

IRG4RC10KDPbF

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH
ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

Short Circuit Rated
UltraFast IGBT

Features

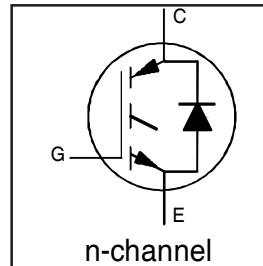
- Short Circuit Rated UltraFast: Optimized for high operating frequencies >5.0 kHz , and Short Circuit Rated to 10 μ s @ 125°C, $V_{GE} = 15V$
- Generation 4 IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than previous generation
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultra-soft-recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry standard TO-252AA package
- Lead-Free

Benefits

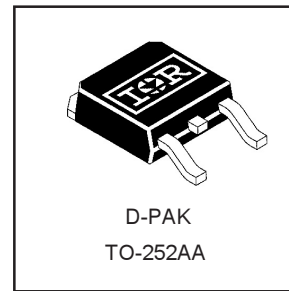
- Latest generation 4 IGBT's offer highest power density motor controls possible
- HEXFRED™ diodes optimized for performance with IGBTs. Minimized recovery characteristics reduce noise, EMI and switching losses
- For hints see design tip 97003

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| | Parameter | Max. | Units |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| V_{CES} | Collector-to-Emitter Voltage | 600 | V |
| $I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$ | Continuous Collector Current | 9.0 | A |
| $I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Continuous Collector Current | 5.0 | |
| I_{CM} | Pulsed Collector Current ① | 18 | |
| I_{LM} | Clamped Inductive Load Current ② | 18 | |
| $I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Diode Continuous Forward Current | 4.0 | |
| I_{FM} | Diode Maximum Forward Current | 16 | |
| t_{sc} | Short Circuit Withstand Time | 10 | μ s |
| V_{GE} | Gate-to-Emitter Voltage | ± 20 | V |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation | 38 | W |
| $P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation | 15 | |
| T_J | Operating Junction and | -55 to +150 | °C |
| T_{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | | |
| | Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec. | 300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case) | |



| |
|------------------------------|
| $V_{CES} = 600V$ |
| $V_{CE(on) typ.} = 2.39V$ |
| @ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 5.0A$ |



Thermal Resistance

| | Parameter | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|------------|------|--------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-Case - IGBT | — | 3.3 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-Case - Diode | — | 7.0 | |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount)* | — | 50 | |
| Wt | Weight | 0.3 (0.01) | — | g (oz) |

* When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).

For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|---------------------------------|---|------|------|-----------|---------|---|
| $V_{(BR)CES}$ | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage _f | 600 | — | — | V | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage | — | 0.58 | — | V/°C | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$ |
| $V_{CE(on)}$ | Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage | — | 2.39 | 2.62 | V | $I_C = 5.0A$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig. 2, 5 |
| | | — | 3.25 | — | | |
| | | — | 2.63 | — | | |
| $V_{GE(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | 3.0 | — | 6.5 | | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| $\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage | — | -11 | — | mV/°C | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| g_{fe} | Forward Transconductance „ | 1.2 | 1.8 | — | S | $V_{CE} = 50V, I_C = 5.0A$ |
| I_{CES} | Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current | — | — | 250 | μA | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | | — | — | 1000 | | |
| V_{FM} | Diode Forward Voltage Drop | — | 1.5 | 1.8 | V | $I_C = 4.0A$ See Fig. 13 |
| | | — | 1.4 | 1.7 | | |
| I_{GES} | Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current | — | — | ± 100 | nA | $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$ |

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|------------------|--|------|------|------|------------|---|
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge (turn-on) | — | 19 | 29 | nC | $I_C = 5.0A$ $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig.8 |
| Q_{ge} | Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on) | — | 2.9 | 4.3 | | |
| Q_{gc} | Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on) | — | 9.8 | 15 | | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | — | 49 | — | ns | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 5.0A, V_{CC} = 480V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 100\Omega$ |
| t_r | Rise Time | — | 28 | — | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | — | 97 | 150 | | |
| t_f | Fall Time | — | 140 | 210 | | |
| E_{on} | Turn-On Switching Loss | — | 0.25 | — | mJ | Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery See Fig. 9,10,14 |
| E_{off} | Turn-Off Switching Loss | — | 0.14 | — | | |
| E_{ts} | Total Switching Loss | — | 0.39 | 0.48 | | |
| t_{sc} | Short Circuit Withstand Time | 10 | — | — | μs | $V_{CC} = 360V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 100\Omega, V_{CPK} < 500V$ |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | — | 46 | — | ns | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, See Fig. 10,11,14 $I_C = 5.0A, V_{CC} = 480V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 100\Omega$ |
| t_r | Rise Time | — | 32 | — | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | — | 100 | — | | |
| t_f | Fall Time | — | 310 | — | | |
| E_{ts} | Total Switching Loss | — | 0.56 | — | mJ | Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery |
| L_E | Internal Emitter Inductance | — | 7.5 | — | nH | Measured 5mm from package |
| C_{ies} | Input Capacitance | — | 220 | — | pF | $V_{GE} = 0V$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ See Fig. 7 $f = 1.0MHz$ |
| C_{oes} | Output Capacitance | — | 29 | — | | |
| C_{res} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | — | 7.5 | — | | |
| t_{rr} | Diode Reverse Recovery Time | — | 28 | 42 | ns | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 14 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 14 |
| | | — | 38 | 57 | | |
| I_{rr} | Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current | — | 2.9 | 5.2 | A | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 15 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 15 |
| | | — | 3.7 | 6.7 | | |
| Q_{rr} | Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | — | 40 | 60 | nC | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 16 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 16 |
| | | — | 70 | 105 | | |
| $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ | Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During t_b | — | 280 | — | A/ μs | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 17 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 17 |

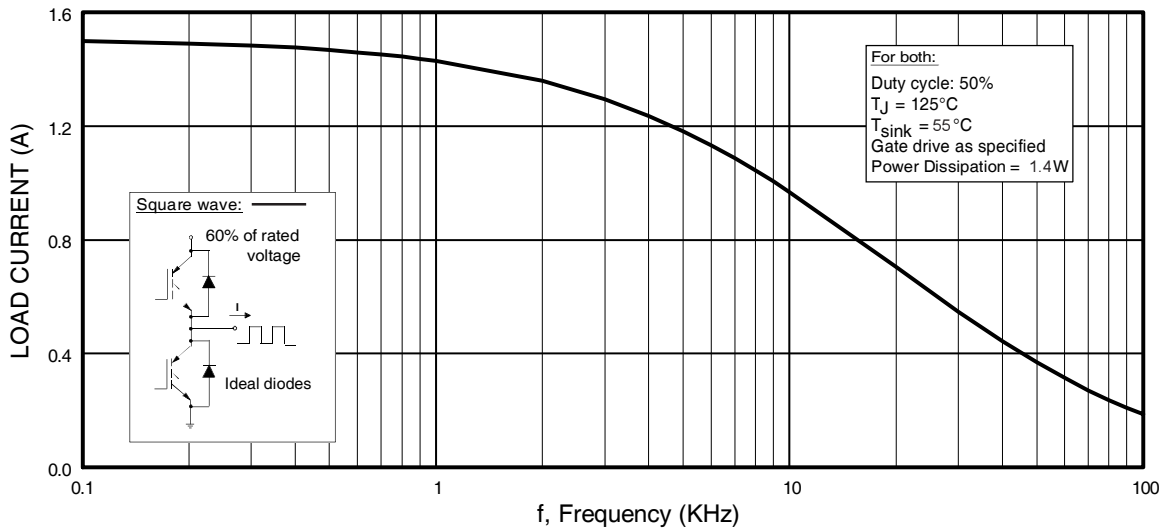


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
 (Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

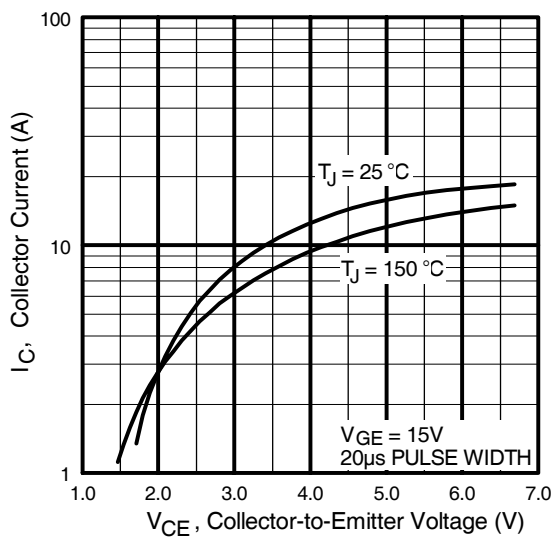


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics
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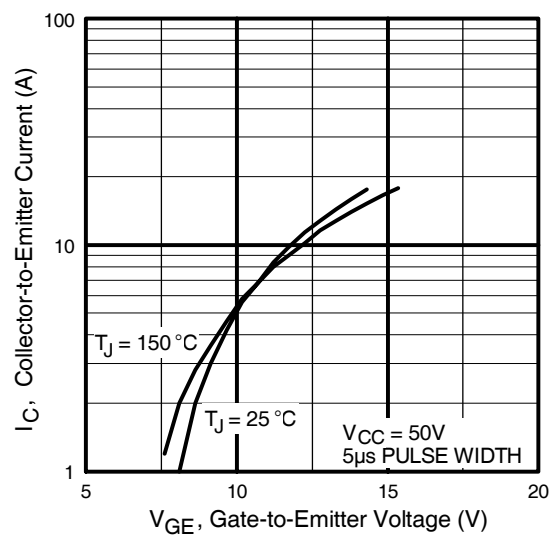


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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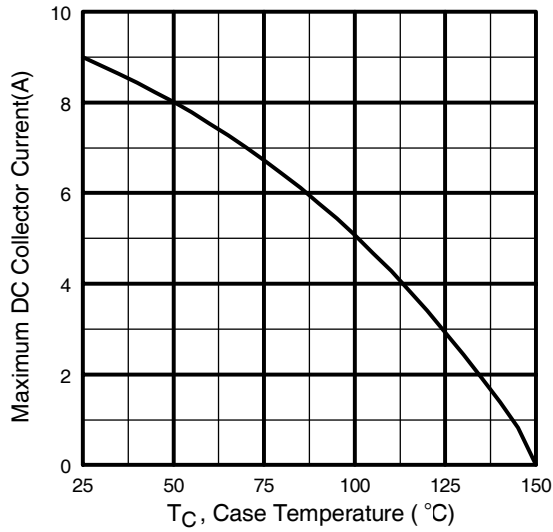


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

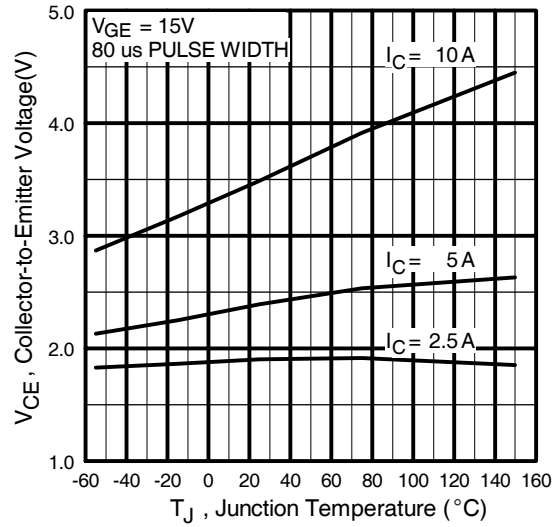


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

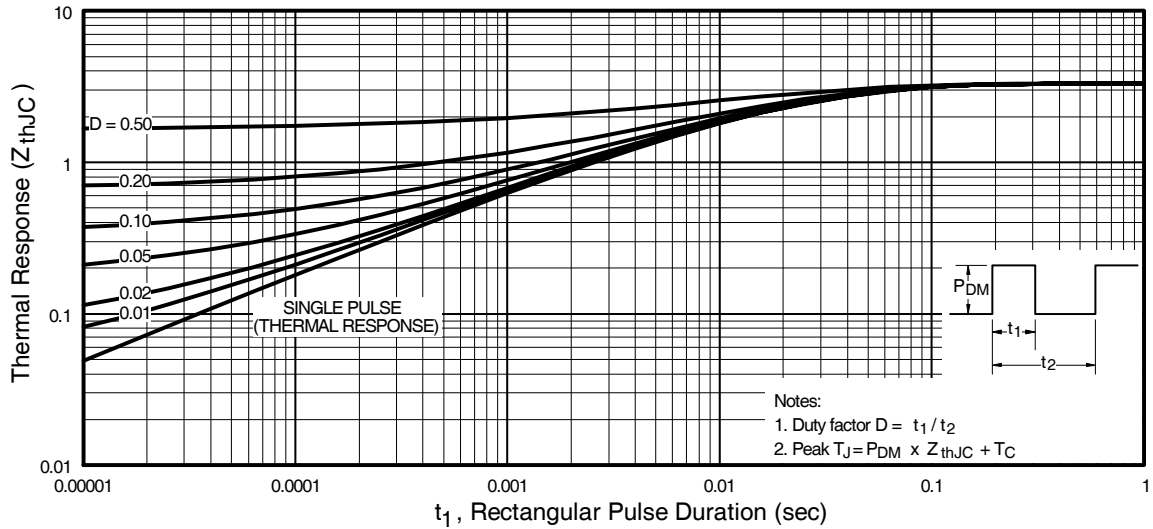


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

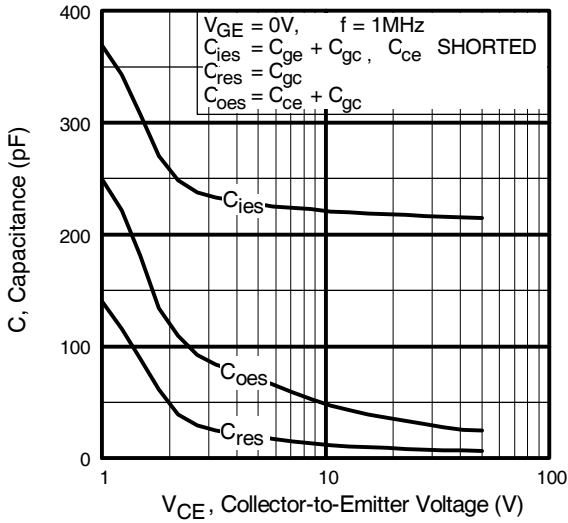


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

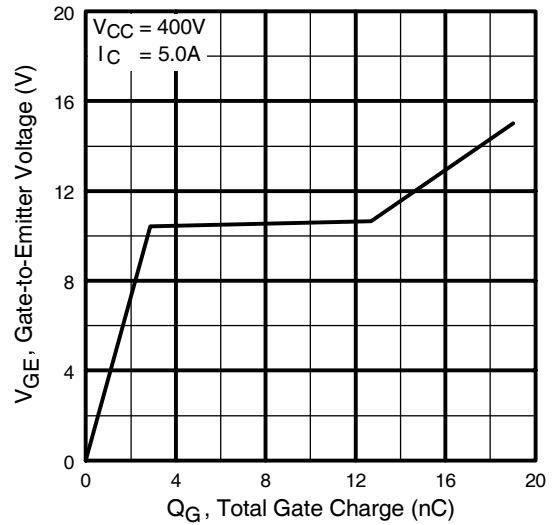


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

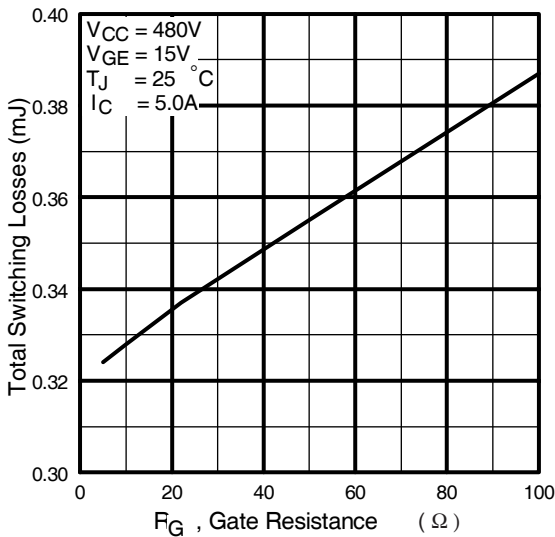


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

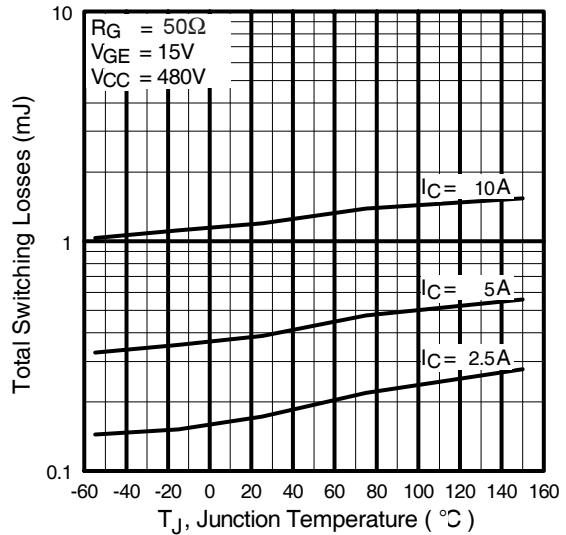


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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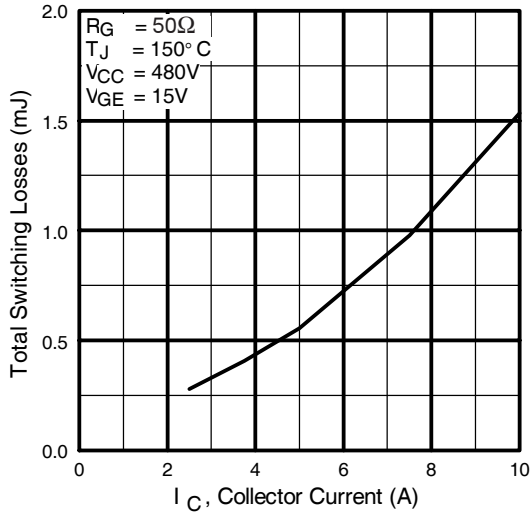


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

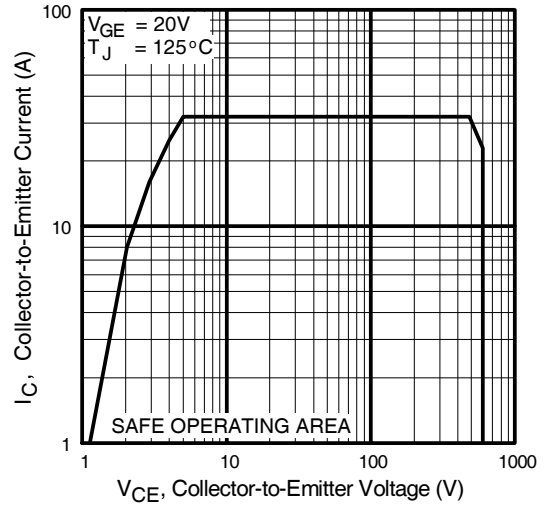


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

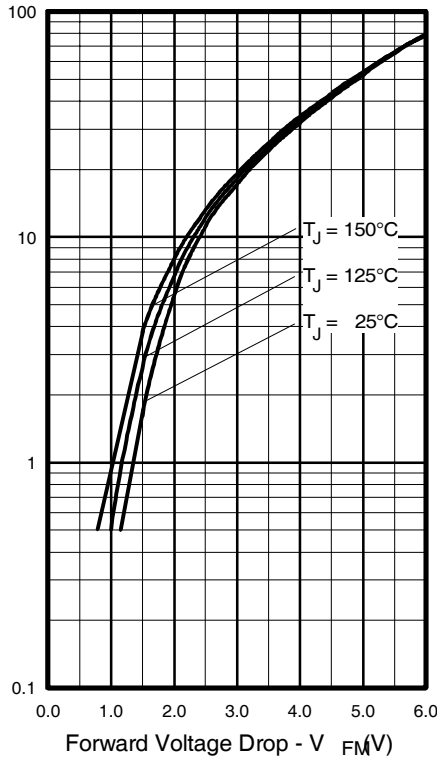


Fig. 13 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

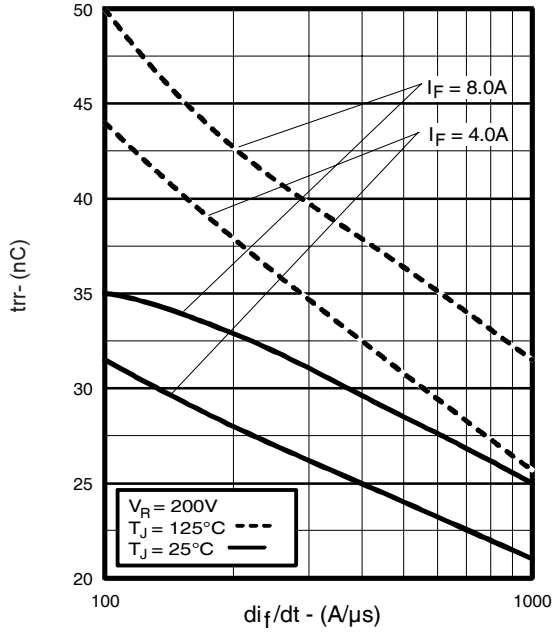


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

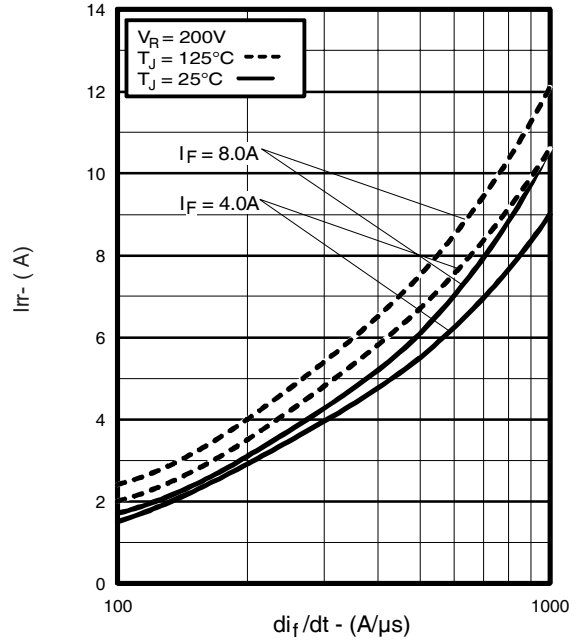


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

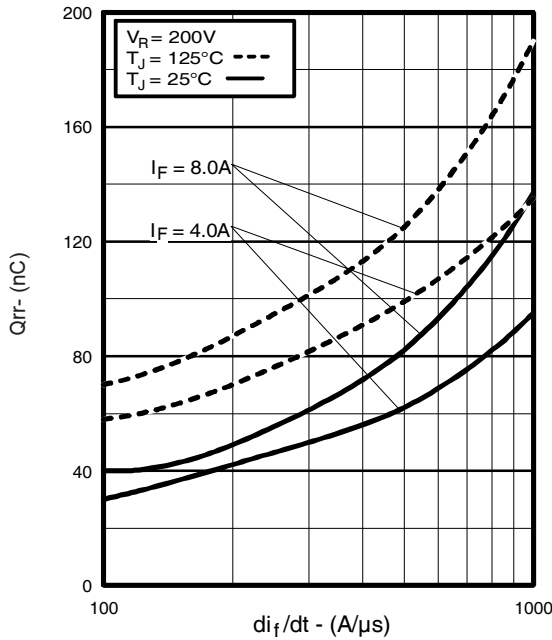


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

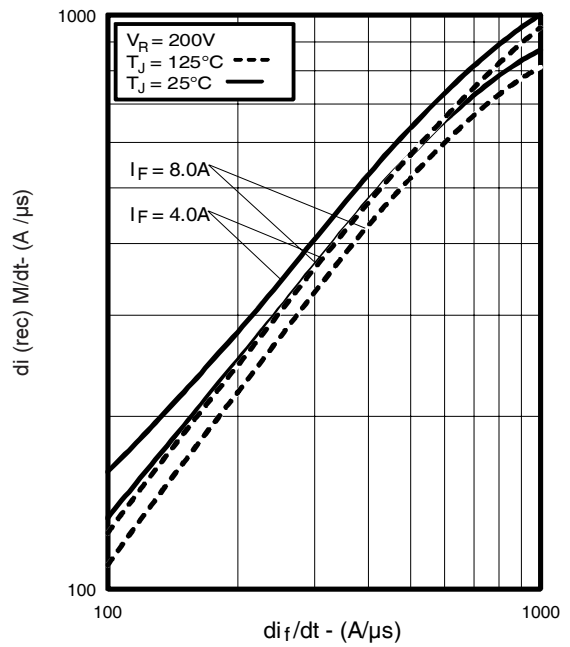


Fig. 17 - Typical $di_{(rec)}M/dt$ vs. di_f/dt ,

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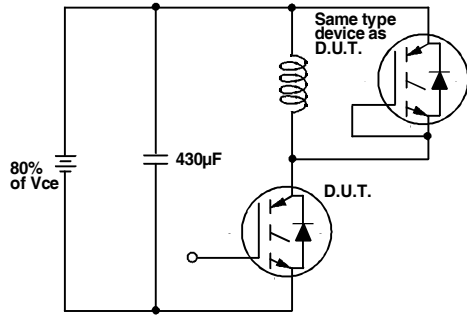


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of I_{LM} , E_{on} , $E_{off}(\text{diode})$, t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

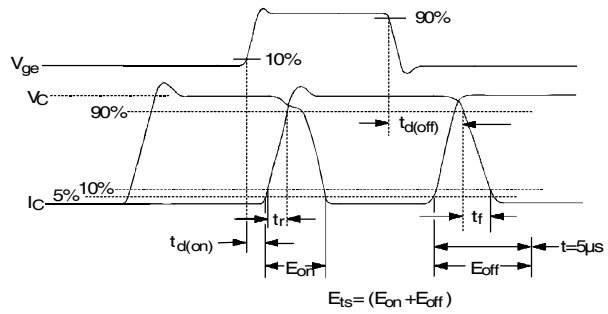


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{off} , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

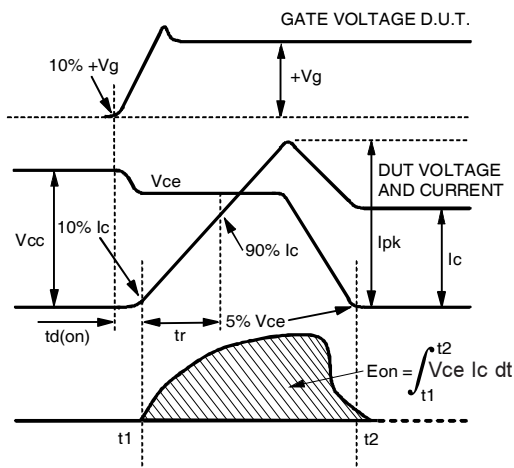


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{on} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r

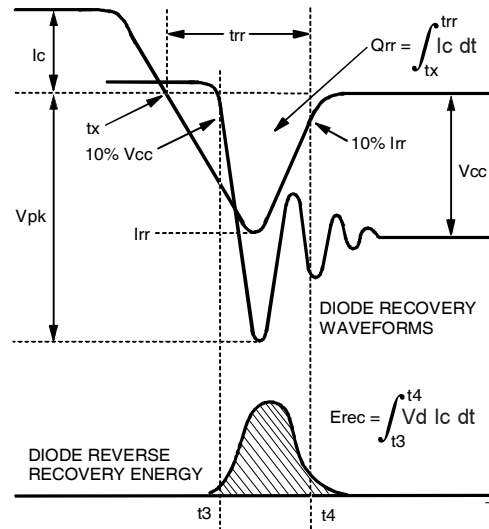


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{rec} , t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr}

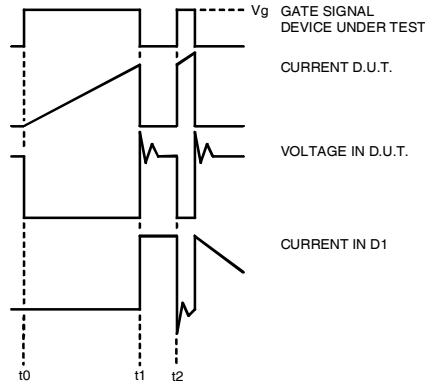


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

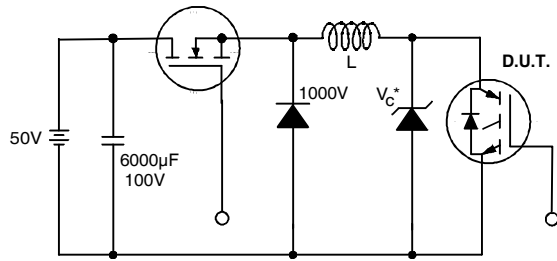


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

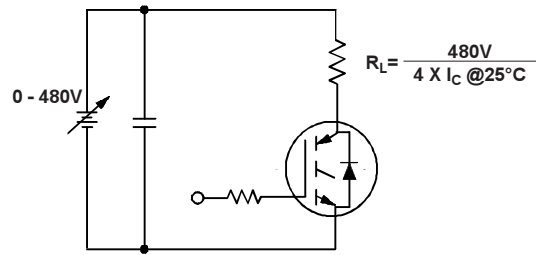
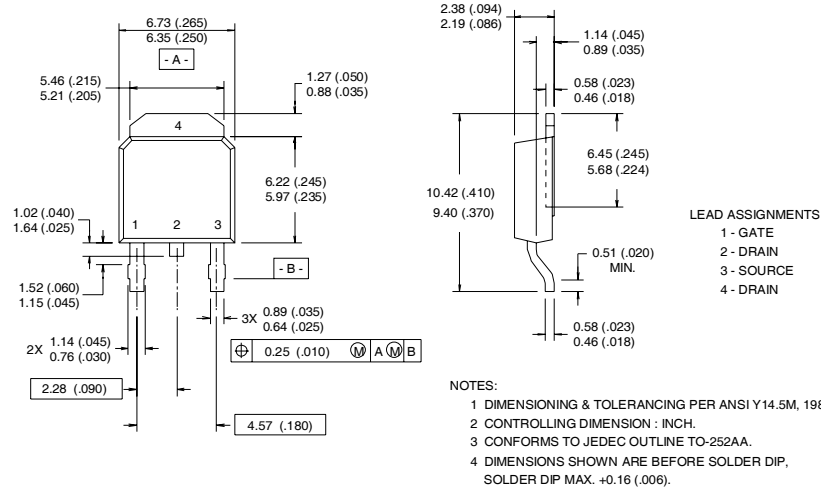


Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

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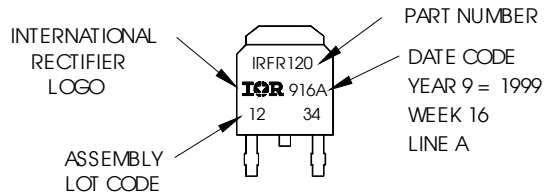
D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

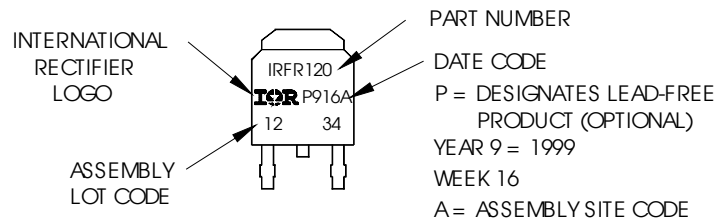


D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information (Lead-Free)

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 1234
ASSEMBLED ON WW 16, 1999
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"
Note: "P" in assembly line
position indicates "Lead-Free"



OR

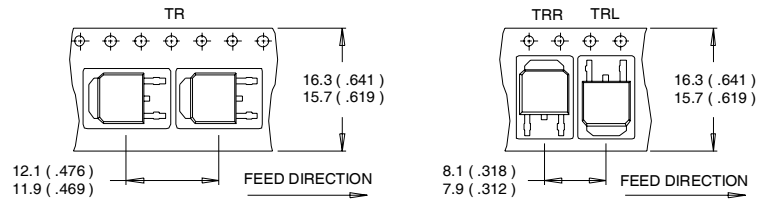


Notes:

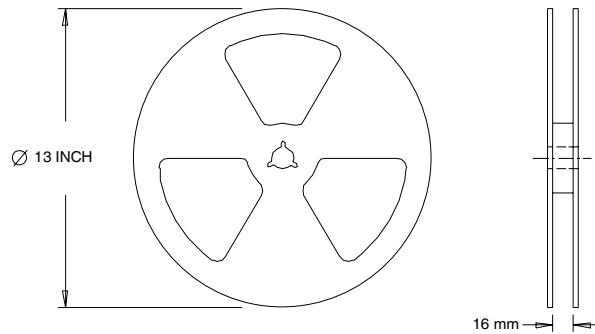
- ① Repetitive rating: $V_{GE}=20V$; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
- ② $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE}=20V$, $L=10\mu H$, $R_G=100\Omega$ (figure 19)
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.
- ④ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot.

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



- NOTES :
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
 3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



- NOTES :
1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
<http://www.irf.com/package/>

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- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
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- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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