L/2L/KL, 5962-0822703	▲▲▲ B, Class 3B
ACPL-6750L/1L/KL, 5962-0822704	▲▲▲ A, Class 3A

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Input Current, Low Level (Each Channel)	$I_{F(OFF)}$	—	2.0	μA
Input Current, High Level (Each Channel)	$I_{F(ON)}$	0.5	5	mA
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.0	7.0	V
Output Voltage	V_O	3.0	7.0	V

Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Group A ^a Subgroup	Limits			Unit	Fig.	Note		
				Min.	Typ. ^b	Max.					
Current Transfer Ratio	CTR	$I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA}, V_O = 0.4\text{V}, V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$	1, 2, 3	300	1500	—	%	3	c, d		
		$I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_O = 0.4\text{V}, V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$		300	1300	—					
		$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}, V_O = 0.4\text{V}, V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$		200	800	—					
Logic Low Output Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA}, I_{OL} = 1.5 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$	1, 2, 3	—	0.05	0.4	V	2	c		
		$I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, I_{OL} = 4.8 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$		—	0.06	0.4				c	
		$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}, I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$		—	0.09	0.4				c	
Logic High Output Current	I_{OH}	$I_F = 2 \mu\text{A}, V_O = 7\text{V}, V_{CC} = 7\text{V}$	1, 2, 3	—	1.0	100	μA		c		
	I_{OHX}			—	1.0	100				μA	c, e
Logic Low Supply Current	Single Channel	$I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 7\text{V}$	1, 2, 3	—	0.8	2	mA				
	Dual Channel			$I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 7\text{V}$	—	0.8				4	4
	Quad Channel			$I_{F1} = I_{F2} = I_{F3} = I_{F4} = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 7\text{V}$	—	1.3				4	
Logic High Supply Current	Single Channel	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 7\text{V}$	1, 2, 3	—	0.01	20	μA				
	Dual Channel			$I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 7\text{V}$		—				40	
	Quad Channel			$I_{F1} = I_{F2} = I_{F3} = I_{F4} = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 7\text{V}$		—				40	
Input Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}$	1, 2, 3	1.0	1.4	1.8	V	1	c		
Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage	B_{VR}	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$	1, 2, 3	5	—	—	V		c		
Input-Output Insulation Leakage Current	I_{I-O}	$\leq 65\%$ Relative Humidity, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $t = 5\text{s}, V_{I-O} = 1500 \text{ VDC}$	1	—	—	1.0	μA		f, g		
Capacitance Between Input-Output	C_{I-O}	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	4	—	—	4	pF		c, h, i		

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Group A ^a Subgroup	Limits			Unit	Fig.	Note
				Min.	Typ. ^b	Max.			
Propagation Delay Time to Logic Low at Output	t _{PHL}	I _F = 0.5 mA, R _L = 2.2 kΩ, V _{CC} = 3.3V	9, 10, 11	—	40	100	μs	5, 6, 7, 8	c
	t _{PHL}	I _F = 1.6 mA, R _L = 680Ω, V _{CC} = 3.3V	9, 10, 11	—	9	30			
	t _{PHL}	I _F = 5 mA, R _L = 330Ω, V _{CC} = 3.3V	9	—	2	5			
			10, 11	—	2	10			
Propagation Delay Time to Logic High at Output	t _{PLH}	I _F = 0.5 mA, R _L = 2.2 kΩ, V _{CC} = 3.3V	9, 10, 11	—	10	60	μs	5, 6, 7, 8	c
	t _{PLH}	I _F = 1.6 mA, R _L = 680Ω, V _{CC} = 3.3V	9, 10, 11	—	8	50			
	t _{PLH}	I _F = 5 mA, R _L = 330Ω, V _{CC} = 3.3V	9	—	6	20			
			10, 11	—	30	30			
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Output Level	CM _L	V _{CC} = 3.3V, I _F = 1.6 mA, R _L = 680Ω, V _{CM} = 50 V _{P-P}	9, 10, 11	500	1000	—	V/μs	9	c, j, k, i
Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Output Level	CM _H	V _{CC} = 3.3 V, I _F = 0 mA, R _L = 680Ω, V _{CM} = 50 V _{P-P}	9, 10, 11	500	1000	—	V/μs	9	c, j, k, i

- a. Commercial parts receive 100% testing at 25°C (Subgroups 1 and 9). SMD and 883B parts receive 100% testing at 25, 125, and -55°C (Subgroups 1 and 9, 2 and 10, 3 and 11, respectively).
- b. All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C.
- c. Each channel.
- d. Current Transfer Ratio is defined as the ratio of output collector current, I_O, to the forward LED input current, I_F, times 100%.
- e. I_{OHX} is the leakage current resulting from channel-to-channel optical crosstalk. I_F = 2 μA for channel under test. For all other channels, I_F = 10 mA.
- f. All devices are considered two-terminal devices; measured between all input leads or terminals shorted together and all output leads or terminals shorted together.
- g. This is a momentary withstand test, not an operating condition.
- h. Measured between each input pair shorted together and all output connections for that channel shorted together.
- i. Parameters tested as part of device initial characterization and after design and process changes. Parameters guaranteed to limits specified for all lots not specifically tested.
- j. CM_L is the maximum rate of rise of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic low state (V_O < 0.8V). CM_H is the maximum rate of fall of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic high state (V_O > 2.0V).
- k. In applications where dV/dt may exceed 50,000 V/μs (such as a static discharge), a series resistor, R_{CC}, should be included to protect the detector ICs from destructively high surge currents. The recommended value is:

For single channel:

$$R_{CC} = \frac{1(V)}{0.15 I_F (mA)} \text{ k}\Omega$$

For dual channel:

$$R_{CC} = \frac{1(V)}{0.3 I_F (mA)} \text{ k}\Omega$$

For quad channel:

$$R_{CC} = \frac{1(V)}{0.6 I_F (mA)} \text{ k}\Omega$$

Typical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Typ.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}	60	pF	$V_F = 0V, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	a
Input Diode Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T_A$	-1.8	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}$	a
Resistance (Input-Output)	R_{I-O}	10^{12}	Ω	$V_{I-O} = 500V$	a, b
Capacitance (Input-Output)	C_{I-O}	2.0	pF	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	a, b
Dual and Quad Channel Product Only					
Input-Input Leakage Current	I_{I-I}	0.5	nA	Relative Humidity = $\leq 65\%$, $V_{I-I} = 500V, t = 5 \text{ s}$	c
Resistance (Input-Input)	R_{I-I}	10^{12}	Ω	$V_{I-I} = 500V$	c
Capacitance (Input-Input)	C_{I-I}	1.0	pF	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	c

- a. Each channel.
- b. Measured between each input pair shorted together and all output connections for that channel shorted together.
- c. Measured between adjacent input pairs shorted together for each multichannel device.

Figure 1 Input Diode Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

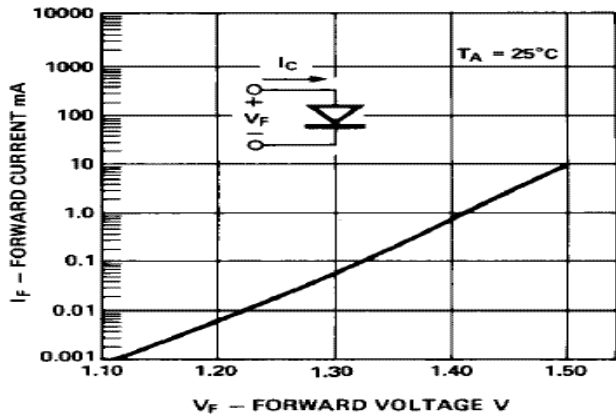


Figure 2 Normalized DC Transfer Characteristics

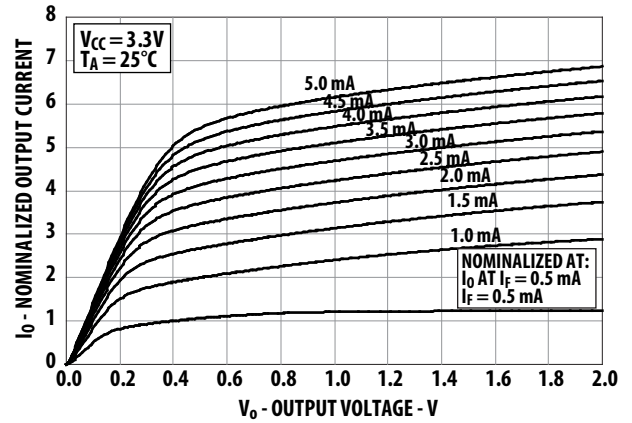


Figure 3 Normalized Current Transfer Ratio vs. Input Diode Forward Current

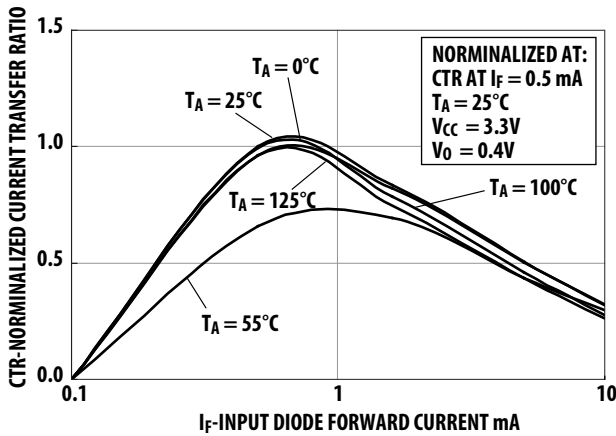


Figure 4 Normalized Supply Current vs. Input Diode Forward Current

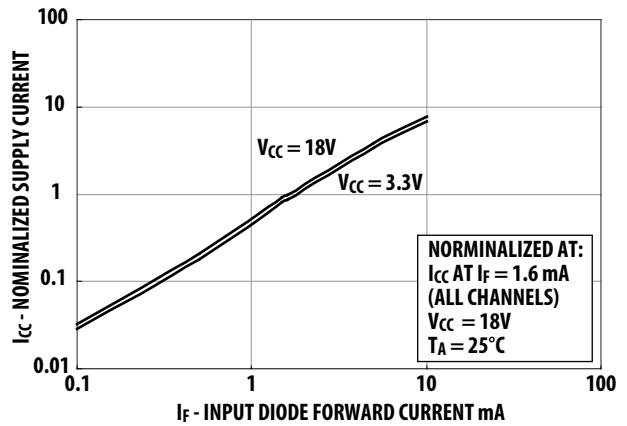


Figure 5 Propagation Delay to Logic Low vs. Input Pulse Period

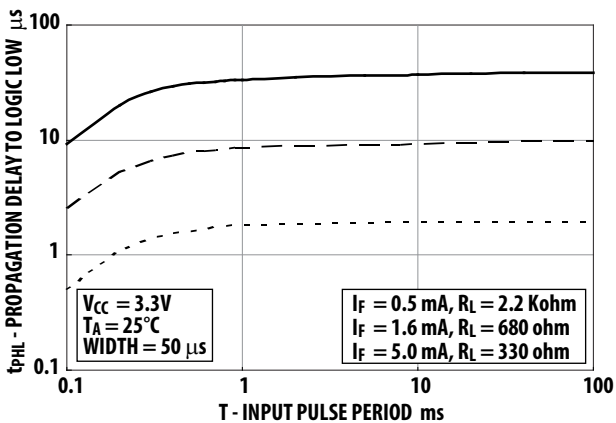


Figure 6 Propagation Delay vs. Temperature

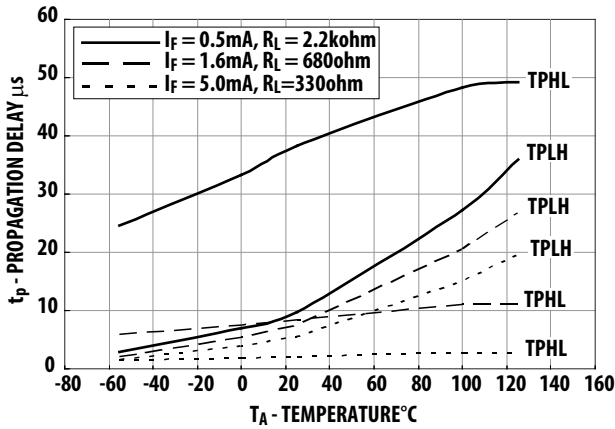


Figure 7 Propagation Delay vs. Input Diode Forward Current

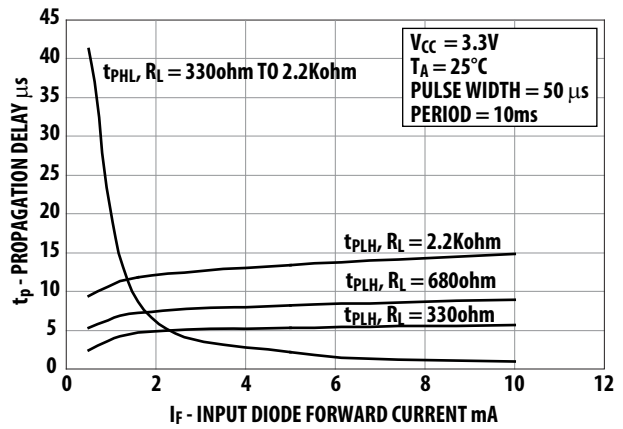


Figure 8 Switching Test Circuit

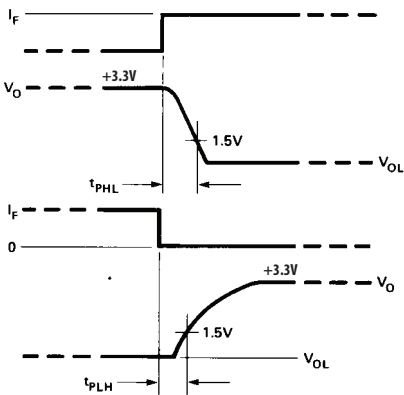
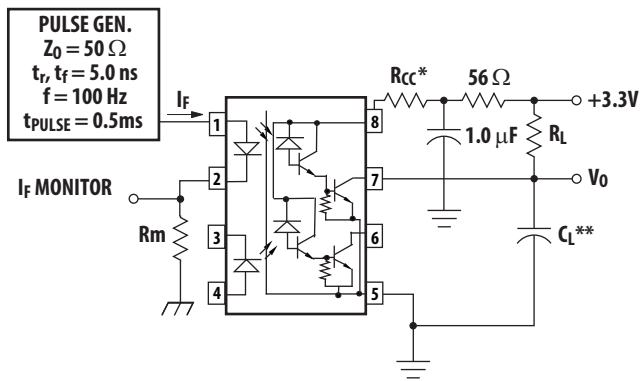
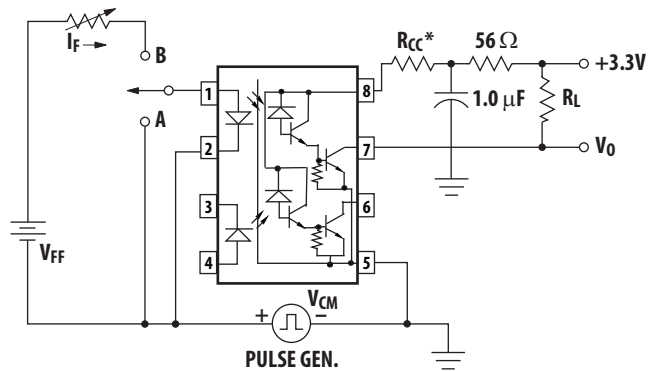
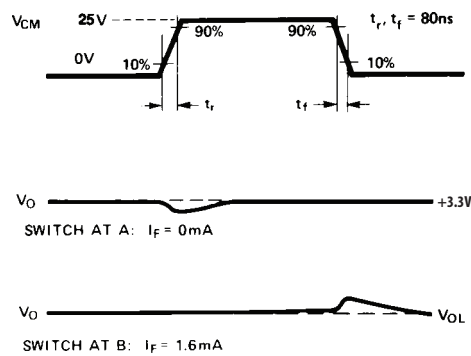


Figure 9 Test Circuit for Transient Immunity and Typical Waveforms



* SEE NOTE 11



* See [Electrical Characteristics](#), footnote k.

* See [Electrical Characteristics](#), footnote k.

** C_L includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

Figure 10 Recommended Drive Circuitry Using TTL Open-Collector Logic

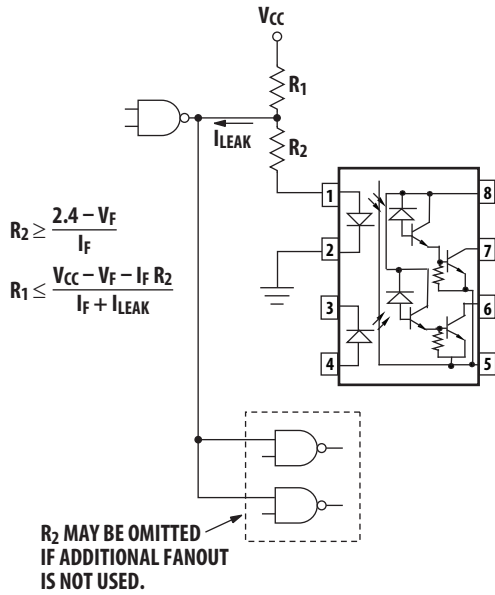
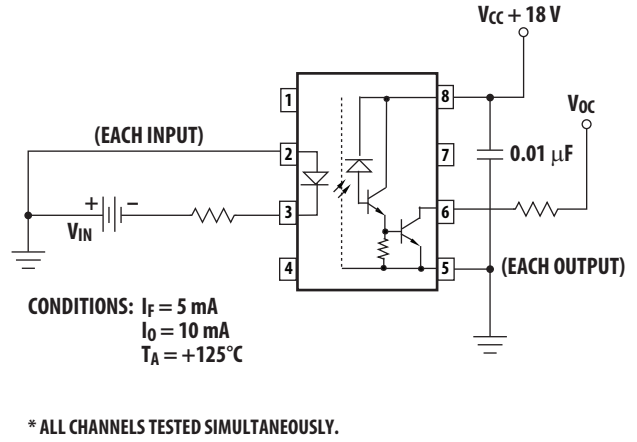


Figure 11 Operating Circuit for Burn-In and Steady State Life Tests



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С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



Тел: +7 (812) 336 43 04 (многоканальный)

Email: org@lifeelectronics.ru