# DLV Series Low Voltage Digital Pressure Sensors



**General Description** 

## **Features**

- 5 to 60 psi and Barometric Pressure Ranges
- 3.3V or 5.0V Supply Voltage
- I2C or SPI Interface
- Better than 0.5% Accuracy Over Temperature Typical
- Die Sil-Gel Coating for Enhanced Media Protection

## **Applications**

- Medical Breathing
- Environmental Controls
- HVAC
- Industrial Controls
- Portable/Hand-Held Equipment

The DLV Series Mini Digital Output Sensor is based on the already popular DLVR series pressure sensors. This series utilizes single chip technology and offers excellent performance over middle (5 psi to 60 psi) and barometric pressure

The supply voltage options ease integration of the sensors into a wide range of process control and measurement systems, allowing direct connection to either I2C or SPI serial communications channels. For battery-powered systems, the sensors can enter very low-power modes between readings to minimize load on the power supply.

These calibrated and compensated sensors provide accurate, stable output over a wide temperature range. This series is intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids such as air, dry gases and the like. A Sil-Gel die coating is added for enhanced media protection.

#### Standard Pressure Ranges Operating Range A, B **Proof Pressure Burst Pressure Device Nominal Span** PSI **PSI PSI** kPa kPa kPa Counts DLV-005D ± 5 35 20 140 40 275 ±6,553 ±6,553 DLV-015D ± 15 100 40 415 120 830 DLV-030D ± 30 200 120 830 200 1,380 ±6,553 ±6,553 **DLV-060D** ± 60 400 200 1,380 200 1,380 DLV-005G 35 20 140 275 13,107 0 to 5 40 DLV-015G 0 to 15 100 60 415 120 830 13,107 DLV-030G 0 to 30 200 120 830 200 1,380 13,107 **DLV-060G** 0 to 60 400 200 1,380 200 1,380 13,107 **DLV-015A** 0 to 15 psiA 100 60 415 120 830 13,107 **DLV-030A** 0 to 30 psiA 200 120 830 200 1,380 13,107

Note A: Operating range in kPa is expressed as an approximate value.

Note B: Products are calibrated to operating range expressed in psi (except DLV-611M, which is calibrated to range in millibars).

Pressure Sensor Maximu	um Ratings	Environ	mental Speci	fications
Supply Voltage (Vs)  Common Mode Pressure  Lead Temperature (soldering 2-4 sec.)	6 Vdc 10 psig (70 kPa) 270°C	Temperature Ranges Compensated: Operating	Commercial Industrial	0°C to 70°C -20°C to 85°C -25°C to 85°C
		Storage Humidity Limits (non	condensing)	-40°C to 125°C 0 to 95% RH

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# Performance Characteristics for DLV Series - Commercial and Industrial Temperature Range

All parameters are measured at  $3.3V \pm 5\%$  or  $5.0V \pm 5\%$  (depending on selected voltage option) excitation, and at 25C, unless otherwise specified. Pressure measurements are with positive pressure applied to PORT B.

Output Span         -         ±6,553         -         Dec Count           xxxD         -         13,107         -         Dec Count           Offset Output         xxxD (at 0 PSIG)         -         8,192         -         Dec Count           xxxG (at 0 PSIG) & xxxA (at 0 PSIA), 611M (at 600mBarA)         -         1,638         Dec Count           Total Error Band         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         2           Span Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         1.0         ms         FSS         4           Response Delay         -         0.40         0.50         ms         -         1.0         ms         -         -	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
xxxG , xxxA         -         13,107         -         Dec Count           xxxD (at 0 PSIG)         -         8,192         -         Dec Count           xxXG (at 0 PSIG) & xxxA (at 0 PSIA), 611M (at 600mBarA)         -         1,638         Dec Count           Total Error Band         -         ±0.5         ±1.0         %FSS         2           Span Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         -         ±0.1         1.0         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms           Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         ms         -           Update Rate         -         0.40         1.0         ms         -         -         -         ms         -         -         -	Output Span					1
Offset Output           xxXD (at 0 PSIG)         -         8,192         -         Dec Count           TXXZG (at 0 PSIG) & xxxA (at 0 PSIA), 611M (at 600mBarA)         -         1,638         Dec Count           Total Error Band         -         ±0.5         ±1.0         %FSS         2           Span Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         -         ±0.4         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake Pressure         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms           Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         -         ms           Update Rate         -         0.40         1.0         ms           Fast         - <td>xxxD</td> <td>-</td> <td>±6,553</td> <td>-</td> <td>Dec Count</td> <td></td>	xxxD	-	±6,553	-	Dec Count	
xxxD (at 0 PSIG)         -         8,192         -         Dec Count           xxxG (at 0 PSIG) & xxxA (at 0 PSIA), 611M (at 600mBarA)         -         1,638         Dec Count           Total Error Band         -         ±0.5         ±1.0         %FSS         2           Span Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake Pressure         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms           Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         ms           Update Rate         -         0.40         1.0         ms           Noise Reduced         -         1.30         3.1         ms           Low Power         -         6.5         9.5         ms           Stat-up Time         -         -         10.0         ms         5,7           Offset Long Term	xxxG , xxxA	-	13,107	-	Dec Count	
Name	Offset Output					
Total Error Band         -         ±0.5         ±1.0         %FSS         2           Span Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         -         ±0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake Pressure         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms           Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         ms         -           Update Rate         -         0.40         1.0         ms         -           Fast         -         0.40         1.0         ms         -           Update Rate         -         0.40         1.0         ms         -         -         -         ms         -         -         -         -         ms         -         -         -         -         -         -	xxxD (at 0 PSIG)	-	8,192	-	Dec Count	
Span Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         5, 10         5         6           Sleep - Wake Pressure         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms           Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         ms           Update Rate         -         0.40         1.0         ms           Fast         -         0.40         1.0         ms           Noise Reduced         -         1.30         3.1         ms           Start-up Time         -         -         10.0         ms         5,7           Offset Long Term Drift (One Year)         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         -           Digital Resolution         -         14         -         bit           No Missing Codes	xxxG (at 0 PSIG) & xxxA (at 0 PSIA), 61	1M (at 600mBarA)	-	1,638	Dec Count	
Offset Temperature Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         3           Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake Pressure         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms           Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         ms         -           Power Con to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         ms         -         ms         -         -         -         ms         -	Total Error Band	-	±0.5	±1.0	%FSS	2
Offset Warm-up Shift         -         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         4           Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         5, 10         Sleep - Wake Pressure         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms         -           Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         -         ms           Update Rate         -         0.40         1.0         ms         - <t< td=""><td>Span Temperature Shift</td><td>-</td><td>±0.1</td><td>-</td><td>%FSS</td><td>3</td></t<>	Span Temperature Shift	-	±0.1	-	%FSS	3
Accuracy         ±0.1         ±0.25         %FSS         6           Response Delay         5,10         5,10         5,10         5,10         Sleep - Wake Pressure         - 0.40         0.50         ms         - 1,10         1.40         ms         - 1,10         1.40         ms         - 1,10         - 1,10         ms	Offset Temperature Shift	-	±0.1	-	%FSS	3
Response Delay   Sleep - Wake Pressure   - 0.40   0.50   ms   Sleep - Wake All   - 1.10   1.40   ms   Power-On to First Reading Attempt   6.0 + 1 update period   -   -   ms   ms   Toward Power-On to First Reading Attempt   6.0 + 1 update period   -   -   -   ms   Toward Power-On to First Reading Attempt   6.0 + 1 update period   -   -   -   -   -   Toward Power   -   -   -   -   -   -   Toward Power   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	Offset Warm-up Shift	-	±0.1	-	%FSS	4
Sleep - Wake Pressure         -         0.40         0.50         ms           Sleep - Wake All         -         1.10         1.40         ms           Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         -         ms           Update Rate         -         0.40         1.0         ms         -           Fast         -         0.40         1.0         ms         -           Noise Reduced         -         1.30         3.1         ms         -           Low Power         -         6.5         9.5         ms         -           Start-up Time         -         -         10.0         ms         5,7         Offset Long Term Drift (One Year)         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         -           Digital Resolution         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         -         -           Output Resolution         -         14         -         bit         -         bit         -         bit         -         -         bit         -         -         bit         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Accuracy		±0.1	±0.25	%FSS	6
Sleep - Wake All   -   1.10   1.40   ms   Power-On to First Reading Attempt   6.0 + 1 update period   -   -   ms	Response Delay					5, 10
Power-On to First Reading Attempt         6.0 + 1 update period         -         ms           Update Rate         5         Fast         -         0.40         1.0         ms           Fast         -         0.40         1.0         ms         -           Noise Reduced         -         1.30         3.1         ms         -           Low Power         -         6.5         9.5         ms         - <t< td=""><td>Sleep - Wake Pressure</td><td>-</td><td>0.40</td><td>0.50</td><td>ms</td><td></td></t<>	Sleep - Wake Pressure	-	0.40	0.50	ms	
Light Rate   Fast   Composition   Composit	Sleep - Wake All	-	1.10	1.40	ms	
Fast	Power-On to First Reading Attempt	6.0 + 1 update per	riod -	-	ms	
Noise Reduced       -       1.30       3.1       ms         Low Power       -       6.5       9.5       ms         Start-up Time       -       -       10.0       ms       5,7         Offset Long Term Drift (One Year)       -       ±0.1       -       %FSS       -         Digital Resolution       -       ±0.1       -       bit       -       5         Output Resolution       -       14       -       bit       -       bit       -       bit       -       bit       -       -       bit       -       bit       -       -       -       bit       -	Update Rate					5
Low Power         -         6.5         9.5         ms           Start-up Time         -         -         10.0         ms         5,7           Offset Long Term Drift (One Year)         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         -           Digital Resolution         -         ±0.1         -         bit         -         5           Output Resolution         -         14         -         bit         -         bit         -         bit         -         -         bit         -         -         -         bit         -         -         -         -         bit         - </td <td>Fast</td> <td>-</td> <td>0.40</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>ms</td> <td></td>	Fast	-	0.40	1.0	ms	
Start-up Time         -         -         10.0         ms         5, 7           Offset Long Term Drift (One Year)         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         -           Digital Resolution         -         14         -         bit         -         bit         -         bit         -         -         14         -         bit         -         -         -         bit         - <td< td=""><td>Noise Reduced</td><td>-</td><td>1.30</td><td>3.1</td><td>ms</td><td></td></td<>	Noise Reduced	-	1.30	3.1	ms	
Offset Long Term Drift (One Year)         -         ±0.1         -         %FSS         -           Digital Resolution         -         14         -         bit         -         bit         -         bit         -         -         bit         -         -         bit         -         -         -         bit         - <t< td=""><td>Low Power</td><td>-</td><td>6.5</td><td>9.5</td><td>ms</td><td></td></t<>	Low Power	-	6.5	9.5	ms	
Digital Resolution         5           Output Resolution         -         14         -         bit           No Missing Codes         12         13         -         bit           Temperature Output         8         8           Resolution         -         11         -         bit           Overall Accuracy         -         2         -         °C           Current Requirement (3.3V Option)         5         5           Fast         -         2.5         3.2         mA           Noise Reduced         -         2.5         3.1         mA           Low Power         -         0.6         0.7         mA           Sleep (Idle)         -         0.5         5.0         uA           Current Requirement (5.0 Option)         5           Fast         -         3.5         4.5         mA           Noise Reduced         -         3.6         4.4         mA           Low Power         -         0.8         1.0         mA	Start-up Time	-	-	10.0	ms	5, <i>7</i>
Output Resolution         -         14         -         bit           No Missing Codes         12         13         -         bit           Temperature Output         8         8           Resolution         -         11         -         bit           Overall Accuracy         -         2         2         -         °C           Current Requirement (3.3V Option)         5         5         MA         A	Offset Long Term Drift (One Year)	-	±0.1	-	%FSS	-
No Missing Codes         12         13         -         bit           Temperature Output         8           Resolution         -         11         -         bit           Overall Accuracy         -         2         -         °C           Current Requirement (3.3V Option)         5         3.2         mA           Fast         -         2.5         3.1         mA           Noise Reduced         -         2.5         3.1         mA           Low Power         -         0.6         0.7         mA           Sleep (Idle)         -         0.5         5.0         uA           Current Requirement (5.0 Option)         5         5         mA           Fast         -         3.5         4.5         mA           Noise Reduced         -         3.6         4.4         mA           Low Power         -         0.8         1.0         mA	Digital Resolution					5
Temperature Output         8           Resolution         -         11         -         bit           Overall Accuracy         -         2         -         °C           Current Requirement (3.3V Option)         5           Fast         -         2.5         3.2         mA           Noise Reduced         -         2.5         3.1         mA           Low Power         -         0.6         0.7         mA           Sleep (Idle)         -         0.5         5.0         uA           Current Requirement (5.0 Option)         5           Fast         -         3.5         4.5         mA           Noise Reduced         -         3.6         4.4         mA           Low Power         -         0.8         1.0         mA	Output Resolution	-	14	-	bit	
Resolution       -       11       -       bit         Overall Accuracy       -       2       -       °C         Current Requirement (3.3V Option)       5         Fast       -       2.5       3.2       mA         Noise Reduced       -       2.5       3.1       mA         Low Power       -       0.6       0.7       mA         Sleep (Idle)       -       0.5       5.0       uA         Current Requirement (5.0 Option)       5         Fast       -       3.5       4.5       mA         Noise Reduced       -       3.6       4.4       mA         Low Power       -       0.8       1.0       mA	No Missing Codes	12	13	-	bit	
Overall Accuracy       -       2       -       °C         Current Requirement (3.3V Option)         Fast       -       2.5       3.2       mA         Noise Reduced       -       2.5       3.1       mA         Low Power       -       0.6       0.7       mA         Sleep (Idle)       -       0.5       5.0       uA         Current Requirement (5.0 Option)       5         Fast       -       3.5       4.5       mA         Noise Reduced       -       3.6       4.4       mA         Low Power       -       0.8       1.0       mA	Temperature Output					8
Current Requirement (3.3V Option)         5           Fast         -         2.5         3.2         mA           Noise Reduced         -         2.5         3.1         mA           Low Power         -         0.6         0.7         mA           Sleep (Idle)         -         0.5         5.0         uA           Current Requirement (5.0 Option)         5           Fast         -         3.5         4.5         mA           Noise Reduced         -         3.6         4.4         mA           Low Power         -         0.8         1.0         mA	Resolution	-	11	-	bit	
Fast       -       2.5       3.2       mA         Noise Reduced       -       2.5       3.1       mA         Low Power       -       0.6       0.7       mA         Sleep (Idle)       -       0.5       5.0       uA         Current Requirement (5.0 Option)       5         Fast       -       3.5       4.5       mA         Noise Reduced       -       3.6       4.4       mA         Low Power       -       0.8       1.0       mA	Overall Accuracy	-	2	-	°C	
Noise Reduced       -       2.5       3.1       mA         Low Power       -       0.6       0.7       mA         Sleep (Idle)       -       0.5       5.0       uA         Current Requirement (5.0 Option)       5         Fast       -       3.5       4.5       mA         Noise Reduced       -       3.6       4.4       mA         Low Power       -       0.8       1.0       mA	Current Requirement (3.3V Option)					5
Low Power       -       0.6       0.7       mA         Sleep (Idle)       -       0.5       5.0       uA         Current Requirement (5.0 Option)       5         Fast       -       3.5       4.5       mA         Noise Reduced       -       3.6       4.4       mA         Low Power       -       0.8       1.0       mA	Fast	-	2.5	3.2	mA	
Sleep (Idle)       -       0.5       5.0       uA         Current Requirement (5.0 Option)       5         Fast       -       3.5       4.5       mA         Noise Reduced       -       3.6       4.4       mA         Low Power       -       0.8       1.0       mA	Noise Reduced	-	2.5	3.1	mA	
Current Requirement (5.0 Option)         5           Fast         -         3.5         4.5         mA           Noise Reduced         -         3.6         4.4         mA           Low Power         -         0.8         1.0         mA	Low Power	-	0.6	0.7	mA	
Fast       -       3.5       4.5       mA         Noise Reduced       -       3.6       4.4       mA         Low Power       -       0.8       1.0       mA	Sleep (Idle)	-	0.5	5.0	uA	
Noise Reduced         -         3.6         4.4         mA           Low Power         -         0.8         1.0         mA	Current Requirement (5.0 Option)					5
Low Power - 0.8 1.0 mA	Fast	-	3.5	4.5	mA	
	Noise Reduced	-	3.6	4.4	mA	
Sleep (Idle) - 0.5 5.0 uA	Low Power	-	8.0	1.0	mA	
•	Sleep (Idle)	-	0.5	5.0	uA	

See the following page for performance characteristics table notes.

# 12C / SPI Electrical Parameters for DLV Series

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Input High Level	-	80.0	-	100	% of Vs	5
Input Low Level	-	0	-	20.0	% of Vs	5
Output Low Level	-	-	-	10.0	% of Vs	5
I2C Pull-up Resistor	-	1000	-	-	Ω	5,9
12C Load Capacitance on SDA, @ 400	kHz Csda	-	-	200	рF	5
I2C Input Capacitance (each pin)	Ci2c_in	-	-	10.0	pF	5

NOTE 1: THE SPAN IS THE ALGEBRAIC DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FULL SCALE DECIMAL COUNTS AND THE OFFSET DECIMAL COUNTS.

PRESSURE OUTPUT TRANSFER FUNCTION

$$Pressure(psi) = 1.25 \times \left(\frac{Pout_{dig} - OS_{dig}}{2^{14}}\right) \times FSS(psi)$$

Is the sensor 14 bit digital output.  $Pout_{dig}$ 

 $OS_{dig}$ Is the specified digital offset (gage/absolute, 611M = 1,638 and differential = 8,192)

FSS(psi) Is the sensor Full Scale Span (gage = Full Scale Pressure, differential = 2 x Full Scale Pressure) in psi.

For DLV-611M, replace 'psi' units with 'mbar'.

NOTE 2: TOTAL ERROR BAND CONSISTS OF OFFSET AND SPAN TEMPERATURE AND CALIBRATION ERRORS, LINEARITY AND PRESSURE HYSTERESIS ERRORS, OFFSET WARM-UP SHIFT AND LONG TERM OFFSET DRIFT ERRORS.

NOTE 3: SHIFT IS RELATIVE TO 25C.

NOTE 4: SHIFT IS WITHIN THE FIRST HOUR OF EXCITATION APPLIED TO THE DEVICE.

NOTE 5: PARAMETER IS CHARACTERIZED AND NOT 100% TESTED.

NOTE 6: INCLUDES PRESSURE HYSTERESIS, REPEATABILITY AND BEST-FIR STRAIGHT LINE LINEARITY, EVALUATED AT 25C.

.Vs

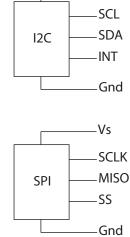
NOTE 7: POWER-ON TIME IS TIME FROM POWER BEING APPLIED TO FIRST AVAILABLE PART COMMUNICATIONS.

NOTE 8: Temperature Output Transfer Function:

Temperature (°C) = 
$$Tout_{dig} \times \left(\frac{200}{2^{11}-1}\right) - 50$$

NOTE 9: A PULL-UP RESISTOR IS REQUIRED FOR CORRECT 12C USAGE. THE MINIMUM VALUE INDICATED IS FOR 5.0V OR 3.3V OPERATION. NOTE 10: FOLLOWING SENSOR POWER-UP, THE APPLICATION MUST WAIT AT LEAST THE INDICATED TIME BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE SENSOR.

Figure 1 - Equivalent Circuit



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## **Device Options**

The following is a list of factory programmable options. Consult the factory to learn more about the options.

#### Interface

12C and SPI interfaces are available. NOTE: SPI interface is only available with eight (8) lead packages.

## Supply Voltage

Devices are characterized at either 3.3V or 5.0V depending on the options selected. It is suggested to select the option that most closely matches the application supply voltage for best possible performance.

## Speed/Power

There are four options of Speed/Power. These are Fast(F), Noise Reduced(N), Low Power(L) and Sleep mode(S).

<u>Fast Mode(F)</u> Is the fastest operating mode where the device operates with continuous sampling at the fastest internal speed.

Noise Reduced(N): Also operates with continuous samples however the ADC is set for over sampling for noise reduction. The conversion times are resultantly longer than the Fast(F) mode however, there is approximately 1/2 bit reduction in noise.

<u>Low Power(L)</u>: Is similar to the Fast(F) mode with exception that the device uses an internal timer to delay between pressure conversions. The internal timer time-out triggers the next conversion cycle. The update rate is commensurately lower for this mode as a result.

<u>Sleep(S)</u>: Is similar to the Low Power(L) mode however the trigger to initiate a sample comes from the user instead of an internal timer. This is ideal for very low update rate applications that require low power usage. It is also ideal for synchronizing the data conversions with the host microprocessor.

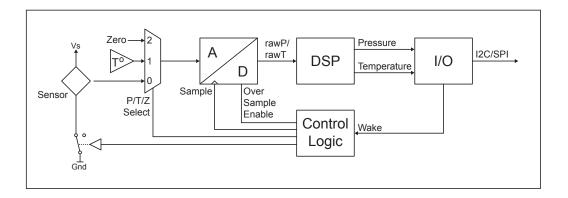
#### Coating

Parylene Coating: Parylene coating provides a moisture barrier and protection from some harsh media. The DLV Series includes a Sil-Gel die coating for enhanced media protection. Parylene is available for all parts. Consult the factory for applicability of the parylene option for the for the target application.

## **Operation Overview**

The DLV is a digital sensor with a signal path that includes a sensing element, a 14 bit analog to digital converter, a DSP and an IO block that supports either an I2C or SPI interface (see Figure 1 below). The sensor also includes an internal temperature reference and associated control logic to support the configured operating mode. The sensing element is powered down while not being sampled to conserve power. Since there is a single ADC, there is also a multiplexer at the front end of the ADC that selects the signal source for the ADC.

Figure 2 - DLV Essential Model



The ADC performs conversions on the raw sensor signal (P), the temperature reference (T) and a zero reference (Z) during an ADC zero cycle. It also has an oversampling mode for a noise reduced output. A conversion cycle that is measuring pressure is called a Normal cycle. A cycle where either a temperature measurement or zeroing is being performed is called a Special cycle.

The DSP receives the converted pressure and temperature information and applies a multi-order transfer function to compensate the pressure output. This transfer function includes compensation for span, offset, temperature effects of span, temperature effects on offset and second order temperature effects on both span and offset. There is also linearity compensation for all devices.

There are two effective operating modes of the sensor 1) Free Running and 2) Triggered. The control logic performs the synchronization of the internal functions according the factory programmed Power/Speed option (see Table 1). The Control Logic also determines the Delay between ADC samples, the regularity of the Special cycles and whether or not the ADC performs the Over Sampling. Refer to Figure 2 for the communication model associated with the operating modes listed below.

<u>Free Running Mode:</u> In the free running mode, conversion cycles are initiated internally at regular intervals. There are three options available that operate in the Free Running mode (F, N and L). Two of these (F and N) run continuously while the third option (L) has an approximate 6 ms delay between conversion cycles. All three options have Special cycles inserted at regular intervals to accomplish the ADC zeroing and temperature measurements. Two of the options utilize oversampling. Refer to Table 1 for specific option controls.

Triggered Mode: In the Triggered Mode, a conversion cycle is initiated by the user (or host uP). There are two available methods to wake the sensor from sleep mode. The first method (Wake All) is to wake the sensor and perform all three measurement cycles (Z, T and P). This provides completely fresh data from the sensor. The second method (Wake P) is to wake the sensor from sleep and only perform the pressure measurement (P). When using this second method, it is up to the user to interleave Wake All commands at regular intervals to ensure there is sufficiently up to date temperature information. Also, the Wake Pressure method is only available from the I2C interface (not available using a SPI interface).

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# Operation Overview (Cont'd)

# Table 1 - DLV Control Logic Detail

	Control Logic											
Power/ Speed Option	Power/Speed Description	Operating Mode	Over Sample	Delay Between Samples	Normal ADC Cycles	Special ADC Cycles	Special ADC Cycle Interval					
F	Fast	F	No	No	1 (P)	1 (Z or T)	255					
N	Noise Reduced	Free Running	Yes	No	1 (P)	1 (Z or T)	255					
L	Low Power	Rullillig	Yes	Yes	1 (P)	1 (Z or T)	31					
S	Sleep <sup>(1)</sup> (Wake Pressure)	Triggorod	No	User Defined	1 (P)	n/a	Never					
8	Sleep (Wake All)	Triggered	No	User Defined	1 (P)	2 (Z + T)	Always					

Note 1) Wake from sleep with pressure only reading is not available with SPI interface (I2C only).

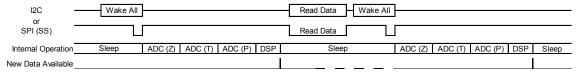
#### Figure 3 - DLV Communication Model

#### Free Running Mode [(F)ast, (N)oise Reduced and (L)ow Power Option]

Cycle Type		Normal Cycle No			Normal Cycle			Special Cycle (1)					
Internal Operation	DSP	Delay	ADC (P)	DSP	Delay	ADC (P)	DSP	Delay	ADC (P)	ADC (T or Z)	DSP	Delay	ADC (P)
New Data Available													

Note 1: See Table 1 for frequency of Special Cycles

#### Triggered Mode - Wake All [(S)leep Option]



## Triggered Mode - Wake Pressure [(S)leep Option]

I2C	Wake P.	-		Read Data Wake P.	}		
Internal Operation	Sleep	ADC (P)	DSP	Sleep	ADC (P)	DSP	Sleep
New Data Available							

For either type of digital interface, the format of data returned from the sensor is the same. The first 16 bits consist of the 2 Status bits followed by the 14-bit the pressure value. The third byte provides the 8 most significant bits of the measured temperature; the fourth byte provides the 3 least significant bits of temperature, followed by 5 bits of undefined filler data. With either interface, the host may terminate the transfer after receiving the first two bytes of data from the sensor, or following the third byte (if just the most-significant 8 bits of temperature are needed). Refer to Table 2 for the overall data format of the sensor. Table 3 shows the Status Bit definition.

Table 2 - Output Data Format

D[31:30]	D[29:24]	D[23:16]	D[15:8]	D[7:5]	D[4:0]
S[1:0]	P[13:8]	P[7:0]	T[10:3]	T[2:0]	X[4:0]
Status	Pressure MSB	Pressure LSB	Temperature MSB	Temperature LSB	Filler bits (Undefined)

Bit Definitions:

Status (S): Normal/command / busy / diagnostic

Pressure (P): Digital pressure reading

Temperature (T): Compensated temperature reading

**Table 3- Status Bit Definitions** 

[00]	[01]	[10]	[11]
Current Data, no errors.	,		Error Condition: electrical fault or configuration invalid.

#### **I2C** Interface

#### **12C Communications Overview**

The I2C interface uses a set of signal sequences for communication. The following is a description of the supported sequences and their associated mnemonics. Refer to Figure 3 for the associated usage of the following signal sequences.

Bus not Busy (I): During idle periods both data line (SDA) and clock line (SCL) remain HIGH.

<u>START condition (ST):</u> A HIGH to LOW transition of SDA line while the clock (SCL) is HIGH is interpreted as START condition. START conditions are always set by the master. Each initial request for a pressure value has to begin with a START condition.

Slave address (An): The I<sup>2</sup>C-bus requires a unique address for each device. The DLV sensor has a preconfigured slave address (0x28). After setting a START condition the master sends the address byte containing the 7 bit sensor address followed by a data direction bit (R/W). A "0" indicates a transmission from master to slave (WRITE), a "1" indicates a data request (READ).

Acknowledge (A or N): Data is transferred in units of 8 bits (1 byte) at a time, MSB first. Each data-receiving device, whether master or slave, is required to pull the data line LOW to acknowledge receipt of the data. The Master must generate an extra clock pulse for this purpose. If the receiver does not pull the data line down, a NACK condition exists, and the slave transmitter becomes inactive. The master determines whether to send the last command again or to set the STOP condition, ending the transfer.

<u>DATA valid (Dn)</u>: State of data line represents valid data when, after a START condition, data line is stable for duration of HIGH period of clock signal. Data on line must be changed during LOW period of clock signal. There is one clock pulse per data bit.

<u>DATA operation:</u> The sensor starts to send 4 data bytes containing the current pressure and temperature values. The transmission may be halted by the host after any of the bytes by responding with a NACK.

STOP condition (P): LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while clock (SCL) is HIGH indicates a STOP condition. STOP conditions are always generated by the master.

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1. Start All ( to wake sensor from Sleep mode, Zero ADC, read Temperature and read Pressure )

2. Start Pressure ( to wake sensor from Sleep mode and read Pressure only )

3. Read Data ( with examples of reading pressure, pressure plus 8 bits of temperature and pressure plus 11 bits of temperature )

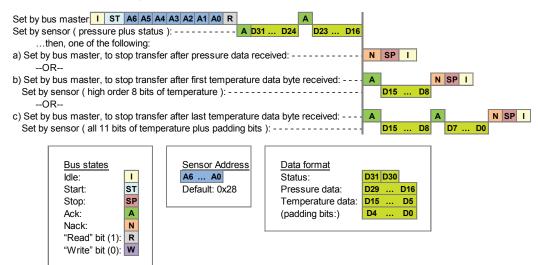


Figure 3 illustrates the sequence of signals set by both the host and the sensor for each command. Note that for the DataRead command, the host has the option of responding to the second or third bytes of data with a NACK instead of ACK. This terminates the data transmission after the pressure data, or after the pressure data and upper byte of temperature, have been transmitted. See Figure 6 for the I2C timing details.

# **I2C Command Sequence**

Depending on whether the Fast, Noise Reduced, Low-Power, or Sleep options have been selected, the command sequence differs slightly. See Figure 3 for details of the three I2C commands.

# Fast, Noise Reduced or Low-power Configuration

The part enters Free Running mode (see table 1) after power-up: it performs an initial complete measurement, writes the calculated data to the output registers, sets the INT pin high, then goes to sleep. After a delay determined by the update rate option, the part will wake up, perform measurements, update the output registers, then go back to sleep. DataRead is the only command recognized in this Free Running Mode. If the INT pin is ignored, the host processor can repeat the DataRead command until the Status bits indicate an updated reading. Note: The INT pin is not available on the SIP version packages (ExBS versions).

# **Sleep Configuration**

The part enters Triggered mode (see table 1) after power-up, and waits for a command from the bus master. If the StartAll command is received, the temperature, ADC zero, and pressure readings are all measured, and correction calculations are performed. When valid data is written to the output registers, the INT pin is set high, and the processing core goes back to sleep. The host processor then sends the DataRead command to shift out the updated values. If the INT pin is not monitored, the host can poll the output registers by repeating the DataRead command until the Status bits indicate that the values have been updated (see Tables 2 and 3). The response time depends on configuration options (refer to Table 1 and Performance Characteristics).

Depending on the application, pressure measurements may be performed by sending the StartPressure command, which only measures the pressure value and uses previously measured temperature data in calculating the compensated output value. This presents the result faster (in about 1/3 the delay time) than the StartAll command. This can be a useful method to synchronize the sensor with the host controller as well as attaining the fastest overall response time without Special cycles occuring at unwanted times. The system designer should determine the interval required for sending StartAll commands, necessary to refresh the temperature and zero point data, in order to maintain accurate output values.

## **I2C Exceptions**

- 1. Sending a Start condition, then a Stop condition, without any transitions on the CLK line, creates a communication error for the next communication, even if the next start condition is correct and the clock pulse is applied. A second Start condition must be set, which clears the error and allows communication to proceed.
- 2. The Restart condition—a falling SDA edge during data transmission when the CLK clock line is still high—creates the same stall/deadlock. In the following data request, an additional Start condition must be sent for correct communication.
- 3. A falling SDA edge is not allowed between the start condition and the first rising SCL edge. If using an I2C address with the first bit 0, SDA must be held low from the start condition through the first bit.

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#### SPI Interface

## **SPI Command Sequence**

DLV sensors using the SPI interface option provide 3 signals for communication: SCLK, SS (Slave Select), and MISO. This read-only signaling uses a hardware protocol to control the sensor, differing slightly with the speed/power option selected as described below:

Fast(F), Noise Reduced(N) and Low-Power(L) Configurations: After power-up, the part enters Free Running mode and begins its periodic conversion cycle, at the interval determined by the programmed Power/Speed option. This is the simplest configuration. The only bus interaction with the host is the SPI DataRead operations. Polling the sensor at a rate slower than the internal update rate will minimize bus activity and ensure that new values are presented with each transfer. Note that the Status bits should still be checked to verify updated data and the absence of error conditions.

Sleep(S) Configuration: As with the I2C option, the part enters Triggered mode after power-up, and waits for a command from the bus master. To wake the part and start a measurement cycle, the SS pin must be driven low by the host for at least 8usec, then driven high. This can be done by shifting a dummy byte of 8 bits from the sensor. This bus activity can be considered the SPI StartAll command, where the rising edge of SS is the required input to start conversion. Updated conversion data is written to the output registers after a period dependent on configuration options ( see Performance Characteristics). After this update of the registers, the core goes to an inactive (sleep) state. The DataRead command simply consists of shifting out 2, 3, or 4 bytes of data from the sensor. The host can check the Status bits of the output to verify that new data has been provided. The part remains inactive following this read operation, and another StartAll operation is needed to wake the part when the next conversion is to be performed.

## SPI Bit Pattern

The sequence of bits and bus signals are shown in the following illustration (Figure 4). Refer to Figure 5 in the Interface Timing Diagram section for detailed timing data. As previously described, the incoming data may be terminated by raising SS after 2, 3, or 4 bytes have been received as illustrated below.



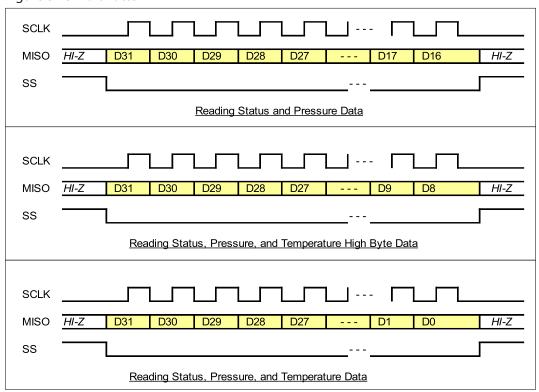


Figure 6 - SPI Timing Diagram

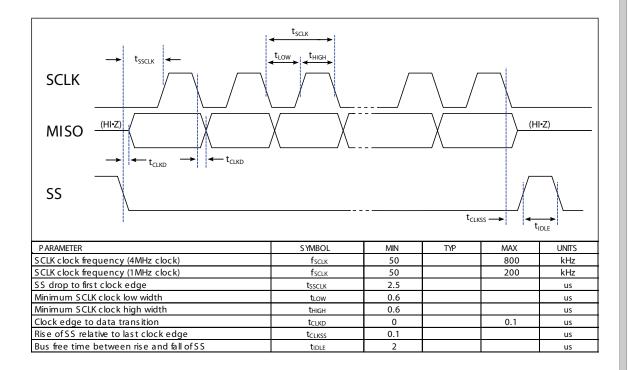
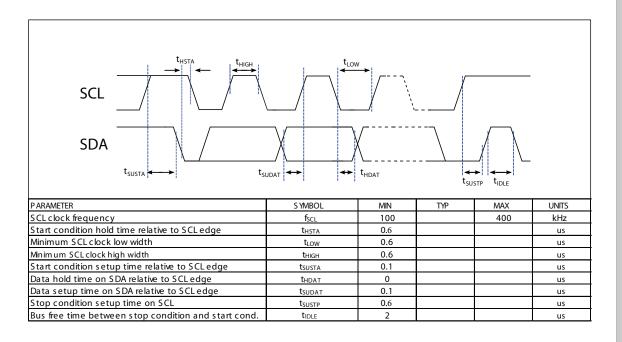


Figure 7 - I2C Timing Diagram



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#### How to Order

Refer to Table 4 for configuring a standard base part number which includes the pressure range, package and temperature range. Table 5 shows the available configuring options. The option identifier is required to complete the device part number. Refer to Table 6 for the available package options.

Example P/N with options: DLV-005G-E1BD-C-NI3F

Table 4 - How to Configure a Base Part Number

	SERIES	PR	ESSURE RANGE						PACKAGE			TE	MPERATURE RANGE
					Base		Port Orientation		Lid Style		Lead Type		
	ID	ID	Description		ID	ID	Description	ID	Description	ID	Description	IE	Description Description
S	DLV	005D	±5 PSI		Е	1	Dual Port Same Side	В	Barbed	S	SIP	C	Commercial
Ē		015D	±15 PSI			2	Dual Port Opposite Side			D	DIP	- 1	Industrial
Mg		030D	±30 PSI										
ORDERING INFORMATION		060D	±60 PSI										
불		005G	0 to 5 PSI										
Š		015G	0 to 15 PSI										
2		030G	0 to 30 PSI										
ä		060G	0 to 60 PSI										
Ŗ.		015A	0 to 15 PSIA										
		030A	0 to 30 PSIA										
		060A	0 to 60 PSIA										
		611M	600 to 1100 mBarA										
Example	DLV	005G		-	Е	1		В		S		- C	;

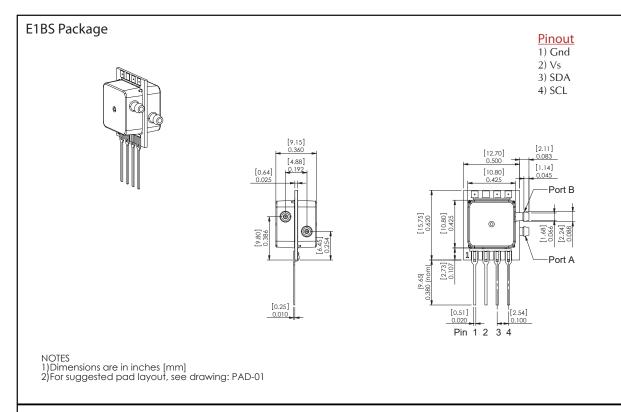
Table 5 - How to Configure an Option Identifier

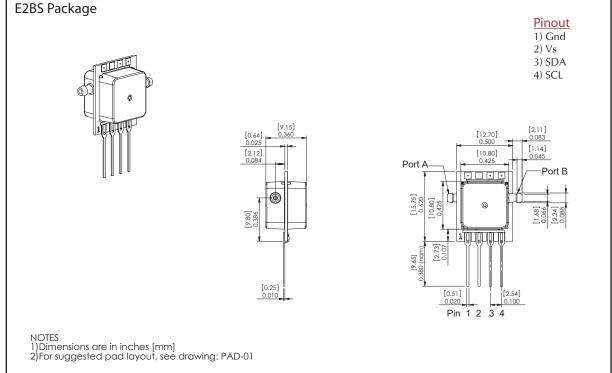
z	Z COATING			INTERFACE	SUI	PPLY VOLTAGE	SF	PEED/POWER
S 6	ID	Description	ID	Description	ID	Description	D	Description
ORDERING INFORMATION	N	No Coating	-	I2C	3	3.3V	F	Fast
S S	Р	Parylene Coating	S	SPI	5	5.0V	N	Noise reduced
P. O.							L	Low Power
≥							S	Sleep Mode
Example	N		Ι		3		F	

TABLE 6: Available E-Series Package Configurations

		Non-Ba	rbed Lid			Barbe	ed Lid	
Port Orientation		Lead	Style			Lead	Style	
Orientation	SIP	DIP	J Lead SMT	Low Profile DIP	SIP	DIP	J Lead SMT	Low Profile DIP
Dual Port Same Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	E1BS	E1BD	N/A	N/A
Dual Port Opposite Side	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	E2BS	E2BD	N/A	N/A
Single Port (Gage)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Package Drawings



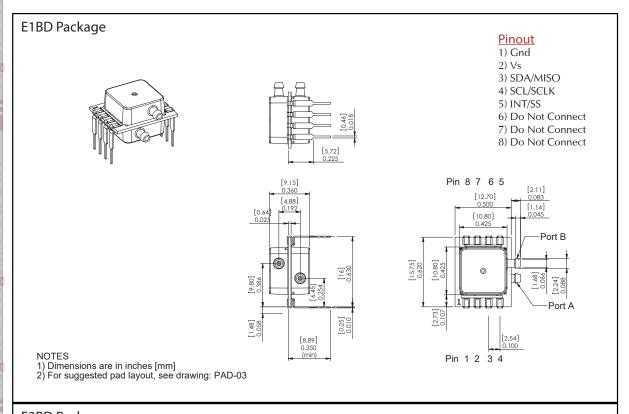


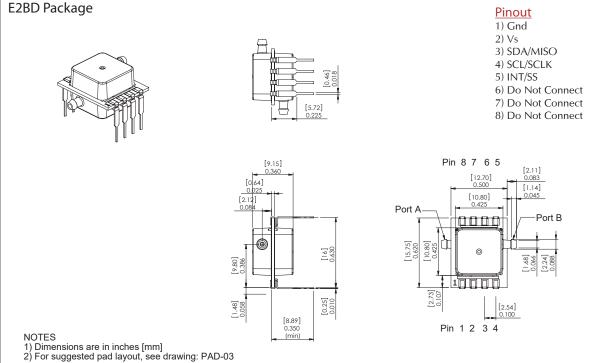
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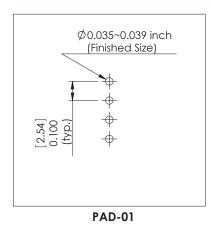
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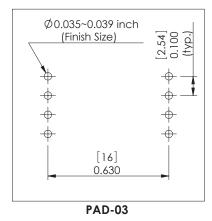
# Package Drawings (Cont'd)





# Suggested Pad Layout





## **Product Labeling**

All Sensors
DLV-005GE1BD-C
NI3F
R14N25-01

Example Device Label

Company
Part Number
Lot Number

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