

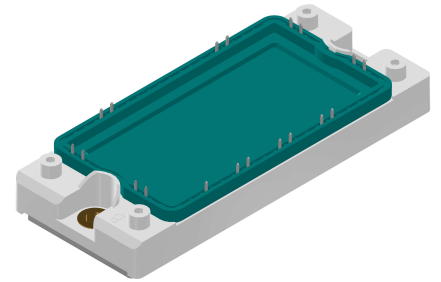
Standard Rectifier Module

| 3~ Rectifier | Brake Chopper |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| $V_{RRM} = 1600 \text{ V}$ | $V_{CES} = 1200 \text{ V}$ |
| $I_{DAV} = 150 \text{ A}$ | $I_{C25} = 180 \text{ A}$ |
| $I_{FSM} = 1100 \text{ A}$ | $V_{CE(sat)} = 1.7 \text{ V}$ |

3~ Rectifier Bridge + Brake Unit + NTC

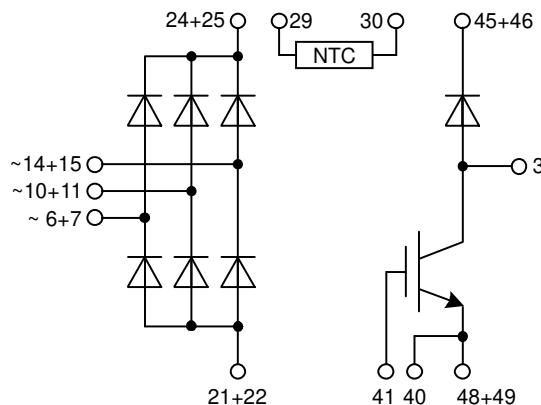
Part number

VUB145-16NOXT



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current
- NTC
- X2PT - 2nd generation Xtreme light Punch Through
- Rugged X2PT design results in:
 - short circuit rated for 10 μsec .
 - very low gate charge
 - low EMI
 - square RBSOA @ 2x I_c
- Thin wafer technology combined with X2PT design results in a competitive low $V_{CE(sat)}$ and low thermal resistance

Applications:

- 3~ Rectifier with brake unit for drive inverters

Package: E2-Pack

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 17 mm
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling
- Phase Change Material available

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| Rectifier | | | | Ratings | | | |
|------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|------|------|-------------------|
| Symbol | Definition | Conditions | | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
| V_{RSM} | max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage | | | | | 1700 | V |
| V_{RRM} | max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage | | | | | 1600 | V |
| I_R | reverse current | $V_R = 1600$ V | | $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 100 | μA |
| | | $V_R = 1600$ V | | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | 2 | mA |
| V_F | forward voltage drop | $I_F = 50$ A | | $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1.20 | V |
| | | $I_F = 150$ A | | | | 1.68 | V |
| | | $I_F = 50$ A | | $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1.13 | V |
| | | $I_F = 150$ A | | | | 1.74 | V |
| I_{DAV} | bridge output current | $T_C = 105^\circ\text{C}$ | rectangular | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | 150 | A |
| V_{FO} | threshold voltage | } for power loss calculation only | | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | 0.87 | V |
| r_F | slope resistance | | | | | 5.9 | m Ω |
| R_{thJC} | thermal resistance junction to case | | | | | 0.5 | K/W |
| R_{thCH} | thermal resistance case to heatsink | | | | 0.1 | | K/W |
| P_{tot} | total power dissipation | | | $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 250 | W |
| I_{FSM} | max. forward surge current | $t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine | | $T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1.10 | kA |
| | | $t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine | | $V_R = 0$ V | | 1.19 | kA |
| | | $t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine | | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | 935 | A |
| | | $t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine | | $V_R = 0$ V | | 1.01 | kA |
| I^2t | value for fusing | $t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine | | $T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ | | 6.05 | kA ² s |
| | | $t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine | | $V_R = 0$ V | | 5.89 | kA ² s |
| | | $t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine | | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | 4.37 | kA ² s |
| | | $t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine | | $V_R = 0$ V | | 4.25 | kA ² s |
| C_J | junction capacitance | $V_R = 400$ V; $f = 1$ MHz | | $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 37 | pF |

| Brake IGBT + Diode | | | | Ratings | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------|----------|---------------|--|
| Symbol | Definition | Conditions | min. | typ. | max. | Unit | |
| V_{CES} | collector emitter voltage | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | 1200 | V | |
| V_{GES} | max. DC gate voltage | | | | ± 20 | V | |
| V_{GEM} | max. transient gate emitter voltage | | | | ± 30 | V | |
| I_{C25} | collector current | $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | 180 | A | |
| I_{C80} | | $T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | 140 | A | |
| P_{tot} | total power dissipation | $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | 500 | W | |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ | collector emitter saturation voltage | $I_C = 100\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ | | | 1.7 | V | |
| | | | | | 1.9 | V | |
| $V_{GE(th)}$ | gate emitter threshold voltage | $I_C = 4\text{ mA}; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$ | 6 | 6.8 | 7.5 | V | |
| I_{CES} | collector emitter leakage current | $V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ | | | 0.1 | mA | |
| | | | | | 0.1 | mA | |
| I_{GES} | gate emitter leakage current | $V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}$ | | | 500 | nA | |
| $Q_{G(on)}$ | total gate charge | $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}; I_C = 100\text{ A}$ | | 340 | | nC | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | turn-on delay time | inductive load $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; I_C = 100\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 6.8\ \Omega$ | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 230 | ns | |
| t_r | current rise time | | | | 70 | ns | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | turn-off delay time | | | | 380 | ns | |
| t_f | current fall time | | | | 230 | ns | |
| E_{on} | turn-on energy per pulse | | | | 12.5 | mJ | |
| E_{off} | turn-off energy per pulse | | | | 11.5 | mJ | |
| RBSOA | reverse bias safe operating area | $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 6.8\ \Omega$ | | | | | |
| I_{CM} | | $V_{CEK} = 1200\text{ V}$ | | | 300 | A | |
| SCSOA | short circuit safe operating area | $V_{CEK} = 1200\text{ V}$ | | | | | |
| t_{SC} | short circuit duration | $V_{CE} = 720\text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15$ | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 10 | μs | |
| I_{SC} | short circuit current | $R_G = 6.8\ \Omega$; non-repetitive | | 450 | | A | |
| R_{thJC} | thermal resistance junction to case | | | | 0.25 | K/W | |
| R_{thCH} | thermal resistance case to heatsink | | | 0.1 | | K/W | |
| Brake Diode | | | | | | | |
| V_{RRM} | max. repetitive reverse voltage | | | | 1200 | V | |
| I_{F25} | forward current | | $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 48 | A | |
| I_{F80} | | | $T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 32 | A | |
| V_F | forward voltage | $I_F = 30\text{ A}$ | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 2.75 | V | |
| | | | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 1.60 | | V | |
| I_R | reverse current | $V_R = V_{RRM}$ | $T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 0.25 | mA | |
| | | | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 1 | mA | |
| Q_{rr} | reverse recovery charge | $V_R = 600\text{ V}$ $-di_f/dt = 1000\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $I_F = 30\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ | $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 5.2 | μC | |
| I_{RM} | max. reverse recovery current | | | | 50 | A | |
| t_{rr} | reverse recovery time | | | | 300 | ns | |
| E_{rec} | reverse recovery energy | | | | 1.9 | mJ | |
| R_{thJC} | thermal resistance junction to case | | | | 0.9 | K/W | |
| R_{thCH} | thermal resistance case to heatsink | | | 0.1 | | K/W | |

| Package E2-Pack | | | Ratings | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|---------|------|------|------|
| Symbol | Definition | Conditions | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
| I_{RMS} | RMS current | per terminal | | | 50 | A |
| T_{VJ} | virtual junction temperature | | -40 | | 150 | °C |
| T_{op} | operation temperature | | -40 | | 125 | °C |
| T_{stg} | storage temperature | | -40 | | 125 | °C |
| Weight | | | | 176 | | g |
| M_D | mounting torque | | 3 | | 6 | Nm |
| $d_{Spp/App}$ | creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air | terminal to terminal | 6.0 | | | mm |
| $d_{Spb/Apb}$ | | terminal to backside | 12.0 | | | mm |
| V_{ISOL} | isolation voltage | t = 1 second 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA | 3600 | | | V |
| | | t = 1 minute | 3000 | | | V |



| Ordering | Ordering Number | Marking on Product | Delivery Mode | Quantity | Code No. |
|----------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| Standard | VUB145-16NOXT | VUB145-16NOXT | Box | 6 | 521635 |

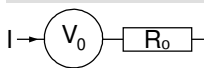
Temperature Sensor NTC

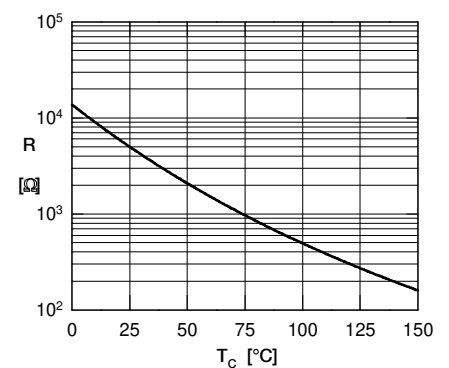
| Symbol | Definition | Conditions | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------|------|------|------------|
| R_{25} | resistance | $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ$ | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 | k Ω |
| $B_{25/50}$ | temperature coefficient | | | 3375 | | K |

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

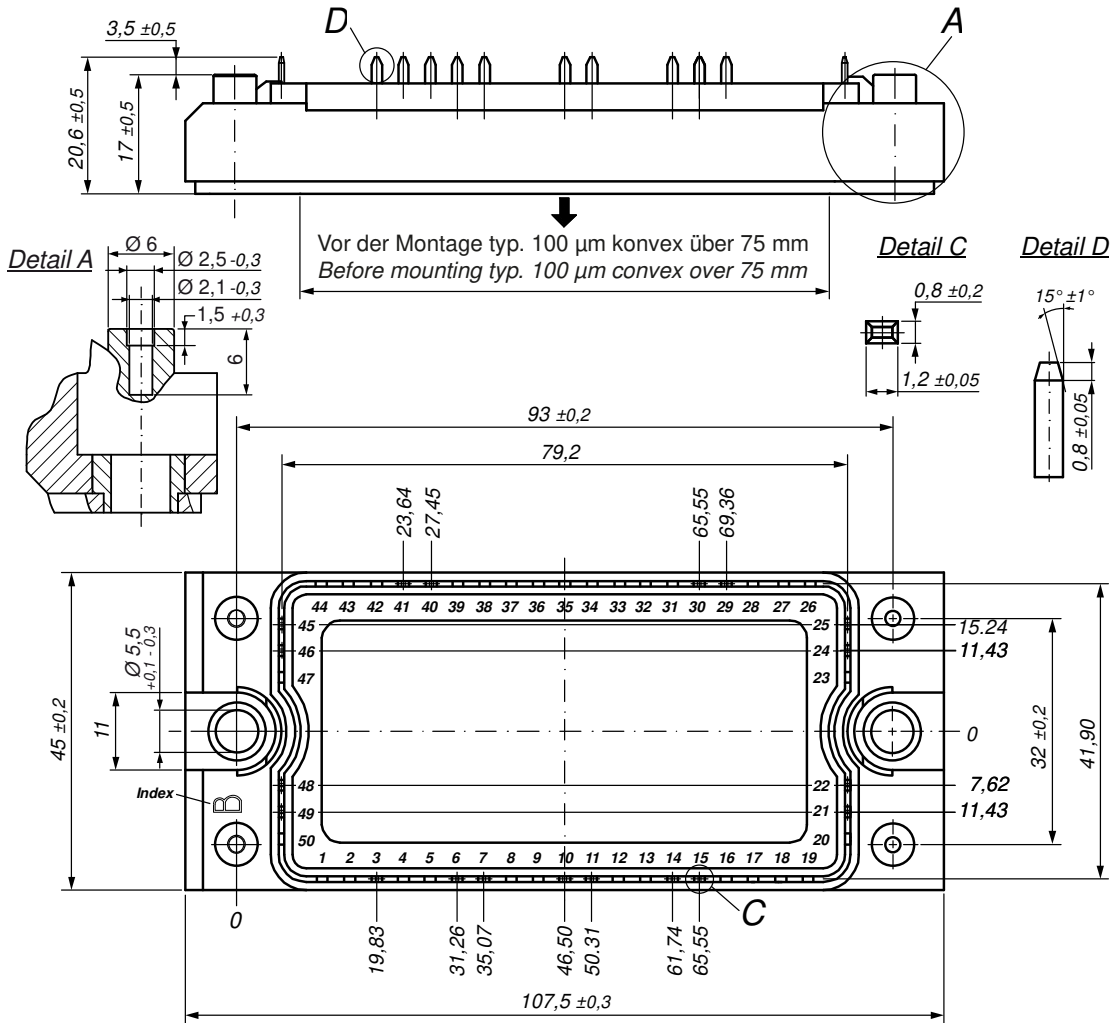
| | Rectifier | Brake Diode | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|------------|
|  | | | |
| $V_{0\ max}$ | threshold voltage | 0.87 | V |
| $R_{0\ max}$ | slope resistance * | 3.3 | m Ω |
| | | 8 | |



Typ. NTC resistance vs. temperature



Outlines E2-Pack

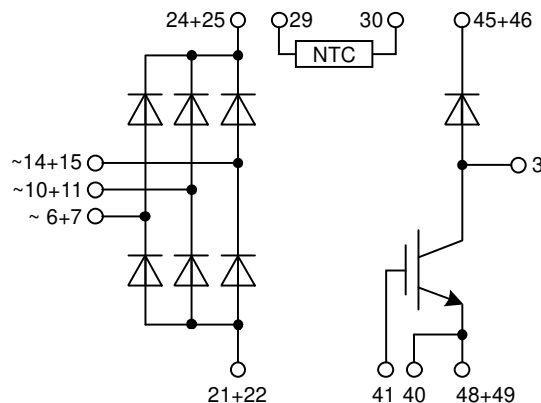


Bemerkung / Note:

- Nichttolerierete Maße nach / Measure without tolerances according DIN ISO 2768-T1-m
- PCB-Lochmuster / PCB hole pattern: **see pin position**
- Toleranz Pin-Position und PCB-Lochmuster / Tolerance of pin position and PCB hole pattern: $\oplus 0,1$
- Montageanleitung / Mounting instruction: www.ixys.com **Application note IXAN0024**

Detail A: PCB-Montage / Mounting on PCB ^L

- Empfohlene, selbstschneidende Schraube / Recommended, self-tapping screw: **EJOT PT®** (Größe / size: **K25**) ^L
- Max. Schraubenlänge / Max. screw length: **PCB-Dicke / thickness + 6 mm** (max. Lochtiefe / hole depth) ^L
- Empfohlenes Drehmoment / Recommended mounting torque: **1.5 Nm**



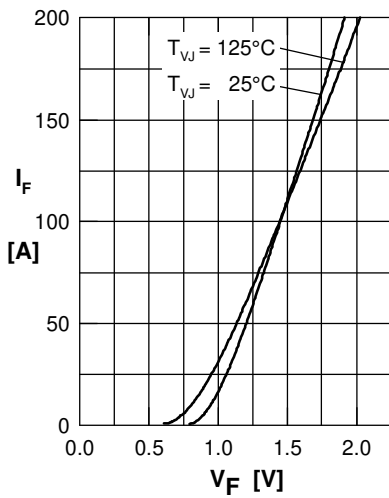
Rectifier


Fig. 1 Forward current vs. voltage drop per diode

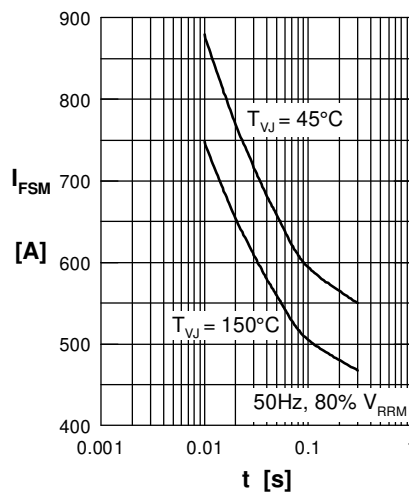


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

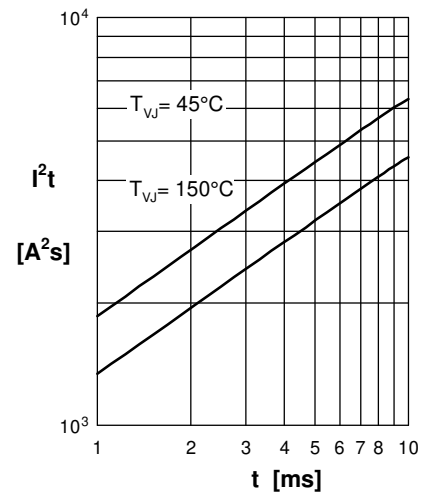
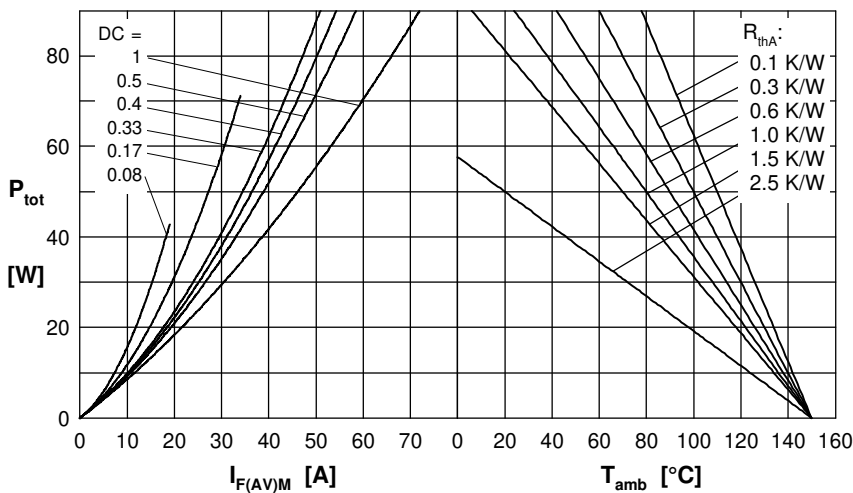

 Fig. 3 I^2t vs. time per diode


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

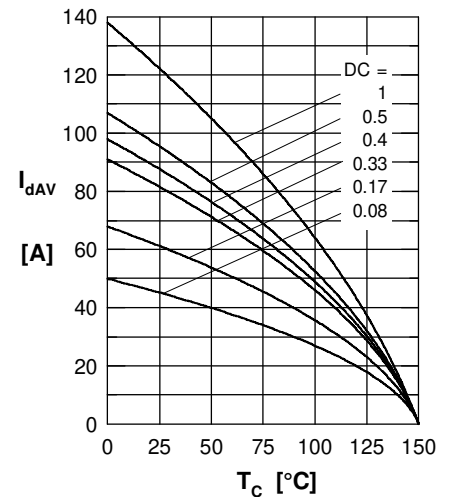


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

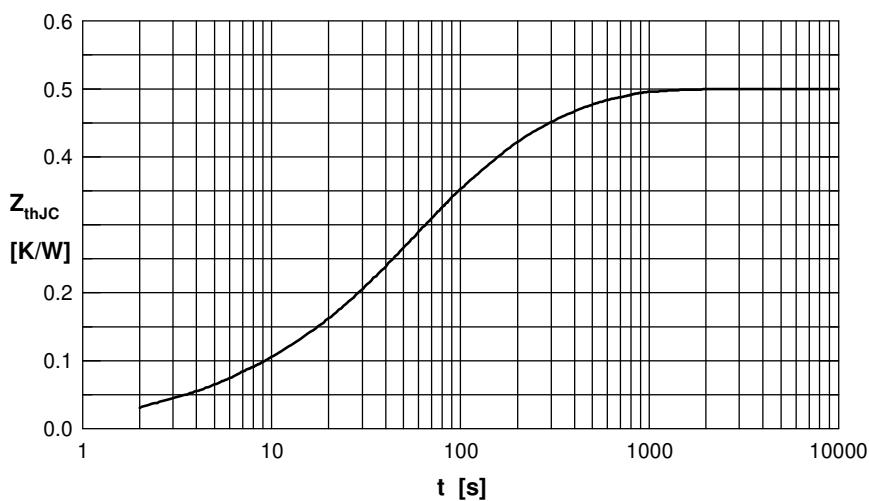


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

 Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

| i | R_{th} (K/W) | t_i (s) |
|---|----------------|-----------|
| 1 | 0.040 | 0.004 |
| 2 | 0.003 | 0.010 |
| 3 | 0.140 | 0.030 |
| 4 | 0.120 | 0.300 |
| 5 | 0.197 | 0.080 |

Brake IGBT + Diode


Fig.1 Output characteristics IGBT



Fig.2 Typ. output characteristics IGBT

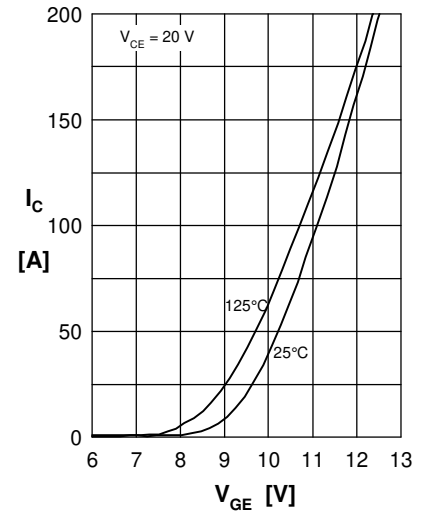


Fig.3 Typ. transfer charact. IGBT



Fig.4 Typ. turn-on energy & switch. times vs. collector current



Fig.5 Typ. turn-off energy & switch. times vs. collector current

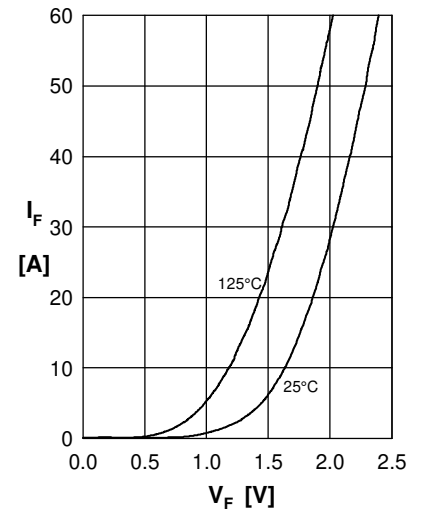


Fig.6 Typ. forward characteristics Diode

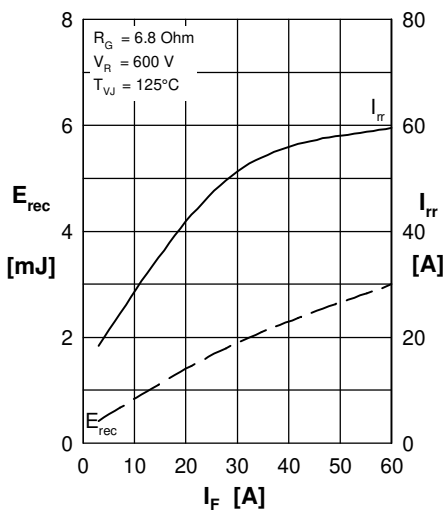


Fig.7 Typ. reverse recovery characteristics Diode

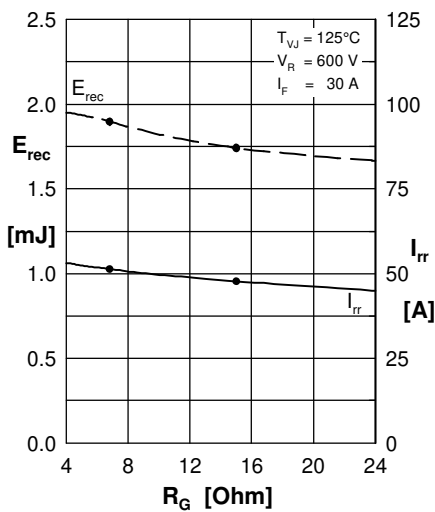


Fig.8 Typ. reverse recovery characteristics Diode

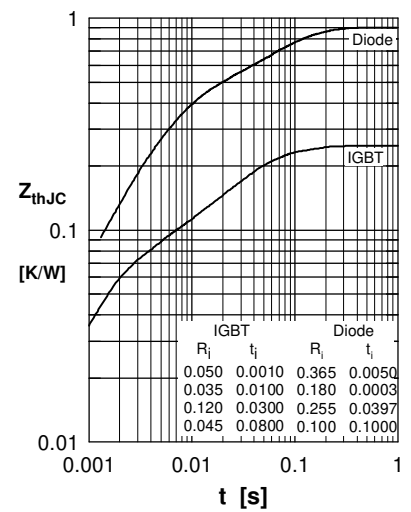


Fig.9 Transient thermal resistance junction to case

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- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
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- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
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- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
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- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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