

16K SPI Bus Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Page Size	Temp. Ranges	Packages
25LC160A	2.5-5.5V	16 Byte	I,E	P, SN, ST, MS
25AA160A	1.8-5.5V	16 Byte	I	P, SN, ST, MS
25LC160B	2.5-5.5V	32 Byte	I,E	P, SN, ST, MS
25AA160B	1.8-5.5V	32 Byte	I	P, SN, ST, MS

Features:

- Max. Clock 10 MHz
- Low-Power CMOS Technology
- 2048 x 8-bit Organization
- 16-Byte Page ('A' version devices)
- 32-Byte Page ('B' version devices)
- Write Cycle Time: 5 ms max.
- Self-Timed Erase and Write Cycles
- Block Write Protection:
 - Protect none, 1/4, 1/2 or all of array
- Built-In Write Protection:
 - Power-on/off data protection circuitry
 - Write enable latch
 - Write-protect pin
- Sequential Read
- High Reliability:
 - Endurance: 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
 - Data retention: > 200 years
 - ESD protection: > 4000V
- Temperature Ranges Supported:
 - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
 - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C
- Pb-Free and RoHS Compliant

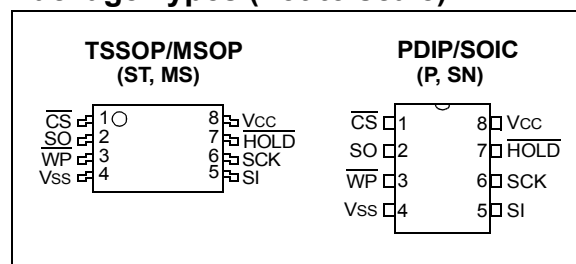
Description:

The Microchip Technology Inc. 25AA160A/B, 25LC160A/B (25XX160A/B) are 16 Kbit Serial Electrically Erasable PROMs. The memory is accessed via a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) compatible serial bus. The bus signals required are a clock input (SCK) plus separate data in (SI) and data out (SO) lines. Access to the device is controlled through a Chip Select ($\overline{\text{CS}}$) input.

Communication to the device can be paused via the hold pin (HOLD). While the device is paused, transitions on its inputs will be ignored, with the exception of Chip Select, allowing the host to service higher priority interrupts.

The 25XX160A/B is available in standard Pb-free packages including 8-lead PDIP and SOIC, and advanced packaging including 8-lead MSOP, and 8-lead TSSOP.

Package Types (not to scale)



Pin Function Table

Name	Function
$\overline{\text{CS}}$	Chip Select Input
SO	Serial Data Output
$\overline{\text{WP}}$	Write-Protect
Vss	Ground
SI	Serial Data Input
SCK	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$	Hold Input
Vcc	Supply Voltage

*25XX160A/B is used in this document as a generic part number for the 25AA160A/B, 25LC160A/B devices.

25XX160A/B

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

V _{CC}	7.0V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. V _{SS}	-0.6V to V _{CC} +1.0V
Storage temperature	-65°C to 150°C
Ambient temperature under bias	-40°C to 125°C
ESD protection on all pins	4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for an extended period of time may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T _{AMB} = -40°C to +85°C V _{CC} = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): T _{AMB} = -40°C to +125°C V _{CC} = 2.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
D001	V _{IH1}	High-level input voltage	2.0	V _{CC} +1	V	V _{CC} ≥ 2.7V (Note)
D002	V _{IH2}		0.7 V _{CC}	V _{CC} +1	V	V _{CC} < 2.7V (Note)
D003	V _{IL1}	Low-level input voltage	-0.3	0.8	V	V _{CC} ≥ 2.7V (Note)
D004	V _{IL2}		-0.3	0.2 V _{CC}	V	V _{CC} < 2.7V (Note)
D005	V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	—	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2.1 mA
D006	V _{OL}		—	0.2	V	I _{OL} = 1.0 mA, V _{CC} < 2.5V
D007	V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{CC} -0.5	—	V	I _{OH} = -400 μA
D008	I _{LI}	Input leakage current	—	±1	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC}$, V _{IN} = V _{SS} TO V _{CC}
D009	I _{LO}	Output leakage current	—	±1	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC}$, V _{OUT} = V _{SS} TO V _{CC}
D010	C _{INT}	Internal Capacitance (all inputs and outputs)	—	7	pF	T _{AMB} = 25°C, CLK = 1.0 MHz, V _{CC} = 5.0V (Note)
D011	I _{CC} Read	Operating Current	—	6	mA	V _{CC} = 5.5V; F _{CLK} = 10.0 MHz; SO = Open
			—	2.5	mA	V _{CC} = 2.5V; F _{CLK} = 5.0 MHz; SO = Open
D012	I _{CC} Write		—	3	mA	V _{CC} = 5.5V
D013	I _{CCS}	Standby Current	—	5	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC} = 5.5V$, Inputs tied to V _{CC} or V _{SS} , T _{AMB} = -40°C TO +125°C
			—	1	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC} = 2.5V$, Inputs tied to V _{CC} or V _{SS} , T _{AMB} = -40°C TO +85°C

Note: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T _{AMB} = -40°C to +85°C V _{CC} = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): T _{AMB} = -40°C to +125°C V _{CC} = 2.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
1	FCLK	Clock Frequency	— — —	10 5 3	MHz MHz MHz	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
2	T _{CSS}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Setup Time	50 100 150	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
3	T _{CSH}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Hold Time	100 200 250	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
4	T _{CSD}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Disable Time	50	—	ns	—
5	T _{su}	Data Setup Time	10 20 30	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
6	T _{HD}	Data Hold Time	20 40 50	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
7	T _R	CLK Rise Time	—	500	ns	(Note 1)
8	T _F	CLK Fall Time	—	500	ns	(Note 1)
9	T _{HI}	Clock High Time	50 100 150	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
10	T _{LO}	Clock Low Time	50 100 150	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
11	T _{CLD}	Clock Delay Time	50	—	ns	—
12	T _{CLE}	Clock Enable Time	50	—	ns	—
13	T _V	Output Valid from Clock Low	— — —	50 100 160	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
14	T _{HO}	Output Hold Time	0	—	ns	(Note 1)
15	T _{DIS}	Output Disable Time	— — —	40 80 160	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V (Note 1) 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V (Note 1) 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V (Note 1)
16	T _{HS}	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Setup Time	20 40 80	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from our web site: www.microchip.com.

3: T_{wc} begins on the rising edge of $\overline{\text{CS}}$ after a valid write sequence and ends when the internal write cycle is complete.

25XX160A/B

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T _{AMB} = -40°C to +85°C V _{CC} = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): T _{AMB} = -40°C to +125°C V _{CC} = 2.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
17	T _{HH}	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Hold Time	20 40 80	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
18	T _{HZ}	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Low to Output High-Z	30 60 160	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V (Note 1) 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V (Note 1) 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V (Note 1)
19	T _{HV}	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ High to Output Valid	30 60 160	— — —	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V 2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.5V
20	T _{WC}	Internal Write Cycle Time	—	5	ms	(NOTE 3)
21	—	Endurance	1M	—	E/W Cycles	(NOTE 2)

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from our web site: www.microchip.com.

3: T_{WC} begins on the rising edge of $\overline{\text{CS}}$ after a valid write sequence and ends when the internal write cycle is complete.

TABLE 1-3: AC TEST CONDITIONS

AC Waveform:	
V _{LO} = 0.2V	—
V _{HI} = V _{CC} - 0.2V	(Note 1)
V _{HI} = 4.0V	(Note 2)
Timing Measurement Reference Level	
Input	0.5 V _{CC}
Output	0.5 V _{CC}

Note 1: For V_{CC} ≤ 4.0V

2: For V_{CC} > 4.0V

FIGURE 1-1: HOLD TIMING

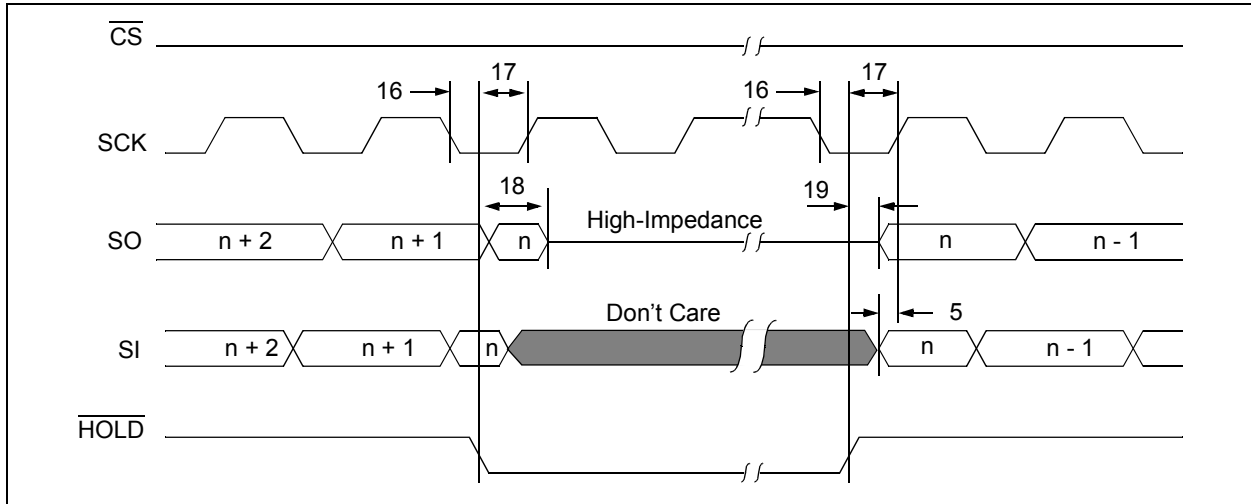


FIGURE 1-2: SERIAL INPUT TIMING

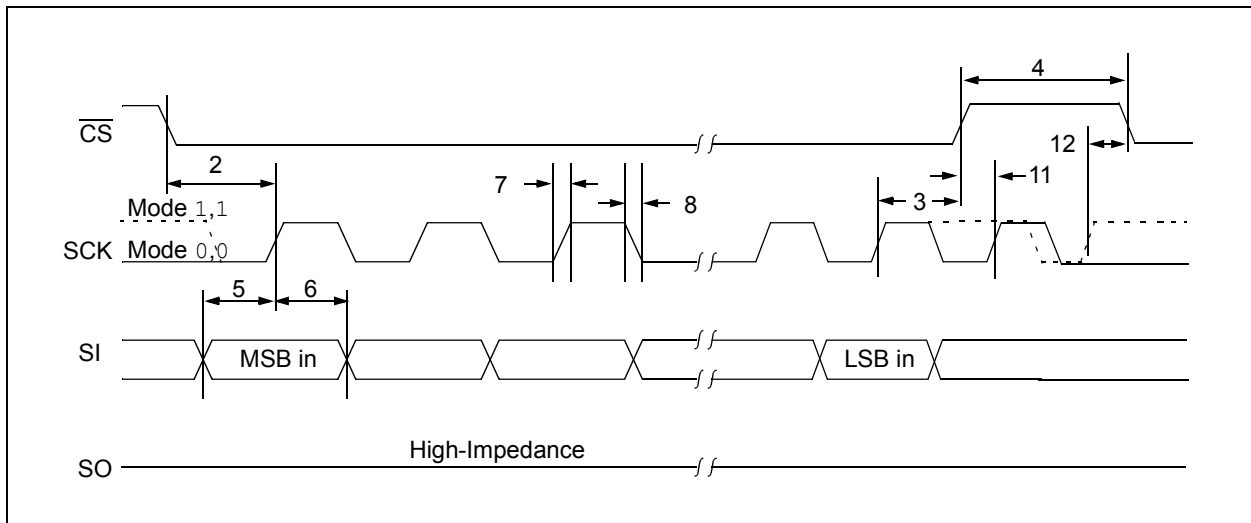
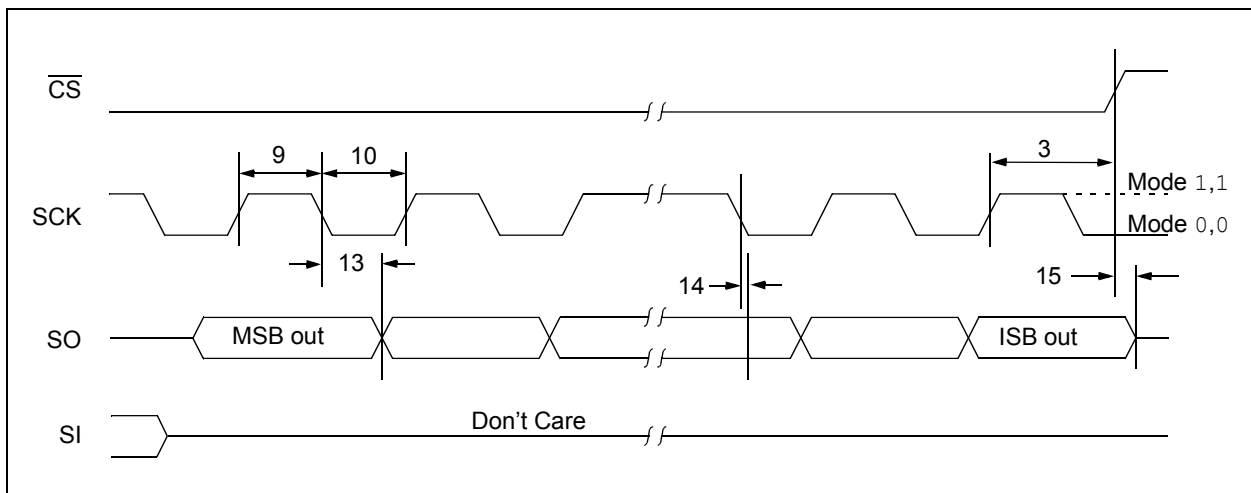


FIGURE 1-3: SERIAL OUTPUT TIMING



2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Principles of Operation

The 25XX160A/B are 2048 byte Serial EEPROMs designed to interface directly with the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) port of many of today's popular microcontroller families, including Microchip's PIC® microcontrollers. It may also interface with microcontrollers that do not have a built-in SPI port by using discrete I/O lines programmed properly with the software.

The 25XX160A/B contains an 8-bit instruction register. The device is accessed via the SI pin, with data being clocked in on the rising edge of SCK. The $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin must be low and the HOLD pin must be high for the entire operation.

Table 2-1 contains a list of the possible instruction bytes and format for device operation. All instructions, addresses, and data are transferred MSB first, LSB last.

Data (SI) is sampled on the first rising edge of SCK after $\overline{\text{CS}}$ goes low. If the clock line is shared with other peripheral devices on the SPI bus, the user can assert the HOLD input and place the 25XX160A/B in 'HOLD' mode. After releasing the HOLD pin, operation will resume from the point when the HOLD was asserted.

2.2 Read Sequence

The device is selected by pulling $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low. The 8-bit read instruction is transmitted to the 25XX160A/B followed by the 16-bit address, with the five MSBs of the address being "don't care" bits. After the correct read instruction and address are sent, the data stored in the memory at the selected address is shifted out on the SO pin. The data stored in the memory at the next address can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal Address Pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each byte of data is shifted out. When the highest address is reached (07FFh), the address counter rolls over to address 0000h allowing the read cycle to be continued indefinitely. The read operation is terminated by raising the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin (Figure 2-1).

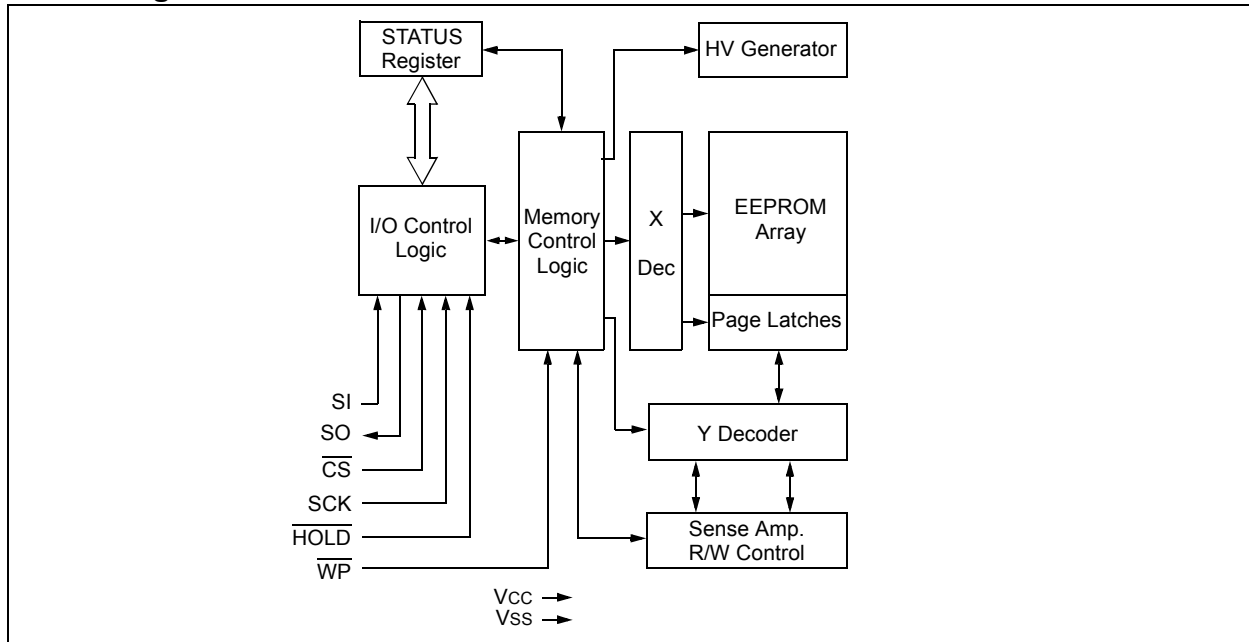
2.3 Write Sequence

Prior to any attempt to write data to the 25XX160A/B, the write enable latch must be set by issuing the $\overline{\text{WREN}}$ instruction (Figure 2-4). This is done by setting $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low and then clocking out the proper instruction into the 25XX160A/B. After all eight bits of the instruction are transmitted, the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ must be brought high to set the write enable latch. If the write operation is initiated immediately after the $\overline{\text{WREN}}$ instruction without $\overline{\text{CS}}$ being brought high, the data will not be written to the array because the write enable latch will not have been properly set.

Once the write enable latch is set, the user may proceed by setting the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low, issuing a $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$ instruction, followed by the 16-bit address, with the five MSBs of the address being "don't care" bits, and then the data to be written. Up to 16 bytes (25XX160A) or 32 bytes (25XX160B) of data can be sent to the device before a write cycle is necessary. The only restriction is that all of the bytes must reside in the same page.

Note: Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, **regardless** of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and, end at addresses that are integer multiples of page size – 1. If a Page Write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wraps around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page as might be expected. It is therefore necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

For the data to be actually written to the array, the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ must be brought high after the Least Significant bit (D0) of the n^{th} data byte has been clocked in. If $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is brought high at any other time, the write operation will not be completed. Refer to Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3 for more detailed illustrations on the byte write sequence and the page write sequence, respectively. While the write is in progress, the STATUS register may be read to check the status of the WPEN, WIP, WEL, BP1 and BP0 bits (Figure 2-6). A read attempt of a memory array location will not be possible during a write cycle. When the write cycle is completed, the write enable latch is reset.



25XX160A/B

FIGURE 2-2: BYTE WRITE SEQUENCE

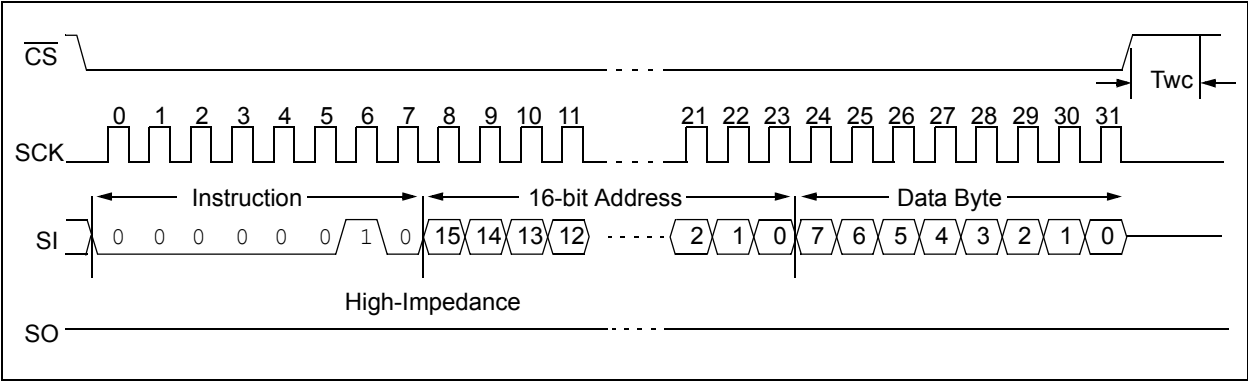


FIGURE 2-3: PAGE WRITE SEQUENCE



2.4 Write Enable (WREN) and Write Disable (WRDI)

The 25XX160A/B contains a write enable latch. See Table 2-1 for the Write-Protect Functionality Matrix. This latch must be set before any write operation will be completed internally. The WREN instruction will set the latch, and the WRDI will reset the latch.

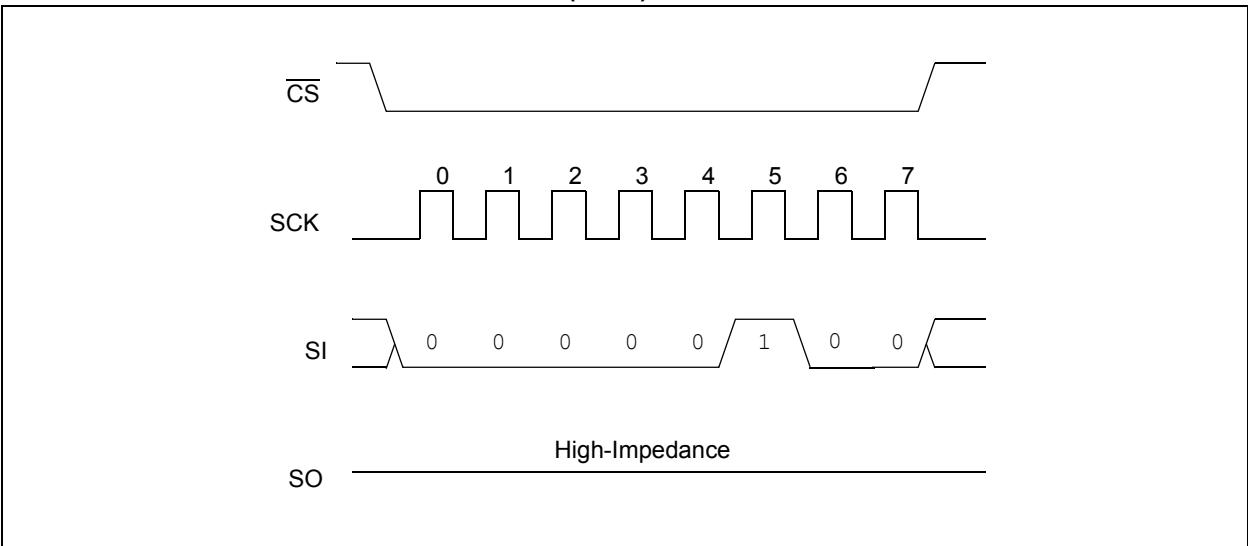
The following is a list of conditions under which the write enable latch will be reset:

- Power-up
- WRDI instruction successfully executed
- WRSR instruction successfully executed
- WRITE instruction successfully executed

FIGURE 2-4: WRITE ENABLE SEQUENCE (WREN)



FIGURE 2-5: WRITE DISABLE SEQUENCE (WRDI)



25XX160A/B

2.5 Read Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

The Read Status Register instruction (RDSR) provides access to the STATUS register. The STATUS register may be read at any time, even during a write cycle. The STATUS register is formatted as follows:

TABLE 2-2: STATUS REGISTER

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
W/R	–	–	–	W/R	W/R	R	R
WPEN	X	X	X	BP1	BP0	WEL	WIP
W/R = writable/readable. R = read-only.							

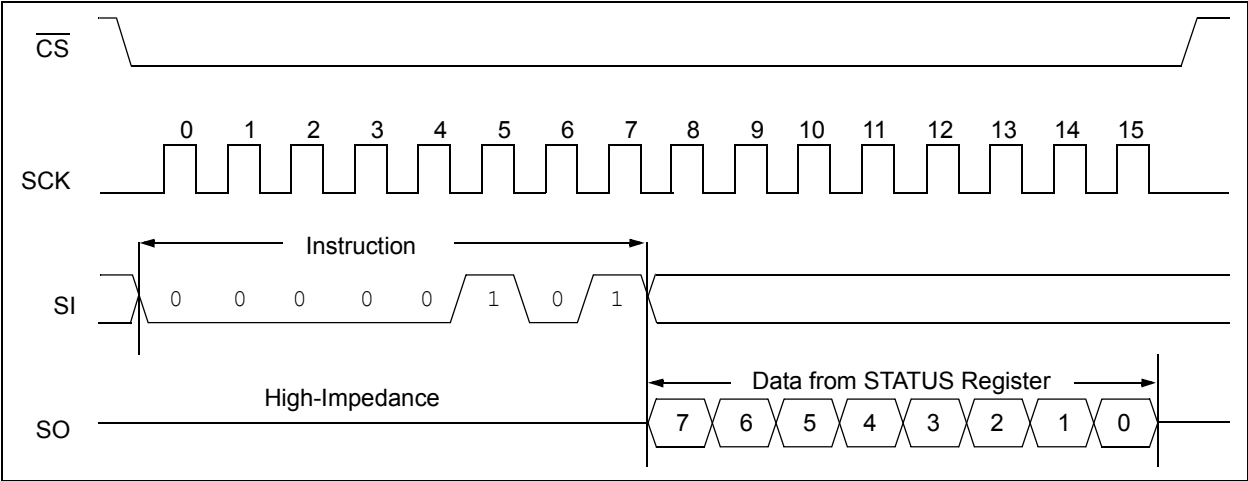
The **Write-In-Process (WIP)** bit indicates whether the 25XX160A/B is busy with a write operation. When set to a '1', a write is in progress, when set to a '0', no write is in progress. This bit is read-only.

The **Write Enable Latch (WEL)** bit indicates the status of the write enable latch and is read-only. When set to a '1', the latch allows writes to the array, when set to a '0', the latch prohibits writes to the array. The state of this bit can always be updated via the WREN or WRDI commands regardless of the state of write protection on the STATUS register. These commands are shown in Figure 2-4 and Figure 2-5.

The **Block Protection (BP0 and BP1)** bits indicate which blocks are currently write-protected. These bits are set by the user issuing the WRSR instruction. These bits are nonvolatile, and are shown in Table 2-3.

See Figure 2-6 for the RDSR timing sequence.

FIGURE 2-6: READ STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (RDSR)



2.6 Write Status Register Instruction (WRSR)

The Write Status Register instruction (WRSR) allows the user to write to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register as shown in Table 2-2. The user is able to select one of four levels of protection for the array by writing to the appropriate bits in the STATUS register. The array is divided up into four segments. The user has the ability to write-protect none, one, two or all four of the segments of the array. The partitioning is controlled as shown in Table 2-3.

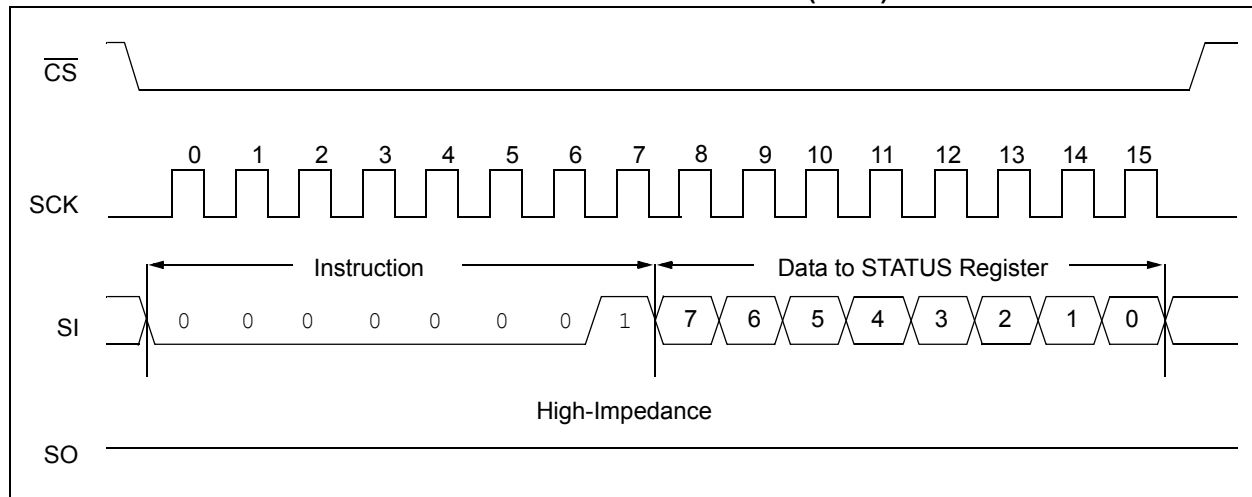
The Write-Protect Enable (WPEN) bit is a nonvolatile bit that is available as an enable bit for the $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin. The Write-Protect ($\overline{\text{WP}}$) pin and the Write-Protect Enable (WPEN) bit in the STATUS register control the programmable hardware write-protect feature. Hardware write protection is enabled when $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin is low and the WPEN bit is high. Hardware write protection is disabled when either the $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin is high or the WPEN bit is low. When the chip is hardware write-protected, only writes to nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register are disabled. See Table 2-1 for a matrix of functionality on the WPEN bit.

See Figure 2-7 for the WRSR timing sequence.

TABLE 2-3: ARRAY PROTECTION

BP1	BP0	Array Addresses Write-Protected
0	0	none
0	1	upper 1/4 (0600h-07FFh)
1	0	upper 1/2 (0400h-07FFh)
1	1	all (0000h-07FFh)

FIGURE 2-7: WRITE STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (WRSR)



25XX160A/B

2.7 Data Protection

The following protection has been implemented to prevent inadvertent writes to the array:

- The write enable latch is reset on power-up
- A write enable instruction must be issued to set the write enable latch
- After a byte write, page write or STATUS register write, the write enable latch is reset
- $\overline{CS}$ must be set high after the proper number of clock cycles to start an internal write cycle
- Access to the array during an internal write cycle is ignored and programming is continued

2.8 Power-On State

The 25XX160A/B powers on in the following state:

- The device is in low-power Standby mode ($\overline{CS} = 1$)
- The write enable latch is reset
- SO is in high-impedance state
- A high-to-low-level transition on $\overline{CS}$ is required to enter active state

TABLE 2-1: WRITE-PROTECT FUNCTIONALITY MATRIX

WEL (SR bit 1)	WPEN (SR bit 7)	$\overline{WP}$ (pin 3)	Protected Blocks	Unprotected Blocks	STATUS Register
0	x	x	Protected	Protected	Protected
1	0	x	Protected	Writable	Writable
1	1	0 (low)	Protected	Writable	Protected
1	1	1 (high)	Protected	Writable	Writable

x = don't care

3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	Pin Number	Function
$\overline{\text{CS}}$	1	Chip Select Input
SO	2	Serial Data Output
$\overline{\text{WP}}$	3	Write-Protect Pin
Vss	4	Ground
SI	5	Serial Data Input
SCK	6	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$	7	Hold Input
Vcc	8	Supply Voltage

3.1 Chip Select ($\overline{\text{CS}}$)

A low level on this pin selects the device. A high level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. However, a programming cycle which is already initiated or in progress will be completed, regardless of the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ input signal. If $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is brought high during a program cycle, the device will go into Standby mode as soon as the programming cycle is complete. When the device is deselected, SO goes to the high-impedance state, allowing multiple parts to share the same SPI bus. A low-to-high transition on $\overline{\text{CS}}$ after a valid write sequence initiates an internal write cycle. After power-up, a low level on $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is required prior to any sequence being initiated.

3.2 Serial Output (SO)

The SO pin is used to transfer data out of the 25XX160A/B. During a read cycle, data is shifted out on this pin after the falling edge of the serial clock.

3.3 Write-Protect ($\overline{\text{WP}}$)

This pin is used in conjunction with the WPEN bit in the STATUS register to prohibit writes to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register. When $\overline{\text{WP}}$ is low and WPEN is high, writing to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register is disabled. All other operations function normally. When $\overline{\text{WP}}$ is high, all functions, including writes to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register operate normally. If the WPEN bit is set, $\overline{\text{WP}}$ low during a STATUS register write sequence will disable writing to the STATUS register. If an internal write cycle has already begun, $\overline{\text{WP}}$ going low will have no effect on the write.

The $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin function is blocked when the WPEN bit in the STATUS register is low. This allows the user to install the 25XX160A/B in a system with $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin grounded and still be able to write to the STATUS register. The $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin functions will be enabled when the WPEN bit is set high.

3.4 Serial Input (SI)

The SI pin is used to transfer data into the device. It receives instructions, addresses and data. Data is latched on the rising edge of the serial clock.

3.5 Serial Clock (SCK)

The SCK is used to synchronize the communication between a master and the 25XX160A/B. Instructions, addresses or data present on the SI pin are latched on the rising edge of the clock input, while data on the SO pin is updated after the falling edge of the clock input.

3.6 Hold ($\overline{\text{HOLD}}$)

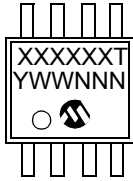
The $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin is used to suspend transmission to the 25XX160A/B while in the middle of a serial sequence without having to retransmit the entire sequence again. It must be held high any time this function is not being used. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is underway, the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin may be pulled low to pause further serial communication without resetting the serial sequence. The $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pin must be brought low while SCK is low, otherwise the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ function will not be invoked until the next SCK high-to-low transition. The 25XX160A/B must remain selected during this sequence. The SI, SCK and SO pins are in a high-impedance state during the time the device is paused and transitions on these pins will be ignored. To resume serial communication, $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ must be brought high while the SCK pin is low, otherwise serial communication will not resume. Lowering the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ line at any time will tri-state the SO line.

25XX160A/B

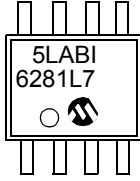
4.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

4.1 Package Marking Information

8-Lead MSOP (150 mil)

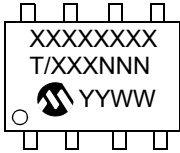


Example:

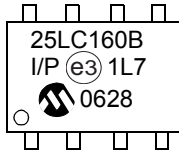


MSOP 1st Line Marking Codes	
Device	Code
25AA160A	5AAA
25AA160B	5AAB
25LC160A	5LAA
25LC160B	5LAB

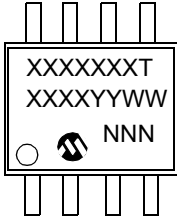
8-Lead PDIP



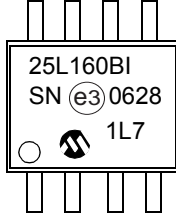
Example:



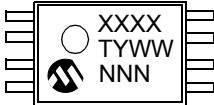
8-Lead SOIC



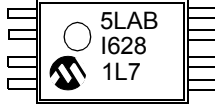
Example:



8-Lead TSSOP



Example:



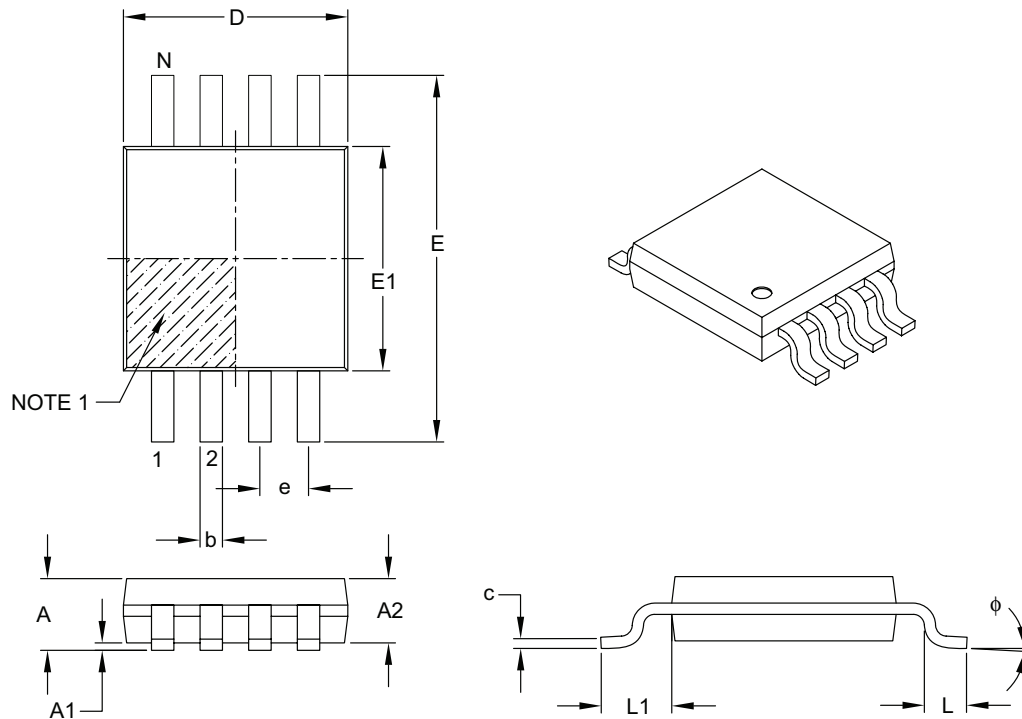
TSSOP 1st Line Marking Codes	
Device	Code
25AA160A	5AAA
25AA160B	5AAB
25LC160A	5LAA
25LC160B	5LAB

Legend: XX...X Customer-specific information
Y Year code (last digit of calendar year)
YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
NNN Alphanumeric traceability code
(e3) Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
* This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	0.65 BSC		
Overall Height	A	—	—	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	—	0.15
Overall Width	E	4.90 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	3.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	3.00 BSC		
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1	0.95 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	—	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	—	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	—	0.40

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

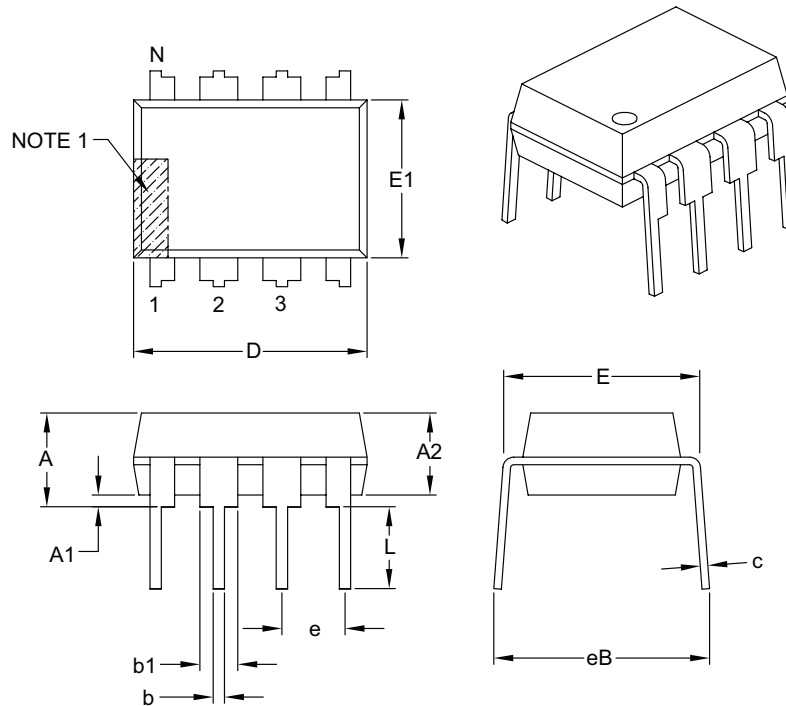
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111B

25XX160A/B

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) – 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	INCHES		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	.100 BSC		
Top to Seating Plane	A	–	–	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	–	–
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	–	–	.430

Notes:

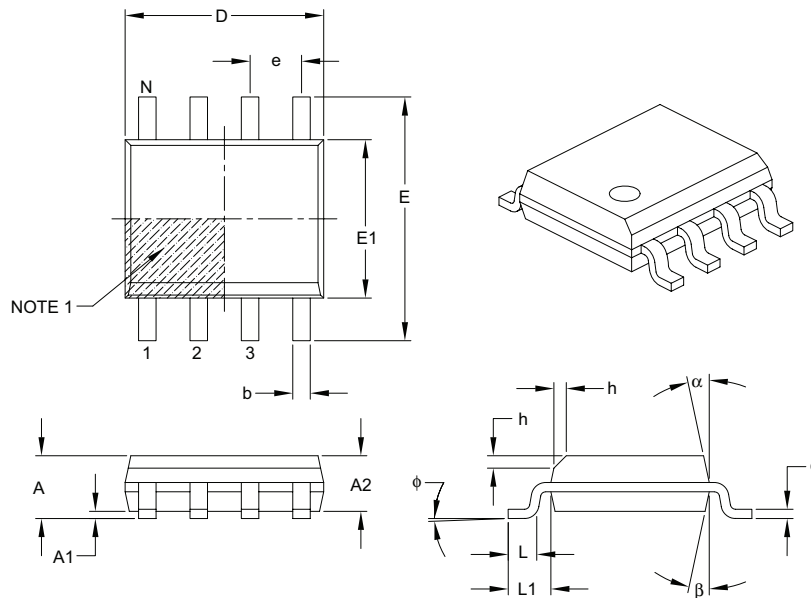
- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located with the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-018B

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	–	–
Standoff §	A1	0.10	–	0.25
Overall Width	E	6.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	3.90 BSC		
Overall Length	D	4.90 BSC		
Chamfer (optional)	h	0.25	–	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	–	1.27
Footprint	L1	1.04 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	–	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	–	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	–	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	–	15°

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

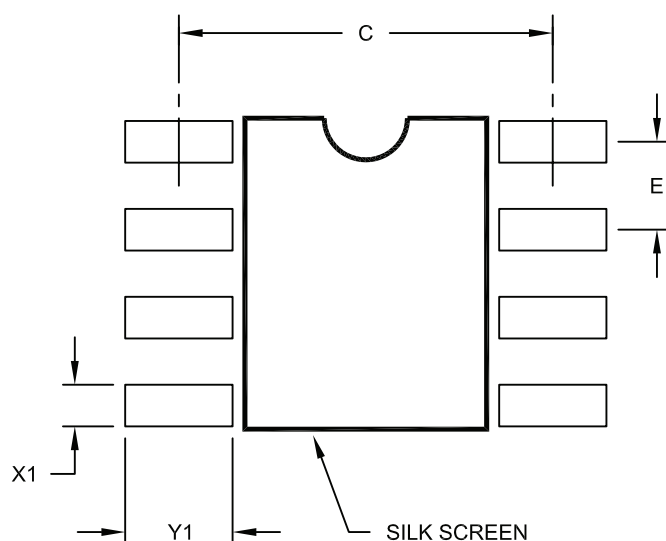
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-057B

25XX160A/B

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	1.27 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

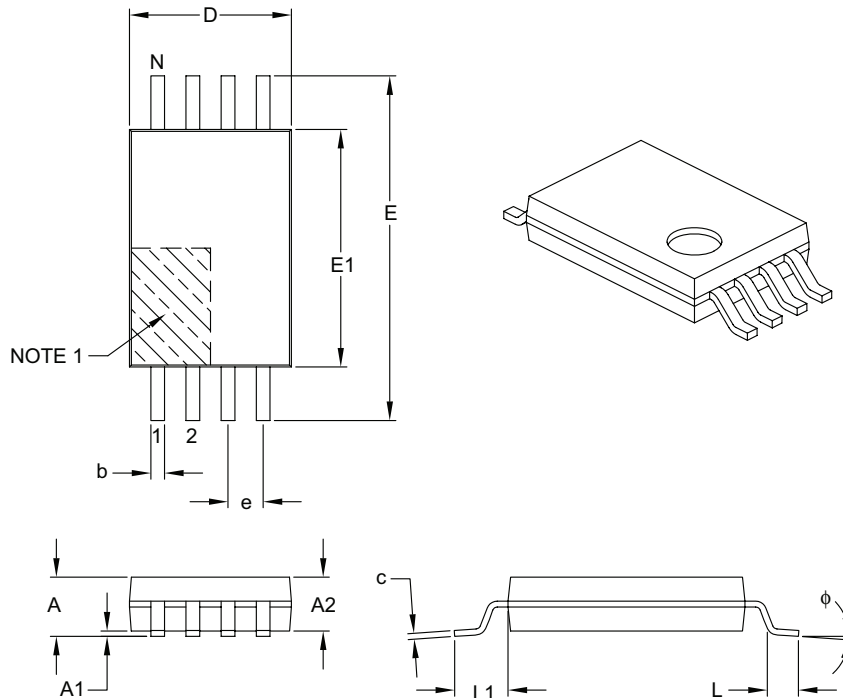
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	0.65 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Overall Width	E	6.40 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	φ	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.19	–	0.30

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision D (10/07)

Added Pb-free to Features section; Section 1.0,
revised Ambient Temp.; Replaced Package Drawings;
Revised Product ID section.

THE MICROCHIP WEB SITE

Microchip provides online support via our WWW site at www.microchip.com. This web site is used as a means to make files and information easily available to customers. Accessible by using your favorite Internet browser, the web site contains the following information:

- **Product Support** – Data sheets and errata, application notes and sample programs, design resources, user's guides and hardware support documents, latest software releases and archived software
- **General Technical Support** – Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), technical support requests, online discussion groups, Microchip consultant program member listing
- **Business of Microchip** – Product selector and ordering guides, latest Microchip press releases, listing of seminars and events, listings of Microchip sales offices, distributors and factory representatives

CUSTOMER CHANGE NOTIFICATION SERVICE

Microchip's customer notification service helps keep customers current on Microchip products. Subscribers will receive e-mail notification whenever there are changes, updates, revisions or errata related to a specified product family or development tool of interest.

To register, access the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com, click on Customer Change Notification and follow the registration instructions.

CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Users of Microchip products can receive assistance through several channels:

- Distributor or Representative
- Local Sales Office
- Field Application Engineer (FAE)
- Technical Support
- Development Systems Information Line

Customers should contact their distributor, representative or field application engineer (FAE) for support. Local sales offices are also available to help customers. A listing of sales offices and locations is included in the back of this document.

Technical support is available through the web site at: <http://support.microchip.com>

25AA160A/B, 25LC160A/B

READER RESPONSE

It is our intention to provide you with the best documentation possible to ensure successful use of your Microchip product. If you wish to provide your comments on organization, clarity, subject matter, and ways in which our documentation can better serve you, please FAX your comments to the Technical Publications Manager at (480) 792-4150.

Please list the following information, and use this outline to provide us with your comments about this document.

To: Technical Publications Manager
RE: Reader Response
From: Name _____
Company _____
Address _____
City / State / ZIP / Country _____
Telephone: (____) _____ - _____ FAX: (____) _____ - _____

Application (optional):

Would you like a reply? ___Y ___N

Device: 25AA160A/B, 25LC160A/B Literature Number: DS21807D

Questions:

1. What are the best features of this document?

2. How does this document meet your hardware and software development needs?

3. Do you find the organization of this document easy to follow? If not, why?

4. What additions to the document do you think would enhance the structure and subject?

5. What deletions from the document could be made without affecting the overall usefulness?

6. Is there any incorrect or misleading information (what and where)?

7. How would you improve this document?

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

<u>PART NO.</u>		<u>X</u>	-	<u>X</u>	<u>/XX</u>
Device		Tape & Reel		Temp Range	Package
Device: 25AA160A 16 Kbit, 1.8V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM 25AA160B 16 Kbit, 1.8V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM 25LC160A 16 Kbit, 2.5V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM 25LC160B 16 Kbit, 2.5V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM					
Tape & Reel: - Blank = Standard packaging - T = Tape & Reel					
Temperature Range: - I = -40°C to +85°C - E = -40°C to +125°C					
Package: - MS = Plastic MSOP (Micro Small Outline), 8-lead - P = Plastic DIP (300 mil body), 8-lead - SN = Plastic SOIC (3.90 mm body), 8-lead - ST = TSSOP, 8-lead					
Examples: a) 25AA160A-I/MS = 16 Kbit, 16-byte page, 1.8V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., MSOP package b) 25AA160AT-I/SN = 16 Kbit, 16-byte page, 1.8V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape & Reel, SOIC package c) 25LC160BT-I/SN = 16 Kbit, 32-byte page, 2.5V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape & Reel, SOIC package d) 25LC160BT-I/ST = 16 Kbit, 32-byte page, 2.5V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape & Reel, TSSOP package					

25XX160A/B

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights.

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, Accuron, dsPIC, KEELOQ, KEELOQ logo, microID, MPLAB, PIC, PICmicro, PICSTART, PRO MATE, rPIC and SmartShunt are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

AmpLab, FilterLab, Linear Active Thermistor, Migratable Memory, MXDEV, MXLAB, SEEVAL, SmartSensor and The Embedded Control Solutions Company are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Application Maestro, CodeGuard, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, dsPICworks, dsSPEAK, ECAN, ECONOMONITOR, FanSense, FlexROM, fuzzyLAB, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, ICEPIC, Mindi, MiWi, MPASM, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, PICkit, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICLAB, PICtail, PowerCal, PowerInfo, PowerMate, PowerTool, REAL ICE, rFLAB, Select Mode, Smart Serial, SmartTel, Total Endurance, UNI/O, WiperLock and ZENA are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2007, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.

 Printed on recycled paper.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
CERTIFIED BY DNV
== ISO/TS 16949:2002 ==

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2002 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona; Gresham, Oregon and design centers in California and India. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC® MCUs and dsPIC® DSCs, KEELOQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.



WORLDWIDE SALES AND SERVICE

AMERICAS

Corporate Office

2355 West Chandler Blvd.
Chandler, AZ 85224-6199
Tel: 480-792-7200
Fax: 480-792-7277
Technical Support:
<http://support.microchip.com>
Web Address:
www.microchip.com

Atlanta

Duluth, GA
Tel: 678-957-9614
Fax: 678-957-1455

Boston

Westborough, MA
Tel: 774-760-0087
Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago

Itasca, IL
Tel: 630-285-0071
Fax: 630-285-0075

Dallas

Addison, TX
Tel: 972-818-7423
Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit

Farmington Hills, MI
Tel: 248-538-2250
Fax: 248-538-2260

Kokomo

Kokomo, IN
Tel: 765-864-8360
Fax: 765-864-8387

Los Angeles

Mission Viejo, CA
Tel: 949-462-9523
Fax: 949-462-9608

Santa Clara

Santa Clara, CA
Tel: 408-961-6444
Fax: 408-961-6445

Toronto

Mississauga, Ontario,
Canada
Tel: 905-673-0699
Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Asia Pacific Office

Suites 3707-14, 37th Floor
Tower 6, The Gateway
Harbour City, Kowloon
Hong Kong
Tel: 852-2401-1200
Fax: 852-2401-3431

Australia - Sydney

Tel: 61-2-9868-6733
Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing

Tel: 86-10-8528-2100
Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

China - Chengdu

Tel: 86-28-8665-5511
Fax: 86-28-8665-7889

China - Fuzhou

Tel: 86-591-8750-3506
Fax: 86-591-8750-3521

China - Hong Kong SAR

Tel: 852-2401-1200
Fax: 852-2401-3431

China - Nanjing

Tel: 86-25-8473-2460
Fax: 86-25-8473-2470

China - Qingdao

Tel: 86-532-8502-7355
Fax: 86-532-8502-7205

China - Shanghai

Tel: 86-21-5407-5533
Fax: 86-21-5407-5066

China - Shenyang

Tel: 86-24-2334-2829
Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

China - Shenzhen

Tel: 86-755-8203-2660
Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

China - Shunde

Tel: 86-757-2839-5507
Fax: 86-757-2839-5571

China - Wuhan

Tel: 86-27-5980-5300
Fax: 86-27-5980-5118

China - Xian

Tel: 86-29-8833-7252
Fax: 86-29-8833-7256

ASIA/PACIFIC

India - Bangalore

Tel: 91-80-4182-8400
Fax: 91-80-4182-8422

India - New Delhi

Tel: 91-11-4160-8631
Fax: 91-11-4160-8632

India - Pune

Tel: 91-20-2566-1512
Fax: 91-20-2566-1513

Japan - Yokohama

Tel: 81-45-471- 6166
Fax: 81-45-471-6122

Korea - Daegu

Tel: 82-53-744-4301
Fax: 82-53-744-4302

Korea - Seoul

Tel: 82-2-554-7200
Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or
82-2-558-5934

Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur

Tel: 60-3-6201-9857
Fax: 60-3-6201-9859

Malaysia - Penang

Tel: 60-4-646-8870
Fax: 60-4-646-5086

Philippines - Manila

Tel: 63-2-634-9065
Fax: 63-2-634-9069

Singapore

Tel: 65-6334-8870
Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan - Hsin Chu

Tel: 886-3-572-9526
Fax: 886-3-572-6459

Taiwan - Kaohsiung

Tel: 886-7-536-4818
Fax: 886-7-536-4803

Taiwan - Taipei

Tel: 886-2-2500-6610
Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

Thailand - Bangkok

Tel: 66-2-694-1351
Fax: 66-2-694-1350

EUROPE

Austria - Wels

Tel: 43-7242-2244-39
Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark - Copenhagen

Tel: 45-4450-2828
Fax: 45-4485-2829

France - Paris

Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20
Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Munich

Tel: 49-89-627-144-0
Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy - Milan

Tel: 39-0331-742611
Fax: 39-0331-466781

Netherlands - Drunen

Tel: 31-416-690399
Fax: 31-416-690340

Spain - Madrid

Tel: 34-91-708-08-90
Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

UK - Wokingham

Tel: 44-118-921-5869
Fax: 44-118-921-5820

09/10/07

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



Тел: +7 (812) 336 43 04 (многоканальный)

Email: org@lifeelectronics.ru

www.lifeelectronics.ru