

FEATURES

High speed and fast settling on 5 V

110 MHz, -3 dB bandwidth ($G = +1$) (AD8051/AD8052)

150 MHz, -3 dB bandwidth ($G = +1$) (AD8054)

145 V/ μ s slew rate

50 ns settling time to 0.1%

Single-supply operation

Output swings to within 25 mV of either rail

Input voltage range: -0.2 V to +4 V; $V_S = 5$ V

Video specifications ($G = +2$)

0.1 dB gain flatness: 20 MHz; $R_L = 150 \Omega$

Differential gain/phase: 0.03%/0.03°

Low distortion

-80 dBc total harmonic @ 1 MHz, $R_L = 100 \Omega$

Outstanding load drive capability

Drives 45 mA, 0.5 V from supply rails (AD8051/AD8052)

Drives 50 pF capacitive load ($G = +1$) (AD8051/AD8052)

Low power: 2.75 mA/amplifier (AD8054)

Low power: 4.4 mA/amplifier (AD8051/AD8052)

APPLICATIONS

Active filters

Analog-to-digital drivers

Clock buffer

Consumer video

Professional cameras

CCD imaging systems

CD/DVD ROMs

PIN CONNECTIONS (TOP VIEWS)

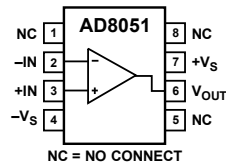


Figure 1. SOIC-8 (R)

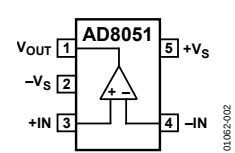


Figure 2. SOT-23-5 (RJ)

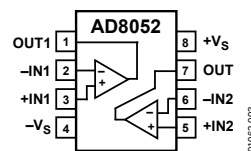


Figure 3. SOIC (R-8) and MSOP (RM-8)

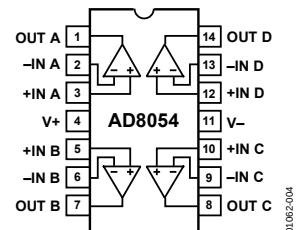


Figure 4. SOIC (R-14) and TSSOP (RU-14)

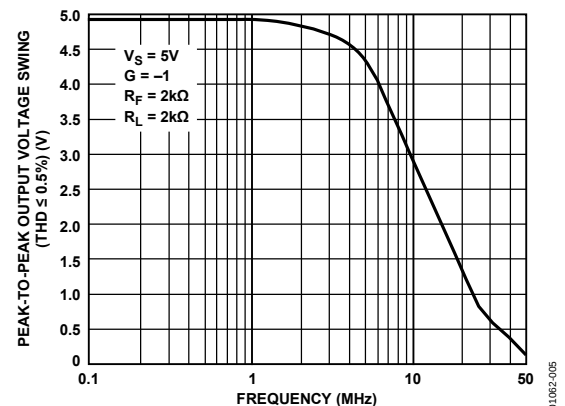


Figure 5. Low Distortion Rail-to-Rail Output Swing

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD8051 (single), AD8052 (dual), and AD8054 (quad) are low cost, high speed, voltage feedback amplifiers. The amplifiers operate on +3 V, +5 V, or ± 5 V supplies at low supply current. They have true single-supply capability with an input voltage range extending 200 mV below the negative rail and within 1 V of the positive rail.

Despite their low cost, the AD8051/AD8052/AD8054 provide excellent overall performance and versatility. The output voltage swings to within 25 mV of each rail, providing maximum output dynamic range with excellent overdrive recovery.

The AD8051/AD8052/AD8054 are well suited for video electronics, cameras, video switchers, or any high speed portable equipment. Low distortion and fast settling make them ideal for active filter applications.

The AD8051/AD8052 in the 8-lead SOIC, the AD8052 in the MSOP, the AD8054 in the 14-lead SOIC, and the 14-lead TSSOP packages are available in the extended temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

Rev. K

Document Feedback

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REVISION HISTORY

8/2019—Rev. J to Rev. K

Changes to Table 5	9
Changes to Ordering Guide	23

7/2009—Rev. I to Rev. J

Changes to Figure 22	12
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12/2008—Rev. H to Rev. I

Change to Settling Time to 0.1% Parameter, Table 1	3
Updated Outline Dimensions	20

12/2007—Rev. G to Rev. H

Changes to Applications	1
Updated Outline Dimensions	21
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5/2006—Rev. F to Rev. G

Updated Format	Universal
Changes to Features, Applications, and General Description	1
Changes to Figure 15	12
Changes to the Ordering Guide	22

9/2004—Rev. E to Rev. F

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3/2004—Rev. D to Rev. E

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1/2003—Rev. B to Rev. C

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Updated Outline Dimensions	20

SPECIFICATIONS

@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to 2.5 V , unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

Parameter	Conditions	AD8051A/AD8052A			AD8054A			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE								
–3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth	G = +1, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p	70	110		80	150		MHz
	G = –1, +2, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p		50			60		MHz
Bandwidth for 0.1 dB Flatness	G = +2, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p, R _L = 150 Ω to 2.5 V							
	R _F = 806 Ω (AD8051A/ AD8052A)		20					MHz
	R _F = 200 Ω (AD8054A)					12		MHz
Slew Rate	G = –1, V _{OUT} = 2 V step	100	145		140	170		V/μs
Full Power Response	G = +1, V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p		35			45		MHz
Settling Time to 0.1%	G = –1, V _{OUT} = 2 V step		50			40		ns
NOISE/DISTORTION PERFORMANCE								
Total Harmonic Distortion ¹	f _C = 5 MHz, V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, G = +2		–67			–68		dB
Input Voltage Noise	f = 10 kHz		16			16		nV/√Hz
Input Current Noise	f = 10 kHz		850			850		fA/√Hz
Differential Gain Error (NTSC)	G = +2, R _L = 150 Ω to 2.5 V		0.09			0.07		%
	R _L = 1 kΩ to 2.5 V		0.03			0.02		%
Differential Phase Error (NTSC)	G = +2, R _L = 150 Ω to 2.5 V		0.19			0.26		Degrees
	R _L = 1 kΩ to 2.5 V		0.03			0.05		Degrees
Crosstalk	f = 5 MHz, G = +2		–60			–60		dB
DC PERFORMANCE								
Input Offset Voltage	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		1.7	10		1.7	12	mV
					25			30
Offset Drift			10			15		μV/°C
Input Bias Current	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		1.4	2.5		2	4.5	μA
					3.25			4.5
Input Offset Current			0.1	0.75		0.2	1.2	μA
Open-Loop Gain	R _L = 2 kΩ to 2.5 V	86	98		82	98		dB
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		96			96		dB
	R _L = 150 Ω to 2.5 V	76	82		74	82		dB
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		78			78		dB
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Input Resistance			290			300		kΩ
Input Capacitance			1.4			1.5		pF
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range			–0.2 to +4			–0.2 to +4		V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	V _{CM} = 0 V to 3.5 V	72	88		70	86		dB

Parameter	Conditions	AD8051A/AD8052A			AD8054A			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Output Voltage Swing	R _L = 10 kΩ to 2.5 V		0.015 to 4.985			0.03 to 4.975		V
	R _L = 2 kΩ to 2.5 V	0.1 to 4.9	0.025 to 4.975		0.125 to 4.875	0.05 to 4.95		V
	R _L = 150 Ω to 2.5 V	0.3 to 4.625	0.2 to 4.8		0.55 to 4.4	0.25 to 4.65		V
Output Current	V _{OUT} = 0.5 V to 4.5 V		45			30		mA
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		45			30		mA
Short-Circuit Current	Sourcing		80			45		mA
	Sinking		130			85		mA
Capacitive Load Drive	G = +1 (AD8051/AD8052)		50					pF
	G = +2 (AD8054)					40		pF
POWER SUPPLY								
Operating Range		3		12	3		12	V
Quiescent Current/Amplifier			4.4	5		2.75	3.275	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	ΔV _S = ±1 V	70	80		68	80		dB
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE								
	RJ-5	−40		+85				°C
	RM-8, R-8, RU-14, R-14	−40		+125	−40		+125	°C

¹ Refer to Figure 19.

@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to 1.5 V , unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

Parameter	Conditions	AD8051A/AD8052A			AD8054A			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE								
–3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth	G = +1, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p	70	110		80	135		MHz
	G = –1, +2, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p		50			65		MHz
Bandwidth for 0.1 dB Flatness	G = +2, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p, R _L = 150 Ω to 2.5 V							
	R _F = 402 Ω (AD8051A/ AD8052A)		17					MHz
	R _F = 200 Ω (AD8054A)					10		MHz
Slew Rate	G = –1, V _{OUT} = 2 V step	90	135		110	150		V/μs
Full Power Response	G = +1, V _{OUT} = 1 V p-p		65			85		MHz
Settling Time to 0.1%	G = –1, V _{OUT} = 2 V step		55			55		ns
NOISE/DISTORTION PERFORMANCE								
Total Harmonic Distortion ¹	f _C = 5 MHz, V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, G = –1, R _L = 100 Ω to 1.5 V		–47			–48		dB
Input Voltage Noise	f = 10 kHz		16			16		nV/√Hz
Input Current Noise	f = 10 kHz		600			600		fA/√Hz
Differential Gain Error (NTSC)	G = +2, V _{CM} = 1 V							
	R _L = 150 Ω to 1.5 V		0.11			0.13		%
	R _L = 1 kΩ to 1.5 V		0.09			0.09		%
Differential Phase Error (NTSC)	G = +2, V _{CM} = 1 V							
	R _L = 150 Ω to 1.5 V		0.24			0.3		Degrees
	R _L = 1 kΩ to 1.5 V		0.10			0.1		Degrees
Crosstalk	f = 5 MHz, G = +2		–60			–60		dB
DC PERFORMANCE								
Input Offset Voltage			1.6	10		1.6	12	mV
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}			25			30	mV
Offset Drift			10			15		μV/°C
Input Bias Current			1.3	2.6		2	4.5	μA
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}			3.25			4.5	μA
Input Offset Current			0.15	0.8		0.2	1.2	μA
Open-Loop Gain	R _L = 2 kΩ	80	96		80	96		dB
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		94			94		dB
	R _L = 150 Ω	74	82		72	80		dB
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		76			76		dB
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Input Resistance			290			300		kΩ
Input Capacitance			1.4			1.5		pF
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range			–0.2 to +2			–0.2 to +2		V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	V _{CM} = 0 V to 1.5 V	72	88		70	86		dB

Parameter	Conditions	AD8051A/AD8052A			AD8054A			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Output Voltage Swing	R _L = 10 kΩ to 1.5 V		0.01 to 2.99			0.025 to 2.98		V
	R _L = 2 kΩ to 1.5 V	0.075 to 2.9	0.02 to 2.98		0.1 to 2.9	0.35 to 2.965		V
	R _L = 150 Ω to 1.5 V	0.2 to 2.75	0.125 to 2.875		0.35 to 2.55	0.15 to 2.75		V
Output Current	V _{OUT} = 0.5 V to 2.5 V		45			25		mA
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		45			25		mA
Short-Circuit Current	Sourcing		60			30		mA
	Sinking		90			50		mA
Capacitive Load Drive	G = +1 (AD8051/AD8052)		45					pF
	G = +2 (AD8054)					35		pF
POWER SUPPLY								
Operating Range		3		12	3		12	V
Quiescent Current/Amplifier			4.2	4.8		2.625	3.125	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	ΔV _S = 0.5 V	68	80		68	80		dB
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE								
	RJ-5	−40		+85				°C
	RM-8, R-8, RU-14, R-14	−40		+125	−40		+125	°C

¹ Refer to Figure 19.

@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = \pm 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to ground, unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

Parameter	Conditions	AD8051A/AD8052A			AD8054A			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE								
–3 dB Small Signal Bandwidth	G = +1, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p	70	110		85	160		MHz
	G = –1, +2, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p		50			65		MHz
Bandwidth for 0.1 dB Flatness	G = +2, V _{OUT} = 0.2 V p-p, R _L = 150 Ω, R _F = 1.1 kΩ (AD8051A/ AD8052A) R _F = 200 Ω (AD8054A)		20			15		MHz
Slew Rate	G = –1, V _{OUT} = 2 V step	105	170		150	190		V/μs
Full Power Response	G = +1, V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p		40			50		MHz
Settling Time to 0.1%	G = –1, V _{OUT} = 2 V step		50			40		MHz
NOISE/DISTORTION PERFORMANCE								
Total Harmonic Distortion	f _C = 5 MHz, V _{OUT} = 2 V p-p, G = +2		–71			–72		dB
Input Voltage Noise	f = 10 kHz		16			16		nV/√Hz
Input Current Noise	f = 10 kHz		900			900		fA/√Hz
Differential Gain Error (NTSC)	G = +2, R _L = 150 Ω		0.02			0.06		%
	R _L = 1 kΩ		0.02			0.02		%
Differential Phase Error (NTSC)	G = +2, R _L = 150 Ω		0.11			0.15		Degrees
	R _L = 1 kΩ		0.02			0.03		Degrees
Crosstalk	f = 5 MHz, G = +2		–60			–60		dB
DC PERFORMANCE								
Input Offset Voltage	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		1.8	11		1.8	13	mV
					27			32
Offset Drift			10			15		μV/°C
Input Bias Current	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		1.4	2.6		2	4.5	μA
					3.5			4.5
Input Offset Current			0.1	0.75		0.2	1.2	μA
Open-Loop Gain	R _L = 2 kΩ	88	96		84	96		dB
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		96			96		dB
	R _L = 150 Ω	78	82		76	82		dB
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		80			80		dB
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Input Resistance			290			300		kΩ
Input Capacitance			1.4			1.5		pF
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range			–5.2 to +4			–5.2 to +4		V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	V _{CM} = –5 V to +3.5 V	72	88		70	86		dB
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Output Voltage Swing	R _L = 10 kΩ		–4.98 to +4.98			–4.97 to +4.97		V
	R _L = 2 kΩ	–4.85 to +4.85	–4.97 to +4.97		–4.8 to +4.8	–4.9 to +4.9		V
	R _L = 150 Ω	–4.45 to +4.3	–4.6 to +4.6		–4.0 to +3.8	–4.5 to +4.5		V
Output Current	V _{OUT} = –4.5 V to +4.5 V		45			30		mA
	T _{MIN} – T _{MAX}		45			30		mA
Short-Circuit Current	Sourcing		100			60		mA
	Sinking		160			100		mA
Capacitive Load Drive	G = +1 (AD8051/AD8052)		50					pF
	G = +2 (AD8054)					40		pF

Parameter	Conditions	AD8051A/AD8052A			AD8054A			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
POWER SUPPLY								
Operating Range		3		12	3		12	V
Quiescent Current/Amplifier			4.8	5.5		2.875	3.4	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$\Delta V_S = \pm 1$	68	80		68	80		dB
OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE	RJ-5	−40		+85				°C
	RM-8, R-8, RU-14, R-14	−40		+125	−40		+125	°C

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 4.

Parameter	Ratings
Supply Voltage	12.6 V
Internal Power Dissipation ¹	
SOIC Packages	Observe power derating curves
SOT-23 Package	Observe power derating curves
MSOP Package	Observe power derating curves
TSSOP Package	Observe power derating curves
Input Voltage (Common Mode)	$\pm V_S$
Differential Input Voltage	± 2.5 V
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Observe power derating curves
Storage Temperature Range (R)	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range (A Grade)	-40°C to +125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 sec)	300°C

¹ See Table 5.

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Specification is for device in free air.

Table 5. Thermal Resistance

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Ψ_{JT}	Ψ_{JB}	Unit
8-Lead SOIC	125	86	2	90	°C/W
5-Lead SOT-23	180	67	1.0	50	°C/W
8-Lead MSOP	150	80	2.5	90	°C/W
14-Lead SOIC	90	36	1.9	60	°C/W
14-Lead TSSOP	120	22	0.3	75	°C/W

MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION

The maximum power that can be safely dissipated by the AD8051/AD8052/AD8054 is limited by the associated rise in junction temperature. The maximum safe junction temperature for plastic encapsulated devices is determined by the glass transition temperature of the plastic, approximately 150°C. Temporarily exceeding this limit can cause a shift in parametric performance due to a change in the stresses exerted on the die by the package. Exceeding a junction temperature of 175°C for an extended period can result in device failure.

While the AD8051/AD8052/AD8054 are internally short-circuit protected, this cannot be sufficient to guarantee that the maximum junction temperature (150°C) is not exceeded under all conditions. To ensure proper operation, it is necessary to observe the maximum power derating curves.

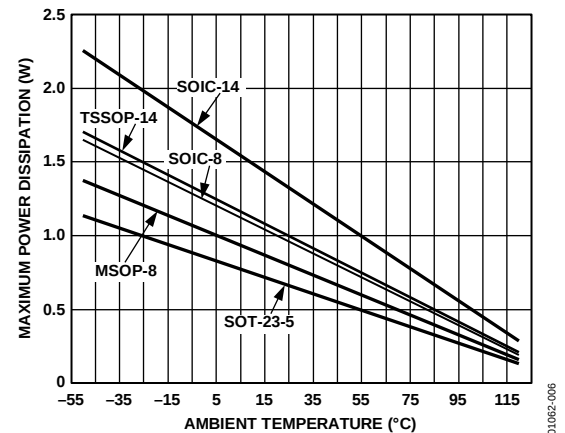


Figure 6. Maximum Power Dissipation vs. Temperature for AD8051/AD8052/AD8054

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

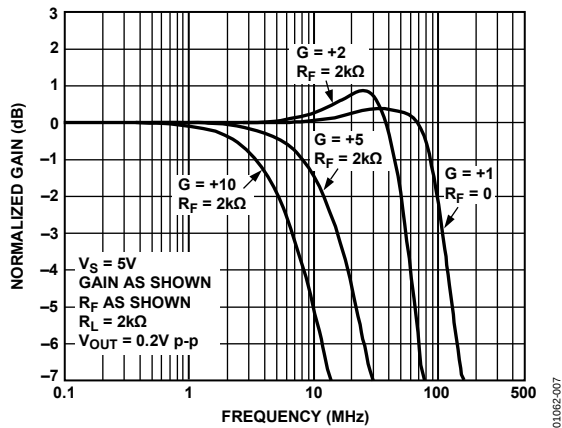
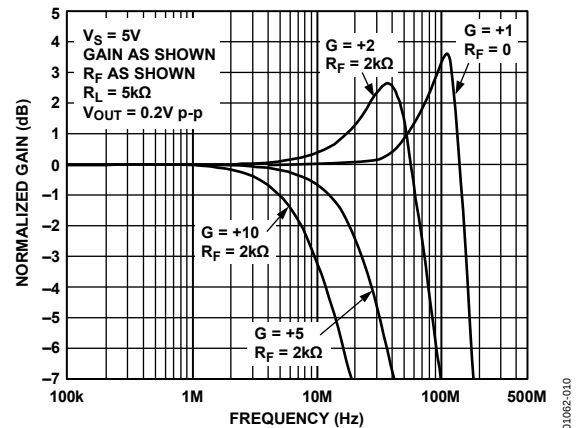
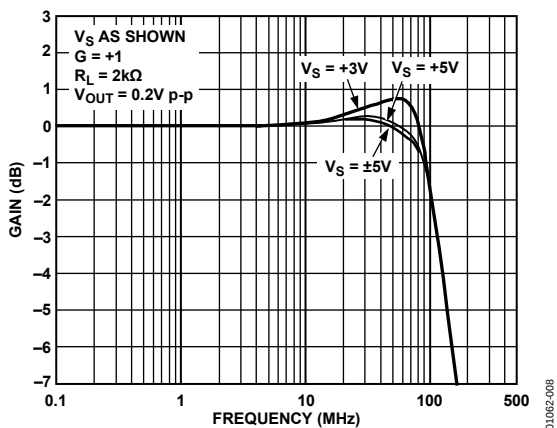
Figure 7. AD8051/AD8052 Normalized Gain vs. Frequency; $V_S = 5V$ Figure 10. AD8054 Normalized Gain vs. Frequency; $V_S = 5V$ 

Figure 8. AD8051/AD8052 Gain vs. Frequency vs. Supply

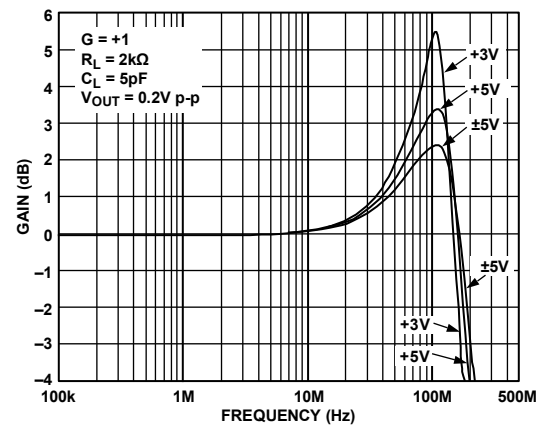


Figure 11. AD8054 Gain vs. Frequency vs. Supply

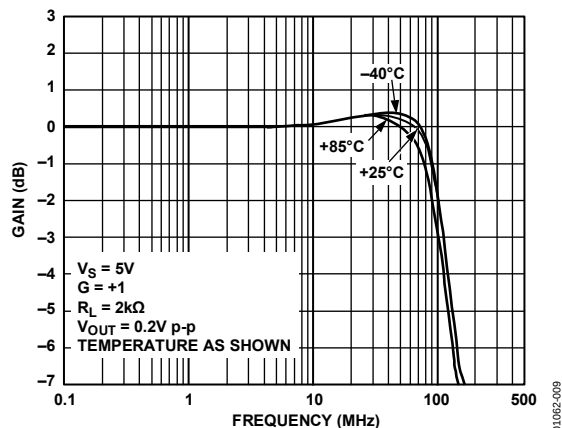


Figure 9. AD8051/AD8052 Gain vs. Frequency vs. Temperature

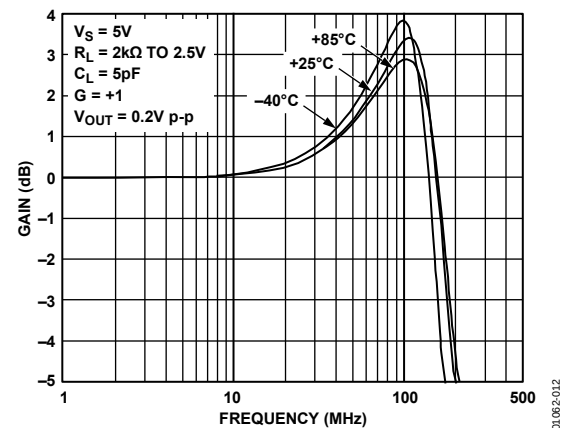


Figure 12. AD8054 Gain vs. Frequency vs. Temperature

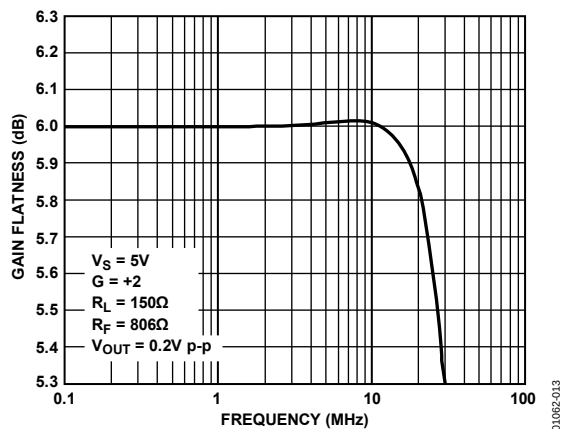
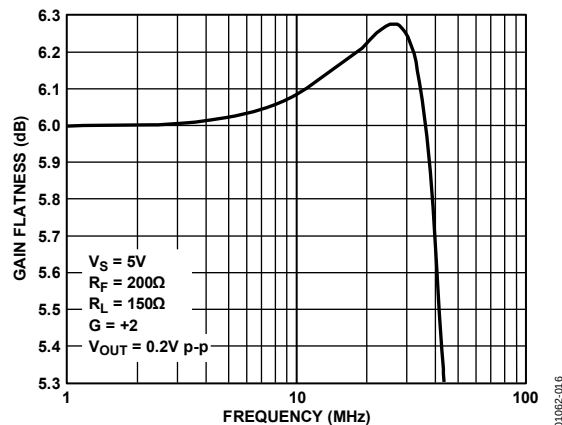
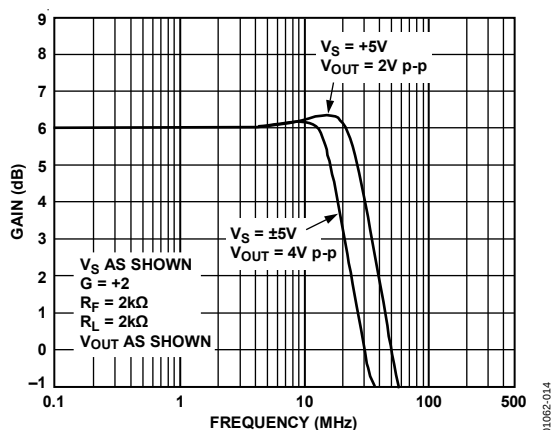
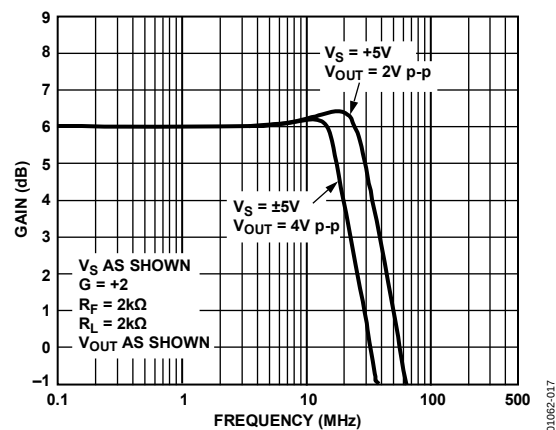
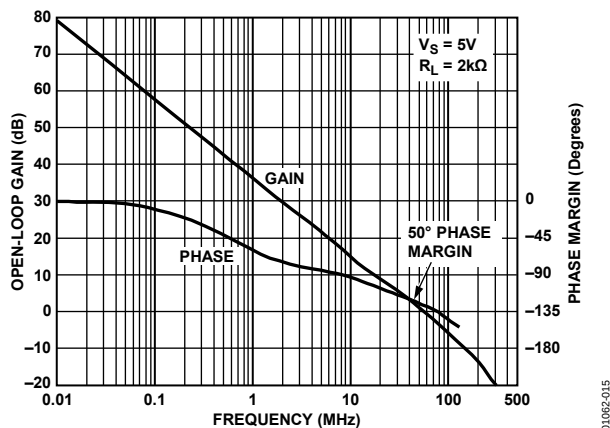
Figure 13. AD8051/AD8052 0.1 dB Gain Flatness vs. Frequency; $G = +2$ Figure 16. AD8054 0.1 dB Gain Flatness vs. Frequency; $G = +2$ Figure 14. AD8051/AD8052 Large Signal Frequency Response; $G = +2$ Figure 17. AD8054 Large Signal Frequency Response; $G = +2$ 

Figure 15. AD8051/AD8052 Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs. Frequency

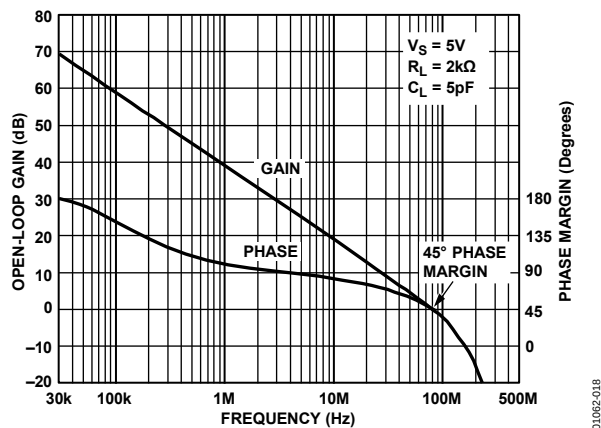


Figure 18. AD8054 Open-Loop Gain and Phase Margin vs. Frequency

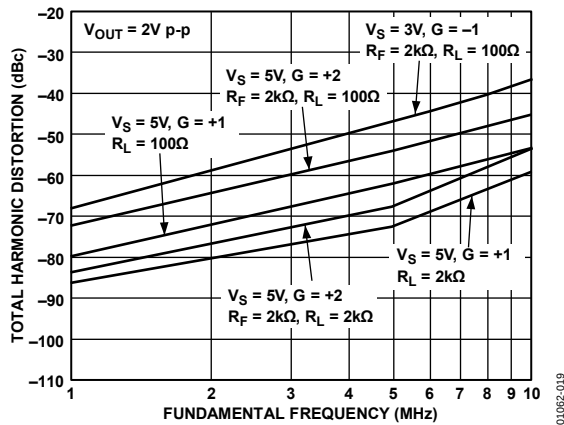


Figure 19. Total Harmonic Distortion

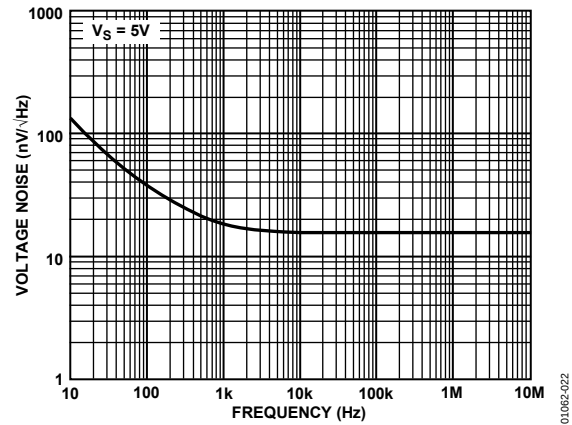


Figure 22. Input Voltage Noise vs. Frequency

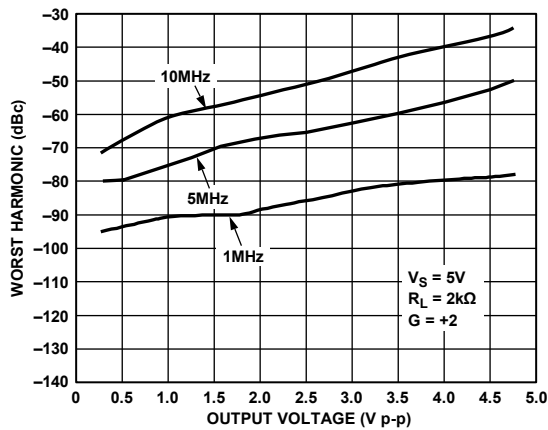


Figure 20. Worst Harmonic vs. Output Voltage

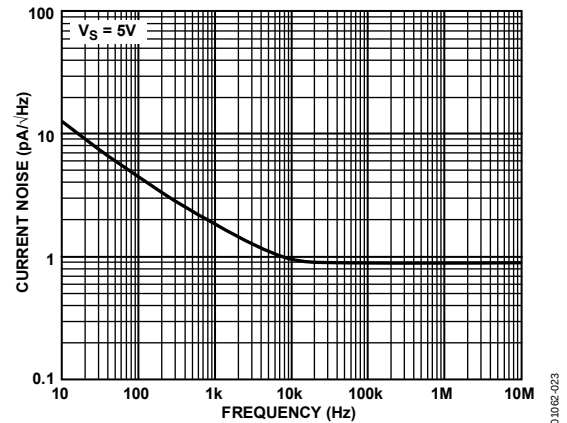


Figure 23. Input Current Noise vs. Frequency

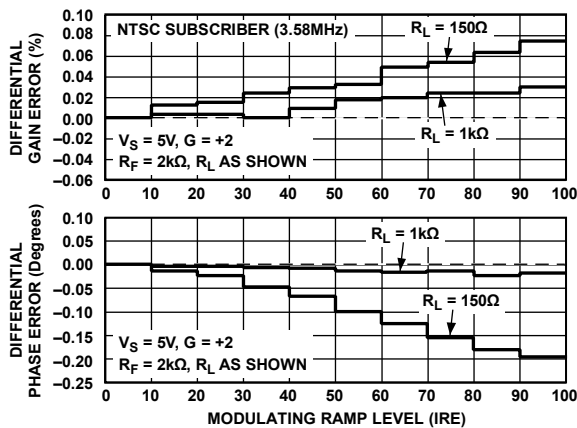


Figure 21. AD8051/AD8052 Differential Gain and Phase Errors

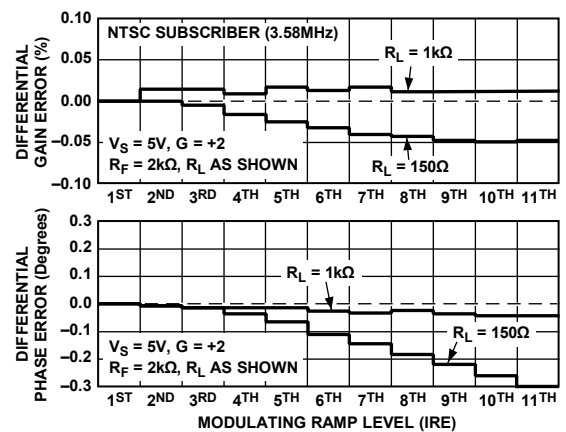


Figure 24. AD8054 Differential Gain and Phase Errors

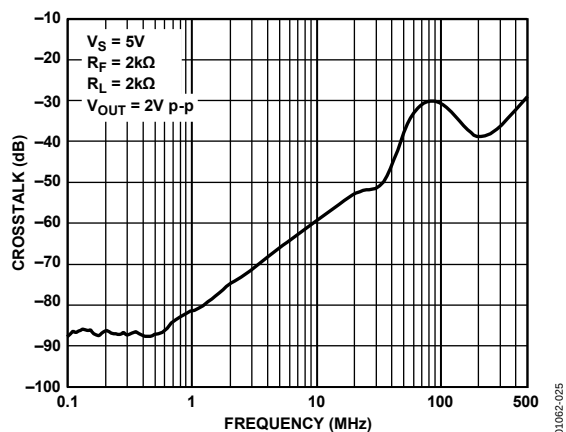


Figure 25. AD8052 Crosstalk (Output-to-Output) vs. Frequency

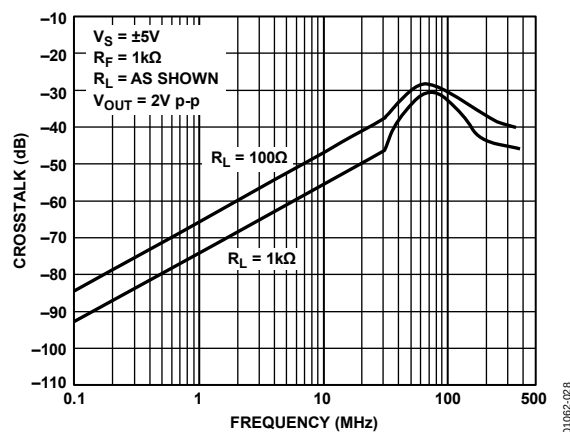


Figure 28. AD8054 Crosstalk (Output-to-Output) vs. Frequency

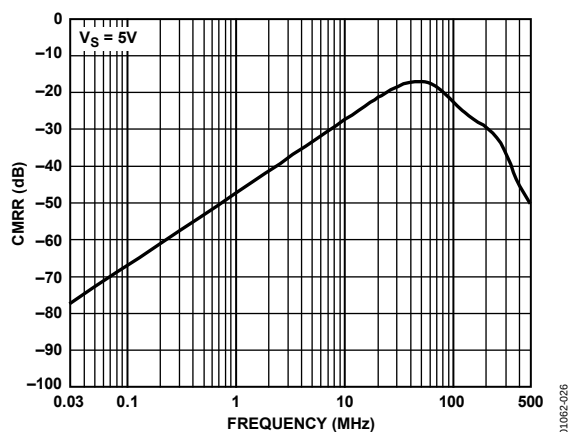


Figure 26. CMRR vs. Frequency

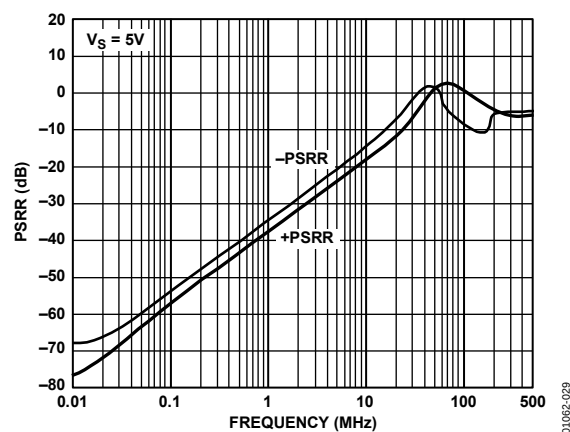


Figure 29. PSRR vs. Frequency

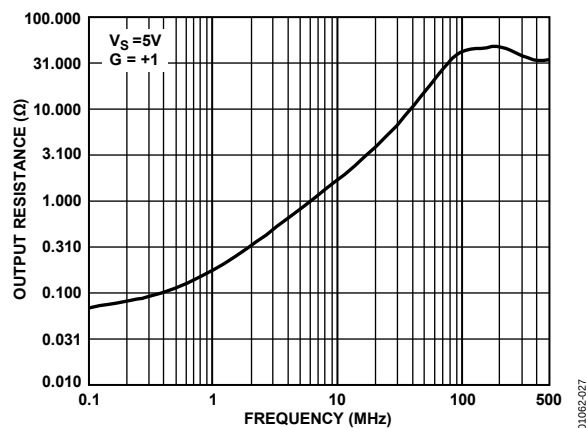


Figure 27. Closed-Loop Output Resistance vs. Frequency

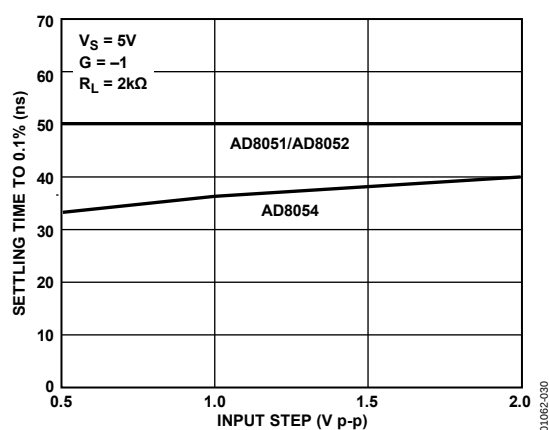


Figure 30. Settling Time vs. Input Step

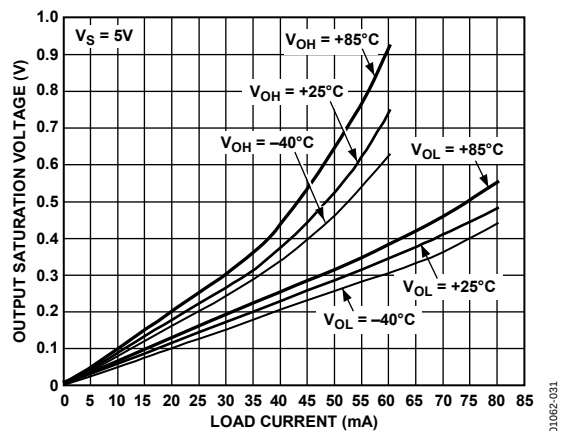


Figure 31. AD8051/AD8052 Output Saturation Voltage vs. Load Current

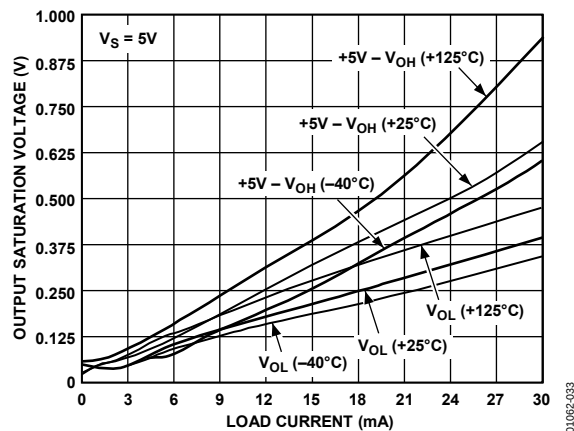


Figure 33. AD8054 Output Saturation Voltage vs. Load Current

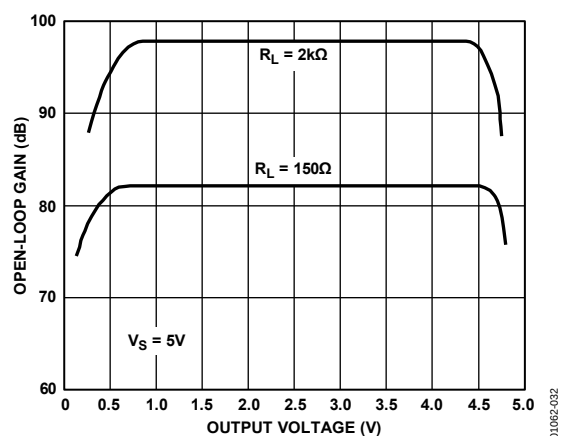
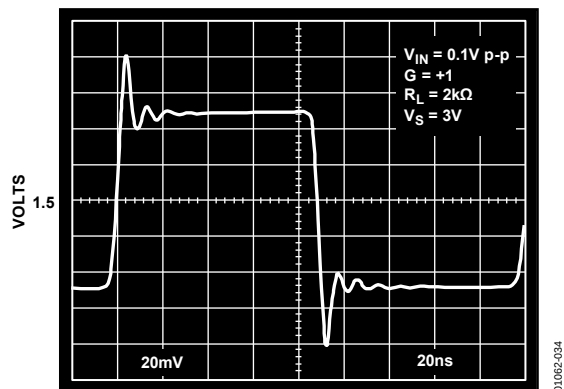
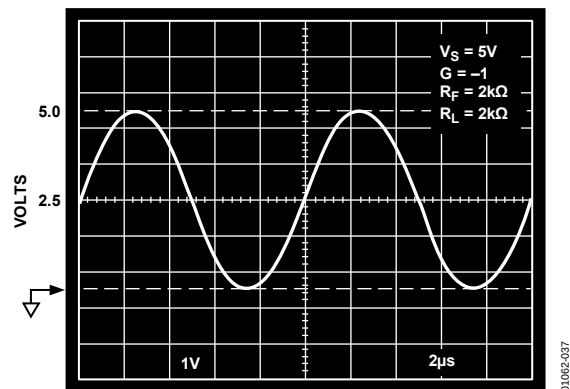
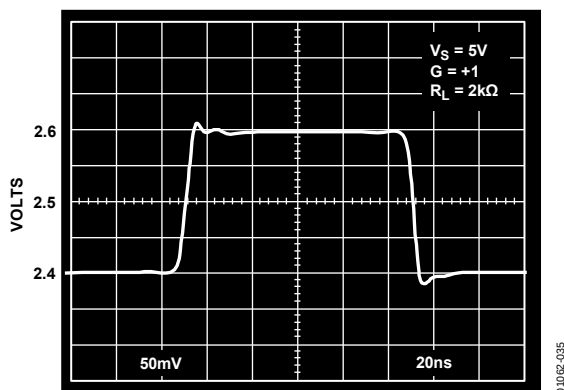
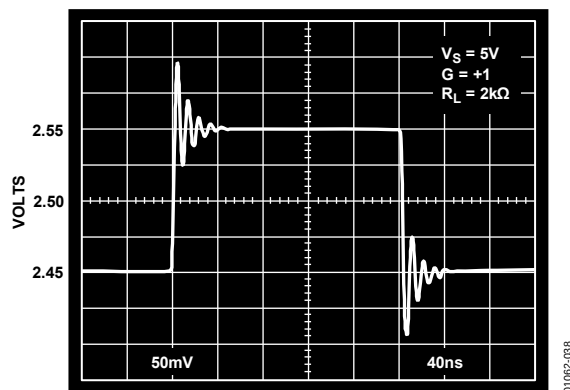
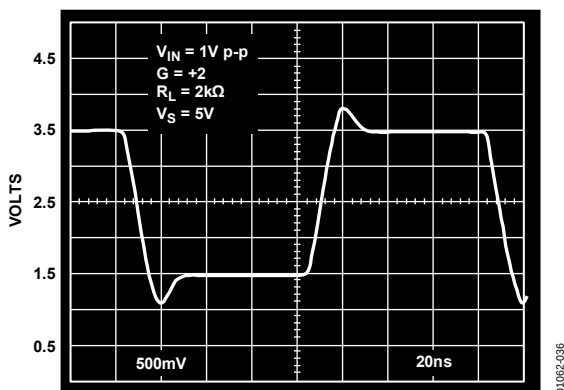
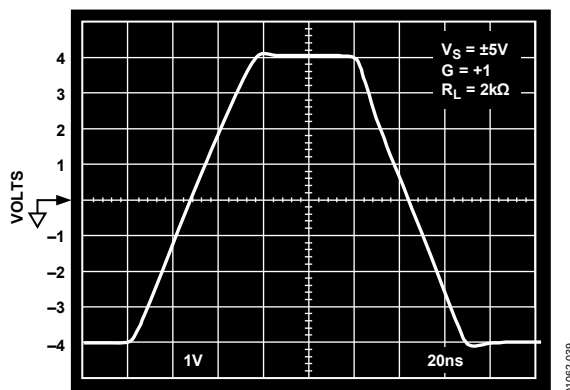


Figure 32. Open-Loop Gain vs. Output Voltage

Figure 34. 100 mV Step Response, $G = +1$ Figure 37. Output Swing; $G = -1$, $R_L = 2k\Omega$ Figure 35. AD8051/AD8052 200 mV Step Response; $V_S = 5V$, $G = +1$ Figure 38. AD8054 100 mV Step Response; $V_S = 5V$, $G = +1$ Figure 36. Large Signal Step Response; $V_S = 5V$, $G = +2$ Figure 39. Large Signal Step Response; $V_S = \pm 5V$, $G = +1$

THEORY OF OPERATION

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The AD8051/AD8052/AD8054 are fabricated on the Analog Devices, Inc. proprietary eXtra-Fast Complementary Bipolar (XFCB) process, which enables the construction of PNP and NPN transistors with similar f_T s in the 2 GHz to 4 GHz region. The process is dielectrically isolated to eliminate the parasitic and latch-up problems caused by junction isolation. These features allow the construction of high frequency, low distortion amplifiers with low supply currents. This design uses a differential output input stage to maximize bandwidth and headroom (see Figure 40). The smaller signal swings required on the first stage outputs (nodes SIP, SIN) reduce the effect of nonlinear currents due to junction capacitances and improve the distortion performance. This design achieves harmonic distortion of -80 dBc @ 1 MHz into $100\ \Omega$ with $V_{OUT} = 2\text{ V p-p}$ (gain = +1) on a single 5 V supply.

The inputs of the device can handle voltages from -0.2 V below the negative rail to within 1 V of the positive rail. Exceeding these values do not cause phase reversal; however, the input ESD devices begin to conduct if the input voltages exceed the rails by greater than 0.5 V . During this overdrive condition, the output stays at the rail.

The rail-to-rail output range of the AD8051/AD8052/AD8054 is provided by a complementary common emitter output stage. High output drive capability is provided by injecting all output stage predriver currents directly into the bases of the output devices Q8 and Q36. Biasing of Q8 and Q36 is accomplished by I8 and I5, along with a common-mode feedback loop (not shown). This circuit topology allows the AD8051/AD8052 to drive 45 mA of output current and allows the AD8054 to drive 30 mA of output current with the outputs within 0.5 V of the supply rails.

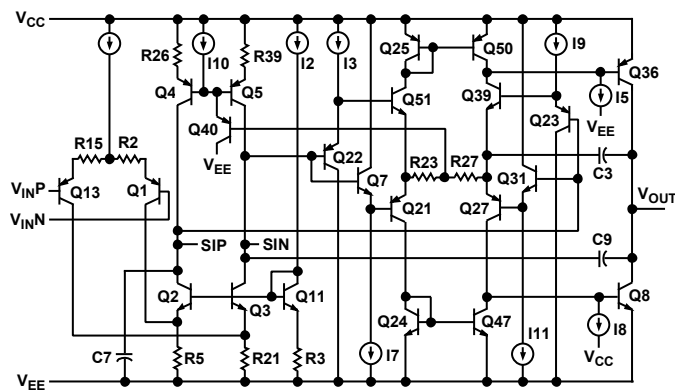


Figure 40. AD8051/AD8052 Simplified Schematic

01062-045

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

OVERDRIVE RECOVERY

Overdrive of an amplifier occurs when the output and/or input range is exceeded. The amplifier must recover from this overdrive condition. As shown in Figure 41, the AD8051/AD8052/AD8054 recover within 60 ns from negative overdrive and within 45 ns from positive overdrive.

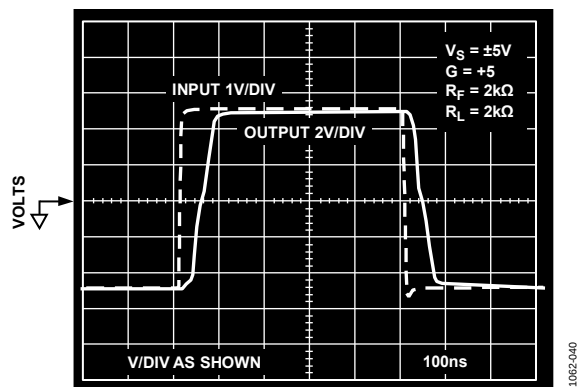


Figure 41. Overdrive Recovery

DRIVING CAPACITIVE LOADS

Consider the AD8051/AD8052 in a closed-loop gain of +1 with $V_S = 5$ V and a load of 2 k Ω in parallel with 50 pF. Figure 42 and Figure 43 show their frequency and time domain responses, respectively, to a small-signal excitation. The capacitive load drive of the AD8051/AD8052/AD8054 can be increased by adding a low value resistor in series with the load. Figure 44 and Figure 45 show the effect of a series resistor on the capacitive drive for varying voltage gains. As the closed-loop gain is increased, the larger phase margin allows for larger capacitive loads with less peaking. Adding a series resistor with lower closed-loop gains accomplishes the same effect. For large capacitive loads, the frequency response of the amplifier is dominated by the roll-off of the series resistor and the load capacitance.

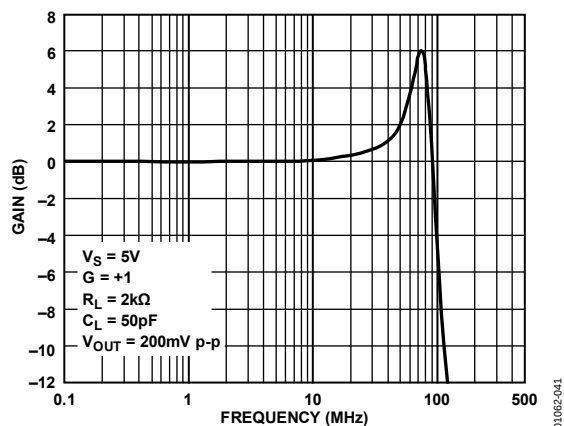


Figure 42. AD8051/AD8052 Closed-Loop Frequency Response; $C_L = 50$ pF

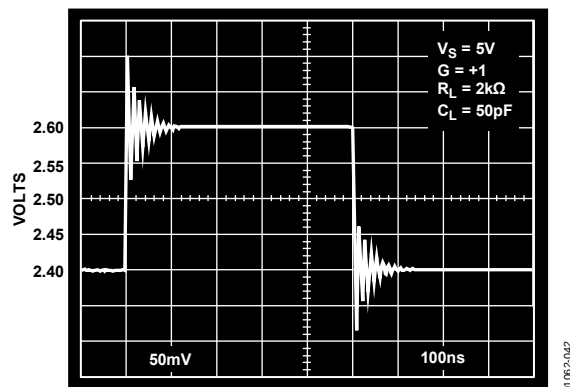


Figure 43. AD8051/AD8052 200 mV Step Response; $C_L = 50$ pF

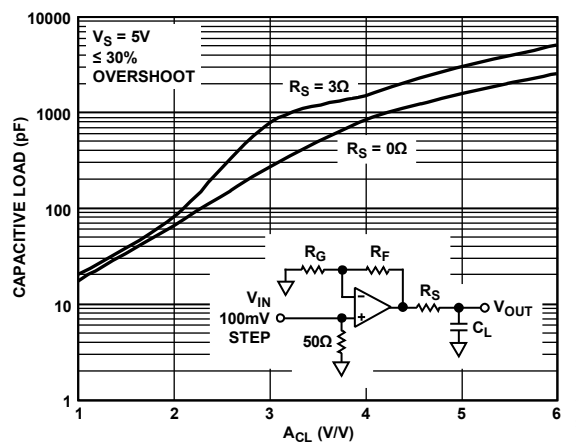


Figure 44. AD8051/AD8052 Capacitive Load Drive vs. Closed-Loop Gain

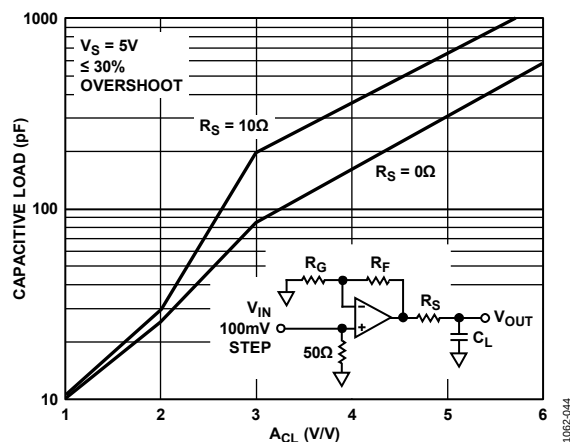


Figure 45. AD8054 Capacitive Load Drive vs. Closed-Loop Gain

ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL AND DIGITAL-TO-ANALOG APPLICATIONS

Figure 50 is a schematic showing the AD8051 used as a driver for an AD9201, a 10-bit, 20 MSPS, dual analog-to-digital converter. This converter is designed to convert I and Q signals in communications systems. In this application, only the I channel is being driven. The I channel is enabled by applying a logic high to SELECT (Pin 13).

The AD8051 is running from a dual supply and is configured for a gain of +2. The input signal is terminated in 50 Ω and the output is 2 V p-p, which is the maximum input range of the AD9201. The 22 Ω series resistor limits the maximum current that flows and helps to lower the distortion of the ADC.

The AD9201 has differential inputs for each channel. These are designated the A and B inputs. The B inputs of each channel are connected to VREF (Pin 22), which supplies a positive reference of 2.5 V. Each of the B inputs has a small low-pass filter that also helps to reduce distortion.

The output of the op amp is ac-coupled into INA-I (Pin 16) via two parallel capacitors to provide good high frequency and low frequency coupling. The 1 k Ω resistor references the signal to VREF that is applied to INB-I. Thus, INA-I swings both positive and negative with respect to the bias voltage applied to INB-I.

With the sampling clock running at 20 MSPS, the analog-to-digital output was analyzed with a digital analyzer. Two input frequencies were used, 1 MHz and 9.5 MHz, which is just short of the Nyquist frequency. These signals were well filtered to minimize any harmonics.

Figure 48 shows the FFT response of the ADC for the case of a 1 MHz analog input. The SFDR is 71.66 dB, and the analog-to-digital is producing 8.8 ENOB (effective number of bits). When the analog frequency was raised to 9.5 MHz, the SFDR was

reduced to -60.18 dB and the ADC operated with 8.46 ENOBs as shown in Figure 49. The inclusion of the AD8051 in the circuit did not worsen the distortion performance of the AD9201.

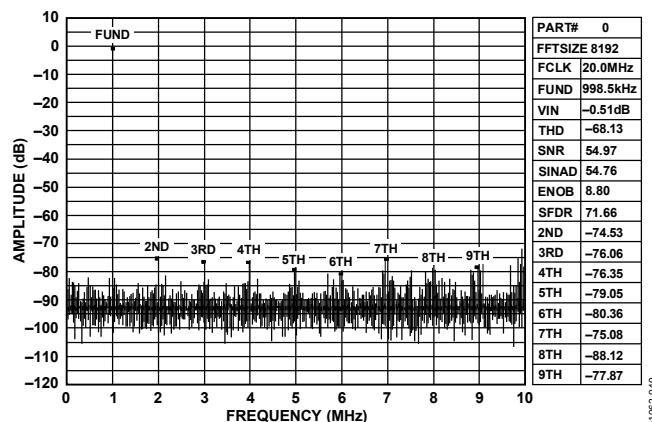


Figure 48. FFT Plot for AD8051 Driving the AD9201 at 1 MHz

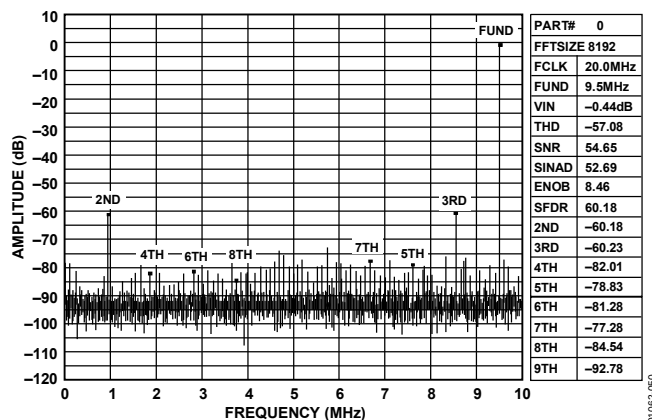


Figure 49. FFT Plot for AD8051 Driving the AD9201 at 9.5 MHz

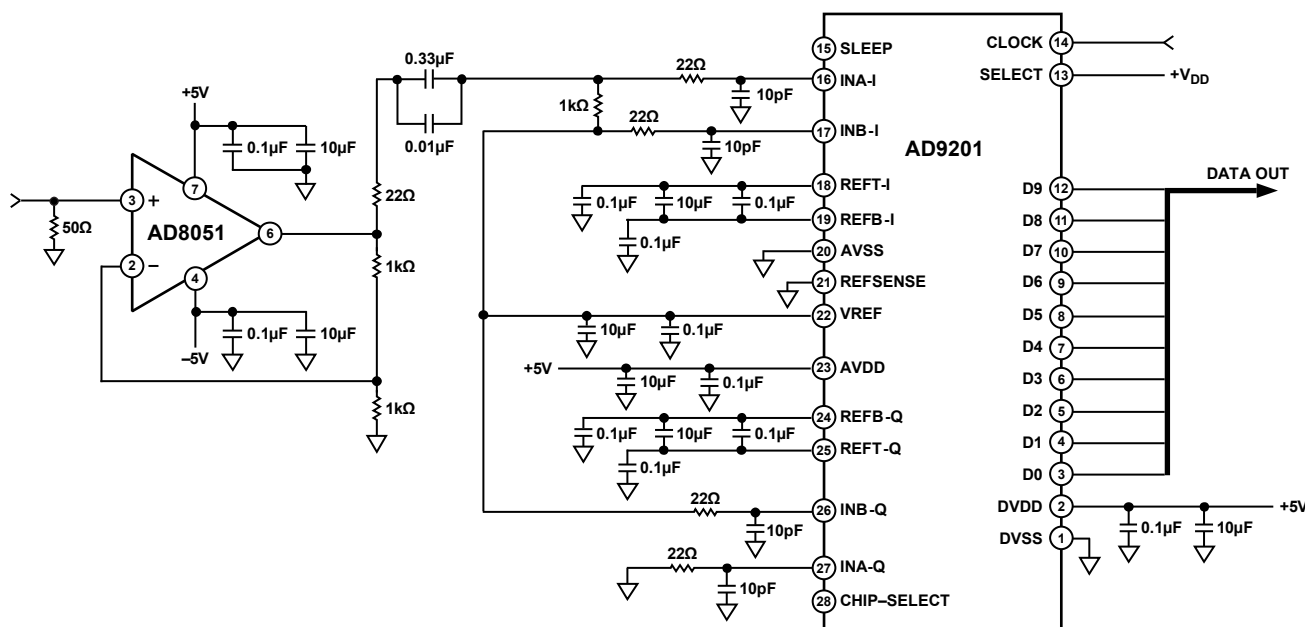
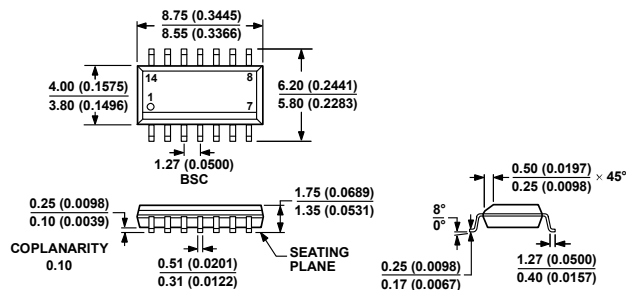


Figure 50. The AD8051 Driving an AD9201, a 10-Bit, 20 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

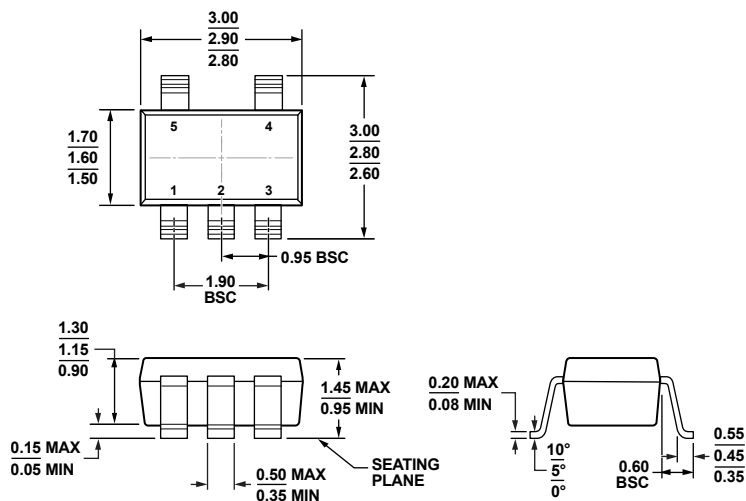


COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012-AB
CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS
(IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR
REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN.

Figure 53. 14-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N]

Narrow Body (R-14)

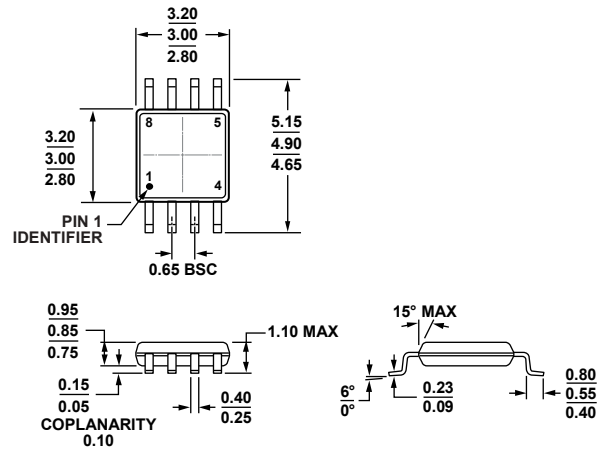
Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-178-AA

Figure 54. 5-Lead Small Outline Transistor Package [SOT-23]
(RJ-5)

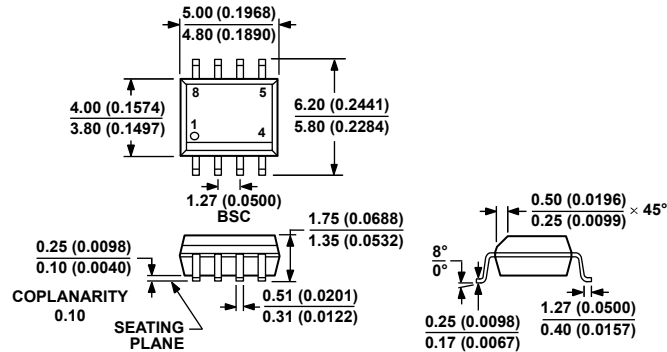
Dimensions shown in millimeters



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-187-AA

Figure 55. 8-Lead Mini Small Outline Package [MSOP]
(RM-8)

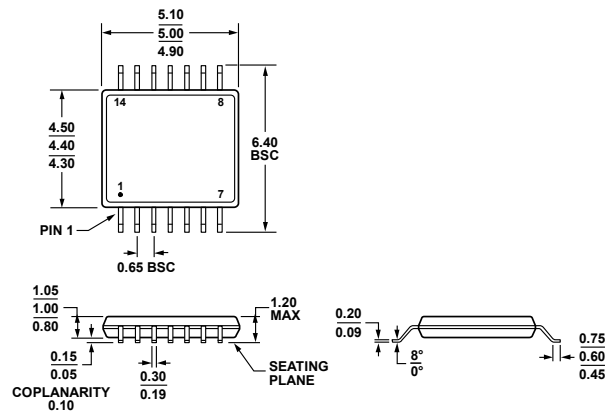
Dimensions shown in millimeters



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012-AA

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS
(IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR
REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN.Figure 56. 8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC_N]
Narrow Body (R-8)

Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-153-AB-1

Figure 57. 14-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]
(RU-14)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option	Marking Code
AD8051ARZ	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead SOIC_N	R-8	H06 H06
AD8051ARZ-REEL	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead SOIC_N, 13" Tape and Reel	R-8	
AD8051ARZ-REEL7	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead SOIC_N, 7" Tape and Reel	R-8	
AD8051ARTZ-REEL	–40°C to +85°C	5-Lead SOT-23, 13" Tape and Reel	RJ-5	
AD8051ARTZ-REEL7	–40°C to +85°C	5-Lead SOT-23, 7" Tape and Reel	RJ-5	
AD8052ARZ	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead SOIC_N	R-8	H4A# H4A# H4A#
AD8052ARZ-REEL	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead SOIC_N, 13" Tape and Reel	R-8	
AD8052ARZ-REEL7	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead SOIC_N, 7" Tape and Reel	R-8	
AD8052ARMZ	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead MSOP	RM-8	
AD8052ARMZ-REEL	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead MSOP, 13" Tape and Reel	RM-8	
AD8052ARMZ-REEL7	–40°C to +125°C	8-Lead MSOP, 7" Tape and Reel	RM-8	
AD8054ARZ	–40°C to +125°C	14-Lead SOIC_N	R-14	
AD8054ARZ-REEL	–40°C to +125°C	14-Lead SOIC_N, 13" Tape and Reel	R-14	
AD8054ARZ-REEL7	–40°C to +125°C	14-Lead SOIC_N, 7" Tape and Reel	R-14	
AD8054ARUZ	–40°C to +125°C	14-Lead TSSOP	RU-14	
AD8054ARUZ-REEL	–40°C to +125°C	14-Lead TSSOP, 13" Tape and Reel	RU-14	
AD8054ARUZ-REEL7	–40°C to +125°C	14-Lead TSSOP, 7" Tape and Reel	RU-14	

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part. # denotes lead-free product may be top or bottom marked.

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- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
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- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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