

LM393, LM293, LM2903, LM2903V, NCV2903, NCV2903V

Low Offset Voltage Dual Comparators

The LM393 series are dual independent precision voltage comparators capable of single or split supply operation. These devices are designed to permit a common mode range-to-ground level with single supply operation. Input offset voltage specifications as low as 2.0 mV make this device an excellent selection for many applications in consumer, automotive, and industrial electronics.

Features

- Wide Single-Supply Range: 2.0 Vdc to 36 Vdc
- Split-Supply Range: ± 1.0 Vdc to ± 18 Vdc
- Very Low Current Drain Independent of Supply Voltage: 0.4 mA
- Low Input Bias Current: 25 nA
- Low Input Offset Current: 5.0 nA
- Low Input Offset Voltage: 5.0 mV (max) LM293/393
- Input Common Mode Range to Ground Level
- Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to Power Supply Voltage
- Output Voltage Compatible with DTL, ECL, TTL, MOS, and CMOS Logic Levels
- ESD Clamps on the Inputs Increase the Ruggedness of the Device without Affecting Performance
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Control Changes
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

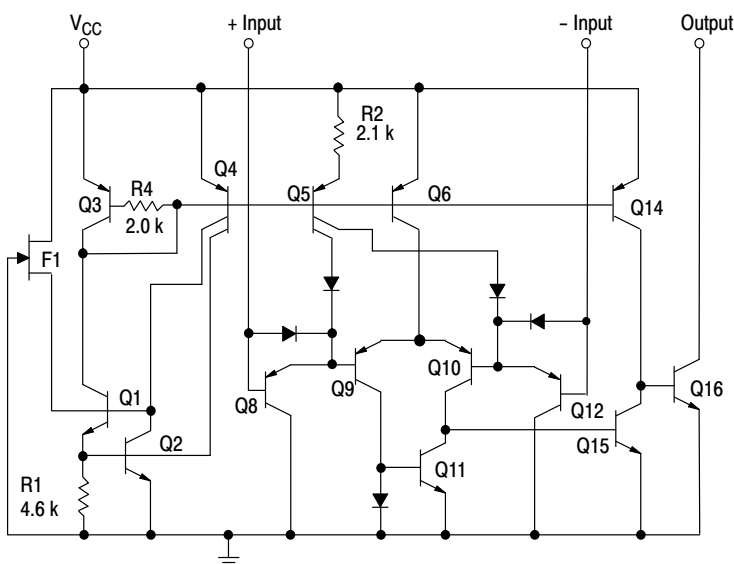
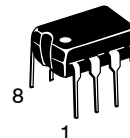


Figure 1. Representative Schematic Diagram
(Diagram shown is for 1 comparator)



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**PDIP-8
N SUFFIX
CASE 626**

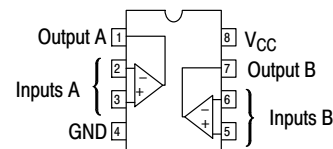


**SOIC-8
D SUFFIX
CASE 751**



**Micro8™
DM SUFFIX
CASE 846A**

PIN CONNECTIONS



(Top View)

DEVICE MARKING AND ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed marking information and ordering and shipping information on pages 6 and 7 of this data sheet.

LM393, LM293, LM2903, LM2903V, NCV2903, NCV2903V

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	+36 or ± 18	V
Input Differential Voltage	V_{IDR}	36	V
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 1)	V_{ICR}	-0.3 to +36	V
Output Voltage	V_O	36	V
Output Short Circuit-to-Ground Output Sink Current (Note 2)	I_{SC} I_{Sink}	Continuous 20	mA
Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D $1/R_{\theta JA}$	570 5.7	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Ambient Temperature Range LM293 LM393 LM2903 LM2903V, NCV2903 (Note 3) NCV2903V (Note 3)	T_A	-25 to +85 0 to +70 -40 to +105 -40 to +125 -40 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature LM393, 2903, LM2903V LM293, NCV2903	$T_{J(max)}$	150 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
ESD Protection at any Pin (Note 4) – Human Body Model – Machine Model	V_{ESD}	1500 150	V

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. For supply voltages less than 36 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
2. The maximum output current may be as high as 20 mA, independent of the magnitude of V_{CC} , output short circuits to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.
3. *NCV2903 and NCV2903V are qualified for automotive use.*
4. V_{ESD} rating for NCV/SC devices is: Human Body Model – 2000 V; Machine Model – 200 V.

LM393, LM293, LM2903, LM2903V, NCV2903, NCV2903V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 5.0$ Vdc, $T_{low} \leq T_A \leq T_{high}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	LM293, LM393			LM2903, LM2903V, NCV2903, NCV2903V			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Offset Voltage (Note 6) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{low} \leq T_A \leq T_{high}$	V_{IO}	–	± 1.0	± 5.0	–	± 2.0	± 7.0	mV
		–	–	± 9.0	–	± 9.0	± 15	
Input Offset Current $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{low} \leq T_A \leq T_{high}$	I_{IO}	–	± 5.0	± 50	–	± 5.0	± 50	nA
		–	–	± 150	–	± 50	± 200	
Input Bias Current (Note 7) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{low} \leq T_A \leq T_{high}$	I_{IB}	–	25	250	–	25	250	nA
		–	–	400	–	200	500	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 7) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{low} \leq T_A \leq T_{high}$	V_{ICR}	0	–	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	V
		0	–	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	0	–	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	
Voltage Gain $R_L \geq 15$ k Ω , $V_{CC} = 15$ Vdc, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	A_{VOL}	50	200	–	25	200	–	V/mV
Large Signal Response Time $V_{in} = \text{TTL Logic Swing}$, $V_{ref} = 1.4$ Vdc $V_{RL} = 5.0$ Vdc, $R_L = 5.1$ k Ω , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	–	300	–	–	300	–	ns
Response Time (Note 9) $V_{RL} = 5.0$ Vdc, $R_L = 5.1$ k Ω , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	t_{TLH}	–	1.3	–	–	1.5	–	μs
Input Differential Voltage (Note 10) All $V_{in} \geq \text{GND}$ or V_- Supply (if used)	V_{ID}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	V
Output Sink Current $V_{in} \geq 1.0$ Vdc, $V_{in+} = 0$ Vdc, $V_O \leq 1.5$ Vdc $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	I_{Sink}	6.0	16	–	6.0	16	–	mA
Output Saturation Voltage $V_{in} \geq 1.0$ Vdc, $V_{in+} = 0$, $I_{Sink} \leq 4.0$ mA, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{low} \leq T_A \leq T_{high}$	V_{OL}	–	150	400	–	–	400	mV
		–	–	700	–	200	700	
Output Leakage Current $V_{in-} = 0$ V, $V_{in+} \geq 1.0$ Vdc, $V_O = 5.0$ Vdc, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{in-} = 0$ V, $V_{in+} \geq 1.0$ Vdc, $V_O = 30$ Vdc, $T_{low} \leq T_A \leq T_{high}$	I_{OL}	–	0.1	–	–	0.1	–	nA
		–	–	1000	–	–	1000	
Supply Current $R_L = \infty$ Both Comparators, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $R_L = \infty$ Both Comparators, $V_{CC} = 30$ V	I_{CC}	–	0.4	1.0	–	0.4	1.0	mA
		–	–	2.5	–	–	2.5	

LM293 $T_{low} = -25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{high} = +85^\circ\text{C}$

LM393 $T_{low} = 0^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{high} = +70^\circ\text{C}$

LM2903 $T_{low} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{high} = +105^\circ\text{C}$

LM2903V & NCV2903 $T_{low} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{high} = +125^\circ\text{C}$

NCV2903V $T_{low} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{high} = +150^\circ\text{C}$

NCV2903 and NCV2903V are qualified for automotive use.

- The maximum output current may be as high as 20 mA, independent of the magnitude of V_{CC} , output short circuits to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.
- At output switch point, $V_O \approx 1.4$ Vdc, $R_S = 0$ Ω with V_{CC} from 5.0 Vdc to 30 Vdc, and over the full input common mode range (0 V to $V_{CC} - 1.5$ V).
- Due to the PNP transistor inputs, bias current will flow out of the inputs. This current is essentially constant, independent of the output state, therefore, no loading changes will exist on the input lines.
- Input common mode of either input should not be permitted to go more than 0.3 V negative of ground or minus supply. The upper limit of common mode range is $V_{CC} - 1.5$ V.
- Response time is specified with a 100 mV step and 5.0 mV of overdrive. With larger magnitudes of overdrive faster response times are obtainable.
- The comparator will exhibit proper output state if one of the inputs becomes greater than V_{CC} , the other input must remain within the common mode range. The low input state must not be less than -0.3 V of ground or minus supply.

LM293/393

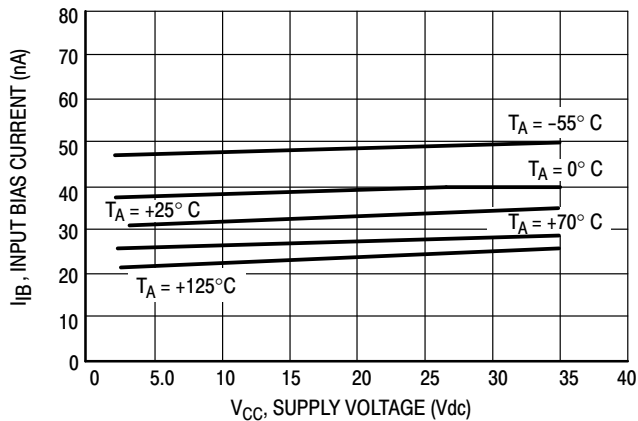


Figure 2. Input Bias Current versus Power Supply Voltage

LM2903

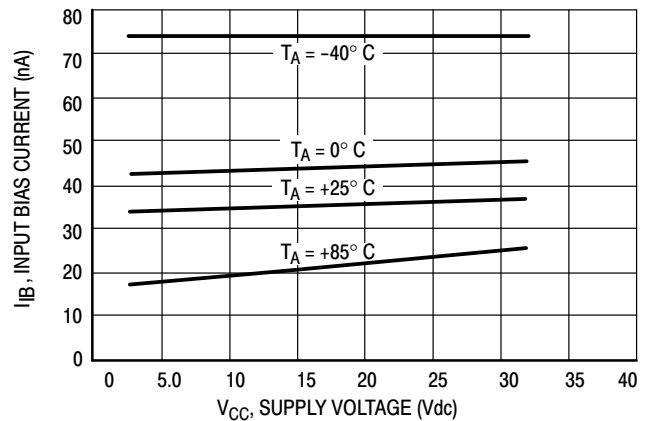


Figure 3. Input Bias Current versus Power Supply Voltage

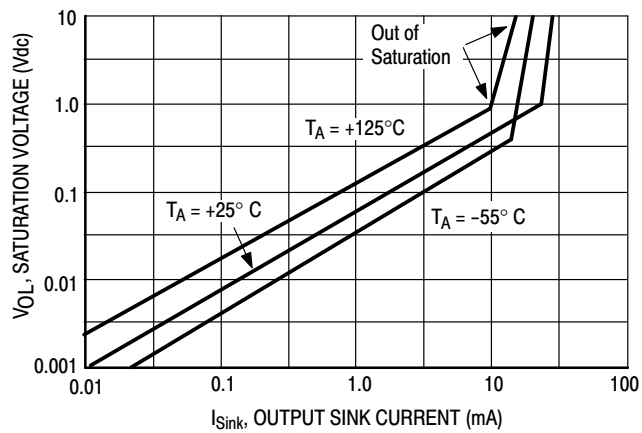


Figure 4. Output Saturation Voltage versus Output Sink Current

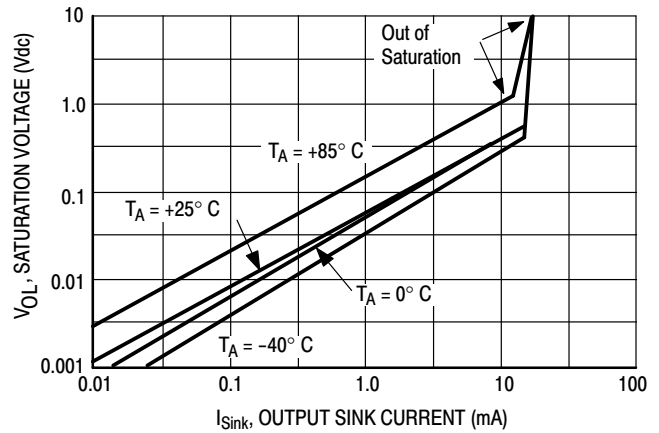


Figure 5. Output Saturation Voltage versus Output Sink Current

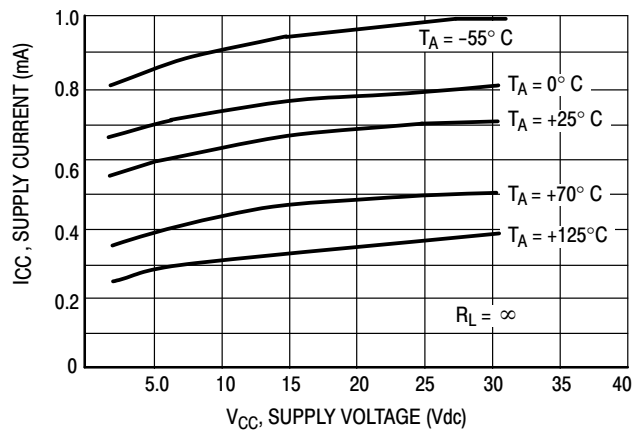


Figure 6. Power Supply Current versus Power Supply Voltage

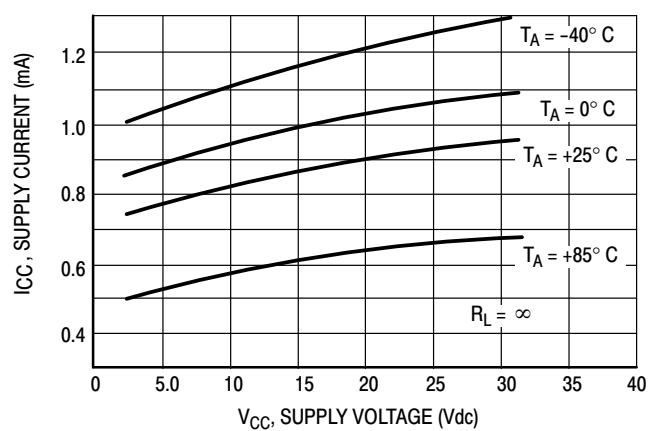


Figure 7. Power Supply Current versus Power Supply Voltage

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

These dual comparators feature high gain, wide bandwidth characteristics. This gives the device oscillation tendencies if the outputs are capacitively coupled to the inputs via stray capacitance. This oscillation manifests itself during output transitions (V_{OL} to V_{OH}). To alleviate this situation, input resistors $< 10\text{ k}\Omega$ should be used.

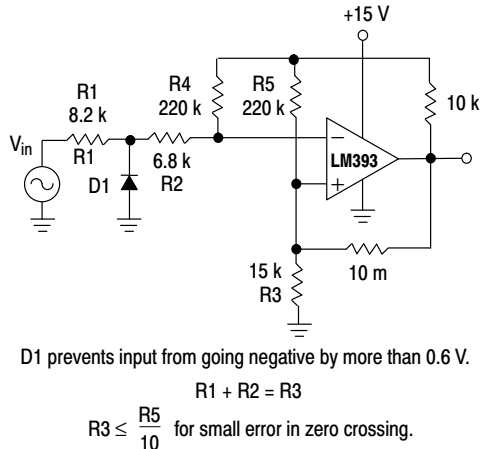


Figure 8. Zero Crossing Detector (Single Supply)

The addition of positive feedback ($< 10\text{ mV}$) is also recommended. It is good design practice to ground all unused pins.

Differential input voltages may be larger than supply voltage without damaging the comparator's inputs. Voltages more negative than -0.3 V should not be used.

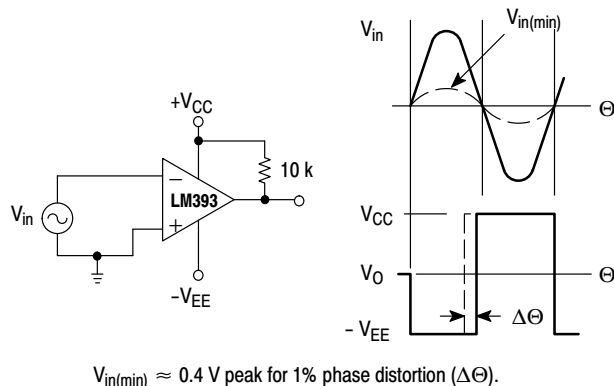


Figure 9. Zero Crossing Detector (Split Supply)

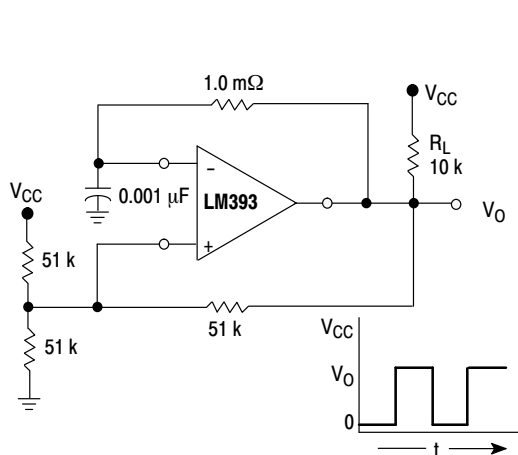


Figure 10. Free-Running Square-Wave Oscillator

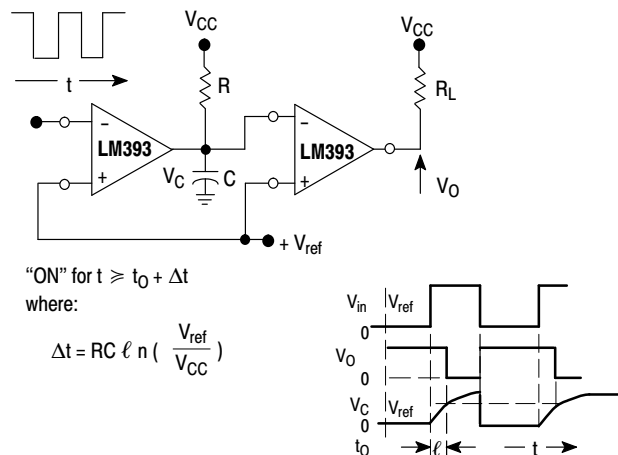
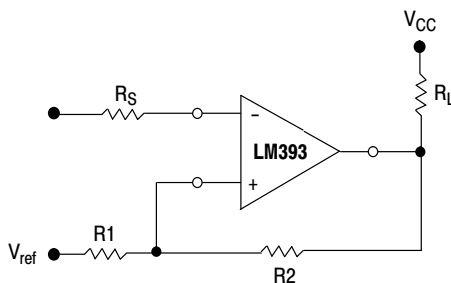


Figure 11. Time Delay Generator



$$R_S = R1 \parallel R2$$

$$V_{th1} = V_{ref} + \frac{(V_{CC} - V_{ref}) R1}{R1 + R2 + R_L}$$

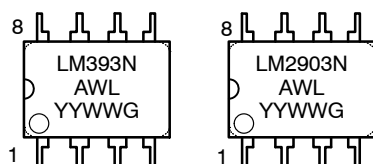
$$V_{th2} = V_{ref} - \frac{(V_{ref} - V_{O\text{ Low}}) R1}{R1 + R2}$$

Figure 12. Comparator with Hysteresis

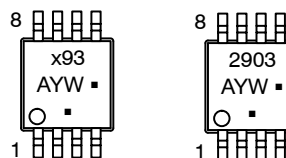
LM393, LM293, LM2903, LM2903V, NCV2903, NCV2903V

MARKING DIAGRAMS

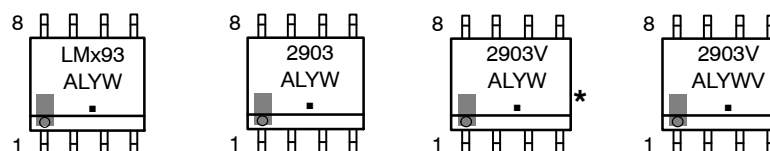
**PDIP-8
CASE 626**



**Micro8
CASE 846A**



**SOIC-8
CASE 751**



x = 2 or 3
 A = Assembly Location
 WL, L = Wafer Lot
 YY, Y = Year
 WW, W = Work Week
 ■, G = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

*This marking diagram also applies to NCV2903DR2G

LM393, LM293, LM2903, LM2903V, NCV2903, NCV2903V

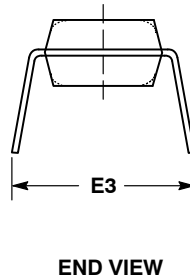
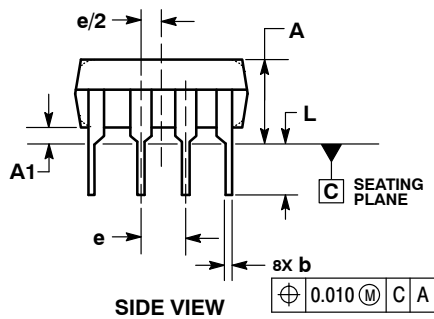
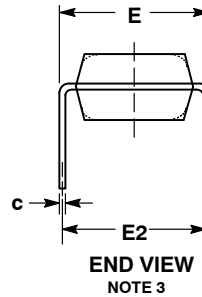
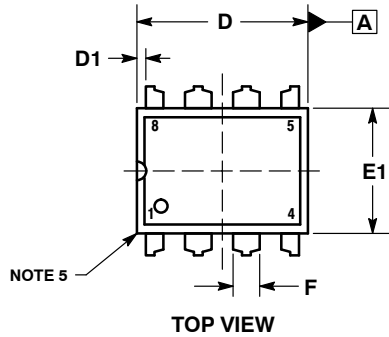
ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Shipping [†]
LM293DG	-25°C to +85°C	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
LM293DR2G			2500 / Tape & Reel
LM293DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape and Reel
LM393DG	0°C to +70°C	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
LM393DR2G			2500 / Tape & Reel
LM393NG		PDIP-8 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
LM393DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape and Reel
LM2903DG	-40°C to +105°C	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
LM2903DR2G			2500 / Tape & Reel
LM2903DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape and Reel
LM2903NG		PDIP-8 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
LM2903VDG	-40°C to +125°C	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail
LM2903VDR2G			2500 / Tape & Reel
LM2903VNG		PDIP-8 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
NCV2903DR2G		SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
NCV2903DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel
NCV2903VDR2G	-40°C to +150°C	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

PDIP-8
N SUFFIX
CASE 626-05
ISSUE M



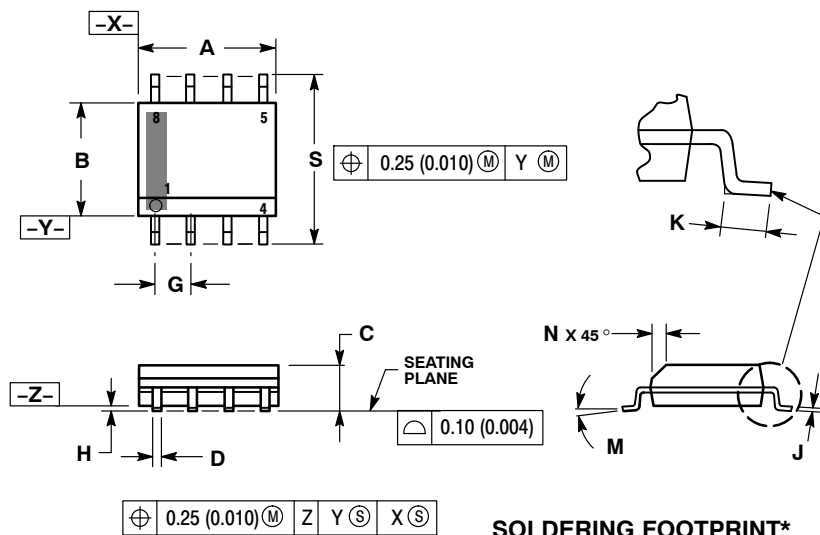
NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.
3. DIMENSION E IS MEASURED WITH THE LEADS RESTRAINED PARALLEL AT WIDTH E2.
4. DIMENSION E1 DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
5. ROUNDED CORNERS OPTIONAL.

DIM	INCHES			MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	----	----	0.210	----	----	5.33
A1	0.015	----	----	0.38	----	----
b	0.014	0.018	0.022	0.35	0.46	0.56
C	0.008	0.010	0.014	0.20	0.25	0.36
D	0.355	0.365	0.400	9.02	9.27	10.02
D1	0.005	----	----	0.13	----	----
E	0.300	0.310	0.325	7.62	7.87	8.26
E1	0.240	0.250	0.280	6.10	6.35	7.11
E2	0.300 BSC			7.62 BSC		
E3	----	----	0.430	----	----	10.92
e	0.100 BSC			2.54 BSC		
L	0.115	0.130	0.150	2.92	3.30	3.81

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-8 NB
CASE 751-07
ISSUE AK

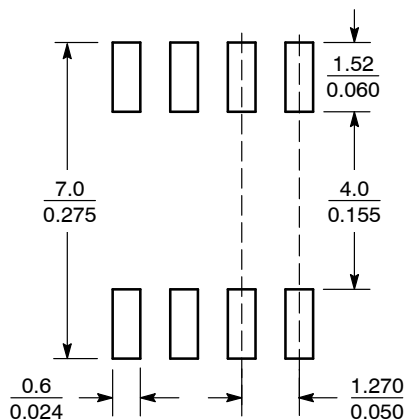


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
6. 751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751-07.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197
B	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
C	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
D	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
J	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
M	0°	8°	0°	8°
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



SCALE 6:1 $\left(\frac{\text{mm}}{\text{inches}} \right)$

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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