

# 74F191

## Up/Down Binary Counter with Preset and Ripple Clock

### Features

- High-Speed—125MHz typical count frequency
- Synchronous counting
- Asynchronous parallel load
- Cascadable

### General Description

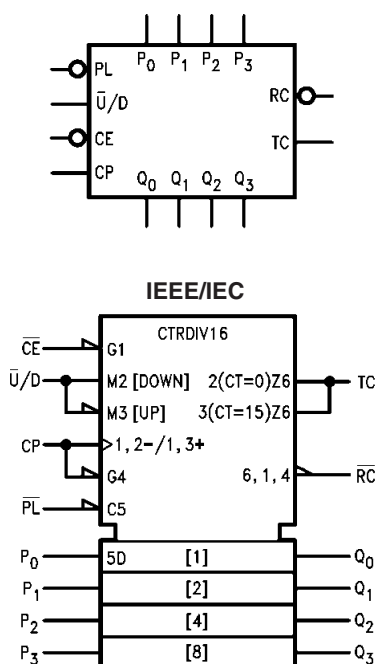
The 74F191 is a reversible modulo-16 binary counter featuring synchronous counting and asynchronous pre-setting. The preset feature allows the 74F191 to be used in programmable dividers. The Count Enable input, the Terminal Count output and Ripple Clock output make possible a variety of methods of implementing multistage counters. In the counting modes, state changes are initiated by the rising edge of the clock.

### Ordering Information

| Order Number | Package Number | Package Description                                                          |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 74F191SC     | M16A           | 16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow |
| 74F191SJ     | M16D           | 16-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide                |
| 74F191PC     | N16E           | 16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide       |

Device also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering number.

### Logic Symbols



## Unit Loading/Fan Out

| Pin Names                      | Description                                   | U.L.<br>HIGH / LOW | Input $I_{IH}$ / $I_{IL}$<br>Output $I_{OH}$ / $I_{OL}$ |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| $\overline{CE}$                | Count Enable Input (Active LOW)               | 1.0 / 3.0          | 20 $\mu$ A / -1.8mA                                     |
| CP                             | Clock Pulse Input (Active Rising Edge)        | 1.0 / 1.0          | 20 $\mu$ A / -0.6 mA                                    |
| P <sub>0</sub> –P <sub>3</sub> | Parallel Data Inputs                          | 1.0 / 1.0          | 20 $\mu$ A / -0.6 mA                                    |
| $\overline{PL}$                | Asynchronous Parallel Load Input (Active LOW) | 1.0 / 1.0          | 20 $\mu$ A / -0.6mA                                     |
| $\overline{U/D}$               | Up/Down Count Control Input                   | 1.0 / 1.0          | 20 $\mu$ A / -0.6mA                                     |
| Q <sub>0</sub> –Q <sub>3</sub> | Flip-Flop Outputs                             | 50 / 33.3          | -1mA / 20mA                                             |
| $\overline{RC}$                | Ripple Clock Output (Active LOW)              | 50 / 33.3          | -1mA / 20mA                                             |
| TC                             | Terminal Count Output (Active HIGH)           | 50 / 33.3          | -1mA / 20mA                                             |

## Functional Description

The 74F191 is a synchronous up/down 4-bit binary counter. It contains four edge-triggered flip-flops, with internal gating and steering logic to provide individual preset, count-up and count-down operations.

Each circuit has an asynchronous parallel load capability permitting the counter to be preset to any desired number. When the Parallel Load ( $\overline{PL}$ ) input is LOW, information present on the Parallel Data inputs (P<sub>0</sub>–P<sub>3</sub>) is loaded into the counter and appears on the Q outputs. This operation overrides the counting functions, as indicated in the Mode Select Table.

A HIGH signal on the  $\overline{CE}$  input inhibits counting. When  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW, internal state changes are initiated synchronously by the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the clock input. The direction of counting is determined by the  $\overline{U/D}$  input signal, as indicated in the Mode Select Table.  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{U/D}$  can be changed with the clock in either state, provided only that the recommended setup and hold times are observed.

Two types of outputs are provided as overflow/underflow indicators. The Terminal Count (TC) output is normally LOW and goes HIGH when a circuit reaches zero in the count-down mode or reaches 15 in the count-up mode. The TC output will then remain HIGH until a state change occurs, whether by counting or presetting or until  $\overline{U/D}$  is changed. The TC output should not be used as a clock signal because it is subject to decoding spikes.

The TC signal is also used internally to enable the Ripple Clock ( $\overline{RC}$ ) output. The  $\overline{RC}$  output is normally HIGH. When  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW and TC is HIGH, the  $\overline{RC}$  output will go LOW when the clock next goes LOW and will stay LOW until the clock goes HIGH again. This feature simplifies

the design of multistage counters, as indicated in Figure 1 and Figure 2. In Figure 1, each  $\overline{RC}$  output is used as the clock input for the next higher stage. This configuration is particularly advantageous when the clock source has a limited drive capability, since it drives only the first stage. To prevent counting in all stages it is only necessary to inhibit the first stage, since a HIGH signal on  $\overline{CE}$  inhibits the  $\overline{RC}$  output pulse, as indicated in the  $\overline{RC}$  Truth Table. A disadvantage of this configuration, in some applications, is the timing skew between state changes in the first and last stages. This represents the cumulative delay of the clock as it ripples through the preceding stages.

A method of causing state changes to occur simultaneously in all stages is shown in Figure 2. All clock inputs are driven in parallel and the  $\overline{RC}$  outputs propagate the carry/borrow signals in ripple fashion. In this configuration the LOW state duration of the clock must be long enough to allow the negative-going edge of the carry/borrow signal to ripple through to the last stage before the clock goes HIGH. There is no such restriction on the HIGH state duration of the clock, since the  $\overline{RC}$  output of any device goes HIGH shortly after its CP input goes HIGH.

The configuration shown in Figure 3 avoids ripple delays and their associated restrictions. The  $\overline{CE}$  input for a given stage is formed by combining the TC signals from all the preceding stages. Note that in order to inhibit counting an enable signal must be included in each carry gate. The simple inhibit scheme of Figure 1 and Figure 2 doesn't apply, because the TC output of a given stage is not affected by its own  $\overline{CE}$ .

Mode Select Table

| Inputs          |                 |                  |            | Mode             |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| $\overline{PL}$ | $\overline{CE}$ | $\overline{U/D}$ | CP         |                  |
| H               | L               | L                | $\nearrow$ | Count Up         |
| H               | L               | H                | $\nearrow$ | Count Down       |
| L               | X               | X                | X          | Preset (Asyn.)   |
| H               | H               | X                | X          | No Change (Hold) |

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

X = Immaterial

 $\nearrow$  = LOW-to-HIGH Clock Transition $\neg$  = LOW Pulse $\overline{RC}$  Truth Table

| Inputs          |                   |        | Output          |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------|
| $\overline{CE}$ | TC <sup>(1)</sup> | CP     | $\overline{RC}$ |
| L               | H                 | $\neg$ | $\neg$          |
| H               | X                 | X      | H               |
| X               | L                 | X      | H               |

**Note:**

1. TC is generated internally.

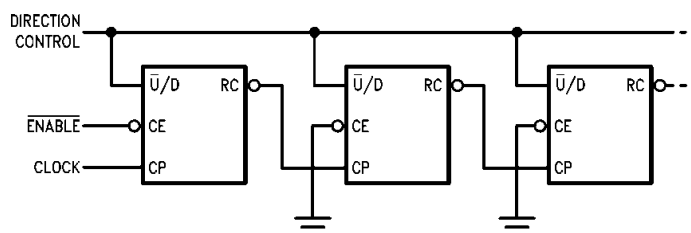


Figure 1. n-Stage Counter Using Ripple Clock

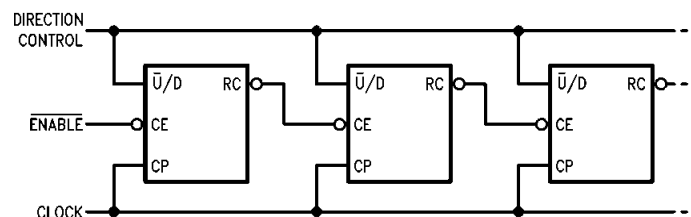


Figure 2. Synchronous n-Stage Counter Using Ripple Carry/Borrow

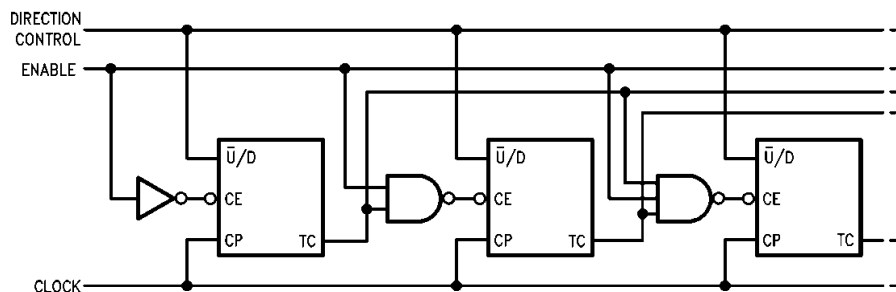
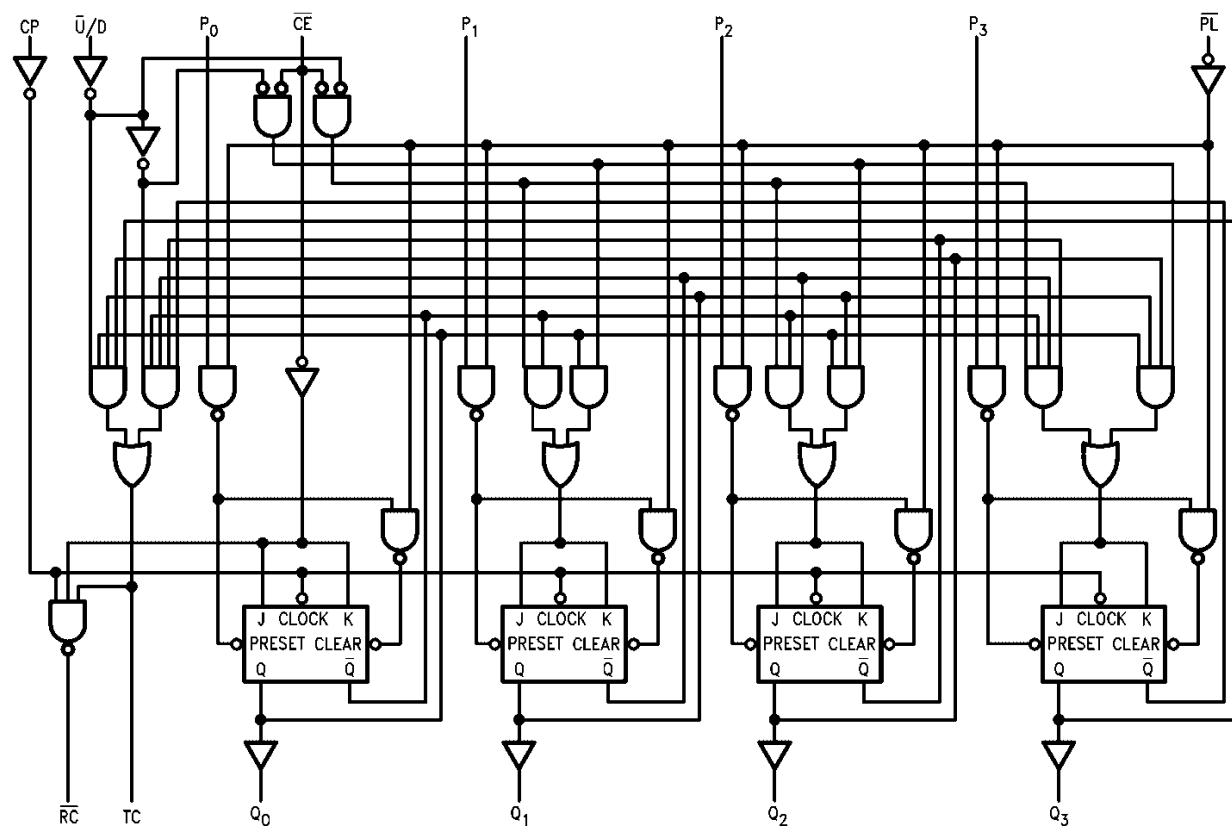


Figure 3. Synchronous n-Stage Counter with Gated Carry/Borrow

## Logic Diagram



Please note that this diagram is provided only for the understanding of logic operations and should not be used to estimate propagation delays.

Figure 4.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

| Symbol    | Parameter                                                                                          | Rating                              |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| $T_{STG}$ | Storage Temperature                                                                                | –65°C to +150°C                     |
| $T_A$     | Ambient Temperature Under Bias                                                                     | –55°C to +125°C                     |
| $T_J$     | Junction Temperature Under Bias                                                                    | –55°C to +150°C                     |
| $V_{CC}$  | $V_{CC}$ Pin Potential to Ground Pin                                                               | –0.5V to +7.0V                      |
| $V_{IN}$  | Input Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>                                                                       | –0.5V to +7.0V                      |
| $I_{IN}$  | Input Current <sup>(2)</sup>                                                                       | –30mA to +5.0mA                     |
| $V_O$     | Voltage Applied to Output in HIGH State (with $V_{CC} = 0V$ )<br>Standard Output<br>3-STATE Output | –0.5V to $V_{CC}$<br>–0.5V to +5.5V |
|           | Current Applied to Output in LOW State (Max.)                                                      | twice the rated $I_{OL}$ (mA)       |

### Note:

2. Either voltage limit or current limit is sufficient to protect inputs.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to absolute maximum ratings.

| Symbol   | Parameter                    | Rating         |
|----------|------------------------------|----------------|
| $T_A$    | Free Air Ambient Temperature | 0°C to +70°C   |
| $V_{CC}$ | Supply Voltage               | +4.5V to +5.5V |

**DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Symbol           | Parameter                                                        | V <sub>CC</sub> | Conditions                                        | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| V <sub>IH</sub>  | Input HIGH Voltage                                               |                 | Recognized as a HIGH Signal                       | 2.0  |      |      | V     |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | Input LOW Voltage                                                |                 | Recognized as a LOW Signal                        |      |      | 0.8  | V     |
| V <sub>CD</sub>  | Input Clamp Diode Voltage                                        | Min.            | I <sub>IN</sub> = -18mA                           |      |      | -1.2 | V     |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | Output HIGH Voltage<br>10% V <sub>CC</sub><br>5% V <sub>CC</sub> | Min.            | I <sub>OH</sub> = -1mA                            | 2.5  |      |      | V     |
|                  |                                                                  |                 |                                                   | 2.7  |      |      |       |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Output LOW Voltage<br>10% V <sub>CC</sub>                        | Min.            | I <sub>OL</sub> = 20mA                            |      |      | 0.5  | V     |
| I <sub>IH</sub>  | Input HIGH Current                                               | Max.            | V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V                            |      |      | 5.0  | μA    |
| I <sub>BVI</sub> | Input HIGH Current Breakdown Test                                | Max.            | V <sub>IN</sub> = 7.0V                            |      |      | 7.0  | μA    |
| I <sub>CEX</sub> | Output HIGH Leakage Current                                      | Max.            | V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>                |      |      | 50   | μA    |
| V <sub>ID</sub>  | Input Leakage Test                                               | 0.0             | I <sub>ID</sub> = 1.9μA, All Other Pins Grounded  | 4.75 |      |      | V     |
| I <sub>OD</sub>  | Output Leakage Circuit Current                                   | 0.0             | V <sub>IOD</sub> = 150mV, All Other Pins Grounded |      |      | 3.75 | μA    |
| I <sub>IL</sub>  | Input LOW Current                                                | Max.            | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.5V (except $\overline{CE}$ )  |      |      | -0.6 | mA    |
|                  |                                                                  |                 | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.5V ( $\overline{CE}$ )        |      |      | -1.8 |       |
| I <sub>OS</sub>  | Output Short-Circuit Current                                     | Max.            | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.0V                           | -60  |      | -150 | mA    |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | Power Supply Voltage                                             | Max.            |                                                   |      | 38   | 55   | mA    |

## AC Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol           | Parameter                                                               | $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ ,<br>$C_L = 50\text{pF}$ |      |      | $T_A = -55^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ ,<br>$C_L = 50\text{pF}$ |      | $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ ,<br>$C_L = 50\text{pF}$ |      | Units |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|
|                  |                                                                         | Min.                                                                              | Typ. | Max. | Min.                                                                                                       | Max. | Min.                                                                                                   | Max. |       |
| $f_{\text{MAX}}$ | Maximum Count Frequency                                                 |                                                                                   | 100  |      |                                                                                                            |      |                                                                                                        |      | MHz   |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>CP to $Q_n$                                       | 3.0                                                                               | 5.5  | 7.5  | 3.0                                                                                                        | 9.5  | 3.0                                                                                                    | 8.5  | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 5.0                                                                               | 8.5  | 11.0 | 5.0                                                                                                        | 13.5 | 5.0                                                                                                    | 12.0 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>CP to TC                                          | 6.0                                                                               | 10.0 | 13.0 | 6.0                                                                                                        | 16.5 | 6.0                                                                                                    | 14.0 | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 5.0                                                                               | 8.5  | 11.0 | 5.0                                                                                                        | 13.5 | 5.0                                                                                                    | 12.0 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>CP to $\overline{\text{RC}}$                      | 3.0                                                                               | 5.5  | 7.5  | 3.0                                                                                                        | 9.5  | 3.0                                                                                                    | 8.5  | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 3.0                                                                               | 5.0  | 7.0  | 3.0                                                                                                        | 9.0  | 3.0                                                                                                    | 8.0  |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>CE to RC                                          | 3.0                                                                               | 5.0  | 7.0  | 3.0                                                                                                        | 9.0  | 3.0                                                                                                    | 8.0  | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 3.0                                                                               | 5.5  | 7.0  | 3.0                                                                                                        | 9.0  | 3.0                                                                                                    | 8.0  |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>$\overline{\text{U/D}}$ to $\overline{\text{RC}}$ | 7.0                                                                               | 11.0 | 18.0 | 7.0                                                                                                        | 22.0 | 7.0                                                                                                    | 20.0 | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 5.5                                                                               | 9.0  | 12.0 | 5.5                                                                                                        | 14.0 | 5.5                                                                                                    | 13.0 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>$\overline{\text{U/D}}$ to TC                     | 4.0                                                                               | 7.0  | 10.0 | 4.0                                                                                                        | 13.5 | 4.0                                                                                                    | 11.0 | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 4.0                                                                               | 6.5  | 10.0 | 4.0                                                                                                        | 12.5 | 4.0                                                                                                    | 11.0 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>$P_n$ to $Q_n$                                    | 3.0                                                                               | 4.5  | 7.0  | 3.0                                                                                                        | 9.0  | 3.0                                                                                                    | 8.0  | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 6.0                                                                               | 10.0 | 13.0 | 6.0                                                                                                        | 16.0 | 6.0                                                                                                    | 14.0 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>$\overline{\text{PL}}$ to $Q_n$                   | 5.0                                                                               | 8.5  | 11.0 | 5.0                                                                                                        | 13.0 | 5.0                                                                                                    | 12.0 | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 5.5                                                                               | 9.0  | 12.0 | 5.5                                                                                                        | 14.5 | 5.5                                                                                                    | 13.0 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>$P_n$ to TC                                       | 5.0                                                                               |      | 14.0 |                                                                                                            |      | 5.0                                                                                                    | 15.0 | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 6.5                                                                               |      | 13.0 |                                                                                                            |      | 6.0                                                                                                    | 14.0 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>$P_n$ to $\overline{\text{RC}}$                   | 6.5                                                                               |      | 19.0 |                                                                                                            |      | 6.5                                                                                                    | 20.0 | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 6.0                                                                               |      | 14.0 |                                                                                                            |      | 6.0                                                                                                    | 15.0 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>$\overline{\text{PL}}$ to TC                      | 8.0                                                                               |      | 16.5 |                                                                                                            |      | 8.0                                                                                                    | 17.5 | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 6.0                                                                               |      | 13.5 |                                                                                                            |      | 6.0                                                                                                    | 14.5 |       |
| $t_{\text{PLH}}$ | Propagation Delay,<br>$\overline{\text{PL}}$ to $\overline{\text{RC}}$  | 10.0                                                                              |      | 20.0 |                                                                                                            |      | 10.0                                                                                                   | 21.0 | ns    |
| $t_{\text{PHL}}$ |                                                                         | 9.0                                                                               |      | 15.5 |                                                                                                            |      | 9.0                                                                                                    | 16.0 |       |

**AC Operating Requirements**

| Symbol    | Parameter                                            | $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ |      | $T_A = -55^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ |      | $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C to } 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,<br>$V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ |      | Units |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|
|           |                                                      | Min.                                                     | Max. | Min.                                                                              | Max. | Min.                                                                          | Max. |       |
| $t_S(H)$  | Setup Time, HIGH or LOW,<br>$P_n$ to $\overline{PL}$ | 4.5                                                      |      | 6.0                                                                               |      | 5.0                                                                           |      | ns    |
| $t_S(L)$  |                                                      | 4.5                                                      |      | 6.0                                                                               |      | 5.0                                                                           |      |       |
| $t_H(H)$  | Hold Time, HIGH or LOW,<br>$P_n$ to $\overline{PL}$  | 2.0                                                      |      | 2.0                                                                               |      | 2.0                                                                           |      | ns    |
| $t_H(L)$  |                                                      | 2.0                                                      |      | 2.0                                                                               |      | 2.0                                                                           |      |       |
| $t_S(L)$  | Setup Time LOW, $\overline{CE}$ to CP                | 10.0                                                     |      | 10.5                                                                              |      | 10.0                                                                          |      | ns    |
| $t_H(L)$  | Hold Time LOW, $\overline{CE}$ to CP                 | 0                                                        |      | 0                                                                                 |      | 0                                                                             |      | ns    |
| $t_S(H)$  | Setup Time, HIGH or LOW,<br>$\overline{U/D}$ to CP   | 12.0                                                     |      | 12.0                                                                              |      | 12.0                                                                          |      | ns    |
| $t_S(L)$  |                                                      | 12.0                                                     |      | 12.0                                                                              |      | 12.0                                                                          |      |       |
| $t_H(H)$  | Hold Time, HIGH or LOW,<br>$\overline{U/D}$ to CP    | 0                                                        |      | 0                                                                                 |      | 0                                                                             |      | ns    |
| $t_H(L)$  |                                                      | 0                                                        |      | 0                                                                                 |      | 0                                                                             |      |       |
| $t_W(L)$  | $\overline{PL}$ Pulse Width LOW                      | 6.0                                                      |      | 8.5                                                                               |      | 6.0                                                                           |      | ns    |
| $t_W(L)$  | CP Pulse Width LOW                                   | 5.0                                                      |      | 7.0                                                                               |      | 5.0                                                                           |      | ns    |
| $t_{REC}$ | Recovery Time, $\overline{PL}$ to CP                 | 6.0                                                      |      | 7.5                                                                               |      | 6.0                                                                           |      | ns    |

## Physical Dimensions

Dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

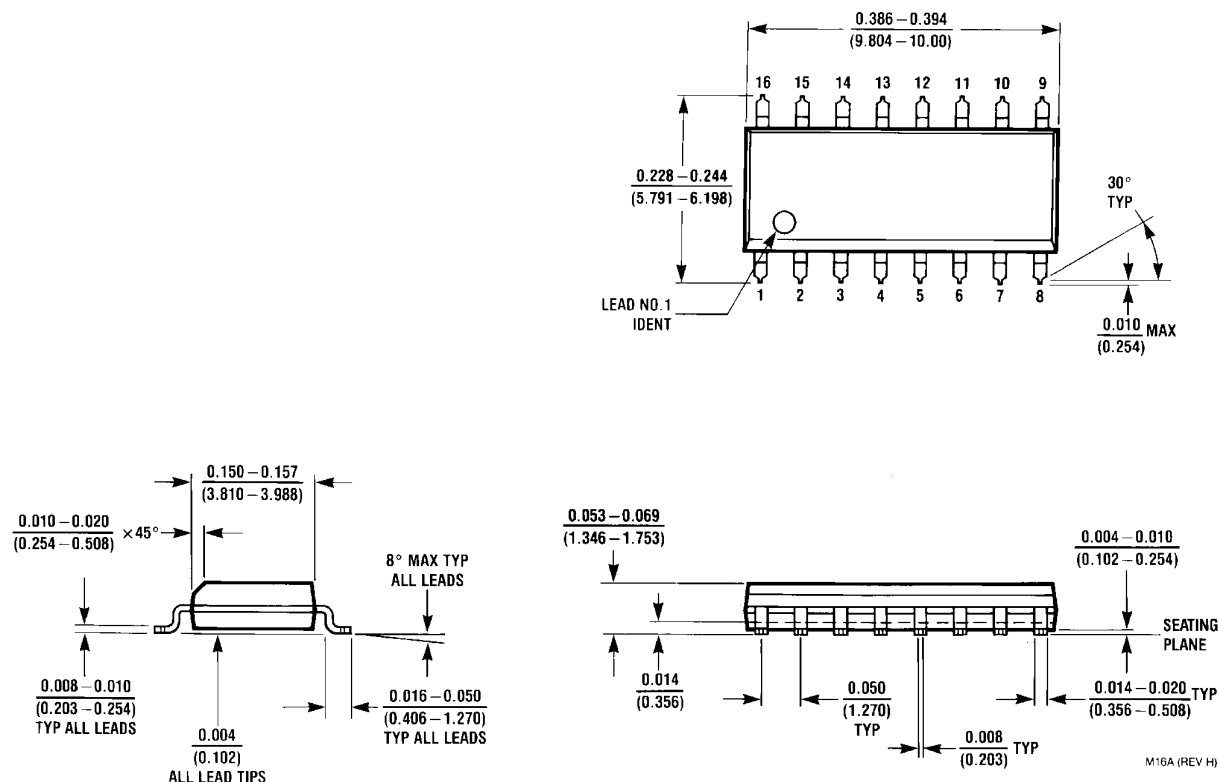
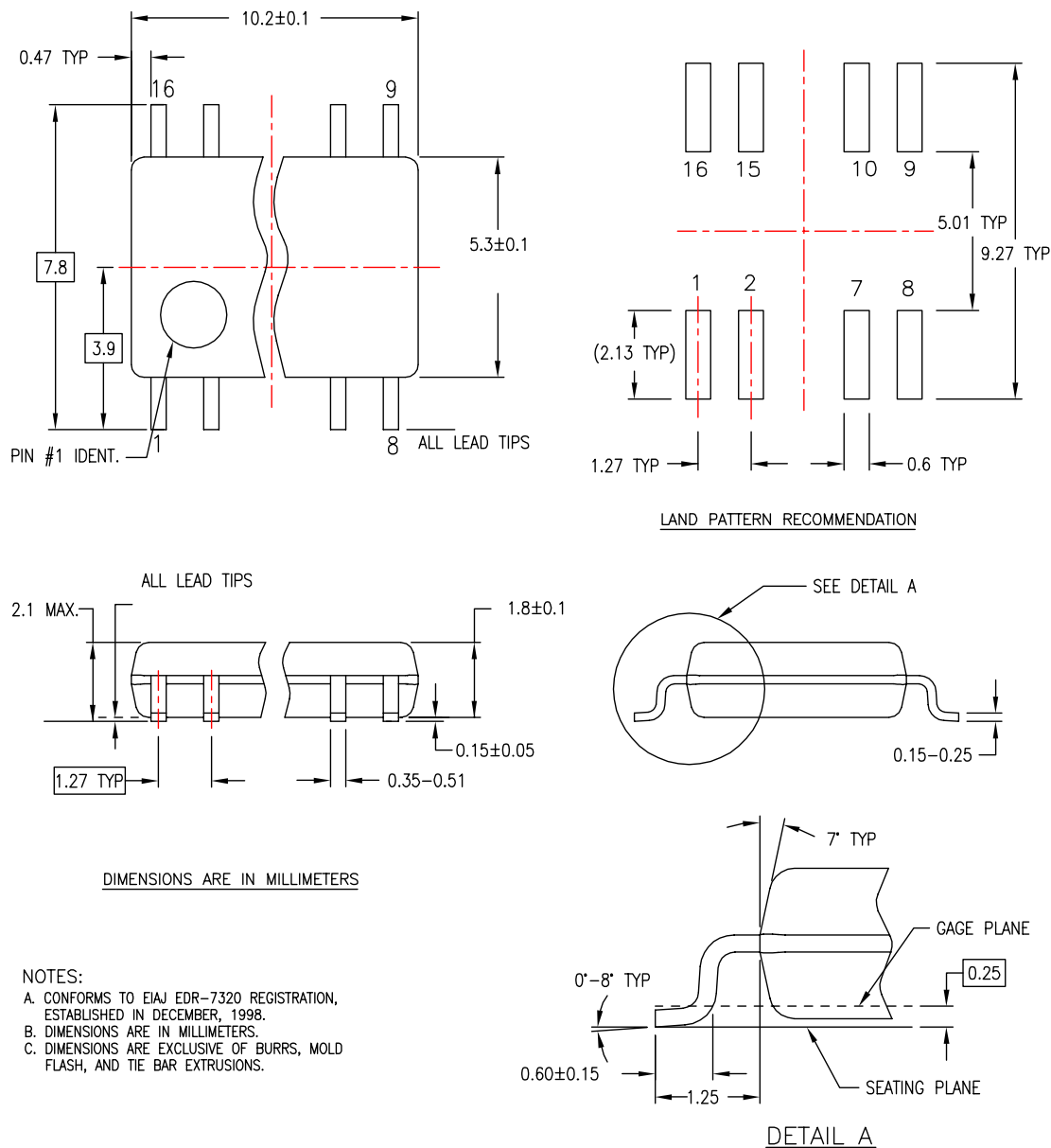


Figure 5. 16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow Package Number M16A

**Physical Dimensions** (Continued)

Dimensions are in millimeters unless otherwise noted.

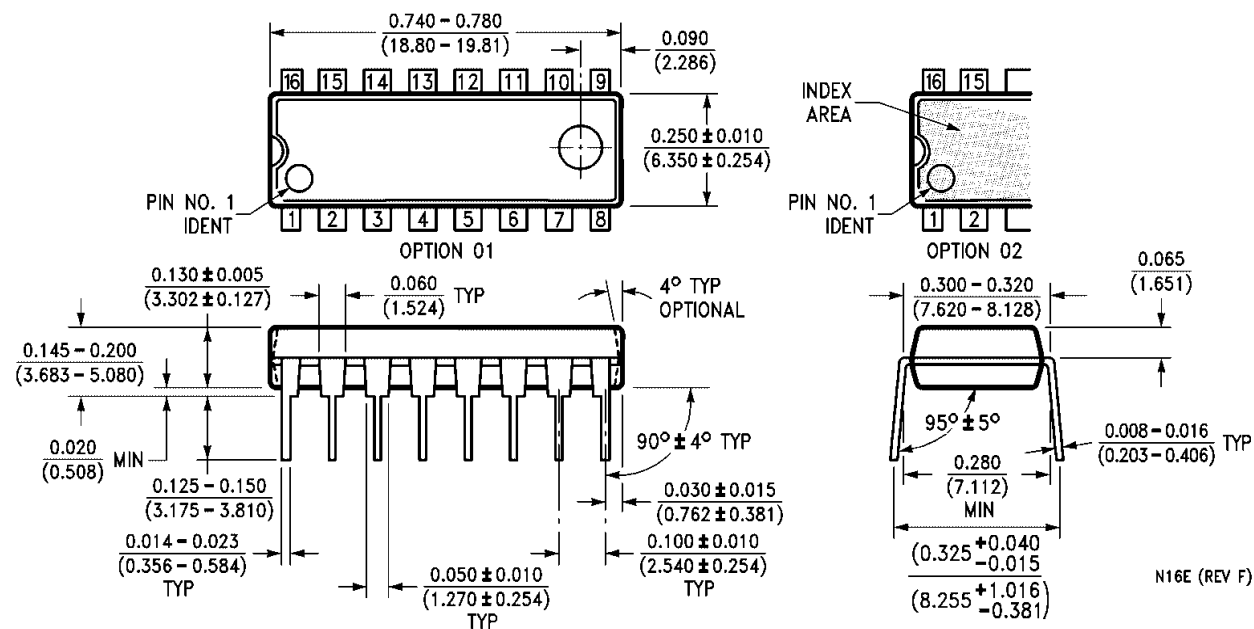


M16DREVC

**Figure 6. 16-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide  
Package Number M16D**

**Physical Dimensions** (Continued)

Dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.



**Figure 7. 16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide  
Package Number N16E**

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|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
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| Across the board. Around the world.™ | <i>i-Lo</i> ™            | QFET <sup>®</sup>                                                                   | TINYOPTO™              |
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| Build it Now™                        | ISOPLANAR™               | Quiet Series™                                                                       | TruTranslation™        |
| CoolFET™                             | MICROCOUPLER™            | RapidConfigure™                                                                     | μSerDes™               |
| CROSSVOLT™                           | MicroPak™                | RapidConnect™                                                                       | UHC <sup>®</sup>       |
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| Current Transfer Logic™              | MSX™                     | SMART START™                                                                        | VCX™                   |
| DOVE™                                | MSXPro™                  | SPM <sup>®</sup>                                                                    | Wire™                  |
| E <sup>2</sup> CMOS™                 | OCX™                     | STEALTH™                                                                            |                        |
| EcoSPARK <sup>®</sup>                | OCXPro™                  | SuperFET™                                                                           |                        |
| EnSigna™                             | OPTOLOGIC <sup>®</sup>   | SuperSOT™-3                                                                         |                        |
| FACT Quiet Series™                   | OPTOPLANAR <sup>®</sup>  | SuperSOT™-6                                                                         |                        |
| FACT <sup>®</sup>                    | PACMAN™                  | SuperSOT™-8                                                                         |                        |
| FAST <sup>®</sup>                    | POP™                     | SyncFET™                                                                            |                        |
| FASTr™                               | Power220 <sup>®</sup>    | TCM™                                                                                |                        |
| FPS™                                 | Power247 <sup>®</sup>    | The Power Franchise <sup>®</sup>                                                    |                        |
| FRFET <sup>®</sup>                   | PowerEdge™               |  ™ |                        |
| GlobalOptoisolator™                  | PowerSaver™              | TinyBoost™                                                                          |                        |
| GTO™                                 | PowerTrench <sup>®</sup> | TinyBuck™                                                                           |                        |

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As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.
2. A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

## PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

### Definition of Terms

| Datasheet Identification | Product Status         | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Advance Information      | Formative or In Design | This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.                                                                       |
| Preliminary              | First Production       | This datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design. |
| No Identification Needed | Full Production        | This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.                                                   |
| Obsolete                 | Not In Production      | This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.                                      |

Rev. 124

Компания «Life Electronics» занимается поставками электронных компонентов импортного и отечественного производства от производителей и со складов крупных дистрибьюторов Европы, Америки и Азии.

С конца 2013 года компания активно расширяет линейку поставок компонентов по направлению коаксиальный кабель, кварцевые генераторы и конденсаторы (керамические, пленочные, электролитические), за счёт заключения дистрибьюторских договоров

Мы предлагаем:

- Конкурентоспособные цены и скидки постоянным клиентам.
- Специальные условия для постоянных клиентов.
- Подбор аналогов.
- Поставку компонентов в любых объемах, удовлетворяющих вашим потребностям.
- Приемлемые сроки поставки, возможна ускоренная поставка.
- Доставку товара в любую точку России и стран СНГ.
- Комплексную поставку.
- Работу по проектам и поставку образцов.
- Формирование склада под заказчика.
- Сертификаты соответствия на поставляемую продукцию (по желанию клиента).
- Тестирование поставляемой продукции.
- Поставку компонентов, требующих военную и космическую приемку.
- Входной контроль качества.
- Наличие сертификата ISO.

В составе нашей компании организован Конструкторский отдел, призванный помогать разработчикам, и инженерам.

Конструкторский отдел помогает осуществить:

- Регистрацию проекта у производителя компонентов.
- Техническую поддержку проекта.
- Защиту от снятия компонента с производства.
- Оценку стоимости проекта по компонентам.
- Изготовление тестовой платы монтаж и пусконаладочные работы.



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