

NJG1714KC1

■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

($T_a=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $Z_s=Z_l=50\Omega$)

PARAMETER	SYMBPL	CONDITIONS	RATINGS	UNITS
LNA Voltage	V_{LNA}		5.0	V
Mixer Voltage	V_{MIX}		5.0	V
Local Amplifier Voltage	V_{LO}		5.0	V
Input Power 1	P_{LNAIN}	$V_{\text{LNA}}=V_{\text{MIX}}=V_{\text{LO}}=2.7\text{V}$	+15	dBm
Input Power 2	P_{LOIN}	$V_{\text{LNA}}=V_{\text{MIX}}=V_{\text{LO}}=2.7\text{V}$	+10	dBm
Power Dissipation	P_D		550	mW
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}		-40~+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}		-55~+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 1 (LNA)

GENERAL CONDITIONS: $T_a=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{LNA}}=2.7\text{V}$, $V_{\text{MIX}}=V_{\text{LO}}=0\text{V}$, $f_{\text{RF}}=1900\text{MHz}$, $P_{\text{RF}}=-36\text{dBm}$,
 $Z_s=Z_l=50\Omega$, with test circuit

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Frequency	freq		1890	1900	1920	MHz
LNA Voltage	V_{LNA}		2.5	2.7	4.5	V
LNA Operating Current	I_{LNA}	$P_{\text{RF}}, P_{\text{LO}}=\text{OFF}$	-	2.8	3.5	mA
Small Signal Gain	Gain		13.0	15.0	-	dB
Gain Flatness	G_{flat}	$f_{\text{RF}}=1890\sim 1920\text{MHz}$	-	0.5	1.0	dB
Noise Figure	NF		-	1.3	1.5	dB
Pout at 1dB Gain Compression point	$P_{-1\text{dB}}$		-4.0	0	-	dBm
Output 3rd order Intercept point	OIP3	$f_{\text{RF}}=1900.0+1900.1\text{MHz}$	+9.0	+13.0	-	dBm
RF IN VSWR	VSWR_i		-	2.0	-	
RF OUT VSWR	VSWR_o		-	2.0	-	

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2 (Mixer)

GENERAL CONDITIONS: $T_a=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{LNA}}=0\text{V}$, $V_{\text{MIX}}=V_{\text{LO}}=2.7\text{V}$, $f_{\text{RF}}=1900\text{MHz}$, $f_{\text{LO}}=1660\text{MHz}$
 $P_{\text{RF}}=-30\text{dBm}$, $P_{\text{LO}}=-15\text{dBm}$, $Z_s=Z_l=50\Omega$, with test circuit

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Frequency	freq		1890	1900	1920	MHz
Mixer Voltage	V_{MIX}		2.5	2.7	4.5	V
Local Amplifier Voltage	V_{LO}		2.5	2.7	4.5	V
Mixer Operating Current	I_{MIX}	$P_{\text{RF}}, P_{\text{LO}}=\text{OFF}$	-	4.6	5.7	mA
Local Amplifier Operating Current	I_{LO}	$P_{\text{RF}}, P_{\text{LO}}=\text{OFF}$	-	0.9	1.3	mA
Conversion Gain	G_c		7.0	9.0	-	dB
Noise Figure	NF		-	7.0	9.0	dB
Output 3rd Order Intercept Point	OIP3	$f_{\text{RF}}=1900.0+1900.1\text{MHz}$	+7.0	+11.0	-	dBm
MIXER IN VSWR	VSWR_M		-	2.0	-	
LOCAL IN VSWR	VSWR_L		-	2.0	-	
IF OUT VSWR	VSWR_i		-	1.5	-	

■ TERMINAL INFORMATION

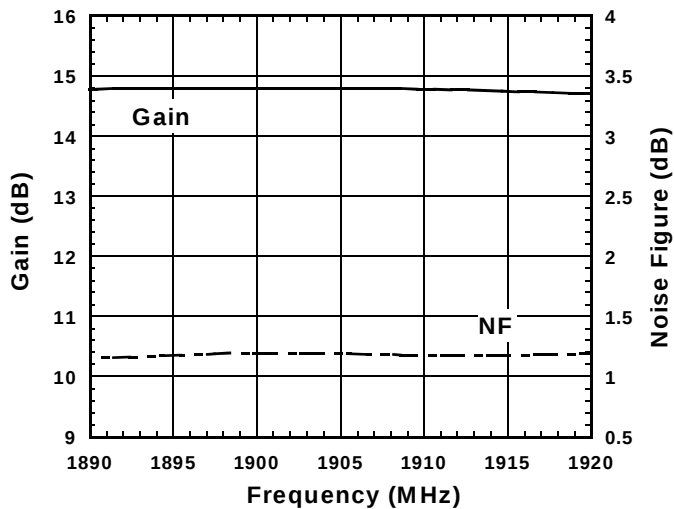
No.	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	LNAIN	RF input terminal of LNA. An external matching circuit is required.
2	LNACAP	Terminal for the bypass capacitor of LNA. The bypass capacitor C1 shown in test circuits should be connected to this terminal as close as possible.
3	GND	Ground terminal (0V)
4	IFOUT	IF signal output terminal. The IF signal is output through external matching circuit connected to this terminal. Please connect inductances L7, L8 and power supply as shown in test circuits, since this terminal is also the terminal of mixer power supply.
5	VLO	Power supply terminal for local amplifier. Please place L6 shown in test circuits at very close to this terminal.
6	LOIN	Local signal input terminal to local amplifier. An external matching circuit is required.
7	BPC	Terminal for the bypass capacitor of mixer. The bypass capacitor C4 shown in test circuits should be connected to this terminal as close as possible.
8	MIXIN	RF signal input terminal to mixer. An external matching circuit is required.
9	GND	Ground terminal (0V)
10	LNAOUT	Signal output terminal of LNA. The RF signal from LNA goes out through external matching circuit connected to this terminal. Please connect inductances L3, L4 and power supply as shown in test circuits, since this terminal is also the terminal of LNA power supply.

CAUTION

- 1) Ground terminal (No.3, 9) should be connected to the ground plane as close as possible.

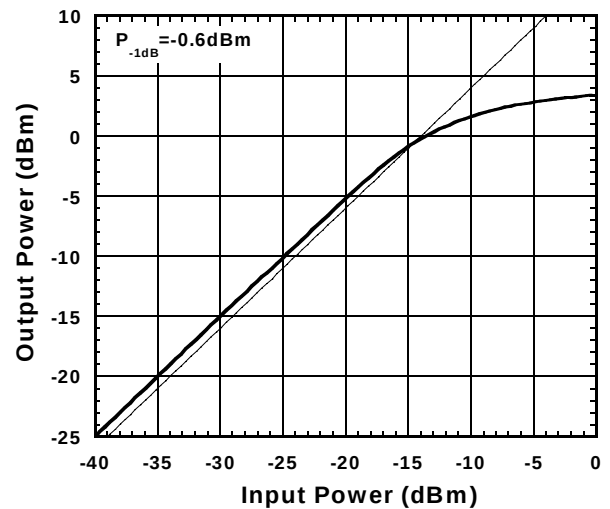
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 1 (LNA, f=1.9GHz, with test circuit)

Gain, Noise Figure vs. Frequency



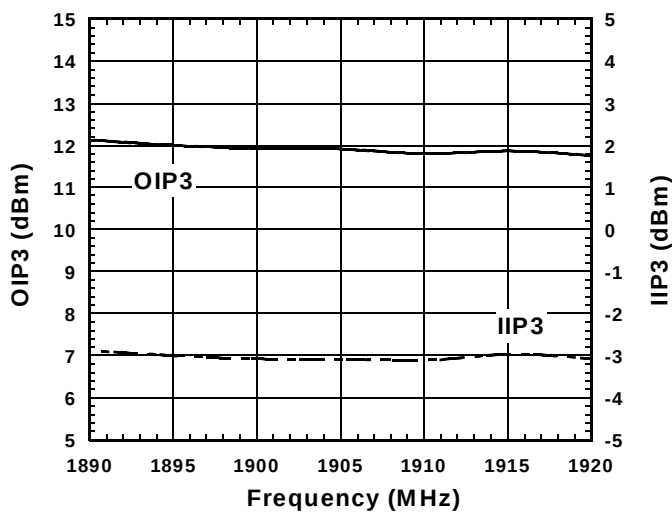
Condition
f=1890~1920MHz
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$

Output Power vs. Input Power



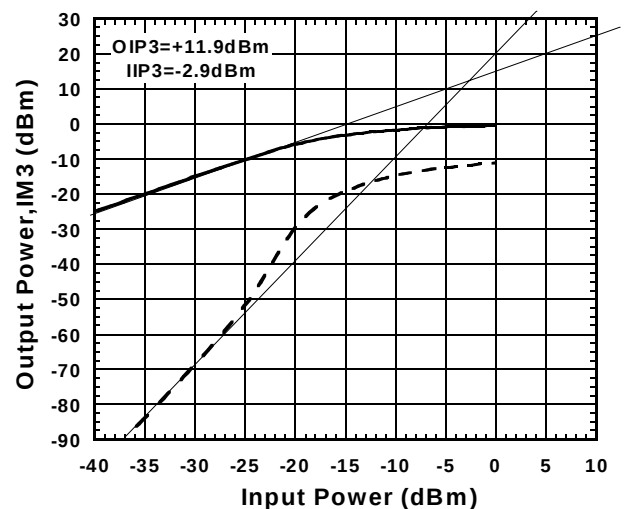
Condition
f=1900MHz
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$

OIP3, IIP3 vs. Frequency



Condition
f=1890~1920MHz
 $f_{OFFSET}=100kHz$
 $P_{in}=-36dBm$
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$

Output Power, IM3 vs. Input Power



Condition
f=1900.0+1900.1MHz
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$

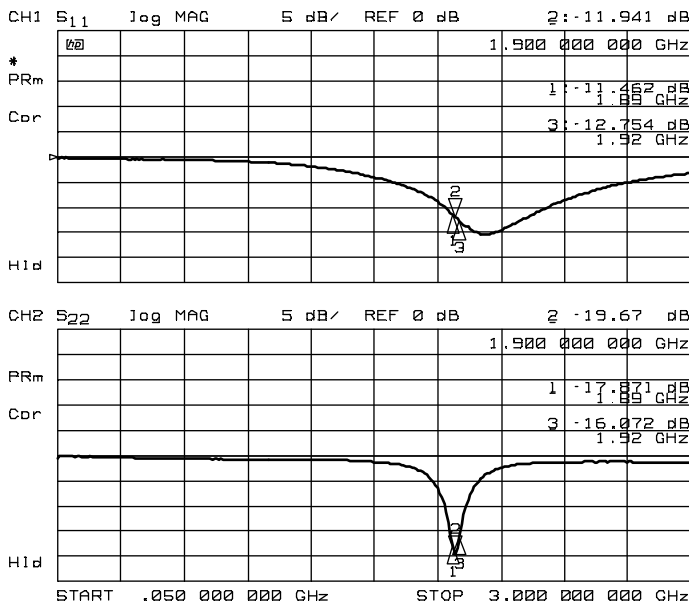
The value of OIP3 and IIP3 shown in typical characteristics are calculated

$$OIP3 = \frac{3 \times P_{out} - IM3}{2}$$

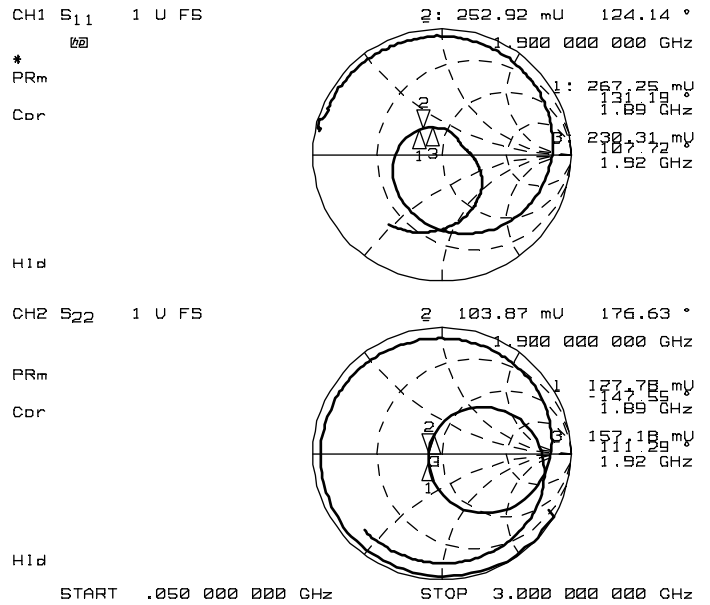
$$IIP3 = OIP3 - Gain$$

@ $P_{in} = -36dBm$

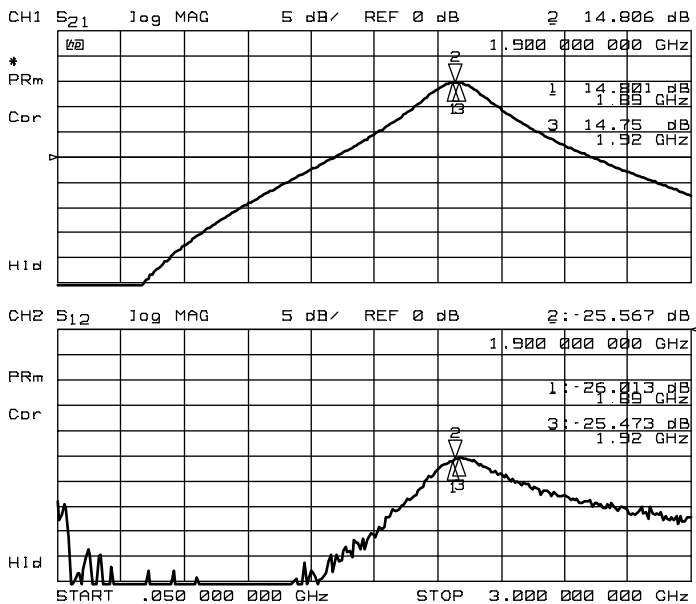
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 1 (LNA, f=1.9GHz, with test circuit)



S11 and S22
Condition
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$



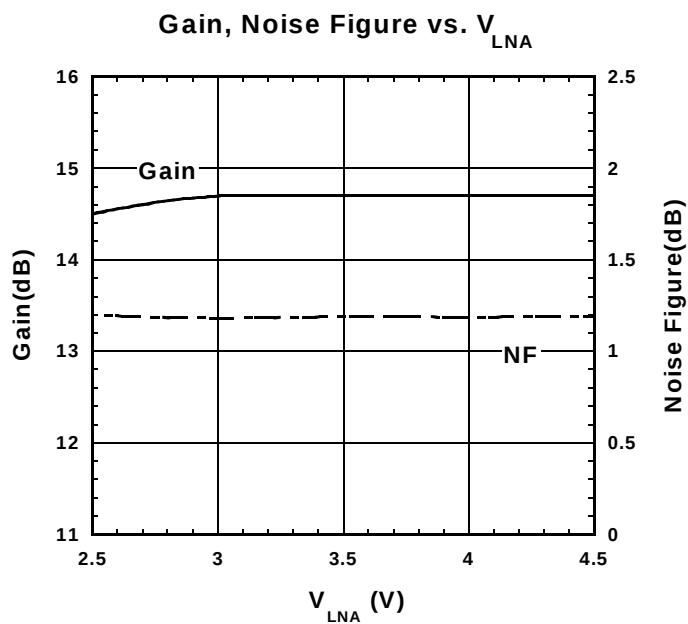
Z11 and Z22
Condition
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$



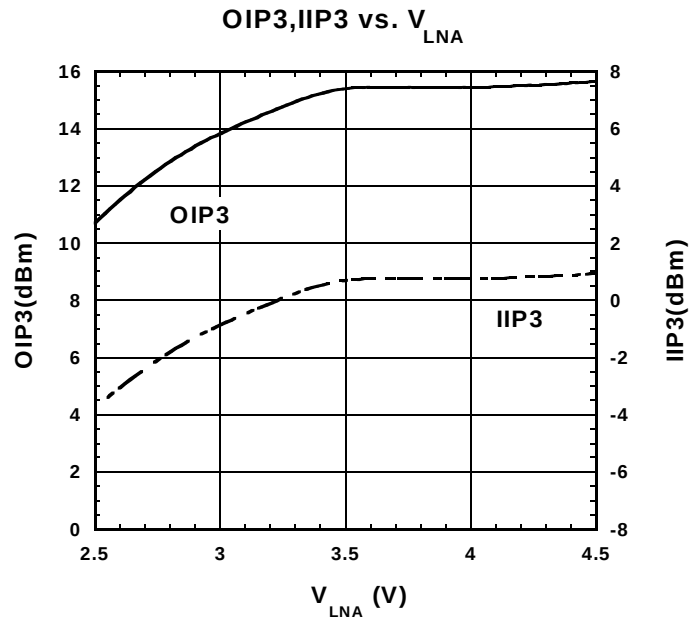
S21 and S12
Condition
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$

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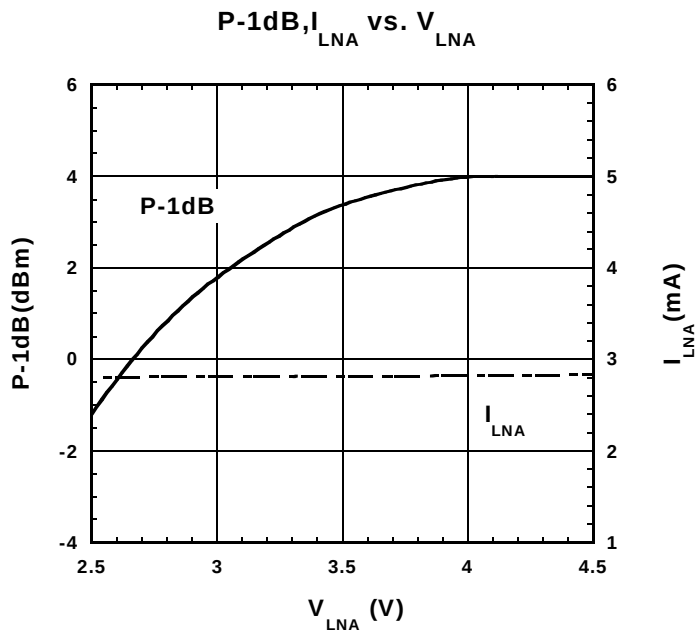
■TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 1 (LNA, f=1.9GHz, with test circuit)



Condition
 $f=1900\text{MHz}$, $P_{in}=-36\text{dBm}$
 $V_{LNA}=2.5\sim 4.5\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0\text{V}$



Condition
 $f=1900+1900.1\text{MHz}$
 $P_{in}=-36\text{dBm}$
 $V_{LNA}=2.5\sim 4.5\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0\text{V}$



Condition
 $f=1900\text{MHz}$
 $V_{LNA}=2.5\sim 4.5\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0\text{V}$

The value of OIP3 and IIP3 shown in typical characteristics are calculated

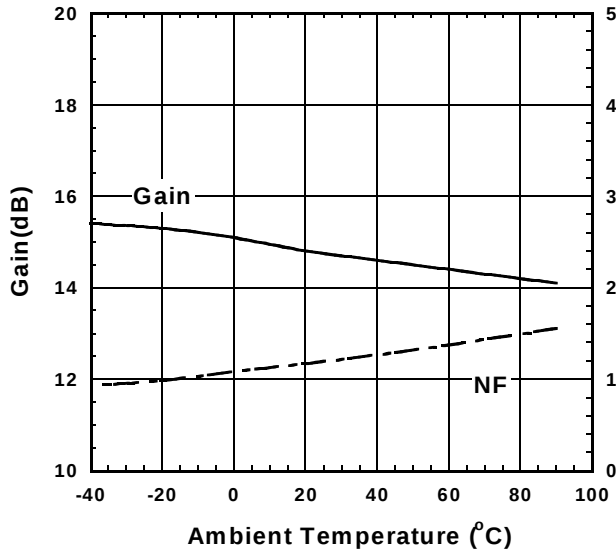
$$OIP3 = \frac{3 \times P_{out} - IM3}{2}$$

$$IIP3 = OIP3 - \text{Gain}$$

@ $P_{in} = -36\text{dBm}$

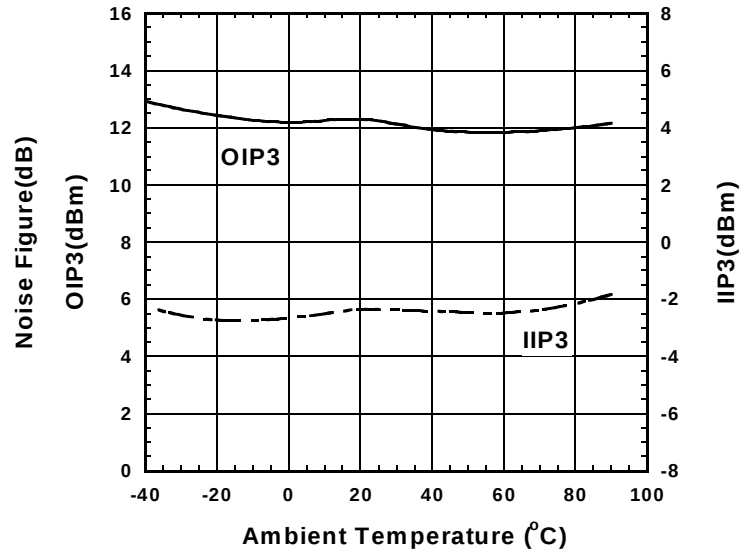
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 1 (LNA, f=1.9GHz, with test circuit)

Gain, Noise Figure vs. Temperature



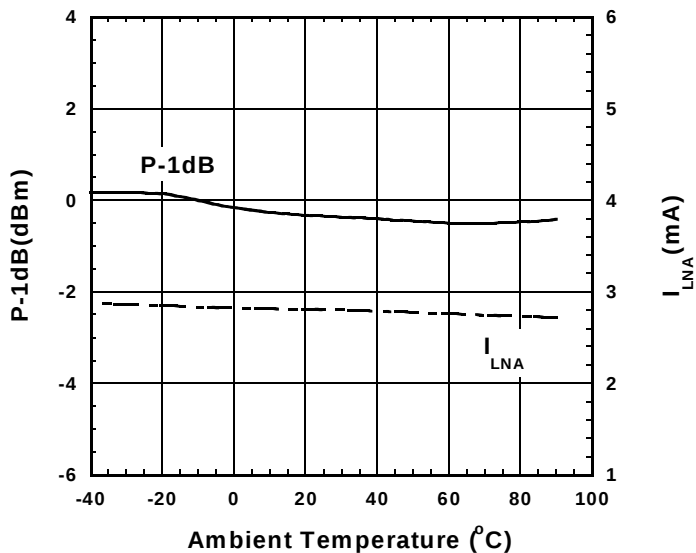
Condition
f=1900MHz
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$

OIP3, IIP3 vs. Temperature



Condition
f=1900+1900.1MHz
Pin=-36dBm
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$

P-1dB, I_{LNA} vs. Temperature



Condition
f=1900MHz
 $V_{LNA}=2.7V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=0V$

The value of OIP3 and IIP3 shown in typical characteristics are calculated

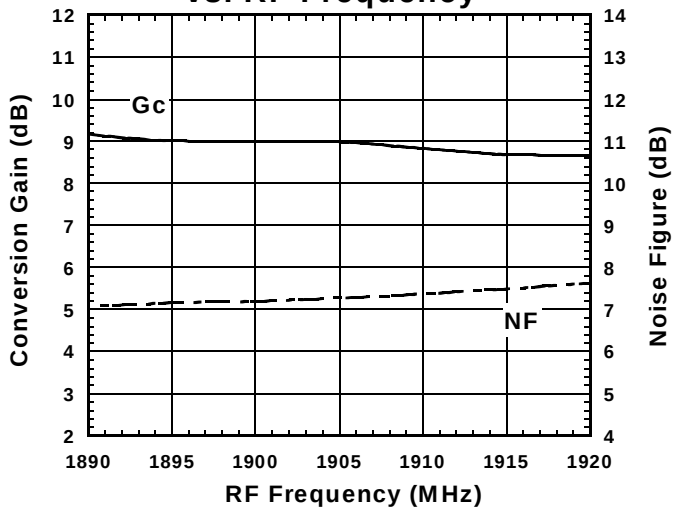
$$OIP3 = \frac{3 \times P_{out} - IM3}{2}$$

$$IIP3 = OIP3 - \text{Gain}$$

@ Pin=-36dBm

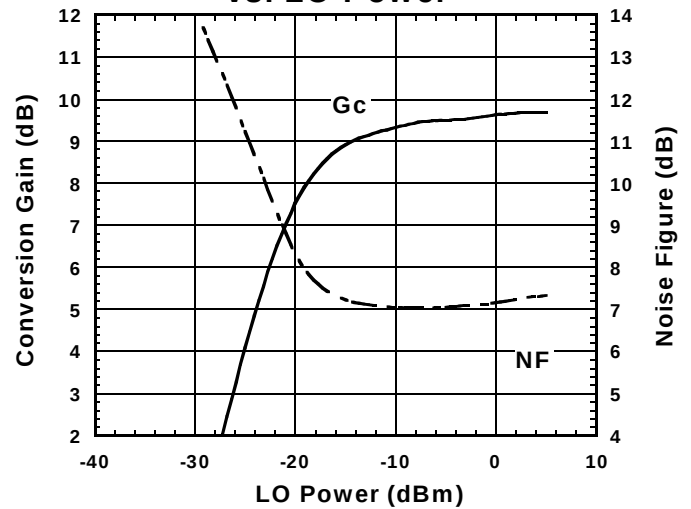
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2 (MIXER, $f=1.9\text{GHz}$, $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$, with test circuit)

Conversion Gain, Noise Figure
vs. RF Frequency



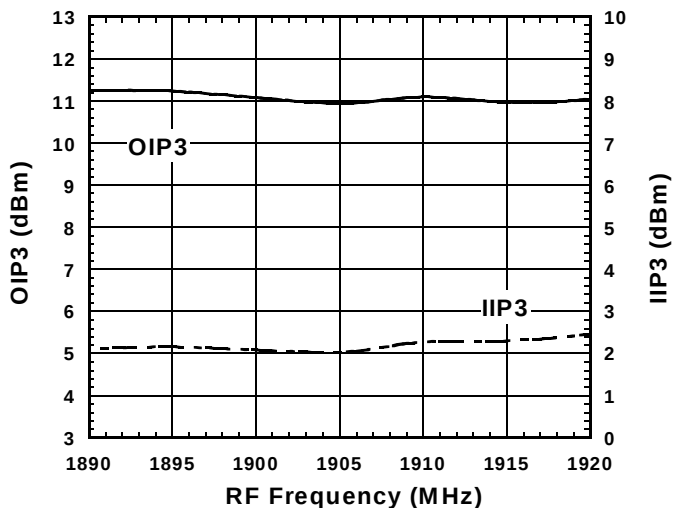
Condition
 $f_{IF}=240\text{MHz}$
 $f_{RF}=1890\sim1920\text{MHz}$, $P_{RF}=-30\text{dBm}$
 Lower LOCAL, $P_{LO}=-15\text{dBm}$
 $V_{LNA}=0\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7\text{V}$

Conversion Gain, Noise Figure
vs. LO Power



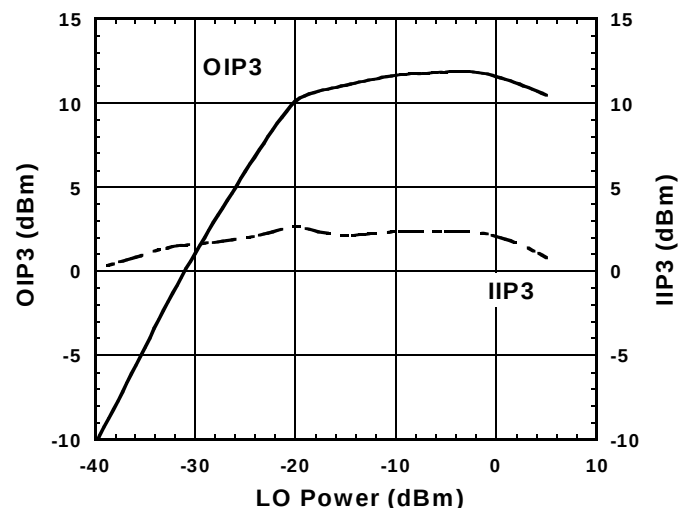
Condition
 $f_{IF}=240\text{MHz}$
 $f_{RF}=1900\text{MHz}$, $P_{RF}=-30\text{dBm}$
 $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$
 $V_{LNA}=0\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7\text{V}$

OIP3, IIP3 vs. RF Frequency



Condition
 $f_{IF}=240\text{MHz}$
 $f_{RF}=1890\sim1920\text{MHz}$, $P_{RF}=-30\text{dBm}$
 $f_{RF\text{ OFFSET}}=100\text{kHz}$
 Lower LOCAL, $P_{LO}=-15\text{dBm}$
 $V_{LNA}=0\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7\text{V}$

OIP3, IIP3 vs. LO Power



Condition
 $f_{IF}=240\text{MHz}$
 $f_{RF}=1900.0+1900.1\text{MHz}$, $P_{RF}=-30\text{dBm}$
 $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$
 $V_{LNA}=0\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7\text{V}$

The value of OIP3 and IIP3 shown in typical characteristics are calculated

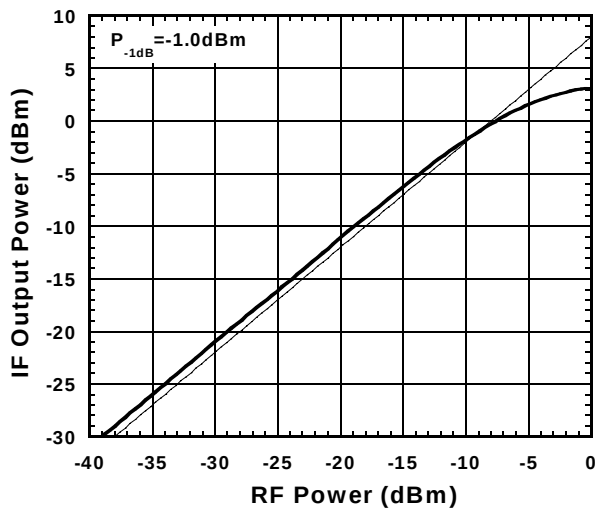
$$\text{OIP3} = \frac{3 \times \text{Pout} - \text{IM3}}{2}$$

$$\text{IIP3} = \text{OIP3} - \text{Gain}$$

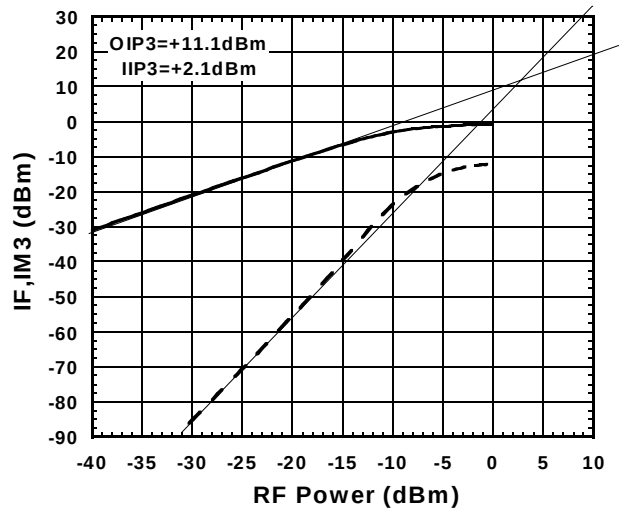
@ $P_{in} = -30\text{dBm}$

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2 (MIXER, $f=1.9\text{GHz}$, $f_{\text{LO}}=1660\text{MHz}$, with test circuit)

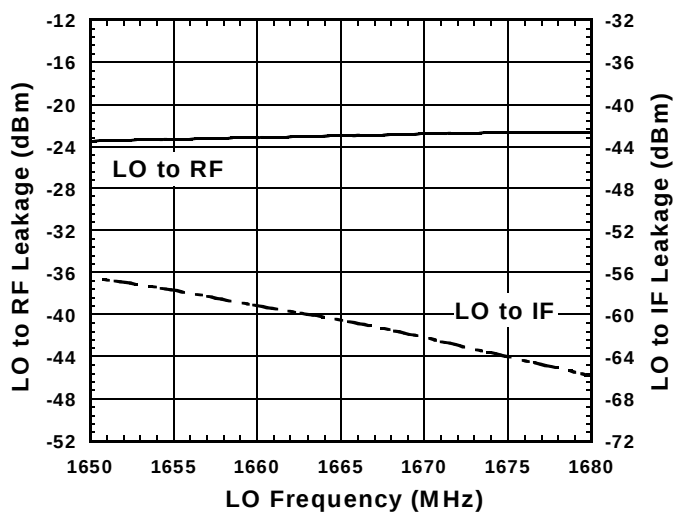
IF Output Power vs. RF Power



IF, IM3 vs. RF Power

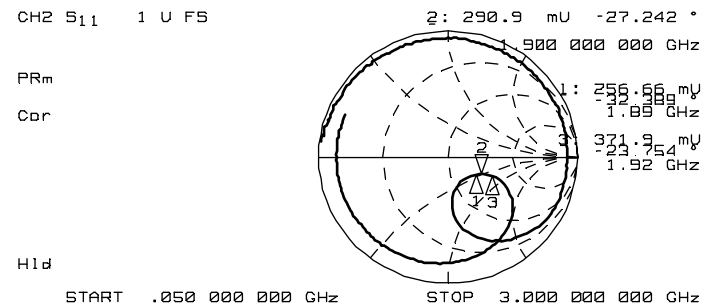
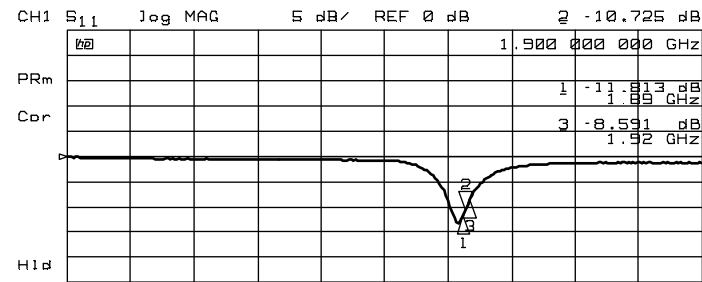


LO Leakage vs. LO Frequency

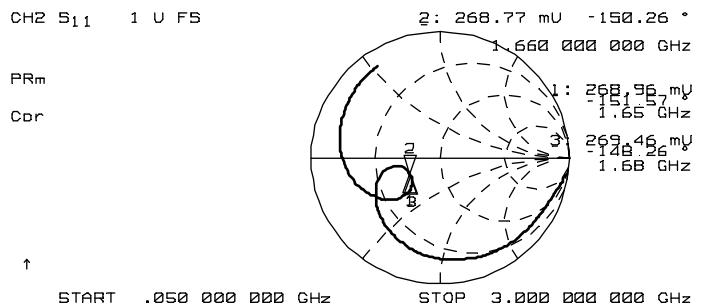
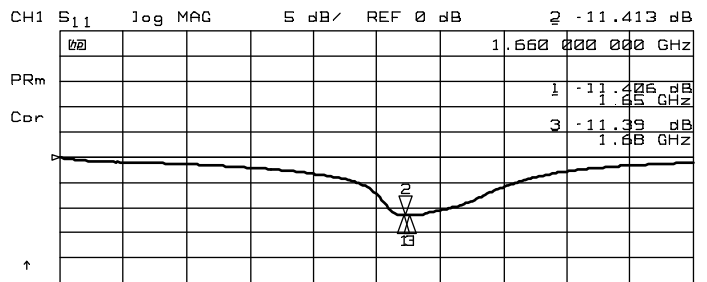


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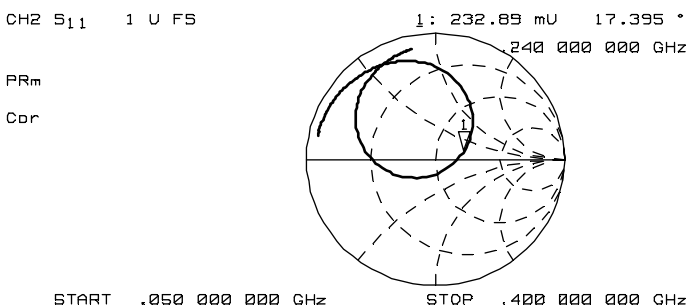
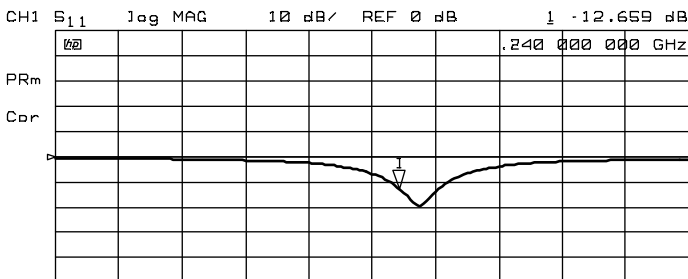
■TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2 (MIXER, $f=1.9\text{GHz}$, $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$, with test circuit)



MIXER IN Impedance
Condition
LOCAL IN,IF OUT 50ohm
 $V_{LNA}=0V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7V$



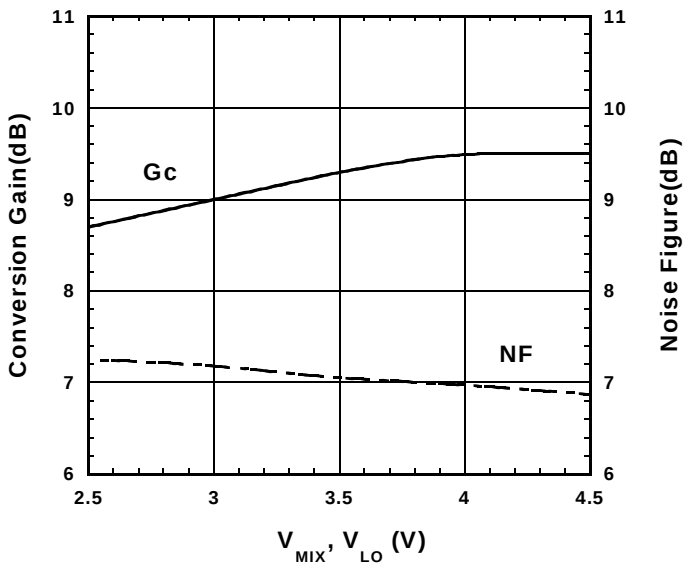
LOCAL IN Impedance
Condition
MIXER IN,IF OUT 50ohm
 $V_{LNA}=0V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7V$



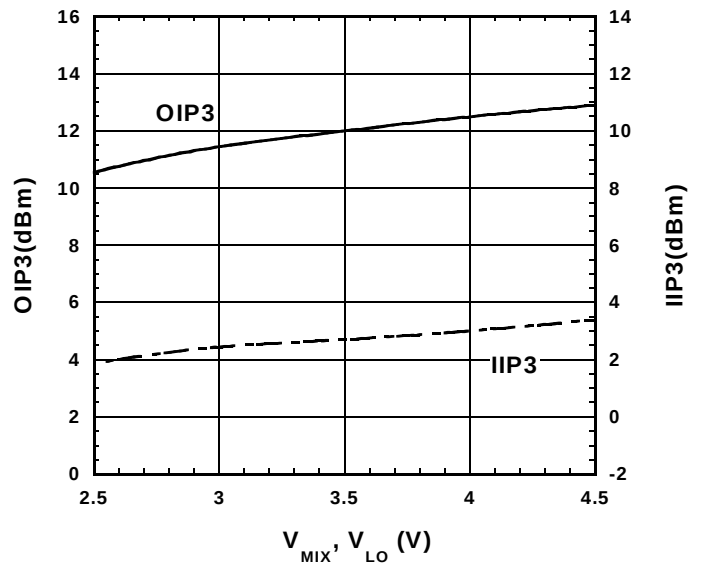
IF OUT Impedance
Condition
MIXER IN,LOCAL IN 50ohm
 $V_{LNA}=0V$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7V$

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2 (MIXER, $f=1.9\text{GHz}$, $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$, with test circuit)

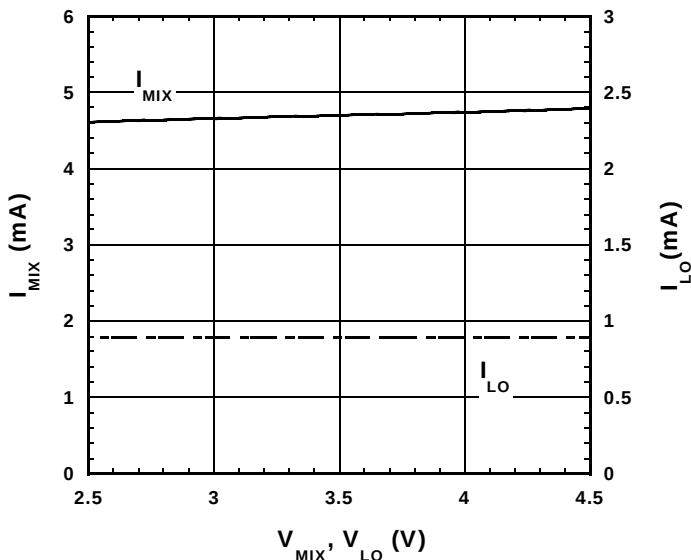
Conversion Gain, Noise Figure vs. V_{MIX} , V_{LO}



OIP3, IIP3 vs. V_{MIX} , V_{LO}



I_{MIX} , I_{LO} vs. V_{MIX} , V_{LO}



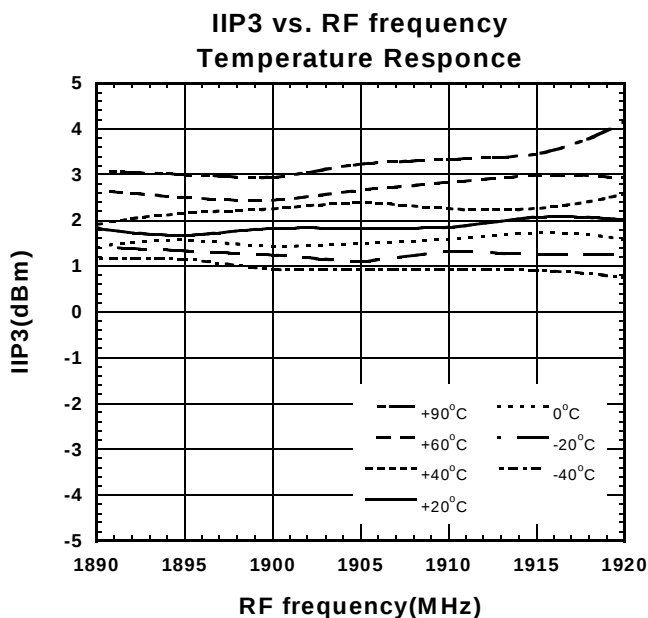
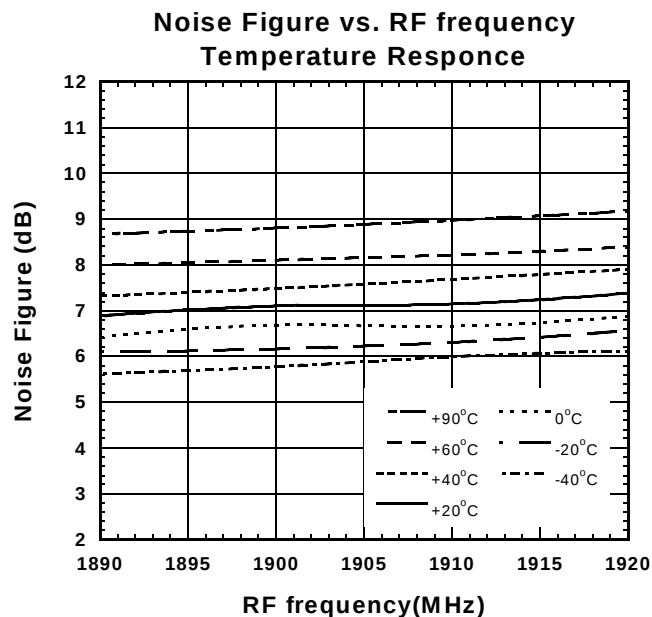
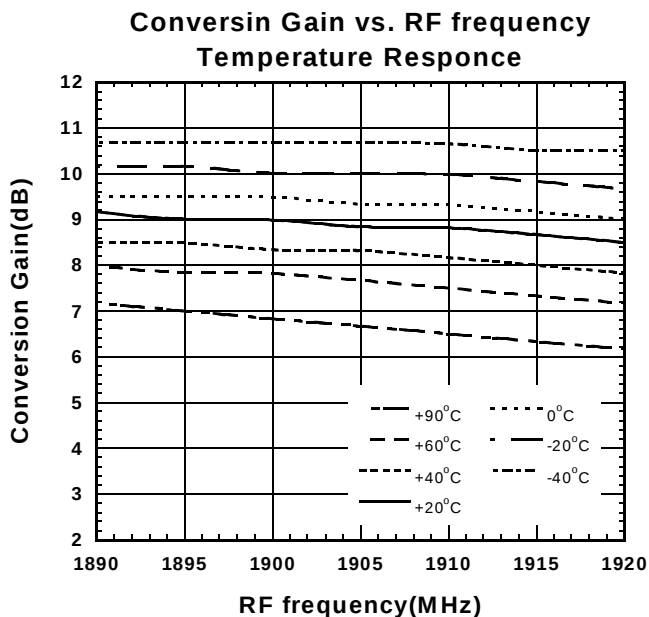
The value of OIP3 and IIP3 shown in typical characteristics are calculated

$$\text{OIP3} = \frac{3 \times P_{out} - \text{IM3}}{2}$$

$$\text{IIP3} = \text{OIP3} - \text{Gain}$$

@ $P_{in} = -30\text{dBm}$

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2(MIXER, $f_{IF}=1.9\text{GHz}$, $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$, with test circuit)



The value of OIP3 and IIP3 shown in typical characteristics are calculated

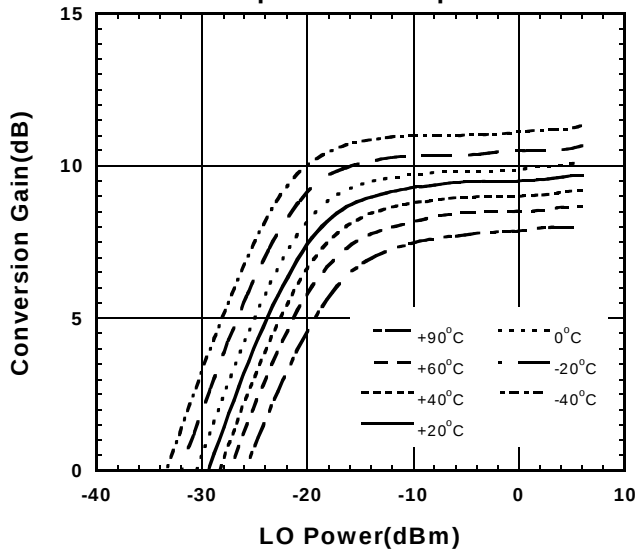
$$\text{OIP3} = \frac{3 \times P_{out} - \text{IM3}}{2}$$

$$\text{IIP3} = \text{OIP3} - \text{Gain}$$

@Pin=-30dBm

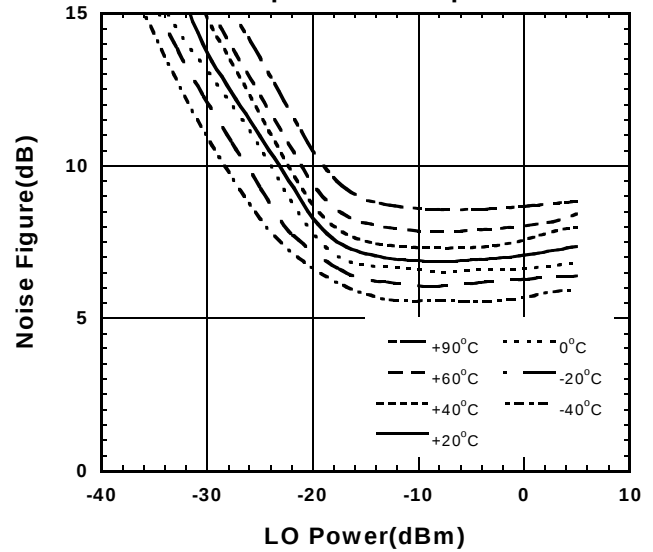
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2 (MIXER, $f=1.9\text{GHz}$, $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$, with test circuit)

**Conversion Gain vs. LO Power
Temperature Response**



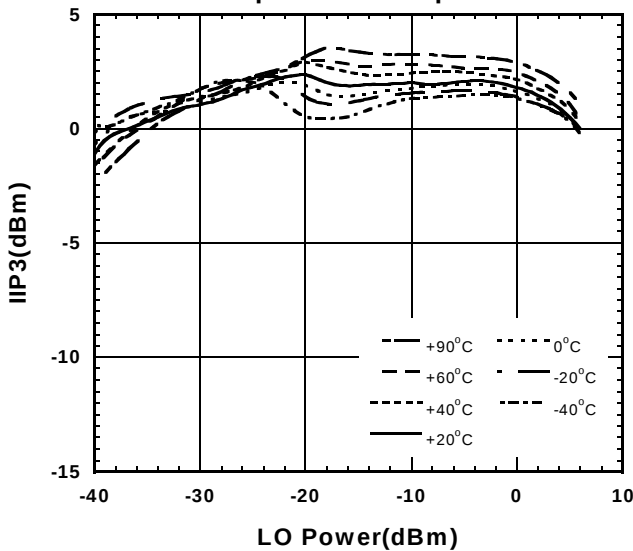
Condition
 $f_{IF}=240\text{MHz}$
 $f_{RF}=1900\text{MHz}$, $P_{RF}=-30\text{dBm}$
 $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$
 $V_{LNA}=0\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7\text{V}$

**Noise Figure vs. LO Power
Temperature Response**



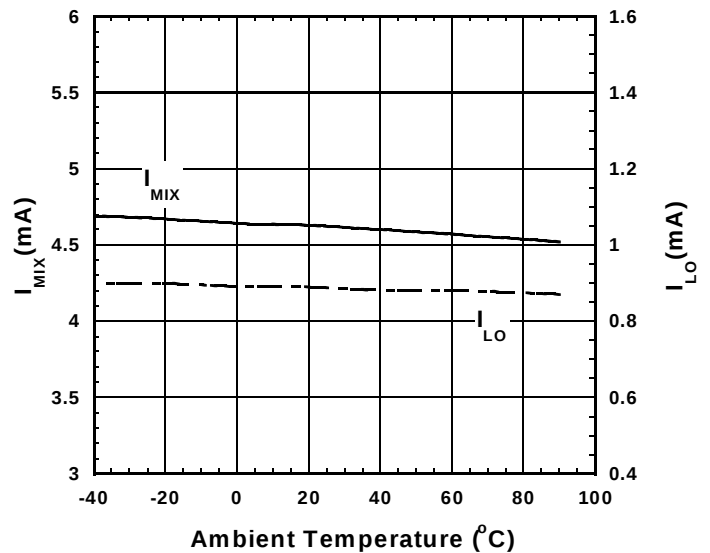
Condition
 $f_{IF}=240\text{MHz}$
 $f_{RF}=1900\text{MHz}$, $P_{RF}=-30\text{dBm}$
 $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$
 $V_{LNA}=0\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7\text{V}$

**IIP3 vs. LO Power
Temperature Response**



Condition
 $f_{IF}=240\text{MHz}$
 $f_{RF}=1900+1900.1\text{MHz}$, $P_{RF}=-30\text{dBm}$
 $f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$
 $V_{LNA}=0\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7\text{V}$

I_{MIX} , I_{LO} vs. Temperature



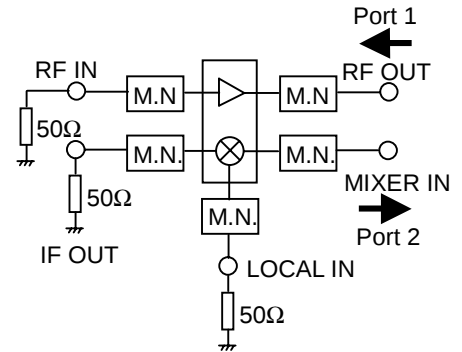
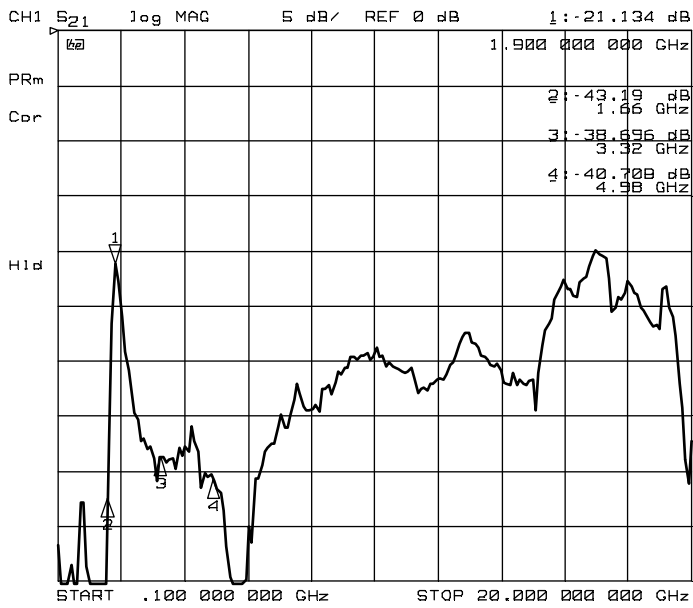
Condition
 $V_{LNA}=0\text{V}$
 $V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7\text{V}$

The value of OIP3 and IIP3 shown in typical characteristics are calculated

$$\text{OIP3} = \frac{3 \times P_{out} - \text{IM3}}{2}$$

IIP3 = OIP3 - Gain

@Pin = -30dBm

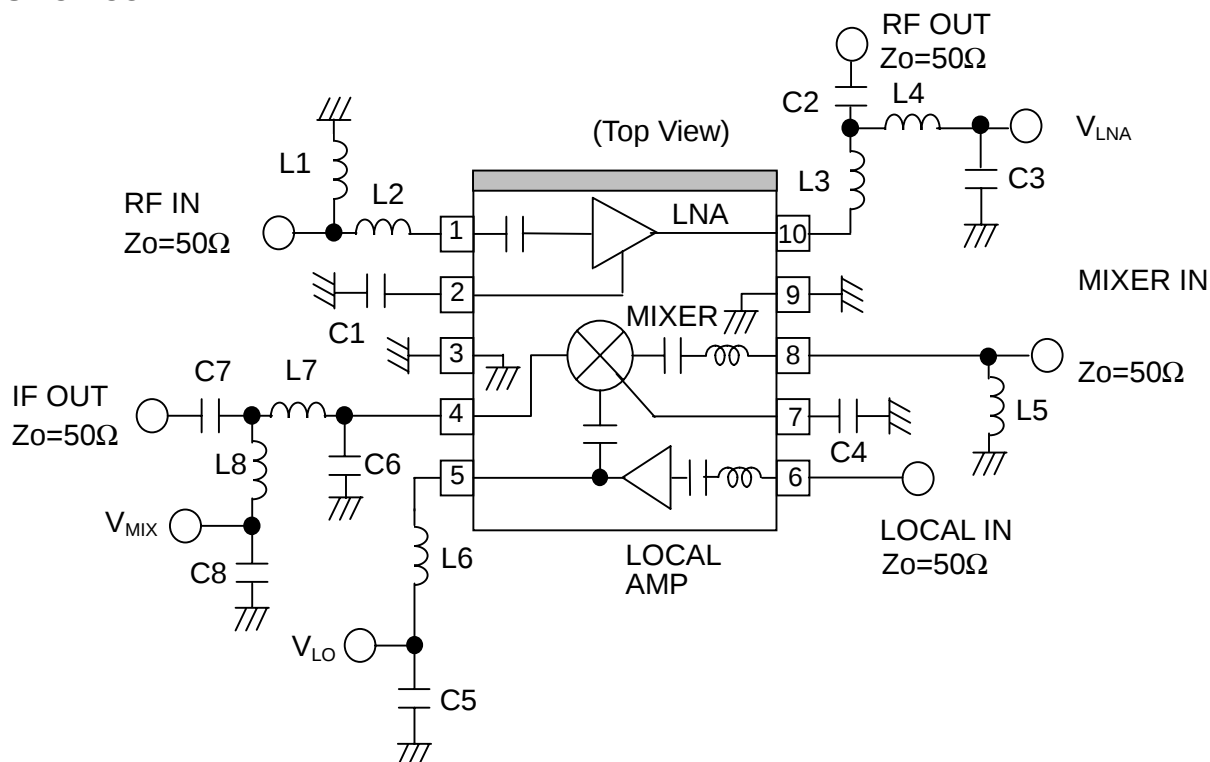


Condition
RF IN,LOCAL IN,IF OUT 50ohm
 $V_{LNA}=V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7V$

RF IN,LOCAL IN,IF OUT 50ohm
 $V_{LNA}=V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7V$

$$V_{LNA}=V_{MIX}=V_{LO}=2.7V$$

TEST CIRCUIT

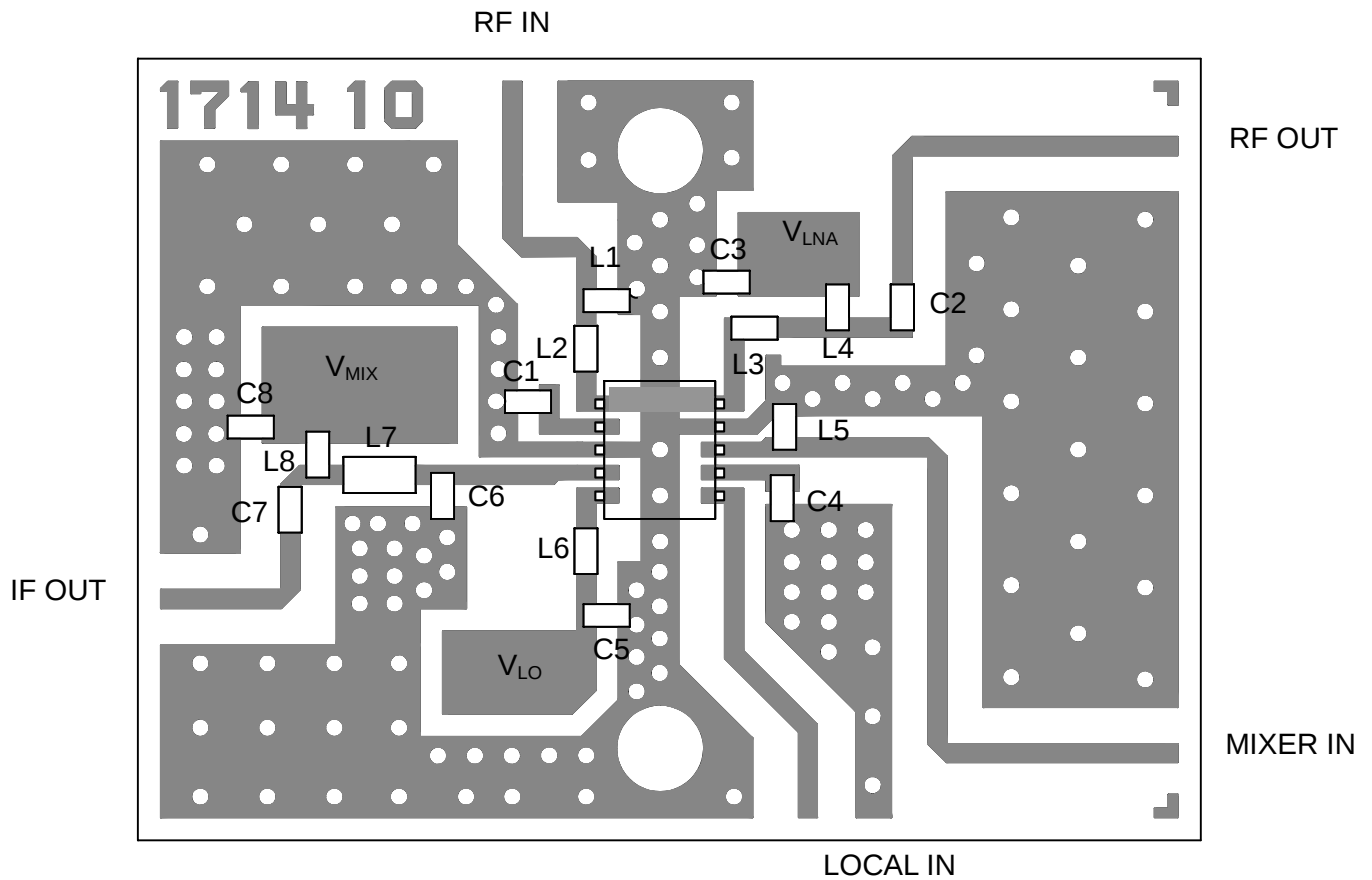


PARTS LIST

PART ID	1.9GHz BAND	COMMENT
	Lower LOCAL	
	$f_{LO}=1660\text{MHz}$ $P_{LO}=-15\text{dBm}$ $f_{IF}=240\text{MHz}$	
L1	6.8nH	TAIYO-YUDEN (HK1005)
L2	6.8nH	TAIYO-YUDEN (HK1005)
L3	4.7nH	TAIYO-YUDEN (HK1005)
L4	1.5nH	TAIYO-YUDEN (HK1005)
L5	1.8nH	TAIYO-YUDEN (HK1005)
L6	8.2nH	TAIYO-YUDEN (HK1005)
L7	39nH	TAIYO-YUDEN (HK1608)
L8	22nH	TAIYO-YUDEN (HK1005)
C1	30pF	MURATA (GRM36)
C2	12pF	MURATA (GRM36)
C3	1000pF	MURATA (GRM36)
C4	1000pF	MURATA (GRM36)
C5	0.01uF	MURATA (GRM36)
C6	6.0pF	MURATA (GRM36)
C7	1000pF	MURATA (GRM36)
C8	0.01uF	MURATA (GRM36)

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RECOMMENDED PCB DESIGN



PCB (FR-4) : $t = 0.2$ mm

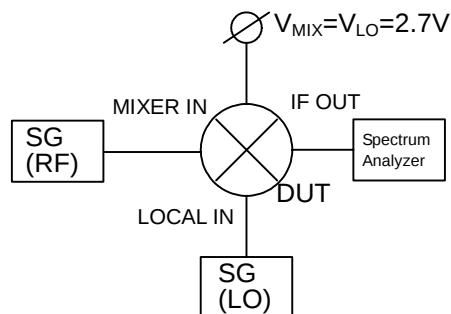
MICRO STRIPLINE WIDTH = 0.4 mm ($Z_0 = 50\Omega$)

PCB SIZE = 23.0 x 17.0 mm

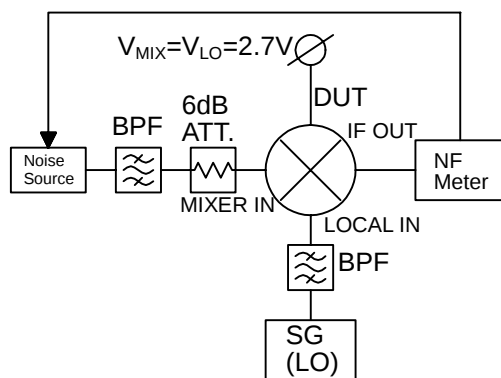
Caution on using devices

- [1] Please place L2 close to the LNA IN terminal (1st pin).
- [2] Please place C1 close to the LNACAP terminal (2nd pin).
- [3] Please place L5 close to the MIX IN terminal (8th pin).
- [4] Please place L6 close to the VLO terminal (5th pin).
- [5] Please place C5 close to L6.

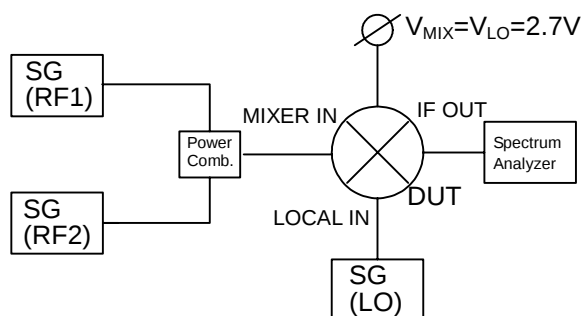
MEASURING BLOCK DIAGRAM



Conversion Gain Measurement Block Diagram



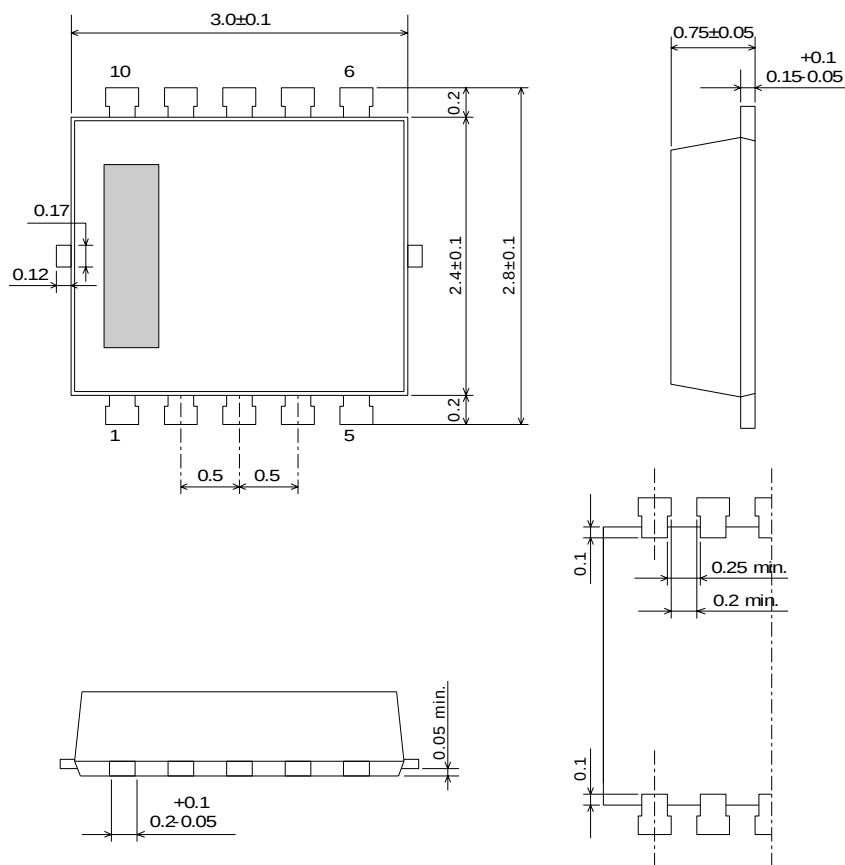
Noise Figure Measurement Block Diagram



IF,IM3 Measurement Block Diagram

NJG1714KC1

■PACKAGE OUTLINE (FLP10-C1)



Lead material	: Copper
Lead surface finish	: Solder plating
Molding material	: Epoxy resin
UNIT	: mm
Weight	: 15mg

Cautions on using this product

This product contains Gallium-Arsenide (GaAs) which is a harmful material.

- Do NOT eat or put into mouth.
- Do NOT dispose in fire or break up this product.
- Do NOT chemically make gas or powder with this product.
- To waste this product, please obey the relating law of your country.

[CAUTION]

The specifications on this databook are only given for information, without any guarantee as regards either mistakes or omissions. The application circuits in this databook are described only to show representative usages of the product and not intended for the guarantee or permission of any right including the industrial rights.

This product may be damaged with electric static discharge (ESD) or spike voltage. Please handle with care to avoid these damages.

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С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

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Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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