

Film Capacitors

EMI Suppression Capacitors (MKP)

Series/Type:B32922H/J ... B32926H/JDate:November 2019

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EMI suppression capacitors (MKP)

X2 / 305 V AC

B32922H/J ... B32926H/J

Typical applications

- X2 class for interference suppression
- "Across the line" applications
- Severe ambient conditions
- For connections in series with the mains
- Capacitive power supply
- Energy meters

Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 110 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1:2013): 40/110/56

Construction

- Dielectric: metallised polypropylene (MKP)
- Wound film technology
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing (UL 94 V-0)

Features

- Self-healing properties
- High stability of capacitance value
- AEC-Q200D compliant

Terminals

- Parallel wire leads
- Lead-free tinned
- Standard lead lengths: 6-1 mm
- Special lead lengths available on request

Marking

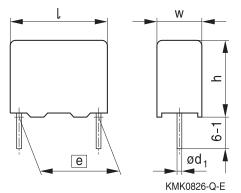
Manufacturer's logo, lot number, date code, rated capacitance (coded), cap. tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage, series number, sub-class (X2), dielectric code (MKP), climatic category, passive flammability category, approvals

Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped) Taped (Ammo pack or reel) For taping details, refer to chapter "Taping and packing"

Dimensional drawings

Drawing A1



Dimensions in mm

Number of wires	Lead spacing <i>e</i> _±0.4	Lead diameter d1 ±0.05	Туре
2-pin	15.0	0.8	B32922 H/J
2-pin	22.5	0.8	B32923 H/J
2-pin	27.5	0.8	B32924 H/J
2-pin	37.5	1.0	B32926 H/J

Marking Example



KMK1582-Y



X2/305 V AC

X2

Approvals

Approval marks	Standards	Certificate
3 15	EN 60384-14:2014 IEC 60384-14:2013	ENEC-00812 (approved by UL)
c 91) us	UL 60384-14:2014 CSA E60384-14:2013	E97863 (approved by UL)

Overview of available types

Lead spacing	15 mm	22.5 mm	27.5 mm	37.5 mm
Туре	B32922H/J	B32923H/J	B32924H/J	B32926H/J
C _R (μF)				
0.10				
0.15				
0.2				
0.22				
0.33				
0.410				
0.47				
0.56				
0.68				
0.82				
1.0				
1.5				
2.2				
3.3				
4.7				
6.8				
8.2				
10				
15				





X2/305 V AC

Ordering codes and packing units

Lead	C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
spacing		$w \times h \times l$	(composition see	pack		
mm	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ
15	0.10	$6.0\times11.0\times18.0$	B32922H3104+***	3840	4400	4000
	0.15	$7.0\times12.5\times18.0$	B32922H3154+***	3320	3600	4000
	0.20	$8.0\times14.0\times18.0$	B32922H3204+***	2920	3000	2000
	0.22	$8.0\times14.0\times18.0$	B32922H3224M***	2920	3000	2000
	0.22	$8.5\times14.5\times18.0$	B32922J3224+***	2720	2800	2000
	0.33	9.0 imes 17.5 imes 18.0	B32922H3334+***	2560	2800	2000
_	0.47	$11.0\times18.5\times18.0$	B32922H3474+***	—	2200	1200
22.5	0.22	$7.0\times16.0\times26.5$	B32923H3224+***	2320	2400	2520
	0.33	$8.5\times16.5\times26.5$	B32923J3334+***	1920	2000	2040
	0.41	$8.5\times16.5\times26.5$	B32923H3414M***	1920	2000	2040
	0.47	$10.5\times16.5\times26.5$	B32923H3474+***	1560	1600	2160
	0.56	$10.5\times18.5\times26.5$	B32923H3564+***	1560	1600	2160
	0.68	$10.5\times18.5\times26.5$	B32923H3684M***	1560	1600	2160
	0.68	$11.0\times20.5\times26.5$	B32923J3684+***	—	—	2040
	0.82	$11.0\times20.5\times26.5$	B32923H3824+***	—	—	2040
	1.0	$12.0\times22.0\times26.5$	B32923H3105+***	—	—	1800
	1.5	$14.5\times29.5\times26.5$	B32923H3155+***	-	-	1040
	2.2	$14.5\times29.5\times26.5$	B32923H3225M***	-	_	1040

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
 - M =±20%

 $K = \pm 10\%$

- *** = Packaging code:
 - 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack for lead spacing 15 mm and 22.5 mm
 - 189 = Straight terminals, Reel
 - $\begin{array}{rl} \text{003} = & \text{Straight terminals, untaped} \\ & (\text{lead length 3.2 } \pm 0.3 \text{ mm}) \end{array}$
 - 000 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)



X2 / 305 V AC

X2

Ordering codes and packing units

Lead	C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
spacing		$w \times h \times l$	(composition see	pack		
mm	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ
27.5	0.68	$11.0 \times 19.0 \times 31.5$	B32924H3684+***	—	1400	1280
	1.0	$11.0 \times 21.0 \times 31.5$	B32924H3105+***	_	1400	1280
	1.5	$13.5\times23.0\times31.5$	B32924H3155M***	_	1000	1040
	1.5	$14.0\times24.5\times31.5$	B32924J3155+***	_	_	1040
	2.2	$16.0\times32.0\times31.5$	B32924J3225+***	_	_	880
	2.2	$18.0\times27.5\times31.5$	B32924H3225+***	_	_	800
	3.3	$18.0\times33.0\times31.5$	B32924J3335+***	_	_	800
	3.3	$19.0\times30.0\times31.5$	B32924H3335M***	_	_	720
	4.7	$22.0\times36.5\times31.5$	B32924H3475+***	—	—	640
37.5	2.2	$14.0\times25.0\times42.0$	B32926H3225+***	—	—	1380
	3.3	$16.0\times28.5\times42.0$	B32926H3335+***	—	—	800
	4.7	$18.0\times32.5\times42.0$	B32926H3475+***	—	—	720
	6.8	$20.0\times39.5\times42.0$	B32926H3685+***	—	—	640
	8.2	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	B32926J3825+***	—	—	440
	10.0	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	B32926H3106M***	_	_	440
	10.0	$28.0\times42.5\times42.0$	B32926J3106+***	-	-	440
	15.0	$33.0\times48.0\times42.0$	B32926H3156+***	-	-	180

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
 - M = ±20%
 - $K = \pm 10\%$

*** = Packaging code:

- 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack for lead spacing 15 mm and 22.5 mm
- 189 = Straight terminals, Reel
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- 000 = Straight terminals, untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm)





X2/305 V AC

Technical data and specifications

Reference standard: IEC 60384-14:2013/UL 60384-14:2014 and AEC-Q200D. All data given at T = 20 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified.

Rated AC voltage	305 V AC (5	305 V AC (50/60 Hz)				
(IEC 60384-14:2013)						
Rated DC voltage V _{DC}	630 V DC	630 V DC				
DC voltage test	Between ter	rminals: 131	2 V DC / 2 s			
The repetition of this DC voltage test	may damage	the capacite	or. Special care mus	st be taken in		
case of use several capacitors in a pa	arallel configu	ration.				
Max. operating temperature $T_{op,max}$	+110 °C					
Dissipation factor tan δ (in 10 ⁻³)	at	C _R ≤0.1 μF	0.1μF <c<sub>R ≤2.2 μF</c<sub>	C_{R} >2.2 µF		
at 20 $^{\circ}$ C (upper limit values)	1 kHz	1.0	1.0	2.0		
	100 kHz	5.0	_	_		
Insulation resistance R_{ins} (in $G\Omega$)	$C_{R} \le 0.33 \ \mu F$	=	C _R > 0.33 μF			
or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$ (in s)	100 GΩ		30 000 s			
at 20 °C, rel. humidity \leq 65%						

(minimum as-delivered values)				
Operating AC voltage V _{op}	$T_{op} \le 110 \ ^{\circ}C$	$V_{op} = V_{AC}$	(contin	uously)
at high temperature	$T_{op} \le 110 \ ^{\circ}C$	V _{op} = 1.25	$5 \cdot V_{AC}$	(1000 h)
Passive flammability category	В	·		
Damp heat test		Test 1:		Test 2:
	Temperature:	85 °C ±2 °	C	60 °C ±2 °C
	Relative humidity (RH)	: 85% ±2%		95% ±2%
	Test duration:	1000 h		1000 h
	Voltage value:	240 V AC,	50 Hz	240 V AC, 50 Hz
Limit values after damp heat test	Capacitance change I	C/CI	≤ 10%)
	Dissipation factor change $\Delta tan \delta$		for lea	^{⊢3} (at 1 kHz) d spacing n and 22.5 mm
	Dissipation factor change $\Delta tan \; \delta$		for lea	I0 ⁻² (at 1 kHz) Id spacing nm and 37.5 mm
	∆tan δ/tan δ		≤ 2000	0% (at 10 kHz)
	Insulation resistance R	ins	≥ 200	ΜΩ



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Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in V/ μ s.

" k_0 " represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in V²/µs.

Note:

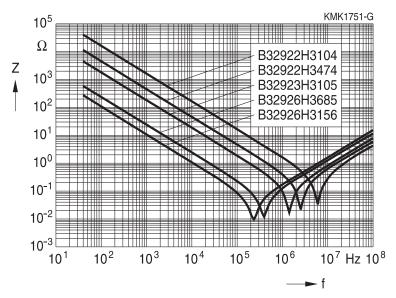
The values of dV/dt and k_0 provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

dV/dt and k₀ values

Lead spacing	15 mm	22.5 mm	27.5 mm	37.5 mm
dV/dt in V/µs	340	170	120	80
k₀ in V²/μs	292400	146200	103200	68800

Impedance Z versus frequency f

(typical values)

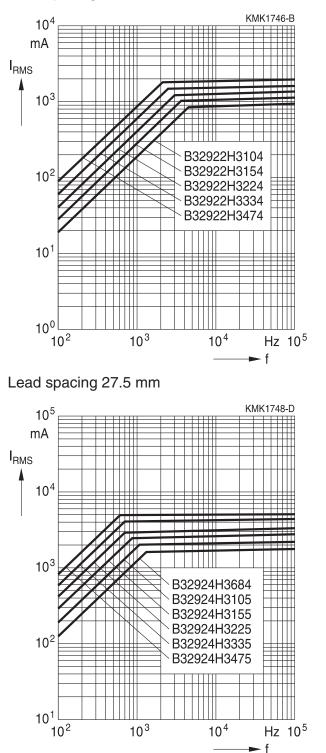




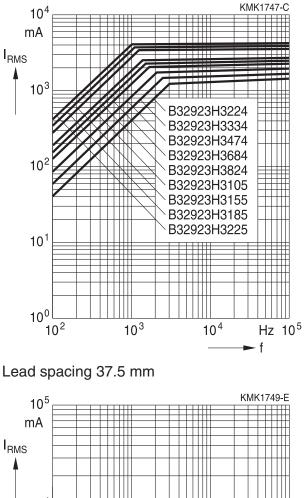


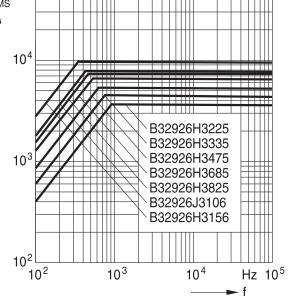
Permissible AC current I_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveform, TA \leq 90 °C and Δ ESR <100% from receipt condition)

Lead spacing 15 mm



Lead spacing 22.5 mm







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Testing and Standards

Test	Reference	Conditions of test		Performance requirements
Electrical	IEC	Voltage Proof:		Within specified limits
parameters	60384-14:2013	Between terminals:		
		$4.3 \times V_{\rm R}$ (DC), 2s		
		Terminals and encl	osure:	
		2 V _R + 1500 V AC		
		Insulation resistanc	e, R _{ins}	
		Capacitance, C		
		Dissipation factor, t	an δ	
Robustness	IEC	Tensile strength (te		Capacitance and tan δ
of termina-	60068-2-21:2006	Wire diameter	Tensile	within specified limits
tions			force	
		0.5 < d₁ ≤ 0.8 mm	10 N	
		$0.8 < d_1 \le 0.0$ mm	-	
Desisteres	IEC		_	
Resistance	60068-2-20.2008,	Solder bath temper 260 ±5 °C, immersi		$\Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$
to soldering	test Tb,	10 seconds		tan δ within specified limits
heat	method 1A			
Desid		T		No visible domage
Rapid	IEC	$T_A = lower category$	•	No visible damage
change of	60384-14:2013	$T_{B} = upper category$	•	$ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$
temperature		Five cycles, duratio	n t = 30 min.	tan δ within specified limits
Vibration	IEC	Test F _c : vibration si	nusoidal	No visible damage
	60384-14:2013	Displacement: 0.75	mm	
		Accleration: 98 m/s	2	
		Frequency: 10 Hz .	500 Hz	
		Test duration: 3 ort	nogonal axes,	
		2 hours each axe		
Bump	IEC	Test Eb: Total 400	0 bumps with	No visible damage
	60384-14:2013	400 m/s ² mounted of	on PCB	$ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$
		6 ms duration		tan δ within specified limits
Damp heat,	IEC	Test Ca		No visible damage
steady	60384-14:2013	40 °C / 93% RH / 5	6 days	$ \Delta C/C_0 \le 5\%$
state				$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.008$ for $C \le 1 \ \mu F$
				$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.005$ for C > 1 μ F
				Voltage proof
				$R_{ins} \ge 50\%$ of initial limit





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Test	Reference	Conditions of test	Performance requirements
Impulse	IEC	3 impulses	No visible damage
test	60384-14:2013	T _B / 1.25 V _R / 1000 hours,	$ \Delta C/C_0 \leq 10\%$
Endurance		1000 V _{BMS} for 0.1 s every hour	$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.008$ for C $\le 1 \ \mu F$
			$ \Delta \tan \delta \le 0.005$ for C > 1 μ F
			Voltage proof
			$R_{ins} \ge 50\%$ of initial limit
Passive	IEC	Flame applied for a period of	В
flammability	60384-14:2013	time depending on capacitor	
		volume	
Active	IEC	20 discharges at 2.5 kV + V_R	The cheesecloth shall not
flammability	60384-14:2013		burn with a flame

Mounting guidelines

1 Soldering

1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/ -0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder ≥90%, free-flowing solder



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1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

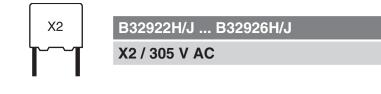
Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1. Conditions:

Series		Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
coated	xcept $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm) I (lead spacing >10 mm)	260 ±5 °C	10 ±1 s
MFP		-	
	acing >7.5 mm)		
MKT boxed (c	ase $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm)	-	5±1 s
MKP (lead spa	acing ≤7.5 mm)	-	<4 s
MKT uncoated	I (lead spacing ≤10 mm) I (B32559)		recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing \leq 10 mm) and insulated (B32559)
300	KMK1242-V		
°C	_ ∠ 260 °C, 4 s		
т	260 C, 4 S		
250			
200			
150			
100			
50			
0 50	 100 150 200 s 25	50	
0 00			
Immersion dept	h	2.0 + 0/-0.5 mm from car	acitor body or seating plane
Shield		Heat-absorbing board, (1.5 ± 0.5) mm thick, between	
		capacitor body and liquid	
Evaluation crite	ria:	. , , , ,	
Visual inspectio	inspection No visible damage		
		2% for MKT/MKP/MFP	
$\Delta C/C_0$		5% for EMI suppression of	capacitors
tan δ		As specified in sectional specification	

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.

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1.3 General notes on soldering

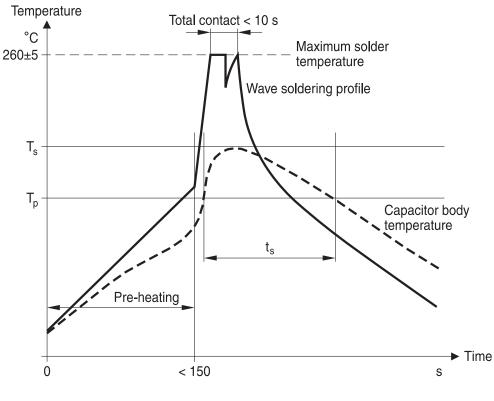
Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature T_{max} . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
- diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

Recommendations

As a reference, the recommended wave soldering profile for our film capacitors is as follows:

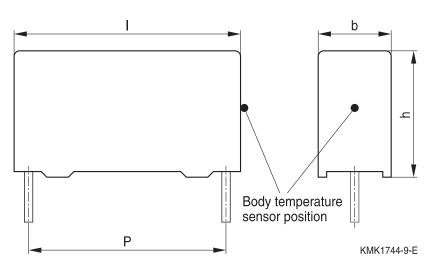


 $T_{s}: Capacitor body maximum temperature at wave soldering \\T_{p}: Capacitor body maximum temperature at pre-heating \\KMK1745-A-E$



X2 / 305 V AC





Body temperature should follow the description below:

- MKP capacitor During pre-heating: T_p ≤110 °C During soldering: T_s ≤120 °C, t_s ≤45 s
- MKT capacitor During pre-heating: T_p ≤125 °C During soldering: T_s ≤160 °C, t_s ≤45 s

When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.

Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

In order to ensure proper conditions for manual or selective soldering, the body temperature of the capacitor (T_s) must be \leq 120 °C.

One recommended condition for manual soldering is that the tip of the soldering iron should be <360 °C and the soldering contact time should be no longer than 3 seconds.

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings \leq 10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering

Please refer to our Film Capacitors Data Book in case more details are needed.





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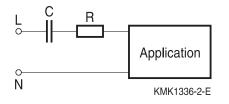
Application note for the different possible X1 / X2 positions

In series with the powerline (i.e. capacitive power supply)

Typical Applications:

- Power meters
- ECUs for white goods and household appliances
- Different sensor applications
- Severe ambient conditions

Basic circuit



Required features

- High capacitance stability over the lifetime
- Narrow tolerances for a controlled current supply

Recommended product series

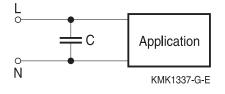
- B3293* (305 V AC) heavy duty with EN approval for X2 (UL Q1/2010)
- B3265* MKP series standard MKP capacitor without safety approvals
- B3267*L MKP series standard MKP capacitor without safety approvals
- B3292*H/J (305 V AC), severe ambient condition, approved as X2

In parallel with the powerline

Typical Applications:

Standard X2 are used parallel over the mains for reducing electromagnetic interferences coming from the grid. For such purposes they must meet the applicable EMC directives and standards.

Basic circuit



Required features

- Standard safety approvals (ENEC, UL, CSA, CQC)
- High pulse load capability
- Withstand surge voltages

Recommended product series

- B3292*C/D (305 V AC) standard series, approved as X2
- B3291* (330 V AC), approved as X1
- B3291* (530 V AC), approved as X1
- B3291* (550 V AC), approved as X1
- B3292*H/J (305 V AC), severe ambient condition, approved as X2



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X2

Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.
- Consult us if application is with severe temperature and humidity condition.
- There are no serviceable or repairable parts inside the capacitor. Opening the capacitor or any attempts to open or repair the capacitor will void the warranty and liability of TDK Electronics.
- Please note that the standards referred to in this publication may have been revised in the meantime.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Торіс	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6:2007. TDK Electronics offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	5.2 "Resistance to vibration"





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Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"

Design of our capacitors

Our EMI capacitors use polypropylene (PP) film metalized with a thin layer of Zinc (Zn). The following key points have made this design suitable to IEC/UL testing, holding a minimum size.

- Overvoltage AC capability with very high temperature Endurance test of IEC 60384-14:2013 (4th edition) / UL 60384-14:2014 (2nd edition) must be performed at 1.25 × V_R at maximum temperature, during 1000 hours, with a capacitance drift less than 10%.
- Higher breakdown voltage withstanding if compared to other film metallizations, like Aluminum. IEC 60384-14:2013 (4th edition) / UL 60384-14:2014 (2nd edition) establishes high voltage tests performed at 4.3 × V_R −1 minute, impulse testing at 2500 V for C = 1 µF and active flammability tests.
- Damp heat steady state: 40 °C/ 93% RH / 56 days. (without voltage or current load)

Effect of humidity on capacitance stability

Long contact of a film capacitor with humidity can produce irreversible effects. Direct contact with liquid water or excess exposure to high ambient humidity or dew will eventually remove the film metallization and thus destroy the capacitor. Plastic boxed capacitors must be properly tested in the final application at the worst expected conditions of temperature and humidity in order to check if any parameter drift may provoke a circuit malfunction.

In case of penetration of humidity through the film, the layer of Zinc can be degraded, specially under AC operation (change of polarity), accelerated by the temperature, provoking an increment of the serial resistance of the electrode and eventually a reduction of the capacitance value. For DC operation, the parameter drift is much less.

Plastic boxes and resins can not protect 100% against humidity. Metal enclosures, resin potting or coatings or similar measures by customers in their applications will offer additional protection against humidity penetration.

Display of ordering codes for TDK Electronics products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications, on the company website, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the order-





ing codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products.

Detailed information can be found on the Internet under

www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/orderingcodes.





X2/305 V AC

Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
α_{c}	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
А	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
βc	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
С	Capacitance	Kapazität
C _R	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
ΔC	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
$\Delta C/C$	Relative capacitance change (relative	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative
	deviation of actual value)	Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation	
	from rated capacitance)	vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
Δt	Time interval	Zeitintervall
ΔT	Absolute temperature change	Absolute Temperaturänderung
	(self-heating)	(Selbsterwärmung)
∆tan δ	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
ΔV	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate	Differentielle Spannungsänderung
	of voltage rise)	(Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V / \Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f ₁	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte
	AC voltage due to thermal limits	Reduzierung der zulässigen
_		Wechselspannung
f ₂	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte
	AC voltage due to current limit	Reduzierung der zulässigen
t.		Wechselspannung
f _r	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
F _D	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur Diffusion
F _T	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
i	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I _C	Category current (max. continuous	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)
	current)	



X2/305 V AC

X2

Symbol	English	German
I _{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating current,	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
	root-mean-square value	
i _z	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k _o	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
Ls	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λο	Constant failure rate during useful	Konstante Ausfallrate in der
	service life	Nutzungsphase
λ_{test}	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P_{diss}	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P _{gen}	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des
		Entladekreises
R _i	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R _{ins}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R _P	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
Rs	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
Т	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
$tan \ \delta_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$	Dielectric component of dissipation factor	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
tan δ_P	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
tan δ_s	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T _A	Temperature of the air surrounding the component	Temperatur der Luft, die das Bauteil umgibt
T _{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T _{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t _{OL}	Operating life at operating temperature and voltage	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und -spannung
T _{op}	Operating temperature, $T_A + \Delta T$	Beriebstemperatur, $T_A + \Delta T$
т _{ор} Т _В	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T _{ref}	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t _{SL}	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer





X2/305 V AC

Symbol	English	German
V _{AC}	AC voltage	Wechselspannung
V _c	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
$V_{C,RMS}$	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige)
		Kategorie-Wechselspannung
V_{CD}	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
V_{ch}	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V_{DC}	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
V_{FB}	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
Vi	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
Vo	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V_{op}	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V _p	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
V_{pp}	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V _R	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
Ŷ _R	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
V_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage,	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
	root-mean-square value	
V_{SC}	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
V_{sn}	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung
		"Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
е	Lead spacing	Rastermaß



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