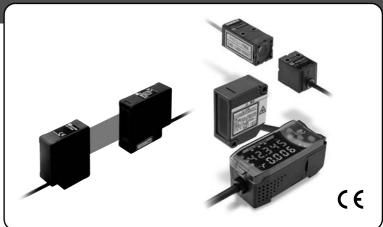
# Smart Sensors (Laser Type) ZX Series (ZX-L-N)



# **Ordering Information**

# Sensors

## Sensor Heads (Reflective)

Optical system	Beam shape	Sensing distance	Resolution*1	Model
Diffuse reflective	Spot beam	40±10 mm	2 μm	ZX-LD40
		100±40 mm	16 µm	ZX-LD100
		300±200 mm	300 μm	ZX-LD300
	Line beam	40±10 mm	2 μm	ZX-LD40L
		100±40 mm	16 µm	ZX-LD100L
		300±200 mm	300 μm	ZX-LD300L
Regular reflective	Spot beam	30±2 mm	0.25 μm	ZX-LD30V
	Line beam			ZX-LD30VL

\*1. For an average count of 4,096.

# Sensor Heads (Through-beam)

Optical system	Measuring width	Sensing distance	Resolution*1	Model
Through-beam	1-mm dia.	0 to 2000 mm	4 μm	ZX-LT001
	5 mm	0 to 500 mm		ZX-LT005
	10 mm			ZX-LT010
	30 mm		12 µm	ZX-LT030

\*1. For an average count of 64.

## **Amplifier Units**

Appearance	Power supply	Output type	Model
	DC	NPN	ZX-LDA11-N
Station F. S.			
-		PNP	ZX-LDA41-N

Note: Compatible connection with the Sensor Head.

## Accessories (Order Separately) Calculating Unit

Appearance	Model
	ZX-CAL2

## **Side-view Attachments**

Appearance	Applicable Sensor Head	Model	Quantity
	ZX-LT1001/ LT005	ZX-XF12	1
	ZX-LT010	ZX-XF22	

## Logging Tool for Personal Computers

Appearance	Nam	Model	
	Communica- tions Interface	RS-232C	ZX-SF11
	Unit	USB	ZX-SF21
	Smart Monitor (L ware + Function ware)	ZX-SW11EV3 (See note 1.)	

## **Setup Tool for Personal Computer**

Appearance	Name	Model	
		ZX-SFW11EV3 (See note 1.)	

- Note 1. The ZX-SFW11EV3 or ZX-SW11EV3 is required to use the Smart Monitor with the ZX-LDA11-N/41-N. Earlier versions cannot be used.
  - 2. The Smart Monitor Basic does not have a logging function. Other than the logging function, the Smart Monitor Basic supports the same functions as the Smart Monitor.

# Cables with Connectors on Both Ends (for Extension)\*1

Cable length	Model	Quantity
1 m	ZX-XC1A	1
4 m	ZX-XC4A	
8 m	ZX-XC8A	
9 m *2	ZX-XC9A	

\*1. Robot Cable models are also available. The model numbers are ZX-XCIR.

\*2. For use only with Reflective Sensors.

# **Specifications**

## ■ Sensor Heads (Reflective)

Item Model	ZX-LD40	ZX-LD100	ZX-LD300	ZX-LD30V	ZX-LD40L	ZX-LD100L	ZX-LD300L	Z3X-LD30VL
Optical system	Diffuse reflective			Regular re- flective	Diffuse reflective			Regular reflec- tive
Light source (wave	Visible-light s	Visible-light semiconductor laser with a wavelength of 650 nm and an output of 1 mW max.						
length)	EN class 2, F	DA class II						
Measurement point	40 mm	100 mm	300 mm	30 mm	40 mm	100 mm	300 mm	30 mm
Measurement range	±10 mm	±40 mm	±200 mm	±2 mm	±10 mm	±40 mm	±200 mm	±2 mm
Beam shape	Spot		•		Line			
Beam size*1	50-µm dia.	100-µm dia.	300-µm dia.	75-µm dia.	75 μm x 2 mm	150 μm x 2 mm	450 μm x 2 mm	100 μm x 1.8 mm
Resolution*2	2 μm	16 µm	300 µm	0.25 μm	2 μm	16 µm	300 µm	0.25 μm
Linearity*3	±0.2% FS (entire range)	±0.2% FS (80 to 120 mm)	±2% FS (200 to 400 mm)	±0.2% FS (entire range)	±0.2% FS (32 to 48 mm)	±0.2% FS (80 to 120 mm)	±2% FS (200 to 400 mm)	±0.2% FS (entire range)
Temperature characteristic*4	±0.03% FS/°0	±0.03% FS/°C (Except for ZX-LD300 and ZX-LD300L, which are ±0.1% FS/°C.)						
Ambient illumination	Incandescent	Incandescent lamp: 3,000 l× max. (on light receiving side)						
Ambient temperature	Operating: 0	to 50°C, Stora	ge: –15 to 60°0	C (with no icing	or condensation	on)		
Ambient humidity	Operating an	d storage: 35%	6 to 85% (with	no condensatio	on)			
Insulation resistance	20 $M\Omega$ min. a	t 500 VDC						
Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC, 5	0/60 Hz for 1 n	nin					
Vibration resistance (destruction)	10 to 150 Hz,	10 to 150 Hz, 0.7-mm double amplitude 80 min each in X, Y, and Z directions						
Shock resistance (destruction)	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 tir	nes each in six	directions (up	/down, left/righ	it, forward/back	(ward)		
Degree of protection	IEC60529, IP50 IEC60529, IEC60529, IP50 IP40						IEC60529, IP40	
Connection method	Connector re	lay (standard c	able length: 50	00 mm)				
Weight (packed state)	Approx. 150 g Approx. 250 Approx. 150 g g					Approx. 250 g		
Materials		oolybutylene te num, Lens: Gla		Case and cover: Alumi- num, Lens: Glass		olybutylene te num, Lens: Gla		Case and cov- er: Aluminum, Lens: Glass
Accessories	Instruction sh	leet, Laser war	ning label (Eng	glish)				

\*1. Beam size: The beam size is defined by 1/e<sup>2</sup> (13.5%) of the strength of the beam at the beam center (measured value). Incorrect detection may occur if there is light leakage outside the defined spot and the material around the sensing object is more reflective than the sensing object.

\*2. Resolution: The resolution is the deviation (±3σ) in the linear output when connected to the ZX-LDA Amplifier Unit. (The resolution is measured with the standard reference object (white ceramic), at the measurement point with the ZX-LDA set for an average count of 4,096 per period.) The resolution is given at the repeat accuracy for a stationary workpiece, and is not an indication of the distance accuracy. The resolution may be adversely affected under strong electromagnetic fields.
\*3. Linearity: The linearity is given as the error in an ideal straight line displacement output when measuring the standard reference object. The

linearity and measurement values vary with the object being measured.

\*4 Temperature characteristic: The temperature characteristic is measured at the measurement point with the Sensor and reference object (OMRON's standard reference object) secured with an aluminum jig.

Note: Highly reflective objects can result in incorrect detection by causing out-of-range measurements.

# Sensor Heads (Through-beam)

ltem	Model	ZX-	LT001	ZX-LT005	ZX-LT010	ZX-LT030	
Optical sys	stem	Through-beam					
Light source		Visible-light semiconductor laser with a wavelength of 650 nm					
(wave leng	EN class 1, FDA class II						
Maximu	ım output	0.2 mW max.		0.35 mW max.		0.2 mW max.	
Measurem	ent width	1-mm dia.	1- to 2.5-mm dia.	5 mm	10 mm	30 mm	
Measurem distance	ent	0 to 500 mm	500 to 2,000 mm	0 to 500 mm			
Minimum s object	ensing	8-μm dia. (opaque)	8- to 50-μm dia. (opaque)	0.05-mm dia. (opaque)	0.1-mm dia. (opaque)	0.3-mm dia. (opaque)	
Resolution	*1	4 μm *2		4 μm *3		12 μm *4	
Temperatu characteris		±0.2% FS/°C				±0.3% FS/°C	
Ambient ill	umination	Incandescent lamp: 10,000 l× max. (on light-receiving side)					
Ambient te	mperature	Operating: 0 to 5	0°C, Storage: –25 t	o 70°C (with no icing or co	ondensation)		
Ambient h	umidity	Operating: 35%	o 85% (with no con	densation)			
Degree of	protection	IEC60529, IP40					
Connectio	n method	Connector relay	(standard cable lenç	gth: 500 mm)			
Weight (pa	cked state)	Approx. 220 g				Approx. 450 g	
Cable leng	th	Extendable up to	10 m with special e	extension cable.			
Materials	Case	Polyetherimide				Zinc die-cast	
	Cover	Polycarbonate					
	Front filter	Glass					
Tightening	torque	0.3 N·m max.					
Accessorie	es	Instruction sheet	, Sensor Head-Amp	lifier Connection Cable			
		Optical axis adju	Optical axis adjustment seal				

\*1. This value is obtained by converting the deviation  $(\pm 3\sigma)$  in the linear output that results when the sensor head is connected to the amplifier unit, into the measurement width.

\*2. For an average count of 64. The value is 5  $\mu m$  for an average count of 32.

This is the value that results when a minimum sensing object blocks the light near the center of the 1-mm measurement width.

\*3. For an average count of 64. The value is 5  $\mu m$  for an average count of 32.

\*4. For an average count of 64. The value is 15  $\mu m$  for an average count of 32.

# ■ Amplifier Units

Item Model	ZX-LDA11-N	ZX-LDA41-N			
Measurement period	150 μs				
Possible average count settings*1	1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1,024, 2,048, or	r 4,096			
Temperature characteristic	When connected to a Reflective Sensor Head: 0.01% FS/°C, When connected to a Through-beam Sense Head: 0.1% FS/°C				
Linear output*2	4 to 20 mA/FS, Max. load resistance: 300 $\Omega, \pm$ 4 V (±	: 5 V, 1 to 5 V *3), Output impedance: 100 $\Omega$			
Judgement outputs (3 outputs: HIGH/PASS/LOW)*1	NPN open-collector outputs, 30 VDC, 50 mA max. PNP open-collector outputs, 30 VDC, 50 mA max. Residual voltage: 1.2 V max.				
Laser OFF input, zero reset input, timing input, reset input	ON: Short-circuited with 0-V terminal or 1.5 V or less ON: Supply voltage short-circuited or sup OFF: Open (leakage current: 0.1 mA max.) OFF: Open (leakage current: 0.1 mA max)				
Functions	Measurement value display, present value/set value/light level/resolution display, scaling, display reverse display OFF mode, ECO mode, number of display digit changes, sample hold, peak hold, bottom hold, peak-to-peak hold, self-peak hold, self-bottom hold, average hold, delay hold, intensity mode, zero reset initial reset, ON-delay timer, OFF-delay timer, one-shot timer, deviation, previous value comparison, sensitivity adjustment, keep/clamp switch, direct threshold value setting, position teaching, 2-point teaching, automatic teaching, hysteresis width setting, timing inputs, reset input, monitor focus, linear output compensation, (A-B) calculations*4, (A+B) calculations*4, mutual interference*4, laser deterioration detection, zero reset memory, zero reset display, key lock				
Indications	Operation indicators: High (orange), pass (green), low (yellow), 7-segment main display (red), 7-segment subdisplay (yellow), laser ON (green), zero reset (green), enable (green)				
Power supply voltage	12 to 24 VDC ±10%, Ripple (p-p): 10% max.				
Current consumption	140 mA max. with power supply voltage of 24 VDC (	(with Sensor connected)			
Ambient temperature	Operating: 0 to 50°C, Storage: -15 to 60°C (with no	icing or condensation)			
Ambient humidity	Operating and storage: 35% to 85% (with no conder	nsation)			
Insulation resistance	20 MΩ min. at 500 VDC				
Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min				
Vibration resistance (destruction)	10 to 150 Hz, 0.7-mm double amplitude 80 min each in X, Y, and Z directions				
Shock resistance (destruction)	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in six directions (up/down, left/right, forward/backward)				
Connection method	Prewired (standard cable length: 2 m)				
Weight (packed state)	Approx. 350 g				
Materials	Case: PBT (polybutylene terephthalate), Cover: Poly	/carbonate			
Accessories	Instruction sheet				

\*1. The response speed of the linear output is calculated as the measurement period × (average count setting + 1) (with fixed sensitivity). The response speed of the judgement outputs is calculated as the measurement period × (average count setting + 1) (with fixed sensitivity).

\*2. The output can be switched between a current output and voltage output using a switch on the bottom of the Amplifier Unit.

\*3. Setting is possible via the monitor focus function.

\*4. A Calculating Unit (ZX-CAL2) is required.

# ■ Calculating Unit

Item	ZX-CAL2
Applicable Amplifier Units	ZX-LDA11-N/41-N/ZX-EDA11/41/ZX-TDA11/41
Current consumption	12 mA max. (supplied from the Smart Sensor Amplifier Unit)
Ambient temperature	Operating: 0 to 50°C, Storage: -15 to 60°C (with no icing or condensation)
Ambient humidity	Operating and storage: 35% to 85% (with no condensation)
Connection method	Connector
Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min
Insulation resistance	100 MΩ (at 500 VDC)
Vibration resistance (destructive)	10 to 150 Hz, 0.7-mm double amplitude 80 min each in X, Y, and Z directions
Shock resistance (destructive)	300 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in six directions (up/down, left/right, forward/backward)
Materials	Display: Acrylic, Case: ABS resin
Weight (packed state)	Approx. 50 g

# ZX-series Communications Interface Unit

lt	em	ZX-SF11				
Current consumption	on	60 mA max. (supplied by the Amplifier Unit)				
Applicable Amplifie	r Units	ZX Series				
Applicable Amplifier Unit versions		ZX-LDA 1-N Ver. 1.000 or higher ZX-EDA 1 Ver. 1.100 or higher ZX-TDA 1 Ver. 1.000 or higher				
Max. No. of Amplifie	er Units	5				
Communications functions	Communications port	RS-232C port (9-pin D-Sub Connector)				
	Communications protocol	CompoWay/F*				
	Baud rate	38,400 bps				
	Data configuration	Data bits: 8, Parity: none, Start bits: 1, Stop bits: 1, Flow control: none				
Indicators		Power supply: green, Sensor communications: green, Sensor communications error: red, External terminal communications: green, External terminal communications error: red				
Protective circuits		Reverse polarity protection				
Ambient temperatur	re	Operating: 0 to 50°C, storage: -15 to 60°C (with no icing or condensation)				
Ambient humidity		Operating and storage: 35% to 85% (with no condensation)				
Insulation resistanc	e	20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)				
Dielectric strength		1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min, Leakage current: 10 mA max.				
Materials		Case: PBT (polybutylene terephthalate), Cover: Polycarbonate				
Accessories		Instruction sheet, 2 clamps				

\* Contact your OMRON representative for CompoWay/F communications specifications.

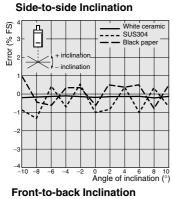
# **Engineering Data (Typical)**

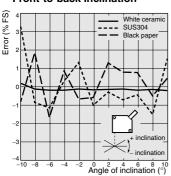
## Angle Characteristic (Reflective Sensors)

The angle characteristic plots the relation between the inclination of the measurement object and the error in the linear output at the measurement point.

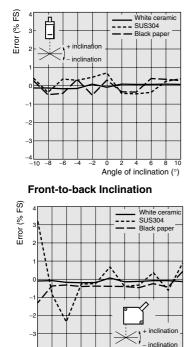
Note: SUS304 = Stainless steel SUS304

### • ZX-LD40



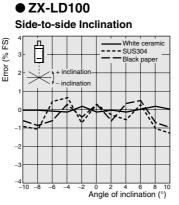


### • ZX-LD40L Side-to-side Inclination

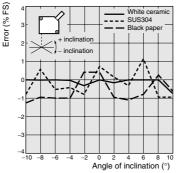


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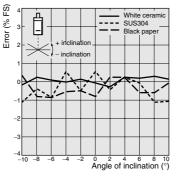
Angle of inclination (°)



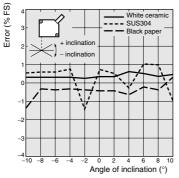




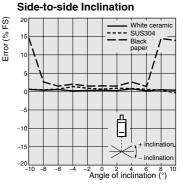
## • ZX-LD100L Side-to-side Inclination



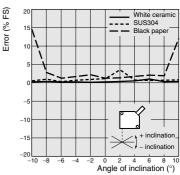
### Front-to-back Inclination



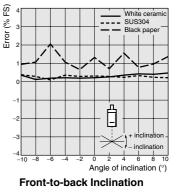
• ZX-LD300

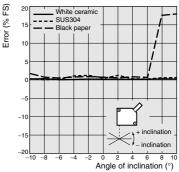


Front-to-back Inclination

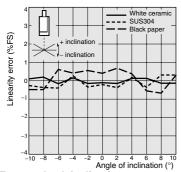


• ZX-LD300L Side-to-side Inclination

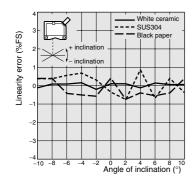




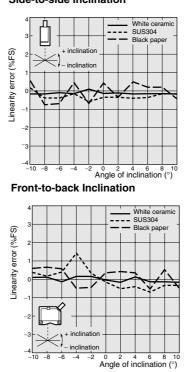
### • ZX-LD30V Side-to-side Inclination



Front-to-back Inclination



### • ZX-LD30VL Side-to-side Inclination

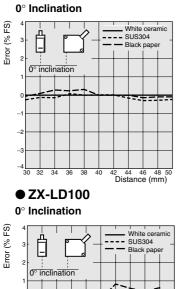


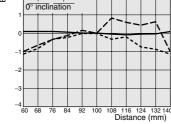
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-8 -6

## Linearity Characteristic for Different Materials (Reflective Sensors)

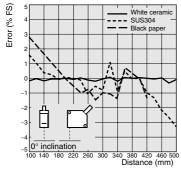
## • ZX-LD40



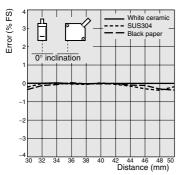


• ZX-LD300

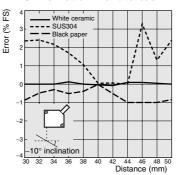




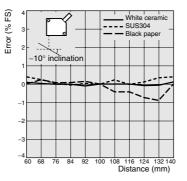




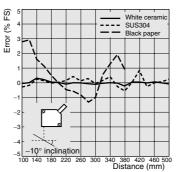
-10° Inclination Front-to-back

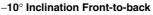


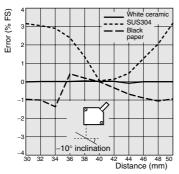
-10° Inclination Front-to-back



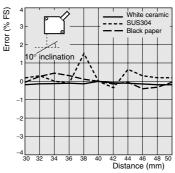
-10° Inclination Front-to-back



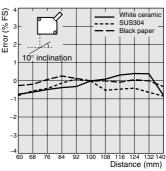




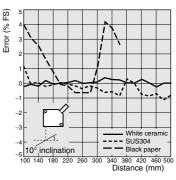
### 10° Inclination



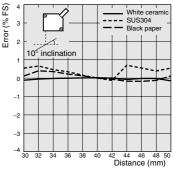
10° Inclination

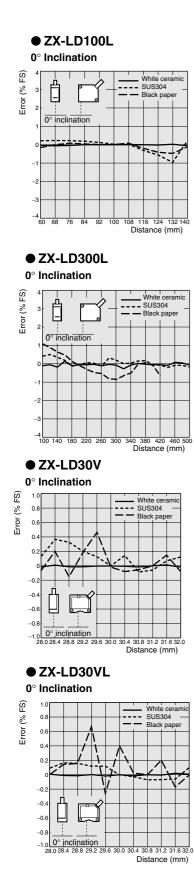


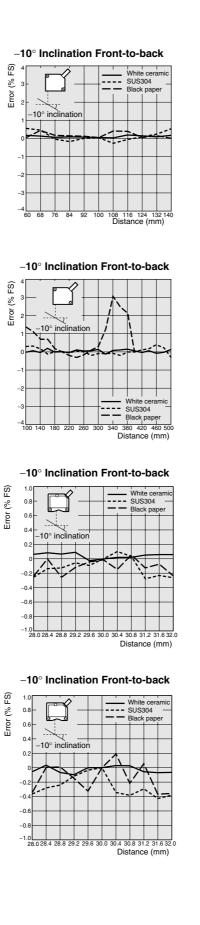
10° Inclination



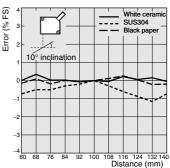
10° Inclination



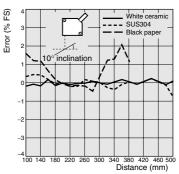




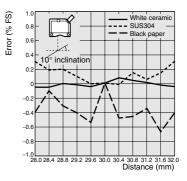
### 10° Inclination



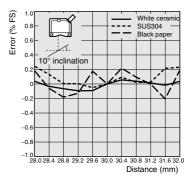
### 10° Inclination



#### 10° Inclination

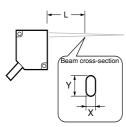


#### 10° Inclination



## Beam Size (Reflective Sensors)

## Spot Beams



## ZX-LD40

L	30 mm	40 mm	50 mm
Х	240 μm	40.0 μm	250 μm
Y	350 μm	30.0 µm	370 μm

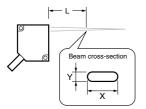
### ZX-LD100

L	60 mm	100 mm	140 mm
Х	390 µm	100 µm	430 µm
Y	620 μm	65.0 μm	650 μm

### ZX-LD300

L	100 mm	300 mm	500 mm
Х	1,050 μm	180 µm	1,100 μm
Y	450 μm	300 µm	850 μm

## • Line Beams



### ZX-LD40L

L	30 mm	40 mm	50 mm
Х	2,000 μm	2,000 μm	2,000 μm
Y	240 μm	50.0 μm	250 μm

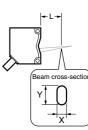
### ZX-LD100L

L	60 mm	100 mm	140 mm
Х	2,000 μm	2,000 μm	2,000 μm
Y	410 µm	100 µm	430 µm

### ZX-LD300L

L	100 mm	300 mm	500 mm
Х	2,000 μm	2,000 μm	2,500 μm
Y	750 μm	300 µm	650 μm

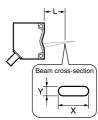
## Spot Beams



## ZX-LD30V

L	28 mm	30 mm	32 mm
Х	60.0 μm	30.0 μm	120 μm
Y	50.0 μm	40.0 μm	90.0 μm

### Line Beams



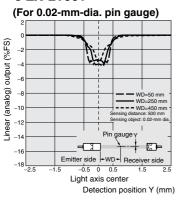
### ZX-LD30VL

L	28 mm	30 mm	32 mm
Х	1,800 µm	1,800 μm	1,800 µm
Υ	90.0 μm	60.0 μm	110 µm

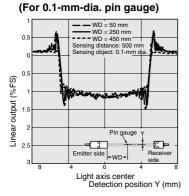
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## Sensing Object Characteristics (Through-beam Sensors)

## • ZX-LT001

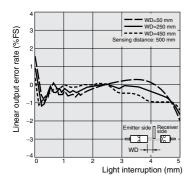


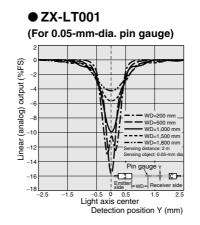
• ZX-LT010

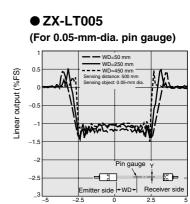


## **Linearity Characteristics**

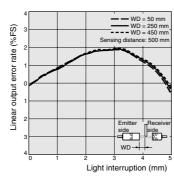
### • ZX-LT005







Light axis center Detection position Y (mm)

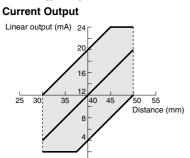


• ZX-LT010

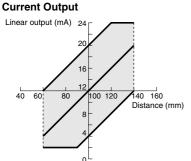
# Linear Output vs. Sensing Distance

The output can be switched between a current output and a voltage output using a switch on the Amplifier Unit.

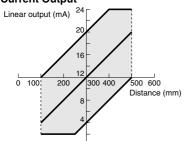
### ZX-LD40/LD40L



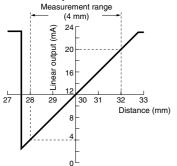
## ZX-LD100/LD100L

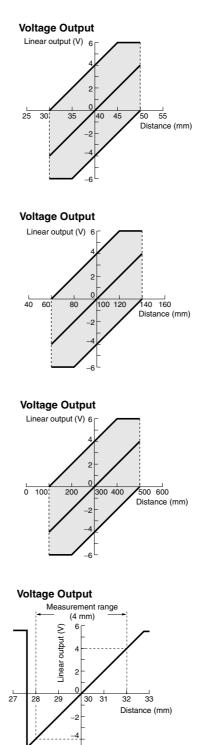


### ZX-LD300/LD300L Current Output



### ZX-LD30V/LD30VL Current Output Measurement range

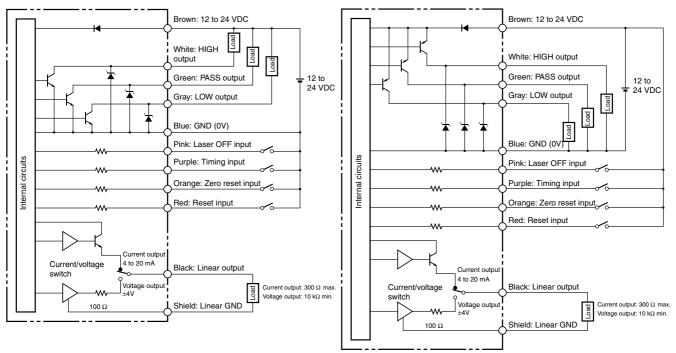




-6<sup>1</sup>

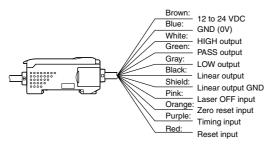
# I/O Circuit Diagrams

### NPN Amplifier Unit: ZX-LDA11-N



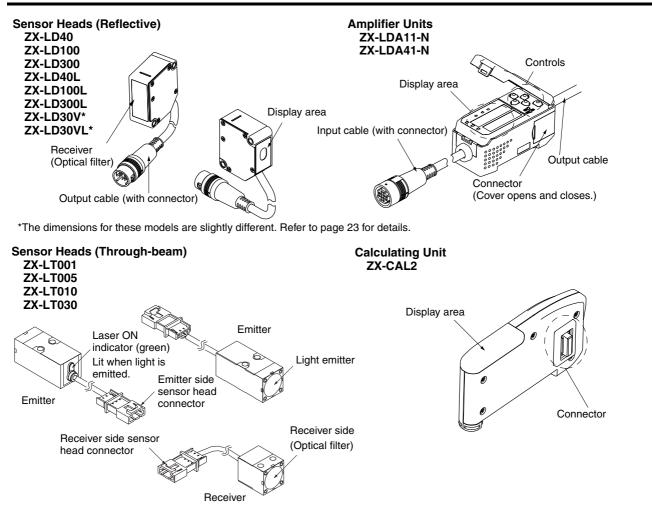
**PNP Amplifier Unit: ZX-LDA41-N** 

# **Connections: Amplifier Unit**



- Note 1. Use a separate stabilized power supply for the Amplifier Unit, particularly when high resolution is required.
  - 2. Wire the Unit correctly. Incorrect wiring may result in damage to the Unit. (Do not allow wiring, particularly the linear output, to come into contact with other lines.)
  - 3. Use the 0-V line (blue) for the power supply and use the shield wire (linear output ground) together with the linear output (black line) for linear output. Each of these grounds must be used for the designed purpose. When not using the linear output, connect the linear ground (shield) to the 0-V ground.

# **Part Names**



# Design Precautions

## **Ratings and Performance**

- Conform to the specified ratings and performance. Refer to *Specifications* for details.
  - 1. Do not impose voltage exceeding the rated voltage, otherwise the Sensor may be damaged.
  - 2. When supplying power to the Sensor, make sure that the polarity of the power is correct, otherwise, the Sensor may be damaged. Do not connect to an AC power supply.
  - 3. Do not short-circuit the load for the open collector output, otherwise the Sensor may be damaged.
- Do not disconnect the connector connecting the Sensor Head and the controller while power is being supplied, otherwise the Sensor may be damaged.
- Allow a warm-up period of approximately 10 minutes after turning ON the power supply.
- Objects of certain materials or shapes may not be detectable, or the detection accuracy may not be sufficiently high. These include materials that are transparent or have extremely low reflectivity, and objects that are smaller than the Sensor's spot diameter or have extreme curvature or inclination.

## Power Supply and Wiring

- Prior to turning ON the power supply after wiring is completed, check to make sure that the power supply is correct, that there are no mistaken connections, e.g., connections that would short-circuit the load, and that the load current is appropriate. Incorrect wiring may result in damage to the Sensor or Unit.
- The total length of the Sensor cable or Amplifier cable must be 10 m or less. Use an ZX-XC A Extension Cable (order separately) if required to extend the cable from the Sensor. Use a shielded cable to extend the Amplifier cable. The shielded cable must be the same as that of the Amplifier cable.
- Do not lay a power supply cable for the ZX together with high-voltage lines or power lines to prevent interference, damage, and malfunction.
- When using a commercially available switching regulator, ground the FG (frame ground) terminal.
- If the power supply line is subject to surges, connect a surge absorber that meets the conditions of the usage environment.
- When using a Calculating Unit, connect the corresponding linear ground of the Amplifier Unit.

## **Compatibility**

• All Sensor Heads and Amplifier Units are compatible. Different Sensor Heads may be purchased at a later date and used with existing Amplifier Units.

## Mutual Interference

• Two Sensor Heads can be used together, without danger of mutual interference, by connecting the ZX-CAL 2 Calculating Unit between two Amplifier Units.

## **Maintenance**

- Always turn OFF the power supply before adjusting or removing the Sensor Head.
- Cleaning

Do not use thinners, benzine, acetone, or kerosene for cleaning. If dust or oil adheres to the filter on the front of the Sensor Head, use the following procedure to clean.

- 1. Use a blower brush (used to clean camera lenses) to blow large dust particles from the surface. Do not blow the dust away with your mouth.
- 2. Use a soft cloth (for lenses) with a small amount of alcohol to remove the remaining dust. Do not use a scrubbing action when cleaning because scratches on the filter could result in Sensor inaccuracy.

# Other Precautions

## **Environment**

- 1. Do not use the Sensor in strong electromagnetic fields or in an environment where the operation of the Sensor is subject to the reflection of intense light (such as other laser beams or electric arc-welding machines.)
- 2. Do not operate the Sensor in the following locations:
- Locations subject to strong vibration.
  - Locations subject to direct sunlight or near heating equipment.
  - Locations subject to high humidity.
  - Locations where the Sensor would accumulate dust, dirt, metallic powder, etc.
- · Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases.
- Locations subject to exposure to organic solvents, water, oil, etc.
- Locations subject to strong electromagnetic or electrical fields.
- Locations subject to rapid changes in temperature.
- Locations subject to freezing.

# Laser Safety

The ZX-LD-Series Sensor Heads are FDA Class II and EN Class 2 Laser Products. The ZX-LT-Series Sensor Heads are FDA Class II and EN Class 1 Laser Products. The ZX Series is meant to be built into final system equipment. Pay special attention to the following precautions for the safe use of the product:

Note: Europe: Class 1 and Class 2 of EN60825-1: 1994 = IEC825-1: 1993

- U.S.A.: Class I and Class II of FDA (21 CFR1040.10)
- 1. Use this product as specified in this instruction manual. Otherwise, you may be exposed to hazardous laser radiation.
- 2. The ZX-series Smart Sensors radiate laser beams in the visible light range. Do not expose your eyes directly to the laser radiation. Ensure that the laser beam path is terminated during use. If a mirror or shiny surface is positioned in the laser beam path, ensure that the reflected beam path is also terminated. If the Unit must be used without terminating the laser beam path, position the laser beam path so that it is not at eye level.
- 3. To avoid exposure to hazardous laser radiation, do not displace nor remove the protective housing during operation, maintenance, and any other servicing.
- 4. The user should return the product to OMRON for all repair and servicing.
- 5. As for other countries, observe the regulations and standards specified by each country.



## **Requirements from Regulations and Standards**

# EN60825-1 "Safety of Laser Products, Equipment Classification, Requirements and User's Guide"

### Summary of Manufacturer's Requirements

Requirements;			Classification			
Sub-clause	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3A	Class 3B*	Class 4	
Description of hazard class	Safe under reason- ably foreseeable con- ditions	Low power; eye pro- tection normally af- forded by aversion responses	Same as Class 2. Di- rect intrabeam view- ing with optical aids may be hazardous	Direct intrabeam view- ing may be hazardous	High power; diffused reflection may be haz- ardous	
Protective housing	Required for each lase	er product; limits access	necessary for perform	ance of functions of the	products	
Safety interlock in pro- tective housing	Designed to prevent re assigned	moval of the panel until	accessible emission va	lues are below the AEL (s	see note 2) for the class	
Remote control	Not required			Permits easy addition o ser installation	f external interlock in la-	
Key control	Not required			Laser inoperative when	key is removed	
Emission warning de- vice	Not required			Gives audible or visible warning when laser is switched on or if capacitor bank of pulsed laser is being charged		
Attenuator	Not required			Gives means beside ON/OFF switch to tempo- rarily block beam		
Location controls	Not required			at there is no danger of exposure to AEL above adjustments are made.		
Viewing optics	Emission from all view	ing systems must be be	elow Class 1 AEL's as a	applicable		
Scanning	Scan failure shall not o	ause product to excee	d its classification			
Class label	Required wording	Figures A and B and s	specified wording			
Aperture label	Not required			Specified wording required		
Service entry label	Required as appropria	te to the class of acces	sible radiation			
Override interlock label	Required under certain	n conditions as appropr	iate to the class of lase	r used		
User information	Operation manuals mu	st contain instructions	for safe use			
Purchasing and service information	Promotion brochures must reproduce classification labels; service manuals must contain safety information					
Medical products	Special calibration instructions required Special calibration instructions, means measurement and target-indicator requ					
Fibre optic	Cable service connect above Class 1	ions require tool to disc	connect if disconnection	breaks protective housing	ng and permits access	

\*With respect to the requirements of remote interlock connector, key control, emission warning and attenuator, Class 3B laser products not exceeding five times the AEL of Class 2 in the wavelength range of 400 nm to 700 nm are to be treated as Class 3A laser products.

Note 1. This table is intended to provide a convenient summary of requirements. See text of this standard for complete requirements.

 AEL: Accessible Emission Limit The maximum accessible emission level permitted within a particular class. For your reference, see ANSI Z136.1-1993, Section 2.

> Symbol and border: black Background: yellow



Figure A Warning label - Hazard symbol

Legend and border: black Background: yellow

クラン	ス1レーザ製品
CLASS	1 LASER PRODU

Figure B Explanatory label

### • FDA (Compliance Guide for Laser Products, 1985, according to 21 CFR1040.10)

Requirements	Class (see note 1)					
	I	lla	II	Illa	lllb	IV
Performance (all laser proc	ducts)		•	•		
Protective housing	R (see note 2)					
Safety interlock	R (see notes 3, 4)					
Location of controls	N/A	R	R		R	R
Viewing optics	R	R	R	R	R	R
Scanning safeguard	R	R	R	R	R	R
Performance (laser system	ns)					
Remote control connector	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R	R
Key control	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R	R
Emission indicator	N/A	N/A	R	R	R (see note 10)	R (see note 10)
Beam attenuator	N/A	N/A	R	R	R	R
Reset	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R (see note 13)
Performance (specific purp	oose products)		•	•		
Medical	S	S	S	S (see note 8)	S (see note 8)	S (see note 8)
Surveying, leveling, align- ment	S	S	S	S	NP	NP
Demonstration	S	S	S	S	S (see note 11)	S (see note 11)
Labeling (all laser products	s)					
Certification & identifica- tion	R	R	R	R	R	R
Protective housing	D (see note 5)					
Aperture	N/A	N/A	R	R	R	R
Class warning	N/A	R (see note 6)	R (see note 7)	R (see note 9)	R (see note 12)	R (see note 12)
Information (all laser produ	icts)				•	•
User information	R	R	R	R	R	R
Product literature	N/A	R	R	R	R	R
Service information	R	R	R	R	R	R

Abbreviations:

R: Required.

N/A: Not applicable.

S: Requirements: Same as for other products of that Class.

Also see footnotes.

NP: Not permitted.

D: Depends on level of interior radiation.

Footnotes:

- 1. Based on highest level accessible during operation.
- 2. Required wherever & whenever human access to laser radiation above Class I limits is not needed for product to perform its function.
- 3. Required for protective housings opened during operation or maintenance, if human access thus gained is not always necessary when housing is open.
- 4. Interlock requirements vary according to Class of internal radiation.
- 5. Wording depends on level & wavelength of laser radiation within protective housing.
- 6. Warning statement label.
- 7. CAUTION logotype.
- 8. Requires means to measure level of laser radiation intended to irradiate the body.
- 9. CAUTION if 2.5 mW cm<sup>2</sup> or less, DANGER if greater than 2.5 mW cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 10.Delay required between indication & emission.
- 11. Variance required for Class IIb or iV demonstration laser products and light shows.
- 12. DANGER logotype.
- 13. Required after August 20, 1986.

## **Use Precautions**

### • EN60825-1

Requirements;	Classification						
Sub-clause	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3A	Class 3B*	Class 4		
Remote interlock	Not required	•		Connect to room or do	oor circuits		
Key control	Not required			Remove key when not in use			
Beam attenuator	Not required			When in use prevents inadvertent exposure			
Emission indicator de- vice	Not required			Indicates laser is ener	gized		
Warning signs	Not required			Follow precautions on warning signs			
Beam path	Not required Terminate beam at end of useful length						
Specular reflection	No requirements			Prevent unintentional reflections			
Eye protection			Required if engineeri and MPE exceeded	ring and administrative procedures not practicable			
Protective clothing	No requirements			Sometimes required	Specific requirements		
Training	No requirements		Required for all operation	or all operator and maintenance personnel			

\*With respect to the requirements of remote interlock connector, key control, beam attenuator, and emission indicator, Class 3B laser products not exceeding five times the AEL of Class 2 in the wavelength range of 400 nm to 700 nm are to be treated as Class 3A laser products.

Note: This table is intended to provide a convenient summary of requirements. See text of this standard for complete precautions.

### ANSI Z136.1:1993 "American National Standard for the Safe Use of Lasers" Control Measures for the Four Laser Classes

Control measures			Cla	ssification			
Engineering Controls	1	2a	2	3a	3b	4	
Protective Housing (4.3.1)	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	
Without Protective Housing (4.3.1.1)	LSO (see	LSO (see note 2) shall establish Alternate Controls					
Interlocks on Protective Housing (4.3.2)	☆	\$	☆	\$	Х	Х	
Service Access Panel (4.3.3)	☆	\$	☆	☆	Х	Х	
Key Control (4.3.4)					•	Х	
Viewing Portals (4.3.5.1)			MPE	MPE	MPE	MPE	
Collecting Optics (4.3.5.2)	MPE	MPE	MPE	MPE	MPE	MPE	
Totally Open Beam Path (4.3.6.1)					X NHZ	X NHZ	
Limited Open Beam Path (4.3.6.2)					X NHZ	X NHZ	
Enclosed Beam Path (4.3.6.3)	None is r	equired if 4.3.1	and 4.3.2 fulfil	led			
Remote Interlock Connector (4.3.7)					•	Х	
Beam Stop or Attenuator (4.3.8)					•	Х	
Activation Warning Systems (4.3.9)					•	Х	
Emission Delay (4.3.9.1)						Х	
Indoor Laser Controlled Area (4.3.10)					X NHZ	X NHZ	
Class 3b Laser Controlled Area (4.3.10.1)					X		
Class 4 Laser Controlled Area (4.3.10.2)						Х	
Laser Outdoor Controls (4.3.11)					X NHZ	X NHZ	
Laser in Navigable Airspace (4.3.11.2)				•	•	•	
Temporary Laser Controlled Area (4.3.12)	☆ MPE	☆ MPE	☆ MPE	☆ MPE			
Remote Firing & Monitoring (4.3.13)						•	
Labels (4.3.14 and 4.7)	X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	
Area Posting (4.3.15)				•	X NHZ	X NHZ	
Administrative & Procedural Controls	1	2a	2	3a	3b	4	
Standard Operating Procedures (4.4.1)					•	Х	
Output Emission Limitations (4.4.2)	LSO Determination		·				
Education and Training (4.4.3)			•	•	Х	Х	
Authorized Personnel (4.4.4)					х	Х	
Alignment Procedures (4.4.5)			Х	Х	Х	Х	

Control measures			Cla	ssification		
Protective Equipment (4.4.6)					•	Х
Spectator (4.4.7)					•	Х
Service Personnel (4.4.8)	☆ MPE	☆ MPE	☆ MPE	☆ MPE	Х	Х
Demonstration with General Public (4.5.1)	MPE †		Х	Х	Х	Х
Laser Optical Fiber Systems (4.5.2)	MPE	MPE	MPE	MPE	Х	Х
Laser Robotic Installations (4.5.3)					X NHZ	X NHZ
Eye Protection (4.6.2)					• MPE	X MPE
Protective Windows (4.6.3)					X NHZ	X NHZ
Protective Barriers and Curtains (4.6.4)					•	•
Skin Protection (4.6.5)					X MPE	X MPE
Other Protective Equipment (4.6.5)	Use may be required					
Warning Signs and Labels (4.7) (Design Requirements)			•	•	X NHZ	X NHZ
Service and Repairs (4.8)	LSO Determination					
Modification of Laser Systems (4.9)	LSO Determination					

### Note 1. LEGEND

- Х: Shall
- Should •:
- No requirement ----
- ☆: Shall if enclosed Class 3b or Class 4
- MPE: Shall if MPE is exceeded
- NHZ: Nominal Hazard Zone analysis required **†**:
  - Applicable only to UV and IR Lasers (4.5.1.2)
- 2. LSO: Laser Safety Officer

An individual shall be designated the Laser Safety Officer with the authority and responsibility to monitor and enforce the control of laser hazards, and to effect the knowledgeable evaluation and control of laser hazards. For your reference, see ANSI Z136.1-1993, Section 1.3.

## Laser Product Classifications

### • EN

Class	Description			
Class 1	Lasers which are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation.			
Class 2	Lasers emitting visible radiation in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm. Eye protection is normally afforded by aversion responses including the blink reflex.			
Class 3A	Lasers which are safe for viewing with the unaided eye. For laser emitting in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm, protection is afforded by aversion responses including the blink reflex. For other wavelengths the hazard to the unaided eye is no greater than for Class 1. Direct intrabeam viewing of Class 3A lasers with optical aides (e.g., binoculars, telescopes, microscopes) may be hazardous.			
Class 3B	Direct intrabeam viewing of these lasers is always hazardous. Viewing diffuse reflections is normally safe (see note).			
Class 4	Lasers which are also capable of producing hazardous diffuse reflections. They may cause skin injuries and could also constitute a fire hazard. Their use requires extreme caution.			

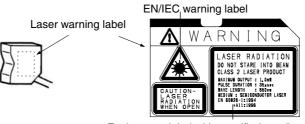
Note: Conditions for safe viewing of diffuse reflections for Class 3B visible lasers are: minimum viewing distance of 13 cm between screen and cornea and a maximum viewing time of 10 s. Other viewing conditions require a comparison of the diffuse reflection exposure with the MPE.

## **Comparison of Classifications between FDA and ANSI**

Class	FDA definition	ANSI description
Class I/1	Limits applicable to devices that have emissions in the ultraviolet, visible, and infrared spectra, and limits below which biological hazards have not been established.	A Class 1 laser is considered to be incapable of pro- ducing damaging radiation levels during operation and maintenance and is, therefore, exempt from any con- trol measures or other forms of surveillance.
Class IIa/2a	Limits applicable to products whose visible emission does not exceed Class I limits for emission durations of 1,000 seconds or less and are not intended for viewing.	Class 2 lasers are divided into two subclasses, 2 and 2a. A Class 2 laser emits in the visible portion of the spectrum (0.4 to 0.7 $\mu$ m) and eye protection is normal-
Class II/2	Limits applicable to products that have emissions in the visible spectrum (400 to 710 nm) for emission durations in excess of 0.25 second, pro- viding that emissions for other durations and/or wavelengths do not ex- ceed the Class I limits. Class II products are considered hazardous for direct long-term ocular exposure.	ly afforded by the aversion response including the blink reflex.
Class IIIa/3a	Limits to products that have emissions in the visible spectrum and that have beams where the total collectable radiant power does not exceed 5 milliwatts.	Class 3 lasers are divided into two subclasses, 3a and 3b. A Class 3 laser may be hazardous under direct and specular reflection viewing conditions, but the diffuse
Class IIIb/3b	Limits applicable to devices that emit in the ultraviolet, visible, and infra- red spectra. Class IIIb products include laser systems ranging from 5 to 500 milliwatts in the visible spectrum. Class IIIb emission levels are oc- ular hazards for direct exposure throughout the range of the Class, and skin hazards at the higher levels of the Class.	reflection is usually not a hazard.
Class IV/4	Exceeding the limits of Class IIIb and are a hazard for scattered reflec- tion as well as for direct exposure.	A Class 4 laser is a hazard to the eye or skin from the direct beam and sometimes from a diffuse reflection and also can be a fire hazard. Class 4 lasers may also produce laser-generated air contaminants and hazard-ous plasma radiation.

## Label Indications

• EN

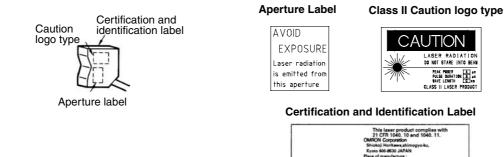


Explanatory label with specified wording

ION Core

Note: Use of controls, adjustments, or procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

### • FDA

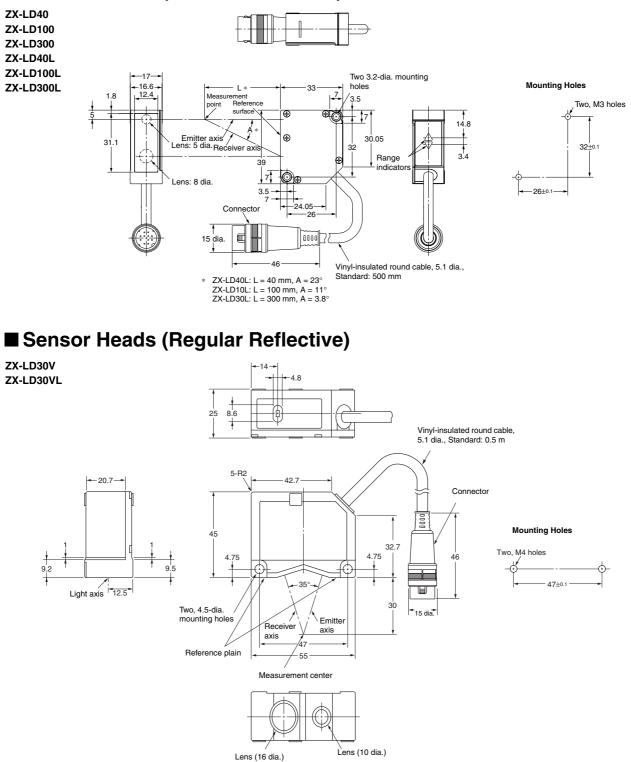


Note: Use of controls, adjustments, or procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

(Unit: mm)

23

## Sensor Heads (Diffuse Reflective)



Vinyl-insulated round cable (black), 2.6 dia., Standard: 500 mm

Þ

Vinyl-insulated round cable (black),

2.6 dia., Standard: 500 mm

6

8

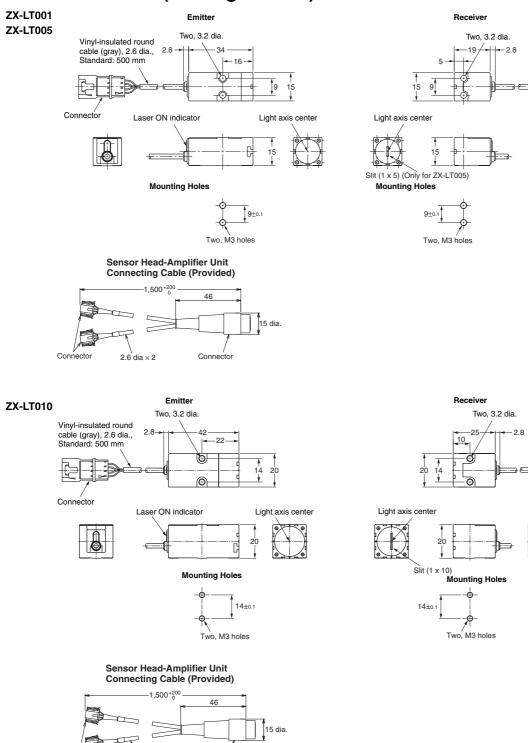
Þ

Connector

Connector

<del>6</del>1:

# Sensor Heads (Through-beam)



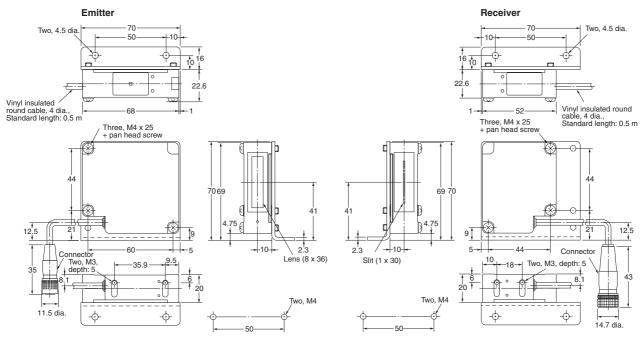
24 ZX Series (ZX-L-N) Smart Sensors (Laser Type)

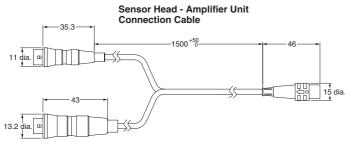
Connector

Connector

2.6 dia imes 2

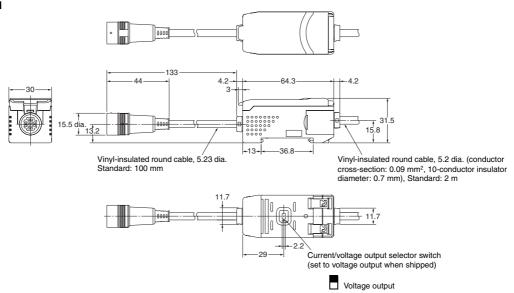
### ZX-LT030



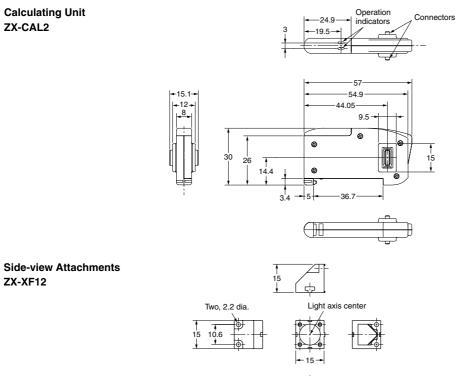


# ■ Amplifier Units

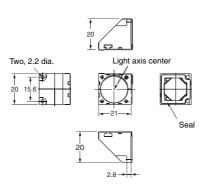
ZX-LDA11-N ZX-LDA41-N



# ■ Accessories (Order Separately)

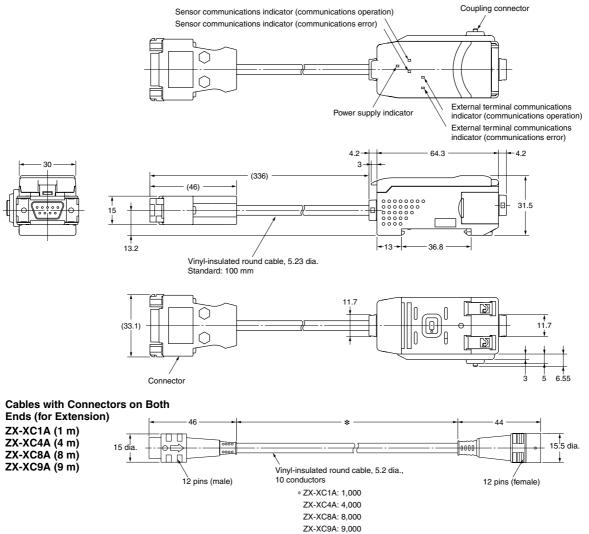






## ZX-series Communications Interface Unit





### ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

This document provides information mainly for selecting suitable models. Please read the document Z197 carefully for information that the user must understand and accept before purchase, including information on warranty, limitations of liability, and precautions.

### In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

## **OMRON** Corporation

**Industrial Automation Company** 

Sensing Devices Division H.Q. Application Sensors Division Shiokoji Horikawa, Shimogyo-ku, Kyoto, 600-8530 Japan Tel: (81)75-344-7068/Fax: (81)75-344-7107 Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the products. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

### Warranty and Limitations of Liability

#### WARRANTY

OMRON's exclusive warranty is that the products are free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year (or other period if specified) from date of sale by OMRON.

OMRON MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. ANY BUYER OR USER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE BUYER OR USER ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE. OMRON DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

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OMRON Corporation Industrial Automation Company



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