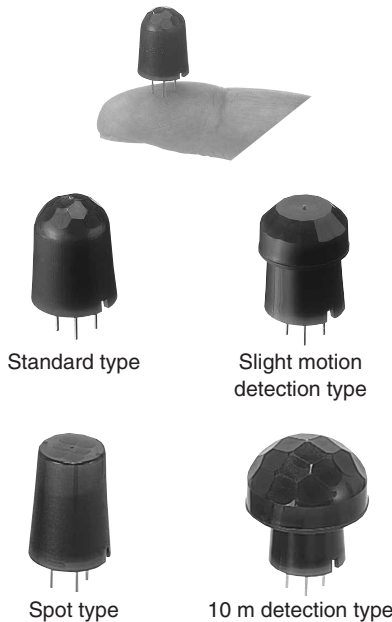


Panasonic
ideas for life

MOTION SENSOR (PASSIVE INFRARED TYPE)

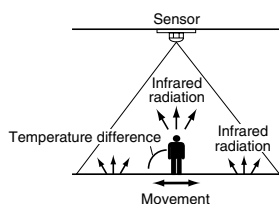
MP MOTION SENSOR 'NaPiOn'



What is passive infrared type?

This sensor detects changes in infrared radiation which occur when there is movement by a person (or object) which is different in temperature from the surroundings.

- ① As this sensor detects temperature differences, it is well suited to detecting the motion of people by their body temperature.
- ② Wide sensing area.



FEATURES

1. The world's smallest with a built-in amplifier

Extremely compact. Ideal for use in miniaturized devices.

2. Dual lens colors (white and black) are provided

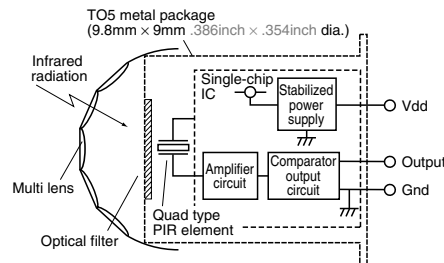
With an ultrasmall design and dual lens colors (white and black), it is inconspicuous, allowing the user to select either white or black to match the equipment color. This provides greater flexibility in equipment design.

3. Both digital output and analog output (with adjustable sensitivity) are available.

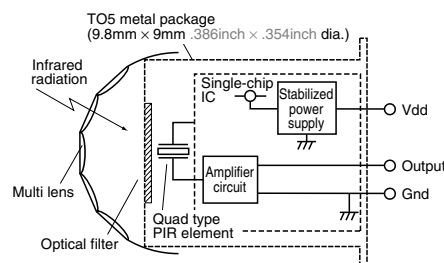
4. Built-in amplifier for easy use

Has a built-in amplifier, and can be connected directly to a microcomputer.

• Block diagram of the digital output circuit



• Block diagram of the analog output circuit



5. Detects even slight motion of a person

With our sensor, even slight motions made by people will be detected easily.

• Fine motion detection capability within approximately 2 meters of sensor.

Standard type:

Detects movement of approximately 30cm 11.81inch.

Slight motion detection type:

Detects movement of approximately 20cm 7.874inch.

6. Noise withstanding capability

Circuitry is contained in a TO5 metal package, providing at least twice the noise withstanding capability as conventional type.

• Comparison example of noise withstanding capability

	Distance at which motion sensor is not affected by cellular phone noise
Conventional type	Min. 1 to 2m 3.281 to 6.562ft
MP Motion Sensor	Min. 1 to 2cm .394 to .787inch

7. A low current consumption type (46 µA) has also been added to the lineup.

A type that keeps current consumption to 46 µA (less than 30% compared to predecessor) is now available.

Ideal for battery driven devices.

*Digital output type only.

APPLICATIONS

1. Home appliances

Useful for saving energy in air conditioner, television, personal computer, or ventilator and air purifier

2. Amusement machine market

Useful for saving energy and for automated guidance in theme parks and large video games

3. Equipment in service market

Useful for automated guidance, automated announcements and energy saving in vending machines, ATMs, etc.

4. Lighting market

Automated on/off controls, etc. for lamps, desk lamps, indoor lights, halls, stairway lights, etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Output

- 1: Digital output
- 2: Analog output

- 4: Low current consumption (digital output)

Detection performance

- 1: Standard detection type
- 2: Slight motion detection type
- 3: Spot detection type
- 4: 10m detection type

Feature

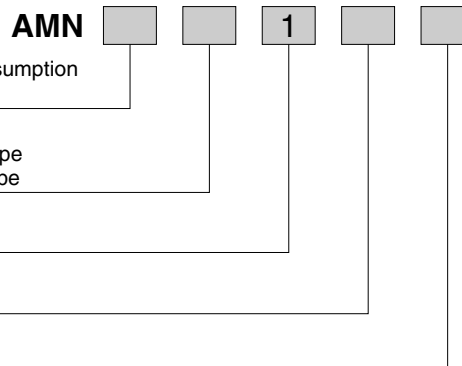
- 1: PC board mounting type

Operating voltage

- 1: 5V DC
- 2: 3V DC

Lens color

- 1: Black
- 2: White



MP Motion Sensor (AMN1,2,4)

PRODUCT TYPES

1. Digital output

Rated operating voltage	Detection performance		Ambient temperature	Lens color	Part No.	Packing quantity		
						Inner	Outer	
3 to 6 V DC	Standard detection type	Standard	-20 to +60°C -4 to +140°F	Black	AMN11111	50 pcs.	1,000 pcs.	
		Low current consumption		White	AMN11112			
				Slight motion detection type	Standard			Black
	Low current consumption	White			AMN41122			
		Standard			Black			AMN12111
	Low current consumption				White			AMN12112
		Spot detection type			Standard			Black
	White							AMN42122
	Low current consumption			Black	AMN13111			
		10m detection type		Standard	White			AMN13112
	Low current consumption				Black			AMN43121
				Standard	White			AMN43122
	Low current consumption				Black			AMN14111
				Low current consumption	White			AMN14112
Low current consumption	Black		AMN44121					
	Low current consumption	White	AMN44122					

2. Analog output

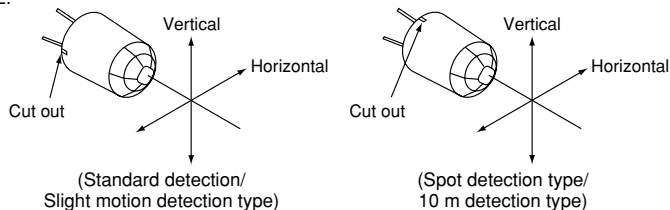
Rated operating voltage	Detection performance	Ambient temperature	Lens color	Part No.	Packing quantity	
					Inner	Outer
4.5 to 5.5 V DC	Standard detection type	-20 to +60°C -4 to +140°F	Black	AMN21111	50 pcs.	1,000 pcs.
			White	AMN21112		
	Slight motion detection type		Black	AMN22111		
			White	AMN22112		
	Spot detection type		Black	AMN23111		
			White	AMN23112		
	10m detection type		Black	AMN24111		
			White	AMN24112		

PERFORMANCE

1. Detection performance

Items		Standard detection type	Slight motion detection type	Spot detection type	10m detection type	Conditions of objects to be detected
Rated detection distance *Remark 1		5m 16.404ft (Max.)	2m 6.562ft (Max.)	5m 16.404ft (Max.)	10m 32.808ft (Max.)	1. Detectable difference in temperature between the target and background for the spot type is more than 4°C 39.2°F. 2. Movement speed • Standard detection type/Spot detection type/ 10m detection type: 0.5 to 1.5 m/s • Slight motion detection type: 0.3 to 1.0 m/s 3. Detection object = human body (size is 700mm × 250mm 27.559inch × 9.843inch, but for the slight motion detection type the size is 200mm × 200mm 7.874inch × 7.874inch)
Detection range	Horizontal *Remark 2	100°	91°	38°	110°	
	Vertical *Remark 2	82°	91°	22°	93°	
Detection zone *Remark 3		64 zones	104 zones	24 zones	80 zones	

2.



*Remarks 1. Depending on the difference in temperature between the background and detection target and the speed at which the target moves, these sensors may be capable of detection beyond the detection distances stated above. Nevertheless, they should be used within the prescribed detection distances. For further details, refer to the detection range diagram on page 14.

3. Regarding of detection zone, please refer to "DETECTION PERFORMANCE" on page 14.

2. Rating (Measuring condition: ambient temp. = 25°C 77°F) (Common to All types)

Items	Specified value	Remarks
Power supply voltage	-0.3 to 7 V DC	
Usable ambient temperature	-20 to 60°C -4 to +140°F	No freezing and condensing at low temperature.
Storage temperature	-20 to 70°C -4 to +158°F	

3. Electrical characteristics (Measuring condition: ambient temp. = 25°C 77°F; operating voltage = 5V) (Common to All types)

1) Digital output

Items		Symbol	Specified value		Measured conditions
			Standard type	Low current consumption type	
Reted operating voltage	Minimum	Vdd	3.0 V DC	2.2 V DC	
	Typical		—	—	
	Maximum		6.0 V DC	3.0 V DC	
Reted consumption current (Standby) *Remark	Typical	Iw	170 µA	46 µA	Iout = 0
	Maximum		300 µA	60 µA	
Output (when detecting)	Current	Iout	100 µA	100 µA	Vout ≥ Vdd-0.5
	Voltage	Vout	Vdd -0.5	Vdd -0.5	Open when not detecting
Circuit stability time	Typical	Twu	7 s	7 s	
	Maximum		30 s	30 s	

Remark: The current which is consumed during detection consists of the standby consumed current plus the output current.

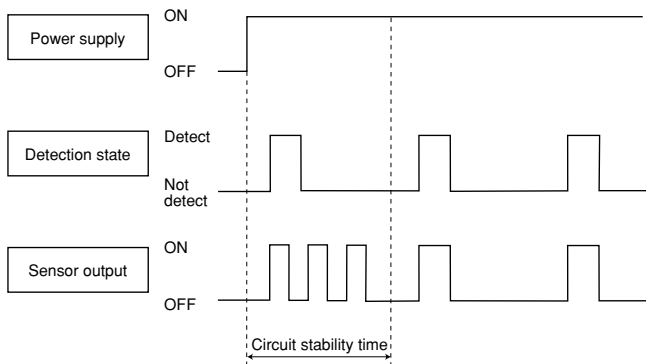
2) Analog output

Items		Symbol	Specified value	Measured conditions
Reted operating voltage	Minimum	Vdd	4.5 V DC	
	Maximum		5.5 V DC	
Reted consumption current	Typical	Iw	0.17 mA	Iout = 0
	Maximum		0.3 mA	
Output current	Maximum	Iout	50 µA	
Output voltage	Minimum	Vout	0 V	
	Typical		2.5 V	
	Maximum		Vdd	
Output offset average voltage	Minimum	Voff	2.3 V	Steady-state output voltage when not detecting
	Typical		2.5 V	
	Maximum		2.7 V	
Steady-state noise	Typical	Vn	130 m Vp-p	
	Maximum		300 m Vp-p	
Circuit stability time	Maximum	Twu	45 s	

Note: To set to the same detection performance as the digital type, set the output voltage to the offset voltage (2.5V) ±0.45V (i.e. 2.95V or more and 2.05V or less).

[Timing chart]

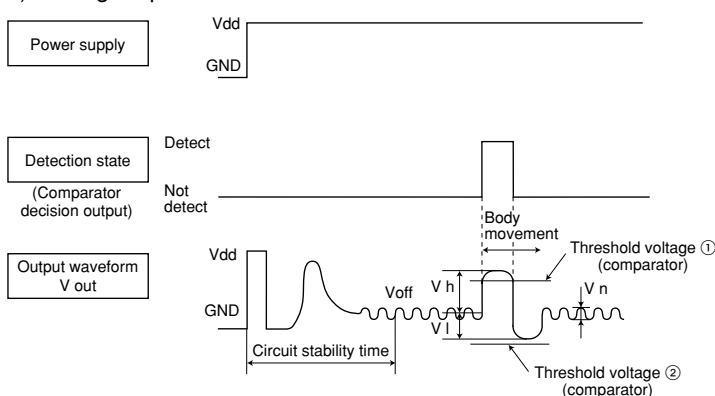
1) Digital output



Remark: Circuit stability time: 30s max.

While the circuitry is stabilizing after the power is turned on, the sensor output is not fixed in the "on" state or "off" state. This is true regardless of whether or not the sensor has detected anything.

2) Analog output



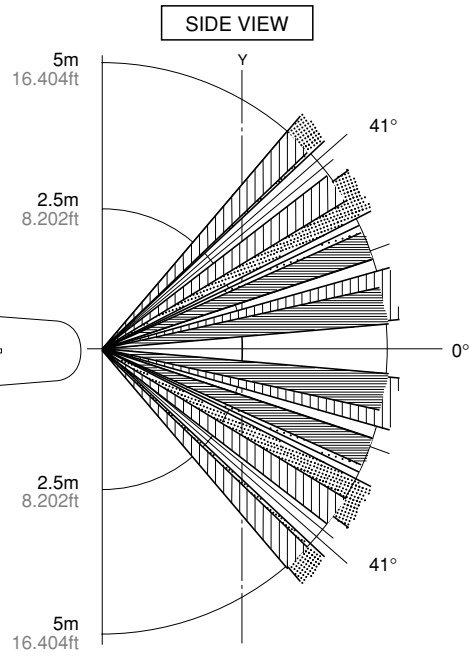
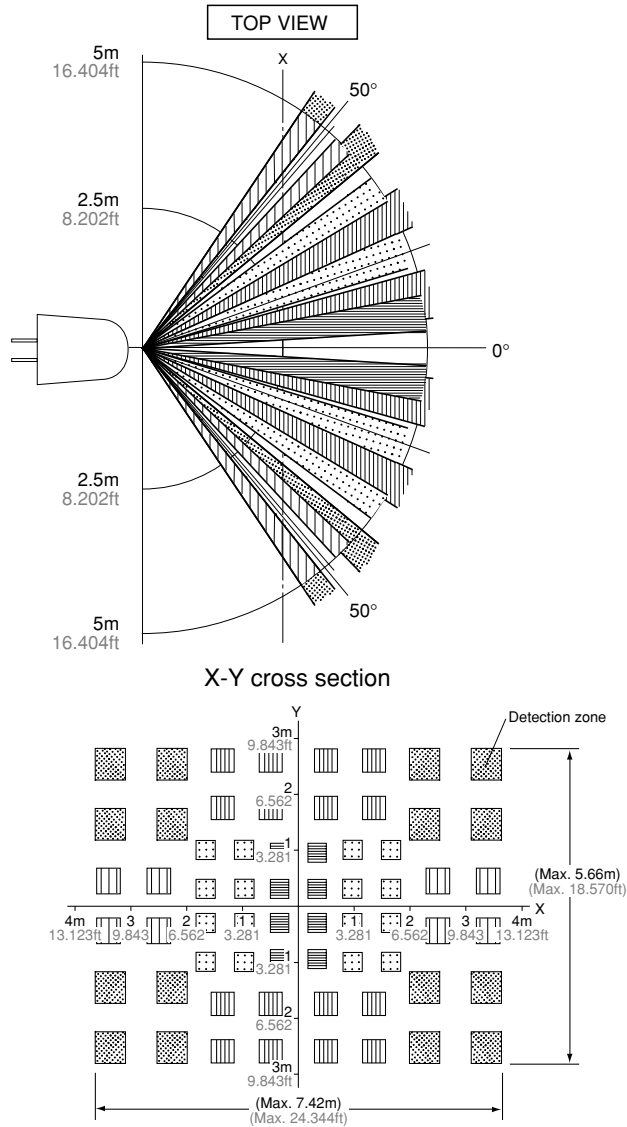
Remark: Circuit stability time: 45s max.

While the circuitry is stabilizing after the power is turned on, the sensor output is not fixed in the "on" state or "off" state. This is true regardless of whether or not the sensor has detected anything.

MP Motion Sensor (AMN1,2,4)

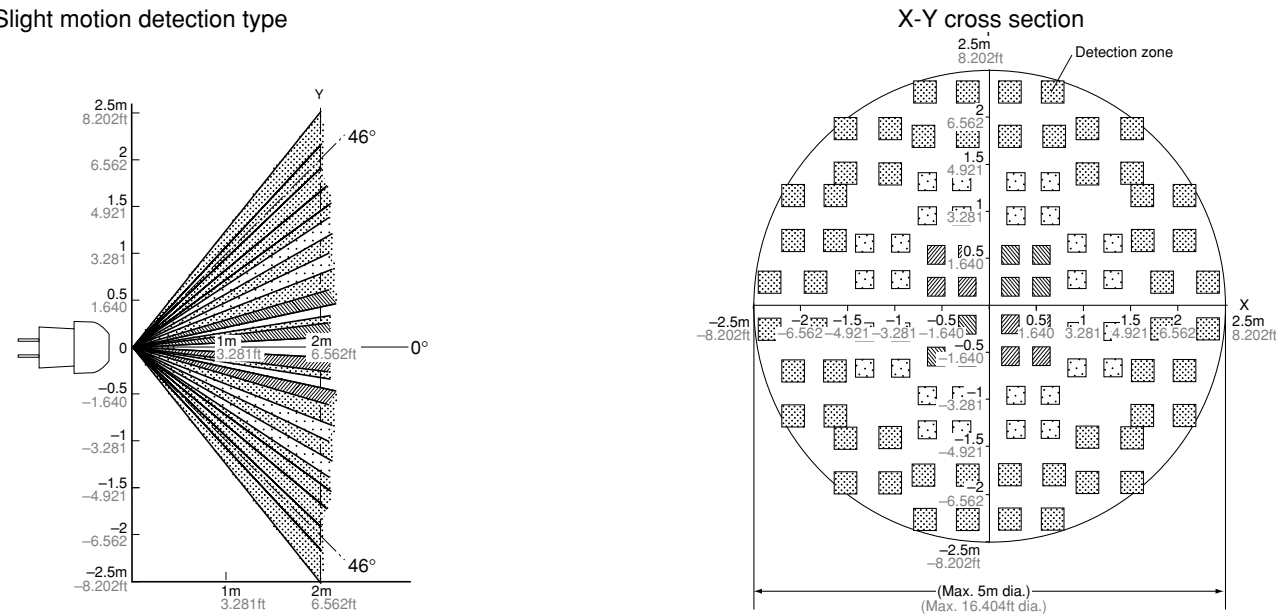
DETECTION PERFORMANCE

1. Standard detection type



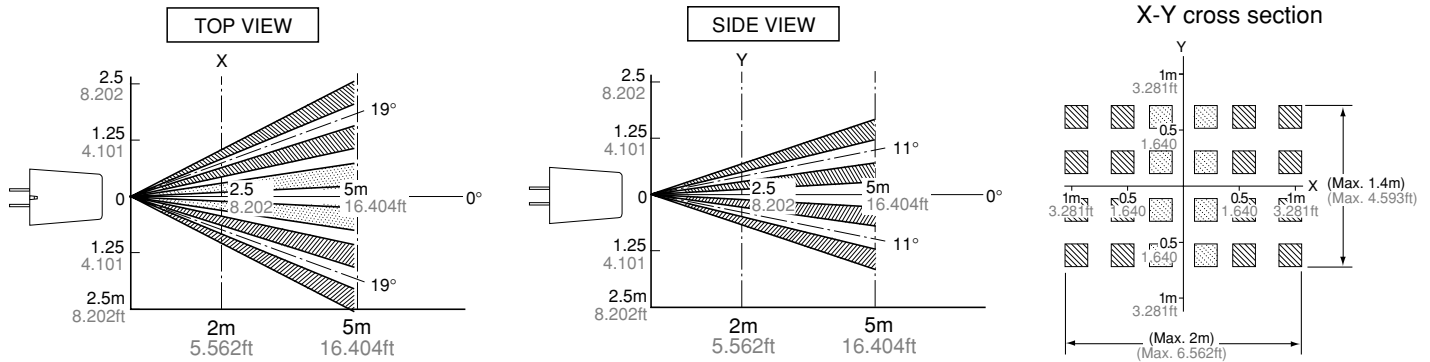
Remarks: 1. The X-Y cross-sectional diagram shows the detection area.
2. The differences in the detection zone patterns are indicative of the projections of the 16 lenses with single focal point and with five optical axes. An object whose temperature differs from the background temperature and which crosses inside the detection zone will be detected.

2. Slight motion detection type



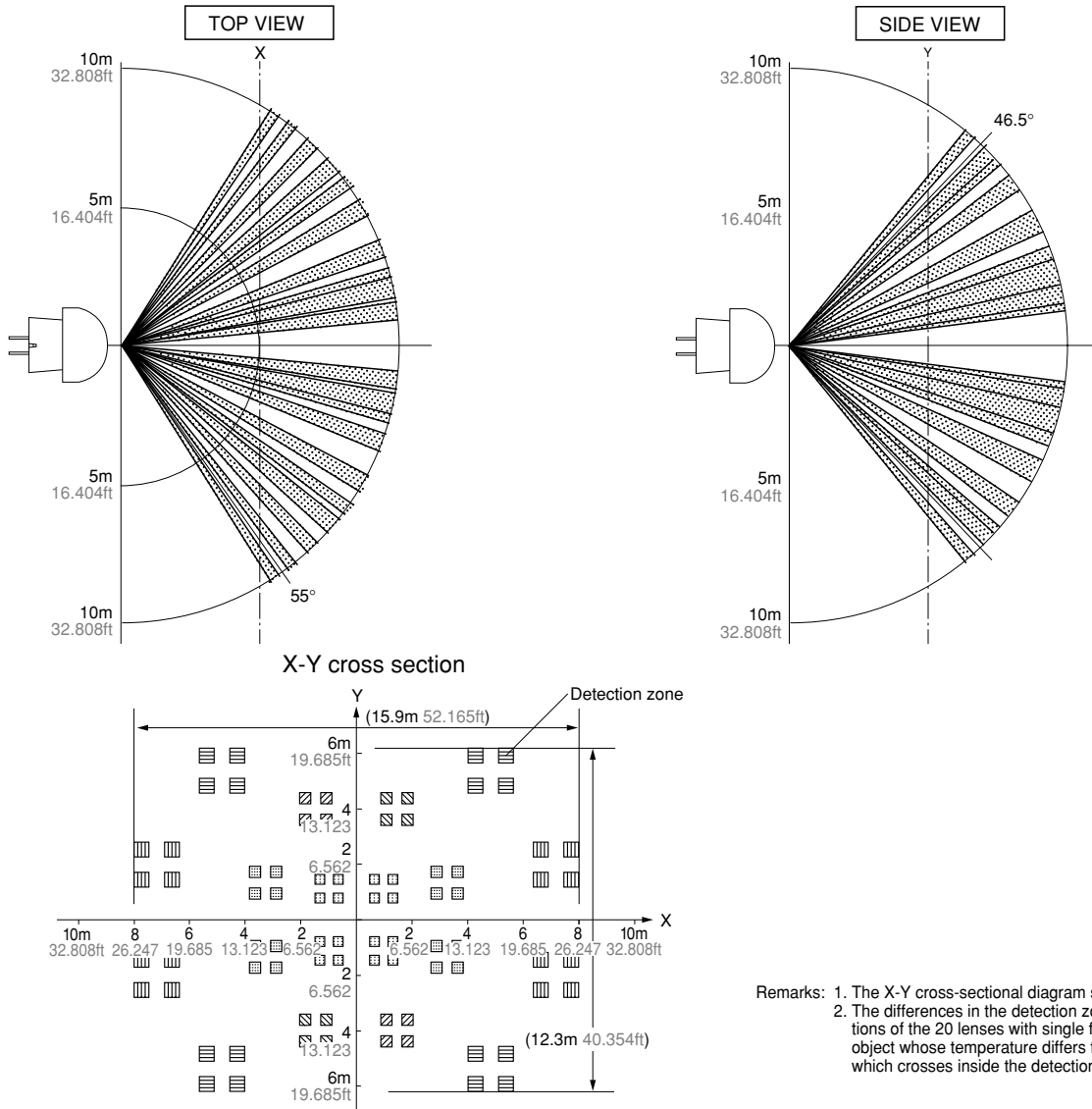
Remarks: 1. The X-Y cross-sectional diagram shows the detection area.
2. The differences in the detection zone patterns are indicative of the projections of the 26 lenses with single focal point and with three optical axes. An object whose temperature differs from the background temperature and which crosses inside the detection zone will be detected.

3. Spot detection type



Remarks: 1. The X-Y cross-sectional diagram shows the detection area.
 2. The differences in the detection zone patterns are indicative of the projections of the 6 lenses with single focal point and with two optical axes. An object whose temperature differs from the background temperature and which crosses inside the detection zone will be detected.

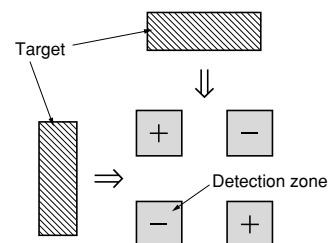
4. 10m detection type



Remarks: 1. The X-Y cross-sectional diagram shows the detection area.
 2. The differences in the detection zone patterns are indicative of the projections of the 20 lenses with single focal point and with five optical axes. An object whose temperature differs from the background temperature and which crosses inside the detection zone will be detected.

5. Notes regarding the detection zone

The detection zone has the polarity shown in the diagram on the right. When targets enter both the + and - zones with the same timing, the signals are cancelled each other, thus in this case there is a possibility that the object cannot be detected at the maximum specified detection distance.

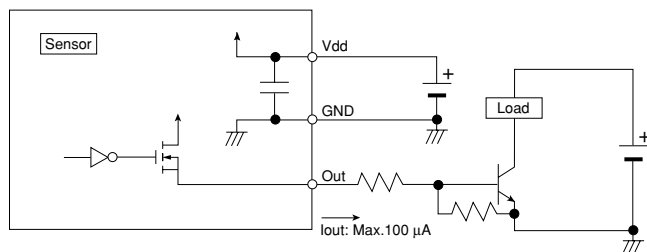


MP Motion Sensor (AMN1,2,4)

HOW TO USE

1. Wiring diagram

1) Digital output

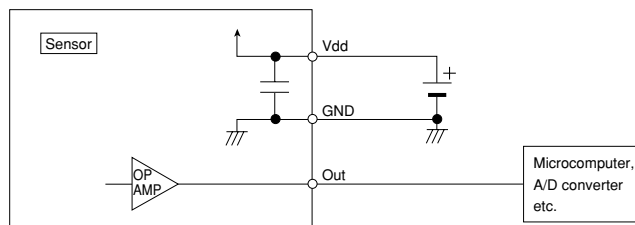


Vdd: Input power source (DC)

GND: GND

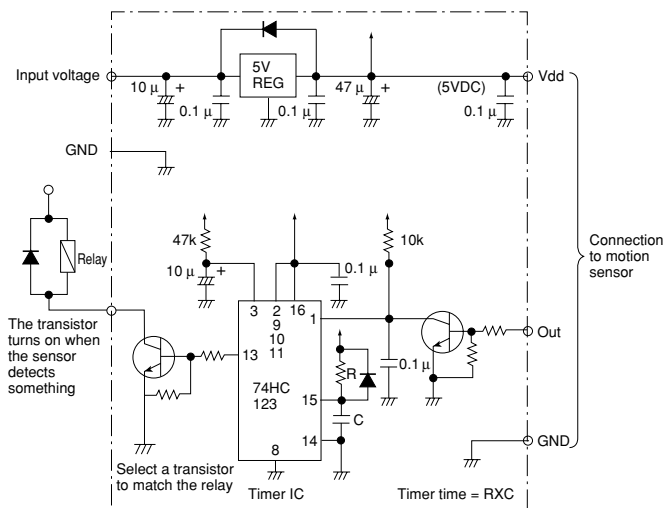
Out: Output (Comparator)

2) Analog output



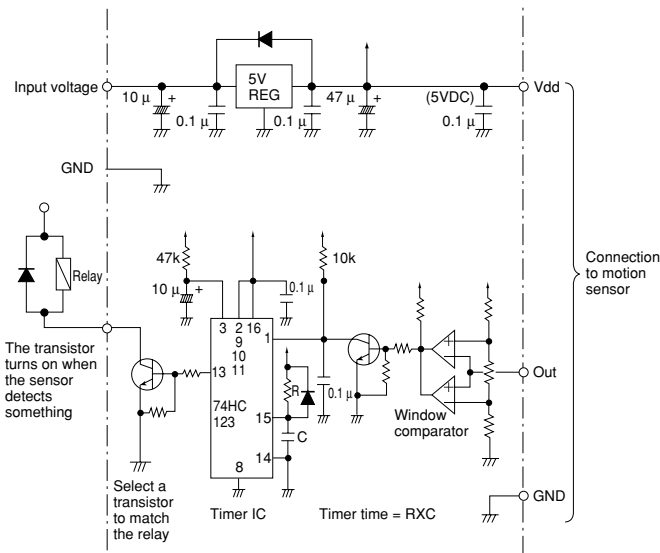
2. Timer circuit example

1) Digital output



Note: This is the reference circuit which drives the MP motion sensor. Install a noise filter for applications requiring enhanced detection reliability and noise withstanding capability. Differences in the specifications of electronic components to which the units are connected sometimes affect their correct operation; please check the units' performance and reliability for each application.

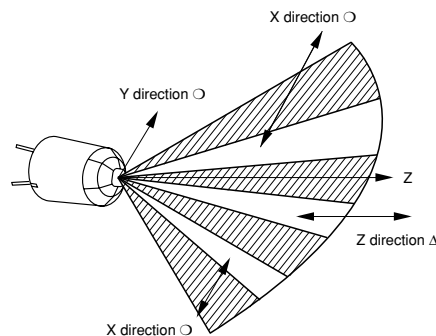
2) Analog output



Note: This circuit is a sample of a drive circuit for the MP Motion Sensor. Its noise resistance and long-term reliability are not considered or investigated. To improve the detection reliability and noise resistance of the circuit, consider adding a noise filter. Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd. accepts no responsibility for damages resulting from the use of this circuit.

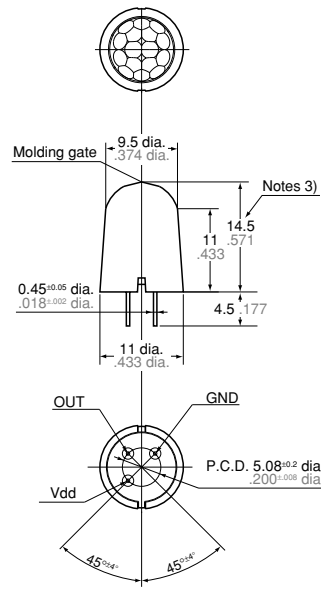
3. Installation

Install the sensor so that people will be entering from the X or Y direction shown below. If persons approach the sensor from the Z direction, detection distance will be shortened.

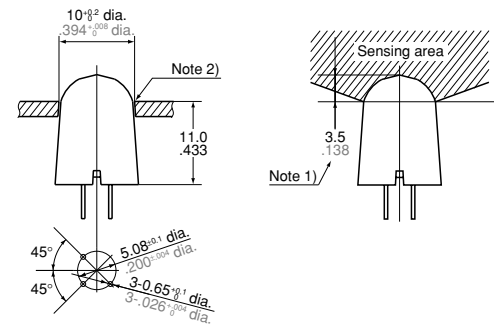


DIMENSIONS

1. Standard detection type

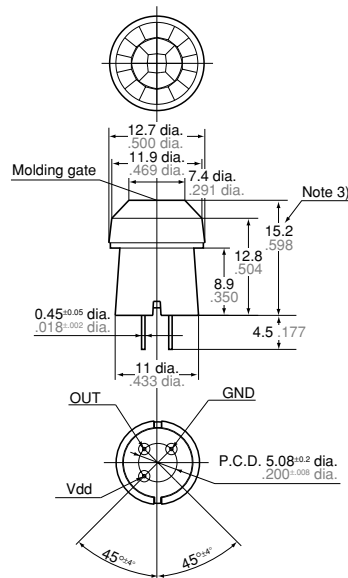


Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)

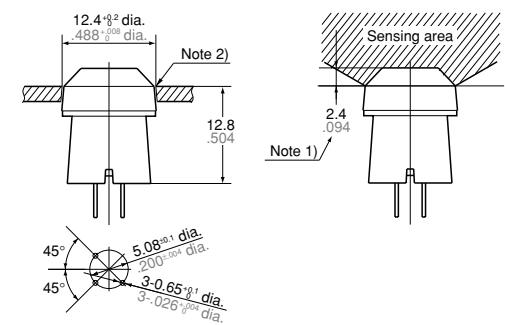


- Notes: 1. In order to ensure proper detection, install it with the lens exposed at least 3.5mm (.138inch).
 2. As for panel mounting hole, tapering or making a large hole should be done.
 3. The height dimension does not include the remaining molding gate.

2. Slight motion detection type



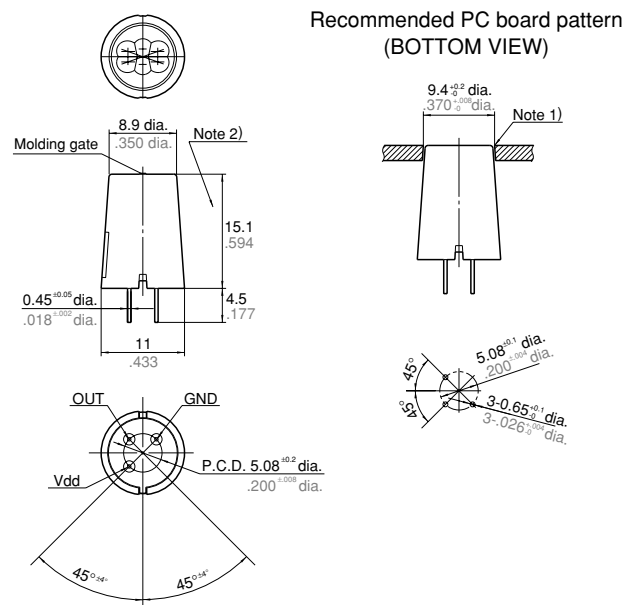
Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



- Notes: 1. In order to ensure proper detection, install it with the lens exposed at least 2.4mm (.094inch).
 2. As for panel mounting hole, tapering or making a large size hole should be done.
 3. The height dimension does not include the remaining molding gate.

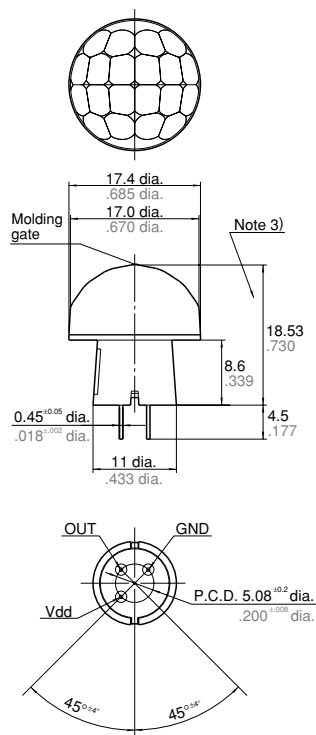
MP Motion Sensor (AMN1,2,4)

3. Spot detection type



Notes: 1. As for panel mounting hole, tapering or making a large size hole should be done.
2. The height dimension does not include the remaining molding gate.

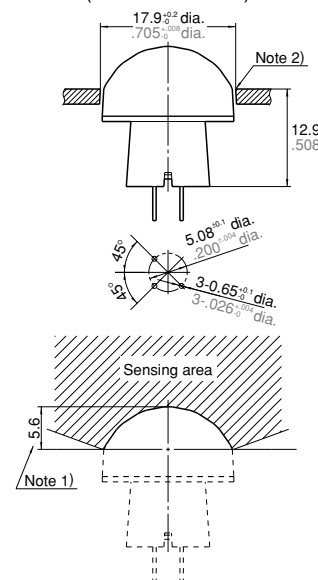
4. 10m detection type



Notes: 1. In order to ensure proper detection, install it with the lens exposed at least 5.6mm (.220inch).
2. As for panel mounting hole, tapering or making a large size hole should be done.
3. The height dimension does not include the remaining molding gate.

mm inch General tolerance $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



NOTES

1. Checkpoints relating to principle of operation

MP motion sensors are passive infrared sensors which detect changes in the infrared rays. They may fail to detect successfully if a heat source other than a human being is detected or if there are no temperature changes in or movement of a heat source. Care must generally be taken in the following cases. The performance and reliability of the sensors must be checked out under conditions of actual use.

<1> Cases where a heat source other than a human being is detected.

- 1) When a small animal enters the detection range.
- 2) When the sensor is directly exposed to sunlight, a vehicle's headlights, an incandescent light or some other source of far infrared rays.
- 3) When the temperature inside the detection range has changed suddenly due to the entry of cold or warm air from an air-conditioning or heating unit, water vapor from a humidifier, etc.

<2> Cases where it is difficult to detect the heat source

- 1) When an object made of glass, acrylic or other subject which far infrared rays have difficulty passing through is located between the sensor and what is to be detected.

2) When the heat source inside the detection range hardly moves or when it moves at high speed; for details on the movement speed, refer to the section on the performance ratings.

2. When the detection area becomes larger

When the difference between the ambient temperature and body temperature is large (more than 20°C 68°F), detection may occur in isolated areas outside the specified detection range.

3. Other handling cautions

- 1) Be careful not to allow dust or dirt to accumulate on the lens as this will adversely affect the detection sensitivity.
- 2) The lens is made of a soft material (polyethylene).
Avoid applying a load or impact since this will deform or scratch the lens, making proper operation impossible and causing a deterioration in its performance.

3) The sensor may be damaged if it is exposed to static with a voltage exceeding $\pm 200V$. Therefore, do not touch its terminals directly, and exercise adequate care in the handling of the sensor.

- 4) When the leads are to be soldered, solder them by hand for less than 3 seconds at a temperature of less than 350°C 662°F at the tip of the soldering iron.
Avoid using a solder bath since this will cause a deterioration in the sensor's performance.

5) Do not attempt to clean the sensor. Cleaning fluid may enter inside the lens area causing a deterioration in performance.

6) When using the sensors with cables, it is recommended that cables which are shielded and as short as possible be used in order to safeguard against the effects of noise.

For the general precautions, refer to the Notes for Motion Sensors on page 27.

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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